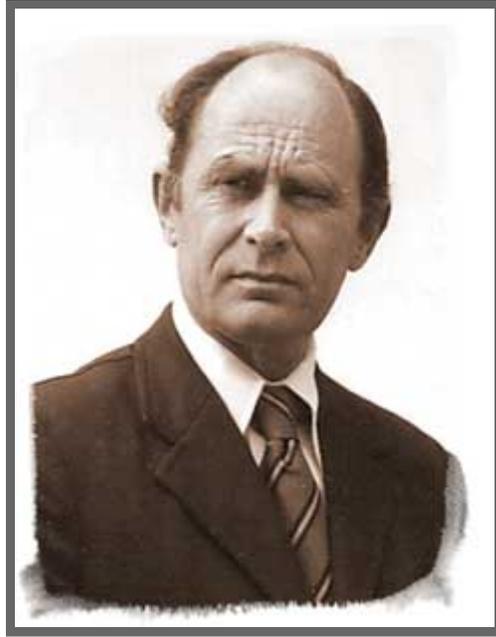


Veles Sloboda

THE POWER OF THE DOLLAR

Anthony Sutton



Share :



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MEMORY Antony C. Sutton

Ten years ago, the name of Anthony Sutton (1925-2002) meant nothing to the Russian reader. His research about the hidden mechanisms of power, written in English and published in small editions in the United States, read very few of our fellow citizens.

Today, Sutton know tens of thousands of people in Russia. Due to previous publications in Russian of his works, "How the Order organizes War and Revolution" (Moscow, "Pallada", 1995), "Wall Street and the Bolshevik Revolution" (Moscow, "Russian Idea", 1998) and "Who controls America "(Moscow, " Fairy-In ", 2002), the eminent American scientist has become widely popular.

This is quite natural in popularity due to the fact that Sutton answers to the most urgent, burning questions of the day: why there are world wars, how a power in the largest countries of the planet, an accident occur Revolution and regional conflicts, where the money come from and what is their role in international relations . In response to these difficult questions based on scientific papers and extensive research, according to an exact science and the spirit of objectivity requirements.

In America, Anthony Sutton came from the UK, where he was born and educated. After graduating from the University of London young Englishman he chose an academic career, becoming the first doctoral student, and then - Professor of Economics, University of California at Los Angeles. From there he went to work at the Hoover Institution of wars and revolutions, which in the years 1968-1973 wrote a fundamental work of "Western Technology and Soviet Economic Development" (in three volumes). In this monograph Sutton proved that certain circles in the United States entrepreneurs have always been interested in controlling the economic and political processes in the USSR.

Together with renowned scientists came to the novice opal. Under pressure from the White House Sutton was deprived of funding and posts. Such an assessment of scientific activity are not scared of the author, but only strengthened his curiosity.

In 1970, Anthony Sutton published a series of studies on the three variants of socialism: "Wall Street and the Bolshevik Revolution," "Wall Street and Hitler's rise to power," "Wall Street and Franklin Roosevelt." The result turned out to be their intriguing: behind the scenes of international banking analyst discovered the secret activities of the Order.

The case began to take a detective character. Delve into the forgotten archives, a native of Europe, reconstructed from the available documents the history of the Order of the Illuminati in America. Each of those studied, he devoted a separate book, "Introduction to The Order," "Secret Cult of the Order", "How to Order controls the formation" and "How to Order organizes the war and the revolution."

Disgraced scientist 'free' America, semi-legally publish their works on personal funds, meager circulation was extremely pleased when he learned that his discoveries came to the Russian people. In the author's paper "The letter of the Phoenix" (1996, №9, Issue 15) Sutton enthusiastically informed his readers that only one edition of his book "How to Order organizes the war and the revolution", released in Russian publishing house "Pallada" 10 thousand copies, exceeded the total number of his books sold over the previous 15 years. And when he found out about the book and held it in the discussion of

the presentation of the "round table", not without vexation said: "The public debate in Moscow based on more accurate data than these in Washington and New York."

Following the "Letter of the Phoenix" Sutton began publishing a newsletter dedicated to the secret and forbidden technologies. At the same time, at the end of the 1990s, out of his new book about the key economic areas: "The war for gold", "Diamond Communication", "Energy and organized by the crisis," "Conspiracy of the Federal Reserve System," "The Tripartite Commission on America. "

Two recent author sent us shortly after their release in the United States with the desire to re-release in Russian.

«Trilateral over America» came at us under the title "Who controls America." It is entirely devoted to the history and the role of the Tripartite Commission, from its creation by David Rockefeller to the controversial period of presidency of Bill Clinton. Following the academic style of Sat-tone, the Moscow publishers attached to the body of a list of TC members and a number of documents relating to Russia.

«The Federal Reserve Conspiracy» in the Russian version also has a simple name - "The power of the dollar." It sets out a step by step history of the Federal Reserve System (FRS), a major international financial structure of America, which controls the circulation of the dollar worldwide. It turns out that the Fed - not US government agencies, and purely private enterprise created to secretly and illegally. The freedom-loving US Presidents Thomas Jefferson, Andrew Jackson, Abraham Lincoln tried to prevent the monopolization of finances in the hands of the bankers, but the money of the Mafia was able to impose its authority.

After a secret meeting in 1910 Jekyll Island (GA), where in conditions of strict secrecy has been developed plan to capture the financial monopoly, a group of big capitalists, headed by J.. P. Morgan has achieved exceptionally favorable decision for themselves about the Federal Reserve Act. This law is completely contrary to the US Constitution, which Sutton calls "one of the most infamous fraud in US history", was adopted under pressure, with the help of bribery, in 1913, just before the First World War. Storming the White House in Washington bankers proved much better prepared and secret than the subsequent Bolshevik storming of the Winter Palace in St. Petersburg.

Since then, the "money trust" hiding behind the facade of the Federal Reserve begins to uncontrollably actually print dollar bills. In Europe, ignite war and revolution, collapse and restored the national economy, and killed millions of people are suffering, and this dramatic backdrop, US bankers iz-za ocean solve their selfish and personal problems with the help of the machine, print money not backed by gold.

Money is made by means of fraud and adventures, enough for many projects. One of the first beneficiaries of the Order was the ideologist of the communist revolution (and the enemy of the Russian Empire), Karl Marx. He was supported by the financial circles of America and Germany. No major problems bankers outfitted formidable successor to Marx - Leon Trotsky (Bronstein). Along with "colleagues in the party", he was sent back from exile in Russia on a comfortable boat (Lenin, as is known, was returning to revolutionary Petrograd in less comfortable conditions, "sealed train", under the patronage of the German General Staff). The right amount of dollars printed in an "assistance" of the Soviet economy.

After World War II, which began with the American provocations on Pearl Harbor, and completed the destruction of the Third Reich in the hands of the exhausted bloody battles

of the USSR, the dollars poured in the "free zone" of Europe wide river. "Denazification" and much of the reconstruction of the West under the name of "Marshall Plan" were made with American money.

About this epoch is not written in the book. From the inception of the illegal "money trust" Sutton immediately goes to the theme "The Federal Reserve today," which explores the role of the Tripartite Commission as a political instrument of the financial clan for government regulation.

we decided to add to the body of several applications to fill this gap and to more clearly show the relationship of the beginning of XX century, the events with the present, "The hidden power of America" Anthony Sutton, "Pearl Harbor 2" Valery Gerasimov, "the Rothschilds and the collapse of the USSR" Alexey Nevsky "Russia and the market," Alexander Tsikunova, "Euro against the dollar?" Nicholas von Kreytora, as well as the statement of the Russian section of the International society for human Rights (ISHR) on the state the right to issue ruble. Overall assessment of the role of the dollar in Russia and its prospects analyzed in the introductory article Denis Karev.

The book "Dollar Power" goes to Russia shortly after the death of its author. Let it be a monument to his daring mind, uncompromising nature and freedom. Anthony Sutton will remain forever in the minds of the Russian people as a true scientist, who was able to stand up fearlessly for the triumph of truth and the law.

Paul Tulaev

THE COLLAPSE OF THE DOLLAR?

Caring for the welfare of future generations, Soviet citizens were purchased as heirlooms: gold jewelry, silverware, expensive furniture, electronics and other household utensils. Today, authentic and the most common way to secure their financial risks is a saving in the "bucks", ie the acquisition of the US dollar as a reserve currency. Banknotes US Treasury quietly entered the life of the ordinary citizen and a wealthy provincial in their everyday vocabulary, and most importantly - in the minds of both.

The degree of security of our dollar reserves as hidden in the house, and cast in an interim order financial institutions, depends entirely on the degree of our own confidence in the US dollar. This phenomenon is associated with the so-called fiduciary issue. This is when the security issue currency is not based on the total production of goods and services (the gold here is the same standard product), and on investor confidence in the strength of the financial and economic mechanisms of the issuing state. There are more important Hollywood and Information Xi CNN, than all the US assets combined. And in the end we trust the US government more than ours. For the United States is not important growth of its economy as a whole. The purpose of the US government - to convince us through propaganda machine in the presence of the expected growth, to make him believe in a long-term perspective.

In 1992 the Russian Federation adopted the financial model of the International Monetary Fund (IMF), bringing their own money supply to an amount equal to the export potential of the state, expressed in US dollars. For more than ten years, the US dollar is a fundamental factor in the functioning of the national economy. That the IMF model - essentially a tool US (17.2% of the vote) - determines the economic life of Russian citizens until recently. In order not to be unfounded, let's calculate the amount of money

circulating in the Russian economy, and see what the use of the IMF model in practice has managed to bring, and what it can bring in the future.

Currently, according to the Central Bank of Russia (CBR), the amount of deposits population in the country's financial institutions reached its peak on the eve of the crisis of August 1998 and amounted to a GDP equal to the end of 1998 2696400000000000. rub., 155.8 billion. rub. and \$ 6 billion.. (31.1 billion. USD in total.). In particular, for the period from January to July 1998 the number of rubles in banks increased by 141.8 billion (US \$ 24 billion..) To the specified 155.8 billion (25.1 billion dollars..), The currency -.. With 4.8 bln. USD. up to \$ 6 billion of these..

After August 1998 the situation has changed: from October 1998 to April 1999, almost twice as decreased foreign currency deposits - from 4.5 billion to 2.9 billion, while the ruble rose by 30%... -.. from 123.7 billion to 152 billion (although, to be converted into hard currency, they also decreased - from 7.7 billion to 6.3 billion dollars...).

On the basis of available data, proceed to the calculation of two important economic indicators: the level of monetization of GDP (ratio of monetary aggregate M2 to GDP, where M2 is cash plus ruble deposits) and the degree of "financial depth" (the ratio of M2X to GDP, where M2X is M2 plus foreign currency deposits, or the so-called money in the broad sense). .. Thus, as of 1 January 1998 with the money supply, equal to 137 billion rubles, the first figure was 10.4%, the second - 11.4%. These figures speak volumes, but only by a specialist. So we spend some comparisons.

Similar sizes monetization observed only in countries such as Armenia, Turkmenistan, Guinea-Bissau and the Congo, while the economies of developed countries and most transition countries operate with the index of monetization of GDP in 50-100% and with an indicator of "financial depth" in 70-120%. This means that the demonetization of the Russian economy is at least 400% of M2. In other words, Russia's economy starved money hunger and provide its needs for living money is only 10-20%. Consequently, the IMF model leads to the fact that the missing 80-90% of the Russian economy gets as whey - US dollars. This mechanism and provides a constant flow of dollar supply in our economy. Even if the ruble ever stronger, and we will make savings in the national currency, using the IMF's financial scheme, the country would be in the position of slow turnover of the ruble mass, which eventually can cause a payments crisis is not only in the state in the country sector.

Proposals to increase the money supply at least twice the cause of the Russian financial oligarchy and the political "elite" undisguised irritation - particularly in representing the interests of the IMF circles. They paralyzed the thesis that this will automatically cause inflation, although this view is not true. With a sufficient level of monetization of GDP and the stability of the national currency, as well as more effective control over the circulation of the dollar and the euro, the population will start to make savings in rubles.

As for inflation, it is in Russia caused by the activity of "natural monopolies" and the influence of various risks. All this is reflected in the cost of production (both domestic and imported) and services. Observed a steady increase in the cost of production and services has nothing to do with the growth of the money supply in the hands of the population (demand inflation). It is directly related to cost inflation - increase in rail tariffs, the cost of electricity, etc...

This policy is called absolute monetarism - a kind of extremism in the framework of economic activity, is transformed into the global economy into a kind of globalism. The

saddest thing is that today's semi-official Russian economists do not offer instead of monetarism no other conceptual alternatives, and did not want it.

But be that as it may, the main part of households and businesses is used as a reserve currency, the dollar, thereby insuring the possible financial risks (of the order of \$ 100 billion is on the hands of private owners, plus 28 billion -... In the reserves of the state). Consequently, each entity of the national economy, the fear so from currency risk, whether the company or private person, thus lend to the US without requiring debt repayment and interest payments. The cost price of a dollar bill on different data ranges from 4 to 25 cents, the availability of its traditional assets (manufacturing) economy is equal to 5% and the assets of "virtual" - 30-40% at best. If this state of affairs, in addition to profits, the US government receives an absolute monopoly on insurance of currency risks. However, this is not a basic premise of dollars flood the global financial system.

The American model of financial and economic globalization involves the use of the dollar as the main and only global payment unit without the appropriate software and, moreover, without any control by the other participants in the global economy by the Federal Reserve emission system. This model is a scheme for solving internal economic problems of the United States. It was developed and then put into practice with Franklin Roosevelt as a result of deliberate demolition of isolationist sentiment in US society. We should not forget that they are in the United States before World War II were so high that the United States had until 1942, even his foreign intelligence service. The financial model assumed Roosevelt, in turn, the conversion of the dollar in world currency and dump the resulting inflationary weight (dollar supply surplus) from the United States, that is, shifting the inflation on the shoulders of the less developed countries, or, indeed, of their operation.

A convenient tool for the collapse of isolationism was the beginning of the Second World War. It took to raise funds for the army and navy, as well as allied service. For these purposes were suspended antitrust laws, is under control of the country's banking system and strengthen state regulation of the economy. US opted for the construction of state socialism, but under the camouflage cover Puritan values. It says in his book "Dollar Power" Anthony Sutton, arguing that the "Communist Manifesto" has become an important economic document of the twentieth century, and that he - a guiding star in the wilds of the American economy to the political leadership.

Through loans from private banks in the US have launched the construction of private enterprises, which free (!) For a guaranteed military order have been transferred into private hands. Privatization in Russia was much more beneficial to society now (if you do not take into account the "privatization" of 1917, which ended in 1929 sellout of all foreigners that could be sold).

The main danger for the United States in the context of globalization is to reduce the attractiveness of the dollar as the world reserve currency and the possibility of mass exchange on the national currency. It should be noted that the embodiment of the dream of instantaneous displacement of the dollar Russian economic space will have no negative effect for the United States, as Eurodollars (US dollars outside the US) serve primarily international currency transactions, rather than retail purchase. The main threat comes not from dollar ousting him from the national economies and of the regional currencies (now - this is the euro later can join it yen or yuan), capable busy niche in transfer operations.

Currently, the leading industrialized countries of Western Europe (France, Germany, Italy) gradually come to realize their own global political and economic interests which can not be realized without the help of a strong regional currency. Therefore, the main purpose of the United States on the world stage is becoming increasingly apparent confrontation with the European Union (EU). The war in Yugoslavia, driven by the influx of unskilled labor in Western Europe, as well as the imposition of long ago exhausted themselves liberal (modern disease Russia) are only the most visible manifestation of the clash of global interests.

Currently, external expansion of the dollar gradually starts to reduce speed - additional regional resources to clear the ever-increasing mass of inflation after the collapse of the world socialist system is foreseen, and the dollar fell to a minimum security. Recall that the first as a single measure of value advocated the gold, and then - the dollar, backed by gold (the Bretton Woods system), then - "IOU", reminding that the labor theory of value for 150 years before Marx formulated by none other as Benjamin Franklin.

An acceptable way out of this situation becomes periodic organization of financial crisis, as any national economy tends to absorb additional volumes of the world's reserve currency is a result of the latter. And do not rely on the fact that any crisis-driven regional and suddenly will develop into uncontrollable world. After all, the United States accounts for about 30% of global GDP, and US citizens and corporations owned 55% of all issued shares in the world. Thus, the US is not only the engine of the world economy but also the global financial system. Consequently, the crisis may be global only after it hit the US and thus send the entire composition derailed.

The foundation, which is based on the US economy, is a regular debt pyramid. It is characterized by high fixed rate of monetary growth, consumer and corporate loans, trade deficit and dependence of the US economy by foreign capital inflows. For example, in 1997, the US attracted investments worth \$ 91 billion Ponzi scheme existence is not due to internal factors and external circumstances.. In the first place - is the level of confidence in it major investors, as well as individuals who use the US dollar as a reserve currency. But in the formation of the trust does not involve the US industry or innovative technologies, and government statistical offices and, in part, the accountants of major US corporations.

Anthony Sutton testifies: "Modern economists are so addicted to the mathematical manipulation (under the false pretext of thoroughness), they completely neglected basic economic axioms." In fact, it is not "contrived pretext thoroughness" and common (especially in the period of the Clinton administration) in the United States practice, deliberately running counter to the traditional methods of calculation of economic indicators. Her goal - building confidence in the US economy on the part of both large and small investors.

There is every reason to believe that the impressive economic growth rates and inflation, as well as the high profits of US corporations did not correspond to reality, since the system of national accounts, used US statistical services, characterized by mathematical distortion masked specificity calculations of a number of macroeconomic indicators. The main indicator of inflation is the consumer price index, calculated on the composition of the basket of goods. Currently in the United States the vast majority of the workforce (70%) are employed in the service sector. Therefore, the consumer price index would have to rely mostly on services rather than goods. Moreover, the use of the index as a deflator of GDP leads to an overestimation of real economic growth. Also, few people know that the United States included in the composition of GDP "ascribed rent" (rent,

which would have to pay the owners of houses and apartments, if they lived in the donated property, that is fictitious rents). This manipulation leads to an overestimation of the GDP of the order of 10%.

Modern American politician Lin-dong LaRouche says: "The statistical period from 1955 th and 2002 reports, allegedly showing a net increase in the US economy, one and all are based on deception. The current wave of bankruptcies is a manifestation of hidden brewing in the past seven years the insolvency of US firms. "

By the way, no one will notice that one of the most hackneyed, but at the same time unnatural "axioms", is a steady decline in the price of gold under steady on his demand, exceeding the volume of production. Here we are dealing with a monopoly ("gold trust"), central banks (notably the Federal Reserve System), because the rise in gold prices will cause an outflow of funds from the stock market and further chain reaction of bankruptcies. In addition, the low price of gold allow inflation to hide the stock of assets, which at any moment could spill over into the consumer market, and interest rates understate. It is also constantly falling price of gold for maximum profitability of speculation on the stock exchange with him. Here are the main monopolists "Chase Manhattan Bank" (financial center of the Rockefellers) and "John. JP Morgan ". These two credit facilities received special attention in the work of Sutton.

Of course, the above does not mean that the US economy is somewhat inferior to the EU economy. However, it is in a very vulnerable position, since actual processes arising in it, do not meet the expectations of even the most ordinary investors, who, in turn, do not know it. Therefore, to preserve the status of the dollar may need another global military conflict, the need for which has ripened, but the feasibility of, for obvious reasons (the presence of nuclear weapons), not yet. During the election campaign financial support for George W. Bush gave the American military-industrial complex. In turn, the newly elected president was not in debt.

In 2003, military spending is planned to allocate about 400 billion dollars, which could be the largest increase in the Pentagon budget since 1966. The US military plans to the Ministry of these funds for the following purposes:.. The development of unmanned aerial vehicles and the "samole-ing-nevedimok" the new generation, the creation of a national missile defense system (7,8 bln. dollars.), the purchase of weapons (73.4 bln. dollars.), military construction (4,8 bln. dollars.), assistance to disabled military (5.8 billion. Doll.). It is noteworthy that a significant provision is made for environmental programs. Thus, a further escalation of military conflicts during the period of the Bush presidency is guaranteed.

After the United States World War I increased their exports tripled and Europe have evolved from America's creditors to its debtors. After the Cold War the United States debtors became virtually the entire civilized world. Giving credit to the United States more vital than getting them back. This constant demand for the dollar weight is achieved. That is why the US has become not only the largest creditor, but also the leader in terms of external debt. The United States has an indicator of the external debt of about 700 billion. Dollars. By the way, the external debt of Germany, which has the second, after the US index is equal to 350 billion. Dollars.

However, it should be noted that the mere level of external debt - an indicator of the relative. The most universal indicator is the ratio of external debt to GDP. It determines the ability to service foreign debt. Therefore, to talk about the negative impact of external debt on the economy of the state is possible only when its share in GDP reaches

a limit value. In particular, Russia's external debt to GDP ratio has reached the end of 1999 85%. In other countries, the top five debtors indicators were as follows: in the United States - 9%, Germany - 13.5%, in Brazil - 28.1%, in Mexico - 35.5%. Thus, even if you subtract all incorporated in the gross manipulation of the product, the US is now more or less, can effectively service its external debt. Consequently, for the aggravation of the problem of external debt does not require it as such an increase and expansion of the debt to GDP ratio.

The fact that lending has long been turned into an elementary profanity, aggravates the debt burden of the state, and brings the people do not benefit and only harm, proves officially recognized the fact of embezzlement of the largest of Russia provided the IMF loan.

More March 19, 1999 in the newspaper "New York Times," US Treasury Robert Rubin stated that "a loan of \$ 4.8 billion. USD., The IMF highlighted Russia August 14, 1998, President Yeltsin's entourage is spoiled." According to the newspaper the same day, the entire amount has been transferred from the account number 9091 of the Federal Reserve Bank of New York branch "Creditanstalt-Bankferayn" (Lugano, Switzerland) in favor of "Ost-West Handelsbank" (Frankfurt). Further investigation revealed that 2 billion. \$ 350 million.. From Frankfurt were transferred to the "Bank of Sydney." From there, 235 million. Were credited to the account of some of the Australian company. The remaining amount is converted into pounds sterling, and was transferred to the National Westminster Bank in London. "Profit" is distributed as follows: \$ 1.4 billion was "Bank of New York," 780 million - "Credit Suisse" (Switzerland), and has received Lausanne branch "Creditanstalt-Bankferayn" 270 million.....

Now summarize the factors that may cause the alleged collapse of the global dollar system and, as a result, the US dollar withdrawal from the standpoint of the world's reserve currency.

1) American prosperity rests on the inflow of foreign capital, compensating for the huge scale US trade deficit. However, in recent years, Wall Street is no longer a major center of attraction of capital. In the first position out of European and Asian stock markets.

2) Stable dollar stimulates the decline in the competitiveness and profits of US industrial companies that displeases domestic producers. That's what George Bush said July 17, 2001 g .: "The market prefers the stronger dollar. In fact, a stronger dollar makes us not only benefits, but also problems. First of all it complicates US exports. " This Bush remark immediately sparked a slight fall in the dollar.

Do not rule out the possibility of soft dollar devaluation, which may lead to the crisis in the Asian countries, living at the expense of exports to the US, as well as in Russia, where there will be nobody to sell oil and steel. However, some experts believe that a weaker dollar will benefit the entire global economy. But here there is only a fraction of the truth, because the opinions about what is the core of the world economy vary widely.

All sectors of the US economy overwhelmed by debt (aggregate debt it - 32 trillion dollars..).

The growth of "virtual" ("new") of the economy leads to increased costs in the industry, the outflow of specialists from the traditional sectors ("old") economy.

Add to this the factors discussed above potential: 5) consolidation of alternative dollar regional reserve currency; 6) increasing the role of gold in the system of global finance.

What are the chances of these conditions geoeconomic "euro" project?

It can be argued that the euro market has already formed, and currently creates some competition dollar. For example, spoke in support of the euro, China, 45% produced in the global bond markets denominated in euros, and Iraq in 2000, demanded the transfer in euros all its revenue from oil exports. At the same time, the euro as an alternative international currency will gain in strength is still quite long, since the change of reserve currencies never happens instantly. Recall that the pound lost its role as the primary reserve currency only after the Second World War, although the US dollar becoming began at the turn of the century.

The euro has eliminated exchange rate fluctuations on the European continent and reduced the cost of some goods and services (the risk associated with fluctuations, is laid in the cost of production). The data are received daily from the world's stock exchanges show chronic difficulties faced by the American economy. US financial market is falling and will likely fall further. Negatively on the dollar also affected by major financial scandals in the US (Enron, WorldCom).

The dollar is still long enough to dominate the commodity markets as well, because the strong euro could undermine the competitiveness of European goods. So at the moment we do not see the political unity of the countries of Western Europe (especially France and Germany), and any desire in the United States give up their positions. In addition, due to the sharp appreciation of the euro against the dollar Russia may incur additional costs associated with servicing the public debt, because the bulk of the debt to the Paris Club of creditors is calculated in euros.

Finally, it is worth noting that the US policy is of paramount importance not only for the political analysts, major investors or businessmen, but also for ordinary Russian citizens. The reasons lie on the surface: the Russian economy is integrated into the financial model of the IMF, and household savings in their mass converted into US dollars.

Many observers confidently say about the inevitable devaluation of the dollar. However, it is possible that the Western world will outlive her by third countries, as well as through the process of separation from the rest of the world, including Russia, which will continue to be engaged in the redistribution of property (at present - the ground).

It is unlikely also to be expected that the economic confrontation within the "civilized community" will grow in the near future in a major political or even military conflict. There are still a lot of "enemies" of the American way of life, uniting his followers into a single force.

Denis Karev

FEDERAL RESERVE CONSPIRACY THE **by Antony is C. The Sutton**

Chapter first **CENTRAL BANK**

For nearly a century politics and the media relate to the Federal Reserve Bank as a kind of integrity, polubozhestvu forbidden. No one, except the insane political opposition and extremists is not allowed to criticize the Federal Reserve System. Conventional wisdom

says that any person who is being attacked Federal Reserve, is doomed to failure, and its verification by the Congress will lead to chaos in the economy and the growth of destructive speculation on the stock exchange.

Recently, President Clinton appointed Alan Blinder's position on the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System member, consisting of seven representatives. Blinder launched into a criticism of the Federal Reserve System. According to him, the interest rates are too high, and vary with the installation approved by Chairman Alan Greenspan.

Unhappy Blinder has been put into place the press controlled by influential circles. He, no doubt, was advised to keep his mouth shut, because after a speech entitled Blinder has repeatedly stated that there were no differences between himself and the chairman Greenspan does not exist, and refused to go further than his curious sins.

Common to a distorted view of the Federal Reserve System. The US President and Congress, and if it has an impact on policy, very little. In 1913, Congress passed all the monetary authority of the Federal Reserve System. The Federal Reserve - a private bank, which is owned by the banks, it pays dividends on shares held by banks only. The Federal Reserve - a privately owned central bank.

Until now, the policy of the Federal Reserve System (the policy does not state) is the dominant factor in economic growth. The Federal Reserve can create jobs, releasing the loan. The government talks a lot about job creation, but in fact, able to produce only the government officials who are more limited than encourage entrepreneurial activity. At the same time, the private sector creates productive jobs and is highly dependent on this field from the policy of the Federal Reserve System.

Congress has never investigated the activities of the Federal Reserve System, and it is likely that we will not wait. No one saw her accounts are not audited. Balance sheets are not available. Anybody, anybody else was simply not survive if he dares to criticize the Federal Reserve System.

What is the cause of all this secrecy and discretion? The fact that the Fed has the legitimate monopoly of the money provided by Congress during the session of 1913, which was unconstitutional and fraudulent. Most congressmen had no idea about the content of the draft law of the Federal Reserve. President Woodrow Wilson, owes Wall Street, he signed the bill.

