

Muhammad Wolfgang G. A. Schmidt

A Learner's Chinese-English Dictionary

Covering the Entire Vocabulary for all the Six Levels
of the Chinese Language Proficiency Exam

汉英词典

汉语水平考试词汇

漢英詞典

漢語水平考試詞彙

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Some General Remarks On This Dictionary

This is a small, concise dictionary covering all the essential vocabulary for all the six levels of the Chinese Language Proficiency exam (HSK) in Mainland China. It covers about 5000 Chinese word entries required for all these six levels and thus is limited in scope of lexical coverage with an intent to serve to specially serve those foreign learners of Chinese preparing for any of the six levels of that Chinese Language Proficiency exam. The table below indicates the number of word entries (lexical items) to master which are required for each level of that exam:

<i>HSK Exam Level</i>	<i>Number of Lexical Items required</i>
Level 1	150
Level 2	150
Level 3	300
Level 4	600
Level 5	1300
Level 6	2500
<i>Total Amount of Lexical Items required</i>	<u>5000</u>

Foreign learners of Chinese preparing for any of the six levels of the HSK certainly will welcome a dictionary that has been compiled to merely serve this purpose as it might help them to concentrate on Chinese word entries needed for each of the HSK exam levels.

A unique feature of this dictionary that it also lists the composite parts of a Chinese word entry following the word base part; e.g. a Chinese word entry like 中国 *zhōngguó* with 中 *zhōng* as the *word base* and the first syllable and character of a word entry and its *composite part* 国 *guó* will list the English meaning definitions of the composite part(s) following the main word entry 中 or 中国 in the dictionary. The intention behind this arrangement of word entries is to save time in looking up such composite parts under other respective word entries and to provide a deeper insight into the meaning structure of a polysyllabic Chinese word entry.

The Chinese word entries covered in this dictionary include information on simplified and traditional character variants, the pronunciation of the Chinese characters pertaining to such word entries according to the conventions of the Hanyu Pinyin system and their respective English meaning definitions. The latter are by far more comprehensive than those given in other wordlists for each level of the HSK exam, the latter of which seem to be mere English glossaries rather than comprehensive dictionary word entries.

Chinese word entries in this dictionary are arranged alphabetically in their order of sequence, based of their Latin transcription according to the Hanyu Pinyin transcription system. Two Chinese Character indices at the back of the book, one for simplified Chinese characters and another one for their traditional character equivalents enable the user to look up unknown Chinese word entries even when the Pinyin pronunciation of

the of the same is unknown. Chinese character entries in the indices are arranged in their order of sequence listing according to their respective number of strokes with the respective Hanyu Pinyin pronunciation given for each. These pronunciation hints will enable the user to look up an unknown Chinese word entry in the alphabetically arranged dictionary part of the book.

To make the most of the use of this book, the reader should be fairly well acquainted with the conventions of the Latin-based Hanyu Pinyin transcription system which is international standard for the transcription of Chinese words worldwide these days, with the basic strokes of the Chinese script system and the way to count them.

And now good luck in your endeavours to learn and master the language of a great ancient culture!

August 2016

THE COMPILER

Introduction

1. We will first explain how the word entries in this dictionary are arranged and how to work with this dictionary. Look at the sample extract from the dictionary below to learn more about the arrangement of Chinese word entries and their English meaning definitions:

NOTES ON HOW TO WORK WITH THIS DICTIONARY

Pinyin Alphabet Symbol according to which Chinese word entries are sorted according to the Latin transcription of the Hanyu Pinyin system

**Word
Base
Entry**

**Com-
posite
part
of the
word
entry**

哦 哦 ō ◇ {interjection} oh!
(used to express understanding, or a sudden realization, etc.)

欧洲欧洲 Ōuzhōu ◇ Europe
欧 欧 Ōu ◇ {phonetic} Europe
◇ {unit of electrical resistance} Ohm
◇ Ou (surname)

洲 洲 zhōu ◇ continent ◇ islet,
sandbar

殴打殴打 ōudǎ ◇ beat, hit (people)
殴 殴 ōu ◇ beat, hit (people)
打 打 dǎ ◇ strike, hit, beat ◇
break, smash, wreck ◇ batter, attack, fight ◇
come into contact with, deal with (as in dǎ jiāo-
dao 打交道 "have dealings with") ◇ build,
construct ◇ forge (like a knife) ◇ pack (like
luggage) ◇ apply (like paint) ◇ make (like a
phone call) ◇ remove (as in the medical term
dǎchóng 打虫 "deworm") ◇ knit, weave
◇ take/board (a train, plane) ◇ take/get/hire
(a taxi) ◇ ladle, fetch (like porridge, water) ◇
hunt/catch (as in dǎ yú 打鱼 "catch fish")
◇ shoot (with a fire-arm) ◇ collect, gather

**Latin transcription accord-
ing to the Hanyu Pinyin
system**

(like firewood) ◇ draft (a document, estimate,
etc.) ◇ do (like odd jobs) ◇ label as, charge
with ◇ fight (a war, battle) ◇ play (a game,
sport) ◇ buy ◇ be about, concern ◇ {collo-
quial} (used like cóng 從/从) from; (used like
cóng 從/从... qǐ 起) beginning at...

**Simplified
Character
Version**

偶尔偶尔 ǒu'ěr ◇ occasionally, once
in a while, now and then

**Tradition-
al Character Ver-
sion**

偶 偶 ǒu ◇ idol, image (made
of wood, clay, etc.) ◇ even (number)
◇ match, pair ◇ spouse ◇ accidental,
occasional, fortuitous ◇ Ou (surname)
尔 尔 ěr ◇ you; your ◇ like
this/that ◇ this/that ◇ only, merely,
just ◇ (used to transliterate final /r/ in
foreign loan-word syllables)
偶然偶然 ǒurán ◇ accidental, fortu-
itous, by chance, contingent, random,
casual
偶像偶像 ǒuxiàng ◇ {figurative}
idol ◇ (clay or wooden) idol

English meaning definitions

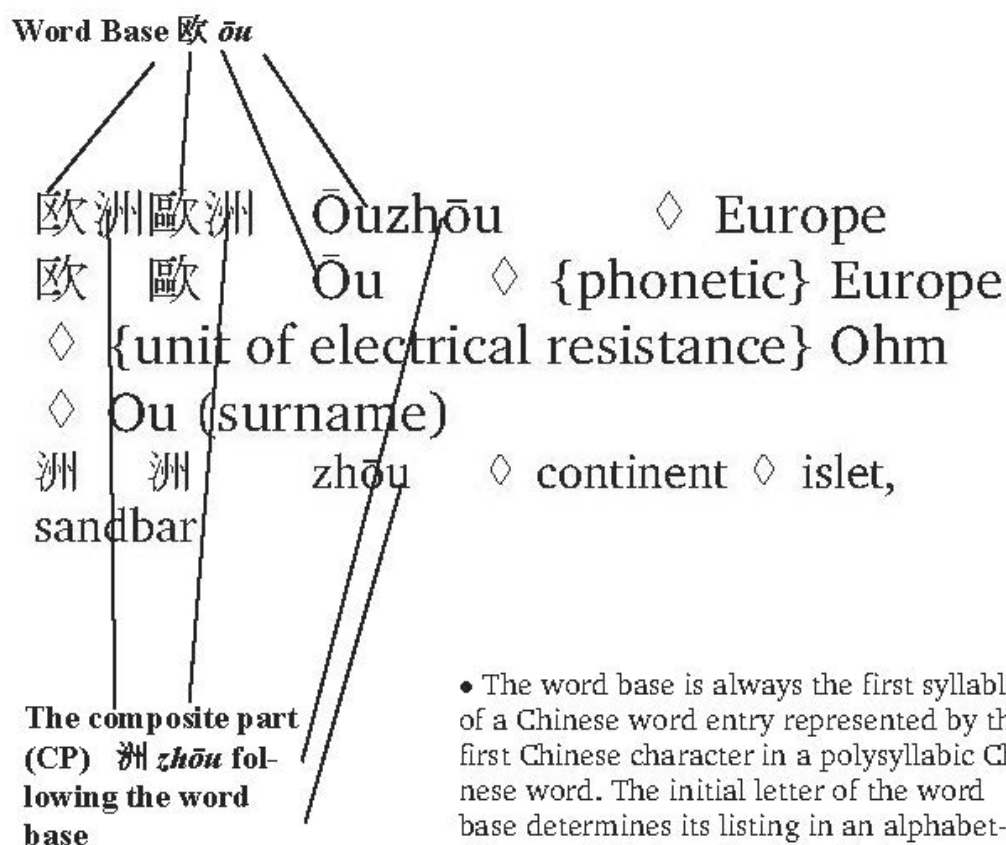
The following details are noteworthy:

1.1 Most words of contemporary Chinese consist of at least two syllables or sometimes more than two syllables. Normally, each syllable corresponds exactly to a single character; thus bisyllabic words are represented by two characters in written Chinese, words with three syllables by three characters, etc. Then, Chinese words are grouped according to the initial (letter) of the first syllable according to the Latin transcription of the Hanyu Pinyin system that is used in this dictionary.

For practical description purposes, we call the first syllable of a Chinese word entry its *word base* (WB) and the remaining syllable parts of such a word entry its *composite parts* (CP). For example, in case of the Chinese word entry 欧洲 Ōuzhōu "Europe", 欧 Ōu is the word base (WB), and as its initial in sound is "ōu", it is listed under O in this dictionary that is using Latin transcription of the Hanyu Pinyin system to sort the

order of Chinese word entries in this dictionary. For further details, see another sample extract from the Chinese dictionary below:

WORD BASE OF A CHINESE WORD ENTRY AND ITS COMPOSITE PARTS



- The word base is always the first syllable of a Chinese word entry represented by the first Chinese character in a polysyllabic Chinese word. The initial letter of the word base determines its listing in an alphabetically sorted Chinese-English dictionary arranging Chinese word entries according to the Hanyu Pinyin system.
- The composite parts always follow the word base of a Chinese word entry and are represented by the second, third Chinese character of such a word entry respectively. In this edition, composite parts of any word entries are printed in smaller typeface at the end of a Chinese word entry.

Likewise, in case of a Chinese word entry like 欧洲人 *ōuzhōurén* “a European (person)”, we have 欧 *ōu* as the word base of this Chinese word entry and two composite parts, namely 洲 *zhōu* and 人 *rén*, respectively. Composite parts of a Chinese word entry are given below the main part(s) of a Chinese word entry in this dictionary as outlined in the dictionary sample extract above with respect to 洲 *zhōu*.

1.2 Chinese characters have simplified and traditional character forms. For a Chinese word entry in this dictionary, simplified forms are given and followed by its corresponding traditional character forms. In many individual cases, simplified and tradi-

tional character forms do not differ; in that case, the character forms for the simplified and traditional character forms are the same:

**Simplified Character
Version Listing**

**Traditional Character
Version Listing**

偶 偶 ǒu ◇ idol, image (made of wood, clay, etc.) ◇ even (number)
◇ match, pair ◇ spouse ◇ accidental, occasional, fortuitous ◇ Ou (surname)
尔 爾 ěr ◇ you; your ◇ like this/that ◇ this/that ◇ only, merely, just ◇ (used to transliterate final /r/ in foreign loan-word syllables)

Both **character forms** do not differ in the **simplified** and **the traditional character versions** and are **therefore identical** in both of **them**.

Sometimes only a single part, either the word base part or any of the composite parts differ with respect to their simplified and traditional character forms:

The word base of this word entry (the first character of the word entry) is the same in the simplified and traditional character version listings

偶尔偶尔 ǒu'ěr ◇ occasionally, once in a while, now and then

The composite parts of this word entry (the second character of the word entry) is NOT the same in the simplified and traditional character version listings

Then, but certainly less frequently and only in some rare cases, there are instances where all parts, the word base as well as its composite parts, differ in terms of their simplified and traditional character forms; thus, character forms differ for the entire

Chinese word entry accordingly. Therefore, the user of this dictionary is advised to compare the simplified and traditional character version listings carefully in order to determine where the character forms differ and where not.

1.3 Next to the simplified and traditional Chinese character versions, their Latin transcription according to the conventions of the Hanyu Pinyin system is given, to be followed by their English meaning definitions.

Compare the dictionary sample extract below:



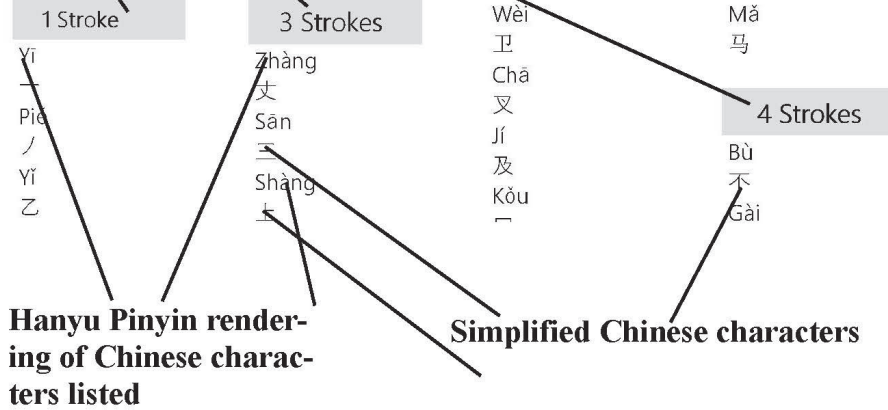
1.4 At the end of the dictionary, there are two Chinese character indices, the first one covering simplified character forms and the second covering traditional character forms respectively. These indices serve to locate Chinese word entries in the dictionary, taking the word base (that is, the first) character of a Chinese word entry as a point of reference to locate this Chinese word entry in the dictionary. Character in each of these indices are sorted according to their respective number of strokes. Once you have counted the number of strokes of the first character of the word entry, you can look it up in the appropriate index after having determined whether the character in question is given in its simplified or in its traditional form or whether there is no difference at all between the two of them.

For each character entry in the indices, its respective rendering in Latin transcription according to the conventions of the Hanyu Pinyin system are given which will enable you to look up the word entry under the respective letter heading in the dictionary part of the book.

Take a look at the sample extract from the indices on the next page:

Extract from the Simplified Chinese Character Index

Stroke Number Heading



Extract from the Traditional Chinese Character Index

Stroke Number Heading

22 Strokes

Luó
囉
Wān
彎
Zǎn
攢
Tān
攤

23 Strokes

Liàn
戀
Jiǎo
攪
Shài
曬
Xiān
纖

Hanyu Pinyin rendering
of Character entries

Traditional Chinese
Character entries

To summarize, the procedure for looking up Chinese word entries in this dictionary is as follows:

1. Determine for the first Chinese character of a word whether the same is given in its simplified or traditional form in order to know which index in this dictionary to use for looking up the word entry.
2. Count its number of strokes to look it up under the correct stroke number heading in the appropriate index at the back of the dictionary.
3. Following the Latin transcription of the Chinese character located in the appropriate index under the appropriate stroke number heading, locate the first character of the word under the appropriate letter heading in the dictionary part of the book.

For example, if you want to look up a word entry with the character 二 *èr* in this dictionary, do this:

- a. This character has the same form both in the simplified and traditional character versions and thus can be looked up in either the simplified or traditional Chinese character index of this dictionary.
- b. It is easy to determine that this character consists of two strokes; hence the character listing with the heading of two stroke characters should be consulted in either index.
- c. When doing so, you will find that the Pinyin rendering for this character is given as *èr* in the index consulted.
- d. Now look up this word entries under the letter **E** in this dictionary. Once having located it under this letter in the dictionary part of this book, you are done.

Proceed like this for all word entries you want to look up in this dictionary.

A

阿姨阿姨 āyí ◇ {colloquial} auntie (mother's sister) ◇ auntie (term of address for a woman of one's parent's generation) ◇ {Mainland usage} (in a home) nanny, nursemaid, housekeeper; (in a nursery school or kindergarten) childcare worker

阿 阿 ā ◇ {regional} dear...(name prefix, used to form terms of endearment; prefix before a kinship term) ◇ Afghanistan (short form for Āfūhàn 阿富汗) ◇ A (surname)

哎 哎 āi ◇ Hey! [expressing surprise, dissatisfaction, or to get sb's attention]

唉 唉 āi ◇ {interjection} Yes(, I hear you)! (expressing responsiveness) ◇ {interjection} Oh no! What (bad luck)! (used to express commiseration) ◇ {interjection} What! (used to express surprise)

挨 捱 ái ◇ suffer, endure ◇ struggle to pull through (hard times) ◇ drag out (bad conditions, etc.) ◇ delay, put off, procrastinate

癌症癌症 áizhèng ◇ {med} cancer

矮 矮 ǎi ◇ short (in stature), low (in height) ◇ inferior to

暧昧暧昧 àimèi ◇ (of intention, attitude) unclear, ambiguous, equivocal ◇ (of behaviour) dubious, questionable, shady

爱 爱 ài ◇ love, like, be fond of... ◇ have deep affection for... ◇ cherish, treasure, hold dear ◇ have the habit of doing sth, like to do sth, be apt to do sth ◇ Ai (surname) ◇ whether or not (used with bù 不 "not" in front of the same verb to indicate free choice, e.g., àixìn-bùxìn 爱信不信/爱信不信 "believe it or not", or àiyào-bùyào 爱要不要/爱要不要 "take it or leave it") 爱不释手 愛不釋手 àibùshìshǒu

◇ like sth so much that one cannot let go of it ◇ be so fond of sth that one can hardly put it down ◇ fondle admiringly ◇ cannot take one's eyes off sth ◇ cannot tear oneself away from sth 不 不 bù ◇ not ◇ no 释 释 shì ◇ interpret, explain, elucidate ◇ eliminate, dispel ◇ let go, lay down ◇ release (from prison) ◇ emit, send out ◇ Sakyamuni (abbreviation for Shìjiāmóuní 釋迦牟尼/释迦牟尼) ◇ Shi (surname) 手 手 shǒu ◇ hand ◇ personally, with one's own hands ◇ person engaged in a certain task; person with a particular skill ◇ {measure word} (used for skill, dexterity, etc.) 爱戴爱戴 àidài ◇ love and respect highly ◇ hold in high esteem ◇ adore, venerate, revere

戴 戴 dài ◇ wear, don, put on, (like a hat, eyeglasses); be dressed in ◇ support, uphold, honour, esteem ◇ Dai (surname) 爱好爱好 àihào ◇ hobby, an activity one likes ◇ like, love, be fond of, be keen on

好 好 hǎo ◇ good, nice, fine ◇ good to (eat, etc.) ◇ be well, in good health ◇ (before a verb) easy to... ◇ (as a verb complement, indicates finishing or finishing satisfactorily) be done...ing, finish...ing ◇ in order to, so that, for the purpose of ◇ {regional} may, can, should, ought to ◇ (emphasizes the meaning of adjectives) very, quite, pretty much... ◇ (used before adjectives to inquire about quantity or degree) how...(long, far, etc.)?

爱护爱护 àihù ◇ love and protect ◇ treasure, cherish, take good care of 爱情爱情 àiqíng ◇ love (between man and women)

情 情 qíng ◇ feeling, sentiment, affection, emotion ◇ passion ◇ situation, circumstances, condition 爱惜 爱惜 àixī ◇ cherish

惜 惜 xī ◇ cherish, treasure ◇ spare, stint, begrudge ◇ pity, feel sorry for

爱心爱心 àixīn ◇ loving heart (the mentality of being kind and tender toward others) ◇ love, caring, compassion

心 心 xīn ◇ heart ◇ mind, feelings ◇ centre, middle, core ◇ {Chinese astronomy} Xin (one of the Èrshíbā Xiù 二十八宿 "28 Lunar Mansions of the Chinese zodiac") ◇ {physiology} heart (as one of the wǔzàng 五臟/五脏 "five vital organs")

安静安静 ānjìng ◇ quiet, calm, noise-

less ◇ peaceful

安 安 ān ◇ peace ◇ peaceful, quiet, calm, tranquil ◇ stabilize, calm (down) ◇ be content, satisfied ◇ safe, secure, healthy ◇ find a place for, place in a suitable position ◇ install, fit, fix ◇ bring a charge against, claim credit for ◇ be up to sth, harbour (certain intentions) ◇ An (surname) ◇ where ◇ how (as rhetorical particle) ◇ {physics} ampere (short for ānpéi 安培)

静 静 jìng ◇ still, calm ◇ quiet ◇ clean ◇ Jing (surname)

安宁安寧 ānníng ◇ peace, safety ◇ peaceful, safe ◇ calm, composed, worry-free

宁 甯 níng ◇ calm, quiet, peaceful, serene, tranquil ◇ {written} pacify, appease, make peace ◇ {written} pay a visit to one's parents ◇ Ning (another name for the city of Nánjīng 南京)

安排安排 ānpái ◇ arrange, make arrangements ◇ arrangement

安全安全 ānquán ◇ safe, secure ◇ safety, security ◇ {IT} secure (like an Internet connection)

安慰安慰 ānwèi ◇ be comforted, feel happy, find solace ◇ console, soothe, give solace to ◇ consolation, comfort

安详安詳 ānxiáng ◇ composed, serene, peaceful

详 详 xiáng ◇ detailed (in contrast to lüè 略 "brief") ◇ details, particulars, explanation ◇ for details see... ◇ know, be clear ◇ be cautious, pay careful attention ◇ fair, just ◇ {document style} reporting to a superior

安置安置 ānzhì ◇ find a place for, arrange for ◇ accommodate ◇ accommodation ◇ place in a certain job ◇ install, put in ◇ demote, exile (as punishment in former times)

安装安装 ānzhuāng ◇ install, mount, set up

装 装 zhuāng ◇ dress up, play a part ◇ clothing, attire ◇ outfit for a journey, luggage ◇ (of performers, actors) costume and make-up ◇ feign, pretend, fake, make believe ◇ pack, load ◇ assemble, install, fit ◇ (book-)binding

岸 岸 àn ◇ bank, shore, coast, beach ◇ land along a body of water (river, lake, ocean, etc.) ◇ {written} tall, high ◇ arrogant, haughty

按摩按摩 ànmó ◇ massage

按时按时 ànshí ◇ on time, on schedule

按 按 àn ◇ according to, on the basis of, in accordance with, in compliance with, accordingly ◇ push down, press (with hand or finger) ◇ leave aside, shelve ◇ control, restrain, hold back, suppress (one's anger, etc.) ◇ grip, hold tight, keep a good grip on ◇ check, refer to ◇ {literature} comment, note (by an author, compiler, editor, etc.)

时 时 shí ◇ time ◇ when, at (a certain time) ◇ o'clock (written form) ◇ current, present ◇ at that time ◇ occasionally, now and then; at times, sometimes (in the pattern 时...时...) ◇ Shi (surname)

按照按照 ànzhào ◇ according to, in accordance with, on the basis of, in keeping with, in the light of

暗 暗 àn ◇ dim, dark, obscure ◇ secret, clandestine, stealthy, hidden ◇ vague, unclear

暗示暗示 ànshì ◇ hint, suggest, insinuate ◇ a hint, suggestion, insinuation ◇ {psychology} suggestion (as in suggestion therapy)

案件案件 ànjiàn ◇ (legal) case

案例案例 ànlì ◇ {law} example of a case ◇ exemplary case ◇ a(n established) case ◇ a(n illustrative) precedent

昂贵昂贵 ángguì ◇ {economics} high-priced ◇ expensive ◇ costly ◇ at exorbitant prices

昂 昂 áng ◇ hold, raise (like the head high) ◇ (of prices, emotions, etc.) high ◇ lofty, high, soaring, high-priced, expensive

贵 贵 guì ◇ expensive, costly, high-priced ◇ valuable, precious ◇ noble, of high status, of high rank, honorable ◇ {formal, honorific} your (surname, company etc.) ◇ (short for Guìzhōu 贵州/贵州) Guizhou Province ◇ Gui (surname)

凹凸凹凸 āotū ◇ full of bumps and holes, not level ◇ uneven

熬 熬 āo ◇ cook in boiling water, boil, stew ◇ {metaphor} be worn down by worries/cares; despondent, discouraged, dejected

熬夜熬夜 áoyè ◇ stay up late, stay up all night, burn the midnight oil

奥秘奥秘 àomì ◇ a profound mystery ◇ the secret(s) of...

奥 奥 ào ◇ deep, profound,

mysterious, obscure, abstruse ◇ southwest corner of a house ◇ the innermost recesses of a building ◇ (short for Àodìlì 奥地利/奥地利) Austria ◇ {physics, unit of measure} oersted (Oe, the physical unit of magnetic field) ◇ the Olympics ◇ Ao (surname)

秘 秘 mì ◇ secret ◇ keep secret ◇ secretary (in diplomatic corps) ◇ close, block

B

八 八 bā ◇ eight, 8 (note on pronunciation: when followed by a word in the fourth tone, the reading of bā 八 changes to bá [second tone])

巴不得 巴不得 bābude
◇ {colloquial} be eager (to do) ◇ wish (to do) ◇ be only too anxious (to do)
◇ wish one could (do) ◇ be only too glad to...

巴结巴结 bājie ◇ curry favour with, flatter, fawn on, toady to, lick sb's boots
◇ {dialect} work hard, be diligent/industrious

巴 巴 bā ◇ long for, hope for, wait for ◇ cling (like to a wall), stick (like to a cooking pot) ◇ crust (like on a cooking pot) ◇ {colloquial} be close to, be next to ◇ open ◇ {physics} bar (unit of pressure) ◇ {transport} bus ◇ {grammar} (final particle used for emphasis) ◇ Ba (ancient state in present-day Sìchuān 四川 Province) ◇ the Ba people (ancient ethnic group in Sìchuān 四川 Province) ◇ eastern Sìchuān 四川 Province ◇ (short for 巴勒斯坦 Bālèsītǎn) Palestine ◇ (short for 巴基斯坦 Bājīstǎn) Pakistan ◇ Ba (surname)

结 结 jié ◇ tie, knot, weave, knit
◇ tie a knot ◇ form, congeal, freeze, forge, associate ◇ settle, finish, end, conclude, finalize, wind up, wrap up ◇ summarize ◇ written statement or guarantee ◇ affidavit ◇ {IT} junction ◇ {physiology} node

扒 扒 bā ◇ cling to, hold on to, stick to, clutch ◇ rake, pull down, tear or knock down ◇ push aside, separate ◇ strip, peel or take off, peel, skin

疤 疤 bā ◇ a scar ◇ scar-like mark ◇ cicatrix

拔苗助长 拔苗助长 bāmíáo zhùzhǎng ◇ "pull up the seedlings to help them grow"—attempt to speed up the growth of shoots by pulling them upward (only to find them withered on the same day) ◇ {metaphor} spoil by

trying to be too helpful, spoil things through the desire for quick success ◇ haste makes waste ◇ (also yàmiáo zhùzhǎng 揠苗助长/揠苗助长)

长 长 cháng ◇ long; length ◇ (one's) strong point(s), forte ◇ be good at sth, be strong in sth ◇ surplus, spare, extra (in this meaning, formerly pronounced zhàng)

把 把 bǎ ◇ {grammar} take... (and do sth with it) (auxiliary verb used to introduce the direct object of a sentence in front of the main verb) ◇ hold, grasp, grip ◇ hold (a baby out to relieve itself) ◇ grab, control, monopolize ◇ {sports, colloquial} guard, watch (like a goal) ◇ {colloquial} be close to ◇ hold sth together ◇ {regional} give, offer ◇ handlebar (like of a bicycle) ◇ bunch, bundle, handful ◇ {measure word} (used for tools and other things with a handle, like key, scissors, umbrella, sword, etc., or for things that can be grasped [chair], or for certain abstract things [years, strength, effort], a movement of the hands [like a push, a helping hand]) ◇ "approximately" (when following numerals/measure words, like bǎi bǎ nián 百把年 "approx. 100 years") ◇ refers to sworn brotherhood (as in bàibǎzi 拜把子 "become sworn brothers")

把关把关 bǎguān ◇ (of quality, conformity to certain criteria, etc.) check, assure, make checks on... ◇ check against... ◇ (the object being checked is placed between the 把 and the 关/关, e.g., bǎ hǎo zhìliàng guān 把好质量关/把好质量关 "control [products] for good quality", "guarantee good quality") ◇ {military} guard a pass

关 关 guān ◇ close, shut (a door, window, etc.) ◇ turn/switch off (the lights, the TV, etc.) ◇ shut in, lock up, confine (a bird in a cage, a person in jail, etc.) ◇ close down (a store, business, etc.) ◇ guard/defense post, mountain pass (or other place of strategic importance); the area outside the city gate ◇ bolt, bar (of a door or gate) ◇ customs house, checkpoint, barrier, juncture ◇ key, crucial ◇ {figurative} crucial point ◇ involve, concern, implicate ◇ {history} pay (wages) ◇ Guan (surname)

把手把手 bǎshǒu ◇ a handle, knob ◇ shake hands, clasp hands ◇ a person in command (the preceding number indicates first, second, etc. in command, e.g., 一把手, 二把手) ◇ assistant, helper ◇ old hand, master Ⅱ (also pronounced "bǎshou")

把握把握 bǎwò ◇ grasp (both literally and figuratively) ◇ hold ◇ understand, grasp (sth abstract) ◇ seize (like an opportunity) ◇ be master of, hold in one's own hands ◇ (mostly used after yǒu 有 or wú 無/无) certainty, guarantee, assurance, confidence (like duì 對/对... hěn yǒu bǎwò 很有把握 "be very positive or confident about sth"; wú bǎwò zhī zhàng 無把握之仗/无把握之仗 "a battle one is not sure to win")