The Federal Reserve has the right to issue money. The money - a fiction created out of nothing. This can be in the form of money created through the "discount window" **[Borrowed funds provided by the central bank to credit institutions. - Approx. translation.]** loan by which other banks borrow at an interest rate. This bill can be printed by the State Treasury, the Federal Reserve sold and paid capital created by it.

In short, the private group said banking houses has a monopoly on the printing press. This exclusive right is not controlled by anyone and is the source of a win-win profit. In addition, the monopoly is not obliged to answer questions, to produce annual reports or studies.

It is not subject to anyone money monopoly.

The book you hold in your hands, explains how there was this monopoly. Obviously, when the problem of the Federal Reserve Bank was discussed, the Congress and the general public have been misled and out of business. If the monopoly is maintained, it is because the people are full of ignorance. Provided that their personal lives are more or

less been established, they will not have the desire to question the actions of the Federal Reserve System. But even if the cause will appear, they will find negligible sources reveal the real facts. Many too are interested in protecting the monopoly of the Federal Reserve System. Academic work criticizing the Federal Reserve System in the United States will never find a publisher, and the author-economist is likely to be denied a position.

Before your first book, revealing in detail hour by hour the events leading up to the approval of the Federal Reserve System in 1913 she details the many decades of work and covert planning, banking houses financed with the aim to get the money monopoly.

Chapter Two

THOMAS JEFFERSON AND FINANCIAL CLAN

In the modern scientific world is fashionable to ignore the strong case "founding fathers": According to the president Thomas Jefferson (his portrait is placed in front of the headline - Ed.), James Madison, and especially Andrew Jackson. In fact, their argument is that the Republic and the Constitution are constantly in danger from so-called "financial clan" - autocrats group, or "elite", as we would put it today, which has an impact on the political power of the state for the purpose of obtaining a monopoly on the issuance of bank notes.

Modern researchers have ignored even the main consideration of Thomas Jefferson - to protect newborns from the United States that part of the elite, which he called "monokratami" and "monopoly". It was the banking monopoly, which Jefferson regarded as the greatest threat to the existence of the republic.

Jefferson's ideal republic was small owners with a sense of civic awareness and respect for the rights of its neighbors - is something to mock modern members of the elite and the Marxists. Marx would later call their bourgeoisie, and Nelson Rockefeller once referred to them as "peasants". The best state for Jefferson was the smallest in size formation, where individual farmers, citizens take up the defense of the rights of neighbors. Despite the fact that Jefferson shunned socialist convictions, he equally did not recognize the monopoly power of the banking community, and feared that it could negatively affect the American freedom.

Here are the words of Jefferson:

"If the American people ever allow the banks to control the issue of their currency, first by inflation, then - deflation, the banks and corporations that will arise around them will deprive the people of all property, and their children will be homeless on the continent, which took possession of their fathers . The right to issue money should be taken from the banks and restored to Congress and the people to whom it belongs. I sincerely believe that banking institutions are more dangerous to liberty than standing armies. "
[The Writings of Jefferson, vol. 7 (Autobiography, Correspondence, Reports, Messages , Addresses and other Writings) (Committee of Congress Washington, DC, 1861) p. 685.]

The first private banking monopoly

Opinions "founding fathers" over the banks' financial clan "reflect the political views clash early Americans: Alexander Hamilton, on the one hand, and Jefferson, Medi-son and Franklin - on the other. Hamilton represented a characteristic for Europe autocratic

tradition. Where political methods have been in vain, autocracy is expected to win by a banking monopoly. That Hamilton introduced in December 1790 for consideration by the House of Representatives a bill to grant concessions is privately owned Bank of the United States. And thus established the first private money monopoly in the United States - the predecessor of the private Federal Reserve. It was Alexander Hamilton in just a few years before that wrote the charter of the Bank of New York - the first bank in the city. Isaac Roosevelt - great-grandfather of Franklin Delano Roosevelt - from 1791 to 1796. He was second in the history of chairman of the board of the bank.

Hamilton's proposal for a national bank was reduced to provide Congress a privileged minority of the concession to a private monopoly. Bank of the United States would have had if the exclusive right to issue currency, it would be exempt from taxation, and the United States Government, in the end, would be responsible for all his actions and debts.

Here's how it describes George Bancroft **[Bancroft (Bancroft), George (1800-91) - American diplomat, historian; in 1845-46 the Minister of Marine. The main work - "US History" (1-10 m.). - Approx. transfer.]**

"Hamilton recommended the establishment of a national bank with a share capital of ten or fifty million dollars, paid by a third metallic money, and the other two-thirds of European monetary fund or land been ensured cookies. It should have been raised to the status of a legal joint stock company for thirty years. During this time, no other bank - public or private - could not get this status. Its capital and deposits were to be exempt from taxation, and the United States in general and, in particular, have been reported to be responsible for all its economic operations. Article his income was to be the exclusive right to issue currency for the United States, equal to the sum of the entire share capital of the bank. " **[The History of the Constitution of the United States, (D. Appleton & Co., New York, 1893) p. 31]**

Public reaction to provide Congress a private banking monopoly group of individuals has been acrimonious.

James Madison acknowledged:

"In the case of the world's banknotes, the proposed bank profits are so large that the government should get a very considerable sum for the provision of pre-emptive rights.

There are other disadvantages, and the right to establish secondary banks should not be granted to any group of people. " **[Gaillard Hunt, Writings of James Madison , (Geo. P. Putham's Sons, New York) vol. 6, p. 371]**

In the Senate, he made a sharp condemnation of William Mc Clay:

"January 17 (1790), on Monday. I said bluntly that I am not a defender of the banking system; I believe their machines to stimulate the sector profitability unproductive labor; that the entire profit of the bank should belong to the community. In this case, the public interest would be possible to increase the total cost of the share capital.

However, I must note that according to the requirements of the public spent roughly. It (. Public - ed author) credited only coin; individuals (bank organizers - ed. author) credited for three-quarters of the certificates, which provide the value of the bank was nothing more than stubble. In addition, the certificates are not represented has no interest, and it was extremely unfair that other paper value (money) were issued on credit, weighed down by percentage, and act on the state as an additional tax. "

[Journal of Wm. McClay, United States Senator from Pennsylvania, 1789. Edited by Edgar S. McClay (D. Appleton & Co., New York, 1890) p. 371]

Hamilton's proposal was submitted to the Senate committee. But it was part of Phillip Sheeler (Hamilton test), and all of its members share the political views of Hamilton. In short, the committee was composed of nominees.

Later, President Washington sent the bill to Thomas Jefferson (Secretary of State), and Edmund Randolph (Minister of Justice and Attorney General). Both found the bill unconstitutional. The view over the Jefferson Bank unconstitutional actions contains the following compelling argument:

"I believe that the foundation of the Constitution founded on the principle that all powers not transferred to the United States Constitution and equally nor prohibited by it to the states are reserved to the states or to the people.

Go beyond that outlined specially for the congress office - means to master the infinite sphere of power that does not yield more than any definition.

The bill sends our rights to the national bank, which is free, on their own terms, to reject any agreement. The Company did not have such a right - the right to use the services of any other bank. " **[The Writings of Jefferson, vol. 7, Joint Committee of Congress, op cit .]**

Bank of New York

It was not the first project of Alexander Hamilton, aimed at the provision of privileges to banks for the sake of their own self-interest. Five years earlier, in 1784, Hamilton joined Isaac Roosevelt and other persons in order to organize the Bank of New York.

Surprisingly, the researchers did not attach special significance Roosevelt family connection with the Bank of New York - the first bank, based in the city and in the state of New York, as well as one of the first banks in the US. Only the Bank of North America and the Bank of Pennsylvania, formed during the war for independence, were his predecessors.

The first meeting of Directors of the Bank of New York was held March 15, 1784 It was attended by the following persons: **[Henry's W. The Dommet, Bank of the New York 1784-1884, (Putham's Sons, the New York, 1884) p. 9]**

Alexander McDougall,
 Samuel Franklin,
 Robert Bone,
 Sands Comfort,
 Alexander Hamilton,
 Joshua Waddington,
 Thomas B. Stoughton,
 William Maxwell,
 Nicholas Lowe,
 Daniel McCormick,
 Isaac Roosevelt,
 John Vanderbilt,
 Thomas Randall.

Alexander Hamilton, who, as we have seen, strongly opposed by Thomas Jefferson and the Jeffersonian democratic tradition in American politics, has been associated with the Bank of New York from the outset. The Charter of the Bank of New York was actually written by Alexander Hamilton. And since most of the newly elected members of the Board were not familiar with banking, Alexander Hamilton was given a letter of recommendation to the Bank of North America, which provided him with the necessary information and guidance.

The first president of the Bank of New York became Jeremiah Wadsworth. His tenure was short term, and in May 1786, Isaac Roosevelt was elected president and vice-president when it was William Maxwell. Bank premises located in the old Walton House. On the contrary, on Queen Street, 159, was refinery Roosevelt.

Malpractice by Alexander Hamilton more than obvious. After all, in 1789, when the United States Constitution came into force, it became the US Treasury. In addition, as the director of the Hamilton took no active part in the work of the Bank of New York. He has advised the bank teller William Seaton. As a result, in 1790 the Bank of New York acted as mediator of the United States Government in the sale of two hundred thousand guilders. At the same time Hamilton outlined in the Congress of the United States the idea of management of the Bank's private banking monopoly.

Moreover, Hamilton used his influence with members of the government to prevent the United States Bank in New York. Bank of New York does not need the competition.

It also emerged that Hamilton was trying to make the Bank of New York, the only representative of the United States government in the city. In January 1791, Alexander Hamilton wrote to William Seaton following:

"I will try to give a favorable color to the new alliance, which clearly illustrates the relevance of the current state of affairs. I want to Bank of New York, by all means, continue to take deposits from the encashment of securities of the Bank of the United States. It is also desirable that a bank could receive payment of bills by the same Dutch papers. " **[HW Dommet, op. cit., p. 41]**

Later in the same letter, Hamilton said: "Trust me. If you put pressure, then any possible assistance will be provided to you. As for the public, it is financially interested in the promotion of such an important institution as the Bank of New York. Our common goal - to withstand attacks crazy clicks scams, unprincipled for a variety of requirements. "

Proposal for the establishment in New York in 1791 of an alternative bank Alexander Hamilton took too painful. He expressed extreme disapproval when he heard about the project. Here is what he wrote to William Seaton Hamilton January 18, 1791 g .:

"With infinite pain, I learned that your city has a new bank. The consequences of this initiative in any case can only be detrimental. I sincerely hope that the Bank of New York will not enter into a coalition with the newly made monster. I am inclined to believe that all this will give rise to more profitable alliance. Uniform force of two cohesive societies without much tension and violence sweep the build-up. I speak out so strongly and confidently, not because in my estimation there is any drawback, due to the fact that the only way to reflect the natural tendency of things. " **[HW Dommet, op. cit., p. 43]**

According to "History of the major capitals of America," Myers, [HW Dommet, op. cit., p. 125] The Bank of New York, "penetrated the political circles and fighting the spread of democratic views dirty, but effective methods." Myers argues that the bank's founders,

adhering to traditions of Hamilton, were fully aware of the threat to their financial interests on the part of Jefferson.

Even in 1930, the Bank of New York had a staff of representatives of the Roosevelt family. W. Emlen Roosevelt was on the board in 1930, as well as the Cleveland Dodge, sponsor Woodrow Wilson's presidential election (see below.), And Allan Wardwell - Partner of JP Morgan, who played a significant role in the Bolshevik Revolution of 1917 Mr. **[Antony Sutton, Wall Street and the Bolshevik Revolution, (New York, Arlington House, 1974). Russian edition: Anthony Sutton. Wall Street and the Bolshevik Revolution. M. "Russian idea". 1998.]**

Second Bank of the United States

March 4, 1809 in the position of President James Madison joined - apparently humble and nice person. In 1776 Madison was a member of Congress and a member of the Virginia Committee, produces the Constitution and the Bill of Rights. In 1787, Madison became a member of the Virginia delegation to the Congress of Philadelphia and made specific proposals concerning the Constitution, formed the so-called "Virginia Plan". In all respects, Madison might be called "the architect of the Constitution." Consequently, Madison looks at the problem of bank private monopolies can be considered fundamental. In 1811, a concession to the First Bank lost power, and Congress refused to extend the agreement because of the inconsistency of the application of the Constitution. In his message, President Madison repeated this thesis and made the following comment:

"In general, it is clear that the proposed institutions will:

- Enjoy a monopoly for a national income of the bank for twenty years;
- That with the growth of population and wealth, monopolized profits will steadily increase;
- That whenever the noble metals will be missed, the nation during this time will depend on the bank notes, rather than from the metal treatment agents;
- All the time the nation will depend on the bank notes so that they can therefore be an acceptable substitute for metal treatment facilities;
- That the extensive use of advanced banknote collection of taxes, in addition, banks will significantly increase their possibility (banknotes) release without providing treatment specie.

It is clear that the government in return for these exclusive concessions to banks should have more support in achieving government goals of the institution, as set out in this bill.

" [Gaillard Hunt, The Life and Writings of James Madison (New York, Putham's Sons, 1908), vol. 8, p. 327.]

The War of 1812 gave supporters the bank the opportunity to put forward another justification. The plight of the economy caused by the war, required a financial reinforcement in the form of a new national bank.

Under the burden of these circumstances, the House of Representatives and the Senate passed a bill that allowed to establish the Second Bank of the United States. James Madison approved the law 10 April 1816

Chapter Three

Andrew Jackson against the clan

In contrast to the current concession agreement with the Federal Reserve System, the first agreement with the United States second bank it was denounced at the time. Another concession to the United States the second largest bank, instead of the previous one, was granted by Congress in July 1832, but President Andrew Jackson (portrait above the title - Ed.) Immediately vetoed the bill, accompanied by an emotional message, is of exceptional interest for the history.

According to modern scientific assessment, it is "pedantic, demagogic and full of pretense." **[Bray Hammond, Bank and Politics in America, (Princeton University Press, Princeton, 1957) p. 405. It is noteworthy that Princeton, one of the oldest universities in New England, is a university base of the "elite" and contributes to the consolidation of the historical interpretation.]** In fact, reading the message today, we can say that the concerns and arguments were Andrew Jackson's prophecy for the American people. In his first speech, when he took office in January 1832, because Jackson stated his position on the bank and the extension of the concession:

"Duration of the agreement with the Bank of the United States will expire in 1836 and is likely to shareholders apply for an extension of their privileges action. I can not take this step in order to avoid defects, generated haste in adopting a law that affects the fundamental principles and hidden financial interests. I do not presume on this, paying tribute to the voters and parties interested in too soon send a document to the legislature and the people.

Conformity of this Constitution shall be completely called into question, as the law provides special privileges to the shareholders, which can have dangerous consequences. Its feasibility is questioned by the majority of our citizens. And presumably, no one will deny that it did not reach our lofty goal of introducing a single currency and a strong all over the country. " **[James A. Hamilton, Reminiscences, p . 149.]**

Personal point of view of Andrew Jackson on the Second Bank of the United States the problem is contained in the memorandum, personally written by Jackson in January 1832 **[John Spencer Basset, ed., Correspondence of Andrew Jackson, (Carnegie Institution, Washington, DC, 1929-32) vol. 4, p. 389]**

His assessment shows how a modern interpretation of the Constitution differs from the ideals of the "founding fathers". The initial argument Jackson is a provision stating that "sovereignty belongs to the people and the states." Then Jackson said about corporations, which are going to give authority, while the federal government no they are not specifically provided. And that "no sovereign power, if it is not specifically provided, can not be carried out as" implied powers. " The key is the definition of "implied powers". **["Implied powers" - is the authority of the Government arising from the US Constitution. The powers that are directly provided to the Government of the United States by the Constitution, referred to as "certain powers" (listed in the first three articles of the constitution). - Approx. translation.]** They are not mentioned in the Constitution.

Then, Jackson argues that, in principle, in the case of "necessity" may give the privileges granted powers to banks and corporations. But it should be "an urgent need, and not

coercion." And then, within the District of Columbia, the Congress itself has such a sovereign power. Jackson continues:

"Creating a state corporation and membership is incompatible with the powers that it has. Creators (our constitution) were too well aware of the harmful effects that a powerful monopoly money provided to the state. The goal was to influence that in any way, or secured by the Constitution or implied by it, legitimize this monster. "

Extreme difficulties and the enormous power of the bureaucracy, which Jackson faced in his fight against the "monopoly money", as well as its influence, reflected in a letter to Hugh L. White on April 29, 1831 (Volume 4, page 271.):

"The noble principles of democracy, which we have imbibed with mother's milk, should uphold the federal government. They may be implemented only united Cabinet, working to achieve this goal. Demonstrations against the prolongation of the contract with the Bank of the United States should be welcomed. Detrimental effects on the banking community morals of the people and the Congress should be accepted with courage ...

I think many in the mystery came into these series. From supporters of expanded rights of states and adherents of the national revival of the policy is difficult to create a cabinet that would readily united with me in the noble task of reforming our country's leadership. " **[John Spencer Basset, ed., Correspondence of Andrew Jackson, (Carnegie Institution, Washington, DC, 1929-32) vol. 4, p. 271. Jackson was not a skilled writer. He was more active and principled man. However, his view is clear to anyone who can read.]**

By 1833 the debate on the extension of the concession to the United States Bank escalated into a conflict between Andrew Jackson and his finance minister, William Duane. As a result, the conflict led to the resignation of the minister. Jackson had a view of the withdrawal of government deposits from the Bank of the United States, owned by private individuals. In turn, Duane Jackson opposed the initiative.

In a letter dated 26 June 1833 (Volume 5, p. 111) Andrew Jackson in more detail stops on its demand for the withdrawal of government deposits from the Bank of the United States. He offers to hold them to choose in each city on the bank. For this purpose, it would be preferable to state-owned banks with good reputation. The concentration of funds in one bank would be a private monopoly.

The letter was accompanied by an application explains Jackson looks at the possible relationship with the State Bank of the United States. The application contained a single frank statement:

"The creators (our constitution) were too well aware of the harmful effects that a powerful monopoly money provided to the state. The goal was to influence that in any way, or secured by the Constitution or implied by it, legitimize this monster.

Banking Corporation - brokers are the same, only on a large scale. Does the intention of the Constitution to make the creators of our state government sales force? If so, then the national exchange earnings should be good the whole society, and not the prerogative of a privileged group of big capitalists. " **[John Spencer Basset, ed., Correspondence of Andrew Jackson, (Carnegie Institution, Washington, DC, 1929-32) vol. 4, p. 92]**

In December 1831 the Congress made a motion for the extension of the concession with the bank, and Jackson vetoed the bill. Since Jackson was at that time a candidate for re-

election, veto raise his political weight in the eyes of voters. The Company approved the actions of the president and denounced the bill as "unconstitutional and inappropriate."

This allowed Jackson to argue that veto has already received public approval. Therefore, he did more bold statements: "The Bank's obligation - to conduct its affairs so as to have the least pressure on the money market."

Jackson recalled the extremely rapid growth of public debt to the bank - for sixteen months it grew by twenty-eight million dollars, or sixty-six percent. Jackson explained it this way:

"Circumstance loans in large amounts can no longer be rejected. It is certainly possible to get power in the country and by debtors intrigue to force the government to extend the concession. "

It must be the first and the last statement of the American president, revealing the essence of what many now suspect - some banks (but not all) use debt as a means of deterrence. We can not realize all the banking houses, because, for example, banks in Catholic countries is not allowed for religious reasons to use debt to pressure. That would be tantamount to usury.

Next Jackson outlines the reasons for its decision to break all ties between the bank and the state.

"The main reason for the objection following. United States The Bank has governmental authority, and in such a case would be to have the intention to press state-owned banks, especially those that can be selected by the Government for placing money. Thus, it will lead to poverty and ruin throughout the United States. "

Then, Jackson argues, quite unusual for the twentieth century:

"Constitution of the United States is known for only one currency - gold and silver. Accordingly, this document provides only Congress the power to control the gold and silver. "

Most likely, Andrew Jackson would consider the current activities of the Federal Reserve - the private banking monopoly - as contrary to the Constitution. Or I would call it "financial monster" in a new garb.

Last message from President Andrew Jackson to the American people on March 4, 1837 was essentially prophetic. He openly warns US citizens of the dangers that threaten their freedom and prosperity. That was the last time the American president was still quite independent of the mighty power of the elite. Here's an extract from this message.

"The Bank of the United States waged a war against the people in order to force him to submit to their demands. The need and confusion that engulfed and then excited the whole country, still can not be forgotten. The cruel and ruthless character who wore this fight with whole towns and villages, the people brought to poverty, and the picture of serene prosperity, the change of the world of darkness and loss of strength - all this should forever remain in the memory of the American people.

If this "privilege" of the bank in peacetime, what they will be in case of war?

Only a nation of free citizens of the United States would emerge victorious from such a collision. If you did not fight, the government could go out of the hands of the majority in the hands of a minority. And this financial clique organized by collusion to dictate your

choice of high-ranking officials. And, based on their needs, would compel you to war or peace. " **[Richardson's Messages, vol. 4, p. 1523.]**

At a time when Jackson wrote these lines, designed to the American people, the government has moved "from the majority of the hands in the hands of a minority." Moreover, a minority "by collusion" has dictated its will to politicians, organized the rise and sudden downturn, has forced to war and peace.

In the United States, the last vestige of a democratic tradition, Jackson Whigs were - they were fully aware of the power of the power behind the scenes.

On the other side of the Atlantic in the UK advocates Richard Cobden and John Bright tried to conduct a similar campaign for the freedom of the individual. He is also not possible.

While Jackson wrote his last letter, compose socialist manifestos. But how would we not assured, is not to improve the lot of the common man. It was another trick of the elite with the aim to get political power.

Chapter Four

SOCIALIST MANIFESTO CLINTON ROOSEVELT

Since Jackson's last appeal to the American people in 1837. "minority", that is, the power elite, is in a dominant position. President Martin Van Buren tried to break their power, but he did not succeed. Just as Lincoln. Since Lincoln, no president did not even attempt to curb the influence of the elite.

On the one hand, it is clear that "money monopoly" monitors the status quo and the ruling circles. On the other hand, the "revolution of rising demand," at first glance, organized by the socialists, but in fact socialism in theory and in practice created "money monopoly", which has taken him under guardianship debt and its political power.

In this chapter, we look at the American socialist manifesto written by Clinton Roosevelt in 1841 - the forerunner of the "New Deal" of Franklin Delano Roosevelt. Clinton Roosevelt - one of the least known members of their family. He came from the Roosevelt family, related to the Bank of New York. His socialist works of this man reminded Roosevelt of the XX century. Then, in the fifth chapter, we describe the more famous work - the manifesto of Karl Marx, which is also funded by the United States.

"The money monopoly" brings to life and fosters socialism. Let's look at an example of this judgment on the Roosevelt family, who were bankers and socialists in one person.

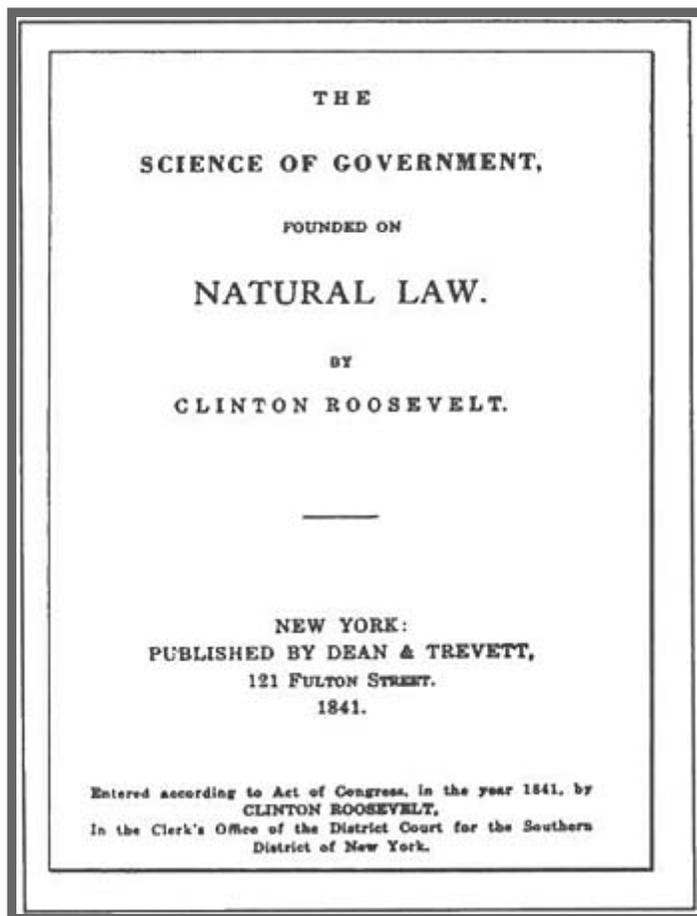
While one branch of the Roosevelt developed the Bank of New York and refining industry, the other branch of the family made significant progress in real politics and political philosophy.

For example, long before Franklin Delano Roosevelt became president, James D. Roosevelt in 1835, 1839 and 1840. He was a member of the Legislative Assembly of the State of New York, a member of the "Loco-foko" [**Loco Foco party, Loco-Focos ("Match Party")** **nickname during the administration of E. Jackson of the radical faction of the Democratic Party Branch in New York, consisting mainly of workers and artisans. Faction advocated the abolition of paper money, the reduction of banking privileges, and protection of trade unions. It got its**

nickname after 29 October 1835 continued the illegal party meeting, while its opponents have stopped speaking and left the hall, turning off lighting gas burners. Radicals using phosphorus matches (loco foco matches) back lit light and continued zasedanie.- Note. translation.], and distinguished by the fact that the Whigs opposed efforts to eliminate the practice of filling ballot box stuffing. [Karl Schrifgiesser, *The Amazing Roosevelt Family , 1613-1942* (New York: Wilfred Funk, 1942) p. 143]

Roosevelt had an impact not only within the ruling circles of Tammany Hall [headquarters of the Democratic Party in New York. - Approx. translation.], and (according to one biographer) "it was essentially a liaison between Tammany Hall and Wall Street. Roosevelt passed instructions to officials and bankers ruthlessly imposed candidates in the elections for the appointment. " [Karl Schrifgiesser, *The Amazing Roosevelt Family , 1613-1942* (New York: Wilfred Funk, 1942) p. 142. Checking the schemes presented on pages xi and xii books Shrifgiessera shows that Franklin Delano Roosevelt, who spoke in the elections of 1932 with the criticism of the banking system, and directly derived from the founder of the Bank of New York Roosevelt Isaac.]

In 1840-ies. James Roosevelt acted as a link between the most influential circles of Tammany Hall and Wall Street banks, which was listed in the list belonging to Roosevelt Bank of New York. Clinton Roosevelt was born in 1804 in a family of Elbert Cornelius Roosevelt. It was Clinton Roosevelt wrote a socialist manifesto a few years before Marx, who borrowed his more famous "Communist Manifesto" at the French Socialist Victor Considerant (see chap. One fifth).



K.Ruzvelt "Science control" (New York, 1841)

This "treatise" - a project managed the power elite of the totalitarian state in which there are no individual rights. Clinton Roosevelt was a relative of the generation of the XIX century of Franklin Delano Roosevelt. Information about this book was removed from the catalog of the Library of Congress, although the earlier book was presented in the publication of the catalog 1959 (author's note).

Clinton Roosevelt was a relative of the generation of the XIX century Franklin Delano Roosevelt, and was related to President Theodore Roosevelt, John Quincy Adams and Martin Van Buren. The only literary work of Clinton Roosevelt is contained in a rare pamphlet published in 1841 [Clinton Roosevelt, *The Science of Government*

Founded on Natural Law (New York: Dean & Trevett, 1841). It is known that there are two copies of the book - one in the Library of Congress, the other - in the Harvard University Library. In the latest edition of the catalog of the Library of Congress book is not included, while she was introduced to it in 1959 (p. 75). A facsimile edition was carried out Emanuel Josephson. See Roosevelt's Communist Manifesto (New York: Chedney Press, 1955)..] It is essentially Socratic discussion between the author (ie, the "minority") and "publisher", symbolizing, perhaps, all of us ("majority").

Roosevelt offers a type of totalitarian state, roughly similar to the scheme of Karl Marx. In Roosevelt's personality model, a secondary role in relation to the aristocratic elite group (read - "minority", or avant-garde in Marxist terminology), which designs and makes all the laws. Roosevelt to achieve their own goals requires to abandon the Constitution.

"AND. (Publisher): Once again I ask: Would you like to immediately abandon the old dogmas of the Constitution.

A. (Author): No more, if I had to refuse to jump overboard sinking ship, to be saved. This hastily put together the ship on which we left the British fleet. And then it was considered an act whose outcome is uncertain and is not a foregone conclusion. "**[Clinton Roosevelt, The Science of Government Founded on Natural Law (New York: Dean & Trevett, 1841). It is known that there are two copies of the book - one in the Library of Congress, the other - in the Harvard University Library. In the latest edition of the catalog of the Library of Congress book is not included, while she was introduced to it in 1959 (p. 75). A facsimile edition was carried out Emanuel Josephson. See Roosevelt's Communist Manifesto (New York: Chedney Press, 1955)..]**

Roosevelt model is based "primarily on the art of cooperation." According to Roosevelt, "it will use the common efforts for mutual benefit." It is this cooperation (the duty to sacrifice his own efforts for the benefit of the "minority"), which permeates the works and sermons Socialists - from Marx to contemporary Trilateral Commission. In the scheme of Roosevelt everyone moves up the levels of a specially established social system and appointed to the post to which he is better suited. Selecting positions strictly limited. Here's how it describes Clinton Roosevelt:

"Who is going to appoint?

A. Grand Marshal.

I. Who will be responsible for the quality of candidates' qualifications?

A. The Court of physiologists, Ethics, Farmers and Mechanics, reporting to him.

I. Will entice citizens to court decisions in choosing a career?

A. No. Anyone with a good reputation through trial and error will be able to look for a type of activity, for which he is best. "**[Clinton Roosevelt, The Science of Government Founded on Natural Law (New York: Dean & Trevett, 1841). It is known that there are two copies of the book - one in the Library of Congress, the other - in the Harvard University Library. In the latest edition of the catalog of the Library of Congress book is not included, while she was introduced to it in 1959 (p. 75). A facsimile edition was carried out Emanuel Josephson. See Roosevelt's Communist Manifesto (New York: Chedney Press, 1955)..]**

Next Roosevelt appears Marshal of Creation, whose mission - to balance production and consumption.

"AND. What are the duties of the Marshal of Creation and Production of the Order?

A. Determine the volume of production and number of producers required for sustainable production in each sector. When production will be adjusted, he will inform the Grand Marshal of the surpluses and deficits.

I. How it will detect overproduction or deficiency?

A. All kinds of merchants will report to him on supply and demand in each sector of commerce, as will be shown below.

I. As far as I understand, in the hands of the Production Order are manufacturers, trade and agriculture. Then what will be the responsibilities of the Marshal of Agriculture?

A. He will have to control the four regions. Otherwise, foreign trade will be obliged to make up the shortfall.

I. What the four regions?

A region with a temperate climate, warm, hot and sea regions.

I. On what basis do you subdivide them in this way?

A. Agricultural output data areas require different cultivation methods and properly satisfy the different needs. " **[Clinton Roosevelt, The Science of Government Founded on Natural Law (New York: Dean & Trevett, 1841). It is known that there are two copies of the book - one in the Library of Congress, the other - in the Harvard University Library. In the latest edition of the catalog of the Library of Congress book is not included, while she was introduced to it in 1959 (p. 75). A facsimile edition was carried out Emanuel Josephson. See Roosevelt's Communist Manifesto (New York: Chedney Press, 1955).]**

After seventy-five years old in 1915, President Woodrow Wilson ordered Bernard Baruch to develop a plan for creating a defense mobilization committee. Subsequently Baruch Committee was transformed into the Military-Industrial Management **[public agency created in July 1917. It was intended to coordinate the supply of US and allied military forces, the development of military production, research and distribution of material resources, labor, etc. In March 1918 it was headed by B. Baruch. Management was disbanded after the First World War. - Approx. translation.]**, which replaced the General Council of the military supplies. The structure of the military-industrial management resembled the model described by Clinton Roosevelt in 1841, and co-operative trade organizations. The latter is a welcome boon for Wall Street, allows you to control unwanted stricter competition in the market. Industrial committees, large and small businesses have not only been presented in Washington, but also with Washington formed a single entity - the mainstay of the entire structure.

By March 1918, President Wilson gave Baruch bypassing Congress more power than anyone ever had the United States in history. Military-industrial management, chaired by Baruch was responsible for the construction of all plants, and for all the raw material supply and transportation support. Adoption of the final decision, it was also the responsibility of the chairman of Baruch.

Military-Industrial Management is a precursor to the Office of National Reconstruction, established in 1933, some officials of the Military-Industrial Control sample 1918 appointed Baruch - Hugh Johnson, for example - there was a place at the Office of National Reconstruction Roosevelt. "New Deal" of Franklin Roosevelt, actually written by Gerard Swope **[J. Swope (Swope) (1872-1960) was the President of "General Electric". During the Great Depression of 1929-1933 he developed anti-crisis program, known as the "Swope Plan". This project was the basis of the Office of National Reconstruction, created by President Roosevelt. -. Note, translation]** of "General Electric", evinces a surprising similarity to the scheme proposed by Clinton Roosevelt in 1841.

Chapter Five

KARL MARX MANIFESTO

The modern welfare state that we have here in the United States, reveals a surprising similarity with the model described in the "Communist Manifesto." Presumably the "Manifesto" written by Karl Marx in 1848, ten points "Manifesto" - is to overthrow the middle class program, or the bourgeoisie (capitalists medium-sized). The program was implemented successive Democratic and Republican governments, beginning with President Woodrow Wilson's office. The program was carried out under the leadership of perpetuating the power elite.

Marx was a sworn enemy of the middle layer of society, or the bourgeoisie. Marx proposed to expropriate the property of the middle class by the revolution organized by the so-called working class or proletariat. Unfortunately for Marx, the working class has never gravitated toward rebellion. In fact, any communist revolution - it is a handful of Communists hands. But whether the power can be seized by such a small group of associates? The answer is "yes", because the Communists have always enjoyed the support of the so-called ruling class - the capitalists and bankers. This support is provided as a series of Marx in 1848, and the revolutionaries of XX century in Central America, Angola and Mozambique, where the US administration was under the influence of David Rockefeller.

Let's start with the "Manifesto" in 1848, Marx proposed to expropriate the property of the middle class:

"It may, of course, the first place only by means of despotic inroads on the rights of property and the bourgeois relations of production, ie. E. By means of measures, which appear economically insufficient and untenable, but which, in the course of the movement, outstrip themselves and are unavoidable as a means of entirely revolutionizing the mode of production. " **[1. Ryazinsky, Communist Manifesto, (New York : Russell & Russell, Inc., 1963) p. 52]**

To implement the "despotic inroads on the rights of ownership" of the middle class, Marx offers a program of "events" of the ten points:

"These measures will, of course, be different in different countries. However, the following measures will be pretty generally applicable in the most advanced countries:

1. Abolition of property and the treatment of land rent to public purposes.

2. A heavy progressive tax. **[Here Marx is referring to a progressive income tax. In the USSR, he was introduced by a decree of November 16, 1922 under the title-income property tax, which was converted into an income tax in 1924. - Approx. transfer.]**

3. Abolition of inheritance.

4. Confiscation of the property of all emigrants and rebels.

5. Centralization of credit in the hands of the state through a national bank with state capital and an exclusive monopoly.

6. Centralization of the means of transport in the hands of the state.

7. Increase in the number of state factories and instruments of production, clearing for cultivation and improvement of land on the general plan.

8. Equal compulsory work for all, the establishment of industrial armies, especially for agriculture.

9. The connection between agriculture and industry, the gradual abolition of the distinction between town and country.

Public 10. Free education for all children. Removing children's factory labor in its present form. Combination of education with industrial production, etc. ". [Op. Cit.]

As we shall see, Marx's ten points, aimed at the elimination of the middle class, almost realized in the United States. For example, the sixteenth amendment to the US Constitution (income tax) reflects the archaic political concept, originating in the second millennium BC. e. in ancient Egypt.

Pharaohs and their top advisers came from the fact that entrepreneurs, traders and workers of Egypt, to produce material values, for some reason, were not competent to issue orders produced values.

Pharaoh and senior advisers pondered something like this: "Look, we're better than you know what to do. We will lead you to it. Since we are still all-powerful, we are looking at all of you from the top, and we decide what is good and what is not. It's much better than every one of you will own determine their own destiny. We tend to take you to the state pension scheme for old age. So when you reach retirement age, you will be able to retire. We know, as you do. We will lead you to it. Since we are aware of how you are helpless. We tend to take you to the state program storage of food. We will store the grain in the bins homeland, because we are conscious of the fact that you are unable to store their own food. "

"Moreover, you are not able to take care of their health. We understand the importance of health, but because you can not watch him. And that is why we offer you a health program. We Bind it to you in your own interest. "

The method that achieves all of these goals was to disposition fifth of the production of all Egypt. If you remember the Old Testament, then it says, "that the king decided to take the fifth part of all the goods of Egypt, and fill it with good barns for the common welfare."

The modern champion of the philosophical views of the Pharaohs is none other than Karl Marx and his "Communist Manifesto." "Manifesto" has become the most important

economic document of the twentieth century. Its importance lies in the unpleasant facts that the "Manifesto" - a guiding star in the wilds of the economy for our political leadership. And also for the executive and, in most cases, to the leadership of both parties, which support and embody the "measures" proposed by Marx.

"Manifesto" states that if you implement all ten points in any formation of free market economies, that "capitalism" would be destroyed and there will be a communist state on its ruins. This is what Marx wrote about it:

"Political power in the proper sense of the word - is the organized violence of one class for oppressing another. If the proletariat in the struggle against the bourgeoisie is compelled, by the classroom if by revolution, it makes itself the ruling class, the ruling class as a force abolishes the old relations of production. "

The second item in the "Manifesto" means a high progressive tax. In the United States it has been approved by the Sixteenth Amendment to the Constitution - the law of the country in our state since 1913

Later in the same year, a law was passed on the Federal Reserve System. It is noteworthy that the basic idea of this regulation is reflected in the "Manifesto" of Marx in fifth paragraph: "Centralization of credit in the hands of the state through a national bank with state capital and an exclusive monopoly."

In other words, Marx proposed a scheme reserve central banking system, which resembles the structure of the First Bank of the United States, the general principles of the law of the Federal Reserve, as well as the model of the early European central banks.

Karl Marx as a plagiarist

Marx was a remarkable man. He was not a fool. Marx understood that if a small group of people take possession of the money supply and credit institution and banking institutions of the state, it alone will be able to manage the cycle of "boom - bust" economy of this state.

Formed a certain way economic and monetary policy, possibly to move billions of dollars from one group to another, from the middle class to the ruling elite, from the victim to a predator. To implement the foregoing, in life you need to propaganda cover, and in the middle of the XIX century it was made a pamphlet Marx.

The most notable feature of the laconic "Manifesto", not taking almost all the researchers note, it is that Marx never speaks positively about the working class, not to mention the middle layer of society, which, according to Marx, must be eliminated.

"Manifesto" - a plan to establish the final domination of the elite members. Marx indulges seize political and economic power of this group of people. In addition, if provided by Marx, it becomes clear look at the source of financial support that the profitability of "events" was evident even for the elite in the 1840s. XIX century.

As we shall see, Marx was financially supported in their goal of writing the manifesto. Furthermore, the basic provisions of the "Manifesto" borrowed from "the principles of socialism," a little-known French socialist Victor Considerant, published in 1843 (the original «Principes du Socialisme: Manifeste de la Democratie au au Dix Neuvieme Siecle»). The second edition of the work Considerant was published in Paris in 1847 - a

year before the publication of "The Communist Manifesto" and just at the time when Mark and Engels lived in Paris.

The fact of plagiarism was established a little-known writer V. Cherkesov and detailed in his "Socialist History Pages» (Cooper, New York, 1902). Here is a small extract:

"I was, to put it mildly, surprised and even humiliated when about a year ago had the opportunity to get acquainted with the work of Victor Considerant" principles of socialism: democracy manifesto of the nineteenth century, "written in 1843 and published for the second time in 1847 and at the They had reason. In the brochure, consisting of 143's of pages, Victor Considerant, with his usual ease recounts the foundations of Marxism, this "scientific" socialism, which MPs wish to impose on the world.

Strictly speaking, the theoretical part where Considerant examines fundamental issues does not exceed the first fifty pages. The remaining pages are devoted to the prosecution of the magazine Fourierists «La Democratique pacifique» by the government of Louis Philippe - the magazine was banned by the jury of the Seine. But those fifty pages Fourierist known as a true expert in his field, resulting in a lot of deep, clear and brilliant generalizations. And even a tiny sample of his ideas comprehensively reveals all the Marxist laws and theories, including the concentration of capital and all the principles of the "Communist Manifesto." Thus, the entire theoretical part, concluded in the first two chapters, which Engels referred to as "ultimately will not lose its relevance ever" simply borrowed. "Communist Manifesto", this bible of revolutionary democracy - is extremely inept presentation of excerpts from "Principles of Socialism" Considerant. Moreover, imitators Considerant managed to maintain the structure and chapter titles of his work in the "Communist Manifesto."

Paragraph two in the second chapter of "socialism Principles" Considerant is titled "Current status and '89; the bourgeoisie and the proletariat. " "Bourgeois and Proletarians" - is the name of the first chapter of Marx and Engels' "Manifesto".

In the chapter entitled "Democracy" Considerant considering various socialist and revolutionary parties. The sections of this chapter have the following names.

Conservative Democracy; Reactivity democracy;

Socialist Party democracy at the reaction.

Marx and Engels, we find the following.

The reaction socialism;

Conservative or Bourgeois Socialism;

Critical-Utopian Socialism and Communism.

And then you will say that all this is not an imitation? Comparing the content of the manifestos, you realize that they are completely identical. " **[W. Tcherkesoff, Pages of Socialist History, p . 56]**

Line by line, Cherkesov Marx exposes and reveals that he is an ordinary thief. Great and adorable Marx turned out to be nothing more than troechnikom!

No one disputes the enormous influence that Karl Marx and Friedrich Engels had on world history. But at the same time it makes the nature of Marxism is always hidden.

And what about Marx's collaborator Friedrich Engels? The falsity of Engels' works to document in the introduction to "Working Class in England" Henderson and Chaloner (W. A. Henderson, W. H. Chaloner, Condition of the Working Class in England, Basil Blackwell, Oxford, 1958).

Back in 1848, Bruno Hildebrand thoroughly formulated Engels arguments against the book and, in particular, its biased interpretation of the UK government reports. Engels wanted to prove their case, so distorted the facts. By the way, Henderson and Chaloner indicate that "Engels at times used his vivid imagination instead of facts." For example, on page 118 Henderson work we find the following:

"In the witness statement before Parliament Coroner of Nottingham argued that a pharmacist made use of thirteen quintals **[In the UK, one quintal equals 50.8 kg. - Approx. translation.]** molasses per year in the production of «Godfrey's Cordial». **[Kopdial - type of liquor, sweet flavored liqueur produced by maceration or by mixing alcohol with fruit. - Approx. translation.]** But in 1887, Engels wrote that "for cooking« Godfrey's Cordial »used thirteen hundredweight of tincture of opium per year."

Naturally, opium tincture is very different from molasses. Hidden intention is that, in the opinion of Engels, the children of workers indirectly exposed to the drug.

Benefactors Marx

Where did Karl Marx had the means? On it there? After research, we find that the funds come from four main sources, all four sources have been linked to the ruling elite of Germany and the United States.

Channel finance the publication of "Manifesto" was none other than the pirate Jean Laffite Louisiana. Among his exploits can be identified spying for Spain and secret-service work on a group of US bankers.

Details of the fraud is not taken into account by modern historians, although the documents whose authenticity is certified by the Library of Congress and other sources are available for nearly thirty years.

Informative, that the first researchers who reported this source of funding Marx, were French-speaking! The remarkable story of friendship with Karl Marx, Jean Laffite - a pirate, to promote the publication of "The Communist Manifesto" - described in the book by Georges Blond «Histoire de la Filibuste». As these data were to Blondie? In the original, they are contained in two books published privately Klisbi Arthur Stanley in New Orleans. The book is called "Jean Laffite - Mr pirates" and "Diary of Jean Laffite." They contain original documents describing Marx's meeting with Laffite and the method chosen for financing the publication "Manifesto."

If you look through the modern "Encyclopedia Britannica", you'll find that Jean Laffite died in 1823 and therefore could not meet with Marx in 1847 and 1848. Unfortunately, on this issue, "Encyclopaedia Britannica" contains invalid data, as in many other cases. Laffite went underground around 1820 and lived a long and exciting life of a secret messenger of American bankers and businessmen.

The underground and undercover operations Laffite recorded in his diary:

"We have hired four people as secret collaborators. Their duty was to eavesdrop on relevant conversations and to communicate about them. Also, they were verbally report any new incidents. We fully copied with secret instructions. We had only two ships chartered on the basis of an informal agreement with the banking community of Philadelphia. We decided to take an oath never to visit the tavern and did not travel the same route twice, as well as never to return to Louisiana, Texas or Cuba, or in any other Spanish-speaking region. " **[The Journal of Jean Laffite (The Pirateer-Patriot's own story) (Vantage Press, New York, 1958) p. 126]**

In the same blog, we find the following note dated April 24, 1848 .:

"My visits were short, but fruitful. In Paris, I lived at home with Mr. Louis Bertillon and less often in hotels. I met Messrs Michel Chevreul, Louis Braille, Augustin Thierry, Alexis de Tocqueville, Karl Marx, Friedrich Engels, Daguerre, and many others. " **[Op. Cit. p. 132-33]**

Next Laffitte brings something amazing:

"No one knew the true causes of my stay in Europe. I opened an account in a Paris bank - a loan to finance the custody of two young men: The Lord of Marx and Engels. They had to help in the implementation of the workers' revolution in the world. They are now working on it. " [Op. Cit. p. 132-33]

All that was required to prove. Jean Lafitte was a confidant of the US banking community and had been instructed to assist in the publication of "Manifesto". In the "Diary" and the reader will find other well-known names such as Dupont, Peabody, Lincoln, and so forth.

While in Brussels, Jean Lafitte wrote a letter to his friend, the artist de Franco, who lives in St. Louis, Missouri. In it, he detailed the financial assistance provided by Marx. That translation of the letter dated September 29, 1847 .:

"I depart from Brussels to Paris. After three or four weeks I arrive in Amsterdam, and from there take a course on America. I've talked to plenty of Messrs Marx and Engels, but refused to take part in conferences on drawing up the manifesto. I do not want to join their debates.

Mr. Engels is going with me to Paris. Thus, I will be able to prepare in advance of schedule financing of Marx and Engels gentlemen. They will be able to resume work on the manuscript of "capital and labor". From the beginning, it seemed to me that two young men are talented and endowed with extraordinary intelligence. And I am firmly convinced of this. This is confirmed by an analysis of the statistics in the opening of «La Categori du Capital», cost, price and profit.

They entered the dark age of rampant exploitation of man by man. They show that the operation is the root of all evil - from serfdom, this feudal slave to the wage slave. It took many years to prepare the "Manifesto to the workers of the world." In this way, there were lengthy debates between young people and their supporters in Berlin, Amsterdam, Paris and even from the Swedish Republic.

I get excited when I think about the manifesto, as well as other future prospects. I help these two young people sincerely. I hope that their plans will be integrated doctrine, which crush the foundations of secular dynasties and destroy the last devouring the lower masses. And I pray for it.

Mr. Marx warns me that I have not worn a manifesto across America, because something like this will be separately designed for New York. But I hope that Jean and Harry show manifesto Mr. Joshua Speed, who, in turn, - Mr. Lincoln. If such an opportunity presented itself, I think, nothing special happened. Manifest approval in Washington would be an indication that the path that I follow, in line with the policy currently pursued by the Republic of Texas.

Mr. Marx has approved several communes of my texts that I had to leave some time ago. The texts commensurate rules and regulations, not burdened by strict reasoning. A kind of utopia, a naive and uncomplicated, without preface and contents, without illustrative examples. With their utopian dreams of youth as I have today is similar to the two young men.

The donation was made in order to preserve the great manuscript and its contents. It was not written to the authorities, operators and overwhelming, but in order to remain in eternity.

ABOUT! I'm confused; I have reached an agreement about the abuses that took place during the second half of the year, when the devil was eradicated and completely destroyed. I described his second commune, I was forced to disband and leave the March 3, 1821 Then I decided to abandon this idea, but did not change their beliefs. I do not help those who oppose my views.

I must be brief. I will bring a few manuscripts and manifesto. I hope that Jules and Glenn in school. I know that their teacher Miss Wing and Miss Burgess patient enough. Glenn is not as strong as Jules. " **[From the translation in Stanley C. Arthur 's Jean Laffite, Gentleman Rover (Harmanson, New Orleans, 1952) pp. 262 and 265]**

The second source of funding for Karl Marx was the editor of the American "New York Tribune" Charles Anderson Dana. The newspaper owned by Horace Greeley. Both Dana and Greeley were associated with Clinton Roosevelt and his manifesto calling for the construction of an authoritarian state (we touched on this topic in Chapter Three). Dana drew Marx to write articles for the "New York Tribune". In the interval from 1851 to 1861. It was published five hundred works of Marx.

In Germany, the main source of financing of Marx was his colleague Friedrich Engels. Engels was the son of a wealthy cotton industrialist from Bremen Sponsored Marx for many years.

Even more impressive is the fact of financing of Marx by the Prussian elite. Karl Marx married Jenny von Westphalen. Jenny's brother, Baron Ferdinand von Westphalen was the Minister of the Interior of Prussia, oversees the police department. As you know, Carl was under the "supervision" of the department.

In other words, Marx's brother-in-charge of the investigation of subversive activities, while for many years the family background Vestfalenov financially supported Marx. For forty years, Marx maid service paid Demuth family background Vestfalenov. Moreover, Demuth was hired personally by Baroness Caroline von Westphalen. Two essays of the early works of Marx were actually written in the estate background Vestfalenov in Kreuznach. And proceeds from the estates were bequeathed to Marx.

In short, the "Manifesto" and other works of Marx were the needs of both the American bankers and German aristocracy. For what purposes elite financed Marx? One goal - all the power of the Marxist philosophy of artillery fire to attack the middle class, and thus

to achieve the rule of the elite. Marxism - a tool for the consolidation of the power elite. It is not intended to alleviate the suffering of the poor and contribute to the progress of mankind. This is just a plan for the elite, like the utopia, "a naive and uncomplicated."

Chapter Six

Abraham Lincoln CHALLENGES bankers

Abraham Lincoln was the last of the old-fashioned galaxy of radical presidents who stood on the positions of confrontation with the money monopoly. Once in power, Lincoln and his government faced a heavy burden of financing the Civil War in terms of finding the monetary system in private hands. During the Civil War, the Union government has experienced difficulties related to the mobilization of the necessary amounts of money for the maintenance of troops, there was a deficit of metallic money, and private banking system did not want to go to meet the needs of the Union Army.

Lincoln adhered to the tradition of Presidents Jefferson and Jackson. He advocated the preservation of the right to issue currency in the federal government, and rejected the possibility of legal transfer of the private monopoly privileges. In 1862, Lincoln introduced the bill in Congress that allowed the United States banknotes become legal tender, and thus give the federal government the right to print paper money in an amount necessary to ensure that hostilities. Apparently, Lincoln did not foresee inflationary potential in the expansion of government purchasing power. His financial program was aimed at the recovery of debt and government spending, as well as the restriction of private money monopoly access to the treasury.

Unfortunately, Finance Minister Samuel Lincoln Portland Chase was a puppet of the banking community. During the Civil War Chase kept monetary policy Lincoln, but later he came to Congress a legislative initiative, is in the interests of the banking community. Similarly, Senator John Sherman, who was responsible for the adoption of the Senate financial legislation, provided the money monopoly is even greater powers (in addition to to available) by facilitating the passage of the National Bank Act.

Lincoln's bill of legal tender obeyed February 25, 1862 he assumed the release of one hundred and fifty million dollars in the treasury of the United States of tickets. Then Finance Minister Chase commented as follows:

"I feel disgusted at the mere thought that we put into circulation anything but coin of legal tender. But at the moment due to the large costs, caused by the war, it is impossible to cover our costs only one coin. There is a need to resort to the issue of the United States of notes. " **[Letter from Secretary of the Treasury Chase to Elbridge, G. Spaulding, January 29, 1862. Quoted in American Nation History Series , 1861-1863 by Hosmer, vol. 20, pg. 169.]**

Ohio Senator John Sherman defended the law in a similar way, based on the consideration that "from an economic point of view, there is no way forces of supply and of meeting the just requirements."

However, against the bill were made by the banking community in New York. A view of Senator John Sherman, as we shall see, did not reflect his true intentions. (A similar situation occurred in 1913, when Senator Owen and voices congressman actually changed its position with respect to the law of the Federal Reserve, presented before the public in a completely different way).

The idea of the national currency has been subjected to attacks from the banking community, since the right to issue it would be taken away from this financial clan. Banking house would have lost income in the form of articles effective substitute for money (according to the Constitution, the money - it's gold and silver). **[Substitute money or quasi-money (less often "near-money") - assets that are part of a conditional monetary. Indeed, the US Constitution, it follows that the notes and bank deposits can be regarded as a substitute for money, but in today's economy they are insufficient liquid assets such as time deposits of the private sector. It should be noted that the plastic cards and checks are not money. - Approx. transfer.]**

Bankers sought concessions from the government the right to issue paper money, it has set out to act as mediators of the Federal Government. In this case, the United States government would act as a perpetual borrower's private money monopoly, received the right to lend to the state from the same state. Consequently, the banking circles, under eye of the Constitution, had to tread cautiously.

Proposal Clinton Roosevelt (Bank of New York) was eliminated Constitution. The analogy of such a formulation of the problem we find in the second half of the XX century, when the leadership of the Trilateral Commission stated that the Constitution is outdated.

In addition, the public itself, without delving into the Constitution, would be unlikely to agree to a private money monopoly. Of course, provided that the public be made aware on time. Since Jefferson and up to the 1990s. any public discussion of the problem of private money monopoly is suppressed immediately. Nothing is more dangerous for the ruling class than the public disclosure and publicity of private nature of the control over the money supply.

In 1860-ies. XIX century banking houses demanded from the government issue interest-bearing bonds. These bonds were to be used as the basis for a bank loan. While Lincoln pushed his bill, bankers working on the project, incarnated in 1863 to the Law on the National Bank.

The Law on the National Bank meant the transfer of the banking houses of authority for the production of paper money. This monopoly could be used for profit, and in war profits had to be more than significant. Disagreement between Lincoln and financial elite was that someone releasing a medium of exchange (convertible notes and irreversible crossed checks) - a private monopoly or state.