爸爸爸爸 bàba ◇ dad, daddy, pa

霸道霸道 bàdào ◇ be domineering/overbearing/aggressive/high-handed (in this meaning, -dao is usually pronounced in the neutral tone in colloquial style) ◇ {history} (in ancient political thought) rule by force (in contrast to wángdào 王道 "rule by virtue or right"), a despotic style of government

吧 吧 ba ◇ {grammar} "..., isn't it!" ◇ (sentence final particle, indicates consultation, suggestion, uncertainty, request, or command) ◇ (indicates agreement or approval) ◇ (indicates doubt or surmise) ◇ (indicates probability) ◇ (used within a sentence, indicates a pause after a supposition, a concession or a condition)

罢工罷工 bàgōng ◇ strike (of workers) ◇ go on strike ◇ be on strike
罢 罷 bà ◇ stop, cease ◇ dismiss, remove from office, relieve of a duty ◇ {regional, colloquial} (as a verbal complement) finish, complete ◇ (followed by a one-syllable noun or verb) go on strike (e.g. bàgōng 罷工/罢工, bàkè 罷課/罢课)
工 工 gōng ◇ work, labour; worker, labourer ◇ (construction/engineering) project

◇ industry ◇ (short for gōngchéngshī 工程師/工程师) engineer ◇ man-day ◇ craftsmanship, workmanship, skill ◇ be expert at, be good at, be versed in, be skilled in (like the arts) ◇ excellent, exquisite ◇ {Chinese music} "gōng" (3rd note in the traditional Chinese musical scale gōngchěpǔ 工尺譜/工尺谱); musician

掰 掰 bāi ◇ break apart (with the hands) ◇ break or tear off (with fingers and thumb) ◇ {dialect, colloquial} break up (a relationship); break up with; fall out with; separate from ◇ study, examine, analyze

白 白 bái ◇ (of colour) white ◇ (of daylight) bright, light ◇ (of facts, the truth, etc.) clear ◇ plain, blank, pure ◇ in vain, for nothing, futile, fruitless ◇ free (of charge), gratis ◇ (politically) white (symbolizing a counter-revolutionary or other undesirable political orientation) ◇ funeral ◇ give sb an unfriendly look ◇ {ethnology} the Bai national minority ◇ Bai (surname) ◇ say, state, explain ◇ {theatre} spoken parts (in a Chinese opera, etc.) ◇ {linguistics} (of Chinese text) written wrong or mispronounced ◇ dialect ◇ spoken (language), vernacular ◇ colloquial (vs literary)

摆 擺 bǎi ◇ put, place, arrange, lay ◇ speak, put it, set forth, state clearly ◇ put on (airs), show off ◇ swing, sway, oscillate ◇ {physics} pendulum ◇ {clothing} (used like bǎi 擺/摆) lower hem of a garment ◇ {Buddhism} mass gathering or religious service during Buddhist festivals (in the Dǎi 傣 nationality areas of China)
摆脱擺脫 bǎituō ◇ cast off, shake off ◇ get out of, free oneself from, get rid of ◇ extricate/free oneself from ◇ break away from

百 百 bǎi ◇ hundred, 100; hundredfold ◇ numerous, all kinds of, all sorts of ◇ Bai (surname)
分之 分之 fēnzhī ◇ (used in percentages, e.g., sān fēnzhī èr 三分之二 "two thirds")

拜访拜訪 bàifǎng ◇ {term of respect} visit, call on (usu. sb of higher status)

拜拜 bài ◇ greet respectfully ◇ pay one's respects, make a courtesy call (like at New Year's, for sb's birthday) ◇ visit, call on ◇ acknowledge sb as one's teacher, etc. ◇ appoint (to an official post) ◇ (particle used before a verb to indicate politeness or reverence) ◇ Bai (surname)

访訪 fǎng ◇ (pay a) visit, call on ◇ gather (information), seek out, investigate, interview ◇ Fang (surname)

拜年拜年 bàinián ◇ pay a New Year's visit ◇ wish (sb) a Happy New Year

拜托拜託 bàituō ◇ {formal} ask, request ◇ ask for a favour ◇ entrust with

败坏敗壞 bàihuài ◇ undermine/ruin (like sb's reputation) ◇ corrupt (like sb's morals) ◇ depraved, degenerate, corrupt (as in dàodé bàihuài 道德敗壞/道德败坏 "morally degenerate")

搬搬 bān ◇ move, remove, carry (away), take away (mostly heavy or large objects) ◇ move (house), resettle, migrate ◇ {pejorative} copy mechanically, apply slavishly or indiscriminately, imitate blindly

斑斑 bān ◇ spot, speckle, stripe ◇ spotted, speckled, striped ◇ (of hair) greying, grizzled

班班 bān ◇ (of school) class, grade ◇ (of airline) flight ◇ shift, duty, work period ◇ squad (of soldiers) ◇ troupe, company (of performers) ◇ {measure word} a group of... (used for groups of people) ◇ {measure word} (used for scheduled trains, buses, etc.) ◇ (of a train, bus, plane, etc.) scheduled, regular ◇ recall, move, withdraw, re-deploy (like troops) ◇ distribute, give out ◇ Ban (surname)

颁布頒布 bānbù ◇ promulgate, issue, publish (laws, decrees, etc.)

颁頒 bān ◇ issue, promulgate ◇ confer, bestow, grant

布布 bù ◇ cloth ◇ (used like bù 佈/布) spread, circulate, disseminate ◇ declare, announce, state to the public ◇ arrange, deploy ◇ donate, give (like to a charity) ◇ Bu (surname)

颁发頒發 bānfā ◇ issue, promulgate (orders, instructions, a government policy, etc.) ◇ award, confer (a medal, decoration, a bonus, etc.)

版本版本 bǎnběn ◇ edition (of a book, etc.) ◇ {IT} release (of software)

伴侣伴侶 bànlǚ ◇ companion, partner

伴伴 bàn ◇ companion, partner ◇ accompany, keep sb company

侣侣 lǚ ◇ companion, associate ◇ associate with

伴随伴随 bànsuí ◇ accompany, follow (in the wake of) ◇ escort

随随 suí ◇ follow ◇ comply with, go along with ◇ listen to, let (sb do as he pleases), leave it up to (sb) ◇ with, along with, in compliance with ◇ in passing, as one pleases, at one's convenience ◇ {colloquial} look like, resemble, take after ◇ (used before two verbs or verbal phrases to indicate that the first action is immediately followed by the latter) as ◇ {divination} Sui (one of the sixty-four hexagrams in the Yìjīng 易經/易经 "Book of Changes") ◇ Sui (ancient state during the Western Zhou Dynasty in Sui County, Húběi 湖北 Province) ◇ Sui (place during the Chūnqiū 春秋 Period [770-476 BCE] in Jiexiu, Shānxī 山西 Province) ◇ Sui (surname)

办法辦法 bànfǎ ◇ way, means

办辦 bàn ◇ do, manage, attend to, handle ◇ establish, set up, operate, run ◇ get sth ready ◇ purchase for, do the shopping for ◇ punish

法法 fǎ ◇ law ◇ method, way, style ◇ model after, pattern after, follow ◇ model, standard ◇ {Buddhism} dharma ◇ tricks, magic ◇ (short for Fǎjiā 法家) the Legalist school (of thought) ◇ (short for Fǎguó 法國/法国) France; French ◇ {physics, unit of measure} Farad ◇ Fa (surname)

办公室辦公室 bàngōngshì ◇ office (the room itself)

公室公室 gōngshì ◇ public office

办理辦理 bànlǐ ◇ handle, take care of

理 理 lǐ ◇ texture, grain, vein ◇ reason, logic ◇ natural sciences ◇ physics ◇ manage, administer ◇ put in order, straighten up ◇ (mostly used in the negative) pay attention to, acknowledge ◇ matchmaker ◇ judicial official ◇ Li (surname)

半 半 bàn ◇ half ◇ semi-, hemi- ◇ in the middle ◇ mid- ◇ a little ◇ partly, partially, about half (as a prefix indicates "semi-", not to a full degree)

半途半途 bàntú ◇ halfway, midway

扮演扮演 bànyǎn ◇ play (the role of)

帮忙幫忙 bāngmáng ◇ help out, lend a hand, do a favour

帮 幫 bāng ◇ help, assist ◇ (of a bucket, ship, etc.) the side ◇ (of a shoe) the upper ◇ (of a head of cabbage, etc.) the outer leaves ◇ gang, clique ◇ business association of people from the same province ◇ {measure word}... group(s) of... (used for groups of people, etc.)

忙 忙 máng ◇ (be) busy ◇ hurriedly, hurry to, hasten to ◇ Mang (surname)

帮助幫助 bāngzhù ◇ help, assist ◇ help, assistance

助 助 zhù ◇ help, aid, assist ◇ benefit

榜样榜樣 bǎngyàng ◇ example, model (person or thing)

榜 榜 bǎng ◇ posted list of names, roster ◇ publicly posted roll of successful examinees ◇ {archaic} placard, announcement, (public) notice ◇ horizontal board with inscription

样 樣 yàng ◇ appearance, shape, form ◇ model, sample, pattern ◇ {measure word} (for kind or type of thing)

绑架綁架 bǎngjià ◇ kidnap ◇ stake (growing plants)

绑 綁 bǎng ◇ bind, tie (up) ◇ fasten, button (up)

架 架 jià ◇ rack, shelf, frame, stand ◇ put up, prop up, erect ◇ ward/fend off, withstand, resist ◇ take sb away forcibly, abduct, kidnap ◇ help (sb along), support sb physically ◇ quarrel, fight ◇ {measure word} (used for airplanes, helicopters, machines/mechanisms with a stand or rack, etc.)

傍晚傍晚 bàngwǎn ◇ toward evening, at dusk, at nightfall [Taiwan pronunciation: bāngwǎn]

棒 棒 bàng ◇ stick, club, cudgel, bat ◇ beat with a stick or club ◇ {colloquial} fine, strong, excellent, superb, terrific

磅 磅 bàng ◇ {unit of measure} pound (weight) ◇ (platform) scale ◇ weigh (on a scale) ◇ {printing} point (measurement of type)

包 包 bāo ◇ wrap ◇ bundle, package ◇ bag (general term, e.g., could be used for suitcases), sack ◇ {measure word}... pack(s) of...,... bundle(s) of...(used for objects in packages, packets, wrapped bundles, etc.) ◇ protuberance, swelling, lump ◇ surround, encircle ◇ include, contain ◇ undertake responsibility for the whole thing ◇ assure, guarantee ◇ hire, charter ◇ Bao (surname)

包庇包庇 bāobì ◇ protect, cover up, harbor, shelter

包袱包袱 bāofu ◇ cloth wrapper, big bandana used for wrapping a bundle ◇ bundle wrapped in cloth ◇ load, burden, weight ◇ (of cross talk, quick-patter, etc.) punch line, suspense, joke ◇ wrong thoughts and attitudes (considered as a spiritual burden)

包裹包裹 bāoguǒ ◇ wrap up ◇ parcel, package

包含包含 bāohán ◇ contain, include ◇ inclusion ◇ endure

包括包括 bāokuò ◇ include, contain, consist of

包围包圍 bāowéi ◇ surround, encircle, besiege

围 圍 wéi ◇ surround, encircle, enclose ◇ all around, surrounding ◇ defend, guard ◇ fort (made of wood, etc.) ◇ pen (for animals) ◇ {measure word} (for circumference)

as measured by the outstretched arms enclosing sth)

包装包装 bāozhuāng ◇ pack, package, wrap ◇ packaging, wrapping ◇ packing material(s) ◇ {metaphor} the make-up or costume (of an actor, singer, etc.) ◇ the appearance or presentation (of a pop star, politician, etc.) to the public ◇ a popular figure's image (for marketing him/her) ◇ beautify, decorate, adorn

装装 zhuāng ◇ dress up, play a part ◇ clothing, attire ◇ outfit for a journey, luggage ◇ (of performers, actors) costume and make-up ◇ feign, pretend, fake, make believe ◇ pack, load ◇ assemble, install, fit ◇ (book-)binding

包子包子 bāozi ◇ a steamed stuffed bun ◇ {metal} a ladle (container for molten iron)

保持保持 bǎochí ◇ maintain, preserve, keep

保存保存 bǎocún ◇ preserve, maintain, conserve, keep, safeguard
保管保管 bǎoguǎn ◇ take care of, maintain in good order, keep ◇ be certain, be sure ◇ keeper (like of a storeroom, warehouse)

保护保护 bǎohù ◇ protect, safeguard, preserve

保保 bǎo ◇ protect, safeguard, defend ◇ preserve, maintain, keep, retain ◇ guarantee, ensure, insure ◇ cover (a certain type of loss) ◇ recommend ◇ servant, waiter ◇ guarantor ◇ Bao (unit of ten households in the Bǎojiǎ 保甲 system) ◇ Bao (surname)

护护 hù ◇ protect, guard, defend, shelter, shield ◇ {metaphor} be partial to sb, be on sb's side

保留保留 bǎoliú ◇ retain, keep, reserve ◇ hold back

保密保密 bǎomì ◇ keep secret, maintain secrecy, ensure confidentiality

保姆保姆 bǎomǔ ◇ maid, housekeeper ◇ nursemaid, governess ◇ babysitter

保守保守 bǎoshǒu ◇ protect, guard, keep ◇ conservative

保卫保卫 bǎowèi ◇ defend, protect, safeguard

卫卫 wèi ◇ guard, protect, defend ◇ sentry, guard ◇ garrison station for troops (Míng 明 Dynasty) ◇ arrow feathers ◇ Wei (state in southern Héběi 河北 and northern Hénán 河南 Provinces during the Zhōu 周 Dynasty) ◇ Wei (name for the city of Tiānjīn 天津) ◇ (used for transcription of syllables sounding like -wei- in foreign names) ◇ Wei (surname)

保险保险 bǎoxiǎn ◇ insurance ◇ reliable, safe, secure ◇ be sure to, be bound to, guarantee, assure

险险 xiǎn ◇ (of terrain) dangerous, perilous, treacherous ◇ narrow strategic pass, natural defensive position (of difficult access, treacherous topography) ◇ danger, peril, risk ◇ dangerous, risky ◇ sinister, vicious, treacherous, evil ◇ nearly, almost ◇ insurance (short for bǎoxiǎn 保险/保險)

保养保养 bǎoyǎng ◇ look after, take care of (one's health), keep fit ◇ maintain (machinery in good working order), keep in good repair; maintenance

养养 yǎng ◇ support, care for (like a family), provide for ◇ raise, grow, keep, rear (animals, plants, etc.) ◇ acquire, contract, form (habits, etc.) ◇ nourish ◇ convalesce, recuperate ◇ refine, cultivate ◇ foster ◇ keep, maintain (in good shape/order) ◇ (of hair) let grow long ◇ Yang (a town during the Chūnqiū 春秋 Period [770-476 BCE] in Shēnqiū, Hénán 河南 Province) ◇ Yang (surname)

保障保障 bǎozhàng ◇ safeguard, guarantee, protect (life, property, rights, etc.) ◇ safeguard, guarantee, protection

保证保证 bǎozhèng ◇ guarantee, assure, pledge ◇ a guarantee, assurance

证证 zhèng ◇ {law} evidence, proof; give evidence, testify (to), demonstrate, prove (in court) ◇ prove, confirm, verify ◇ proof ◇ certificate, card ◇ official documentation

保重保重 bǎozhòng ◇ take care, (please) take (good) care of yourself (most-ly said in parting)

宝贝宝贝 bǎobèi ◇ treasure, treasured object ◇ (my) darling (child) ◇ love dearly, dote on ◇ odd fellow, odd fish, queer character, clown

宝贵宝贵 bǎoguì ◇ precious, valuable ◇ value

饱饱 bǎo ◇ full, satiated (after

eating) ◇ having eaten one's fill ◇ full, rounded, plump ◇ satisfy, please
 饱和飽和 bǎohé ◇ become saturated ◇ saturation ◇ (of personnel, goods, etc.) reach (maximum) capacity
 和 和 hé ◇ and; with ◇ together with ◇ kind, gentle, mild; (be) on good terms with, harmonious; harmony, peace ◇ {sports} (of the result of a competition) a draw, a tie ◇ Japan, Japanese ◇ He (surname)
 饱经飽經 bǎojīng ◇ have experienced a great deal of...
 沧桑滄桑 cāngsāng ◇ vicissitudes, great changes wrought by time
 沧 滄 cāng ◇ (of a body of water, like the ocean) dark blue, deep blue, dark green ◇ cold
 桑 桑 sāng ◇ {bot} the white mulberry, *Morus alba* ◇ Sang (surname)

报仇報仇 bàochóu ◇ take revenge, avenge
 报 報 bào ◇ report, announce ◇ respond, reciprocate ◇ repay, requite, recompense ◇ newspaper ◇ periodical ◇ bulletin (like news bulletin), report ◇ telegram ◇ {Buddhism} retribution
 仇 仇 chóu ◇ enemy, foe, adversary, rival; a (perfect) match ◇ enmity, hatred, grudge, antagonism, hostility
 报酬報酬 bàochou ◇ {economics} salary, remuneration, reward
 酬 酬 chóu ◇ {written} propose a toast ◇ repay a kindness, return a favour ◇ {economics} payment, salary, remuneration ◇ social engagements ◇ fulfil, realize
 报答報答 bàodá ◇ requite, repay
 答 答 dá ◇ reply, respond, answer; return (a visit, banquet, etc.), reciprocate; repay (a favour) || (pronounced "dā" in certain compound words, e.g., in dāshàn 答訕/答讪 "say sth to smooth things over")
 报到報到 bàodào ◇ report for duty, register
 到 到 dào ◇ (from...) to, up until, up to...; as of ◇ arrive, reach ◇ (preceding a location) (go) to, leave for ◇ successfully..., succeed in...(verbal suffix indicating success of the verb's action, as in kàndào 看到 "get to see, notice") ◇ thorough, thoughtful, considerate ◇ Dao (surname)
 报道報道 bàodào ◇ report, cover (news); reporting, coverage ◇ (news) report, story (M: piān 篇, zé 則/则) || (also bàodǎo 報導/报导, esp.

in Taiwan)
 道 道 dào ◇ way, path, road ◇ line ◇ method ◇ morality, virtue, ethics ◇ {philosophy} doctrine, principle (of learning/religion/ethics), course, (the right) orientation, justice; Daoism (Taoism) ◇ superstitious sect ◇ {measure word} (used for narrow long shapes like rays, lightning, scars, door(way)s; for walls, instructions, [math] problems, [test] questions, courses or dishes of a dinner, steps in a procedure, coats of paint, times, repetitions, etc.) ◇ speak, say ◇ suppose, think ◇ Dao (surname) ◇ {admin} (during the Táng 唐 Dynasty) prefecture; (in Japan) prefecture (like Běihǎidào 北海道 "Hokkaidō"); (in North Korea) province ◇ {unit of measure} used for hūnmǐ 忽米 "centimillimetre, one hundredth of a mm, cmm"
 报复報復 bàofu ◇ retaliate ◇ in retaliation to
 报告報告 bàogào ◇ report, report on ◇ a report; a speech/address/lecture
 告 告 gào ◇ tell, inform, notify, report ◇ tell on (sb) ◇ {law} seek legal action against, accuse, sue, bring a case against ◇ request, solicit, ask for ◇ announce, declare ◇ announce/declare the completion (of a task, project, etc.)
 报警報警 bàojǐng ◇ report (a crime, etc.) to the police ◇ sound an alarm
 警 警 jǐng ◇ be on guard, be on the alert ◇ warn, put on the alert ◇ alarm (like fire alarm) ◇ police
 报名報名 bàomíng ◇ register, sign up
 名 名 míng ◇ (personal) name ◇ fame, reputation ◇ famous, well-known ◇ {measure word} (used for persons of a certain category, profession, etc.)
 报社報社 bàoshè ◇ newspaper office, headquarters of a newspaper
 社 社 shè ◇ society, organization, association ◇ community ◇ commune ◇ sacrifices to the God of the Land, the seasons, the sun, etc. ◇ God of the Land ◇ village, local (school, granary, etc. in former times) ◇ she (a measure of land)
 报销報銷 bàoxiāo ◇ submit (an expense) for reimbursement, apply for reimbursement, claim reimbursement for, charge to an expense account, expense (sth) ◇ submit (an item or list of equipment, etc.) to be turned in for disposal; scrap, retire, superannuate ◇ {figurative} (of a machine) break down, give up the ghost ◇ wipe out

(like the enemy)

报纸報紙 bàozhǐ ◇ newspaper
◇ newsprint抱 抱 bào ◇ hug, embrace,
hold in one's arms ◇ have (a child) for
the first time; get (a grandchild) for the
first time (i.e., become a grandparent
for the first time) ◇ adopt (a child)
band together (as a group) ◇ (of
shoes, clothing) fit nicely ◇ harbour,
cherish, have (e.g., hope, a certain atti-
tude, etc.) ◇ {measure word}... arm-
ful(s) of...(used for sth one can wrap
the arms around, like an armful of fire-
wood, clothes, etc.) ◇ Bao (surname)
抱负抱负 bàofù ◇ aspiration, ambi-
tion, aim负 负 fù ◇ carry, shoulder, bear,
take up (a burden or responsibility) ◇ a burden
◇ carry on one's back or shoulder ◇ rely on,
count on, have at one's back ◇ suffer, sustain
(like an injury) ◇ have, enjoy (like a good re-
putation) ◇ be indebted, have an obligation,
owe ◇ turn one's back on, betray, disappoint,
fail (in one's obligation/duty) ◇ be defeated,
lose (in a game, fight, etc; in contrast to shèng
勝/胜 "win") ◇ {math, physics, electrical/elect-
ronics} negative, minus (in contrast to zhèng 正
"positive", "plus") ◇ {written} (used like bù 不
no, not抱歉抱歉 bàojiàn ◇ be sorry,
feel apologetic抱怨抱怨 bàoyuàn ◇ complain,
grumble暴力暴力 bàolì ◇ violence, force
暴露暴露 bàolù ◇ expose, lay bare,
show too much naked body (mainly ap-
plied to women) ◇ be exposed to
rough weather || (in Taiwan pronounced pùlù)爆发爆发 bàofā ◇ erupt, break out
(of a war, etc.), burst forth (of emo-
tions, force, etc.) ◇ suddenly rise to
wealth爆 爆 bào ◇ burst, explode ◇
{onom} crackle, pop (or similar sound
of wood crackling in a fire) ◇ quick-fry
over very high heat ◇ {media} expose
发 发 fā ◇ issue, send out, distri-
bute ◇ launch, discharge, shoot ◇ produce, ge-
nerate ◇ leave for, set out for ◇ (preceding an
adjective denoting a feeling like lǎn 懶/懶"lazy", ruǎn 軟/软 "soft", rè 熱/热 "hot", etc.)
feel..., grow..., get... ◇ (before an adjective of
colour, taste, smell, etc.) appear..., be... -ish,
be... -ly, be on the... side (like fāzǐ 發紫/发紫
"be purplish", fāchòu 發臭/发臭 "be smelly", fā-
tián 發甜/发甜, "be on the sweet side," etc.) ◇
speak, utter ◇ become rich ◇ diffuse, disperse
◇ expose, open up ◇ start/begin (an action)
◇ {measure word}... round(s) of...(used for
ammunition: shells, cartridges, rounds, projecti-
les, etc.)
爆炸爆炸 bàozhà ◇ explode, de-
tonate, blast ◇ explosion, blast卑鄙卑鄙 bēibǐ ◇ mean, despicable,
contemptible (of actions, speech) ◇
low, inferior (like social standing) ◇
petty and superficial悲哀悲哀 bēi'āi ◇ sorrowful, grieved
◇ sorrow, sadness, grief ◇ (figurative-
ly) sad/tragic thing (as in rénshēng
zuìdà de bēi'āi, shì duì zìjǐ de qiántú
méiyǒu xīwàng 人生最大的悲哀,是對自
己的前途沒有希望/人生最大的悲哀,是
对自己的前途沒有希望 "The most tragic
thing in life is to have no hope for one's
future")悲惨悲惨 bēicǎn ◇ tragic, miserable
悲 悲 bēi ◇ sad, sorrowful ◇
compassion, pity慘 慘 cǎn ◇ tragic, pitiful, miserab-
le, wretched ◇ cruel, savage, brutal ◇ (of de-
gree, extent) serious, disastrous ◇ dark, gloo-
my, dull ◇ extremely..., terribly...悲观悲觀 bēiguān ◇ pessimistic ◇ pessi-
mism观 觀 guān ◇ see, look, observe,
view ◇ a sight, view ◇ {figurative} outlook,
concept, view ◇ {divination} "Guan" (one of
the sixty-four hexagrams in the Yìjīng 易經/易
经 "Book of Changes")

杯子杯子 bēizi ◇ cup, glass

北方北方 běifāng ◇ north ◇
northern part/region (of a country) ◇
northern China (the Yellow River basin
and the region to its north)北极北極 běijí ◇ the North Pole, the
Arctic Pole ◇ north magnetic pole (of a
compass, etc.)北 北 běi ◇ north ◇ go north
◇ toward the north, northward ◇ be
defeated

极 極 jí ◇ the farthest point, the extreme ◇ very, extremely, utterly, exceedingly ◇ ultimate, highest, last, furthest, final ◇ {physics, geosciences} a pole, the pole (like North/South, positive/negative, etc.) ◇ {construction} ridgepole
北京北京 Běijīng ◇ Beijing (Peking)

倍 倍 bèi ◇ ... times, -fold ◇ double, redouble ◇ join ◇ variant of...

备份備份 bèifèn ◇ {IT} backup (copy) (of a document or computer file, etc.) (usually refers to backing up data from the hard drive of a computer to a magnetic or optical data storage device, such as floppy disk, CD-ROM, flash memory stick, etc.) ◇ {IT} back (sth) up ◇ fill a nominal post, serve as figure-head ◇ spare (part) ◇ {esp. TW usage} copy (like of a document)

备 備 bèi ◇ prepare, make ready ◇ make preparations, take precautions (against) ◇ have, be provided or equipped with, possess ◇ equipment, gear ◇ completely, fully, in every possible way ◇ perfect, complete

份 份 fèn ◇ portion, part, share ◇ {measure word}... set(s) of...,... copy/copies of... (used for a set, copy, or a collection of things, like an issue of a newspaper, gift, serving of food, type of behaviour and similar abstract things) ◇ {measure word} (for a job) ◇ (used after yuè 月 "month", shěng 省 "province", and xiàn 縣/县 "county" as a suffix)

备忘录 備忘錄 bèiwànglù ◇ (diplomacy) memo, memorandum, aide-memoire ◇ memorandum book
忘 忘 wàng ◇ forget ◇ neglect, overlook ◇ omit, lose
录 錄 lù ◇ record, write down ◇ record (audio, video) ◇ record, collection (like of quotations, reminiscences) ◇ take on, hire ◇ arrest ◇ sequence, order

背 背 bèi ◇ back (of the body) ◇ turn the back (on sb), abandon, desert ◇ turn away, leave, desert ◇ hide sth from sb, do sth behind sb's back ◇ with one's back toward ◇ behind ◇ memorize, learn by heart/rote, recite from memory ◇ violate, act contrary to, break ◇ out-of-the-way, remote ◇ {colloquial} unlucky ◇ be hard of

ring
背景背景 bèijǐng ◇ background (of a stage, picture or historical setting)
背叛背叛 bèipàn ◇ betray
背诵背诵 bèisòng ◇ recite from memory
诵 誦 sòng ◇ chant, read aloud ◇ recite ◇ state, relate ◇ chantable poems and songs

被 被 bèi ◇ (as passive prefix) be... ◇ by (followed by a verb: indicates passive voice, used directly before the verb without mentioning the doer of the action) ◇ {new usage} (used before a verb or noun in a sarcastic or jocular way to indicate that the word is at odds with the facts, or that sb was forced to do sth) ◇ quilt ◇ {written} cover (with) ◇ suffer, meet, encounter
被动被動 bèidòng ◇ passive ◇ unable to act or take the initiative, reactive (in contrast to zhǔdòng 主動/主动 "active, proactive"); be forced into a difficult/awkward position

动 動 dòng ◇ move, budge ◇ get moving, move into action, stir, act ◇ touch, displace, alter the position/shape of ◇ motion, movement (in contrast to jìng 靜/静 "still, calm") ◇ alter, change, modify ◇ use, put into use, make use of ◇ touch, move, sway, stir up, excite, arouse (like feelings) ◇ consume (food or drink) (mostly used with the negative) ◇ frequently, often, at every turn, easily
被告被告 bèigào ◇ {law} the defendant, the accused
被子被子 bèizi ◇ quilt

贝壳貝殼 bèiké ◇ shell, sea shell

奔波奔波 bēnbō ◇ rush about, be on the go
奔驰奔馳 Bēnchí ◇ "Mercedes-Benz" (Mainland China usage; the TW expression is Bīnshì 賓士/宾士) ◇ [b-] rush or go quickly (like horses, vehicles)

奔 奔 bēn ◇ walk fast, run, rush, hurry ◇ flee, run away ◇ {IT} Pentium (short for Bēnténg 奔騰/奔腾) ◇ Ben (surname)

驰 馳 chí ◇ (usually of cars, horses, etc.) go fast, race, rush, speed, gallop ◇ {admin} promulgate, spread ◇ {written} cra-

ve, desire, aspire to

本 本 běn ◇ book ◇ {measure word}... volume(s) of...(used for books, scripts, reels of film, etc.) ◇ root, stem (of a plant) ◇ origin, basis, foundation ◇ {finance} capital, principal ◇ original ◇ one's own, native, home ◇ present, current, this ◇ originally ◇ edition ◇ script (of a play) ◇ memorial to the Emperor

本科本科 běnkē ◇ undergraduate course, regular or fixed college course (in contrast to preparatory course, correspondence course, etc.)

本来本来 běnlái ◇ original ◇ originally, at first, in the past, used to... ◇ in the first place, naturally, as a matter of course, by all rights

来 来 lái ◇ come, come hither ◇ arrive (of seasons, etc.) ◇ arise, crop up (of problems, etc.) ◇ cause to come, let come, I'll have... (used in ordering in a restaurant) ◇ cause to arrive or take place ◇ for the past (amount of time) ◇ in order to (take some action) ◇ (following numbers) approximately ◇ (verb suffix) ◇ Lai (surname)

本领本领 běnlǐng ◇ ability, (special) skill

领 领 lǐng ◇ collar (of a garment) ◇ neck ◇ outline, essentials ◇ lead, guide ◇ possess, control, have jurisdiction over ◇ receive, draw (like pay) ◇ accept ◇ comprehend, grasp ◇ {measure word} (used for mats, robes, upper garments, etc.)

本能本能 běnnéng ◇ instinct

本钱本钱 běnqián ◇ principal, capital (in contrast to profit, etc.) ◇ (esp. of a person) asset, qualification Ⅱ (also pronounced "běnqian")

钱 钱 qián ◇ money; cash ◇ coin ◇ {unit of weight} qian (approx. equivalent to 5 grams) ◇ Qian (surname)

本人本人 běnrén ◇ I, personally (when referring to oneself in speech) ◇ oneself, in person

本身本身 běnshēn ◇ itself (mostly of an organization, unit or thing)

本事本事 běnshi ◇ ability

本质本质 běnzhì ◇ essence, substance, innate/basic character

质 质 zhì ◇ quality ◇ nature, character ◇ matter, material, substance ◇ ask questions, interrogate ◇ to pawn ◇ a pledge, security (person or thing) ◇ {history} hostage

(feudal ruler's sons sent to live in each other's countries) ◇ Zhi (surname)

笨 笨 bèn ◇ stupid ◇ clumsy, awkward ◇ unwieldy, cumbersome
笨拙笨拙 bènzhuō ◇ stupid, clumsy

崩溃崩溃 bēngkuì ◇ collapse, crumble (of a government, an economy, an army, etc.)

崩 崩 bēng ◇ collapse, crumble, fall ◇ burst (like of a bubble) ◇ (of negotiations) break down, fail ◇ be hit by sth exploding ◇ bump off (with firearms) ◇ (of the Emperor) die ◇ {med} metrorrhagia

溃 溃 kuì ◇ (of a dyke, dam) burst, breach ◇ {written} break through, breach (an encirclement) ◇ be routed, be defeated, fall to pieces ◇ {med} fester, ulcerate

甬 甬 béng ◇ {dialect} need not (contraction of bù yòng 不用)

不 不 bù ◇ not ◇ no
用 用 yòng ◇ use, employ, apply ◇ {formal} eat, drink ◇ Yong (surname)

蹦蹦 bèng ◇ jump/leap (with both feet at the same time)

迸发迸发 bèngfā ◇ burst out (of laughter, etc.)

迸 迸 bèng ◇ (of sparks, etc.) spurt, burst forth ◇ dash about

逼迫逼迫 bīpò ◇ force, compel

鼻涕鼻涕 bíti ◇ nasal mucus, snivel (also pronounced "bíti")

鼻子鼻子 bízi ◇ nose

彼此彼此 bǐcǐ ◇ each other, mutually ◇ both (sides/parties) ◇ {formal} and you too, same to you

比 比 bǐ ◇ compare ◇ than ◇ to (in a score, e.g., sān bǐ èr 三比二 "3 to 2") ◇ emulate, compete, match ◇ gesture, gesticulate ◇ ratio, proportion ◇ draw an analogy (with), liken (to), compare ◇ copy, model after ◇ {regional} aim at, direct towards ◇ {classi-

cal} close to, next to ◇ {classical} cling to, collude with ◇ {classical} recently
 比方比方 bǐfāng ◇ example, analogy, instance ◇ for example, for instance
 比较比较 bǐjiào ◇ comparatively, relatively ◇ compare, contrast
 较 較 jiào ◇ compare ◇ than, compared to ◇ comparatively, fairly, relatively ◇ obvious, clear ◇ argue, dispute
 比例比例 bǐlì ◇ proportion, ratio ◇ scale
 比如比如 bǐrú ◇ for example, for instance ◇ Biru (county, Xīzàng Zìzhì-qū 西藏自治区/西藏自治区 "Tibet Autonomous Region" autonomous region)
 比赛比赛 bǐsài ◇ match, competition, contest
 赛 賽 sài ◇ game, match, competition ◇ be superior to, be better than ◇ {archaic} offer sacrifices to the gods ◇ Sai (surname)
 比喻比喻 bǐyù ◇ liken (to), refer to (sth) metaphorically (as...) ◇ analogy, metaphor, figure of speech
 比重比重 bǐzhòng ◇ proportion ◇ {physics} specific gravity, specific weight

笔记本 筆記本 bǐjìběn ◇ notebook
 笔记筆記 bǐjì ◇ write down ◇ a note ◇ sketches (as a style of literature)
 本 本 běn ◇ book ◇ {measure word}... volume(s) of...(used for books, scripts, reels of film, etc.) ◇ root, stem (of a plant) ◇ origin, basis, foundation ◇ {finance} capital, principal ◇ original ◇ one's own, native, home ◇ present, current, this ◇ originally ◇ edition ◇ script (of a play) ◇ memorial to the Emperor

鄙视鄙视 bǐshì ◇ despise, look down upon
 鄙 鄙 bǐ ◇ mean, low, vulgar ◇ my ◇ despise, look down upon ◇ remote place ◇ Bi (unit of five hundred families during the Zhōu 周 Dynasty)
 视 視 shì ◇ look at, view, examine ◇ regard, consider, treat as, look upon as ◇ inspect, observe, watch, contrast, compare ◇ model oneself on, follow the example of ◇ {physics} apparent

弊病弊病 bìbìng ◇ corrupt practice, (social) ills ◇ drawback, disadvantage
 弊端弊端 bìduān ◇ abuse, evils, ills, corrupt practice; flaw, drawback I (usu. refers to flaws in a system that enable abuse and harm public welfare)

必然必然 bìrán ◇ inevitable ◇ necessary ◇ necessity
 必须必须 bìxū ◇ must, have to
 必 必 bì ◇ surely, certainly, necessarily ◇ must, have to ◇ obstinate, stubborn ◇ if, in case ◇ act resolutely ◇ silk rope ◇ Bi (surname)
 须 須 xū ◇ must, have to ◇ wait, await ◇ moment, instant ◇ Xu (place during the Chūnqiū 春秋 Period [770 - 476 BCE] in Hua County, Hénán 河南 Province) ◇ Xu (surname)
 必要必要 bìyào ◇ necessary, essential ◇ necessity

毕竟畢竟 bìjìng ◇ after all, in the final analysis
 毕 畢 bì ◇ end, finish, conclude, accomplish ◇ completely, fully ◇ {Chinese astronomy} Bi (one of the 28 Lunar Mansions) ◇ net used in hunting ◇ Bi (surname)
 竟 竟 jìng ◇ complete, finish, end ◇ throughout, from beginning to end ◇ finally, in the end ◇ unexpectedly, surprisingly, incredibly ◇ go so far as to ◇ have the nerve to
 毕业畢業 bìyè ◇ graduate, finish school

臂 臂 bì ◇ arm ◇ upper arm ◇ handle of a bow or crossbow

避免避免 bìmiǎn ◇ avoid, avert

闭塞閉塞 bìsè ◇ stop up, clog up ◇ remote, out-of-the-way ◇ ill-informed
 闭 閉 bì ◇ shut, close ◇ obstruct, block (up) ◇ inaccessible ◇ close, conclude (a meeting, etc.) ◇ Bi (surname)
 塞 塞 sāi ◇ fill, stuff, cram ◇ squeeze in, stuff in, fill in ◇ stop ◇ stopper, plug, cork

编辑編輯 biānjí ◇ edit, compile ◇ editor, compiler

编织編織 biānzhī ◇ weave, knit, braid

边疆邊疆 biānjiāng ◇ border region, frontier

边邊 biān ◇ side ◇ border, edge, fringe ◇ trim (as decoration) ◇ border, boundary ◇ location, place ◇ Bian (surname)

疆疆 jiāng ◇ boundary, border ◇ end, limit ◇ (short for Xīnjiāng Wéiwú'ěr Zìzhìqū 新疆維吾爾自治區/新疆维吾尔自治区) Xinjiang Uygur Autonomous Region ◇ Jiang (surname)

边界邊界 biānjiè ◇ border, boundary (mostly of a country) {{tiáo 條/条}}

界界 jiè ◇ boundary, border ◇ limit, extent, domain, range, scope ◇ group, circle(s), community (a certain group in society, e.g. kēxuéjiè 科學界/科学界 "scientific circles, the scientific community") ◇ realm, kingdom (like animal kingdom, etc.) ◇ {geosciences} division, group ◇ {math} bound

边境邊境 biānjìng ◇ frontier, border

境境 jìng ◇ boundary, border, frontier ◇ area, place ◇ condition, circumstances ◇ fortune (good or bad)

边缘邊緣 biānyuán ◇ border, edge, fringe ◇ the rim (e.g., of a pot or a porcelain vessel) ◇ borderline, frontier ◇ marginal

鞭策鞭策 biāncè ◇ spur on, urge on ◇ horse whip

鞭炮鞭炮 biānpào ◇ firecrackers (collectively) ◇ a string of small firecrackers

扁扁 biǎn ◇ flat ◇ squat (like of handwriting) ◇ {TW usage, colloquial} beat (sb) up ◇ {TW usage, obsolete} Chen Shuibian (short for Chén Shuǐbiǎn 陳水扁/陈水扁)

贬低貶低 biǎndī ◇ disparage, belittle

贬貶 biǎn ◇ demote (esp. of officials in former times) ◇ lower (the price or value) ◇ censure (in contrast to praise, commend, honour) ◇ reduce, devalue, depreciate

低低 dī ◇ low (i.e. a small distance from the ground, in contrast to gāo 高 "high") ◇ below (the) average ◇ (of rank, gra-

de, position, profile) low ◇ (let) droop, hang down, lower (like one's head)

贬义貶義 biǎnyì ◇ derogatory meaning

便便 biàn ◇ then, thus, in that case (consecutive particle, used similar to jiù 就, but more formal) ◇ (forming a hypothetical concession) even if ◇ convenient, handy, easy to... ◇ when the opportunity arises, when it is convenient ◇ ordinary, plain, informal ◇ urinate, defecate, relieve oneself; urine, excrement

便利便利 biànlì ◇ convenient, easy ◇ help, facilitate

便条便條 biàntiáo ◇ short note, memo, informal letter

条條 tiáo ◇ {measure word} (used for long, thin objects) ◇ {measure word}... item(s) (used for certain items, such as news, certain people, etc.) ◇ long narrow piece ◇ twig ◇ article (e.g. of a law), clause; condition ◇ string, stripe, slip ◇ long and narrow in pattern; streak ◇ order; in good order

便于便於 biànyú ◇ be easy to, be convenient to or for

变故變故 biàngù ◇ accident, unforeseen turn of events

变變 biàn ◇ change ◇ change into, turn into ◇ cause change, transform ◇ changeable, variable ◇ sell off (like property) ◇ major turn of events

故故 gù ◇ incident, happening, event, happening, accident ◇ reason, cause ◇ intentionally, deliberately, on purpose ◇ {grammar} hence, therefore, consequently ◇ former, previous, old ◇ friend, acquaintance ◇ (of a person) die, pass away

变化變化 biànhuà ◇ change

化化 huà ◇ change, transform; be changed/transformed ◇ enlighten, civilize (like through the moral influence of the emperor) ◇ influence, persuade, convert ◇ melt, thaw, dissolve ◇ digest ◇ remove, eliminate ◇ burn (up), incinerate ◇ (short for huàxué 化學/化学) chemistry ◇ (of monks, priests) die, pass away ◇ (as a suffix) -ize, -ization (like xiàndài 現代/modern becomes xiàndàihuà 現代化/modernize; modernization") ◇ {religion} (of Buddhist monks, Taoist priests) beg for alms ◇ Hua (surname)

变迁變遷 biànqiān ◇ vicissitudes

变质變質 biànzhì ◇ deteriorate (of things, like meat or people, like of

morals) ◇ {geosciences} metamorphism

辨认辨認 biànrèn ◇ recognize, identify

辨 辨 biàn ◇ distinguish, discriminate, differentiate

认 認 rèn ◇ recognize, know, distinguish ◇ admit, acknowledge ◇ adopt ◇ enter into/establish a relationship

辩护辯護 biànhù ◇ defend, speak in defense of, argue (in favour of) (usu. preceded by a phrase with wèi 為/为, "for/on behalf of/in favour of") ◇ {law} advocate, plead ◇ defense

辩解辯解 biànjiě ◇ try to explain away, make excuses

辩 辯 biàn ◇ debate, dispute, argue ◇ administer, rule

解 解 jiě ◇ divide, separate, split ◇ dissolve, disintegrate ◇ unfasten, untie, undo, unbutton ◇ relieve, alleviate, remove, dispel, dismiss ◇ explain, interpret, construe, clear up ◇ understand, comprehend ◇ relieve oneself, go to the bathroom ◇ {math} solution, solve

辩论辯論 biànlùn ◇ debate, argue

辩证辯證 biànzhèng ◇ find the truth through challenge and proof; investigate and authenticate; use the dialectical method to discriminate and verify ◇ dialectic, dialectical

辫子辮子 biànzi ◇ pigtail, braid ◇ sth resembling a pigtail or braid ◇ handle (by which to control sb)

辫 辮 biàn ◇ pigtail, braid ◇ sth resembling a pigtail or braid

子 子 zǐ ◇ son, child ◇ person ◇ (of melons, etc.) seed ◇ (of fowl, fish) egg, roe ◇ sth small and hard (pebble, bead, etc.) ◇ sub(ordinate) ◇ (in Chinese chess) a chess piece ◇ {history} viscount (the fourth of the five ranks of nobility) ◇ {respectful address} master, sir; Master... (suffix added to the names of ancient philosophers, such as Kǒngzǐ 孔子 "Confucius", Mèngzǐ 孟子 "Mencius") ◇ zi (first of the twelve Dìzhī 地支 "Earthly Branches") ◇ zi (11:00 p.m. to 1:00 a.m.; one of the twelve two-hour periods in a day) ◇ Zi (surname)

遍 遍 biàn ◇ everywhere, all over ◇ {measure word} (for repeated actions, preceded by a numeral) once through, one time (through) ◇ all the

way through, thoroughly, through and through

遍布遍佈 biànbù ◇ be located/spread/found everywhere

标本標本 biāoběn ◇ specimen, sample ◇ {med} root cause and symptom ◇ major and minor matters

标 標 biāo ◇ mark, sign, symbol, label, standard, quota ◇ label, tag ◇ prize ◇ symptom, outward appearance (in contrast to the basis or foundation of sth) ◇ tender, bid ◇ treetop ◇ biao (military unit during the late Qīng 清 Dynasty)

标点標點 biāodiǎn ◇ punctuation (mark); punctuate

标记標記 biāojiǐ ◇ mark, marking, sign ◇ {IT} flag (in computer code) ◇ to mark, flag

标题標題 biāotí ◇ heading, title, caption ◇ headline

标志標誌 biāozhì ◇ sign, mark, symbol, hallmark, token, notation, logo ◇ indicate, mark, symbolize, label (also written 標識/标识 or 標幟/标帜)

志 誌 zhì ◇ ambition, aspiration, ideal, will ◇ remember, keep in mind ◇ (written) record of events, annals, history ◇ weigh, measure ◇ resolve, determination ◇ {archery} the target

标准標準 biāozhǔn ◇ standard, criterion

准 準 zhǔn ◇ standard, criterion, norm ◇ according to, in the light of ◇ accurate, precise, exact ◇ certainly, definitely ◇ quasi- ◇ {archery} the target ◇ zhun (musical instrument resembling the sè 瑟 "Chinese zither")

表达表達 biǎodá ◇ express (feelings, ideas)

表 表 biǎo ◇ surface, exterior; external, outside ◇ show, express, manifest ◇ form, table, list ◇ watch ◇ meter, gauge ◇ relationship between the children of a brother and a sister or of sisters ◇ gnomon (needle) of a sundial ◇ ornamental/ceremonial columns (erected before palaces or tombs) ◇ {historical} memorial (to an emperor) ◇ model, example ◇ {Chinese med} bring out/cure the cold with medicine 达 達 dá ◇ reach, extend to ◇

achieve, attain, amount to, reach/up to (a certain number), arrive at ◇ for as long as (a stated amount of time or distance) ◇ grasp completely, understand thoroughly ◇ express, communicate, convey ◇ distinguished, prominent, illustrious, eminent ◇ Da (surname)

表格表格 biǎogé ◇ form, chart, table, list (to be filled out)

表决表决 biǎojiué ◇ vote, decide by vote

决 决 jué ◇ decide, determine ◇ certainly, definitely (when preceding a negative) ◇ execute a criminal ◇ (of a dike, etc.) burst, break ◇ {history} bone or ivory thumb-guard worn by archers ◇ part, bid farewell ◇ knack, trick of the trade

表面表面 biǎomiàn ◇ surface ◇ outward/superficial appearance

表明表明 biǎomíng ◇ indicate, make clear

表情表情 biǎoqíng ◇ outwardly express one's thoughts, feelings, emotions ◇ outward (like facial) expression of one's thoughts, feelings or emotions ◇ boast, brag

表示表示 biǎoshì ◇ express, show, manifest ◇ indicate, signify ◇ expression, manifestation, indication

表态表态 biǎotài ◇ state/declare one's position, take a stand

形态 态 tài ◇ form, shape, appearance, condition ◇ bearing, attitude ◇ {physics} state, mode

表现表现 biǎoxiàn ◇ expression, behaviour, performance ◇ outward manifestation ◇ manifest, display ◇ show off

现 现 xiàn ◇ appear, become visible/manifest, manifest (itself), be revealed ◇ present, current, concrete; now ◇ at the time, extemporaneous ◇ ready, on hand (like cash)

表演表演 biǎoyǎn ◇ perform, act; performance ◇ exhibition, demonstration ◇ demonstrate, show

表扬表扬 biǎoyáng ◇ commend, praise

扬 扬 yáng ◇ lift, raise, hoist ◇ winnow, scatter ◇ spread, publicize ◇ yang (battle-axe) ◇ Yangzhou ◇ Yang (surname)

表彰表彰 biǎozhāng ◇ commend publicly, cite (for praise)

憋 憋 biē ◇ suppress, repress, hold back, bottle up (like anger) ◇ stifle, suffocate ◇ vex, frustrate ◇ {dia-

lect} brew in one's mind, mull over sth; watch out for, be on the lookout for; (of adverse weather) brew ◇ force (sb to do sth), coerce ◇ (of a fuse) blow

别 别 bié ◇ other, another, different ◇ depart, leave, separate ◇ {regional} change, turn around ◇ distinguish, differentiate ◇ distinction, difference ◇ category, type ◇ stick into, obstruct (sb/sth) ◇ trip (sb), cause to stumble ◇ block (another bike or other vehicle with one's own) ◇ (contraction of the prohibitive bù yào 不要) "don't...!" ◇ Bie (surname)

别扭别扭 bièniu ◇ disagreeable, difficult to deal with; be at cross-purposes, not get along well; quarrelsome ◇ frustrated, exasperated ◇ (of speech, writing) awkward, unnatural ◇ (also pronounced "bièniǔ")

别 别 bié ◇ other, another, different ◇ depart, leave, separate ◇ {regional} change, turn around ◇ distinguish, differentiate ◇ distinction, difference ◇ category, type ◇ stick into, obstruct (sb/sth) ◇ trip (sb), cause to stumble ◇ block (another bike or other vehicle with one's own) ◇ (contraction of the prohibitive bù yào 不要) "don't...!" ◇ Bie (surname)

扭 扭 niǔ ◇ turn (around, to the side, away, etc.) ◇ twist, wrench, contort ◇ sprain, strain (like one's ankle, a muscle, etc.) ◇ (of body movements, gait, etc.) swing, sway ◇ seize, grapple with, wrestle with ◇ twisted, contorted, slanted

别人别人 biérén ◇ others, other people, someone/anyone else

人 人 rén ◇ person(s), human being(s), people, man ◇ somebody else, the others ◇ Ren (surname)

别墅别墅 biéshù ◇ villa, mansion

墅 墅 shù ◇ villa ◇ thatched cottage

别致别致 biézhì ◇ unique ◇ unconventional (also pronounced "biézhì")

致 致 zhì ◇ send, deliver (one's respects, regards, congratulations, etc.) ◇ concentrate, devote (one's attention, efforts, etc.) ◇ cause, result in ◇ as a result, consequently ◇ appeal, interest, attraction

宾馆宾馆 bīnguǎn ◇ hotel, guesthouse

濒临瀕臨 bīnlín ◇ border on ◇ be on the verge of, be on the brink of

冰雹冰雹 bīngbáo ◇ {meteorology} hail ◇ a hailstone
冰激凌 冰激凌 bīngjīlíng
◇ ice cream || (also pronounced bīngjílíng)

凌 凌 líng ◇ insult, bully ◇ rise high, soar, tower above ◇ Ling (surname)
冰箱冰箱 bīngxiāng ◇ fridge, refrigerator, ice box ◇ freezer

丙 丙 bǐng ◇ bǐng (third of the ten tiāngān 天干 "Celestial Stems") ◇ third (in a series) ◇ fire ◇ Bing (surname)

饼干餅乾 bǐnggān ◇ cracker, biscuit, cookie

并 並 bìng ◇ and (also), at the same time, equally, simultaneously ◇ entirely, completely ◇ on the same level with, even, equal ◇ (emphatic when followed by a negation) (not) at all ◇ {written} (used like lián 連/连) (not) even... ◇ place together, place side by side ◇ merge

非 非 fēi ◇ no, not ◇ (in compound words, as a prefix indicating negation) non-, un-, in- ◇ in no way ◇ wrong (in contrast to shì 是 "right") ◇ wrongdoing, evil ◇ negate ◇ not in accord with, not conforming to ◇ oppose, blame ◇ (often in the structure fēi...bùkě 非...不可) must, have to; be bound to ◇ insist on ◇ {written} degenerate, deteriorate ◇ (short for Fēizhōu 非洲) Africa, African
并列並列 bìngliè ◇ arrange side by side, juxtapose ◇ side by side ◇ parallel ◇ coordinate (like clause) ◇ compound (like sentence)

列 列 liè ◇ arrange in order, line up; list, enumerate, tabulate ◇ list, place (on a list, etc.) ◇ row, rank, line ◇ {measure word} (used for trains or things/people in a row) ◇ {formal/written} type, kind, sort ◇ each and every ◇ various ◇ numerous ◇ Lie (surname)

并且並且 bìngqiě ◇ and, besides, furthermore, moreover, what's more

且 且 qiě ◇ for now, for the time being, for the moment ◇ just, now ◇ now...(to introduce a new thought) ◇ moreover... ◇ and

also... ◇ even... ◇ {regional, including Beijing} (in the pattern 且... verb... 呢) for a long time, for quite some time ◇ Qie (surname)

病毒病毒 bìngdú ◇ virus

剥削剥削 bōxuē ◇ exploit ◇ exploitation

剥 剥 bāo ◇ peel (off), strip (off), (remove the) shell/skin ◇ (the) peel, shell, skin

削 xiāo ◇ peel, pare (with a knife), cut, slice, chop ◇ sharpen, whittle ◇ {sports} cut, slice, chop (e.g., the ball in playing ping-pong)

拨 撥 bō ◇ move, stir, poke (with the hand, a stick, etc.) ◇ assign, allocate ◇ turn round ◇ {measure word}... group(s) of... (used for people in groups)

播放播放 bōfàng ◇ broadcast, transmit (on radio or TV)

播种播種 bōzhòng ◇ grow/plant by sowing seeds, sow

播 播 bō ◇ spread, broadcast ◇ disperse, scatter ◇ sow (seeds) ◇

move, migrate ◇ abandon, give up
种 種 zhǒng ◇ type, kind ◇ {biology} species ◇ (of people) race ◇ seed, breed, strain ◇ guts, nerve, courage ◇ {measure word}... type(s) of..., kind(s) of... (used for things of a certain type, style, kind, sort [often not translated]) ◇ Zhong (surname)

波浪波浪 bōlàng ◇ wave (of water or figuratively)

波涛波濤 bōtāo ◇ mighty waves (literally or figuratively)

波 波 bō ◇ wave, ripple (on water), (ocean) breaker ◇ (electromagnetic) wave(s) (like radio waves) ◇ undulation; undulate ◇ fluctuation; fluctuate ◇ affect, involve, implicate, entangle ◇ unexpected turn of events ◇ {dialect} run, rush ◇ {dialect, phonetic} ball

涛 濤 tāo ◇ billows, big waves ◇ {onom} the sound of waves

玻璃玻璃 bōli ◇ glass (the material)

伯母伯母 bómǔ ◇ aunt (father's el-

der brother's wife) ◇ {formal} aunt
(form of address an elderly woman)

博大精深 博大精深 bódàjīngshēn
◇ broad and profound (knowledge,
etc.)

博览会 博覽會 bólǎnhuì

◇ fair, (international) exposition

博 博 bó ◇ abundant, plenti-
ful, ample, rich ◇ (of garments) wide,
big, loose ◇ knowledgeable, well-infor-
med, learned, erudite ◇ win, achieve,
gain; gamble ◇ barter, exchange ◇
great, grand ◇ Bo (surname)

博士博士 bóshì ◇ Dr. ◇ Ph.D. ◇
doctor (of philosophy, medicine, law,
etc.) ◇ {history} a court scholar (an of-
ficial title in Imperial China) ◇ {histo-
ry} a waiter or owner of a teahouse; a
wine merchant

博物馆 博物館 bówùguǎn
◇ museum

博物博物 bówù ◇ natural science (a
general term for all branches of natural
science)

馆 館 guǎn ◇ guesthouse, hotel ◇
embassy, consulate ◇ shop, place of business
(like a restaurant) ◇ library, museum, exhibi-
tion hall, gymnasium (and other buildings ser-
ving cultural/sports activities) ◇ {archaic} old-
style private school

搏斗搏斗 bó dòu ◇ wrestle, fight

搏 搏 bó ◇ wrestle, fight,
struggle ◇ beat [of the pulse, etc.],
throb, pulsate

斗 鬥 dòu ◇ fight, struggle, combat
◇ make animals fight (as a spectacle or game)
◇ compete with, contend with, contest ◇ accu-
se and denounce at a meeting ◇ fit together,
come together, piece together, join

脖子脖子 bózi ◇ the neck ◇ the
neck (of a vessel, e.g., a vase)

薄 薄 báo ◇ thin, meagre, slight,
small ◇ frail, not strong, not solid ◇ unkind,
mean, frivolous, not generous ◇ (of emotions,
treatment of others, etc.) cold ◇ light, weak
(like of wine) ◇ (of land) infertile ◇ look
down upon, despise, belittle, diminish ◇ {writ-
ten} approach, draw near | (the literary pronun-
ciation is "bo", which is used in certain formal
words/phrases; "báo" is the colloquial pronun-
ciation, used in expressions from everyday life)

薄弱薄弱 bóruò ◇ weak, feeble, frag-

ile, frail

不但不但 bùdàn ◇ not only

不过不过 bùguò ◇ but, however, ne-
vertheless

过 過 guò ◇ go past, pass (by), go
through, cross ◇ exceed, go beyond ◇ mistake
◇ blame or criticize sb for a mistake ◇ transfer
(like money), adopt (like a child) ◇ read, go
over, recall, call to mind ◇ {written} visit, stop
by ◇ {regional} pass away, die ◇ {grammar}
outperform, or fail (following dé 得 or bù 不 af-
ter a verb) ◇ {chem} per-, super- ◇ {regional}
be contagious, infect ◇ Guo (surname)

不要紧 不要緊 bù yào jǐn
◇ not important, not serious ◇ it isn't
important, it's all right, forget it, never
mind ◇ it may seem O.K., but

不要不要 bù yào ◇ do not...! one
should not (in the imperative meaning
"do not...!" often contracted to "bié"
别/别, comparable to the English
"don't...!")

紧 緊 jǐn ◇ tight ◇ urgent, press-
ing ◇ financially tight

哺乳哺乳 bǔrǔ ◇ nurse, suckle,
breast-feed

捕捉捕捉 bǔzhuō ◇ catch, cap-
ture, trap, snare, seize ◇ {figurative}
capture, catch (sth fleeting, e.g., photo-
graphing a scene, or capturing an idea,
inspiration, etc.)