In other words, the question was, who who must obey - the state of the banking elite, or the banking elite to the state? In the latter case, provided that the Congress adheres to the letter of the law, the banking elite depends, ultimately, on the power of the people.

Duplicity of these "known" and "respectable" politicians clearly demonstrated exceptional content letter to Senator John Sherman brothers Rothschild **[financial dynasty of the Rothschilds is not a historical relic. Banking Nathan in London and James in Paris flourishes still. Dynasty owns «Societe Financiere» in Paris and «Rothschild Bank» in Zurich, the most powerful private bank in London and «Bank Brivee S. A.» in Geneva. After the nationalization of major Rothschild railway complex «Diu Nord» family received as compensation for a large block of shares of the French government. In their hands, the largest mining complex «Le Nickel», and the trust in the oil «Shell» and in the diamond «De Beers» powerfully represented their interests. Rothschild created the «USA Rothschild group» with the purpose to influence the financial situation in the United**

States. - Approx. translation.] , who lives in London. The letter is dated 25th June 1863 On Wall Street, the issue has become known in the same year.

Sherman turned up the possibility of subservience to woo the powerful. He personally gave to know about his idea to representatives of the international banking houses - the idea, which found a direct reflection of the law on the National Bank.

Below we reproduce the text of the letter the brothers Rothschild (London) Ikleheymeru, Morton and Vanderguldu (Wall Street, New York). The letter acknowledges receipt of the Sherman message and transmits the content. Bankers on Wall Street said the brothers Rothschild July 6, 1863 In a letter they presented details of the law on the National Bank and some traits of Senator John Sherman.

"London, June 25, 1863 Messrs Ikleheymeru, Morton and Vanderguldu N°3, Wall Street, New York, USA

Ladies and gentlemen!

Mr. John Sherman wrote to us from a town in Ohio, USA on the profits that can be derived from the activities of the National Bank as a result of your Congress desired law. A copy of this Act is attached to this letter.

This law was based on the plan formulated by the Association of British bankers and recommended it as our American friends. If the law is passed, it will bring huge profits banking fraternity throughout the world.

Mr. Sherman said that in the case of adoption of a law for the first time the capitalists the opportunity to concentrate enormous resources in their hands. The law transferred to the National Bank almost complete control over domestic finances. "The minority, which understands the essence of the system, - he says - or would be so interested in income, or so dependent on its patrons, it will not be a threat. On the other hand, the vast majority of people are unable to understand his mind that capital extracts huge profits from the system, will bear its burden without even knowing silence that the system is indifferent to their needs. "

Your forever

The brothers Rothschild » **[the John R. The of Elson, Lighting is Over the the Treasury Building (or an-expose-of Our banking and currency a monstrosity, America's are most reprehensible and un-American the racket), (The Boston: Meador Publishing of CO, 1941), pp, 51. -52].**

"New York
July 6, 1863
Lord brothers Rothschild
in London, England

Ladies and gentlemen!

We have the honor to acknowledge receipt of your letter of 25 June, in which you refer to a letter received from the Honourable John Sherman of Ohio, as well as on those profits, which promise us the law on the National Bank. Mr. Sherman has traits are largely inherent prosperous financier. No matter what mood he was, he never missed an opportunity to profit.

He is young, ambitious and prudent. It aims for the post of President of the United States and has been a member of Congress (besides, he feels the desire to get rich). He rightly believes that it is able to get much, if it is linked with friendly relations with representatives of major financial circles. Recent times indiscriminate in their methods, both relating to obtaining assistance from the State and the protection of its own interests against hostile legislators.

Regarding the organization of the National Bank, as well as the specificity and yield of this investment, we have the honor to refer you to our printed circulars attached here:

"Any number of persons, including at least five people can organize a national association of banks.

National Bank may not have capital of less than a million dollars, with the exception of banks located in cities with a population of six and less than thousands of people.

They are private and joint-stock companies established for private benefit. To pick their own employees and workers. They are beyond the control of the laws of the state, except in cases arising from decisions of the Congress. They may receive deposits and lend to them according to their own interests. They have the right to buy and sell bonds, to take into account securities and engage in normal banking activities. In order for a national bank with a capital of one million dollars has started to work, you need the equivalent amount (par value) to buy government bonds of the United States. Government bonds of the United States at this time can be purchased at a discount of 50%. Thus, for a bank with a capital of one million dollars will require investment of only five hundred thousand dollars.

These bonds should be given to the storage state of the United States Treasury Department in Washington. They will serve to provide currency-Niemi National Bank provided the State Bank.

The United States Government will pay the interest on the bonds of the six gold every six months. Consequently, the increase in capital will be twelve per cent of gold per year.

By virtue of the support (in the form of bonds deposited with the treasurer), the United States government will provide the bank with his storage on the bond, the national currency at an annual rate of just one percent.

Money is printed by the US government in the form of so-called "greenbacks." Users will not see any difference, but "greenbacks" - is an unconditional promise to pay the bank. [**Grinbe-ki (English, greenbacks, letters -. Green back) - this paper money is not exchanged for gold. Legalize in 1862. Actually, the greenbacks - this is what is now referred to US dollars; substitute for gold and silver coins in the form of bank notes. In fact, bank card - this bill is payable on demand or, in other words - assignable (passed from hand to hand) evidence of the bank debt in the amount equal to the cost of bank notes. The cost of the ticket is determined by the bank is not nominal value, and its purchasing power. - Approx. transfer.]**

Demand for money is so great that "greenbacks" can be easily loaned the bank's customers with a discount of ten per cent for a period of thirty to sixty days. The gain on the currency will be about twelve percent.

Interest on the bonds plus interest on the currency, secured bonds, minus smaller operating expenses should bring together twenty-eight to thirty-three percent.

National banks are endowed with the exclusive right to bring the currency and increase its volume. In addition, they can provide or withhold the loan, based on the feasibility of a particular action. Since banks will have a national organization, here they are able to act cohesively. This means that the national banks, while refusing to lend to cause tensions in the money market, which is one week or even one day grow into a reduction of production throughout the country.

National Bank does not pay any taxes on the bonds, either in equity or deposit. "

We ask you to consider this material confidential.

With deepest respect,

Ikleheymer, Morton and Vanderguld ". **[Op. cit. pp. 53-55.]**

For the representatives of the international banking houses was particularly important the fact that they were able to achieve their goals at Lincoln. If Lincoln embodied in the United States, the idea of public control over finances, while other nations have cheered and shook off the power of their financiers.

European bankers, especially the British, have united in the fight against Lincoln. By trade channels they forced US banks to stand on their side. Lincoln's bill of legal tender in Washington undergone a sharp attack from the banking lobby. As a result, the bill was amended so changed that has become useless. For example, one amendment stipulates that interest on bonds and bank notes - no more than a piece of paper - was to be paid in gold coin twice a year. All this would be funny if it were not so sad. During Lincoln's defeat of the bill followed a bill allowing private banks to issue banknotes less than five dollars within the District of Columbia. It was the first step towards the control of irredeemable paper money from private individuals.

July 23, 1862 Lincoln vetoed the bill on private bank notes. He justified it by the fact that the medium of exchange is the prerogative of the federal government, and that the United States of tickets will equally serve as a small private bank notes. It was a challenge on the part of Lincoln's banking circles.

Lincoln loved the irony in the presence of bankers. Once in Washington a delegation of bankers from New York for talks on the bill on legal tender. The Minister of Finance presented the delegation as follows:

"These gentlemen arrived from New York for talks with the Minister of Finance. Subject of negotiations - our next loan. As bankers, they are obliged to keep state securities. I can vouch for their patriotism and loyalty. As stated in scripture, "where the wealth is, there is a virtue."

Lincoln answered this way:

"There is another measure to which I could appeal," where carrion is, there the vultures. "**[Op. cit. pp. 53-55.]**

Lincoln Scheme regarding the national currency was at odds with the interests of the international banking houses, which at that time were planning to tie the private money of the United States to the gold standard of the Bank of England. Later in the XX century, the banks have passed on irredeemable paper money not backed by gold, but in the middle of the XIX century system of gold and silver standard provides much more opportunity for profit.

Lincoln's proposal is as follows. Not the federal government should borrow or print using paper money, banks and banking houses have to borrow a coin and gold in the State Treasury. With such a state of affairs, the banks would not be able by means of the printing press to create fictitious capital.

On the National Bank Act was presented to the American people as a fund-raising project for the conduct of the Civil War, as well as a means of achieving financial stability. According to this law, any five people could establish a bank with equity of fifty thousand dollars or more. After the deposit in the state treasury coupon bonds of equal value of one-third of the paid-up capital, the government had to print the certificates National Bank, on behalf of the Bank, based on the amount of ninety percent of the nominal value of issued bonds.

These certificates of the National Bank could be further used as a standard bank operations, and for profit. And this despite the fact that the certificates were the property of the bank. Moreover, the federal government pays the interest in gold coin and bonds deposited in the public treasury.

In other words, the bankers recovered double profit. Firstly, it is the interest on secured government issue of paper money. Second, - the interest on the bonds payable in gold. On the National Bank Act guaranteed income to all who were engaged in the banking business.

Once again manifested itself the tradition of Presidents Jefferson and Jackson. She demanded that the national banking system has achieved an even greater centralization of financial power than in the case of the Bank of the United States - when Jackson vetoed the bill.

At this time, the financial clan was much more organized. In the difficult time of the Civil War draft law on the National Bank before being approved, considered in the Senate only three or four days, and in the House of Representatives - only two days. President Lincoln approved the law 25 February 1863

Chapter Seven

MONEY TRUST CREATES Federal Reserve

Would you like to view the rooms "Wall Street Journal" a week before the release?

Some people, indeed, have this capability without moving the clock hands. They do not get releases "Wall Street Journal" subscription. They have information about the Federal Reserve's policy - what it will be tomorrow, next week, next month or even a year.

From time to time the leadership of the Federal Reserve System makes official statements, after agreeing them in their laps. Leaders gather to discuss, make plans for the future and then publish the application.

Meetings are always held in secret. On them is known only by the Federal Reserve System. However, if you have information that management is going to publish, you can easily make a fortune. As Federal Reserve Chairman Alan Greenspan reports on monetary policy, the discount rate, as well as the size of the rate for first-class financial obligations. All these figures have an impact on Treasury bill rates on the metal markets, the stock market and real estate markets.

The Federal Reserve - a private bank owned by banks. Therefore advance has information only banking circles.

The idea of the creation of the Federal Reserve System was born on a small Jekyll Island in the Atlantic Ocean near the Glynn County Georgia. Then in 1910 the island was a private club, which gathers the biggest financiers of Wall Street. In this secluded spot away from the prying eyes of the public discussed a particularly important nature of the problem. It was on Jekyll Island by representatives of the financial elite developed a plan approval by Congress of private money monopoly.

American Society of the century negative attitude to the idea of the establishment of the central bank and is generally opposed to any attempts to give greater powers to the circles of Wall Street. Nevertheless, the establishment of a central bank outside of Europe promised significant returns of any financial group that can convince Congress to pass legislation. The credit system, based on the issue of irredeemable paper money, implying the presence of authority, incommensurable with the possible time of the gold and silver standards. Gold and silver is a straitjacket for the financial system.

The aim of the clandestine meeting at Jekyll Island was to form a plan for the establishment of the United States central bank under the guise of a regional banking system. (Regional system - it is just the opposite of what the bankers were publicly).

This concealment has been so successful that Woodrow Wilson, according to his private secretary Joseph Tyumalti, signing the law of the Federal Reserve, truly believed that this might eliminate the financial circles of Wall Street.

As governor of New Jersey, in 1911, Wilson said:

"The biggest monopoly in this country is the money monopoly. If it is there and then, we will have to part with a variety of our liberties and the progressive development of our nation.

A great industrial nation is controlled by its own same credit system. Our credit system is highly concentrated. Thus, the development of the nation and our whole enterprise is in the hands of a small group of people.

This is the most serious problem of all. To solve the problem statesmen must zealously to send their forces to preserve the future of true and freedoms of citizens. " **[Lois D. Brandeis, Other People's Money; and How Bankers Use It, (New York: Frederick A. Stokes Co.) p. 1.]**

According to Wilson, the Federal Reserve was "the cornerstone of the government's democracy." **[Joseph P. Tumulty, Woodrow Wilson as I Knew Him (New York: Doubleday, 1921).]** Most likely, when Wilson spoke these words, he was in his right mind. And then what happens behind the scenes of the "money trust", or that "financial clan", which we call today the financial elite, grown rich on the central bank?

To answer the question posed should be a little deeper into the story. Let's look at the trust of the XIX century and at the top of the financial pyramid, since the trusts continued to exist at the beginning of the XX century.

Between 1870 and the outbreak of World War II American industry was under the influence of the clan of financiers - mainly representatives of the financial community in New York. "Trestifikatsiyu" American industry captured in facts and figures John Moody - editor of the authoritative reference book «Moody's Manual of Corporation Securities» .

[John Moody, The Trust About The Trusts. (New York: Moody Publishing Company, 1904)] He has published on the subject a monumental work. Moody was very sensitive observer and a Klerons Barron [Clarence W. Barren, They Told Barren (New York: Harper & Brothers, 1930)] - another subtle lover facts and figures - considered trust as a useful and inevitable phenomenon.

Criticism of industrial trusts was widespread. In his work "The Truth About Trusts" John Moody meticulously showed that under their pervasive influence were steel, nonferrous metals, petroleum, tobacco, navy, sugar and railroad. It emphasizes J.. P. Morgan, Rockefeller Brothers, Edward Harriman, John McCormick, Henry Havemeyer, and Thomas F. Ryan.

In the history of the campaign of "financial clan" on the central bank, two episodes stand out:

- 1) The financial panic of 1907, which bankers and their accomplices used to sharpen the question of the need to establish a national bank. (The fact that Wall Street has accelerated the crisis, it was proved much later).
- 2) The meteoric rise of the German banker Paul Warburg and his missionary zeal in promoting the model of the German Reichsbank to the United States.

In 1907, still had a few capitalists who wanted to challenge Wall Street and challenge the primacy of New York's power brokers. Among the outsiders was listed copper magnate from Montana Frederick Og-Stus Gaines, who was chosen as a key target during the panic of 1907 its capital, acquired on copper, Gaines moved to New York. There he joined Morse in "Ice Trust." While Morse sway the Bank of North America. Using the assets of the institution, Gaines and Morse jointly took control of the National Commercial Bank.

A similar fate befell the trust company No-kerbokera - ally Trust Company of America and "Lincoln Trust." Then Gaines and Morse recorded a speculative venture "United Copper Company." That game with it on the stock market crisis of 1907 accelerated Controlled "money trust" their loans, banks have claimed "United Copper Company" and organized a run on deposits depositors of the National Commercial Bank, owned by Gaines and Morse. Now in most cases, it recognized that "the panic in 1907 determined the attempt to get rid of Gaines." **[Dictionary of American Biography, Frederick Heinze . «The Engineering and Mining Journal» commented , «This was the beginning of the panic of 1907".]**

In 1913, the actions of the trust money and circumstances of the 1907 panic was investigated Puja Committee. The Committee noted the special role of the firm J.. P. Morgan.

From 1900 to 1920. Trust money was actually under the control of the banking company J. P. Morgan. Sam Morgan led the Trust until his death in 1913. His case was continued by his son John. P. Morgan, Jr. and "baker's dozen" of the fifteen companions who were in close cooperation with the Rockefeller, Harriman and Kuhn Loeb. After a lengthy investigation documented in 1912, Puja Committee concluded that the "money trust" was:

"The greatest danger in the history of our state, which threatened the freedom of competition in the industry. The danger lies in the concentration of credit in the hands of small groups by the financial control of the banks and industries.

Under the rule of the financial sector in a group of bankers, their partners and associates, freedom of competition can not. All its benefits are reduced to nothing, whether it is the accumulation of capital and the implementation of major bond issues.

Actions of this influential group described here had a more detrimental effect on freedom of competition, rather than the activity of all the other trusts together. While there, where spreads the impact of the trusts, the basic principles of competition can be no question. If such a situation will occur and then, all attempts to restore normal conditions of free competition in the industrial community will be in vain. " **[The Story Of Our Money, p . 187.]**

The public discussion about not existed the Federal Reserve System, the financial collapse of 1907 was immediately used as a pretext for the possible establishment of a central bank of the United States. Federal Reserve presented as a panacea for all financial ills. However, the panic of 1907 was deliberately organized by brokers of "Standard Oil" and by Morgan.

In other words, one and the same group, which had a view of the recovery of benefits from the institutions of the central bank, organized a panic to convince the electorate of the need for the existence of this institution.

In the service record of the Congress of 1976 clearly it shows how this private monopoly in 1913 kept for decades its authority. . After the leaders of the list of names that led the Federal Reserve in the middle of the 1970s, gives the following conclusion:

"In a nutshell, it can be described as follows. Apparently, members of the board of the Federal Reserve System is a small elitist group having an overwhelming impact on the economic life of our people. " **[US Congress, House of Representatives, Committee on Banking, Currency and Housing. Federal Reserve Directors: A Study of Corporate and Banking Influence. August, 1976. (94th Congress, 2nd session). Washington, US Government Printing Office, 1976.]**

It is important to note that the Federal Reserve is a private joint stock company. In the XIX century the trust money was provided by legal monopoly, while other monopolistic initiatives still fall under the Sherman Antitrust Act. **[Sherman Act was passed in 1890 under the US antitrust laws. The law prohibited the monopoly associations and the collusion that restrict freedom of trade. - Note, translation].** The Federal Reserve - is a monopoly, and to preserve the monopoly status it must have political power. Also noteworthy is the fact that private-property nature of the Federal Reserve System is constantly obscured. But this is a very important aspect. This issue should be discussed publicly - who owns what, how profits are extracted from this monopoly.

Where in 1907 he met John. P. Morgan, in the 1970s. we find David Rockefeller, and today - Alan Greenspan. "Wall Street Journal" in 1977 showed how these opportunists have used confidential information for personal gain. **[See Wall Street Journal, August 29, 1977.]** In 1907 one of them was John. P. Morgan, invited for interview, the Minister of Finance. In 1980, David Rockefeller summoned Henry Kissinger.

How money trust could establish a central bank and take it under control in a country where public opinion was initially opposed to such an initiative? Judge Brandeis describes this process as follows:

"Development in our conditions, the financial oligarchy, with which we are familiar from the history of political despotism - it is usurpation, which flows through the gradual

capture, rather than violence; and by "deliberate and often completely hidden concentrations".

These are the processes that allow the Emperor Augustus to become the master of Rome. The creators of our Constitution unaware of such dangers to our political freedom, once had a discretion to provide for the separation of powers. " **[The Story Of Our Money, op . cit., pp. 188-89.]**

J.. P. Morgan, control the money trust, understand the benefits of the "hidden" and "encroachment". He publicly opposed the bill on the Federal Reserve, being at the same time, one of the initiators of its promotion.

Morgan Associates have been carefully chosen and understood what was going on. In exchange for absolute loyalty they received a guaranteed opportunity to get rich at the expense of political and financial power of the monopolies. While Morgan nominally remained the only major partner, it is completely held power within the firm.

Several companions Morgan devoted himself to politics. But the majority preferred to operate behind the scenes. In the period from 1900 to 1930. Four partners Morgan exception to this rule. Looking at their work today, we can see to it that they use duplicity to achieve their goals.

These four were - EP Davison, Dwight Whitney Morrow, Edward R. Stettinius, and George W. Perkins. In his book "Wall Street and bolshevikskaya revolution" we wrote about the fact that the firm Morgan sent a revolution so as to get rich regardless of the outcome - no matter who came to power in Russia. **[Anthony Sutton, Wall Street and the Bolshevik Revolution (New Rochelle, New York: Arlington House, 1974). See particularly pages 89-100 and the chapter, «JP Morgan gives a little help to the other side».]**

Morgan partner Davison between 1917 and 1919. He was the head of the Military Council of the Red Cross. He worked with another ally of Morgan W. Boyd Thompson that financed the Bolsheviks. Dwight Whitney Morrow used his influence to ensure the Bolsheviks arms and diplomatic cover (his memorandum on this issue, reproduced in the book "Wall Street and the Bolshevik Revolution"). By the way, Thomas Lamont used his connections in London, in order to soften the British position against the Bolsheviks.

In addition, Morgan and partners have assisted the Whites, who fought with the Bolsheviks, and were seen to support the intervention in Siberia.

Morrow left Morgan's Association in the 1920s. and after a year stint as chairman of the Board of Aviation was appointed US Ambassador to Mexico (1927-1930 gg.). In 1931 he became a US Senator. Stettinius during the First World War was in charge of all military procurement for the United States, made through Morgan-controlled firm.

George Perkins in 1912 organized by the Executive Committee of the progressivist party and later became its chairman. Progressivist party was required Morgan to split the Republican Party and thus ensure the Woodrow Wilson presidency. David Rockefeller has applied a similar strategy in the case of John Anderson in the elections 1980

Morgan's main tool for the control of American finance and industry are selective trust. It was a handful of managers, usually consisting of three people, personally selected by Morgan. In turn, this influential groups under Morgan, picked up the heads of banks and firms.

So in the case of the "Guaranty Trust" Electoral Trust consisted of two companions Morgan - Thomas W. Lamont, and William G. Porter - plus President Morgan controlled First National Bank of George F. Baker. This group was appointed director of "Guaranty Trust", and those in turn controlled by numerous companies, small banks and financial institutions.

By 1912 Morgan subdued Wall Street banks, not to mention the "money trust". The management structure of the whole complex of financial institutions Morgan was simple enough: it was based on the principle of the pyramid. Morgan Associates invited leaders for major financial institutions. Their loyalty to Morgan to ensure the provision of all benefits arising from the high official position.

In turn, the company that financed the industry, railroad trusts and other associations to abide by these financial institutions. In the second half of XIX century and the beginning of the XX century, this system functioned flawlessly. Here's how to imagine the "money trust" Woodrow Wilson and the "Colonel" House: **[House (House is) Edward Mandell (1858-1938), the closest adviser to US President Woodrow Wilson, a diplomat. It has a significant influence on the formation and implementation of US foreign policy. Member development "Fourteen Points" and proposals on the establishment of the League of Nations. - Approx. transfer.]**

"I think it is absolutely true replica of Woodrow Wilson that a number of trusts," money "was the most disastrous. Several individuals and their satellites controlled by leading banks and trust companies of America. They also run by leading corporations. " **[Colonel EM House to Senator Culbertson (July 26, 1911); Charles Seymour, The Intimate Papers of Colonel House, (Boston and New York: Houghton Mifflin Co., 1926-28), I. 159.]**

Money Trust was legalized in 1913 under the convenient and innocuous guise of the Federal Reserve System. No one should have known that this is a private central bank.

The history of the creation of the Federal Reserve System can be divided into three stages:

- Secret coordination plan for the organization of the Federal Reserve System;
- Promotion of Woodrow Wilson for president of the financial elite forces;
- The passage of a bill on the Federal Reserve through Congress.

Member of the House of Representatives from Minnesota Lindberg - the father of the world-famous pilot - within ten years of their stay in the House of Representatives is one of the most consistent and ardent critics of the Morgan group. It is believed that he was the only congressman who has read all twenty volumes Monetary Commission Aldrich. This waterfall of words, which overthrew the heads of the members of the lower house, has caused suspicion among thinking people - a suspicion that the MPs are not aware of purpose, whose interests they should comply.

About the Aldrich plan for banking and currency, Lindberg said the following:

"Aldrich Plan on banking operations and currency - it is a monstrous project to concentrate in the hands of one of the country's financial resources: both public and private. It involves the creation of a central association with fifteen branches throughout the country. The association will be allowed only to large banks and trust companies. All others will be denied not only membership and ban hold shares, but also by political and

financial leverage will dictate its own terms - how to conduct business. Before this power concentrated in trusts controlled by banks and major financiers of large cities it can not stand not only medium-sized businesses, but also a political unit. " **[Cited in The Story of Our Money , op. cit., p. 189.]**

Chapter Eight CONSPIRACY ISLAND Jekyll

In 1910, on the island of Jekyll together six well-known financiers from Wall Street with a view to form a program of action for the organization of the central banking system in the United States. The Federal Reserve came into being as a result of collusion. From the point of view of the "conspiracy" of the law can be described as a secret agreement aimed at achieving illegitimate goals. The agreement was secret, in his acceptance of six people involved, and it is, as we shall see below, was unlawful.

The conspirators were.

Senator Nelson Aldrich, father of John D. Rockefeller, Jr..

German banker Paul Warburg of Hamburg (banking house "MM Warburg") and Kuhn Loeb in the United States.

Henry P. Davison, partner George. P. Morgan and chairman of the "Bankers Trust Company."

Benjamin Strong, vice president, "Bankers Trust."

Charles D. Norton, president of the First National Bank.

The last three banks included in the Morgan group. Warburg represented "Kuhn, Loeb and K °", and Aldrich - Rockefeller interests and brokers "Standard Oil". Share in Harriman "Guaranty Trust" after his death passed to the Morgan group.

This six had a huge economic power and exerted considerable influence on policy.

Oddly enough, a secret meeting on Jekyll Island has been described by one of its members, however, in very vague terms:

"Despite the fact that I am speaking for the transparency of all corporate affairs in our society, about 1910 there has been an event, during which I had to observe secrecy as to any other conspirator. However, none of the participants did not consider himself as such. On the contrary, we feel that the work involved in, important for our country. We tried to develop a mechanism that would allow to strengthen our banking system, weakened by the effects of the 1907 panic, I do not think that we should underestimate our secret expedition to Jekyll Island as the plan, which is there, ultimately, embodied in what we We call today by the Federal reserve. " **[Frank A. Vanderlip, President, First National City Bank From Farm Boy to Financier (New York: Appleton, 1935), p. 210.]**

After the panic in 1907 all the problems were limited to public opinion in the "necessity" of the establishment of the central bank. The key figure here was made by Senator Nelson Aldrich - a wealthy businessman associated with the Rockefeller family. Aldrich was married to the daughter of John D. Rockefeller, Jr. Abby. Former Vice President Nelson Rockefeller was a direct descendant of this branch of the Rockefeller family.

After the 1907 crisis, Nelson Aldrich headed the Senate monetary commission that traveled all over Europe to study the European central banks. Especially interested in the commission model of the German Reichsbank. From this trip at government expense it appears that Congress Aldrich was the only expert on bank planning. Only a few noticed the close relationship between Aldrich and banking circles. **[Ferdinand Lundberg, America's 60 Families (New York: Vanguard Press, 1937).]** Herbert L. Satterlee accounted Morgan's son in law, and the inside has described a close relationship with money trust Aldrich and Aldrich's involvement in the organization of the Federal Reserve System. According to Satterlee, Aldrich: "Morgan turned to for advice, and for the next two years, they have had to spend many hours together, consistently practicing the scheme for the banking community across the country." **[Herbert L. Satterlee, J. Pierpont Morgan : An Intimate Portrait (New York: Macmillan, 1939), p. 493.]**

Again, according to Satterlee, J.. P. Morgan "gave him (Aldrich) Harry Davison (Morgan partner) to help in the details." Partner Kuhn Loeb, Paul M. Warburg as "at the disposal of Senator Aldrich." [Herbert L. Satterlee, J. Pierpont Morgan: An Intimate Portrait (New York: Macmillan, 1939), p. 550.] This triad - Morgan, Warburg and Aldrich - was intended to prepare the introduction of a centralized banking system in the United States.