补偿補償 bǔcháng ◇ compensa-
te, make up for, offset

补充補充 bǔchōng ◇ supple-
ment, replenish ◇ supplementary, ad-
ditional

补 補 bǔ ◇ mend, patch, fix,
correct ◇ supplement, make up for ◇
take a restorative to improve one's
health ◇ help, benefit ◇ appoint to of-
fice ◇ embroidery on official garments

充 充 chōng ◇ full, ample, sufficient
◇ fill, charge (like a battery) ◇ act as, serve as
◇ play the part of, pose as ◇ Chong (surname)

补救補救 bǔjiù ◇ remedy, rectify
救 救 jiù ◇ save, rescue ◇ relieve
◇ help, aid ◇ stop, prevent ◇ control (like
hunger) ◇ Jiu (surname)

补贴補貼 bǔtiē ◇ subsidize ◇ subsi-
dy (mostly from the government)

不安不安 bù'ān ◇ uneasy, disturbed, worried, restless, ill-at-ease; unsettled, unpeaceful, unstable

不得不 不得不 bùdébù

◇ cannot but, cannot help, have no alternative but

不得了 不得了 bùdéliǎo

◇ serious, desperate, disastrous ◇ extremely, terribly ◇ unbearably, intolerably

不得已 不得已 bùdéyǐ

◇ have no choice but, be forced to

不断不斷 bùduàn ◇ continuous(ly), steady/steadily, constant(ly)

◇ uninterrupted, unbroken, unceasing

断 斷 duàn ◇ break, interrupt ◇ cut up (into smaller sections), cut off, sever ◇ abstain from, stop, quit (like smoking) ◇ section, paragraph, (text) passage ◇ judge, decide ◇ absolutely, definitely (often followed by a negative, as in duàn wú... 斷無/斷无... "absolutely not...")

不妨不妨 bùfáng ◇ there's no harm in; might as well ◇ it would be a good idea to, may, why not...

不敢当 不敢當 bùgǎndāng

◇ you flatter me, I don't deserve it (in reply to a compliment or polite gesture)

不敢不敢 bùgǎn ◇ (I) dare not ◇ you flatter me, I don't deserve it (in reply to a compliment)

当 當 dāng ◇ as... ◇ be equal, match ◇ equal ◇ should, ought to, must ◇ at, in front of, in the presence of, confronting, facing, to sb's face ◇ (just) at (that very time, that very place) (as in 當...時/當...时 dāng... shí "at the time when...") ◇ become, serve as, work as, act as, be ◇ deserve, accept, bear ◇ be in charge of, direct, manage ◇ {written} stop, obstruct, prevent ◇ ought to, should, must ◇ {onom} ding-dong, etc. (used like dāng 當/当 "ding-dong", etc., for the sound of bells)

不顾不顧 bùgù ◇ disregard, ignore, be heedless of, have no consideration for ◇ not care about, not take care of (sb)

顾 顧 gù ◇ (turn the head and) look at ◇ pay attention to, take care of, attend to, take into account ◇ pay a visit, call on ◇ a customer, client, patron ◇ {grammar, written} however, but, nevertheless ◇ instead, on the contrary, in lieu ◇ Gu (surname)

不管不管 bùguǎn ◇ no matter if, regardless of

见得 見得 jiànde ◇ look, seem, appear (only used with the negative or an interrogati-

ve, e.g., bù jiànde 不見得/不见得, zěnmé jiànde 怎麼見得/怎么见得, héyǐ jiànde 何以見得/何以见得) I (sometimes pronounced "jiànde")

见 見 jiàn ◇ see, perceive ◇ be exposed to, come in contact with, meet with, call on ◇ show evidence of, appear/seem to be ◇ view, opinion, understanding ◇ {written} (as a particle, when preceding a verb indicates the passive voice, or the request towards sb to do sth for the writer)

得 得 de ◇ {grammar} (as structural particle between verb/adjective and a following complement) able to...; to the degree of...(used after certain verbs to indicate ability, possibility, or achievement to a certain degree, e.g., wǒ kàn de hěn qīngchū 我看得很清楚 "I could see it clearly")

不仅不僅 bùjǐn ◇ not just, not limited to ◇ not only (... , but also...)

仅 僅 jǐn ◇ only, merely, barely, hardly, just

不禁不禁 bùjīn ◇ cannot help but

不堪不堪 bùkān ◇ (as a transitive verb) cannot bear/stand/endure (sth)

◇ (of sth unpleasant or bad) unbearable to... ◇ not fit to..., not be qualified for, not be up to (a heavy responsibility) ◇ cannot (possibly), impossible to... ◇ (after an adjective) utterly, extremely, outrageously ◇ cannot bring oneself to..., how can I bear to..., how can I bear (sth) ◇ {Ming/Qing} awful

不可思议 不可思議 bùkěsīyì ◇ unthinkable, inconceivable, unimaginable, beyond comprehension; mysterious

不可不可 bùkě ◇ must/should not, cannot, may not ◇ must (as a verb complement) ◇ no, negative ◇ (second part of the structure 非...不可 fēi...bùkě, "must" or "be bound to")

思 思 sī ◇ think, consider, ponder ◇ think of, remember fondly, long for ◇ hope, wish, desire ◇ (train of) thought, thinking

议 議 yì ◇ idea, opinion ◇ discuss, talk over ◇ discuss right and wrong (mostly in reproach)

不客气 不客氣 bùkèqì ◇

blunt, rude ◇ {formal} you're welcome, don't mention it ◇ {formal} please don't bother (as said by a guest) ◇

{formal} please make yourself at home (as said by a host)

不客不客 bùkè ◇ peck (dry measu-

re)

气 氣 qì ◇ gas, air ◇ power ◇ vigour, spirit ◇ weather, climate ◇ thin clouds ◇ make angry ◇ get angry ◇ fate, destiny ◇ {Chinese philosophy} formative or creative spirit ◇ {Chinese med} qi, vital energy; functions (of internal organs); symptom (of a disease); nutrition

不愧不愧 bùkuì ◇ be worthy of the name of (often followed by "wei" or "shi")

不料不料 bùliào ◇ unexpectedly; (much) to sb's surprise; only to

不免不免 bùmiǎn ◇ unavoidable ◇ unavoidably ◇ can't help

不耐烦 不耐烦 bùnàifán ◇ impatient

烦 煩 fán ◇ be annoyed, be vexed ◇ be tired of, fed up with ◇ superfluous and confusing ◇ bother, trouble

不然不然 bùrán ◇ otherwise, if not

不如不如 bùrú ◇ not as good as, inferior to ◇ (be) better to...

不时不時 bùshí ◇ often, frequently, from time to time, every now and then ◇ at any time

时 時 shí ◇ time ◇ when, at (a certain time) ◇ o'clock (written form) ◇ current, present ◇ at that time ◇ occasionally, now and then; at times, sometimes (in the pattern 時...時...) ◇ Shi (surname)

不惜不惜 bùxī ◇ spare no (effort, expense, etc.) ◇ not hesitate to, have no scruples about

不相上下 不相上下 bùxiāngshàngxià ◇ equally matched, without much difference, about the same ◇ on equal footing, on even terms ◇ neck and neck, nip-and-tuck ◇ balanced

不像话 不像話 bùxiànghuà ◇ unreasonable, improper ◇ unrepresentable ◇ preposterous, absurd, ludicrous, outrageous

不像不像 bùxiàng ◇ not resemble ◇ unlike

话 話 huà ◇ words, talk (spoken or written) ◇ talk about, discuss ◇ speech, language ◇ tell, instruct

不屑一顾 不屑一顧 bùxièyīgù ◇ not deign to look back; be too conceited to even take a look

不屑不屑 bùxiè ◇ not deign to do sth, be above doing sth, be reluctant to do sth

一 一 yī ◇ one, 1 ◇ alone ◇ whole ◇ once... ◇ Yi (surname)

不言而喻 不言而喻 bùrán'éryù ◇ it goes without saying, it stands to reason, it is obvious ◇ matter of course, taken for granted ◇ implied, axiomatic, obvious

不由得 不由得 bùyóude ◇ can't help... ◇ cannot but... ◇ unconsciously, involuntarily

不择手段 不擇手段 bùzeshǒuduàn ◇ {pejorative} resort to any

means, stop at nothing (to do sth), be unscrupulous ◇ by fair means or foul, by hook or (by) crook, by unscrupulous means

择 擇 zé ◇ select, choose, pick ◇ differentiate, make a distinction between, choose carefully

手段 手段 shǒuduàn ◇ method (often derogatory) ◇ trick (in bad sense) ◇ means (neutral in connotation, as in 和平的手段 hépíng de shǒuduàn "peaceful means") ◇ skill, ability

不止不止 bùzhǐ ◇ incessantly, unceasingly ◇ not stop at ◇ not only, not limited to ◇ more than, exceed

不足不足 bùzú ◇ be insufficient/inadequate/short ◇ less than (a specified amount) ◇ not deserve, not worth

布 布 bù ◇ cloth ◇ (used like bù 佈/布) spread, circulate, disseminate ◇ declare, announce, state to the public ◇ arrange, deploy ◇ donate, give (like to a charity) ◇ Bu (surname)

布告布告 bùgào ◇ notice, announcement, proclamation

布局布局 bùjú ◇ (same as bùjú 佈局/布局) arrangement, layout ◇ composition (of a picture, etc.) ◇ deployment (of chess pieces, troops, etc.)

布置佈置 bùzhì ◇ arrange, set up, lay out, decorate ◇ make arrangements for, assign ◇ deploy (troops) ◇ move (chess pieces) ◇ {IT} configure

步伐步伐 bùfá ◇ steps, gait, pace (of walking or marching) ◇ {figurative} pace (of a process)

步骤步驟 bùzhòu ◇ step(s), measure(s), procedure(s) || (TW pronunciation bùzòu)

步 步 bù ◇ step, pace ◇ (in a process) step, stage ◇ situation, condition ◇ {measure of length} bu (unit of length equal to five chǐ 尺 [Chinese feet], a Chinese foot being approx. 0.3 metres) ◇ {measure word}...
 step(s)...., ... move(s)... (used for steps in walking and moves in chess) ◇ walk ◇ step on, tread ◇ pace off, measure by pacing ◇ Bu (surname)
 骤 骤 zhòu ◇ run fast (of a horse) ◇ sudden, abrupt ◇ repeatedly 屌 (TW pronunciation zòu)

部分部分 bùfen ◇ part, portion, section, share ◇ some, a portion of... ◇ partly, in part, partially
 部门部门 bùmén ◇ department, branch, sector, division
 部 部 bù ◇ department, ministry (or similar organizational or administrative unit) ◇ part, section ◇ headquarters (esp. military) ◇ unit, force, troops ◇ category, class ◇ (un-

der one's) command ◇ {measure word} (used for films, books, vehicles, machines, laws, regulations, rules) ◇ Bu (surname)

门 門 mén ◇ door, entrance, gate ◇ switch, valve ◇ hole/opening in human body ◇ family ◇ school (of thought), (religious) sect ◇ a teacher's or master's entrance hall ◇ means, method, key ◇ category ◇ {biology} phylum (of animals or plants) ◇ -gate (used by the media to create new words referring to a scandal, after the pattern of Shuǐmén [Shìjiàn] 水門 [事件]/水门 [事件] "Watergate") ◇ {measure word}... course(s) of..., ... subject(s) of..., ... skill(s) of... (used for school courses, skills, branches or subjects of knowledge, etc.) ◇ {measure word} (used for cannons) ◇ {measure word} (used for relatives, marriages, families related by marriage, etc.) ◇ Men (surname)
 部署部署 bùshǔ ◇ lay out, dispose, deploy (personnel, responsibility, etc.), arrange, instruct ◇ disposition, plan
 部位部位 bùwèi ◇ position, location (part of the body, location of troops, tongue position in pronunciation, etc.)

C

擦 擦 cā ◇ apply, put on (like makeup) ◇ rub, scratch ◇ wipe (like one's hands, a table) ◇ brush, scrub ◇ brush (past) ◇ grate, shred (vegetables, etc.)

猜 猜 cāi ◇ guess, speculate, conjecture, surmise, estimate ◇ be suspicious, suspect ◇ be doubtful, doubt ◇ be jealous, cunning, crafty

才 才 cái ◇ talent, ability, gift ◇ talented (or capable, gifted) person, talent ◇ Cai (surname) ◇ (used like 纔/才) {grammar} just (now) (indicates sth has just happened) ◇ only, only then (indicates sth happening later than expected) ◇ only in this case, only under such a condition (indicates sth happens only under a given condition) ◇ only after... (indicates sth new has happened) ◇ barely, hardly, only (indicates sth/sb is comparatively small/weak) ◇ definitely, by all means (used for emphasis/assertion, usually followed by the sentence-final particle 呢)

才干才幹 cáigàn ◇ talent or ability (to get things done), competence, capability

干 幹 gàn ◇ do, manage, implement, handle, work, act ◇ cadre (short for gàn bù 幹部/干部) ◇ capable, able, talented, competent ◇ assume the office of, hold the post of, undertake (a job, task, etc.) ◇ trunk (of a tree), stem ◇ main part, most important part ◇ shaft (like of an arrow) ◇ trunk, main (like line of a railroad, stream)

材料材料 cáiliào ◇ material (like building material) ◇ data, (reference, etc.) material

裁缝裁縫 cáifeng ◇ tailor, dressmaker

裁 裁 cái ◇ cut out (like paper, cloth) ◇ cut (down), decrease, reduce (like staff, armaments) ◇ (in art, literature) approach, style ◇ decide, judge ◇ control, check, sanction ◇ {archaic} commit suicide by slitting

one's throat

缝 縫 féng ◇ sew, stitch
裁判裁判 cáipàn ◇ {law} judgment ◇ referee, umpire

裁员裁員 cáiyuán ◇ reduce staff, lay off staff

员 員 yuán ◇ employee ◇ person performing a particular function, or engaged in a certain activity, profession, etc. ◇ {admin} member (of a committee, organization, etc.) ◇ {measure word} (used for military officers, and able/outstanding persons) ◇ border, perimeter

财产財產 cáichǎn ◇ property, assets

财富財富 cáifù ◇ wealth, riches, treasures

财 財 cái ◇ wealth, money, riches, possessions

富 富 fù ◇ rich, wealthy (in contrast to pín 贫/贫 "poor", or qióng 窮/穷 "poor") ◇ riches, wealth, resources, property ◇ enrich ◇ rich in... ◇ abundant, plentiful, sufficient, ample ◇ Fu (surname)

财务財務 cáiwù ◇ financial affairs

财政财政 cáizhèng ◇ (public) finance; fiscal

政 政 zhèng ◇ politics ◇ various aspects of administering government ◇ political department ◇ matters concerning a family or organization ◇ administrator ◇ Zheng (surname)

彩虹彩虹 cǎihóng ◇ rainbow

彩票彩票 cǎipiào ◇ lottery ticket

踩 踩 cǎi ◇ step on, tread on, trample on ◇ {figurative} belittle, diminish, trample on ◇ {archaic} track or hunt down robbers/bandits, investigate in a criminal case

采访採訪 cǎifǎng ◇ to interview ◇ cover (the news), gather material/news

采 採 cǎi ◇ pick, pluck (flowers, etc.), gather ◇ mine, extract ◇ collect (samples) ◇ select, choose ◇ (of measures, etc.) adopt ◇ (now rarely) drag ◇ beckon, take notice of

访 訪 fǎng ◇ (pay a) visit, call on ◇ gather (information), seek out, investigate, interview ◇ Fang (surname)

采购採購 cǎigòu ◇ purchase, procure

(for an organization or enterprise) ◇

procurement

购 購 gòu ◇ buy, purchase, procure

采集採集 cǎijí ◇ collect, gather

采纳採納 cǎinà ◇ accept, take, adopt (suggestions, ideas, a plan, etc.)

纳 納 nà ◇ admit, receive ◇ accept, take ◇ pay (taxes, etc.) ◇ enjoy (as in nàliáng 納涼/纳凉, enjoy the cool air [on a hot day]) ◇ bring (into line, etc.) ◇ sew close-stitch (over a patch, on cloth shoe soles, etc.) ◇ the Na People (self-designation of the Nàxī 纳西/纳西 nationality) ◇ Na (surname)

采取採取 cǎiqǔ ◇ take, use, adopt

菜 菜 cài ◇ vegetables, greens

◇ canola, rapeseed (oil) ◇ dish, course (of a meal, on a menu, etc.) ◇ meal, dishes; food

菜单菜單 càidān ◇ menu (as of dishes in a restaurant) ◇ {IT} menu (also xuǎndān 選單/选单) ◇ list of services or items (e.g., sightseeing destinations of a travel agency, various services offered by a bank, performances in a theatre, etc.)

单 單 dān ◇ single, one (alone) ◇ only, exclusively ◇ odd, odd-numbered (in contrast to shuāng 雙/双 "even, even-numbered") ◇ {grammar} singular ◇ alone ◇ weak, thin ◇ {clothing} unlined, unpadded, single-layer ◇ slip, list, bill, sheet, order

参观參觀 cānguān ◇ visit (as an observer, tourist, etc.)

参加參加 cānjiā ◇ join, participate in, take part in ◇ attend (a performance, a meeting, etc.)

参 參 cān ◇ join, participate (in) ◇ consult, refer (to) ◇ visit to pay one's respects to, pay homage to ◇ {history, admin} impeach an official at the imperial court ◇ understand, grasp ◇ {math} parameter ◇ {Buddhism} seek to understand

加 加 jiā ◇ add, append, put in ◇ {math} add; ...plus...(adding numbers) ◇ increase, raise, augment ◇ impose ◇ (used between a one-syllable adverb and a two-syllable verb to indicate that the action is directed towards sth or sb mentioned before or understood) ◇ Jia (surname)

参考參考 cānkǎo ◇ refer to, consult, compare with ◇ reference

(like materials)

考 考 kǎo ◇ test, examination ◇

take (and pass) an entrance examination ◇

check, examine, inspect ◇ inquire into, investigate, study ◇ {formal} one's deceased father

参谋參謀 cānmóu ◇ staff officer

◇ offer advice ◇ staff officer, counselor

(military official title during the

Táng 唐 and Sòng 宋 Dynasties)

参与參與 cānyù ◇ participate ◇ take part in

参照參照 cānzhào ◇ refer to, consult, compare with

照 照 zhào ◇ shine, illuminate ◇ to, towards, in the direction of ◇ reflect (in a mirror) ◇ take a picture, film ◇ picture, photo ◇ certificate, license, permit ◇ look after, take care of, attend to ◇ notify, give notice ◇ contrast ◇ know, understand ◇ according to, in light of ◇ (before a one-syllable verb, and often in the pattern "zhào Verb bù wù" 照 Verb 不誤/照 Verb 不误) in spite of it, just the same, still continue to...

餐厅餐廳 cāntīng ◇ dining room ◇ restaurant

餐 餐 cān ◇ eat, dine ◇ meal, food ◇ {measure word} (for meals)

厅 廳 tīng ◇ hall (for gatherings, ceremonies, receptions, etc.) ◇ office (as part of a large organization) ◇ department or bureau of a provincial government ◇ {history} administrative unit (established for new territories opened up during the Qīng 清 Dynasty)

惭愧慚愧 cánguì ◇ be ashamed

惭 慚 cán ◇ feel ashamed

愧 愧 kuì ◇ ashamed, conscience-stricken ◇ shame

残疾殘疾 cánjí ◇ handicap, deformity ◇ handicapped

残 殘 cán ◇ injure, mutilate, damage, harm, cripple, kill ◇ incomplete, fragmentary, deficient ◇ crippled, mutilated, disabled, handicapped ◇ left over, remaining ◇ remnants, remains ◇ cruel, ferocious, fierce, savage, barbarous

疾 疾 jí ◇ (acute) illness, sickness, disease ◇ pain, suffering, distress ◇ hate, detest, abhor, loathe ◇ fast, vigorous

残酷殘酷 cánkù ◇ cruel, brutal, merciless

酷 酷 kù ◇ "cool" (sound-borrowing from English; metaphor for sb who is

good looking, natural and unrestrained, or sth which is excellent, etc.) ◇ cruel, tyrannical ◇ very, extreme(ly) ◇ (of criticism) harsh ◇ (of wine) mellow ◇ (of fragrance) strong
 残留 殘留 cánliú ◇ remain ◇ linger on in life ◇ residue
 留 留 liú ◇ stay, remain behind ◇ cause/persuade to stay on ◇ study abroad ◇ take care, be careful, pay attention, concentrate on ◇ keep, retain, reserve, save ◇ accept, take (like a gift) ◇ let grow, wear (like a beard, hair, etc.) ◇ leave (like a note, a message, an impression, an inheritance, etc.) ◇ Liu (surname)
 残忍 殘忍 cánrěn ◇ cruel, ruthless, brutal
 忍 忍 rěn ◇ endure, bear ◇ enduring, tough ◇ have the heart to, be cruel enough to ◇ restrain, control

灿烂 燦爛 cànlan ◇ bright (literally or figuratively) ◇ brilliant

仓促 倉促 cāngcù ◇ hasty ◇ hastily
 仓 倉 cāng ◇ warehouse, storehouse, depository, storage facility ◇ grain storage, grain elevator ◇ Cang (surname)
 促 促 cù ◇ be short of time ◇ pressed for time, in a hurry ◇ pressing, urgent ◇ urge, promote, spur, hurry ◇ {written} near, close
 仓库 倉庫 cāngkù ◇ warehouse, storehouse

舱 艙 cāng ◇ cabin, hold (of a ship or aircraft) ◇ module (of a spacecraft)

苍白 蒼白 cāngbái ◇ pale, ashen (complexion) ◇ weak, lacking vitality
 苍 蒼 cāng ◇ blue (colour of the sky, the sea) ◇ green (colour of grass, plants) ◇ (of vegetation, growth) lush, dense, luxurious, abundant ◇ gray, ashen ◇ {written} sky, the heavens ◇ Cang (surname)
 白 白 bái ◇ (of colour) white ◇ (of daylight) bright, light ◇ (of facts, the truth, etc.) clear ◇ plain, blank, pure ◇ in vain, for nothing, futile, fruitless ◇ free (of charge), gratis ◇ (politically) white (symbolizing a counter-revolutionary or other undesirable political orientation) ◇ funeral ◇ give sb an unfriendly look ◇ {ethnology} the Bai national minority ◇ Bai (surname) ◇ say, state, explain ◇ {theatre} spoken parts (in a Chinese opera,

etc.) ◇ {linguistics} (of Chinese text) written wrong or mispronounced ◇ dialect ◇ spoken (language), vernacular ◇ colloquial (vs literary)

操场 操場 cāochǎng ◇ sports-ground, drill ground, playground, exercise field

操 操 cāo ◇ hold (in the hand), grasp, wield ◇ do/operate/handle (sth) ◇ speak (a language or a dialect) ◇ a drill, exercise ◇ one's conduct, behaviour, morality, principles ◇ Cao (surname)

场 場 chǎng ◇ (gathering) place ◇ stage ◇ {theatre} scene (within an act) ◇ {measure word} (used for physical activities, athletic events, performances, dreams, exams, speeches, disasters, e.g., yī chǎng diànyǐng 一場電影/一场电影 "a (theater showing of a) movie") ◇ {physics} field (magnetic, etc.)

操劳 操勞 cāoláo ◇ work hard, do painstakingly ◇ look after

劳 勞 láo ◇ work, labour, toil ◇ (preceding a request) "may I trouble you..." ◇ fatigue ◇ service, meritorious deed ◇ Lao (surname)

操练 操練 cāoliàn ◇ drill (military, sports, etc.) ◇ do exercises, have physical training

练 練 liàn ◇ white silk ◇ boil and scour raw silk ◇ practice, drill, train, exercise ◇ skilled, experienced ◇ Lian (surname)

操心 操心 cāoxīn ◇ worry about, fret over, be concerned about, be preoccupied with; take great pains, spare no effort

操纵 操縱 cāozòng ◇ operate (like a machine), control ◇ manipulate, rig, tamper with

纵 縱 zòng ◇ from north to south ◇ vertical, longitudinal ◇ from front to back, depth ◇ release, set free ◇ indulge in, give free rein to ◇ jump up, leap forward ◇ even though, even if ◇ crinkled

操作 操作 cāozuò ◇ operate, handle, manipulate ◇ put into operation or practice ◇ operation ◇ operative

嘈杂 嘈雜 cáozá ◇ noisy

嘈 嘈 cáo ◇ noise, din, hubbub; noisy (mostly of people's voices)

杂 雜 zá ◇ mixed, miscellaneous ◇ mix, mingle

草 草 cǎo ◇ grass, herbs ◇

straw (like rope, sandals) ◇ {archaic}
 wilderness, the country ◇ {colloquial}
 female (of certain domestic animals,
 like cǎomǎ 草馬/草马 "mare") ◇ slop-
 py, hasty, careless ◇ (of pieces of writ-
 ing) rough draft ◇ draw up, draft (a
 document) ◇ {calligraphy} cursive
 script, cursive hand, running style
 草案草案 cǎo'àn ◇ {admin} a draft
 (of a plan, law, regulations, etc.)
 草率草率 cǎoshuài ◇ hasty, care-
 less (work)

侧面侧面 cèmiàn ◇ side, flank
 ◇ aspect (like of a problem) ◇ side
 view, profile, silhouette ◇ side dimen-
 sion ◇ indirect ◇ {med} facies latera-
 lis
 侧 侧 cè ◇ side, flank; lateral
 ◇ incline, tilt, lean, slant ◇ lie prostra-
 te
 面 面 miàn ◇ face (toward); face,
 surface ◇ aspect ◇ the whole area (in contrast
 to diǎn 點/点 "selected spots") ◇ {regional,
 slang} habitually slow (of a person) ◇ {meas-
 ure word} (used for things with a flat surface,
 like walls, mirrors, etc.)

册 册 cè ◇ book, volume (of-
 ten within a series) ◇ {measure word}
 (of books) volume, copy ◇ {history,
 administrative, written} confer a (feu-
 dal) title

厕所廁所 cèsuǒ ◇ toilet, lavatory,
 bathroom
 厕 廁 cè ◇ toilet, bathroom,
 lavatory, WC, restroom ◇ {written}
 pigsty, hogpen ◇ be mingled with, be
 involved in
 所 所 suǒ ◇ place, location ◇ (suf-
 fix indicating office, institute, etc., e.g. yánjiū-
 suǒ 研究所 "research institute") ◇ {measure
 word} (used for houses, schools, hospitals, etc.)
 ◇ {grammar} (particle used between subject
 and verb to indicate a doer-action-receiver rela-
 tionship: (a) in a clause modifying a noun, e.g.,
 tā suǒ xiě de shū 他所寫的書/他所写的书 "the
 books he wrote"); (b) used in the structure "sth
 is sb [verb] 的" ◇ (used after a phrase with bèi
 被 or wéi 為/为 "by" and before the verb, e.g.,
 wéi tā suǒ yòng 為他所用/为他所用 "be used by
 him") ◇ {written} used before a verb to form a
 noun phrase, e.g., jìn zìjǐ de suǒnéng 盡自己的
 所能/尽自己的所能 "do all one can, do one's ut-

most"
 测量測量 cèliáng ◇ to survey,
 measure ◇ survey, measurement
 测 测 cè ◇ measure, gauge,
 survey, fathom ◇ estimate, infer, pre-
 dict, conjecture, judge
 量 量 liàng ◇ capacity, capability ◇
 quantity, number, amount, volume
 测验測驗 cèyàn ◇ test ◇ a test

策划策劃 cèhuà ◇ plan, plot, scheme
 策 策 cè ◇ scheme, strategy,
 plan ◇ strips of bamboo or wood (as
 writing medium) ◇ {history, admin}
 essay on political or economic matters
 (as part of the imperial exam) ◇ {writ-
 ten} plan, engineer, arrange ◇ horse
 whip, riding crop ◇ whip (a horse on
 with a riding crop), urge on ◇ {writ-
 ten} crutch(es) ◇ Ce (surname)
 划 劃 huà ◇ differentiate, delimit,
 classify, plan ◇ transfer, allocate, assign ◇
 mark (like with a cross) ◇ a stroke (of a Chi-
 nese character) ◇ {calligraphy, regional} horizon-
 tal stroke ◇ (used like huà 畫/画) draw (a line,
 drawing, etc.)
 策略策略 cèlüè ◇ strategy, tactics ◇
 tactful

层 層 céng ◇ layer, stratum; di-
 mension, tier, storey, floor, level, part
 (in a sequence); layered, piled up ◇
 {geosciences} layer, bed, horizon, for-
 mation ◇ {biology} stratum ◇ {meas-
 ure word}... layer(s).... floor(s)...
 (used for storeys of buildings, things in
 layers, outer coverings, feelings, thin-
 king, etc.)

层出不穷 層出不窮
 céngchūbùqióng ◇ emerge/ap-
 pear/occur in an endless stream, follow
 one after another in rapid succession
 穷 窮 qióng ◇ poor, destitute, im-
 poverished

层次層次 céngcì ◇ level; gradation ◇
 (orderly) arrangement of ideas (in
 speech or writing) ◇ administrative le-
 vel

次 次 cì ◇ order, sequence,
 position (in a sequence),... times ◇ ar-
 rangement ◇ the following, second,
 next ◇ sub- (as in cìdàlù 次大陸/次大

陆 "subcontinent") ◇ second-rate, inferior, shoddy, substandard, of low(er) quality ◇ {written} stopover, lay-over ◇ among, between, in the middle of ◇ {measure word}... time(s) (following a numeral, used for number of occurrences/times/occasions) ◇ Ci (surname) ◇ {chem} hypo-

曾经曾經 céngjīng ◇ once, at one time (in the past; with action verbs, often used with -guò 過/过)

曾 曾 céng ◇ previously, formerly, some time ago, before, once (adverb indicating a past action or situation)

经 經 jīng ◇ through ◇ go through, pass through ◇ regular, frequent, constant ◇ the classics, the scriptures ◇ {physiology} men-ses ◇ hang oneself ◇ Jing (surname) ◇ {Buddhism} sutra ◇ the warp (in fabric, in contrast to wěi 緯/纬 "woof") ◇ longitude ◇ lengthwise alignment

叉子叉子 chāzi ◇ fork (eating utensil)

差 差 chà ◇ differ (by), be different ◇ lack, be/fall short of ◇ no good, substandard, poor, inferior ◇ wrong, mistaken, erroneous ◇ fault, mistake

差别差别 chābié ◇ difference, disparity

差 差 chà ◇ differ (by), be different ◇ lack, be/fall short of ◇ no good, substandard, poor, inferior ◇ wrong, mistaken, erroneous ◇ fault, mistake

别 别 bié ◇ other, another, different ◇ depart, leave, separate ◇ {regional} change, turn around ◇ distinguish, differentiate ◇ distinction, difference ◇ category, type ◇ stick into, obstruct (sb/sth) ◇ trip (sb), cause to stumble ◇ block (another bike or other vehicle with one's own) ◇ (contraction of the prohibitive bùyào 不要) "don't...!" ◇ Bie (surname)

差不多 差不多 chàbuduō ◇ almost (identical) ◇ nearly the same ◇ good enough, not bad

差距差距 chājù ◇ disparity, gap, discrepancy, difference

插 插 chā ◇ insert, stick in ◇ interpose, interject

插座插座 chāzuò ◇ {electrical} socket, outlet

查获查獲 cháhuò ◇ hunt down and apprehend (a criminal), target and capture ◇ track down and seize (evidence) ◇ uncover (a criminal case)

查 查 chá ◇ check, examine, inspect ◇ investigate, look into ◇ consult (a dictionary, etc.), look up (e.g., a word in a dictionary)

获 獲 huò ◇ catch, capture, seize ◇ get, obtain, receive, gain, win

茶 茶 chá ◇ tea (leaves); tea (the beverage) ◇ certain kinds of beverages ◇ tea oil ◇ dark brown ◇ {archaic} betrothal gift ◇ {archaic, formal} a young girl (Táng 唐 Dynasty term)

岔 岔 chà ◇ branch off, fork, diverge ◇ turn or veer off (like a road) ◇ split up, stagger (like one's schedule) ◇ branch road ◇ accident, mishap, mistake ◇ by accident, by mistake ◇ {dialect} lose one's voice, be hoarse

诧异詫異 chàyì ◇ be astonished, be surprised

拆 拆 chāi ◇ (tear) open (like a letter, parcel) ◇ take apart (like padded clothing for washing), disassemble (like a machine) ◇ demolish, dismantle

柴油柴油 cháiyou ◇ diesel oil

搀 攙 chān ◇ support sb (like the aged or infirm) by holding their arm; lead sb by the hand ◇ mix, blend ◇ dilute, adulterate

缠绕纏繞 chánràò ◇ twine, wind ◇ bother, pester ◇ {bot} twining

馋 饞 chán ◇ gluttonous, greedy (for food)

产品產品 chǎnpǐn ◇ products, produce

产 産 chǎn ◇ (variant of chǎn 產/产) give birth to, bear ◇ produce, manufacture, yield ◇ the product, the produce ◇ an estate, property, possessions

品 品 pǐn ◇ article, product, commodity ◇ class, grade, rank ◇ quality ◇ variety, type, kind ◇ moral character ◇ size up, appraise, comment, criticize ◇ taste (sth with discrimination), taste-test, sample, savour ◇ {written} play (wind instruments, esp. the vertical bamboo flute xiāo 簫/箫) ◇ Pin (surname)

产生產生 chǎnshēng ◇ produce, give rise to, cause, bring about, engender, generate ◇ develop (e.g., a feeling), form, arise, emerge ◇ exert (influence on sth), have (an effect on sth)

生 生 shēng ◇ give birth to ◇ live ◇ life ◇ unripe ◇ raw ◇ bear, deliver ◇ generate ◇ be born ◇ (of plants, roots, etc.) grow, emerge ◇ unripe ◇ raw, undercooked ◇ not cooked ◇ unprocessed, unrefined ◇ unfamiliar, unacquainted ◇ student (bound form, as in nǚshēng 女生 "female student", zhèngshìshēng 正式生 "regular student") ◇ suffix for various kinds or groups of people (like yīshēng 醫生/医生 "medical doctor") ◇ Sheng (surname)
产业產業 chǎnyè ◇ industry, business ◇ industrial ◇ estate, property, possession

阐述闡述 chǎnshù ◇ expound, explain

阐 闡 chǎn ◇ explain, clarify, elucidate, expound, elaborate on ◇ Chan (place during the Chūnqiū 春秋 Period [770-476 BCE] in the area of present Shāndōng 山東/山东 Province)
述 述 shù ◇ state, narrate, mention, enumerate ◇ follow, abide by ◇ shu (cap ornament)

颤抖顫抖 chàndǒu ◇ shiver, shake, tremble

颤 顫 chàn ◇ tremble, quiver, vibrate, shake

抖 抖 dǒu ◇ shiver, tremble, quiver, shake, flick, jerk ◇ rouse, stir up ◇ expose/disclose the inside story ◇ {satirical} be ostentatiously rich and successful, throw one's weight around

昌盛昌盛 chāngshèng ◇ prosperous, flourishing, thriving

偿还償還 chánghuán ◇ repay, compensate

尝 嘗 cháng ◇ taste, try (the flavour of sth), sample ◇ experience, taste, come to know ◇ ever, once

尝试嘗試 chángshì ◇ try, attempt, experiment

常识常識 chángshí ◇ general knowledge ◇ common sense ◇ [C-] "Common Sense" (bestselling article on America's independence from Britain, written by the American revolutionary Thomas Paine in 1776)

常 常 cháng ◇ common, normal, ordinary ◇ constant ◇ frequently, often, usually, always ◇ {written} morality, code of conduct, rule of behaviour, principle ◇ Chang (surname)

识 識 shí ◇ know, recognize, understand ◇ knowledge, experience

长 長 cháng ◇ long; length ◇ (one's) strong point(s), forte ◇ be good at sth, be strong in sth ◇ surplus, spare, extra (in this meaning, formerly pronounced zhàng)

长城長城 Chángchéng ◇ the Great Wall

城 城 chéng ◇ city wall ◇ wall (like the Great Wall) ◇ city, town (in contrast to xiāng 鄉/乡 "village, countryside") ◇ Cheng (surname)

江 江 jiāng ◇ river ◇ [J-] (short for Cháng Jiāng 長江/长江) the Yangtze (River) ◇ {history} Jiang (ancient state during the Zhōu 周 Dynasty, near Zhèngyáng 正陽/正阳 County in Hénán 河南 Province) ◇ Jiang (surname)

长途長途 chángtú ◇ long-distance

途 途 tú ◇ way, road

场 場 chǎng ◇ (gathering) place ◇ stage ◇ {theatre} scene (within an act) ◇ {measure word} (used for physical activities, athletic events, performances, dreams, exams, speeches, disasters, e.g., yī chǎng diànyǐng 一場電影/一场电影 "a (theater showing of a) movie") ◇ {physics} field (magnetic, etc.)

场合場合 chǎnghé ◇ occasion, si-

tuation

合 合 hé ◇ combine, unite, join ◇ shut, close ◇ the entire/whole... ◇ {written} be appropriate, proper ◇ suit, agree, fit, comply/conform with ◇ add up to, be equal to ◇ {measure word}... round(s) of...,... bout(s) of... (in fights, contests, sports, etc.) ◇ {astronomy} conjunction ◇ {music} he (note in the Chinese scale gōngchěpǔ 工尺譜/工尺谱, corresponding to 5 in numbered musical notation) ◇ He (surname)

场面場面 chǎngmiàn ◇ scene (of a play, movie, etc.) ◇ occasion, scene ◇ orchestra ◇ appearance, facade
场所場所 chǎngsuǒ ◇ place, site, arena

敞开敞开 chǎngkāi ◇ wide open (literally or figuratively)

敞 敞 chǎng ◇ (of a room, courtyard, wagon, etc.) spacious, roomy ◇ open, uncovered

开 開 kāi ◇ open, open up, reclaim ◇ turn on (a light, the TV, a switch, etc.), be on ◇ operate, run (a machine, etc.) ◇ boil (water), boiled (water) ◇ lift (a restriction, ban, etc.) ◇ (of troops) move (in...) ◇ start, begin, set up (like a restaurant, shop, etc.) ◇ hold (a meeting, party, etc.) ◇ write, make out (like a prescription, receipt) ◇ pay (wages, a salary, etc.) ◇ (of a waterway) thaw, become navigable ◇ {regional} kick out, sack, fire ◇ (as a verb suffix)... far and wide; start (doing sth) ◇ rough percentage, approximate proportion ◇ {printing} folio (unit of paper size) ◇ Kai (surname)

倡导倡導 chàngdǎo ◇ initiate, promote, advocate, lead

倡 倡 chàng ◇ initiate, promote, advocate ◇ (used like chàng 唱) sing, lead in singing ◇ play music ◇ lead, guide

导 導 dǎo ◇ guide, lead ◇ give guidance, guide, instruct, teach ◇ {electrical} conduct, transmit ◇ {theatre} direct (like the production of a play, movie)

倡议倡議 chàngyì ◇ propose, initiate, advocate ◇ proposal, initiative
议 議 yì ◇ idea, opinion ◇ discuss, talk over ◇ discuss right and wrong (mostly in reproach)

唱歌唱歌 chànggē ◇ sing, sing a song

畅通暢通 chàngtōng ◇ unimpeded,

unobstructed (of communications, transportation, etc.)

畅 暢 chàng ◇ unrestrained, unimpeded, smooth, uninhibited, to one's heart's content ◇ long ◇ really, truly ◇ Chang (surname)

通 通 tōng ◇ (go/put/come/poke, etc.) through, open (up) ◇ go/lead to ◇ communicate, link, connect ◇ inform, notify, tell ◇ know/understand thoroughly, be an expert/authority ◇ make sense, be logical/coherent ◇ common, popular, ordinary, general ◇ all, entire ◇ {written, measure word} (used for letters, documents, notices, telegrams, phone calls, etc.) ◇ Tong (surname)

畅销暢銷 chāngxiāo ◇ be in great demand, sell well, have a ready market; bestselling

抄 抄 chāo ◇ copy, transcribe ◇ plagiarize ◇ raid, invade, loot ◇ search for and confiscate ◇ copy (sth from), plagiarize ◇ take (a shortcut) ◇ fold one's arms (in the sleeves) ◇ Chao (surname)

超过超過 chāoguò ◇ surpass, exceed

超 超 chāo ◇ surpass, exceed ◇ super-, ultra-, extra- ◇ transcend, go beyond ◇ {written} jump/leap over ◇ Chao (surname)

过 過 guò ◇ go past, pass (by), go through, cross ◇ exceed, go beyond ◇ mistake ◇ blame or criticize sb for a mistake ◇ transfer (like money), adopt (like a child) ◇ read, go over, recall, call to mind ◇ {written} visit, stop by ◇ {regional} pass away, die ◇ {grammar} outperform, or fail (following dé 得 or bù 不 after a verb) ◇ {chem} per-, super- ◇ {regional} be contagious, infect ◇ Guo (surname)

超级超級 chāojí ◇ super-
级 級 jí ◇ grade, level, rank, class ◇ (of schools) year, grade, class, level ◇ (of stairs) a step ◇ {academic} degree ◇ {measure word}...step(s)/stage(s)/storey(s) of... (used for steps [of stairs], stages [of rockets], storeys/levels [of towers], etc.)

超市超市 chāoshì ◇ supermarket (short for chāojí shìchǎng 超級市場/超级市场)

超越超越 chāoyuè ◇ overtake/surpass (e.g., another country), go beyond/over ◇ surmount (obstacles, etc.) ◇ exceed/overstep (one's authority)

ty, limits, etc.)

钞票钞票 chāopiào ◇ bank note, (dollar, etc.) bill

钞 鈔 chāo ◇ bank note(s), bill(s), paper money in circulation during the Yuan, Ming and Qing dynasties)

票 票 piào ◇ ticket ◇ ballot, vote ◇ bank note, (dollar, etc.) bill ◇ hostage held for ransom

嘲笑嘲笑 cháoxiào ◇ ridicule, jeer

巢穴巢穴 cháoxué ◇ den, nest, lair, hideout

朝 朝 cháo ◇ towards, facing... ◇ court (of emperor, king, etc.) ◇ dynasty ◇ {history} capital (from which the emperor rules the empire); reign of an emperor; pay respects, have an audience with; spring audience with the Emperor (during the Hàn 漢/Han Dynasty) ◇ North Korea (short for Cháoxiǎn 朝鮮/朝鲜) ◇ Chao (surname)

朝代朝代 chádài ◇ Dynasty

潮流潮流 cháoliú ◇ tide, tidal current ◇ tide, trend (of history, etc.)

潮湿潮湿 cháoshī ◇ moist, damp

潮 潮 cháo ◇ tide, tidal water ◇ upsurge ◇ {figurative} rise and fall (like the tide); social upsurge, movement; wave, trend, craze ◇ moist, damp ◇ {regional} (of gold or silver) low-grade ◇ of low quality ◇ (of skill, craftsmanship, etc.) inferior, poor ◇ unskilled, not skilful ◇ (short for Chaozhou 潮州, city in Guǎngdōng 廣東/Guangdong Province)

湿 濕 shī ◇ wet, moist, damp, humid ◇ humidity

吵 吵 chǎo ◇ be noisy ◇ make (a lot of) noise ◇ argue, quarrel, squabble

吵架吵架 chǎojià ◇ quarrel

炒 炒 chǎo ◇ stir-fry, sauté, fry ◇ roast (by tossing in a hot pan, like

seeds or nuts) ◇ speculate in, frequently buy low and sell high (often with the intent of driving prices higher for one's own gain) ◇ (used like chǎozuò 炒作) hype up, promote; ballyhoo, create a lot of hoopla about ◇ {dialect} dismiss, sack, fire

车库车库 chēkù ◇ garage

车厢车厢 chēxiāng ◇ compartment (of a train, car, etc. for passengers or cargo)

彻底彻底 chèdǐ ◇ thorough; thoroughly

彻 徹 chè ◇ penetrate, pervade ◇ penetrating ◇ thorough(ly), complete(ly), to the end, to the bottom

底 底 dǐ ◇ bottom (of a pot, well, the sea, etc.) ◇ real situation, the origin of sth, the whole story ◇ rough draft, concept draft ◇ foundation, base, background ◇ end of a year

◇ end of a month ◇ toward the end of a month or a year ◇ {math} (short for dǐshù 底数/底数) base number ◇ {written} end up in/with, come to... ◇ Di (surname)

撤退撤退 chètùì ◇ withdraw, evacuate, retreat

撤销撤销 chèxiāo ◇ void, rescind, nullify, abolish

撤 撤 chè ◇ remove, take away ◇ {regional} reduce (smell, etc.); take off (weight, etc.); lighten, alleviate ◇ withdraw, pull out

销 銷 xiāo ◇ melt (metal) ◇ annul, cancel, destroy ◇ market, sell ◇ spend, consume ◇ pin, peg ◇ insert a pin or plug ◇ axe

沉淀沉淀 chéndiàn ◇ settle ◇ precipitate ◇ sedimentation ◇ accretion

沈 沈 Shěn ◇ Shen (surname)

淀 澱 diàn ◇ {chem} settle, form a sediment, precipitate

沉闷沉闷 chénmèn ◇ (of the weather, etc.) oppressive ◇ (of air) hot and humid ◇ (of atmosphere) dull and heavy ◇ depressed, glum ◇ withdrawn, introverted

闷 悶 mēn ◇ (of the air) stifling, stuffy ◇ seal/close/cover tightly ◇ speechless, quiet, silent ◇ {dialect} (of sound) muffled, dull, subdued ◇ remain indoors, shut oneself up (at home)

沉默沉默 chénmò ◇ taciturn, reticent ◇ silent, not saying a word ◇ silence

沉默沈默 chénmò ◇ taciturn, reticent ◇ silent, not saying a word ◇ silence

沉思沉思 chénsī ◇ contemplate, ponder, meditate

沉思沈思 chénsī ◇ contemplate, ponder, meditate

沉重沉重 chénzhòng ◇ heavy ◇ serious ◇ calm and steady ◇ dignified

沉重沈重 chénzhòng ◇ heavy ◇ serious ◇ calm and steady ◇ dignified

沉着沉着 chénzhuó ◇ composed, steady, calm, cool-headed

沉着沈著 chénzhuó ◇ cool-headed, composed, steady, calm

陈旧陳舊 chénjiù ◇ outmoded (e.g. notion), obsolete (e.g. expressions), outdated/antiquated (e.g. equipment)

陈列陳列 chénliè ◇ display, exhibit, lay out

陈 陳 chén ◇ display, exhibit, lay out ◇ explain, narrate ◇ old, aged, stale ◇ Chen (state during the Zhou Dynasty near Huaiyang, Hénán 河南 Province) ◇ Chen (557-589, one of the Southern Dynasties) ◇ Chen (surname)

列 列 liè ◇ arrange in order, line up; list, enumerate, tabulate ◇ list, place (on a list, etc.) ◇ row, rank, line ◇ {measure word} (used for trains or things/people in a row) ◇ {formal/written} type, kind, sort ◇ each and every ◇ various ◇ numerous ◇ Lie (surname)
陈述陳述 chénshù ◇ state, declare

称心如意 稱心如意 chèn xīnrúyì ◇ pleased that things turn out according to one's wish

称 稱 chēng ◇ call (sb by name) ◇ call oneself, be known as ◇ a name ◇ say, state, announce ◇ weigh ◇ {written} praise, commend ◇ {written} lift, raise (as in chēngshāng zhùshòu 稱觴祝壽/称觴祝寿 "raise the glass to toast sb")

衬衫襯衫 chènshān ◇ shirt

衬 襯 chèn ◇ put (paper, lining, etc.) underneath; (of clothing) lined; lining (of clothing) ◇ set off, contrast, provide a background for ◇ give alms, make a charitable contribution ◇ reveal, expose, make evident ◇ help, assist

衫 衫 shān ◇ unlined upper garment, shirt ◇ clothes, clothing ◇ short-sleeved unlined garment

衬托襯托 chentuō ◇ set off, serve as contrast or background

托 托 tuō ◇ hold in the palm, support (with the hand or the palm) ◇ set off (to create a contrast) ◇ base, support, pedestal, stand (e.g., for bowls) ◇ {colloquial} accomplice, plant (esp. someone hired by a store owner to pretend to be an enthusiastic customer to drum up business), behind-the-scenes backer ◇ {unit of measure} torr (unit of pressure)

趁 趁 chèn ◇ take advantage of, avail oneself of (time, opportunity, etc.) ◇ {regional} possess, own, have, be rich in ◇ {written} chase, pursue

称 稱 chēng ◇ call (sb by name) ◇ call oneself, be known as ◇ a name ◇ say, state, announce ◇ weigh ◇ {written} praise, commend ◇ {written} lift, raise (as in chēngshāng zhùshòu 稱觴祝壽/称觴祝寿 "raise the glass to toast sb")

称号稱號 chēnghào ◇ name, title, appellation

称呼稱呼 chēnghu ◇ call, address ◇ form of address, way to address sb

呼 呼 hū ◇ {onom} exhale, breathe out ◇ shout, call or cry out ◇ call (like sb by name, on the phone, etc.) ◇ pant, be short of breath ◇ Hu (surname)

称赞稱讚 chēngzàn ◇ praise, comment

乘 乘 chéng ◇ ride (in a vehicle, in a boat, on a horse, etc.) ◇ take advantage of, avail oneself of (the opportunity) ◇ {Buddhism} one of the main divisions of Buddhism, vehicle ◇ {math} ...times... (multiplying numbers) ◇ Cheng (surname)

乘坐乘坐 chéngzuò ◇ ride, take a

ride, be a passenger (in a car, ship, on a plane, etc.)

呈现呈现 chéngxiàn ◇ present (an appearance), appear as, exhibit, show, reveal; take on, assume

呈 呈 chéng ◇ display, exhibit, reveal (a trend, etc.); appear, assume (a shape, colour, etc.) ◇ submit, present respectfully, offer ◇ memorial, petition (submitted to a superior) ◇

Cheng (surname)

现 现 xiàn ◇ appear, become visible/manifest, manifest (itself), be revealed ◇ present, current, concrete; now ◇ at the time, extemporaneous ◇ ready, on hand (like cash)

城堡城堡 chéngbǎo ◇ castle, fort
城市城市 chéngshì ◇ city, town

惩罚懲罰 chéngfá ◇ punish, penalize

成本成本 chéngběn ◇ cost (of producing a product or providing a service, in contrast to profit or economic benefit)

成分成分 chéngfēn ◇ component part, ingredient, element ◇ {Mainland usage} one's class status, class origin, professional status, personal background (also written 成份)

成功成功 chénggōng ◇ succeed ◇ success

成果成果 chéngguǒ ◇ result, achievement, fruit

成绩成績 chéngjì ◇ grades (in school) ◇ results, achievements

成 成 chéng ◇ become, turn or change into ◇ fully developed, fully grown ◇ successfully finished ◇ be all right, okay ◇ achievement, fruits (of work, etc.) ◇ able, capable ◇ in considerable numbers or amounts ◇ ready-made, established ◇ 10% (e.g., sān chéng 三成 means "thirty percent") ◇ Cheng (surname)

绩 績 jì ◇ spin or twist hempen thread ◇ achievement, accomplishment, merit

成交成交 chéngjiāo ◇ finalize a business deal

成就成就 chéngjiù ◇ achieve-

ment, accomplishment, attainment ◇ achieve, accomplish; create (sth great)
成立成立 chénglì ◇ establish, found ◇ be tenable, be logical ◇ grow up, mature

成人成人 chéng rén ◇ an adult, a grown-up ◇ become an adult, grow up

成熟成熟 chéngshú ◇ mature, ripe

成天成天 chéngtiān ◇ all day long

成为成为 chéngwéi ◇ become

为 爲 wéi ◇ be, mean ◇ serve as, act as ◇ become, turn ◇ do, act ◇ seem, appear ◇ by ◇ Wei (surname)

成效成效 chéngxiào ◇ achievement, success, result, effect

成心成心 chéngxīn ◇ on purpose, intentionally

成语成語 chéngyǔ ◇ idiom, set phrase (like the four-character phrases of Chinese, often literary allusions)

语 語 yǔ ◇ language, words ◇ speak, say ◇ saying, idiom ◇ signal, sign (language)

成员成員 chéngyuán ◇ member (of a group, etc.)

成长成長 chéngzhǎng ◇ grow up, mature ◇ (a young person's) formation

长 長 cháng ◇ long; length ◇ (one's) strong point(s), forte ◇ be good at sth, be strong in sth ◇ surplus, spare, extra (in this meaning, formerly pronounced zhàng)

承办承辦 chéngbàn ◇ undertake (to do sth)

承 承 chéng ◇ hold, bear, support ◇ undertake, contract (to do a job), accept, assume (a task, responsibility) ◇ {formal} be obliged, be indebted (for a favour, kindness, etc.) ◇ continue, carry on, follow, inherit ◇ stop, resist ◇ Cheng (surname)

办 辦 bàn ◇ do, manage, attend to, handle ◇ establish, set up, operate, run ◇ get sth ready ◇ purchase for, do the shopping for ◇ punish

承包承包 chéngbāo ◇ contract (with sb to do a job), undertake a contract

承担承擔 chéngdān ◇ undertake, take on, assume, bear (like costs, responsibility, consequences)

担 擔 dān ◇ carry with a shoulder pole ◇ shoulder, take on (responsibility, risk)

承诺承诺 chéngnuò ◇ pledge, promise, undertake, commit oneself (to do sth) ◇ pledge, promise, undertaking, commitment

诺诺 nuò ◇ promise, agree ◇ {classical} (say) yes

承认承认 chéngrèn ◇ admit, acknowledge, recognize ◇ recognize (diplomatically)

认认 rèn ◇ recognize, know, distinguish ◇ admit, acknowledge ◇ adopt ◇ enter into/establish a relationship

承受承受 chéngshòu ◇ bear, withstand, support ◇ inherit (like belongings, rights)

橙橙 chéng ◇ orange, Citrus sinensis (the tree or its fruit) ◇ orange (colour)

澄清澄清 chéngqīng ◇ bright, clear ◇ purify ◇ clarify (a misunderstanding, discrepancy, one's position, etc.) ◇ make clear ◇ clear up, put an end to, stamp out (bad practices, confusion, etc.)

程度程度 chéngdù ◇ degree, level (of culture, education, learning, etc.) ◇ extent, degree

程序程序 chéngxù ◇ procedure, order, sequence, course ◇ {IT} (computer) program

诚恳诚恳 chéngkěn ◇ sincere

诚实诚实 chéngshí ◇ honest

诚挚诚挚 chéngzhì ◇ sincere, heartfelt

秤秤 chèng ◇ scales (for weighing); steelyard, balance; weigh (sth)

吃吃 chī ◇ eat, take/have a meal, dine ◇ live on, live off, scrounge off ◇ soak up, absorb, take in ◇ wipe out, annihilate, eat up ◇ understand, grasp ◇ suffer, incur, endure, bear, withstand ◇ consume, exhaust (like one's energy) ◇ {grammar} by (particle indicating the passive voice)

吃惊吃惊 chījīng ◇ be startled, be taken aback, be surprised

惊惊 jīng ◇ be frightened/startled/alarmed/shocked ◇ be alert, be vigilant ◇ be startled and stampede (like of horses) ◇ surprisingly, alarmingly

吃苦吃苦 chīkǔ ◇ endure hardship

吃亏吃虧 chīkuī ◇ suffer losses or injury (general term for being victimized, beaten, defeated, cheated, etc. by others) ◇ be taken advantage of, lose out, be shortchanged, get the worst of it, get the worse part of the bargain (or the short end of the stick) ◇ be (placed) at a disadvantage, be at a handicap

亏亏 kuī ◇ lose (money, etc.), have a deficit ◇ be deficient, be short of, lack ◇ treat unfairly ◇ luckily, fortunately, thanks to ◇ (used to scold sb when the speaker thinks the person's words or behaviour are unexpectedly incompatible with his/her qualifications, status, etc.) some (expert you are), what kind of (man are you), have the nerve to (say that, ask such a question, come up with such an idea) ◇ (of the moon) wane

吃力吃力 chīlì ◇ strenuous, laborious, exhausting

持久持久 chíjiǔ ◇ lasting, protracted
持续持续 chíchù ◇ last, persist, hold out; continue, keep on; sustain ◇ sustained, continuous, continuing, continued ◇ sustainable

持持 chí ◇ hold (in one's hand), grasp ◇ hold, be of (an opinion) ◇ hold (a passport, etc.) ◇ support, maintain ◇ manage, handle, run ◇ hold under control or duress ◇ confront, oppose

续续 xù ◇ continuous ◇ continue, extend ◇ add, increase ◇ remarry (after wife's death) ◇ Xu (surname)

池塘池塘 chítáng ◇ pool, pond ◇ pool bath, bathhouse pool (in contrast to a tub)

迟到遲到 chídào ◇ be late, arrive late ◇ belated

迟遲 chí ◇ slow, tardy ◇ late, delayed ◇ Chi (surname)

到到 dào ◇ (from...) to, up until, up to...; as of ◇ arrive, reach ◇ (preceding a location) (go) to, leave for ◇ successfully..., succeed in... (verbal suffix indicating success of the verb's action, as in kàndào 看到 "get to see, notice") ◇ thorough, thoughtful, considerate ◇

Dao (surname)

迟钝遲鈍 chídùn ◇ slow (of the senses, thought, action, etc.)