The other "conspirators from Jekyll Island" appeared on the scene later. Frank Vanderlip (which we have already quoted) of the National City Bank was bound by ties of kinship with the Rockefeller family. He joined Morgan's group in early 1910. after it had received a letter from the Chairman of the National City Bank Stillman. The letter concerned the meeting Stillman and Aldrich in Europe on the establishment of the central bank. From this letter we learn that the conspirators used code. For example, Aldrich was listed under the code name "Zivil". In his book Vanderlip states the following:

"Mr. Stillman wrote that without servility I should devote all his time and thought scrupulous consideration of the topic (ie. E. Financial Plan) and without a hint of Wall Street to make the bill to the newly elected Congress." **[Frank Vanderlip, op.cit., P . 211.]**

Total is more important to the conspirators was to keep absolute secrecy. If any name associated with Wall Street has ever been seen in connection with the bill on the Federal Reserve System, it would be the end. For conspiracy resorted not only to code names. In order to conduct their meetings and discussions conspirators were removed over long distances in order to avoid publicity.

There is no doubt only one - if in 1913 the company was aware of the facts that we have today, a bill on the Federal Reserve would have had no chance to go through Congress. With regard to public suspicion of participants finding Morgan's group closely related to each other, let the word Vanderlip. (Themselves members of the group assured the others in the "disinterested impartiality").

"I would believe it, voters? I think this is how they did. Just one hint. Senator Aldrich accounted father-John D. Rock-Feller Jr., and by itself it was a very wealthy man. I once wrote a letter to Woodrow Wilson, Princeton, and invited him to speak at dinner. Wanting to impress him and make important event, I said that Senator Aldrich also invited to the dinner. My friend Dr. Wilson **[female college teacher Bryn Mawr (Pennsylvania) Woodrow Wilson in 1886 received his PhD for his book "The Board of the Congress" (1885). - Approx. translation.]** was surprised and said that he could not bring himself to find a common language with Senator Aldrich. Wilson really came and

made a speech. However, after I reported that Mr. Aldrich's health did not allow him to join us. Now, let's fantasize a bit. Imagine what the headlines might appear, if it became known that Aldrich conferred about has not yet adopted legislation with a financial partner Morgan (for example, Davison) and president of the largest bank (say, Vanderlip). " **[Frank Vanderlip, op.cit., P . 212.]**

One of the Directors of the National City Bank, based Stillman, was Cleveland Dodge - an influential person and a financial "engine" behind Woodrow Wilson. Should not let this fact in mind.

Woodrow Wilson, who had to approve the law on the Federal Reserve, was, without doubt, a protege of the financial elite. His candidacy was approved in the spring of 1912 during an informal meeting at the Manor Vanderlip Beachwood in Scarborough on the Hudson River. According to one observer, Wilson passed the test, because Vanderlip and William Rockefeller discussed the role of US capital abroad in his presence. **[John K Winkler, The First Billion, (New York: Vanguard Press, 1934), pp. 209-211.]** More we describe this fact later.

The central figure in the creation of the Federal Reserve System was not American, and German banker - Paul Moritz Warburg. He was born in 1868 in Hamburg, Oppenheim family. Father Warburg had a share in the banking house "M. M. Warburg ", founded in 1798. Early career Warburg related to " Samuel Montagu and K ° "(London) and the« Banque Russe Pour Le Commerce Etranger »(Paris). In 1891, Warburg began to work at the family bank and entered into a share in 1895. In 1902 he arrived in the United States as a partner in Kuhn, Loeb, and, despite the imperfect English, launched a campaign for the organization of the Federal Reserve System. The plan for the establishment of a central bank can be found in his two brochures - "Shortcomings and troubles of our banking system in 1907" and "modified project of the central bank" (1907). The basis of the Federal Reserve System structure of the project, which Warburg was laid in 1910 for the proposed Joint Reserve Bank.

All of these people secretly gathered in Jekyll Island with the purpose to identify the outlines of the future law of the Federal Reserve.

Secret meeting at Jekyll Island immortalized Frank Vanderlip:

"It would be very dangerous for Aldrich, if it became known that the senator spoke to someone on Wall Street for assistance in preparing the report and the bill. Therefore, precautionary measures have been taken that would have gladdened the heart of James Stillman. We were told to forget about names and not dine together on the eve of our departure. We are committed to appear at the appointed time at the railway station near the coast of the Hudson River in New Jersey, as well as to arrive alone and as unobtrusively as possible. At the station, we had to wait for Senator Aldrich's private car attached to the last car of the train to the south.

When I approached the car, the curtains were drawn, and only faint glimpses of yellow light showed the form of windows. Once inside, we began to observe the agreed taboo on our names and addressed each other by name - "ben", "Paul", "Nelson" and "Abe". We Dey-Vison decided to resort to an even greater conspiracy and refused to personal names. Based on the fact that we are always right, Davison became Wilbur and I - Or villas. So we called the Wright brothers - pioneers of aviation. **[Pun rightt (right) and Wright (Wright) - Approx. transfer.]**

The staff and the conductor's team could find one or two of us, but not all. Otherwise, our mysterious journey would be known in Washington, on Wall Street and even in London. Of course, we knew that the exposure is not possible, but it happen, all our efforts have been in vain, and the time wasted. If the public would give to know that we got together and wrote a bank bill, this bill would not pass through Congress. " **[Frank Vanderlip, op.cit., P.213 .]**

In the latter dictum Vanderlip a winning position a direct participant of events shows that it was a planned conspiracy. American Society never would have handed over a small group of people a monopoly on the supply of money. In the end, the Sherman Antitrust Act classified the monopoly that restricts freedom of trade, as illegal. And the money monopoly is no one waiting with open arms.

To avoid publicity, these bankers under the cover of darkness crept surreptitiously on a remote island, using code names and change of appearance!

Next Vanderlip describes inside the conclave, as well as reports that the so-called Aldrich report and a bill introduced in the Senate, were in fact written by him and Strong. But most remarkable was the following circumstance: Vanderlip was quite sure that the bankers do not act for personal, and exclusively the public interest.

In short, this group of conspirators proposed to replace the Mint of private paper mill. What was accomplished in 1913. One does not fit in my head - how it could be presented in the form of action, imbued with the spirit of patriotism and citizenship.

"From the mainland to the island Jekyll we got on the boat. Within a week or ten days we were completely isolated from the outside world, the telephone and telegraph. We hid in a deserted island. There have been many colored servants, but they had no idea who Ben and Paul, and Nelson; not to mention the Vanderlip or Davison, or Andrew. All of these names to them of nothing said.

There we worked in the clubhouse. To the north, we came back as quietly as profits south. We agreed that Aldrich present in the Senate bill, prepared by us. The public, he became known as the Aldrich Plan. Aldrich and Andrew were in Washington, DC, and Warburg, Davison, Strong, and I went back to New York.

Congress met five minutes. But on Saturday in New York came the news that Senator Aldrich is sick, and sick so that it is not able to make a more or less acceptable document which could accompany a bill. Ben Strong We immediately went to Washington, where he jointly prepared the report. If, then, it has become widely known, our work would be branded as a Wall Street chicanery, although, of course, it was not so. Aldrich was never a lackey of so-called financial circles. He was a conscientious man, moved by concern for the public interest. He turned to the four of us - the people on Wall Street - because he knew that we for many years studied the aspects of the problem that he faced, and decide which was his civic duty. "

Aldrich Plan, written Vanderlip and Strong, did not pass through Congress. He put the cross. Unwell Senator Aldrich retired and the money trust was forced to look for new ways to achieve their goals.

Cleveland Dodge - one of the directors of the National City Bank - as well as McCormick of "Harvester Trust" were classmates Woodrow Wilson (1879, Princeton). In 1902, with the help of Cleveland Dodge Woodrow Wilson became president of Princeton University

st. After a while, I gave Dodge Wilson know that Wall Street sees it as a "candidate for president."

In December 1906 flattered Wilson wrote journalist George Harvey to learn about the "influential persons, who see it as a candidate for president." In its response, Harvey "gave the names of several influential bankers, administrators, and support of conservative journalists." **[Ray Baker, Woodrow Wilson: Life and Letters (New York, Doubleday, Page & Co., 1927-39) vol. 3, p. 365.]**

Wilson - despite its reputation insecure, a foolish professor - a lesson learned by heart all the same: in order to succeed, we must constantly with someone disagree. In March 1907, George Harvey presented the Wilson Thomas Fortune Ryan - a member of the copper trust and well-known financier. After the meeting, Wilson sent a brief letter to representatives of influential circles of Wall Street outlining the scientific evidence in favor of trusts. By the way, in public speeches Wilson spoke quite differently.

This bunch of schemers of Wall Street with the support of the political bosses of New Jersey helped Woodrow Wilson to be in November 1910 the governor of New Jersey.

For several months, the Cleveland Dodge opened a bank account in New York, and took office on Broadway, 42. In this episode has launched a campaign to promote the cloud for the US presidency. The first contribution to the bank account in the amount of one thousand dollars do Cleveland Dodge. Forty thousand subscribers across the country received weekly two-page promotional material "True American from Trenton, New Jersey." Mailings also financed the Cleveland Dodge.

In two-thirds of Wilson's presidential campaign financed seven people associated with Wall Street and all the same trusts - which Wilson continued to publicly condemn.

Campaign slogans Wilson presented him as a candidate, stands for peace and against trusts and monopolies. **[Louise Overacker, Money in Elections (New York: Macmillan, 1932).]**

Cleveland H. Dodge (Director of the National City Bank) - \$ 51 300. Henry Morgenthau (financier) - \$ 20 000. Cyrus H. McCormick ("Harvester Trust") - \$ 12 500. Abram I. Elkus (lawyer on Wall Street) - \$ 12 500. Frederick K. Penfield (property Philadelphia) - \$ 12, 000. William F. Mc Combs - \$ 10 000 - \$ 11, 000. Charles R. Crane ("Crane and K o», Chicago).

When Wilson nominated as a presidential candidate, he did not fail to write "dear Cleve" (Dodge) in order to express his triumph: "I can not believe my luck!". **[. Ray Baker, Louise Overacker, Money in Elections (New York: Macmillan, 1932)]** This expression of consent to run for the presidency was written for Wilson onboard the "Crown" - yachts Dodge - during the development of the strategy for the forthcoming elections. **[op cit. p. 372.]**

In short, Wilson was completely dependent on the trust money. Wilson just bluffing when attacked the trusts and Wall Street. Simply put, he changed the democratic tradition of Presidents Jefferson and Jackson.

As a result, Wilson was elected president. We do not have time to even count the votes, as the influential circles of Wall Street quickly began to prepare the carrying out of "financial reform". By the beginning of December 1912, "Colonel" House had time to talk with key figures of the Congress - to persuade them on the side of Wilson. During a telephone conversation with Paul Warburg HOUSE December 12, 1912, "Colonel"

confirmed that the plan is ready. Supplement House, resorting to his own memoirs: "With regard to this question, I was sure that the President-elect is a reasonable person." **[Charles Seymour, The Intimate Papers of Colonel House (Boston, New York: Houghton Mifflin Co., 1926-28), vol. I, p. 161.]**

In March, Frank Vanderlip held consultations with the House, and two weeks later a group of bankers arrived in the White House with the printed design on the reform of the monetary system. Wilson had to submit it to Congress. But, according to the House, it would be foolish to swing in the House of Representatives printed in the printing bill. In this regard, the law of the Federal Reserve returned to Wall Street, where the copy was made on a typewriter. **[Seymour, op cit. p. 161.]** It remained only to push a bill through Congress.

Chapter Nine

MONEY TRUST manipulates CONGRESS

The law of the Federal Reserve System is completely contrary to the Constitution. Its adoption by Congress in December 1913 should be regarded as one of the most infamous fraud in US history.

It is difficult to imagine any other decision of the government, which entailed such consequences, as well as illegally convey such powers a small circle of conspirators. It's harsh words. But the reader can form his own opinion by reading this chapter, describing almost hour by hour, the adoption of the law and its approval by President Wilson.

The law of the Federal Reserve has delegated the authority to control the money supply the whole country a privileged group of individuals - thus depriving these powers Congress. Fiat money replaced gold and silver. The financiers of Wall Street were able to produce in mass circulation unlimited fiat money.

As Senator Townsend said: "This bill was not associated with any of the political platforms. People simply are not expressed at the right time of your opinion. " **[Congressional Record: Senate, February 8, 1915.]** But the opinion expressed influential lobby, surrounded on all sides by the bill. Moreover, nowadays lobbyists rush with fists on any proposal to abolish the Federal Reserve System or to investigate its activities. In 1913, the Democratic Party leadership by Woodrow Wilson and the banking community in New York was put unprecedented pressure. Wilson wanted to make sure that the opposition does not modifies the bill and allow the desired circles to become shareholders.

Senator from Nebraska Maynell Gilbert Hitchcock was a gentleman independent in their views, as well as the publisher Omaha World Herald. His indignation in the Senate on the adoption of the bill in the lower house are a valuable testimony for us.

Hitchcock: "Once this" sacred scroll "came from the House of Representatives, we have, as I said, put it banned at least one missed the point or a comma."

Owen: "Who has forbidden?". Hitchcock: "We were ordered to take it without a hearing and careful consideration."

Pomerene: "Mr. President, I have a long time I was in this monastery, which dealt with" the sacred manuscripts, "and I have not heard that anyone forbid anyone to change their views or criticize any bill that came from the House of Representatives, or considered

here. Everyone has the right to change their point of view. And Senator Hitchcock himself had used this right. I say this not to undermine the credibility of the senator, but just in order to show that he is all the time freely philosophizing. "

Hitchcock: "Mr. President."

Owen: "The senator from Nebraska and have not clarified who forbade him to place missing dots and commas. And I would be glad if the senator opened the valuable information. But as long as they remain a personal revelation of the senator. "

Hitchcock: "I think I will give this opportunity to the people. I'll bet that he will make conclusions. "

Owen: "If the senator is satisfied with only one insinuation, it is - right senator."

Hitchcock: "I will take advantage of this right." **[op. cit.]**

The lower house of Morgan plan to create a central bank called the Glass bill. September 18, 1913 he was admitted to the House of Representatives by a wide margin of votes: two hundred eighty-seven congressmen voted for, and eighty-five - against. Most congressmen had no idea about the content of the bill. No amendments have been made to the bill. Senators voted either for or against. Moreover, to vote against the bill needed a remarkable courage. The bill was named for Congressman Carter Glass of Virginia (1858-1946) - a banker and director of "United Clow and Trust" and Trust Company of Virginia.

In the Senate, the bill - after passing through the lower house - was named by the name of the senator from Oklahoma Robert L. Owen (1856-1947). Owen was the chairman of the Senate Finance Committee, and the banker (a major shareholder of the First National Bank of Muskogee).

The Senate took exactly four and a half hours to discuss and approve the Bill Owen. Forty-three senators voted in favor, twenty-five - against. The Republicans did not even read the report that accompanied the bill. He was retold from the rostrum. None of the members of the Senate are not given the opportunity to familiarize themselves with the content of Bill Owen, and some senators even said so publicly.

On the same day at 6:02 in the afternoon a bill to the Federal Reserve, without any discussion, was hastily approved by the Senate. Woodrow Wilson approved the law in the same year.

A thorough consideration of Senate debate demonstrates that the senators did not have the details, but all of their charges went unanswered. GOP Senator Bristow (1861-1944) made some bitter words about the apparent abuse of power by members of Congress:

"I affirm that this bill has been prepared for the benefit of the banks; Senator from Oklahoma, as chairman of the finance committee, openly acting in the interests of banks; that the profits that banks will derive as a result of the adoption of the bill, and will join the private state senator. The senator called for an increase in the size of dividends on shares of regional banks from five to six per cent, which will be paid to member banks of the Federal Reserve System. He protested that the people had the opportunity to hold shares of regional banks and insisted that only the shares owned by banks belonging to the Federal Reserve. The senator spoke against granting the state the right to control the regional banks - for the sake of those who now controls them. And let the senator says he, if he violated a basic principle of the Manual of Jefferson. " **[op. cit.]**

On Monday, December 15, 1913 Senate debate (without discussion of the report accompanying the bill, they did not represent any value) evolved into a test of senators on the political strength. It was held in the form of a vote on the amendments proposed by Senator Hitchcock - the only Democrat to oppose the bill. As a result, forty senators were in favor of postponing the amendment Hitchcock indefinitely, and only thirty-five voted positively.

Hitchcock offered to make the Federal Reserve is not private, and state monopoly. Thus, the right to issue the currency would have the Treasury Department, not the money trust.

It is noteworthy that in any case the Senate forces refused to give control over the money supply and the State Treasury would prefer to transfer this privilege firm Morgan. The thing is that here successfully worked "Colonel" House.

After reading these stretching incoherent debates, can be found only faint hints in the speeches of Senators on price inflation. In the absence of circulation of gold and silver, the pressure of unbridled mass fiat money would lead it to her. This argument would be sound judgment, because the only argument put forward against him, was quite unconvincing: "bankers - sensible people, and they will not allow inflation".

Note the expression "price inflation". In 1913, the term "inflation" was related exclusively to the "monetary inflation" - inflation coupled with excessive emission of cash. Over the past decade, the term "inflation" has completely changed. Today, it always refers to "price inflation", ie inflation-related price increases. **[The author describes two antagonistic known in the modern economic theory of demand as inflation ("monetary inflation") and cost inflation ("price inflation"). For the Russian economy is characterized by cost-push inflation, caused by the activity of m. N. "Natural monopolies". - Approx. transfer.]**

Senator Ruth was the man who warned the upper house of the adverse consequences that would entail the enactment of the Federal Reserve - that is inflation ("monetary inflation"). But by Ruta all this sounds implausible, moreover, it looked like a provocation: Ruth subjected to attacks by Brian - man, speaking for the silver software.

As a result, Ruth, in spite of the fact that he did warn of "monetary inflation" and the financial panic, later defended the Glass-Owen bill. Ruth substantiated by the fact that inflation is not "if only sensible financiers, bank managers, not cause it."

Once again, we are watching as the financial clan directs activities of the opposition. Pocket opposition to unveil the charges that may be easily parried, while convincing criticism not give clearance.

In our time, an irrefutable link between "money" and "price" inflation sunk in the abyss of the scientific double standard and algebraic manipulation. Modern economists are so addicted to the mathematical manipulation (under the false pretext of thoroughness), they completely neglected basic economic axioms. With a few exceptions (Hillsdale College, Ludwig von Mises Institute in Auburn University), Department of Economic - no more than pawns of modern money of the trust, or the Federal Reserve System. (The author himself was in the 1960s. University of California at Los Angeles and can testify to total ignorance with which he had to face at the Faculty of Economics).

In its reply, Senator Reed Hitchcock pointed out that as a result of the adoption of the bill "control over the monetary system of the country will be handed over to the bankers."

But no one gave these words of no importance, for the reason stated by Senator Weeks "in the United States, the most competent bankers in the world." However, Wicks forgot to mention that he was a banker.

The last speech on Monday took a leading Republican speaker - Congressman from Illinois Mann. He made some strange statement that the United States is in the midst of a financial and industrial panic and therefore it is necessary to urgently adopt a law on the Federal Reserve.

Tuesday g 1913 16 December .

On this day, Senator Ruth again focused attention on the threat of inflation, hidden behind the adoption of the bill under consideration. Constant interference in the performance (according to the "New York Times" on December 17th) suggest that supporters of the bill did not hide their concern. They argued that inflation can not be provided that issue securities are government securities, is in demand. On this Ruth replied:

"Note neither here nor there, and has nothing to do with my criticism of the bill. My objection is that the bill allows for significant inflation and inflation with the same success can be achieved through the provision of loans in the form of government securities, as the best-selling, or not. "

Especially Ruth allocated as follows:

"No one denies that in the past the great trading civilization from time to time suddenly flooded with a wave of optimism. The availability of cheap money bringing them to the line the most destructive and dangerous decline. "

Ruth strengthened its statement about "a wave of optimism" in the following argument:

"Common sense is paralyzed short-term optimism. It is becoming less and less effective in assessing the causes of trade growth, since the growth goes on and on. "

The end of the dispute put himself Ruth:

"Instead of doing our duty bearers of the legislature of the United States, we shrink from this duty and entrust his secondary intermediaries government."

Unfortunately, Ruth did not develop his argument through. He did not say that, as he put it, "secondary mediators government" - is a private money monopoly of national banking houses.

A common reaction to the warnings about inflation was a statement of availability of reserve coverage of gold (money supply) - presumably in the thirty-three percent. For example, in response to the legitimate concerns of the Mississippi Senator Ruth Williams made a statement of claim that excessive inflation is characterized by "a minimum of mathematical probability." But why? Because Senator Williams was adamant that "no president in his right mind, would not be appointed to the Board a person, who is a supporter of fiat money." After eighty years, contrary to Senator Williams, each first Federal Reserve Board member and its regional banks is an ardent advocate of fiat money and gold adversary! In the era of the cloud it was impossible to imagine that from this function, the gold ever completely abandoned. In the Clinton era of political figures is forbidden to even think about the fact that gold has any function at all.

Wednesday December 17, 1913

On Wednesday, the unprecedented pressure on the Senate side of informal circles became more than obvious. The White House has announced that it is desirable to take the bill until Saturday that any amendments should not be made to it, and that it should be signed by the President no later than Christmas. Hastily adopted a plan of action was caused by the activity of the Senate Ruler - his warnings about inflation have hit on a very sensitive areas and as a result had an effect. In the evening, during the lunch break was called a party meeting Democrats to discuss two proposals Ruler. The proposals were as follows:

- Issue of banknotes should be limited by law;
- Back coating of gold should be increased to fifty percent and put a high tax on the "depletion", ie the reduction of the level.

After discussion, the amendment to limit the issuance of notes was rejected. But part of the second sentence was approved by Ruler: at a party meeting, it was decided to increase the reserve coverage of gold up to forty percent. At the same time, the meeting demanded not to include part of the profits of the regional reserve banks in the gold reserves. It is noteworthy that the majority of members of the Democratic Party were aware of the need to preserve the gold coating. Then in 1913 the desire to cancel or restrict the content of gold was not an initiative of the Congress. In short, typical of the present day attempt demonetized gold by his gradual withdrawal of the monetary system was not only in 1913, rejected by the Congress, but senators understood as a threat to the well-being of the United States.

Even after the party meeting could be heard criticism from the mouths of some senators. Senator from South Dakota Crawford, in any form did not take the money monopoly:

"You simply create a bank of large banking houses bank to bankers, with limited access to capital for small banks. Small banks ordered to serve the big banks. All these Vanderlip, Hepburns, Morgan and Reynolds says, "Let your short-term securities and get money" - and some Smith, Brown and Jones, these farmers from the provinces, "Go to hell with your long-term trading, we can not them discount".

The most intriguing in this evening turned out to be the following. Most Congressmen are more or less aware of the fact that the financial system formed by them can cause inflation, but they seem to have been unwilling to ensure that the force yourself to oppose the bill.

Thursday 18 December 1913

By Thursday, the pressure resistance of the bill was asleep, and the Senate, in order to accelerate the procedure of passing the bill, met under the rules for acting in fifteen minutes. With the help of tricks six amendments were rejected by Hitchcock. Amendment considered at a meeting of the Democratic Party, paid a little more attention. Significant objections and disagreements recorded in the official report of parliamentary sessions were associated with a prescription from the top: the bill had to be passed before Christmas and signed next week - Monday or Tuesday. Thus the opposition stumped. The accumulated problems have been ignored. Fundamental issues, including the probability of inflation movements, were ignored by management. Dominated by one emotion, bordering on the atmosphere of panic - to pass the bill, come what may. For this reason, although it was known that the bill underfulfilled, Friday's issue of "The New York Times" on December 19, came out with the headline "close fight isolation for the fiscal bill." The White House quickly announced that it was considering candidates for the Board of

Governors of the Federal Reserve System. The first candidate, the name of which leaked from the White House, was James J. Hill of the "Great a Northern Railroad." In this position he proposed international banker James Speyer, thereby confirming suspicions about the backstage activities of banking houses.

Friday 19 December 1913

On this day, on the last Friday before Christmas, all thoughts of Congress were directed more to the Christmas elkam than to the tree of knowledge of financial truths. Not bothering to further ado, the senators adopted financial President Wilson's bill by an overwhelming majority. Thirty-four members of the upper house of Congress (all Republicans) voted against the bill, fifty-four voted in favor. Thus, every Democrat plus six Republicans and one progressist advocated the establishment of the Federal Reserve System. As a sop opposition, it adopted a so-called "radical correction", the prohibition of Congress to serve as the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System.

The fact that the bankers "relieved" after the adoption of the bill does not come as a surprise. But they were not fully satisfied and still insisted on some replacements in the Congress committees. William A. Gaston, president of the "National Bank Shoumat", spent several days in Washington, taking part in a meeting with members of the House and Senate committees. Gaston has concluded the following: "The alleged replacement, scheduled during the meeting, will make the bill more effective for banks."

Edmund D. Hulbert, vice president of Merchants Loan and Trust Company, added: "Overall, this is a good bill, and he did much to bring banking and monetary circulation in a stable position." **[New York Times, Senate, December 20, 1913.]**

VM Gabliston, chairman of First National Bank of Richmond, said the bill "will lead to an elastic money circulation, which will save us from these panic", and J. Oliver. Sands, president of the American National Bank, expressed the opinion that "the adoption of the financial law will produce a positive impact on the entire state, and will also facilitate trade. It seems that begins the era of general economic prosperity. " The only banker who expressed publicly his protest, was Charles McKnight - President of the National Bank in Western Pennsylvania. He said that "all of this will not bring the country any good."

Saturday December 20, 1913

The law of the Federal Reserve - after approval by the Senate as Bill Owen - was sent to the conference, which was attended by members of both houses of Congress. Its aim was to smooth out major discrepancies between the Glass bill passed in the House of Representatives, and Owen bill passed in the Senate. It was planned that the conference, which, incidentally, did not allow any member of the Republican Party, would require four o'clock Saturday night. During this time it has been found at least twenty (according to some - forty) the most significant discrepancies. And this is not counting the minor linguistic inconsistencies, need to make more than a hundred patches. During the discussion of minor discrepancies, senators in the majority of cases, preferred to give a platform to members of the lower house of Congress. However, none of the twenty (forty) major discrepancies were not considered at Saturday's conference; it became clear that the adoption of the bill on Monday, sharing highly unlikely. "New York Times" of December 21, 1913 reported: "In all seriousness, disputes, in essence, encompasses all important amendments of the Senate."

In order to try to eliminate some of the most significant discrepancy, the conference participants agreed to consult all Sunday. In addition, this Saturday the House of Representatives met in full and refused to accept the Senate version of the bill: two hundred ninety four congressman voted for, and fifty-nine - against. After that, the lower house of the members began to accept the amendments proposed by the conference participants from the House of Representatives.

By the end of the day December 20, 1913 all the attention of the participants of the conference was focused on a few fundamental differences between nodal House of Representatives and the Senate. The differences reflect the essential, fundamental issues standing in the way of the adoption of the Finance Bill:

- The number of regional reserve banks;
- Issue of guarantee deposits;
- The amount of gold reserves required to cover the banknotes in circulation;
- Changes with respect to the internal acceptance regarding the internal and external trade;
- Changes in the provisions of the stock (reserve);
- Granting the right of member banks of the Federal Reserve System, to use Federal Reserve Notes for reserve purposes (reserve);
- The status of two-percent government bonds used as collateral for bank notes of the National Bank;
- Put forward by the Senate provision to increase the total value of notes of National Bank in circulation.

This was the situation with the bill late on Saturday night.

Sunday December 21, 1913

We never really know what happened this Sunday in Washington.