迟缓遲緩 chíhuǎn ◇ slow, tardy

迟疑遲疑 chíyí ◇ hesitate, waver
疑 疑 yí ◇ doubt, suspect ◇ doubtful, questionable ◇ guess, conjecture

迟早遲早 chízǎo ◇ sooner or later

早 早 zǎo ◇ early morning ◇ long ago ◇ early ◇ in advance, beforehand ◇ good morning

尺子尺子 chǐzi ◇ ruler (measuring instrument)

翅膀翅膀 chìbǎng ◇ wing (of a bird, insect) ◇ sth shaped like or functioning like a wing

赤道赤道 chìdào ◇ the equator ◇ celestial equator

赤字赤字 chìzì ◇ deficit, shortfall, in the red

充当充當 chōngdāng ◇ serve as, pose as, act as

充 充 chōng ◇ full, ample, sufficient ◇ fill, charge (like a battery) ◇ act as, serve as ◇ play the part of, pose as ◇ Chong (surname)

当 當 dāng ◇ as... ◇ be equal, match ◇ equal ◇ should, ought to, must ◇ at, in front of, in the presence of, confronting, facing, to sb's face ◇ (just) at (that very time, that very place) (as in 當...時/当...时 dāng... shí "at the time when...") ◇ become, serve as, work as, act as, be ◇ deserve, accept, bear ◇ be in charge of, direct, manage ◇ {written} stop, obstruct, prevent ◇ ought to, should, must ◇ {onom} ding-dong, etc. (used like dāng 噹/当 "ding-dong", etc., for the sound of bells)

充电器 充電器 chōngdiànqì ◇ battery charger

电 電 diàn ◇ electricity, (electric) power ◇ lightning ◇ receive an electric shock ◇ {IT} telegram, cable ◇ send a telegram/cable

器 器 qì ◇ instrument, tool, implement, utensil ◇ {physiology} organ ◇ talent, ability ◇ tolerance, patience, magnanimity, forbearance ◇ {regional} think highly of (a subordinate/junior)

充分充分 chōngfēn ◇ ample, complete, full, sufficient ◇ amply, fully, well ◇ to the best of one's ability, as

far as possible

充满充滿 chōngmǎn ◇ filled to the brim, be full of ◇ be filled with, be permeated with, be suffused/permeated/charged with

满 滿 mǎn ◇ full (of), filled with ◇ feel satisfied ◇ proud, haughty ◇ reach (a certain time limit); expire ◇ entire, whole ◇ completely, entirely ◇ Manchu, Manchurian, Man ethnic group ◇ Man (surname)

充沛充沛 chōngpèi ◇ full of ◇ abundant, plentiful

充实充實 chōngshí ◇ substantial, full ◇ enrich, substantiate, strengthen

实 實 shí ◇ real, true, authentic, actual, honest, sincere ◇ solid, full ◇ reality, truth, fact ◇ surely, for sure ◇ fruit, seed ◇ {Chinese med} excessiveness (one of the bā-gāng 八綱/八纲 "eight principal syndromes") ◇ goods, materials ◇ wealth, riches ◇ Shi (surname)

充足充足 chōngzú ◇ sufficient, ample

冲 沖 chōng ◇ flush, wash away, rinse ◇ take a shower ◇ pour (boiling) water on (as in making tea), mix (like medicine) with water or wine ◇ (of film) develop ◇ {accounting} offset, cancel out ◇ surge, rush forward (of water) ◇ rise vertically into the air ◇ Chong (surname) ◇ pound (with mortar and pestle) ◇ {dialect} plateau in hilly land

冲动衝動 chōngdòng ◇ an impulse, a sudden urge ◇ get excited; impulsive, impetuous ◇ {psychology} drive

冲击衝擊 chōngjī ◇ impact, shock ◇ pound (like of waves against the rocks, or figuratively) ◇ attack, charge, storm ◇ denounce ◇ challenge

冲突衝突 chōngtū ◇ conflict ◇ clash

突 突 tū ◇ charge forward ◇ suddenly, abruptly, unexpectedly ◇ protruding, projecting ◇ chimney

崇拜崇拜 chóngbài ◇ worship, adore

崇高崇高 chónggāo ◇ lofty, sublime ◇ Chonggao (name for Songshan, Hénán 河南 Province)

崇敬崇敬 chóngjìng ◇ revere, respect

重叠重疊 chóngdié ◇ overlap, be superimposed ◇ piling on top of another

重 重 zhòng ◇ weight; weighty, heavy, considerable (in amount or value) ◇ serious ◇ important, significant ◇ take seriously, value, lay stress on, attach importance to ◇ judicious, prudent, discreet

叠 疊 dié ◇ hoard, stockpile, pile up, accumulate ◇ repeat, duplicate ◇ fold (up) ◇ thick ◇ make a plait, crease (in clothing) ◇ fear, be afraid ◇ be filled with, swell with ◇ break, snap ◇ flourish, be in high spirits ◇ a pile (not too high, like sheets of paper, banknotes) ◇ {measure word}... pile(s) of...,...ream(s) of...,...wad(s) of...,...stack(s) of...(used for a stack of flat objects, mostly made of paper, e.g., sheets of paper, newspapers, banknotes)

重复重複 chóngfù ◇ repeat, duplicate

复 複 fù ◇ repeat, duplicate ◇ multiple, complex, compound, complicated ◇ lined garments

重新重新 chóngxīn ◇ again, anew

宠物寵物 chǒngwù ◇ pet

宠 寵 chǒng ◇ dote on, favour, spoil, make a pet of ◇ revere, venerate
物 物 wù ◇ thing, matter, object ◇ people or things other than oneself

抽屉抽屜 chōutì ◇ drawer (of a desk, etc.)

抽 抽 chōu ◇ take out from (in between), pull out (like a letter from an envelope) ◇ suck out, draw out, pump out ◇ take (sth from a whole) ◇ (of certain plants, trees) put forth (buds, etc.) ◇ draw (like blood, or smoke from a pipe, etc.) ◇ shrink ◇ strike, whip, lash

屉 屜 tì ◇ multi-layered steamer (for food) ◇ tray, drawer ◇ pad ◇ screen ◇ palm cord net (strung in a wooden bed frame)

抽象抽象 chōuxiàng ◇ abstract (in contrast to concrete)

抽烟抽煙 chōuyān ◇ smoke (tobacco)

烟 煙 yān ◇ smoke, mist, thin fog, vapour ◇ tobacco, cigarette(s) ◇ soot ◇ opium

稠密稠密 chóumì ◇ dense, thick (with people, trees, etc.)

筹备籌備 chóubèi ◇ arrange, prepare, plan

丑 醜 chǒu ◇ ugly, hideous (in contrast to měi 美 "beautiful, pretty") ◇ unpleasant, disgusting, contemptible, abominable, scandalous ◇ {dialect} bad (as in píqì chǒu 脾氣醜/脾气丑 "bad-tempered")

丑恶醜惡 chǒu'è ◇ ugly, hideous, repulsive, vile, odious, loathesome, disgusting

臭 臭 chòu ◇ smelly, foul, stinking ◇ detestable, odious ◇ {colloquial} have a bad reputation ◇ (of skills, etc.) lousy, inferior, poor ◇ severely, relentlessly, mercilessly ◇ {weaponry, dialect} dud (shell or round that fails to detonate)

出 出 chū ◇ go out, exit, come out, come from ◇ give out, issue, offer ◇ occur, happen, arise, emerge, show, appear ◇ produce, turn out, yield ◇ publish ◇ vent (like one's anger) ◇ expend, pay (out), spend ◇ {measure word} (used for theatrical or acrobatic performances, plays, readings, etc.) ◇ {regional} (suffix indicating direction of movement) ◇ (as verb ending) out

出版出版 chūbǎn ◇ publish

出差出差 chūchāi ◇ go on a business trip, travel on official business ◇ do short-term tasks in transportation, construction, etc.

出发出發 chūfā ◇ start out, set out, start from

发 發 fā ◇ issue, send out, distribute ◇ launch, discharge, shoot ◇ produce, generate ◇ leave for, set out for ◇ (preceding an adjective denoting a feeling like lǎn 懶/懒 "lazy", ruǎn 軟/软 "soft", rè 熱/热 "hot", etc.) feel..., grow..., get... ◇ (before an adjective of colour, taste, smell, etc.) appear..., be... -ish, be... -ly, be on the... side (like fāzǐ 發紫/发紫 "be purplish", fāchòu 發臭/发臭 "be smelly", fātián 發甜/发甜, "be on the sweet side", etc.) ◇ speak, utter ◇ become rich ◇ diffuse, disperse ◇ expose, open up ◇ start/begin (an action) ◇ {measure word}... round(s) of...(used for ammunition: shells, cartridges, rounds, projectiles, etc.)

出口出口 chūkǒu ◇ export ◇
 an exit ◇ speak ◇ leave port ◇ go
 north of Zhāngjiākǒu 張家口/张家口
 (city in northern China, in Héběi 河北
 Province, formerly called Kalgan)
 出路出路 chūlù ◇ way out (literally
 and figuratively) ◇ outlet ◇ exit
 出賣出賣 chūmài ◇ sell ◇ sell
 out, betray
 賣 賣 mài ◇ sell (opposite of mǎi
 買/买 "buy, purchase"); sell out, betray ◇ outgoing,
 not holding back ◇ show off ◇ {measure word}
 (used for an order in a restaurant)
 出色出色 chūsè ◇ outstanding,
 splendid
 出身出身 chūshēn ◇ be of (the
 specified) family background or class
 origin ◇ family background ◇ class
 origin ◇ work experience, professional
 background
 出神出神 chūshén ◇ be mesme-
 rized, be lost in thought
 出生出生 chūshēng ◇ be born ◇
 birth
 出示出示 chūshì ◇ show, exhibit, pro-
 duce ◇ post a notice ◇ notification,
 announcement
 出息出息 chūxi ◇ (have good) pros-
 pects; (have a) promising (future) ◇
 {dialect} progress; be capable ◇ {dia-
 lect} train, cultivate, harden, temper,
 steel ◇ {dialect} benefit
 出席出席 chūxí ◇ attend, be present
 (at) (a meeting, ceremony, banquet,
 class, lecture, etc.)
 出現出現 chūxiàn ◇ appear,
 emerge, happen
 出租车 出租車 chūzūchē
 ◇ taxicab
 出租出租 chūzū ◇ rent, hire
 車 車 chē ◇ vehicle, car ◇ imple-
 ment or machine containing rotating elements
 (like a spinning wheel, water wheel, windmill)
 ◇ machine, turn on a lathe ◇ draw/lift water
 with a water wheel ◇ {dialect} carry (away) in
 a vehicle ◇ {dialect} sew sth on a sewing ma-
 chine ◇ turn (one's body) ◇ Che (surname)
 初步初步 chūbù ◇ initial, tentative,
 preliminary, rudimentary ◇ first step
 初级初級 chūjí ◇ elementary, pri-
 mary, preliminary
 初 初 chū ◇ (at the) beginning

of, (during the) first part of, (during
 the) early stage of ◇ first, initial ◇ be-
 ginning/early part of ◇ first (in order)
 ◇ initially, just ◇ elementary ◇ for
 the first time ◇ rudimentary, elementa-
 ry, beginning ◇ original ◇ primitive ◇
 the first ten day period of a lunisolar
 month ◇ Chu (surname)

厨房廚房 chufáng ◇ kitchen
 厨 厨 chú ◇ kitchen ◇ cup-
 board, cabinet
 房 房 fáng ◇ house, building ◇
 room, chamber ◇ any house-like structure (like
 a bee-hive) ◇ branch of a family; wife ◇ {mea-
 sure word} (used for members of an extended
 family) ◇ shop, store ◇ {Chinese astronomy}
 Fang (one of the 28 Lunar Mansions) ◇ Fang
 (surname)

除 除 chú ◇ besides, except
 (for), in addition to (usually chú 除...
 wài 外) ◇ eliminate, remove, get rid
 of, abolish ◇ {math} divide(d) ◇
 {written} offer/confer (an official posi-
 tion, etc.) ◇ {written} doorsteps, the
 steps leading to a house
 除非除非 chuífēi ◇ only if, only when
 ◇ unless
 除了除了 chúlé ◇ except, besides
 除夕除夕 chúxī ◇ lunisolar New
 Year's Eve

储备儲備 chǔbèi ◇ stockpile, store up,
 lay in ◇ reserve
 储存儲存 chǔcún ◇ stockpile,
 store ◇ deposit in a bank ◇ put away
 储 储 chǔ ◇ stockpile, store up;
 save and preserve ◇ heir apparent ◇
 wait, await ◇ Chu (surname)
 存 存 cún ◇ exist, live; survive ◇
 keep, store, preserve ◇ gather, collect, accumu-
 late ◇ deposit (money) ◇ check sth in, leave
 sth behind (to be claimed later, like one's hat
 and coat, car, baggage) ◇ keep, reserve, retain
 ◇ (of merchandise) be in stock ◇ {figurative}
 (of feelings, hopes, intentions, etc.) harbour,
 cherish
 储蓄儲蓄 chǔxù ◇ deposit, save (money)
 ◇ savings, deposits
 蓄 蓄 xù ◇ store up, save up, accu-
 mulate ◇ grow (out or long, of hair) ◇ hold in
 mind, harbour, entertain ◇ await

处分處分 chǔfèn ◇ punish ◇

punishment

处 處 chù ◇ place, location ◇ department, office ◇ {measure word} (used for places, location of buildings, etc., e.g., liǎng chù fángzi 兩處房子/两处房子 "houses in two locations")
 分 分 fēn ◇ separate, divide, split, part ◇ distribute, assign, allot ◇ distinguish, differentiate, tell (the difference), make a distinction ◇ (of an organization, company, etc.) branch ◇ fraction; one-tenth of the whole, ten percent ◇ (as a unit of length) approx. 1/3 cm ◇ (as a unit of area) approx. 67 square metres ◇ (as a unit of weight) approx. 1/2 gram ◇ (as a unit of Chinese currency) 1/100 of a Yuan ◇ (as a unit of time or degree) a minute ◇ (as interest rate) percent ◇ (in a marking system) a mark/point ◇ {measure word}... part(s) of...,... tenth(s) of... (used for parts or tenths of the whole, and for abstract items like vigour, toil, hope, etc.)
 处境處境 chǔjìng ◇ circumstances, situation (mostly unfavourable)
 境 境 jìng ◇ boundary, border, frontier ◇ area, place ◇ condition, circumstances ◇ fortune (good or bad)
 处理處理 chǔlǐ ◇ process, handle, deal with ◇ treat by special process, subject to a chemical (etc.) procedure ◇ sell at lowered prices (like groceries for quick consumption)
 理 理 lǐ ◇ texture, grain, vein ◇ reason, logic ◇ natural sciences ◇ physics ◇ manage, administer ◇ put in order, straighten up ◇ (mostly used in the negative) pay attention to, acknowledge ◇ matchmaker ◇ judicial official ◇ Li (surname)
 处置處置 chǔzhì ◇ handle, deal with ◇ deal with, punish
 置 置 zhì ◇ put, place ◇ establish, set up ◇ buy, purchase (comparatively large items) ◇ post, relay station (in ancient times)

触犯觸犯 chùfàn ◇ offend, violate
 触 觸 chù ◇ hit, bump into, butt, ram; (of a horned animal) ram with the horns ◇ touch, come into contact with ◇ touch, move (emotionally), stir up sb's feelings ◇ offend, violate ◇ Chu (surname)
 犯 犯 fàn ◇ violate (the law, a prohibition, etc.), offend (sb), encroach upon; go/act against, attack, infringe upon,

break the law; commit (a crime, mistake, etc.) ◇ offender, criminal, culprit ◇ (of mistakes, sth bad, an illness, etc.) happen (again), (re)occur

川流不息 川流不息 chuānliúbùxī ◇ continuous flow of (like people, traffic)

穿 穿 chuān ◇ penetrate, pierce (through) ◇ pass through, go through, cross ◇ wear, put on (clothing), have... on, be dressed in ◇ to thread, string (like pearls, beads, etc.) ◇ {grammar} (verbal complement used after certain action verbs to indicate that the action was thorough and complete [e.g., kàn-chuān 看穿 "see through"])
 穿越穿越 chuānyuè ◇ pass through, cut through, lead through

传播傳播 chuánbō ◇ spread, disseminate, propagate ◇ broadcast
 传 傳 chuán ◇ pass on, hand down, convey, transmit, circulate, hand to, perpetuate ◇ spread, popularize, teach ◇ conduct (like electricity, heat) ◇ propagate, transmit (like radio waves, a contagious disease) ◇ summon (like to court) ◇ {med} infect, be contagious ◇ it is reported/rumored that...
 播 播 bō ◇ spread, broadcast ◇ disperse, scatter ◇ sow (seeds) ◇ move, migrate ◇ abandon, give up
 传达傳達 chuándá ◇ pass on, communicate, convey, transmit ◇ transmission of information ◇ reception of visitors at a public building ◇ person in charge of visitor reception
 传单傳單 chuándān ◇ handbill, leaflet ◇ advertisement, pamphlet, circular
 传染傳染 chuánrǎn ◇ infect, be contagious ◇ spread (of a disease) ◇ infection
 染 染 rǎn ◇ dye, colour ◇ catch, contract (like a disease), soil, contaminate, pick up (like bad habits) ◇ soya bean milk, fermented soya beans ◇ Ran (surname)
 传授傳授 chuánshòu ◇ pass on, impart (knowledge), teach
 授 授 shòu ◇ give, award, confer, vest ◇ teach, give instruction ◇ Shou (surname)

me)

传说傳說 chuánshuō ◇ it is said,
some people say ◇ hearsay, rumour ◇
legend, fable

传统傳統 chuántǒng ◇ convention,
tradition, heritage ◇ conventional, tra-
ditional

传真傳真 chuánzhēn ◇ {IT} facsi-
mile, fax ◇ {Chinese painting} portrait
真 真 zhēn ◇ real, true, genuine ◇
really, truly ◇ sincere ◇ Zhen (surname)

船 船 chuán ◇ ship, boat, vessel
◇ Chuan (surname)

船舶船舶 chuánbó ◇ ships (col-
lectively)

喘气喘氣 chuǎnqì ◇ pant or
gasp for breath ◇ catch one's breath
喘 喘 chuǎn ◇ pant, gasp, brea-
the heavily (like from asthma, physical
exertion) ◇ {med} asthma
气 氣 qì ◇ gas, air ◇ power ◇ vi-
gour, spirit ◇ weather, climate ◇ thin clouds
◇ make angry ◇ get angry ◇ fate, destiny ◇
{Chinese philosophy} formative or creative spi-
rit ◇ {Chinese med} qi, vital energy; functions
(of internal organs); symptom (of a disease);
nutrition

串 串 chuàn ◇ string together,
connect ◇ {measure word}... string(s)
of...,... bunch(es) of... (used for a num-
ber of things arranged in a cluster, a
bunch, on a string, on a skewer, gro-
wing closely together or otherwise clo-
sely attached to each other, a sequence
of sounds, etc.) ◇ conspire with, collu-
de with, league together for some evil
purpose, gang up ◇ get things mixed
up, cross up ◇ make the rounds, roam
about ◇ {theatre} play a role ◇ pour
from one container into another ◇
{dialect} whore around

窗户窗戶 chuānghu ◇ window
窗 窗 chuāng ◇ window
户 户 hù ◇ door; family, house-
hold ◇ one's family status ◇ bank account ◇
{regional} capacity for liquor ◇ {measure
word}... family/families of...,... household(s)
of... (used for households, families, etc.) ◇ Hu
(surname)
窗帘窗簾 chuānglián ◇ window

curtain

帘 簾 lián ◇ curtain, screen (of
bamboo, cloth, etc.)

幢 幢 zhuàng ◇ {measure word, dia-
lect} (used for houses and other buildings, or
for stories of a building) ◇ carriage curtain

床单床單 chuángdān ◇ bed sheet
床 床 chuáng ◇ bed, couch,
bench ◇ appliance or implement sha-
ped like a bed ◇ chassis ◇ ground in
the shape of a bed (like a seedbed, ri-
verbed, etc.) ◇ {measure word} (used
for bed covers, such as quilts, blankets,
bedding, mattresses, etc.)

闯 闖 chuǎng ◇ rush, char-
ge, dash ◇ bust through (a barrier) ◇
run (a red light) ◇ (leave home to)
gain experience (in the world, in real
life); experience ◇ toughen oneself by
battling through dangers ◇ travel in
search of livelihood ◇ be busy running
around ◇ incite, provoke (sth undesi-
rable)

创立創立 chuànglì ◇ found, crea-
te, establish

创 創 chuàng ◇ start, estab-
lish, initiate, create, achieve (sth for the
first time)

立 立 lì ◇ stand ◇ stand up, set
up ◇ erect, vertical ◇ establish ◇ Li (surna-
me)

创新創新 chuàngxīn ◇ innovate,
introduce new ideas, etc.; innovation

新 新 xīn ◇ new ◇ modern, con-
temporary ◇ recently married ◇ newly,
recently, lately ◇ Xin (surname)

创业創業 chuàngyè ◇ start an un-
dertaking/enterprise/business ◇ entre-
preneurship

创造創造 chuàngzào ◇ create, pro-
duce ◇ creation

造 造 zào ◇ build, construct, make,
create ◇ fabricate, invent, concoct ◇ party (in
a lawsuit or legal agreement) ◇ {regional}
crop, harvest ◇ {written} go to (like to visit),
arrive at ◇ (of skills) achieve, attain ◇ train,
educate, cultivate ◇ the times; an era ◇
{slang} spend (a lavish amount) ◇ {slang} run
wild ◇ Zao (surname)

创作創作 chuàngzuò ◇ create, pro-
duce (a work of art or literature), write

◇ creative work, creation (of art or literature)

作 作 zuò ◇ do, make, work ◇ rise, grow ◇ be, become, serve as, act as ◇ engage (in an activity) ◇ compose, write; the writings, works ◇ feign, pretend ◇ consider to be, regard as ◇ feel

吹 吹 chuī ◇ blow, puff (with the mouth) ◇ (of the wind) blow ◇ play (a wind instrument) ◇ brag/boast (about); praise, tout, exaggerate/overstate the merits of sth/sb ◇ (of plans) fall through; (of boy/girl friends) break off/up ◇ flatter
吹牛吹牛 chuīniú ◇ boast, brag
吹捧吹捧 chuīpěng ◇ flatter, heap praise upon

炊烟炊煙 chuīyān ◇ smoke from kitchen chimneys (as sign of habitation)

炊 炊 chuī ◇ cook a meal

垂直垂直 chuízhí ◇ vertical, perpendicular ◇ be perpendicular to

锤 锤 chuí ◇ {tool} hammer, metal mallet or club; hit with a hammer, hammer (in, on), temper; hammer into shape ◇ sliding weight of a steelyard ◇ {archaic, weaponry} metal ball with a chain or handle, mace

春 春 chūn ◇ spring, springtime ◇ a year's time, a year ◇ courtship, love, lust ◇ life, vital energy ◇ Chun (surname)

纯粹純粹 chún cuì ◇ pure (literally or figuratively)

纯 純 chún ◇ pure, clean, unadulterated, unmixed ◇ skilful, well-versed, familiar with, fluent in ◇ net (profit, etc.) ◇ sincere, honest ◇ great (happiness, etc.) ◇ silk

粹 粹 cuì ◇ pure, unadulterated ◇ the essence, quintessence ◇ the best, the cream of the crop

纯洁純潔 chúnjié ◇ pure, honest ◇ purify

慈善慈善 císhàn ◇ charitable, phi-

lanthropic

慈祥慈祥 cíxiáng ◇ kind, gentle (esp. of old people's expression)

磁带磁帶 cídài ◇ {Mainland usage} magnetic tape ◇ magnetic band

磁 磁 cí ◇ magnetism; magnetic ◇ porcelain, chinaware

带 帶 dài ◇ carry, bring, take (along) ◇ belt, girdle, band, ribbon, tape, magnetic tape ◇ {automotive} tire ◇ zone, area, belt ◇ {med} whites, Leucorrhoea ◇ do sth incidentally ◇ show, bear, have ◇ hold, contain; include, (of an item for purchase, an apartment, etc.) come with (accessories, furniture, etc.) ◇ with (sth attached) ◇ lead, supervise (like students) ◇ bring up, raise, look after (like children) ◇ promote, provide momentum to

词典詞典 cídiǎn ◇ dictionary (of compound words) || (in contrast to zìdiǎn 字典 which refers to a dictionary of Chinese single characters)

词 詞 cí ◇ words (of a speech, song, etc.) ◇ wording, language ◇ {linguistics} word, character compound, expression ◇ {literature} ci (form of classical Chinese poetry dating from the Tang dynasty; distinguished by lines of differing lengths; originally set to music; reached its peak in the Song dynasty)

典 典 diǎn ◇ {literature} canon, law; classic, standard (work of scholarship); literary allusion ◇ ceremony, rite, ritual, celebration ◇ be responsible for, be in charge of ◇ lease, mortgage, pawn (with real estate as security) ◇ Dian (surname)

词汇詞彙 cíhuì ◇ vocabulary, glossary

词语詞語 cíyǔ ◇ words and expressions, lexical items

辞职辭職 cízhí ◇ resign

雌 雌 cí ◇ {zool, bot} female ◇ feminine

雄 雄 xióng ◇ male (in contrast to cí 雌 "female") ◇ great, grand, majestic ◇ strong, powerful, brave ◇ powerful and prominent person or state ◇ Xiong (surname)

此外此外 cǐwài ◇ in addition, also; aside from that

伺候伺候 cìhou ◇ serve, wait upon

刺 刺 cì ◇ stab, prick, pierce, prod ◇ (of an irritant liquid, smell, etc.) irritate, bite, stimulate ◇ assassinate ◇ criticize, satirize ◇ pry (into), make (secret or roundabout) inquiries, spy (on sb) ◇ thorn, splinter, sting ◇ {written} visiting card, calling card
刺激刺激 cìjī ◇ stimulate ◇ excite, spur on, incite ◇ provoke, irritate ◇ shock, stimulus ◇ stimulation, excitation ◇ be exciting, be a thrill

次 次 cì ◇ order, sequence, position (in a sequence), ... times ◇ arrangement ◇ the following, second, next ◇ sub- (as in cìdàlù 次大陸/次大陸 "subcontinent") ◇ second-rate, inferior, shoddy, substandard, of low(er) quality ◇ {written} stopover, lay-over ◇ among, between, in the middle of ◇ {measure word}... time(s) (following a numeral, used for number of occurrences/times/occasions) ◇ Cì (surname) ◇ {chem} hypo-
次品次品 cìpǐn ◇ seconds, substandard goods
次序次序 cìxù ◇ order, sequence, arrangement
次要次要 cìyào ◇ secondary, minor (in importance)

匆忙匆忙 cōngmáng ◇ hurriedly, hastily ◇ in a hurry

聪明聪明 cōngmíng ◇ intelligent, clever, bright ◇ keen sense of seeing and hearing ◇ extremely gifted and powerful intellect
聪 聪 cōng ◇ {written} the faculty of hearing, the hearing sense ◇ a keen/acute sense of hearing ◇ intelligent, clever, bright
明 明 míng ◇ bright, clear, evident ◇ open, overt ◇ tomorrow; next (year) ◇ know, understand ◇ Míng (dynasty, 1368-1644) ◇ Míng (surname)

丛 丛 cóng ◇ grow/crowd together, clump, overgrow ◇ thicket, clump, bush(es) ◇ {measure word}

patch(es) of (grass, plants, leaves etc.), grove (of trees) ◇ a collection; crowd, group ◇ Cōng (surname)

从 從 cóng ◇ from ◇ through, since, by ◇ ever (before negation, e.g., cóng méiyǒu 從沒有/从没有) ◇ always (usually followed by 不, 沒/没, 未 etc. to mean "never") ◇ follow, accompany ◇ comply, conform, follow, obey ◇ act in a certain way (e.g., cóngkuān 從寬/从宽 "treat with leniency") ◇ attendant, footman, follower ◇ secondary ◇ cousin (relationship based on having the same paternal ancestor) ◇ Cōng (surname)

从此從此 cóngcǐ ◇ from then on, since then, thereafter ◇ from now on, henceforth

此 此 cǐ ◇ this ◇ here ◇ now

从而從而 cóng'ér ◇ thereby, thus

而 而 ér ◇ (joining two adjectives)...and... ◇ (indicating a sequence or consequence)... and thus..., therefore ◇ (indicating a contrast)...but... ◇ (indicating a transition)...to... ◇ (indicating sth happens at a certain time) at..., when... ◇ (indicating sth happens under a certain condition) if...

从来從來 cónglái ◇ always, at all times

从前從前 cóngqián ◇ formerly, before, in the past

前 前 qián ◇ in front ◇ forward, ahead ◇ front, first ◇ before, ago ◇ previous, preceding ◇ {Chinese chess} at the front (the piece at the front, relative to the player)

从容從容 cóngróng ◇ calm, composed, easy; unhurried, leisurely ◇ (of time or money) plentiful, ample || (formerly pronounced cōngróng)

容 容 róng ◇ hold, contain, accommodate ◇ tolerate ◇ permit ◇ countenance, facial expression ◇ looks, appearance, capacity ◇ form, shape ◇ perhaps, maybe ◇ Róng (surname)

从事從事 cóngshì ◇ be engaged in (a certain activity, work, profession), go into, pursue, work in, take up, devote oneself to ◇ deal with (in a certain way)

事 事 shì ◇ affair, matter, thing ◇ incident, event ◇ accident, trouble, untoward

event ◇ business ◇ work, function ◇ job, occupation ◇ concerned with, involved in, responsible for ◇ serve, attend to ◇ do, carry out, be engaged in

湊合湊合 còuhe ◇ assemble, gather together ◇ improvise, piece together ◇ make do with, put up with ◇ passable, so-so

湊 湊 còu ◇ collect, gather (together), pool, scrape together (funds etc.) ◇ happen to be, avail oneself of, take advantage of (like an opportunity) ◇ press near, move close to, approach
合 合 hé ◇ combine, unite, join ◇ shut, close ◇ the entire/whole... ◇ {written} be appropriate, proper ◇ suit, agree, fit, comply/conform with ◇ add up to, be equal to ◇ {measure word}... round(s) of...,... bout(s) of... (in fights, contests, sports, etc.) ◇ {astronomy} conjunction ◇ {music} he (note in the Chinese scale gōngchěpǔ 工尺譜/工尺谱, corresponding to 5 in numbered musical notation) ◇ He (surname)

粗糙粗糙 cūcāo ◇ rough, coarse (of materials, etc.) ◇ crude, careless (of workmanship, etc.)

粗魯粗魯 cūlǔ ◇ rough, boorish, rude

粗 粗 cū ◇ thick, wide (in contrast to xì 細/细 "thin, narrow") ◇ in large particles, coarse (like sand, gravel) ◇ gruff, husky, hoarse (voice) ◇ rough, crude, coarse (in contrast to jīng 精 "fine, refined") ◇ rude, vulgar ◇ careless, negligent ◇ brief, sketchy
魯 魯 lǔ ◇ slow, dull ◇ crude, rash ◇ Lu (state during the Zhou Dynasty in area of Qufu, Shāndōng 山東/山东 Province) ◇ Lu (name for Shāndōng 山東/山东 Province) ◇ Lu (surname)

粗心粗心 cūxīn ◇ careless, negligent

促進促進 cùjìn ◇ promote, accelerate

促 促 cù ◇ be short of time ◇ pressed for time, in a hurry ◇ pressing, urgent ◇ urge, promote, spur, hurry ◇ {written} near, close

進 進 jìn ◇ advance, move forward/ahead (opposite of tuì 退) ◇ enter, come/go in ◇ take in, bring in, receive ◇ recruit, admit ◇ submit, present ◇ eat, drink,

take ◇ (as verb ending) into, in ◇ {measure word} (of an old-style residential compound with an inner courtyard or multiple linked courtyards) a courtyard and its associated rooms ◇ {sports} goal (in soccer) ◇ {Chinese chess} advance (a number of points)

促使促使 cùshǐ ◇ urge, spur, impel, promote

醋 醋 cù ◇ vinegar ◇ {figurative} jealousy (in particular in love affairs)

竄 竄 cuàn ◇ (of bandits, a defeated army, animals, etc.) flee, run away ◇ {written} expel, banish, exile ◇ revise (text), change (the wording) ◇ tamper with...