The only thing we can really say is the fact that on Sunday morning the participants of the parliamentary conference were faced with the fact of having twenty (according to some - forty) significant discrepancies in the two editions is extremely important bill - a bill that was to affect the lives of every American . However, on Monday, December 22 "New York Times" reported on the front page that "appropriations bill may become law today," and that members of the parliamentary conference an unknown way to settle any differences. "Newspaper reports on the parliamentary sessions," said it this way:

"The Conference, whose task was to resolve differences between the House and Senate on the finance bill, already closed at an unprecedented pace in the early morning today (22 December). On Saturday, participants performed exclusively preliminary talks, leaving extensive discussion forty major differences on Sunday. "

"Unprecedented" pace of the meeting, probably accounted for a very unattractive for its participants time - between 1:30 and 4:00 am. Let's look at this in more detail Monday.

Monday December 22, 1913

At midnight on Sunday 21 December twenty (according to other sources - forty) of the key differences demanded permission. On Monday at 11:00 in the afternoon, that is, twenty-three hours, the House of Representatives approved a bill to the Federal Reserve System (two hundred ninety-eight sixty votes against). During those brief twenty-three hours of the main discrepancies were eliminated. The report was sent to the printer, typed, corrected to print typesetting, printed, distributed, read by every member of the lower chamber, discussed, considered, weighed, analyzed, evaluated and approved. Similar rates of legislation is difficult to compare with anything that took place in Congress in US history. As ominous coincidence, like the enactment of laws is worthy of comparison with the legislation of the stencil banana republics.

The way in which the democratic majority, namely the bankers (in combination senators) and Owen states took a bill to the Federal Reserve, is reflected in the speech of the senator from Kansas Bristow. From the rostrum of the upper house of Congress, Republican leader explained why he would not sign the report adopted at the conference.

La Follette [(**La Follette**) **Robert Marion (1855-1925)**, one of the leaders of the **progressivist movement in the United States, opposed the traditional policy of the Republican and Democratic parties, the senator from 1906. Independent candidate in the presidential elections of 1924. He played for the limitation of the power of monopolies. - Approx. translation**]. "Do not be difficult for a senator to tell us who took part in the conference, and whether any of the senators refused to participate in it?"

Bristow: "I was not notified about who took part in the conference. I was a member of the conciliation commission, organized by the President of the Senate. But I had no idea of the meeting participants of the conference as long as the report was not made up, printed and laid out on the desks of senators. Then I was informed the chairman of the commission that at four o'clock will take place the meeting of the conciliation commission. Two hours later, the report of the conciliation commission has been put on my desk. During the conference, which was attended by members of both houses of Congress, discussed the bill known (H. R. 7837). It provides for the establishment of the Federal Reserve Banks, to maintain a flexible monetary circulation by recounting commercial bills, the establishment in the United States for more effective control over the banking activities, as well as other purposes. Together with the Senator from Minnesota (Mr. Nelson) headed to the conference room, where we were invited to this. There we took the chairman of the conciliation commission and its members from the Democratic Party. We were given to understand that the results of the conference report is prepared. We were offered to express their opinions about what is happening, but I prefer to reflect their views in the report - where it should appear - rather than in private conference rooms. And I take for it this morning. I see that the report signed by the committee members of the Democratic Party. Naturally, I did not sign it, because to me no one offered to do so. And, in any case, I would not do so, because I did not know at the time that the report was prepared, I had no idea about its contents, and I have not been able to find out anything about its contents. " **[5. Congressional Record: Senate, December 23, 1913.]**

In short, the Republican leader had no idea about the essence contained in the law, as well as not had the opportunity to familiarize themselves with the law. Later in the debate, openly accused Bristow Owen to include provisions in the bill to guarantee some of the benefits to his own bank.

The process of law was marked by serious abuses - sufficient to repeal the law. If our society is guided by the rule of law, there would be no law of the Federal Reserve.

And chairman of the Finance Committee, which read as Congressman and Senator Owen - they all abused his official position for personal interests and the interests of banks. They intended to extract considerable profit as a result of the adoption of the bill.

Bill Discussions were carried out without prior notification of members of the conciliation commission. Decisions were made and formalized without an agreement with the members of the conciliation commission. Key paragraphs were adopted without consultation and hastily decorated in the final version. There is compelling evidence of external influence on the Congress by the banking community.

Even with the introduction of our shallow devising, we can conclude that the law of the Federal Reserve is dubious legislation. Most congressmen were not aware of the content of the final version of the bill, and, for obvious reasons, no one had the opportunity to present the essence of this legislative initiative to the voters, and to consult with them. The money was handed over to the monopoly of a small group under suspicious circumstances. December 23, 1913, Congressman Lindbergh put it this way:

"This law established the most gigantic trust in the world. As soon as the president signs this bill, the financial clan of his hands legitimize "invisible government". The people may not know about it right away, but the day of reckoning is not far off. "

Notes Federal Reserve show curious combination of portraits of presidents. On the bill of a hundred thousand dollars, which has the highest face value, shows Woodrow Wilson - a true friend of the trust money. The next bill on the value of ten thousand dollars a portrait of Samuel Chase - Minister of Finance of Lincoln. Chase for the benefit of the trust money pushed through a law on the National Bank. Ben Franklin got hundred dollar bill (author's note).

Chapter Ten

FEDERAL RESERVE SYSTEM TODAY

Today, the Federal Reserve continues to hold a monopoly of unhindered to issue money - monopoly, which still has not been challenged. The Federal Reserve is protected from public scrutiny and verification of official statements.

At the moment, the Federal Reserve has two functions:

- Regulates the movement of credit and cash flow to achieve specific economic goals;
- Supervises commercial banks, that is, for the most part, itself.

The central body of the Federal Reserve System, which works out policies, the Governing Council is formed by the president and confirmed by the Senate. Each of the twelve regional banks led by separate systems director. The directors are divided into three categories: Category "A", "B" category, and the category "C". Directors of the category "A" represents the banking system, the Directors "B" category - Industry, Director of "C" category presumably represent the interests of society.

In fact, the directors category "C" never represented the interests of society. It is not unnatural to serve as the director of "A" for the banker, and then work a little flop and

Director category "C".

The Federal Reserve - a private bank owned by banks. Her control over the money supply is a monopoly granted by Congress.

The Federal Reserve is so powerful that no Congressman would dare vote on even the most ordinary matter relating to its operations.

Of course, the Fed does not want to listen to questions from curious citizens, and the fact there is good reason. Without exaggeration, it is a printing press, openly acknowledged by the US government. Here's the official statement:

"How the Federal Reserve takes money to create bank reserves?

It does not "take" money, and prints them. When the Federal Reserve writes a check, it thereby releases cash into circulation. This can lead to an increase in bank reserves - in the form of demand deposits [**Permanent deposit (demand deposit, deposit on current account) - bank deposit, which can be transferred by check or withdrawn without notice. If the deposit is withdrawn with prior notice, then it goes into the category of substitute for money as it becomes illiquid. - Approx. translation.**] or cash. If the customer prefers cash, he can claim the bill of the Federal Reserve System. The Federal Reserve will force the Treasury Department to print them. The Federal Reserve - is a pure printing press. It can issue money or writing checks. And she never has difficulty in compensation checks as may ask the Finance Ministry to print the five- and ten-Treasury notes, necessary to cover the checks. " (**Source: Money Facts, published by the Committee on Banking and Currency, 1964, US Congress**).

Then in 1913 the idea of creating the Federal Reserve System - in fact, the central bank - was presented to the American people two prominent bankers and President Woodrow Wilson as a plan for the establishment of the institute beyond the control and influence of the bankers. This was motivated by the fact that the left in the hands of the individual instruments of monetary policy - too expensive. However, in reality, "Institute" as he was, and remains completely subordinate big New York bankers homes. Cheating is obvious!

The very first board meeting of the Federal Reserve Bank of New York was held October 5, 1914 in the premises of the Bank of Manhattan, located on Wall Street, 40. Later Manhattan Bank merged with "Chase" in "Chase Manhattan Bank." [**"Chase Manhattan Bank» - the financial center of the Rockefeller, founded in 1955. More than 240 branches in the country, a wide network of representative offices abroad (including in Moscow..). The balance sheet total, the equity, income (billion dollars..): 76.1; 0.776; 3.6 (con. 1980's.). - Approx. transfer.**]

For lack of space will not affect the next two decades, and will focus on the mid-1970s. Then the leading director of the Federal Reserve Bank of New York "A" was none other than the chairman of the Trilateral Commission - David Rockefeller. The tenure of the Rockefeller in office expired in 1976 and replaced the chairman of "Morgan Guaranty Trust." [**«Morgan Guaranty Trust Company of New York» - one of the leading commercial banks in the United States, specializing in trust operations (asset management, safekeeping, registration of newly issued shares, etc.). Founded in 1959 by the merger of the two banks as a financial center Morgan. More than 1.5 thousand. Branches in the country, branches abroad. - Approx. translation.**]

Nevertheless, the influence of David Rockefeller kept by Trilateral Commission member

appointment of Paul Volcker to the position of President of the Federal Reserve Bank of New York, as well as through the appointment of G. William Miller (a member of the Advisory Council Chase) to the post of chairman of the Federal Reserve system. In this role, Miller has replaced the Trilateral Commission member Arthur Burns. The position taken by Paul Volcker, was impacted. This meant that the president of the Federal Reserve Bank of New York is not re-elected with a specified frequency.

Moreover, the other nine directors of the Federal Reserve Bank of New York have been linked to "Chase Manhattan Bank." For example, three directors of "B" category were the following figures. Chairman of the Board "Texaco» [«Texaco» - **US oil company. Founded in 1902. The sales volume of 33.5 billion. USD., Net profit of 1.3 bln. USD., (At the end of the 1980s.). Oil 49.5 million. Tons. - Approx. translation].** Maurice F. Grenville, chairman of "Union Carbide» ["**Union Carbide» - US chemical company established in 1917. It produces and rare metals, ferro-alloys. One of the largest US uranium producers. Sales of 8.3 billion. USD., Net profit of \$ 662 million.. (The end of the 1980s.) .- Note. translation.]** William S. Sneath and president of "New York Phone» John R. Malhern.

Let's take a look at the career of Paul Volcker, the former president of the Federal Reserve Bank of New York. For thirty years, Walker has consistently worked (nearly equal as possible) at the Federal Reserve Bank, "Chase Manhattan Bank» and held the position in the government apparatus in Washington only a few positions below the provisions of the cabinet members. Walker - a vivid example of a person with so-called "frenzied activity" in climbing the career ladder. He is a typical representative of the interests of the Trilateral Commission, pursuing its main objective - "to erase all differences between public and private institutions."

Paul Volcker was born in 1927 in New Jersey. His first degree he received from Princeton, a master's degree in the humanities - at Harvard.

Doctorate Walker graduated from the London School of Economics - known British socialism cradle. In 1952, immediately after the end of the London School of Economics Walker joined the Federal Reserve Bank of New York as an economist. There, he served for five years and left the Liberty Street in 1957 to settle in the "Chase Manhattan Bank" - again as an economist. In "Chase Manhattan Bank» Volcker served for four years and in 1961 moved to Washington, where he was received in the Ministry of Finance. Thus, Walker has left behind the first three stages of the job ladder. Appointed to the post of Deputy Assistant Secretary for Monetary Affairs, Walker served in this position for the time necessary to learn all the ins and outs of Washington. He then returned to New York to "Chase Manhattan Bank", where he was appointed Vice-President of Planning. Three years later in 1969, Walker left the post of vice-president and became the Deputy Minister of the Ministry of Finance in the US monetary affairs. Five years later, Walker appointed as president of the Federal Reserve Bank of New York. Thus, Walker overcomes the next three stages of the job ladder.

At the same time Walker was a member of the Council on Foreign Relations (Rockefeller Foundation) and member of the Society of American Friends of the London School of Economics.

If Paul Volcker was an isolated phenomenon, we would in any case did not talk about control of the Federal Reserve by the Tripartite Commission. In fact, the phenomenon of the Volcker - one of many similar cases.

Corporate ladder Paul Volcker - a member of the Trilateral Commission

1952-57 Federal Reserve Bank of New York, an economist

1957-61 "Chase Manhattan Bank», economist

1962-63 US Treasury

1963-65 US Treasury Deputy Assistant Secretary for Monetary Affairs 1965-68 "Chase Manhattan Bank", the Vice-President of Planning

1969-74 US Treasury Deputy Secretary for Monetary Affairs

1975 Federal Reserve Bank of New York, president

De jure, the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System generates president of the state, de facto - those circles, the absence of which in the future, the Federal Reserve reassured the American people Woodrow Wilson. Chairman of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System was William G. M'Adu - known figure on Wall Street, a former finance minister and son Woodrow Wilson. The key position occupied by Paul M. Warburg - German banker and invisible ideas generator. Family controlled Warburg Bank of Manhattan. "For world peace" is also in the Council was represented by Charles S. Hamlin from the Carnegie Endowment. Another member of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System was a banker VP G. Harding. Franklin D. Roosevelt's uncle Frederick A. Roosevelt held the position of deputy governor of the Council - a very suitable place for him, as "respectable" Roosevelts were descended from an old family of New York bankers. The next member of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System was John Skelton Williams - President of "Richmond Trust Company." Thus, from the initial composition of the Governing Council it is clear that members of the elite banking circles and defend their own interests at the Federal Reserve ever since.

Trilateral Arthur M. Burns was chairman of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System from 1970 to 1978. Fed policy to a large extent it defined - the last word was for him. According to a member of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System and the Trilateral Commission member Andrew Brimmer, "Arthur Bern directly involved in the selection of each member of the board."

The Trilateral Commission has an impact on domestic monetary system. This leads us to identify the possible connection of this influence with the objectives of the Tripartite Commission on the international level.

Senior officials and analysts of the Trilateral Commission are well aware that the world monetary system - with all the money issued into circulation in the form of reserve assets - is on the verge of collapse. It is known that the tripartite document discusses global financial system (on the way to update the global monetary system). Their authors are: Richard N. Cooper (later Deputy Minister for Economic Affairs), Motoo Kaji - Professor of Economics, University of Tokyo (author of the Japanese language «Gendai No Kokusai Kinyu» - «Modern international financial affairs») and Claudio Segre - French Banker associated with Compagnie Europeenne de Placements.

The tripartite document №1 puts two objectives at the global level:

- How to achieve full employment, to avoid "runaway" inflation;
- How to combine "planned" national economy in the "win-win global economy."

It must be remembered all combined liabilities of the Tripartite Commission. The members of the Tripartite Commission is not looking for "solutions" of the world's financial problems - they are looking for a "solution" that is consistent with their own objectives. And they will help promote this "solution." These goals are:

- Planned economy, ie the economy, planned the Trilateral Commission;
- "New world order" planned economy (economies) data.

Once again, we see the problem of manipulation of the Tripartite Commission for the sake of its own goals. Almost every day we find manifestations of the struggle for the preservation of the influence of the US monetary system - to achieve the goal of creating the world of the Federal Reserve System.

Fed monetizes foreign debt

At the beginning of the 1980s. Fed knocked at the Congress with the help of Paul Volcker another expansion of money through the loan monetization of external debt. **[The monetization of debt - debt conversion into cash; the process by which the debt is repaid at the end of his term (or earlier) without issue new debt. The US remains the leader in terms of external debt:.. The end of 1999, US foreign debt amounted to about \$ 700 billion - Comm. transfer.]**

The so-called law on deregulation of depository institutions and monetary control in 1980 called upon his name to deceive the public. **[On the other - the law on deregulation of depository institutions and monetary control (DIDMCA). The most extensive piece of legislation relating to the banking system and financial markets since the time of the enactment of the Federal Reserve System. - Approx. translation.]** In fact, the law gives the Federal Reserve the authority to control all the banks (whether they like it or not) and an increase in the mass of fiat money by monetization of the foreign debt (which is not much different from the usual issue of fiat money).

Once again, the Federal Reserve has done everything in its power to avoid publicity. Only Congressman Dr. Ron Paul noticed clause monetization of external debt. In order not to let the case move the chairman of the banking committee quickly agreed to the request to remove the reservation of Paul: "You want it, we have removed? Well, we will eliminate it. "

Then repeat all the violations of the Constitution, which took place in the case of the adoption of the bill on the Federal Reserve System in 1913. The House of Representatives approves a bill that does not include the reservation of external debt monetization. But at a meeting of the conciliatory commission clause quietly placed in a document, so the reservation becomes part of the law passed by both houses of Congress. We doubt that any of the members of the lower house of Congress know that the reservation was included in the final bill. This is the way in which the Federal Reserve influences the legislature today.

Quietly, without fanfare - under the tacit consent of the masses nor the unsuspecting citizens - bankers around the world are building an "international press": the international federal backup system designed to monitor the global financial and economic order.

The first elements of the "world of the printing press" can be found in the 1920s. in the face of the League of Nations and the Bank for International Settlements. After the

Second World War for the lending of globalization were set up the International Monetary Fund and the World Bank.

Then, in the late 1950s. came the era of the Eurodollar market - is now a major international market deposits and loans denominated in deposited outside of the United States dollar. In the light of past historical events we can say that the Eurodollar market was the first step towards the global dollar system. Operations are carried out Eurodollars banks located outside the United States, as well as institutions, do not obey the instructions and restrictions in force in the US banking system.

The former chairman of the Federal Reserve Bank Paul A. Volcker clearly fulfilled its duties as directed to the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve - to support the policy of its chairman.

In connection with the appointment of Clinton Alan Blinder, Walker said:

"I think the vice-chairman is responsible for ensuring that public statements to support our policy. If in the end there is any difference of opinion, there is no need to wash dirty linen in public - it should support our institution. "

In other words, the interests of the New York bankers must prevail over the personal opinion of the Vice-Chairman of the Board or any subordinate supervisor. All this is very much like a monopoly "closed" companies. [**"Closed", the company - organization, recruits only union members. "Closed" companies provide union monopoly power in the sphere of control of the supply of labor. These companies and unions can conclude agreements to monopolize any industry. It is for these reasons that the United States "closed" companies declared illegal. - Approx. transfer.]**

Alan Blinder, fending off criticism about the fact that he said too much, made a revelatory statement: "The decision we make can not be undone by any public authority" ("New York Taymc", 26 September 1994).

The Federal Reserve - a private monopoly on monetary credit, Congress legalized under very suspicious circumstances, and formally subordinate to the Governing Council. An action taken by the Federal Reserve's decision can not be changed by the US government or anyone else.

And it is a free society governed by the rule of law? The United States has in fact proved to be held hostage by a handful of international bankers. And let at least one congressman will dare to challenge the dominance of the Federal Reserve!

ANNEX 1 A REPORT ON THE ABUSE OF POWER

Editor: Antony C. Sutton. September 1996 Vol.15, No.9 HIDDEN POWER OF AMERICA

Gradually on the book series "The hidden power of America" (published by Liberty House Press, Billings, MT) becomes known outside the United States. It is not widespread in the United States, although bookstores willing to make orders for single copies at the request of customers, and some shops stocked with books for many years.

For more than ten years I have seen a constant, although small, increase in book sales in Phoenix thanks to the efforts of the late Johnny Johnson, then, about eight years ago, in Billings, Montana, through the efforts of Donna and Julie Peden. Without these persistent and devoted companions (who are not professionally engaged in book publishing business) study in the series "Hidden Power of America" would not have been known in the USA.

The media and political groups use highly effective measure - do not allow the general sales data of books in the United States. And for good reason.

About ten years ago, the author of this article was invited to a closed meeting in a large estate near Mexico City for talks with some fifty Latin American bankers, politicians and scientists. The purpose was as follows. Summarize the contents of the study, "The hidden power of America" for this group of people. There we learned that the Latin American bankers consider themselves more aware of this issue, rather than the bankers of New York; that usury is forbidden by the Catholic Church; and that Latin American scientists do not know firsthand that represent a business of Wall Street and the New World Order, refer to them disapprovingly.

According to these enlightened Latin Americans, helping Wall Street provided by the Soviet Union, was a typical double-dealing "amerikosov" does not cause them a surprise. One of the participants of the meeting, a law professor from the University of Cordoba in Argentina, made a remarkable statement: "Your work is better known among scientists and government officials in Latin America than in the United States." Subsequently, this group of people has financed publication of brochures in Spanish, summarizing our research, in order to spread in Latin America.

Another example. In 1995, a major film director from Europe contacted us to get technical advice on the establishment of a one-hour film about the "secret government". Now this film is in postproduction and will be released in Europe next year. Hollywood, of course, is so keen on the promotion of violence in his films, which are not able to take a sober look at the policies and interests of America, and we can imagine how restraint will perceive the film in New York have filled the media.

Third, immediately after the communists were overthrown in the Soviet Union, Russian publishers have turned their attention to the west in search of studies for the awakening of the Russian public. One of the first books translated into Russian, was the book "How to Order of organizing the war and the revolution", agreed by Russian publishers more important than the product of the New World Order authors such as Henry Kissinger, worked hand in hand with the Soviet Union. We know that the materials of the Council on Foreign Relations have become fully available for the translation, and that even the Carnegie Foundation opened its office in Moscow. However, its work is progressing quite weak. As for Gorbachev - the friend of the New World Order - that he did not receive any support in Russia, and his audience was in the presidential election, mainly from foreign journalists.

The first edition of the study "How to Order organizing the war and the revolution," was published in Russian edition of 10,000 copies! This is more than we sold in the US since 1980 (limit of 10000 has been agreed by us and not by Russian publishers).

Books, published in Russia, include an indication of the circulation of copies, which is printed on the last page. **[Next to the original reproduced facsimile data printing - Ed.]**

We want to draw attention to the fact that while the book series "The Hidden Power of America" remain virtually unknown in the US, they have gained popularity in the world on their own, without any assistance from the United States and, of course, without the assistance of the author. The really important is the fact that each of these three groups is pro-American intellectual circles of their countries. It is thought the intelligentsia of Russia, Europe and Latin America.

In Moscow, Russian publishing house "Pallada" [in fact, the analytical department of the Russian national movement - ed.], Organized in April 1996 a public debate. We were invited but could not attend. Published later wrote: "Some of the participants have read your study in English. The seminar was a success, and all appreciated your work. The only thing I regret is the fact that the author himself was not present at this important presentation. "

In turn, here in the US, we find unusual is the fact that, even among opposing the united democratic-republican dictate this book is unknown and has not publicly discussed. Not once Buchanan, Feather Lamm quoted or our book, which fully confirms their leading theme that large businesses controlled by the United States. It seems that these politicians are only organize visibility struggle.

Millions of Americans are aware of the impact of large groups of entrepreneurs, but they do not know their names. And this is precisely the service that could provide policy opposing "secret government".

Thus, there is an unusual situation: the intelligentsia of Russia, Europe, and Latin America more informed about the structure of US policy than American voters. We have a lot of letters, which the authors suggest that the Reform Party and Perot create the appearance of a political struggle, when they talk about reducing the deficit, conditions, restrictions, etc. -.. In a word, according to the authors, all this kind of fraud. However, we are not sure whether this is so. We can not accept that Ross Perot announced his candidacy for the presidency, guided by a sense of duty, because he loves the United States, and the author does not consider itself entitled to question this assumption. However, we can say that the criticism of Buchanan, Feather and Lamm can only seem harsh, but in fact it is superficial. Their criticism does not apply to the key issues, it did not announce the names do not make public the number of unsolved cases. The pen stops as soon as it comes to the dangerous and Lamm does not go beyond talk of "rights" and their grandchildren.

The overall impression of such "criticism" ridiculous, though, maybe they just do not know the case. Public debate in Moscow based on more accurate data than similar discussions in Washington or New York. We suspect that the main reason lies in the education system. Brains Americans washed ugly school system, as well as the views of scientists whose conclusions can not be questioned, and then tap the media with the narrow-minded. A more intelligent and subtle sense of citizens understand the real state of things, but few of them are our readers.

During the past year a number of important studies have been published in the United States, which included the original information about the "hidden power of America" by presenting them on a larger scale. For example, "Who is who in the elite" (Robert Gaylon Ross Sr.) and "Circle of intrigue" Tex Marrs. It should be noted that these books were not published by publishing houses and individuals! These individuals thought of everything, have come to the conclusion that the public needs accurate information about the "secret government". We want to stress once again that they were not experts, or publishers.

These were individuals, crushed by the system owners and singles who acted themselves, without assistance and approval, simply because they feel they are doing the right thing.

In short, if the censorship in the United States and will be canceled only through the efforts of these people (like readers' letters of the Phoenix "). They are establishing their own contacts and association, to circumvent the political censorship network of media and find your way to a huge number of uninformed citizens.

Anthony Sutton

APPENDIX 2

Pearl Harbor 2

"How strong is the power of the bankers over America, and whether there is a split of opinion among bankers as further developed by him: as parasites or should rethink their position, or will come a time when the end will come, and they themselves?

Bankers in the United States sitting in the shade, they practically do not protrude, of which virtually no say. And what's interesting - is exaggerated somewhat symbolic names, not so much the Rothschilds, Rockefellers much. And the Rockefellers - a backyard kennel puppies at high compared with those people who manage not only the world, but also America.

For example, I met shortly before dismissal (he did not care) Jackie Rubin, he was finance minister. We met with him at the IMF, where they store gold bullion (near New York, probably more than Fort Knox is just, there's magnetic field is unhealthy). He gave me a sheet of uncut dollar bills printed with autograph, I was afraid to make it, but not the point. So here it is, three years ago, showed me the notes, printed, they were more than usual - thousandth dignity of five thousand and ten thousand dollars. These bills were no longer presidents portraits. Up to hundreds of dollars - there are presidents. He said: "It is slaves, but this slave owners." Who was there? Schiff, Leiba, Kuhn, Baruch. The wigs of their ancestors. So, on the bills that are not walking amongst the people, already printed the portraits of those who really rule the world. Bankers sit in the shade, and the wealth of the world belong to them. They are real rights, not only America but the entire world.

How did it happen? In 1915 **[. In 1913 - ed]** President Wilson created a federal system and abolished the state-owned bank, we got the original concept: the Federal Reserve, that is a group that's most of these rich Jewish bankers took over the liabilities of the bank. She seemed to be merged together. And the result is a paradoxical system: the whole world should America and every American, just born, too, should America about 60 thousand dollars. Why? National Bank no. This Federal Reserve that exists, it controls not only America, but all over the world. And it turns out that this green, unsecured paper, wrapper, controls the world. Unsecured piece of paper with the Johnson era, for it no gold, no land, no property, and it controls the world. Just because a medium of exchange. And it turns out that America is for this system - one of the subjects, but not the only one. How, for example, to Baruch, Costa Rica, or France, or Russia. As one of the objects of his personal interests. And so these are the richest people in the world, they do not store their wealth in one bank.

You know, there is such a thing - top listid Bank, 100 the most important, then list comprehensions. So, try to find out there "Standard Charter Bank," the bank, which has existed since 1613. It is no coincidence the first tower blasted the plane, it was in the one in which the headquarters of the "Standard Charter Bank", or rather its "INTERNATIONAL has dipartment" there is no accident burned billions of dollars and tens of tons of melted gold. This was no coincidence. What kind of bank, whose headquarters is in London, and he was there from 1613? What is involved in this mysterious bank? I knew what he was doing. There is a comic actor in America - Lionel Brown, a close friend. So his brother got to pull in the information system of control over international transfers. "Standard Charter Bank" - the bank is a world government banks. It is no accident the first plane dived right place. This is a blow to the belly of a world government, for Kashchei-ing soul. If people do not know it, they would choose a different object. It was nonrandom kick. This bank is not in any list of banks, but, nevertheless, he controls all the calculations in the world. Monitors and controls all financial estimates at 20 billion dollars per minute worldwide. Therefore, as soon as Mr. K. "breathed" through the private bank "Sabr" 8 billion 200 million, I think, tomorrow can be murder. Tomorrow Sabra killed, he bathed in the bath. And I had the whole transcript of what happened to the money, as they have been painted where taken away, but the reason as it disappeared. The information was useless.