催 催 cuī ◇ urge, press ◇ expedite, speed up, hasten

摧殘摧殘 cuīcán ◇ destroy, ruin, devastate

摧 摧 cuī ◇ break, destroy, annihilate, devastate (e.g., enemy forces) ◇ push (aside/away/out) ◇ pull, drag ◇ be ruined, perish ◇ squeeze (out), put under pressure ◇ obstruct, hinder, thwart, prevent ◇ cause a setback, frustrate ◇ slander, disparage, vilify, speak ill of, ridicule, dishearten ◇ arrive ◇ go/proceed to ◇ go to the end, do sth thoroughly ◇ grieve, be anxious/troubled

殘 殘 cán ◇ injure, mutilate, damage, harm, cripple, kill ◇ incomplete, fragmentary, deficient ◇ crippled, mutilated, disabled, handicapped ◇ left over, remaining ◇ remnants, remains ◇ cruel, ferocious, fierce, savage, barbarous

脆弱脆弱 cuìruò ◇ be frail, fragile, vulnerable

存 存 cún ◇ exist, live; survive ◇ keep, store, preserve ◇ gather, collect, accumulate ◇ deposit (money) ◇ check sth in, leave sth behind (to be claimed later, like one's hat and coat, car, baggage) ◇ keep, reserve, retain ◇ (of merchandise) be in stock ◇ {figurative} (of feelings, hopes, intentions, etc.) harbour, cherish

存在存在 cúnzài ◇ exist, be in existence ◇ existence, presence (e.g., 軍事

存在/军事存在 jūnshì cúnzài "military presence")

搓 搓 cuō ◇ rub (with) the hands ◇ roll or twist sth with both hands ◇ {ping-pong} (do) a chop

磋商磋商 cuōshāng ◇ exchange ideas, consult, discuss carefully

挫折挫折 cuòzhé ◇ setback, reversal, frustration

措施措施 cuòshī ◇ measure(s), step (taken to deal with a large/important matter)

错 錯 cuò ◇ wrong, mistaken,

erroneous ◇ mistake, error, fault ◇ interlocking, inlaid, intricate ◇ stagger, alternate (like office hours, shifts) ◇ (preceded by a negation like bù 不) bad (bùcuò 不錯/不错 means "not bad", or "very good") ◇ {regional} except, with the exception of, but for... ◇ {written} inlay (with gold, silver, etc.) ◇ {tool} a grindstone for polishing jade ◇ polish jade

错误錯誤 cuòwù ◇ mistake, error ◇ incorrect behaviour or conduct, wrongdoing (e.g., fàn cuòwù 犯錯誤/犯错误 "commit wrongdoing", or chéng rèn cuòwù 承認錯誤/承认错误 "acknowledge one's wrongdoing") ◇ wrong, incorrect, erroneous, mistaken

D

搭 搭 dā ◇ build, erect, put up ◇ put over, lay over, hang over, drape sth soft (like a towel, laundry) over sth (like a shoulder, clothesline) ◇ join together, connect, let overlap ◇ add, contribute, throw in more (money, services, resources, troops, etc.) ◇ jointly lift sth (heavy or bulky) ◇ in combination, mixed together ◇ take, travel, go by (car, bus, boat, ship, plane, etc.)

搭档搭档 dādàng ◇ team up, work together ◇ partner [also pronounced "dādang"]

档 档 dàng ◇ cabinet, shelf (mostly for storing files) ◇ files, records, archives ◇ crosspiece (of a table, etc.) ◇ (of quality) grade ◇ (of television broadcasts) time slot ◇ {regional} open-air stall/stand (for selling goods or serving food)

搭配搭配 dāpèi ◇ pair/match (with); combine proportionally (with) ◇ cooperate, work together ◇ match, be a good match ◇ {linguistics} collocation

答案答案 dá'àn ◇ answer, solution (to a problem, etc.)

答辩答辩 dábiàn ◇ reply, answer (an accusation, etc.) ◇ {law} defense, plea

答 答 dá ◇ reply, respond, answer; return (a visit, banquet, etc.), reciprocate; repay (a favour) || (pronounced "dā" in certain compound words, e.g., in dāshàn 答訕/答讪 "say sth to smooth things over")

辩 辩 biàn ◇ debate, dispute, argue ◇ administer, rule

答复答复 dáfù ◇ reply, answer

复 複 fù ◇ repeat, duplicate ◇ multiple, complex, compound, complicated ◇ lined garments

答应答應 dāying ◇ answer ◇ reply ◇ respond ◇ promise ◇ agree ◇ comply with ◇ {regional} (mostly in the negative) forgive, tolerate

答 答 dá ◇ reply, respond, answer; return (a visit, banquet, etc.), reciprocate; repay (a favour) || (pronounced "dā" in certain compound words, e.g., in dāshàn 答訕/答讪 "say

sth to smooth things over")

应 應 yīng ◇ should, ought to, must ◇ answer, respond, reply ◇ agree, accept, promise ◇ Ying (surname)

达成達成 dáchéng ◇ reach (like an agreement, consensus); achieve (like a wish)

达 達 dá ◇ reach, extend to ◇ achieve, attain, amount to, reach/up to (a certain number), arrive at ◇ for as long as (a stated amount of time or distance) ◇ grasp completely, understand thoroughly ◇ express, communicate, convey ◇ distinguished, prominent, illustrious, eminent ◇ Da (surname)

成 成 chéng ◇ become, turn or change into ◇ fully developed, fully grown ◇ successfully finished ◇ be all right, okay ◇ achievement, fruits (of work, etc.) ◇ able, capable ◇ in considerable numbers or amounts ◇ ready-made, established ◇ 10% (e.g., sān chéng 三成 means "thirty percent") ◇ Cheng (surname)

达到達到 dádào ◇ reach, accomplish, achieve

到 到 dào ◇ (from...) to, up until, up to...; as of ◇ arrive, reach ◇ (preceding a location) (go) to, leave for ◇ successfully..., succeed in... (verbal suffix indicating success of the verb's action, as in kàndào 看到 "get to see, notice") ◇ thorough, thoughtful, considerate ◇ Dao (surname)

打扮打扮 dǎban ◇ dress up, spruce up, tart up (including make-up and dress) ◇ the way one is dressed, dress, attire

打包打包 dǎbāo ◇ wrap, pack, bale ◇ unwrap, unpack ◇ wrap (leftovers in a restaurant), put in doggy bags (or boxes, etc.)

打 打 dǎ ◇ strike, hit, beat ◇ break, smash, wreck ◇ batter, attack, fight ◇ come into contact with, deal with (as in dǎ jiāodao 打交道 "have dealings with") ◇ build, construct ◇ forge (like a knife) ◇ pack (like luggage) ◇ apply (like paint) ◇ make (like a phone call) ◇ remove (as in the medical term dǎchóng 打蟲/打虫 "de-worm") ◇ knit, weave ◇ take/board (a train, plane) ◇ take/get/hire (a taxi)

◇ ladle, fetch (like porridge, water) ◇
 hunt/catch (as in dǎyú 打魚/打魚
 "catch fish") ◇ shoot (with a fire-arm)
 ◇ collect, gather (like firewood) ◇
 draft (a document, estimate, etc.) ◇ do
 (like odd jobs) ◇ label as, charge with
 ◇ fight (a war, battle) ◇ play (a game,
 sport) ◇ buy ◇ be about, concern ◇
 {colloquial} (used like cóng 從/从)
 from; (used like cóng 從/从... qǐ 起) be-
 ginning at...

电话 電話 diànhuà ◇ telephone ◇
 telephone call

打工打工 dǎgōng ◇ work (part-
 time/temporarily) ◇ do manual labour

官司官司 guānsi ◇ lawsuit
 打击打擊 dǎjī ◇ strike ◇ strike out
 (at), hit, attack, deal a blow (to), crack
 down on, fight/combat (e.g. crime),
 dampen (e.g. enthusiasm) ◇ a
 blow/shock

击 擊 jī ◇ strike, hit, beat, knock
 ◇ attack, assail, raid ◇ kill, assassinate ◇ col-
 lide with, bump into, come in contact with (sb
 or sth)

打架打架 dǎjià ◇ fight, come to
 blows

交道 交道 jiāodao ◇ contact, social dea-
 lings, relations (mostly preceded by "dǎ")

篮球 籃球 lánqiú ◇ basketball (the game
 or the ball itself)

篮 籃 lán ◇ basket (made of bam-
 boo, etc.) ◇ basket (in basketball)

球 球 qiú ◇ ball, sphere, globe ◇
 {sports} ball, ball-like objects used in sports
 (like soccer ball, basket ball, ping-pong ball, ho-
 ckey puck); ball games ◇ the world, the globe
 ◇ ball-shape things (like snowball, blood cor-
 puscle) ◇ {slang, vulgar} "the balls" (as a term
 for the testicles)

打量打量 dǎliang ◇ size up,
 take measure of (like sb's looks, clo-
 thing), measure with one's eyes ◇

think, figure, suppose

打猎打獵 dǎliè ◇ hunt, go hunting

猎 獵 liè ◇ hunt ◇ hunt for, seek
 ◇ experience

喷嚏 噴嚏 pēntì ◇ a sneeze

喷 噴 pēn ◇ spurt (out), gush (out),
 spray, sprinkle ◇ scold, revile

嚏 嚏 tì ◇ sneeze

打扰打擾 dǎrǎo ◇ disturb, trouble,
 bother

扰 擾 rǎo ◇ trouble, disturb, harass
 ◇ (a word used in polite expressions to express
 one's gratitude to one's host ◇) invade and ha-

rass

打扫打掃 dǎsǎo ◇ clean, sweep

扫 掃 sǎo ◇ sweep, clear away
 (with a broom, etc.) ◇ {figurative} eliminate,
 wipe out, get rid of ◇ (of the eyes, a glance,
 etc.) move or pass over quickly ◇ put together

打算打算 dǎsuan ◇ plan, intend
 ◇ plan, intention

打听打聽 dǎting ◇ make inquiries,
 conduct a survey

听 聽 tīng ◇ hear, listen ◇ obey,
 heed, comply with, take sb's advice/suggestion
 ◇ administer (affairs of state, justice), manage
 ◇ allow, permit (formerly pronounced "tīng")
 ◇ sb's ears/informer ◇ {measure word, phone-
 tic}... tin(s) of...,... can(s) of... (from the Eng-
 lish "tin"; used for items in tin containers or
 cans, like biscuits, cigarettes, beer, etc.)

打印打印 dǎyìn ◇ affix a seal, stamp
 ◇ type (a stencil) and mimeograph;

mimeograph; type and print (on a prin-
 ter) ◇ print (on a printer)

打仗打仗 dǎzhàng ◇ fight, go to
 war

招呼招呼 zhāohu ◇ call (sb) ◇ greet, hail
 ◇ tell, instruct, direct ◇ care for, attend (the
 sick, etc.) ◇ pay attention, take care

打折打折 dǎzhé ◇ sell at a discount,
 give a discount | (A specific discount is
 expressed as n 折(zhé), meaning n
 tenths of the original price; for exam-
 ple, dǎ bāzhé 打八折 means 8/10 of the
 original price, or 20% off)

打针打针 dǎzhēn ◇ give or re-
 ceive an injection

针 針 zhēn ◇ needle (for sewing) ◇
 sth resembling a needle ◇ injection (needle) ◇
 acupuncture ◇ prick (with a needle) ◇ {mea-
 sure word} (used for the number of injections,
 of stitching, acupuncture treatments, etc.)

大 大 dà ◇ big, large, great ◇
 greatly, to a large extent, in a major
 way ◇ major, important, main ◇ gene-
 ral ◇ strong, heavy ◇ loud, high (like
 volume of sound, or sb's voice) ◇ (of
 persons) old (i.e. of a certain age) ◇
 the oldest (among two or more) ◇
 adult, elder ◇ (as emphatic prefix)
 even on...(followed by a time expres-
 sion, as in dà Xīngqīrì 大星期日 "even
 on Sundays") ◇ (as honorific prefix)
 your... ◇ (used for transcription of the
 syllable -da- in foreign names) ◇ Da

(surname)

大不了 大不了 dàbuliǎo

◇ at (the) worst ◇ terrible, serious
(mostly used in the negative)

大臣大臣 dàchén ◇ minister

(general term for high government officials in imperial China or ancient and modern monarchies, e.g., nèigé dàchén 內閣大臣/内阁大臣 cabinet minister);

(used in specific titles of government officials in Qing dynasty China, or in a monarchy): secretary (e.g. Yīngguó Wàijiāo Dàchén 英國外交大臣/英国外交大臣 the British Foreign Secretary); chancellor (e.g. Yīngguó Cáizhèng Dàchén 英國財政大臣/英国財政大臣 U.K. Chancellor of the Exchequer) ◇ vizier, vizir

大方大方 dàfang ◇ generous, liberal ◇ natural, unaffected (like deportment) ◇ refined, tasteful

大概大概 dàgài ◇ in broad outline, in general ◇ rough, approximate ◇ probably, in all likelihood

大伙儿 大夥兒 dàhuǒr

◇ everybody

儿 兒 ér ◇ child, baby, son (written as "r" when used as a suffix, indicates smallness [e.g., mào 帽兒/帽儿 "hat"]; after a verb/adjective turns it into a noun [e.g., chī 吃兒/吃儿 "eatables, food"]; added to a concrete noun turns it into an abstract noun [e.g., mén 門兒/门儿 "work"]; added to a noun to change its original meaning [e.g., báimiàn 白麵兒/白面儿 means "heroin", while báimiàn 白麵/白面 means "white flour"]; used as suffix to certain verbs [e.g., wán 玩兒/玩儿 "play"])

大家大家 dàjiā ◇ everybody, everyone, all of us/you (often used in reference to the members of an audience, etc.) ◇ (after the pronouns nǐmen 你們/你们, wǒmen 我們/我们, zánmen 咱們/咱们, or tāmen 他們/他们:) all of (you/us/them) ◇ master, authority, expert ◇ a powerful family

大厦大廈 dàshà ◇ mansion, large building (often used in names of such buildings)

厦 廈 shà ◇ big/tall building, highrise, mansion ◇ {dialect} back porch, rear veranda

大使馆 大使館 dàshǐguǎn

◇ embassy

大使大使 dàshǐ ◇ ambassador

馆 館 guǎn ◇ guesthouse, hotel ◇

embassy, consulate ◇ shop, place of business (like a restaurant) ◇ library, museum, exhibition hall, gymnasium (and other buildings serving cultural/sports activities) ◇ {archaic} old-style private school

大肆大肆 dàsì ◇ without restraint, recklessly, wantonly

大体大體 dàtǐ ◇ cardinal principle, fundamental principle ◇ on the whole, for the most part

体 體 tǐ ◇ body ◇ substance (like solid, liquid) ◇ style (of writing or of Chinese characters)

大象大象 dàxiàng ◇ elephant

大型大型 dàxíng ◇ large (e.g., conference), large-scale, full-length

大意大意 dàyì ◇ gist, main idea

大约大約 dàyuē ◇ approximately ◇ probably

约 約 yuē ◇ approximately, about ◇ make an appointment, arrange to meet, arrange a date ◇ invite, ask ◇ agreement, treaty ◇ restrict, restrain, bind ◇ frugal, thrifty, economical ◇ brief, simple, succinct ◇ {math} reduce (a fraction)

大致大致 dàzhì ◇ roughly, approximately, about

呆 呆 dāi ◇ dull, dumb, idiotic, slow (witted); slow to react ◇ stare blankly; blank, in a daze, stupefied ◇ stay (also written 待) ㄩ (in TW also pronounced ái)

歹徒歹徒 dǎitú ◇ evildoer, thief, robber

代表代表 dàibiǎo ◇ represent, stand for ◇ on behalf of ◇ delegate, representative

代价代價 dàijià ◇ price, cost ◇ price (of fame, etc.)

代 代 dài ◇ for/in place of/on behalf of (sb else) ◇ replace, take the place of, act on another's behalf, be a substitute for ◇ substitute, acting, temporary ◇ era, age, period, dynasty ◇ generation ◇ Dai (surname)

价 價 jià ◇ (of goods) price, value, worth ◇ {chem} valence

代理代理 dàilǐ ◇ act for another in a responsible position ◇ serve as a pro-

xy or agent ◇ agent, agency
代替代替 dàitì ◇ replace, substitute, represent

大夫大夫 dàifu ◇ doctor, physician

带带 dài ◇ carry, bring, take (along) ◇ belt, girdle, band, ribbon, tape, magnetic tape ◇ {automotive} tire ◇ zone, area, belt ◇ {med} whites, Leucorrhoea ◇ do sth incidentally ◇ show, bear, have ◇ hold, contain; include, (of an item for purchase, an apartment, etc.) come with (accessories, furniture, etc.) ◇ with (sth attached) ◇ lead, supervise (like students) ◇ bring up, raise, look after (like children) ◇ promote, provide momentum to
带领带领 dàilǐng ◇ lead (sb to a place or to do sth) ◇ lead, act as leader of (a group in some activity)

待遇待遇 dàiyù ◇ treatment (the way sb is treated) ◇ remuneration, salary, wages, pay (and benefits) ◇ treat (sb)

怠慢怠慢 dàimàn ◇ slight, treat coldly ◇ {formal} poor hospitality

戴戴 dài ◇ wear, don, put on, (like a hat, eyeglasses); be dressed in ◇ support, uphold, honour, esteem ◇ Dai (surname)

贷款贷款 dàikuǎn ◇ loan, give credit ◇ loan, credit
贷贷 dài ◇ {finance} loan, credit ◇ borrow (money) ◇ lend (money) ◇ shirk/shift (a responsibility) ◇ have mercy, pardon, forgive

款款 kuǎn ◇ paragraph, section of an article (of a law, treaty, etc.) ◇ sum of money, fund ◇ model (e.g., of car), style ◇ {measure word} kind, type ◇ name of the sender or recipient inscribed on a painting or work of calligraphy presented as a gift; mark on bottom of pottery/porcelain vessel (used with reign title, e.g., Kāngxī 康熙) ◇

sincere ◇ receive, entertain (a guest) ◇ {classical} leisurely, slow

逮捕逮捕 dàibǔ ◇ arrest (a criminal)

单纯单纯 dānchún ◇ simple, uncomplicated ◇ purely, merely

单调单调 dāndiào ◇ monotonous

单独单独 dāndú ◇ (one spouse being) an only child, alone, by oneself ◇ single-handed

单位单位 dānwèi ◇ unit (like of an organization), agency ◇ unit (like of measurement, currency)

单单 dān ◇ single, one (alone) ◇ only, exclusively ◇ odd, odd-numbered (in contrast to shuāng 雙/双 "even, even-numbered") ◇ {grammar} singular ◇ alone ◇ weak, thin ◇ {clothing} unlined, unpadded, single-layer ◇ slip, list, bill, sheet, order

位位 wèi ◇ {measure word, formal/polite}... lady/ladies/gentleman/gentlemen (used for persons) ◇ place, position, location ◇ status, situation, position ◇ be located ◇ throne ◇ {math} digit, place ◇ {physics} potential ◇ Wei (surname)

单元单元 dānyuán ◇ unit (like of lessons, rooms)

元元 yuán ◇ first, original ◇ chief, leading ◇ fundamental, primary ◇ yuan (unit of Chinese currency) ◇ Yuan Dynasty (1271-1368) ◇ Yuan (surname)

担保担保 dānbǎo ◇ guarantee, vouch for

担担 dān ◇ carry with a shoulder pole ◇ shoulder, take on (responsibility, risk)

保保 bǎo ◇ protect, safeguard, defend ◇ preserve, maintain, keep, retain ◇ guarantee, ensure, insure ◇ cover (a certain type of loss) ◇ recommend ◇ servant, waiter ◇ guarantor ◇ Bao (unit of ten households in the Bǎojiǎ 保甲 system) ◇ Bao (surname)

担任担任 dānrèn ◇ hold the post of, be in charge of

任任 rèn ◇ appoint, assign, engage ◇ let, permit, allow ◇ assume office, hold office, take up a post ◇ an official post, office or duty ◇ bear, face (sth) ◇ {measure word}... term(s) of... (used for the term of an official position) ◇ no matter (how/what/if...)

担心担心 dānxīn ◇ worry, feel

anxious or uneasy

心 心 xīn ◇ heart ◇ mind, feelings
◇ centre, middle, core ◇ {Chinese astronomy}
Xin (one of the Èrshíbā Xiù 二十八宿 "28 Lunar
Mansions of the Chinese zodiac") ◇ {physiology}
heart (as one of the wǔzàng 五臟/五脏 "five
vital organs")

耽误耽誤 dānwu ◇ delay ◇
hold up

耽 耽 dān ◇ delay, hold up,
postpone ◇ {written} indulge in, be
addicted to, abandon oneself to Ⅰ (Tra-
ditional 耽 is a non-standard variant of
耽)

误 誤 wù ◇ error, mistake; (follo-
wed by a verb) erroneously..., by mistake...; un-
intentional(ly) ◇ delay, impede ◇ cause harm,
make suffer

胆怯膽怯 dǎnqiè ◇ timid, cowardly
胆 膽 dǎn ◇ gall bladder; gall
◇ bile ◇ guts, courage, bravery ◇ sth
resembling a bladder (like the rubber
bladder of a ball) ◇ bladder-like inner
liquid container

怯 怯 qiè ◇ cowardly, timid, ner-
vous ◇ (sound used by the people of Beijing to
mock other dialects) ◇ uncouth, crude, rus-
tic ◇ be afraid, fear ◇ weak, frail, in poor
health

胆小鬼 膽小鬼 dǎnxiǎoguǐ
◇ coward

小鬼 小鬼 xiǎoguǐ ◇ little devil, little demon
◇ {derogatory} rascal, little devil ◇ little ras-
cal, kid, lad (term of endearment for children,
esp. boys) ◇ little devils (children who acted as
couriers and spies for the Chinese Red Army
and the Eighth Route Army) ◇ joker card (in
black and white)

但是但是 dànshì ◇ but, still, yet

淡 淡 dàn ◇ (of food, drinks,
etc.) weak, light (opp.: nóng 濃/浓
"thick") ◇ bland, tasteless (not salty
enough) ◇ (of liquid, gas, air, frag-
rance, etc.) thin, light ◇ (of colour)
light, pale ◇ indifferent, cool, unenthu-
siastic ◇ (of business) slack, slow, stag-
nant ◇ insignificant, meaningless, tri-
vial ◇ Dan (surname)

淡季淡季 dànjì ◇ slack season, off
season

淡水淡水 dànshuǐ ◇ fresh water

(in contrast to salt water) ◇ Tamsui
(Taiwan)

蛋白质 蛋白質 dànbaízhì
◇ protein

蛋白蛋白 dànbái ◇ egg white,
albumen ◇ protein

质 質 zhì ◇ quality ◇ nature, cha-
racter ◇ matter, material, substance ◇ ask
questions, interrogate ◇ to pawn ◇ a pledge,
security (person or thing) ◇ {history} hostage
(feudal ruler's sons sent to live in each other's
countries) ◇ Zhi (surname)

蛋糕蛋糕 dàngāo ◇ cake (Wes-
tern style, like sponge cake) ◇ {figura-
tive} "that whole cake"—sector of the
economy, economic assets of society (a
new metaphor)

诞辰誕辰 dànrén ◇ birthday (of
a respected person or famous person)

诞 誕 dàn ◇ birth; be born;
birthday; absurd, preposterous, fantas-
tic

辰 辰 chén ◇ chen (fifth of the twel-
ve Dìzhī 地支 "Earthly Branches") ◇ 7:00 to
9:00 a.m. (one of the traditional 12 two-hour
periods that make up a day) ◇ two-hour period
(any one of the traditional 12 two-hour periods
of a day) ◇ occasion (as in dànrén 誕辰/诞辰
"birthday") ◇ time, day ◇ {astronomy} cele-
stial body/bodies

诞生誕生 dànrshēng ◇ (of a great
person, a country, etc.) be born, come
into being/existence, emerge ◇ birth
生 生 shēng ◇ give birth to ◇ live ◇
life ◇ unripe ◇ raw ◇ bear, deliver ◇ genera-
te ◇ be born ◇ (of plants, roots, etc.) grow,
emerge ◇ unripe ◇ raw, undercooked ◇ not
cooked ◇ unprocessed, unrefined ◇ unfami-
liar, unacquainted ◇ student (bound form, as
in nǚshēng 女生 "female student", zhèngshì-
shēng 正式生 "regular student") ◇ suffix for va-
rious kinds or groups of people (like yīshēng 醫
生/医生 "medical doctor") ◇ Sheng (surname)

当 當 dāng ◇ as... ◇ be equal,
match ◇ equal ◇ should, ought to,
must ◇ at, in front of, in the presence
of, confronting, facing, to sb's face ◇
(just) at (that very time, that very pla-
ce) (as in 當...時/当...时 dāng... shí "at
the time when...") ◇ become, serve as,
work as, act as, be ◇ deserve, accept,
bear ◇ be in charge of, direct, manage

◇ {written} stop, obstruct, prevent ◇ ought to, should, must ◇ {onom} dingdong, etc. (used like dāng 噹/当 "dingdong", etc., for the sound of bells)

当场當場 dāngchǎng ◇ on the scene, on the spot

当初當初 dāngchū ◇ originally, at first, at the beginning/outset, (back) then, at that time (in contrast to later or now)

初 初 chū ◇ (at the) beginning of, (during the) first part of, (during the) early stage of ◇ first, initial ◇ beginning/early part of ◇ first (in order) ◇ initially, just ◇ elementary ◇ for the first time ◇ rudimentary, elementary ◇ beginning ◇ original ◇ primitive ◇ the first ten day period of a lunisolar month ◇ Chu (surname)

当代當代 dāngdài ◇ present age, contemporary era, modern times

代 代 dài ◇ for/in place of/on behalf of (sb else) ◇ replace, take the place of, act on another's behalf, be a substitute for ◇ substitute, acting, temporary ◇ era, age, period, dynasty ◇ generation ◇ Dai (surname)

当地當地 dāngdì ◇ local, at a given place
地 地 dì ◇ earth, ground, land, floor, soil, field(s), farmland ◇ place, locality, site, area ◇ situation, position ◇ background (of a painting, calligraphy, etc.) ◇ (following specification of distance) a distance of... (e.g., shí gōnglǐ dì 十公里地 "a distance of 10 km") ◇ (suffix, forming an adverb from an adjective, e.g., gāoxìng 高興/高兴 "happy" + dì 地 yields gāoxìngdì 高興地/高兴地 "happily"; in this function often pronounced "de")

当面當面 dāngmiàn ◇ in front of, in the presence of, face to face

面 面 miàn ◇ face (toward); face, surface ◇ aspect ◇ the whole area (in contrast to diǎn 點/点 "selected spots") ◇ {regional, slang} habitually slow (of a person) ◇ {measure word} (used for things with a flat surface, like walls, mirrors, etc.)