Why is not exposed? Why is "Interpol" does not investigate this, do you think he does not have the information that I have? Yes, but they have a home. They want to dismember Russia: to give the Japanese Kuriles, the Finns - Karelia, Kaliningrad-eastern Prussia. Why would they Petersburg - a window to Europe? Why window slits enough one to pry.

And behind all this is the shadow of the mentioned persons, of which no one speaks. Rockefeller, Rothschild put up as a boy to run errands. And as for the present, for example, Baruch, nobody speaks. They are, as it were not.

But bankers have steeper Baruch?

Steeper Baruch no. It trillioner. And instead exposes himself Prince.

But Oppenheimer?

Oppenheimer, yes, he is one of the largest, but it is still not the top layer.

At Baruch closes the whole pyramid scheme. And based on what kind of power Baruch? What's his management concept, because it is - not a product of the 20th century? Perhaps ancient roots?

Not as old as medieval. It was a special family, associated with all sorts of mystical movements in Judaism, since they are in the shade and left. Through the funding of Jewish communities through every protégé figures, and have remained. But this is a separate big talk. I would like to note that they actually led by America. They do not even belong to the so-called "world government." Club Belderbergerov. Not everyone knows that the 63 club members Belderbergerov. 63rd member is listed only by Russia - Chubais. I heard, he was offered a place Minister Chubais grinned, I saw him, "No, really, I do not need it." Of course, why should be a minister of the government of the peripheral him that, figuratively speaking, he is a minister of the government of the world! This is his invulnerability. Of course, criticism is allowed, disassembly, but it's all a game of puppets. And all these will conduct Leyba, Baruch, Schiff, Kuhn, and their

families, who are intertwined with each other related. And they, at the same time, led by world Freemasonry, not just the Scottish persuasion, but also the Swedish wing.

Do they have the idea that with this management company will come into the world imbalances, especially the biosphere, and can happen to global cataclysm, from which they will not be good for? Or they do not care at all, and they see only their own interests? About biosphere think?

You know, they - mysticism. And most likely, they do not understand. They honestly believe that the Jewish Messiah is coming, and they are the kings of kings will enter with a golden crown to the world power, divide all the property of all the goyim of the planet at stake, they have established between themselves. They firmly believe in it. For example, when there was a rumor that the Messiah will rise somewhere, stand on my feet, I saw an amazing picture. Across New York passed a unique exercise for hop Jews in Jerusalem flew all the Jews, even in Japan, it was occupied by all aircraft - across the country no free charter flight, and they rushed there. All hotels in New York City have been reserved for the Japanese Jews. What's the matter? Tree sticks!

In Japan, they also have?

Yes. In Japan banking system, as in Chinese, they play an important role. In India, all the rich families, all the financial movers and shakers - Indian Jews. Poor people - this is the Indians, the indigenous population. They recently, these "bigwigs" have guided the rustle suddenly - I digress from the topic. 4700000 Indian Jews at once declared their desire to move to Israel. What happened? It turns out, in the vicinity of the Mount of Olives ends place for burial. Strange twist. I have already written. Buried in this mountain people as soon as they think, they fly off to heaven. By the way, Pugachev bought a place for \$ 100 thousand - and for themselves, and for Philip. Two meetings of the Knesset decide how to contain the influx of Indian Jews. After all, they came to sweep all that at least vertically, but buried. In India, the same situation as in Russia: the rich Jews and foreigners are flourishing, and the indigenous population are poor. What kind of guys, capitalism, what is justice?

And what can you say about Bin Laden?

Bin Laden was a disciple of the teachers who are trying to blame him now. By the way, in New York the day after the raid the fund of \$ 1 billion has been organized to capture Bin Laden. Founder anonymous. That's how much are the tricks and they do not spare the money when you need to disguise the Pearl Harbor-2.

So, you think that is the power of the bankers over America is strong?

Not only over America and the whole world! What is happening in the financial world, Russia, Armenia, Georgia, some provincial Latvia - everything is under his paw, Baruch, and the like. But publicly they do not appear anywhere, they do not have, as it were. Despite the fact that they are the most famous. That is, they are secret, mystified, they are very self-confident, and from this they are vulnerable, are highly vulnerable. They lead the world Freemasonry.

But history knows examples of when these "cool" Masons allowed under the knife of the most lit up in some of the masonry or of the Jews. For our masons, and some super-rich Jews, it would be nice to hear from you, whether to put them under the knife if they are too light up?

Or will not work well.

With whom it is better to be: with the world's bankers or still ashamed, repent and go to the people?

Of course, with the people to be better. Why? Because - they may not even work, and do everything perfectly, but - owing to an unexpected turn of some scenes of the global nature of the local banking and financial groups can easily become a victim. The victims of the benefit of the rest of the world financial system. Whoever manages global banking system, it is the enemy of local private financial groups. It just seems that there is a symbiotic relationship, in fact it does not exist between them, and can not be! When you need to "small things" can start up under the knife.

Here is an example from the French Revolution. Who and on what signal it started? They began exclusively Masons on the subject, which they themselves have developed a great brother, and a year later they went under the guillotine. Cheek and head flew off, frees another more cynical branches. Therefore, Russian bankers behave very, very careless. They are used, and they do not notice it. They think that they are masters of the situation. No! In fact, the millionaire system multibillionaires trillionerov and they are the same than for the janitor zhilkontory. It can be fired, can criticize, may simply not be overlooked.

local business interests often come up against the interests of the global. In this sense, there are many international organizations such as the World Trade Organization. They supposedly regulate. In fact, for example, modern Russia is now in a position to go - it obviously means to put an end to their industrial, agricultural and turn Russia into bankruptcy. Why? Yes, because we should at least grow to the level of 80% of its competitiveness on the level of economic countries. After that we can talk about something equal.

Now we are in a state of confusion, vacillation and disintegration, we are not able to compete.

Fragment of an interview V. Gerasimov newspaper "Society and Environment», №29, 2001 g on October 20 .

APPENDIX 3

Rothschild and the collapse of the Soviet Union

Family Rothschild clan, based in Germany, two and a half centuries ago - the most powerful financial force in Europe, which controls all without exception, the Western European financial markets for a long time and straining the East, in Russia.

At the beginning of the century the Russian economy nearly came under the control clerks Rothschild at the behest of the king's ministers, but those and other bold Bolshevik Revolution. In mid-century Rothschilds bet on Hitler's Drang-nach-Osten, however, Triumph Russian turned the USSR into a great superpower and closed it from the West impenetrable Iron Curtain. At the end of the century, the Rothschilds took the lead geopolitical conspiracy against the Soviet Union, and so powerful, that in the spring of 1991 it was forced to publicly declare the then Soviet Prime Minister Valentin Pavlov.

By the end of the 80's perestroika-Gorbachevites almost nothing feared and quite openly privatized the country. In an effort to keep this process under control, Gorbachev authorized the establishment in Moscow of a powerful international commercial "bank lending and public finance national programs" (BNP). Its major shareholders were to

become a Swiss bank Rothschild Banque Privee Edmond de Rothschild SA, the largest US financial corporations of the Morgan and Rockefeller, as well as French and English Credit Lonnais Barclays Bank PCL. The Soviets planned to be provided by the Administrative Department of the Central Committee of the CPSU (Mikhail Gorbachev), Manager of MK and MGK of the CPSU (Boris Yeltsin), the Soviet Cultural Foundation (Raisa Gorbachev) Mosgaard-controlled Zhilsotsbank USSR (Georgy Sokolov), the Foreign Intelligence of the KGB (Leonid Shebarshin) as well as two joint ventures "Sovhalizh-Interbayt" (Lev Gorsky) and "Lesinvest" (Vitaly Ashhamaf).

If a couple, Gorbachev and the clan of Yeltsin everything was clear, the connection to the creation of the BNP joint ventures caused quite unexpected reaction of KGB, who came to the project as a matter of paramount national importance, he decided to work for the full program and suddenly the record as saying that the leaders these joint ventures associated with the international mafia! Further - more, the KGB men have found out that the chairman of the Moscow Zhilsotsbank Sokolov, one of the authors of know-how on a large-scale conversion of "wooden" rubles in hard currency, could easily be supplied by them to the firing squad for illegal foreign exchange transactions on a large scale.

Conversion transactions, or "greening", as it called itself Sokolov, he worked together with the director of "Sovhalizh-Interbayta" Gorsky commissioned by the International Fuel and Energy Association, which operated mainly in the interests of the same Rothschilds and supported by the Soviet side is very influential people. Moreover, in its activities the association has connected Commission on the study of natural forces and resources of the Academy of Sciences of the USSR, for the Rothschilds required to spend a total inventory of all of continental resources.

As a result, broke very quiet, but the incredible power scandal, resulting in, for example, was generally Zhilsotsbank abolished as such, the joint venture "Lesinvest" completely changed their owners, and the idea of the official arrival of the Rothschild capital into the economy of the USSR was buried indefinitely. However, the actual conspiracy of bankers has got a new impetus.

The fact that in the United States just in 1950 became public the facts of direct involvement of US banks Morgan ("Morgan Guaranty Trust") and Rockefeller ("Chase Manhattan Bank»), the legalization of funds of major international drug syndicates with centers in Cali and Medellín. From North America, as soon became clear, the flow of narco-dollars a broad river flowed into Switzerland, traditionally famous for its ultra-reliable banks and have long turned to the international drug trade in the nodal point where the accumulated all the major cash flows of criminal origin.

Naturally, the lion's share of these funds settled in banks Rothschild, who along with the usual forms of "washing" used another super-efficient scheme: Brothers bankers Guy and David de Rothschild received another batch of drug dollars, went to the office of the Joint Social Jewish Fund, President and treasurer of which they are made and the appropriate fee in favor of Israel on behalf of the major Zionist organizations in France. It is understood that the French authorities never pry into the Jewish Foundation case and the Zionists received by Rothschild money, reinvest them around the world have absolutely legally, as "washing" was held at the level of the State of Israel, is vitally interested in the scroll of the money . This scheme, incidentally, sheds some light on this little-known problem, as "Jewish" mafia: the effective use of the Israeli channel bankers gave them a first-class tool for the control of international crime and, ultimately, they are clearly monopolized sphere of the legalization of major criminal income with all the ensuing consequences.

In particular, the simmering international scandal over the participation of the Morgans and the Rockefellers in the drug business, as if by magic, was extinguished, and all interested parties suggested a brilliant solution - for a general commercial, political and ideological benefit of drug dollars to invest in the restructuring of the Soviet!

The US government and Interpol have closed their eyes to pump through US banks in dollars Switzerland Latin American drug traffickers, the Mossad and the CIA came to the right people in Moscow and quickly picked up the orderly agent previously who had direct contacts with the Russian leadership during the famous "diamond" scam with concern "De Beers' South African now Rothschild.

Agent immediately dazzled firmochki in South Africa, was removed to her office in London high-rise fletarlike, have provided a decent suit and bucks, and then, adding letters from the "Barclays Bank", abandoned in the USSR, where he was met by foreign intelligence chief henchmen g- Shebarshin on, but not with handcuffs, and with open arms, because the agent was a double agent, and worked for Soviet intelligence. Anyway, so I wrote the entire democratic press.

The machine has earned. Agents of influence fuss. Mafia was worried. Security officers came to life. And went and went. Install the base exchange rate of 1 US dollar - 18 rubles, and then went on increasing as much as up to 24 rubles per dollar. A total amount of 140 billion rubles.

The deal was formally approved by the Council of Ministers of Russia, and next to the signature lime "English" businessman from South Africa a meaningful scrawled flourish Russian minister Filshin. Overall, Russian Council of Ministers in 1990, without official notification of the Union government authorizing another two similar converting deals, went over \$ 2 trillion rubles, and then bread, among other things, cost 20 cents per loaf ... That is the Rothschilds, for pennies, by predatory rate and even higher for drug dollars by Russian officials. Sell not only Russia, but throughout the Soviet Union!

However, the machine gave an unexpected failure. At the border it became clear that the document with the official stamp of the Council of Ministers a private person has the right to take out of the country. relevant protocol was drawn up, the Council of Ministers and a letter of guarantee is withdrawn again started the car, but now on the promotion of "business Filshina".

So the alliance of Prime Pavlov had every reason to accuse the Western bankers in a large-scale conspiracy against the Soviet Union. In turn, the KGB literally blocked the country's top leaders compromising on Russian officials, and they realized it is clear that it begins to smell of prison, if not the "tower", finally and openly headed for the abolition of the Soviet Union. This, of course, immediately found the most enthusiastic response and support both abroad and in the local nouveau riche. And then - the Emergency Committee, Foros, happy President of the tank, Bialowieza Forest ...

Alex Nevsky, «pineapple», №66, July 1997

APPENDIX 4 RUSSIA AND THE MARKET

"Isolated analysis of the normative acts of the USSR on the transition to a market economy does not answer the main question: why the leadership of the party and the government have embarked on the development of capitalist relations in return for the

centrally planned economy of the so-called.. Socialism? The roots lie in the international economy and in international instruments.

Our realignment - part of the global restructuring. The first phase of the global restructuring began after the 1973 energy crisis, clearly shows the development of the countries of the world, which carries the risk of a world shortage of raw materials and energy. According to the UN, lack of raw materials and energy (for optimal use) only 1 billion people. As of January 1, 1990 on Earth lived for more than 5.5 billion by the year 2000 is expected to more than 8 billion. It is no coincidence that the golden fund of "one billion" includes only countries such as the US, Japan, the EEC (European Economic Community), and so on. E., While 4/5 of the world population from Asia, Africa, the Soviet Union, Latin America, which have the bulk of the raw materials and energy, pushed out of the "place in the sun" and are essentially raw colonies aforementioned countries. We admire the high living standards of western countries to the so-called developed economies, but we forget that in the world of a single energy and raw container, and fill it beyond what is in it, it is impossible, and to share "as brothers" in the 160 countries in the world - futile: each will receive a drop would "not hungry or drunk." And if in Africa or the Soviet Union, each family had just enough, then this would not have been in the West, in Japan, or Singapore. Persian crisis in September 1990 clearly shows this: the developed countries are shocked by the threat of Iraq to control the oil of Kuwait and other countries in the region.

Western experts rightly believe that keep in check the population of 7 billion in 2000 is virtually impossible, "hungry," eat "well-fed" with nuclear weapons. That is why there was also strengthened new theory t. N. "Internationalization and interdependence," states the essence of which is to create a single global center with a single centralized distribution of capital, goods and labor, and ultimately - of raw materials, where steel guard international force TNCs (Transnational corporations) will create a "world order and stability" (Doc. UN). In this light should be considered stages of disarmament, conversion, reduction of the national armed forces, etc. The ambitious goal:.. To maintain control over natural and natural resources of the Earth in the hands of the industrial and financial elite of the world. It is no coincidence that the economic and social development of the United Nations Program for 1990 does not include the former in the 60s and 70s installations on permanent sovereignty of peoples over their natural wealth and natural (see. Doc. UN). As diplomats say, should be to avoid the risk of "squandering" of raw materials to national "apartments."

The introduction of new technologies for the processing of secondary raw materials, so-called non-waste production and energy-saving systems will allow by 2000 to increase the saturation of the population to 2 billion people. This marginal growth, UNESCO said. On the agenda artificially reducing the population in Asia, Africa and the Soviet Union. In the documents of the UN (Committee on Population and raw materials), all population of the Earth is divided into primary (raw materials provided - 1 billion) poluosnovnoe (about 1 billion) and auxiliary. Auxiliary population uneconomic in terms of industrialization: it does not pay back funds invested in it for the production and life. In countries where the population is mainly auxiliary, introduce rules on consumer food restrictions, housing, consumer goods, education, medicine, etc. There is a practice of coupons, cards, rations to the minimum survival, are put "iron curtain" for the departure of the class of people, money is not converted - they are only a symbol of survival rations. Wages artificially curtailed to the minimum standards soldering. The secret is simple: more money - more give the goods, more goods - more consumption of raw materials, where people need basic category in developed countries.

In Russia in 1918 a ten rations system was introduced on the initiative of Trotsky and Bukharin - according to the official post or physically performed work. All the laws of the USSR, where earnings concerns introduced stringent standards, with the exception of foreign-born persons (working in joint ventures and foreign firms). According to the data of (United Nations Food) of the USSR in 1985-1990 he held the third place in the world for the production of agricultural products (after the US and China), is capable of providing 14.5% of the power of the Earth on scientifically sound standards, but can not feed themselves with a population of 5.4% of the total. According to some data, all in the USSR rot, deteriorate, goes to landfill (see. Official seal), according to other sources, successfully sold in other countries. According to accurate information, UNIDO (United Nations Industrial Organisation) of the USSR in the past decade firmly holds first place in the oil, coal, ores, development of steel, rolled products, pig iron, building materials, etc. But enterprises moan From the meager funds, cooperation -.. The speculative starvation rations, residents for years are in the queue for housing, car, garden ...

The question arises: why Russia, 1/6 of the Earth, which has the richest resources of raw materials and energy, was in the position of the raw material of the colony, along with South Africa and its people - slaves of the developed world?

The root of the problem is too deep and stretches in the XIX century. At the end of the XIX century with the development of industrial production, the problem of raw materials rose urgent on the agenda In 1884 adopted the "Act of the Berlin Conference", which establishes the principle of effective occupation in Berlin, the leading countries of the world, the essence of which was to ensure that each country is obliged to It has been effectively source raw materials on their territories and to let him into the bank, and if it did not allow technical measures to prevent the exploitation of other countries and cartels. So, Russia has become the object of joint operation of international concerns. At the end of the XIX century Russia became a bankrupt. The customs war declared by it, by 1905 the ninth year brought her out of the impasse. Introduced was a gold currency. To stabilize the situation. But the revolution of 1905, financed by foreign capital, was like a "rally", warning the Russian government. Tsar Nicholas II did not heed the threats, and the decree was issued, according to which foreign capital was allowed to freely reside in Russia, but the export of raw materials and profits was limited to 12.8%. "Obrusivaytes!" - Issued a call. It began a vigorous expulsion of foreign capital from the mining of the Urals and Siberia, trading and industrial activities in the Far East. Russian industrialists "won" 80% of the oil business, 100% tin, half best German electrical industry trusts into the hands of the Russians. Many foreign businessmen crossed themselves in the Russian citizenship and transferred their capital in Russia. In 1911, the US announced a boycott of Russian diplomacy, international financial circles began an unprecedented persecution.

But Russia in 1913, "a cotton empire", according to the figurative expression of Lenin, turned into an industrial power and has firmly taken the fourth place in the world. production growth rate of 19% per year, for 10 years the population has increased by almost 1/3. Vigorously develop chemical and energy industries. In 1913, Russia by 56% to meet their needs in the machines and equipment from domestic production. From the archives of Russia, when prices and wages equivalent to the value of goods and services in the year 1985, shows that the professional worker (electrician, mechanic) received about 2,000 rubles a month, and a laborer - 600-700 rubles, engineers specialists - to 20,000 rubles. It was in 1913 ...

Englishman E. Thorn in his "Russia 1914", wrote that if the Western countries are failing to keep Russia, then by 1930 it will not be rivals, and Europe and the United States will

be in the lap of the commodity giant. Interesting letter to Emperor William II of the King Nicholas, recently discovered in the German archives, carefully concealed "publicity":

"The Socialists incite war, this can not be tolerated, especially now. If it repeats again, I will introduce a state of siege and order them all in a row to put in jail ... We can no longer tolerate any socialist propaganda. "

The letter is dated the 29th July 1914. The First World War was an attempt to bring Russia to its knees, and make arrangements to carry out in 1884. Warmongers, as noted by the Kaiser himself, it appears, were ... the Social Democrats. It forces us to reassess many dogmas. The fact that the Russian Social-Democrats also pushed Russia to war with Germany, and today no one doubts. The collapse of the Russian Empire, its army, the outbreak of civil war - all this was the work of international corrupt elements. Poet Maximilian Voloshin those years with pain written:

"Vosled Stolen heroes and leaders of the flock of greedy predator,
To the power of boundless Russia
Opens and sell enemies!
Rot her piles of wheat,
Her dishonor heaven
Devour wealth, forests burn
And suck the sea and ore ... "

Russia's position after the fratricidal civil war was that it looked like a beaten man hard, Val, on the international road. As is now known, it damages many times higher than even the losses in World War II. Naturally, nothing but a raw colony of other countries, it could not be. Decree SNK (People's Commissars of the Council) of 23 November 1920, granted the Western cartel for 70 years, all the major sources of raw materials and energy with the right of unrestricted exploitation Russian, approved by the X Congress of the RCP (b) (the Workers 'and Peasants' Party of Bolsheviks), under the slogan of "militarization of labor "- a living testimony to this. NEP (New Economic Policy), held ostensibly for competition "of different types of property" was a cover for fools in the street, as the diplomats say. By 1929, all that could be sold, were sold. Private business he ran out of steam due to lack of raw materials, which is not enough even for state-owned enterprises. Removal of up to 90%. This is evidenced by the following fact. The American company "Ford" was going to produce cars in the USSR due to its raw materials, but the sale of gold in Russia for Russian gold coins. Refused. The raw materials are lacking.

The fact that since 1945 Russia has managed in 10 years to fully restore his farm, to enter the forefront of the world - this is a consequence of the temporary respite, which she received after the war, and the right to use their raw materials for their own needs. The goose that lays the golden eggs, allowed to breathe the air of freedom and stand up.

But since the mid 50-ies in life has been actively carried out the plan "US Act of 10 October 1951 on mutual security," the Western bloc and its member countries. Section 514 was planned: "... the United States to reduce the depletion of resources, and to provide appropriate receipts important raw material block countries" ... due to the raw material-producing, ie, The USSR, China, South Africa, India, etc. Thus were laid the legal foundations of the "golden billion people under the sun welfare."

In this article, the author will not disclose those vicissitudes of a difficult struggle for survival, which is set in the 60s and 70s (Khrushchev's rule, Brezhnev), although there

are many secret places and quite curious, so again, and now move on to the our days, the so-called "restructuring".

Immediately make a reservation: restructuring - not Soviet or Russian word. It turned into our lexicon and became a political term of international law and in practice have been developed on the margins of the World Bank and the IMF (International Monetary Fund). It is said, in particular, the IMF report "The social aspects of structural adjustment." A detailed definition of the restructuring can be found in the document for the first time №276 (XXVII) of 20 October 1983 in the framework of the United Nations Trade and Development Board, followed by the decision №297 of September 21, 1984, №310 of March 29, 1985 and so on. D. of interest is the report of UNIDO (United Nations industrial development organization) for № 339 from 1985 "Restructuring of world industrial production and moving of industrial facilities in the countries of Eastern Europe." Documents on this subject a lot, but their main ideas are as follows.

Increased pollution in developed countries, the export of raw materials is not justified, a small payback.

The need for withdrawal outside the developed countries is not only producing but also many processing plants. Research and Information Society, the US, Japan, Western Europe, due to the completion of their restructuring, which began in 1973, abandoning the traditional policy of "conservation" of the USSR and a number of other countries as agrarian and raw material colony and translate them into the category of industrial colonies, m. n. "Downstairs" world civilization, bringing the territory of these countries consumption of materials, labor-intensive, environmentally dirty production. It is planned in 1995 to completely remove them raw and processed there.

Because of instability in Africa and Asia, preference is given to the USSR. John Skinner, president of TNK "Business Interns" so said: "Our task - to penetrate the Soviet market, acquire cheap raw materials and processed in the same place it in a very cheap labor."

Perestroika in the Soviet Union held in stages:.... 1985-87, 1987-90, 1991-1992, 1992-95, 1995-2005. The last stage involves the creation of a world government.

The essential error of our theorists is that they suggest that the transition to a market economy is the transition to the private property of individuals, as it was in the XIX century. As with all private entrepreneurs NEP stalled because of the raw material, so now the raw material is intended for global corporations. This is the second greatest experiment in the world on the basis of the Russian land and Russian with living labor, sweat and blood. First - bolshevitssky, in 1917-21 years, when planned from the territory of Russia ignite a worldwide conflagration of communism throughout the world.. The fire went out. The second - now that from the territory of Russia, TNK, in a conditional operation "tiger jump" to establish its world domination, replacing border geographical boundaries of functional (., See the book by R. Vernon "Sovereignty looks in the coffin", Rome, 1985).

The first stage of restructuring can be called the period of primitive accumulation of capital. When the ship is sinking, dragged him all that falls under the arm, and the more expensive the better. In January 1987 the Central Committee of the CPSU and the USSR Council of Ministers decision was partially overturned restrictions in foreign trade and without ICD (Differentiated currency conversion rates), allowed businesses and individuals to sell abroad all scarce commodities: food, consumer goods, raw materials, energy, gold, Chemical goods. .. Even the horse meat caught in this unfortunate list! Resolutions of the CC CPSU and the USSR Council of Ministers dated September and

October 1987 has given binding directives for the sale of deficits abroad. This created a "lack of interest in the domestic market, began washing away the goods, the devaluation of the ruble, and after the regulations of 1987 joint ventures with foreign companies and the Law on Cooperatives in 1988 year began a wholesale desolation of our shelves, international speculation has taken unprecedented dimensions.

The second stage of restructuring began in 1989 and is characterized by the seizure of land and production. There were acts of ownership, the lease, the land of small enterprises, joint-stock companies, a non-governmental (supposedly) international associations of energy, concerns about, currency and other funds.

The third phase is planned from 1992 - stage, obviously, splicing and TNK sovproizvodstva. According to our press, foreign banks have kept hundreds of billions in gold and hard currency, ready to "make happy" Russia. One forget that these hundreds of billions - taken away from us with the sweat and blood ... Passed in August 1990 VIII International Congress on the fight against crime especially drew the attention of the fact that in the 90 years expected major offensive on the international mafia state especially poorly protected will suffer economically and legally. "Already today, - stated in the document of the Congress - the income of the international mafia is almost 2/3 of the GNP (Gross National Product) of all countries of the world." Begin speculation companies, people, resources, and active implementation of "Octopus" in the bodies of power and administration of these countries, blackmail people hunger, armed conflict, epidemics, and so on. D. We must be ready to fight against the harsh, UN experts say.

Special processing, the document says, will be subjected to the youth and children. The goal: to destroy the family and turn it into an obedient herd. The task should be carried out through TV, print and sexual exploitation of children. Promotes the so-called "rock music", homosexuality and lesbianism, sexual relations of children and parents ...

We now turn to a more specific area of our lives - namely, to create a "state of law", and look at some of the laws of the USSR, recently adopted by the Supreme Council.

The main and fundamental law - it is property law that came into force on 1 July 1990. Property Law in the USSR establishes three types of property: private, collective and state. The common thread through all kinds of ownership goes the idea of equity investments in unlimited amounts (art. 7, para. 3). Social status is determined by the thickness of the pocket. If we compare the hundreds of billions of foreign and our "shadow" mafia-wage worker of the USSR, it would be clear to anyone opens the arms of the position of Art. 1, para. 2, which refers to the freedom "of any economic or other activity" all individuals and organizations, including foreign ones. As permitted unrestricted hiring of labor by foreign firms, but the profit and export of raw materials is limited, not 95% as previously, and 80% in the said Decree SNK on November 23, 1920. The labor income recorded amount of shares, dividends, inheritance, securities and "other sources" (profit of sleight of hand, in the words of Ostap Bender). Counting obviously on morons, Art. 6 (at p. 2) explains the "other sources" "personal capacity". Who has a lot of money - that is capable of. All other law allows to bend back to "can."

It is widely given to the concept of ownership of the object. They are home, land, mineral resources, transport, means of production, securities, items of material and spiritual production, and even ... flora and fauna.

Collective ownership so disguised in the law, it is difficult to guess for whom it is intended eventually. According to the text of the article - it is alleged, commonwealth "fox" Soviet, "wolves" and foreign "hares" - producers. A sort of dinner together.

However, Art. 12 clearly stated that the provision of "collective ownership" is determined by its cash contribution to the company. If the deposit is \$ 100, and the corresponding social worker's weight, and if the 3 billion - and weight as expected. The cooperative enterprise social status is defined "contribution and income" (v. 13), employee (employee) - a man of second grade, he was on the basis of the Law on Cooperatives just a slave and profit does not handle. The joint-stock company status depends on the amount of shares (Art. 15). As you can see, the main thing - it's money, no matter how obtained, and work - this appendage for "incapable" (. As rightly noted above Article 6, paragraph 2.). P6 calculations of our "foremen of perestroika" (Ministry of Finance, the State Planning Commission, the State Statistics Committee and others) is expected more than 25 million unemployed people, tens of millions of refugees, millions of repressed. And all this is called "pay-per-restructuring" to "ability" to successfully recruit labor for "incapable", that is, 280 million Russians. But the main root of hypocrisy lies in the fact that these same people would rob their work by the so-called voluntary-compulsory contributions to the enterprise funds from their meager wages. Due to this "fund" the owner will revolutionize your company, the employee - to build housing, grant benefits, pensions, but it seems like all this "deed of gift", the owner mercy.

Any attempt to change the terms of the law by law (Art. 33, 34) severely punished. However, the law is no legal protection for wage earners. Thus, according to generally accepted international standards (ILO), 70% of the profit goes to pay the manufacturer, 20% - in the enterprise development fund, 10% - local and central government taxes. It is no accident that in the US wage is 3-4 thousand dollars a month, and we have - 300 rubles at best: the salary shall be issued only ... five to seven percent, and 9/10 goes to the so-called public funds, the target the direction of which in 70 years no one has found, for the exact calculations of our economists and even overseas, everyone in the Soviet Union pays for public funds for the two years of work. If you get 300 rubles, every month you withdraw 2,700 rubles, plus income and indirect taxes. Genghis Khan with his ten percent yasykom (tribute) now seems a benefactor of the Russian people as compared to the Khans of the XX century.

Or another mystery. The Minister of Finance could not answer the deputies what the real cost of living in the Soviet Union. In the United States it - 12 thousand dollars. In Switzerland - 16 thousand. Even for the less developed countries of Africa and Asia, the United Nations has established (as of 1 January 1990) subsistence level of \$ 1,000 per year, below which should not fall any family. If the government, for objective reasons can not provide such families, the United Nations assists through its public funds. Objective factors are considered in international law of war, epidemics, natural disasters. If there is no objective reason, the government is to blame, and it bears full international responsibility. He may refuse to international trust and violation of human rights, boycott.

In the USSR, according to Goskomstat household receives 9.6 thousand dollars a year. This bullshit "cook" so. Take the "average" man and wife, multiplied by their average income is 250 rubles for two persons - 500 rubles. Then multiply the total by 12 months - 6000 - and translate into dollar ratio of 0.6, thus obtaining an average of 9000 dollars a year for a family. In fact, in real dollar terms at market prices, the average person in the USSR receives 300 rubles: 15-20 dollars per year or \$ 15 multiplied by 12 = \$ 180. 98% of the USSR's population lives below the international poverty line, equal to \$ 1,000 per year.

In close connection with the law on the property are also regulations on the so-called privatization of state property (tenancy laws on small enterprises, joint-stock companies,

joint ventures), as well as laws on the single taxation of citizens and businesses, acts on land use, etc. . They can not be viewed in isolation. The main essence of these laws is the right to establish on the territory of the USSR foreign consortia, associations, corporations and other associations with a view to long-term lease of land, natural and natural resources, enterprises, buildings, structures (Art. 5 and 12 of the law on leases). According to the law on property leased objects can then be given possession of the property and the tenants. In accordance with Section XIV of the Fundamentals of land legislation of the USSR, the Government may enter into international agreements to bypass the land law that prohibits selling land to foreigners directly. This right is enshrined in the Law of the USSR on the conclusion of the procedure, execution and denunciation of international treaties of the USSR, dated July 6, 1978 (art. 6, 12, 13, 15). In short, through international agreements without the approval of the Supreme Council, you can get around to the rear and the law of the land and other open wide the way for uncontrolled plundering of natural and natural resources of the Russian people. Sort of an international corporation operating resources of Russia ... For bypassing parliaments of the USSR and RSFSR signed a major deal on the transfer of land and the Eastern and Western Siberia resources, to seize gold and diamonds in Yakutia and the Far East. Not by chance in some quarters exaggerated idea of "unfair" supplies to the Russian people in Siberia and the northern lands. That, they say, on the Japanese islands boring 100 million, and in the USSR vast empty land area. Human values, say, above the national values! Europe and Asia - our common home. But how much of the total going to take home to the Russian people the universal internationalists? In any home, as there are not only living, but also to the toilet.

In this context, alarming, and the so-called national and regional sovereignty of the RSFSR. Is he connected with the purpose of these laws? I remember a secret document signed by Lord Bertie, 1918 in Paris: "No more Russia! She collapsed, disappeared idol in the person of the Emperor and religion, which connected different nations of the Orthodox faith. Unless we manage to achieve independence buffer states bordering Germany to the east, t. E. Finland, Poland, Estonia, Ukraine and so on. D., And how much they neither managed to fabricate, then, in my opinion, the rest can be cleaned to line and stew in their own juice. "

Worse, if today and the "rest" will not give even a "stew in its own juice", and boil the juice of ecological devastation and human extinction in the territory of the former is already the so-called Russian.

Candidate of Legal Sciences A. Tsikunov (Kuzmich)

Note. Reprinted with minor cuts from the newspaper "Resurrection" №4, October 1990 After this publication, the editor of the newspaper "Resurrection" was dismissed from his post.

APPENDIX 5 Of BUSINESS NEWSPAPER WORLD the FINANCIAL the TIMES Who is right RUSSIA

«Financial Times» International newspaper business on November 1, 1996 published a long article entitled "The Moscow group of seven", which gives a description of the

patient closest to the president and most powerful Russian politicians. From left to right are placed the photo: Deputy. Secretary of National Security, the host "Cherokee" and ORT - Boris Berezovsky; the former head and current Uneximbank first prime minister - Vladimir Potanin; head of MOST-Bank, NTV owner and publishing house "Seven Days" - Vladimir Gusinsky; head of the presidential administration and director of the privatization programs - Anatoly Chubais; Yeltsin's own daughter and companion of Chubais - Tatyana Dyachenko (according to Berezovsky, it is "the most effective communication channel with the President"). The group also includes (their pictures are not reproduced): President fininsovoy Corporation Menatep and "oil empire" - Mikhail Khodorkovsky; Head of Capital Bank - Alexander Smolensky; heads of ALPHA BANK - Pyotr Aven and Mikhail Fridman. Enterprises of dealers, according to the newspaper, together control about 50% of the entire Russian economy. Noteworthy is also the fact that all of the bankers (except Potanin) are included in the leading circles of the Russian Jewish Congress (RJC), which is headed by Vladimir Gusinsky. Among the politicians who are close to the chosen seven, named Grigory Yavlinsky, Gaidar and Valentin Kovalev.

Source: «Financial Times», 1/11/1996

APPENDIX 6

Euro against the dollar?

European Union countries want to re-organize its representation in the IMF in order to gain power, similar to the one that has the United States. EU Commissioner for economic and monetary policy Pedro Solbes calls on governments of 15 countries to give up their seats in the fund management and nominate a single representative of the EU. The idea of Solbes will allow the EU to obtain more than 15% of the votes in the IMF Manual, which will block the right of veto on important decisions - for example, to provide loans to countries experiencing financial and economic difficulties. Today, the United States, in which 17.2% of the vote, is the only shareholder of the Fund, having the right of veto. Several times they used it, limiting the allocation of resources, and thus showed the international financial institutions their power.

The EU has no such opportunity. In total, the EU 34% of the vote, but they are distributed between the nine delegations voting independently. Germany, Britain and France are at one place, the other EU countries included in blocks with countries that are not members of the union. Most votes has Germany among European countries (6%), but it is substantially less than 15%, necessary in order to block any solution. Voices in the IMF manual distributed in accordance with the country's share in the fund's capital. In theory, a country can borrow an amount up to three times its share in the capital of the IMF. But in practice, the fund in recent years, gave a much larger amount of Asian and Latin American countries, where the crisis erupted.

If the EU will reshuffle their voices, their number is greatly reduced from the current 34% and, accordingly, reduced the amount that the countries of the Union will be able to borrow. Director of the Institute for International Economics Fred Bergsten believes the proposal Solbes good idea. "One country should not rule the world, and it [equalization of influence] is already taking place in trade", - he says. Before Solbes, however, it is not an easy task: it is possible that Germany and the United Kingdom will not want to give up their seats, and the United States the idea of visiting an equal partner in power hardly will appeal.

In the beginning was the ECU, but failed. Many believe that Soros attacked in 1992 a pound, on the basis of which it is assumed the ECU and buried the idea of the common European currency at the time.

It is also said that the Chinese, who from the activities of the Soros made conclusions, destroyed it when trying to derail in 1997, the Hong Kong dollar. After that Soros became disillusioned with globalization and wrote a very emotional book.

After ECU Europeans went to the single currency in its present form. On the euro it was made by the US and the players under their control (NATO, global speculators) a sufficient number of attacks. Overall, however, Europe was ready and, despite the euro collapses after Yugoslavia and Kosovo, introduced euro cash confident enough.

The news, which was the beginning of an episode for this thread, in my personal opinion confirms the stability of the EU's position in relation to the US in a difficult and multifaceted conflict euro and the dollar.

Let's think. world currency status, no less important and stronger than the dollar, the euro does not acquire only what will serve the EU market (the most capacious in the world) that the euro will replace the dollar of the CEE countries, the euro denominated an increasing number of long-term bonds that may be, a number of important countries (China, maybe and Russia, and others.) translate their reserves, or part thereof, in euro.

To become a truly global currency, the euro needs to be wedged in the transfer operations carried out major levers of globalization. A process, i.e. globalization made count of the Bretton Woods Agreements were adopted when the initial strategic decisions in this area and set up the basic "organs of globalization" - the WTO, IMF, WB.

With this approach, the EU attempt to set at least as a lesser degree of control over the IMF than it is today, Americans can be seen just as a sign that the euro has successfully passed the stage of implementation in cash circulation, the euro extended to the CEE countries, North Africa and the former franc zone no serious concerns in the EU leadership and it intends to implement a series of steps to a sharp increase in its presence in the United States is now controlled by these global organizations.

IMF - a very good example. Perhaps the talk of the town is exceptional dependence IMF management decisions on the will of the USA. And here, on this important point of American global influence, holding his attack Europe. It would be unwise to assume that there is "a struggle between two worlds" are in another - the geopolitical and geo-economic expediency. Will and voltage America strategic thought of the IMF is very profitable tool was created. Third countries are encouraged IMF th to ensure that the Fund take loans on average by 7-15% per annum.

It is worth to note that, according to statistics published by the United Nations on a regular basis, the average growth rate in the third countries of 2-3% per year. In such a situation becomes problematic not just the payment of loans, and even their service. In more plain language this is called a debt trap. Third countries are forced again to take new loans, so the demand for dollars is generated in which the Fund's loans are issued.

With geo-economic point of view of "globalization", if we use the term - it is a struggle for resources. In the case of the IMF in Europe we are fighting for the very significant resources, which are also badly needed America in its current situation.

Necessarily, in one form or another, we should expect aggressive European initiatives and in relation to other global organizations.

We must not forget that the Federal Reserve - a private US corporation, albeit very specific, as received from around the world monopoly revenue by issuing currency the world's only superpower, as well as through debt issuance this superpower.

For example, the Federal Reserve in 2001, a net profit of \$ 31.87 billion.. Among them was transferred to the US Treasury of \$ 27.14 billion... Basically profit Fed was formed at the expense of transactions with government securities of \$ 30.54 billion.. This is stated in the official materials of the Fed. But realistically, the Fed makes more money - just difficult for us to count the benefits of walking dollar is America, and the data for obvious reasons, the Fed does not publish.

Interestingly, when such income on the same data, operating expenses 12 regional reserve banks within the Federal Reserve, in the last year amounted to \$ 1.78 billion.. Very effective corporation! But its director, Alan Greenspan, is to be held in high esteem among the major shareholders of the Federal Reserve - a number of the largest US banks.

And just because the Fed - a purely American company, not an international organization, such light formal reason as in the case with the IMF in Europe is not.

Fed's weakness lies in its strength - the dollar. The threat of the dollar as a global currency - this is a threat to the Federal Reserve and its role in America.

Nikolai von Kreytor
Source: www.whiteworld.ru

APPENDIX 7

ISHR - International Society for Human Rights

Internationale Gesellschaft filer Menschenrechte
International Society for Human Rights
Societe Internationale pour les Droits de I'Homme
Sociedad internacional para los Derechos Humanos

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APPEAL

"On the usurping Zionist mafia state law issue in Russian rubles"

During the "perestroika" in Russia swept unprecedented inflation. Now inflation is creeping on the sly, slowly, because everything mainly through inflation already looted. The official media disinformation, under the control of the Zionist mafia, reasons for coming up with a lot of inflation: irregularities in the economy, structural adjustment, errors in the administration of the country and other misleading layman version.

In fact, the main cause of inflation - is the criminal activities of the international Zionist financial mafia. The essence of the crime of the Zionist financial mafia is simple to the limit. This ordinary counterfeiting. The money is printed. Brazen print, shamelessly, in unison, as they should be. In America, the Zionist Mafia prints dollars. In Russia, the same Zionist mafia prints rubles. Now Europe is finally Zionists took control over almost all European countries, to dissolve the national currency, and will now be brazenly print euros. Zionists (globalists) usurped power in the independent nation states of Europe, setting the financial framework for the establishment of a "new world order". At the time, the head of the Zionist Rothschild said: "I do not care who rules the State. Give me the ability to manage the financial system of the State, and I'll manage these leaders. "

What is it money? Money is a means of assessing any values: goods, works and services. If kilogram dumbbells - this means the weight assessment, the money - a means of assessing values. monetary assessment procedure similar to the procedure of weighing the weight on the scales. On one side of the scales

- Goods, works and services in physical units (pieces, tons, meters, kilowatts, etc..), On the other side of the scale

- Money (dollars, rubles, pounds, etc.).

Suppose at some point in time the total amount of money issue totaled 3 trillion. Rub. Imagine that during the calendar month when the volume of goods and services remained virtually unchanged, the central bank prints more 3 trillion. Rub. What will happen? Libra and they have the scale. Since the volume of goods and services has not changed, and the money supply has doubled, the prices are roughly increase by 2 times. In other words, inflation will be 100%.

Thus the financial mafia steals every citizen of the country half of the funds that had been in the pocket, in the Savings Bank or in a glass jar. Steal silently, without the oversight of a knife to her throat, no shots, no physical violence. So works the Zionist financial mafia. To dare is to do, it is necessary to seize mafia right to print money. And then these from the air to make money to buy everything and everyone. And all the Russian and non-Russian lackeys who guard for money Zionist masters and all the corrupt government officials who serve for the money of the Zionist mafia.

Inflation and economic crises are not the cause of something. They are a means of capturing the Zionist power and property. Inflation and crises throughout the Zionists created intentionally.

The US central bank (called the Federal Reserve System) - is not a state organization and the private office of the Zionist mafia. Fighting the Zionist mafia to seize the Central Bank of the United States waged a long and hard. 3 presidents were killed: A.Linkoln, U.Mak Kin Lee, John F. Kennedy. McFadden was assassinated congressman and brother of President Kennedy - Robert Kennedy. There were two attempts on the Vice-President

Jackson and Secretary of State Seward. On this battle is described in detail in the book by Ralph Epperson - "invisible hand." A few quotes from the book:

Thomas Jefferson stated: "If the American people ever allow private banks to control the dollar issue, first by inflation, then - deflation, the banks and corporations that will grow around such Central Bank, will deprive people of property as long as their children do not wake up homeless on the land which their fathers conquered "(Ch. 12).

In 1816, Thomas Jefferson wrote to John Taylor made one more attempt to warn the American people: "I believe that banking institutions are more dangerous to our liberties than standing armies. They have already created an aristocracy of money, which in nothing puts the government. It should be away from the banks authorized to issue and return them to the government, to which they belong by right. "

In the election campaign in 1912 the 26th US President Theodore Roosevelt said, "Behind the visible government invisible government is sitting on a throne that is not in the least do not trust people and does not bear any responsibility. Destruction of this invisible government, the destruction of the godless ties between corrupt businessmen and corrupt politicians - that is the task of a statesman "(p. 47).

But one of the results of the economic crisis. After the crisis in the US in 1929 the distribution of property and money change abrupt way in favor of the Zionist oligarchy. About 16 000 US banks went bankrupt. 100 14 100 banks (less than 1%) steel to control more than 50% of US banking assets. 14 big banks began to hold 25% of deposits. Here you have a crisis. Someone grief, someone fabulous profits.

In 1982, the US government was due to the Federal Reserve System (the Zionist financial mafia) 1070241000 000 \$. For this duty US taxpayers paid the Zionists in the form of interest 115 billion. Only \$ per year.

In 1992, the US national debt was for 5 000 000 000 000 plus interest. Accordingly, the increased taxes. While the Central Bank reduced the cost to purchase ink and pay US \$ printers (p. 42). Such people have the audacity bezpredelnoy can not. These qualities can be possessed only by the Zionist Mafia - the children of the devil (John 8:44).

In Russia, the capture of the Zionist Central Bank went unnoticed by the sound of the Zionist mafia misinformation about democracy, human rights, rule of law. Now on TV quietly pass such gems: "The Russian government has taken loan of the Central Bank in the amount of ...". To what obscurantism we have lived. Wow, the government takes a loan from the Central Bank. But who is he, the Central Bank? This Zionist state within the Russian state. Who allowed them to usurp the right to print rubles? As the state has reached that takes money in the form of a loan from an illegal office, which prints money out of thin air? And then the whole state (as in the US) remains in the astronomical debt to this criminal Zionist offices dealing with counterfeiting.

If we recall, in Russia during the "perestroika" Zionist Mafia has printed an astronomical amount of rubles. More recently, the account went into millions of rubles. You do not remember? Then this mafia held denomination of money and cut three zeros, and instead were thousands of millions of rubles. Remember this? But these zeros anywhere in the air is not flown. Zionist mafia published this insane amount of rubles and appropriated them for himself. Someone they bought up all the astronomical state property of the former USSR, and in fact state property - it is also money, only in material terms. And that the property belonged to the people. And it stole the Zionist Mafia. We all stole. Each climbed into his pocket. This blatant and criminal violation of

the right of everyone. During the early years of "perestroika" Zionists have stolen from the people all his savings. All of the money savings that workers have accumulated in my entire life, suddenly transformed into nothing.

About how many Zionist mafia printed rubles for the "perestroika" in Russia, no official data is not given to the people. But the scale of the printed money out of thin air, you can roughly estimate based on the extent of inflation, as the inflation rate is proportional to the growth of the money supply printed. For a rough estimate we can take the increase in prices of any standard products. For example, take such an important product like bread. Before "perestroika" a loaf of black bread cost 18 kopecks. Now there is about 6 rubles. Given the denomination and the reduction of three zeros is not 6 rubles and 6,000 rubles in old rubles. Section 6 000 rubles. 18 kopecks. We get the rise in bread prices in 33 000 times. That is, the Zionist Mafia has printed money in about 30 000 times more than was the total amount of money to the "perestroika". This assessment certainly rough, but in the absence of official data, it allows you to imagine the magnitude of the offense about. And because someone became the owner of the astronomical volume of money printed out of thin air. And that someone is the same amount robbed the country.

At the dawn of the first appearance of such money could not be in principle. The first coins were money or silver, or gold. They were unaffected inflation, since their real value was determined by their own quality and own weight (see. Illustration on p. 163). Then, instead of silver or gold coins began to issue paper money, paper money but these were clear gold or silver software. That is, paper money had fixed gold or silver equivalent, and at any time a citizen could exchange paper money for the appropriate amount of gold or silver coins. Under these conditions before releasing a new volume of paper money in the amount of the cost, for example, 10 tons of gold, the state was the 10 tonnes of gold to produce and put on the market. Otherwise I would newly issued paper money would not be provided.

Once the Jewish financial oligarchy has made the abolition of guarantee paper money, the opportunity of easy enrichment and stealing of citizens.

Today's dollars, rubles and euro does not provide. According to him there are no guarantees and no one from the government is not responsible to the people for their ups and downs.

Look at the foreign exchange rates. What determines the dollar against the ruble? Economy? The pace of growth? The level of production efficiency? Nothing of the sort. In the US, the Zionist mafia-print paper dollars, in Russia - the same international Zionist mafia-print paper rubles. No material support (gold, precious metals and so on. D.) Or US dollars or for a long time have not rubles. There are only two groups of papers that have a different amount of emissions. And then there is a market demand and supply. If it is necessary to lift the dollar against the ruble, then it does not cost anything to take. You just have to reprint more rubles. And all this is done strictly in concert, directed by the Zionist center. You see how everything is simple. This they called monetarism.

Now the Zionist mafia usurped the right to print paper-euro. There were a third world currency and a third center of world emissions. Now they can set any desired them to exchange rates. It is very important to them, as the dollar is actually - the same unreliable piece of paper, as well as the ruble. But now they can maintain a rate of dollar bills at any height. While the real value of the dollar is decreasing, despite its higher rate

against the ruble. Now, the Zionist Mafia has taken away from the European countries and financial and political independence. This they called globalism.

But all these dollar, ruble and evropiramidy can not last long. If not for the "perestroika", due to which the United States pumped to Russia in exchange for a green paper real resources amounting to more than 150 billion. Dollars, the dollar would already have collapsed. The advent of the euro has delayed the death of the dollar. But all this while. After Europe, they will have to move Nacula. In China no one let the Zionists. Sooner or later break out the global financial crisis with such force that its effects are worse than the explosion of atomic bombs in 1000. The only way out of this impasse Zionists see the outbreak of World War III. In war everything can be written off, you will not find the guilty. That is what they are doing now under the false slogan of fighting terrorism.

The Zionist Mafia (now calling themselves globalists) - this is an international terrorist number 1. And Towers bombings in the US - it is their handiwork. That it suits them, no one else. That is why the criminal Zionist US government yesterday bombed Yugoslavia, today probombilo Afghanistan and fueling the war between Pakistan and India. Tomorrow want to bomb everyone and everything, placing its military bases already in the territory of the former USSR. If we do not stop World War III, then it has a chance to survive the horrors of the only China and it is a very big issue. The globalists are dealing to the complete destruction of civilization on Earth.

We are not going to wait for the global crisis and the Third World War. We do not want to live in this underworld! These crimes of the Zionist mafia should be positive

WE DEMAND:

1. Make the Central Bank of Russia (CBR) status of a fully state-owned enterprise.
2. Put the CBR activities under the full control of the Government of the Federation Council and the State Duma of the Federal Assembly of the Russian Federation and under public control.
3. Full transparency and accountability in the work of the Central Bank of the Russian Federation. People are entitled to know the full volume of the issue rubles. This directly affects the interests and rights of every citizen of Russia. Each new issue of unsecured rubles - this stolen money from the pocket of every citizen.
4. Ensure that the ruble in gold, precious metals and other tangible assets.
5. Bring to justice all the leaders of the Central Bank of Russia and other officials involved in financial fraud criminal CBR, including Yeltsin, Chubais, Gaidar, Chernomyrdin, Livshits et al.
6. Create a state commission to investigate the criminal acts of the Russian Federation Central Bank for the period of "perestroika" to determine the number of printed rubles from the air, where they were sent and that they were purchased. Acquired by means of these "fake" rubles property confiscated by the state.
7. Banish from Russia US dollar, euro and other foreign currencies.

President of the Russian National Human Rights Section

International Society for Human Rights

VS Baryshenko

ANNEX 8

DOLLAR Caputo

What is money? This government bill for which the government should be held accountable. But there is a bill of exchange and private companies, individuals. This is not money. If a private person (legal or natural) has a positive image, credibility, balance, his bills are accepted at various financial transactions. But if that person - is bankrupt, his bills are not wanted. And who will start the first of their market, one can even get that. But the past does not get anything.

And who is responsible for the buck, who prints it?

For the dollar does not meet anyone, since in 1976 the US Congress decided to lift the United States responsible for the seemingly its national currency. This is due to the fact that in 1976, came to power in France, the Socialists decided to exchange all the dollars in France on the US gold. But while these dollars sailed over the Atlantic Ocean, and Congress took the decision to withdraw from the US government's responsibility for the maintenance of the dollar. Since then, the value of US \$ 100 bills equal to the value of its manufacturing plant at 30 cents. And we offer for 2500 rubles, that is, 8000 times more expensive. Thus, for the acquisition of the plant in the Russian Federation in the \$ 1 million is enough in the US to print 10,000 hundred-dollar bills, "ex-factory price" is equal to \$ 3,000, and the plant is purchased. The very right to print paper dollars and permission to electronic dollars belongs to a private company called "The US Federal Reserve (Fed)," the founders and the holders of which are the 7 major US private banks, which are also members of the International Monetary Fund (IMF). But the IMF is the same private shop, though it is the IMF and determines exchange rates, including the euro and the dollar, and not some kind of exchange. When they decide to dollar devaluation of the ruble devaluation example at the beginning of the restructuring in 6000 again, which took place under the direct supervision of the IMF? The US itself is interested in this, to reduce the external debt of the USA, the threshold is passed by the US Congress in the \$ 9 trillion, because the appearance of the US government debt that the Fed (ie the IMF) over 7 trillion dollars, equivalent of about 5, 5 trillion euros. When the dollar devaluation in 6000 times US foreign debt of 5.5 trillion euros will turn into about 1 billion euros. This can make the United States itself.

Recently, China has threatened to devalue the dollar, throwing out the foreign exchange market all cash dollars in China if the United States refuses to participate in the 2008 Olympics in Beijing. So why is so far the dollar has not collapsed? Because it will destroy all the accounts in US dollars, which are available, including all of our high-ranking officials and oligarchs. In this they support the dollar by buying its billions every day on the currency markets for public money, by sending 400 billion. RF Stabilization Fund in US banks, ahead of paying debts to the IMF by buying shares of Western companies, forgiving all debts. And all this at the expense of the money seized from the people. That is, we will pay the US war in Iraq, which annually costs 400 billion.

These are "partners" in Putin's anti-terrorism, which, like Hitler in 1941, promotes its troops, missiles in neighboring with Russia territory are brought to power in the color revolutions in the United States and money that are open hostile policy of Russia. And the US government does not conceal its aggressive intentions towards Russia. George Bush and Vladimir Putin said: "I hope that you will have the same democratic country like Iraq." Therefore, the actions of the current regime in Russia - about the same as the

Soviet government in 1941 to invest in the development of the industry of Nazi Germany. A people "hang noodles on the ears" that there is no money for pensions, allowances, medicines, housing, major repairs, etc. As the US and NATO - the Russian partners in the fight against terrorism, although the most important is the US terrorist and George Bush - Hitler modernity: the same aspiration to establish a "New World Order" called "globalization." And the main aggressor is a dollar that our citizens have in their pockets, stockings, banks, etc. Before they decide to bring down the dollar, they are transferred to the euro. And you will not tell. After all, the euro, as the dollar is completely under the control of the IMF.

Run to change dollars for euros, it is too late.

Russian analytical center

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