当前當前 dāngqián ◇ the present time ◇ current(ly), present(ly) ◇ be faced/confronted with

前 前 qián ◇ in front ◇ forward, ahead ◇ front, first ◇ before, ago ◇ previous, preceding ◇ {Chinese chess} at the front (the piece at the front, relative to the player)

当然當然 dāngrán ◇ the way it should be ◇ of course, without doubt
然 然 rán ◇ (be) so, (be) like that, (be) that way ◇ (as a suffix to adjectives) in that manner (like gōng 公 "public" becomes

gōngrán 公然 "publicly, openly") ◇ (be) correct, accurate, right ◇ however; but, yet, nevertheless ◇ ignite, light (a fire) ◇ Ran (surname)

当时當時 dāngshí ◇ at that time, then

当事人 當事人 dāngshìrén ◇ {law} litigant, client, party ◇ the person concerned

之 之 zhī ◇ of (formal/literary equivalent of de 的) ◇ it, him, her (formal/literary direct object pronoun) ◇ {archaic} go to... ◇ Zhi (surname)

急 急 jí ◇ impatient, hasty, anxious (to...), impetuous ◇ be worried, be anxious ◇ become angry, be irritated, be annoyed ◇ in a hurry, rapid, swift; sudden, violent ◇ urgent; urgency ◇ urgent matter, emergency ◇ be eager to come to the aid of

当心當心 dāngxīn ◇ be careful, take care ◇ center of the chest ◇ in the center, in the middle

当选當選 dāngxuǎn ◇ be elected; win an election

党 黨 dǎng ◇ (political) party ◇ [D-] the (Chinese Communist) Party ◇ clique, faction ◇ {written} be partial to, favour, take sides ◇ {written} relatives, kin ◇ partner, confederate, associate ◇ {admin, historical} group of five hundred families ◇ Dang (surname)

挡 擋 dǎng ◇ keep off, ward off ◇ obstruct, obscure, get in the way of ◇ shield against, block, keep out ◇ fender, blind, shade ◇ {automotive} gear(s) ◇ {instrument} gradation, grading

档案檔案 dàng'àn ◇ {law} file; record; archive ◇ {PRC} (individual) file, dossier (government file on a citizen's academic, personnel, and ideological history, which follows one from middle school onward and is usually kept by the personnel department of bureau-level government offices or by the municipal- or district-level personnel service centre)

档 檔 dàng ◇ cabinet, shelf (mostly for storing files) ◇ files, records, archives ◇ crosspiece (of a

table, etc.) ◇ (of quality) grade ◇ (of television broadcasts) time slot ◇ {regional} open-air stall/stand (for selling goods or serving food)

案 案 àn ◇ traditional long narrow table ◇ long board serving as a table or counter ◇ {law} (legal) case, law case ◇ record(s) ◇ file(s) ◇ plan, proposal, draft (submitted for approval) ◇ bill (proposal for a new law)

档次檔次 dāngcì ◇ grade, class, bracket

次 次 cì ◇ order, sequence, position (in a sequence),... times ◇ arrangement ◇ the following, second, next ◇ sub- (as in cìdàlù 次大陸/次大陆 "subcontinent") ◇ second-rate, inferior, shoddy, substandard, of low(er) quality ◇ {written} stopover, lay-over ◇ among, between, in the middle of ◇ {measure word}... time(s) (following a numeral, used for number of occurrences/times/occasions) ◇ Ci (surname) ◇ {chem} hypo-

刀 刀 dāo ◇ knife, or any kind of cutting tool; sth shaped like a knife ◇ sword, sabre ◇ {archaic} knife-shaped coin ◇ {measure word} (used for a quantity of 100 paper sheets) ◇ {colloquial, measure word} dollar (esp. used by Chinese living overseas) ◇ Dao (surname)

倒闭倒閉 dǎobì ◇ go out of business, go bankrupt

倒 倒 dào ◇ turn upside down, reverse, invert ◇ throw out, discard, dump ◇ upside down, inverted, reverse, backward ◇ move backward ◇ pour (a liquid), dump ◇ {grammar} nevertheless, on the contrary (expressing a result/outcome opposite of the expected); although...(indicating contrast); but, still (indicating concession); quickly...! (indicating impatience)

闭 閉 bì ◇ shut, close ◇ obstruct, block (up) ◇ inaccessible ◇ close, conclude (a meeting, etc.) ◇ Bi (surname)

倒霉倒霉 dǎoméi ◇ be unfortunate/unlucky/ill-fated/miserable; fall on hard times, have a stroke of bad luck ◇ come to grief, be in trouble (like get punished) ◇ misfortune, bad luck ◇ what bad luck, what a bummer
霉 霉 méi ◇ mold, mildew ◇ bacteria, fungi

导弹導彈 dǎodàn ◇ {Mainland usage} (guided) missile (TW usage fēidàn 飛彈/飞弹, or dǎoxiàng fēidàn 導向飛彈/导向飞弹)

导航導航 dǎoháng ◇ navigate, pilot

导 導 dǎo ◇ guide, lead ◇ give guidance, guide, instruct, teach ◇ {electrical} conduct, transmit ◇ {theatre} direct (like the production of a play, movie)

航 航 háng ◇ {naval} a boat, ship ◇ navigate (a ship or aircraft), sail, fly ◇ {military} pontoon bridge on tied-together boats

导向導向 dǎoxiàng ◇ guide, lead, steer ◇ guiding, steering ◇ drift

向 向 xiàng ◇ to, towards, from, against, towards ◇ side with, favour, take sb's part, be partial to ◇ (have) always, all along (literary equivalent of xiànglái 向來/向来 "[have] always, all along") ◇ {archaic} Xiang (ancient state during the Zhōu 周 Dynasty [1100-256 BCE], in present Jǔ Xiàn 莒縣/莒县 "Ju County", Shāndōng 山東/山东 Province) ◇ Xiang (surname)

导演導演 dǎoyǎn ◇ direct (a film, etc.) ◇ director

演 演 yǎn ◇ develop, evolve ◇ deduce ◇ perform (like calculations), practice, drill ◇ performance ◇ act, perform ◇ damp, humid ◇ flowing along ◇ all the way (to a place)

导游導遊 dǎoyóu ◇ guide ◇ tour guide

导致導致 dǎozhì ◇ cause, lead to, bring about

致 致 zhì ◇ send, deliver (one's respects, regards, congratulations, etc.) ◇ concentrate, devote (one's attention, efforts, etc.) ◇ cause, result in ◇ as a result, consequently ◇ appeal, interest, attraction

岛屿島嶼 dǎoyǔ ◇ islands (collectively)

捣乱搗亂 dǎoluàn ◇ make trouble ◇ disturb, bother ◇ sabotage

到 到 dào ◇ (from...) to, up until, up to...; as of ◇ arrive, reach ◇ (preceding a location) (go) to, leave for ◇ successfully..., succeed in...(verbal suffix indicating success of the verb's action, as in kàndào 看到 "get to see, notice") ◇ thorough, thoughtful, consi-

derate ◇ Dao (surname)

到处到處 dào chù ◇ everywhere

处處 chù ◇ place, location ◇ department, office ◇ {measure word} (used for places, location of buildings, etc., e.g., liǎng chù fángzi 兩處房子/两处房子 "houses in two locations")

到达到達 dào dá ◇ arrive, reach, get to

达達 dá ◇ reach, extend to ◇ achieve, attain, amount to, reach/up to (a certain number), arrive at ◇ for as long as (a stated amount of time or distance) ◇ grasp completely, understand thoroughly ◇ express, communicate, convey ◇ distinguished, prominent, illustrious, eminent ◇ Da (surname)

到底到底 dào dǐ ◇ to the end ◇ after all, at (long) last, in the end ◇ (in questions, implies trying to get to the bottom of sth); (what/who/etc.) on earth

盗窃盜竊 dào qiè ◇ steal ◇ burglary, theft

稻谷稻穀 dào gǔ ◇ paddy, unhusked rice

道德道德 dào dé ◇ morality, ethics

道理道理 dào lǐ ◇ principle, basic truth ◇ reason, argument

道歉道歉 dào qiàn ◇ apologize

得得 de ◇ {grammar} (as structural particle between verb/adjective and a following complement) able to...; to the degree of...(used after certain verbs to indicate ability, possibility, or achievement to a certain degree, e.g., wǒ kàn de hěn qīngchū 我看得很清楚 "I could see it clearly")

不不 bù ◇ not ◇ no

偿償 cháng ◇ repay, pay back, compensate, redeem, make restitution, make up ◇ fulfil, satisfy, meet a demand/requirement

失失 shī ◇ lose (in contrast to dé 得 "obtain, get") ◇ miss, let slip, lose out ◇ fail to achieve one's objective ◇ mistake ◇ change (from the norm) ◇ break (like a promise), neglect (like one's duty), fail to do

得力得力 dé lì ◇ benefit from, profit from ◇ competent, capable, efficient

得天独厚 得天獨厚 dé tiān dú hòu ◇ enjoy exceptional advantages ◇ be in a favourable position

独獨 dú ◇ one, single ◇ by oneself, alone, solitary ◇ on one's own (esp. of Taiwan, short for dú lì 獨立/独立, "independence" or "become independent") ◇ only, just ◇ selfish, egoistic and intolerant ◇ unique ◇ old people without offspring ◇ the old and childless ◇ Du (surname)

厚厚 hòu ◇ (of a wall, book, etc.) thick, (of snow) deep; (of cloth/clothing) thick/heavy ◇ (of feelings) deep, profound ◇ kind, magnanimous ◇ (of profits, rewards, remunerations, a gift) large, substantial, generous, handsome ◇ (of flavour) rich or strong ◇ treat favourably, give sb preferential treatment, enrich, make better ◇ Hou (surname)

得意得意 dé yì ◇ be pleased with oneself ◇ complacent, self-satisfied

得罪得罪 dé zuì ◇ offend, give offense to, displease

的的 de ◇ {grammar} (as an attributive suffix) "of a certain quality" (like xīn de fángzi 新的房子 "a new house") ◇ (as a possessive suffix) "of" (like tā de zìxíngchē 他的自行車/他的自行车 "his bicycle") ◇ (as a noun-forming suffix) "the... ones" (like yǒu niánqīng de, yǒu lǎo de 有年輕的, 有老的/有年轻的, 有老的 "there were young ones and old ones")

灯燈 dēng ◇ lamp, lantern, light ◇ burner (as in Běنشēngdēng 本生燈/本生灯 "Bunsen burner") ◇ {colloquial, electrical} (vacuum) tube, (radio) valve

灯笼燈籠 dēnglong ◇ lantern

登机牌 登機牌 dēngjīpái ◇ boarding pass

登登 dēng ◇ climb, ascend, scale, mount ◇ publish, print (as in a newspaper) ◇ register, record, enter, be entered (as in a roll of honour) ◇ (of grain) ripen; ripe and ready to be taken to the threshing ground ◇ step, tread, pedal (with the foot) ◇ wear, put on (like shoes, pants, etc.) ◇ immediately, at once

机機 jī ◇ a machine, engine ◇ an aircraft, plane ◇ an opportunity, chance, occasion ◇ {chem, food} organic ◇ important business/affairs (like affairs of state) ◇ an intention, idea ◇ smart, clever

牌牌 pái ◇ board, card, plate,

sign, tablet, tally ◇ brand, trademark, make ◇ gambling articles (like playing cards, dominoes, mahjong pieces) ◇ {figurative} card (as in "trump card", "China card", "race card", etc.) ◇ a shield (as in dùnpái 盾牌) ◇ tune (in poems or plays)

登记登記 dēngjì ◇ register, enter (sb's name) in a register

记記 jì ◇ remember, recall (to mind) ◇ record (in writing), write down ◇ (a) note, record, account, chronicle (often used in book or essay titles) ◇ (a) mark, sign (used in the names of shops, restaurants, etc., after the name of the proprietor) ◇ birthmark ◇ {measure word, regional} (used for a hit [on the face], slap, punch, blow, etc.)

登录登録 dēnglù ◇ enter, register, record ◇ {IT} log in/on (more often, written 登陆/登陆)

录錄 lù ◇ record, write down ◇ record (audio, video) ◇ record, collection (like of quotations, reminiscences) ◇ take on, hire ◇ arrest ◇ sequence, order

登陆 登陆 dēnglù ◇ land, go on shore, hit/reach land, disembark; (of a typhoon/hurricane) strike land, make landfall ◇ (of a commodity) enter the market of an area or region ◇ {IT} log in/on; enter (a website) ◇ {TW usage} go to (or arrive in) mainland China

陆陸 lù ◇ land ◇ road, overland route ◇ Lu (surname)

蹬蹬 dēng ◇ press down with the foot ◇ step on, tread, pedal (with the feet), treadle ◇ juggle (with the feet) ◇ wear, put on (like shoes, pants, etc.)

等等 děng ◇ wait (for), await ◇ until, by the time when..., by the time that... ◇ {measure word} (used for grade, rank, class, degree) ◇ a (certain) kind, type, sort ◇ equal (to), similar ◇ {grammar} (plural suffix) ◇ and so on/forth/etc. ◇ {grammar} (used to indicate the end of an enumeration of items in a series)

等待等待 děngdài ◇ wait, await (an opportunity, etc.)

等候等候 děnghòu ◇ wait, await (instructions, orders, etc.)

等级等级 děngjí ◇ level ◇ grade, rank, class (of merchandise, etc.) ◇ social stratum

级級 jí ◇ grade, level, rank, class ◇ (of schools) year, grade, class, level ◇ (of

stairs) a step ◇ {academic} degree ◇ {measure word}...step(s)/stage(s)/storey(s) of... (used for steps [of stairs], stages [of rockets], storeys/levels [of towers], etc.)

等于等於 děngyú ◇ be equal to ◇ be equivalent to ◇ be tantamount to ◇ {math} ...is equal to... (when adding, subtracting, multiplying, dividing, etc., numbers)

瞪瞪 dèng ◇ open the eyes wide ◇ stare, glare, glower

低低 dī ◇ low (i.e. a small distance from the ground, in contrast to gāo 高 "high") ◇ below (the) average ◇ (of rank, grade, position, profile) low ◇ (let) droop, hang down, lower (like one's head)

堤坝堤壩 dībà ◇ dike, dam

堤隄 dī ◇ dyke, dam ◇ embankment (along a river, lake, etc.)

坝壩 bà ◇ dam, dike, embankment ◇ {dialect} sandbar, shoal ◇ (usu. in place names) plain, flatland

滴滴 dī ◇ (of water, sweat, etc.) drip (down) ◇ let drip, administer in drops (e.g., liquid medicine) ◇ {measure word}... drop(s) of... (used for drops of water or other liquid)

敌人敵人 dírén ◇ the enemy ◇ enemy, foe

敌敵 dí ◇ enemy, foe, adversary, rival, opponent ◇ have opposed interests, be opposed to, be of the enemy camp, inimical; oppose, stand up to, resist ◇ match, rival, be equal in strength/power ◇ be a match for

人人 rén ◇ person(s), human being(s), people, man ◇ somebody else, the others ◇ Ren (surname)

敌视敵視 dírshì ◇ be hostile to, regard as an enemy

的确的確 díquè ◇ indeed, truly, really

的的 de ◇ {grammar} (as an attributive suffix) "of a certain quality" (like xīn de fángzi 新的房子 "a new house") ◇ (as a possessive suffix) "of"

(like tā de zìxíngchē 他的自行車/他的自行車 "his bicycle") ◇ (as a noun-forming suffix) "the... ones" (like yǒu niánqīng de, yǒu lǎo de 有年輕的, 有老的/有年輕的, 有老的 "there were young ones and old ones")

确 確 què ◇ true, authentic, real ◇ solid, firm, reliable ◇ precise, literal, concrete

底 底 dǐ ◇ bottom (of a pot, well, the sea, etc.) ◇ real situation, the origin of sth, the whole story ◇ rough draft, concept draft ◇ foundation, base, background ◇ end of a year ◇ end of a month ◇ toward the end of a month or a year ◇ {math} (short for dǐshù 底數/底数) base number ◇ {written} end up in/with, come to... ◇ Di (surname)

抵达抵達 dǐdá ◇ arrive at, reach
抵 抵 dǐ ◇ {written} arrive at, reach ◇ support, prop up, maintain

◇ withstand, resist, keep out ◇ compensate for, make good/up for ◇ {financial} a mortgage ◇ set off (against), balance, counteract ◇ match, be equal to

抵抗抵抗 dǐkàng ◇ resist, oppose ◇ resistance, opposition

抵制抵制 dǐzhì ◇ resist, oppose, boycott

地 地 dì ◇ earth, ground, land, floor, soil, field(s), farmland ◇ place, locality, site, area ◇ situation, position ◇ background (of a painting, calligraphy, etc.) ◇ (following specification of distance) a distance of... (e.g., shí gōnglǐ dì 十公里地 "a distance of 10 km") ◇ (suffix, forming an adverb from an adjective, e.g., gāoxìng 高興/高兴 "happy" + dì 地 yields gāoxìngdì 高興地/高兴地 "happily"; in this function often pronounced "de")

地步地步 dìbù ◇ a situation, condition, state (mostly unfavourable) ◇ a degree, extent, point

地道地道 didao ◇ authentic; genuine (esp. used for special products from a particular place); idiomatic (English, etc.); pure; honest-to-goodness; typical

◇ (of work or materials) good, high quality

地点地點 dìdiǎn ◇ location, place, address

点 點 diǎn ◇ point, dot, spot, stain ◇ drop (of a liquid) ◇ {math} (decimal) point

◇ {measure word} a little (of sth), some, a bit of... ◇ {measure word} point (also used for counting abstract items like proposals, comments, reasons) ◇ incline one's head, nod ◇ drip, administer in drops ◇ stain, tarnish ◇ {agriculture} dibble, plant in holes ◇ hint, point out, indicate ◇ ignite, light, kindle ◇ adorn, embellish ◇ choose, order (like a dish)

◇ point, spot (location) ◇ selected spots (in contrast to miàn 面 "the whole area") ◇ metal bell or clapper to announce the hour; hour, o'clock ◇ {grammar} (a bit) more... (shortened form of 一点 used after an adjective, e.g., kuài diǎn 快點/快点 "faster") ◇ cakes, refreshments, snacks ◇ {printing} point (size of type, approx. 3.5 mm) ◇ point to ◇ touch lightly and very briefly ◇ {IT} click (=diǎnjī 點擊/点击)

地方地方 dìfang ◇ place, location ◇ space, room ◇ part, area, aspect

地理地理 dìlǐ ◇ geography ◇ geographical features ◇ geomancy

地球地球 dìqiú ◇ the earth, the globe

地区地區 dìqū ◇ area, district, region, zone, territory ◇ prefecture ◇ prefecture (a second-level administrative unit of the PRC, mostly replaced in the 1980s and 90s by dìjīshì 地级市 "prefecture-level cities")

区 區 qū ◇ area, region, district, zone ◇ department (as in a shop, department store, etc.) ◇ differentiate, distinguish

地势地勢 dìshì ◇ terrain, topography ◇ position and influence

势 勢 shì ◇ power, influence ◇ tendency, momentum ◇ physical appearance ◇ action, situation, circumstances ◇ sign, indication ◇ (political, military, etc.) situation

地毯地毯 dìtǎn ◇ rug, carpet

地铁地鐵 dìtiě ◇ subway, underground mass transit system (short for dìxià tiědào 地下鐵道/地下铁道) ◇ subway train

铁 鐵 tiě ◇ iron ◇ ironclad ◇ hard or strong as iron ◇ fast/tight (friends) ◇ Tie (surname)

地图地圖 dìtú ◇ a map

图 圖 tú ◇ picture, drawing, illustration, chart, map, diagram ◇ intention, plan, scheme; seek, covet, pursue ◇ law, standard ◇ TU (Soviet Tupolev aircraft-designator followed

by digits) ◇ Tu (surname)

地位地位 dìwèi ◇ status, standing ◇ position, place (of a person or thing)

地震地震 dìzhèn ◇ earthquake, seism

地址地址 dìzhǐ ◇ address

地质地质 dìzhì ◇ geology

弟弟弟弟 dìdì ◇ younger brother

第一第一 dì-yī ◇ first ◇ primary, most important

递 遞 dì ◇ hand over, transmit, deliver ◇ sequentially, in order, in succession ◇ {archaic} a post coach

递增遞增 dìzēng ◇ increase progressively

增 增 zēng ◇ add, increase

颠簸顛簸 diānbǒ ◇ jolt, joggle ◇ {aviation} turbulence

颠 顛 diān ◇ the top (of the head) ◇ the top, peak, summit (of a mountain) ◇ jolt, joggle, bump ◇ fall, topple, turn over ◇ run (about, off); be on the go (all the time) ◇ (used like diān 癲) mentally ill, insane

簸 簸 bǒ ◇ winnow, fan (away chaff, etc.) ◇ separate the chaff (from the grain by tossing it up and down) ◇ (of a ship) roll (in the waves)

颠倒顛倒 diāndǎo ◇ turn upside down, reverse, invert ◇ confused, in disorder

倒 倒 dào ◇ turn upside down, reverse, invert ◇ throw out, discard, dump ◇ upside down, inverted, reverse, backward ◇ move backward ◇ pour (a liquid), dump ◇ {grammar} nevertheless, on the contrary (expressing a result/outcome opposite of the expected); although...(indicating contrast); but, still (indicating concession); quickly...! (indicating impatience)

典礼典禮 diǎnlǐ ◇ ceremony, rite, ritual, celebration

典 典 diǎn ◇ {literature} canon, law; classic, standard (work of scholarship); literary allusion ◇ ceremony, rite, ritual, celebration ◇ be responsible for, be in charge of ◇ lease, mortgage, pawn (with real estate as security) ◇ Dian (surname)

礼 禮 lǐ ◇ rite, ceremony (like

wedding, funeral) ◇ courtesy, etiquette, protocol ◇ gift, present ◇ the Lǐjì 禮記/礼记 "Book of Rites" ◇ Li (surname)

典型典型 diǎnxíng ◇ typical ◇ classic/typical case ◇ typical or representative character (in literature or art)

点 點 diǎn ◇ point, dot, spot, stain ◇ drop (of a liquid) ◇ {math} (decimal) point ◇ {measure word} a little (of sth), some, a bit of... ◇ {measure word} point (also used for counting abstract items like proposals, comments, reasons) ◇ incline one's head, nod ◇ drip, administer in drops ◇ stain, tarnish ◇ {agriculture} dibble, plant in holes ◇ hint, point out, indicate ◇ ignite, light, kindle ◇ adorn, embellish ◇ choose, order (like a dish) ◇ point, spot (location) ◇ selected spots (in contrast to miàn 面 "the whole area") ◇ metal bell or clapper to announce the hour; hour, o'clock ◇ {grammar} (a bit) more... (shortened form of 一点 used after an adjective, e.g., kuài diǎn 快點/快点 "faster") ◇ cakes, refreshments, snacks ◇ {printing} point (size of type, approx. 3.5 mm) ◇ point to ◇ touch lightly and very briefly ◇ {IT} click (=diǎnjī 點擊/点击)

点心點心 diǎnxīn ◇ snacks, dim sum

心 心 xīn ◇ heart ◇ mind, feelings ◇ centre, middle, core ◇ {Chinese astronomy} Xin (one of the Èrshíbā Xiù 二十八宿 "28 Lunar Mansions of the Chinese zodiac") ◇ {physiology} heart (as one of the wǔzàng 五臟/五脏 "five vital organs")

点缀點綴 diǎnzhuì ◇ embellish, adorn, ornament ◇ embellishment

垫 墊 diàn ◇ raise, pad, level or separate sth with a prop, support, filling, another layer, etc. ◇ fill (like a vacancy, gap), insert ◇ advance sb money, pay for sb in advance ◇ a cushion, mat, pad ◇ settle, sink (of land)

奠定奠定 diàndìng ◇ settle, establish

惦记惦记 diànjì ◇ keep thinking

about, be concerned about

惦 惦 diàn ◇ keep thinking
about, be concerned about

电池電池 diànbí ◇ battery, cell
电 電 diàn ◇ electricity, (electric) power ◇ lightning ◇ receive an electric shock ◇ {IT} telegram, cable ◇ send a telegram/cable

池 池 chí ◇ pool, pond ◇ enclosed space with raised sides (like a flower bed, orchestra pit, etc.) ◇ front section of a theatre; orchestra ◇ moat ◇ Chi (surname)

电脑電腦 diànnǎo ◇ computer Ⅱ
(The formal mainland China word is diànzǐ jìsuànjī 電子計算機/电子计算机)
电视電視 diànshì ◇ television, TV

电台電臺 diàntái ◇ broadcasting station ◇ radio station

台 臺 tái ◇ platform, raised stand, stage, terrace, tower ◇ a stand, support ◇ broadcasting station ◇ table, desk, bench, counter ◇ station, service ◇ {measure word}... set(s) of..., ... -performance(s)/-show(s) (used for performances, parties, plays, dramas, certain machines and equipment such as scales, pumps, cranes, TV sets, motors, sewing machines, microscopes and similar apparatus) ◇ (short for Táiwān 台灣/台湾) Taiwan ◇ Tai (surname)

电梯電梯 diàntī ◇ elevator ◇ escalator

梯 梯 tī ◇ ladder ◇ steps, stairs ◇ terraced

电影電影 diànyǐng ◇ movie, motion picture

影 影 yǐng ◇ shadow, image ◇ trace, sign ◇ reflection ◇ photograph ◇ motion picture, movie ◇ video ◇ portrait of an ancestor ◇ shadow play ◇ hide, conceal ◇ sundial

电源電源 diànyuán ◇ power supply, power source

源 源 yuán ◇ source, fountainhead ◇ source, origin, cause ◇ Yuan (surname)

电子電子 diànzǐ ◇ electronic ◇ electron

邮件郵件 yóujiàn ◇ mail, postal item ◇ e-mail (short for diànzǐ yóujiàn 電子郵件/电子邮件) Ⅱ (M: gè 个/个 or fēng 封)

子 子 zǐ ◇ son, child ◇ person ◇ (of melons, etc.) seed ◇ (of fowl, fish) egg, roe ◇ sth small and hard (pebble, bead, etc.) ◇ sub(ordinate) ◇ (in Chinese chess) a chess piece ◇ {history} viscount (the fourth of the five ranks of nobility) ◇ {respectful address} master, sir; Master... (suffix added to the names of

ancient philosophers, such as Kǒngzǐ 孔子 "Confucius", Mèngzǐ 孟子 "Mencius") ◇ zi (first of the twelve Dìzhī 地支 "Earthly Branches") ◇ zi (11:00 p.m. to 1:00 a.m.; one of the twelve two-hour periods in a day) ◇ Zi (surname)
邮 郵 yóu ◇ mail, post ◇ fault, error ◇ hold a grudge, blame ◇ You (surname)
件 件 jiàn ◇ {measure word}... piece(s) of..., item (used for clothing items, pieces of luggage, implements, utensils, matters, law cases, incidents, etc.) ◇ letter, document, piece of correspondence ◇ case (of bundled goods, such as soft drinks) ◇ {pottery/porcelain manufacturing} (standard measure for clay, used for measuring the size of vases)

叼 叼 diāo ◇ hold in the mouth (like a cigarette) ◇ (of birds) carry with the beak

雕刻雕刻 diāokè ◇ carve, engrave
雕塑雕塑 diāosù ◇ sculpture

吊 弔 diào ◇ condole, mourn ◇ pay a visit to inquire after a person's health ◇ {history} one thousand cash (a monetary unit of 1,000 qián 錢/钱 "cash" used in ancient China)

掉 掉 diào ◇ fall, drop, fall off ◇ drop, decrease, decline ◇ shed, lose ◇ fall/lag behind ◇ lose, be left out ◇ be missing ◇ reduce, decrease, cut, lower ◇ wave, shake, swing, sway, wag (tongue) ◇ turn around, turn back ◇ turn, change, exchange, swap ◇ (preceded by a verb) ...off, ...away (resultative ending used after certain verbs to indicate removal, departure, or vanishing)

调查調查 diàochá ◇ investigate, fact-find, look/probe into, study, survey; inquiry (like judicial)

调 調 diào ◇ melody, tune, air ◇ accent, intonation, tone ◇ view, argument, tone (of sb's words) ◇ {music} key ◇ shift, transfer, move ◇ investigate

查 查 chá ◇ check, examine, inspect ◇ investigate, look into ◇ consult (a dictionary, etc.), look up (e.g., a word in a dictionary)

调动調動 diàodòng ◇ transfer,

shift, change ◇ mobilize, bring into play

钓 釣 diào ◇ fish, angle (with a hook and a line) ◇ {figurative} fish for, angle for, hunt for, seek, be after (fame and fortune) ◇ a fishhook ◇ Diao (surname)

跌 跌 diē ◇ stumble, lose one's footing, trip over ◇ fall, tumble (down) ◇ (of prices, water level, etc.) fall, drop ◇ pass, overtake ◇ surpass, exceed ◇ differ, err, commit an error, make a mistake ◇ hurt one's foot ◇ the sole (of the foot)

丁 丁 dīng ◇ a man, male adult ◇ family member; population ◇ (as a suffix, denoting a person with a specific occupation) -worker (as in yuándīng 園丁/园丁 "gardener") ◇ ding (the 4th of the 10 Tiāngān 天干 "Celestial Stems") ◇ 4th (in a series) ◇ {food/cuisine} diced or cubed pieces of meat or vegetables ◇ {written} meet, encounter ◇ Ding (surname)

叮嘱叮嘱 dīngzhǔ ◇ urge over and over again, repeatedly enjoin
叮 叮 dīng ◇ a sting, bite (like of an insect) ◇ ask again to make sure, question closely ◇ {onom} jingle, tinkle
嘱 嘱 zhǔ ◇ instruct, enjoin, bid ◇ entrust (sb with a task)

盯 盯 dīng ◇ stare at, gaze at, fix one's eyes on

顶 頂 dǐng ◇ top, peak, crest ◇ crown (of the head) ◇ carry on the head ◇ push up against, push from below upward or from behind forward ◇ go against ◇ prop up, block (like a door) ◇ very, most, extremely ◇ cope with, stand up to, be equal to ◇ substitute, take sb's place, replace ◇ sub-lease (like an apartment) ◇ {measure word} (used for things on top or covering sth, like hats, caps, helmets, etc.) ◇ {Internet} support; agree with (sb)

◇ {regional} at the time specified

定期定期 dìngqī ◇ set a date, fix a time ◇ regular, periodic, fixed ◇ regularly, at regular intervals, routinely
定义定義 dìngyì ◇ definition ◇ define (e.g., a term)

定 定 dìng ◇ set (a date or deadline) ◇ decide, fix, determine, stipulate, establish ◇ settle, calm down; calm, stable, still ◇ (used like dìng 訂/订) order, subscribe to, book ◇ {written} definite(ly), sure(ly), certain(ly) ◇ Ding (surname)

义 義 yì ◇ righteousness, justice ◇ righteous, just ◇ friendship, relationship ◇ adopted, adoptive ◇ false (teeth, hair, etc.); prosthetic (limb, etc.) ◇ meaning, sense, significance ◇ Italy ◇ Yi (surname)

丢 丢 diū ◇ lose, misplace ◇ have (sth) stolen ◇ throw away ◇ discard ◇ put aside, not use ◇ {colloquial} (of a person, child, etc. that went missing) have disappeared, gotten lost
丢人丢人 diūrén ◇ lose face, be disgraced ◇ shame
丢三落四 丢三落四 diūsānlàsì ◇ "put aside three and drop four"—forgetful, absentminded ◇ always losing or forgetting sth ◇ scatterbrain

东 東 dōng ◇ east ◇ owner, master ◇ host ◇ Dong (surname)
东道主 東道主 dōngdàozhǔ ◇ the host ◇ the one who treats sb to a meal

道主 道主 dàozhǔ ◇ Taoist priest
东西東西 dōngxī ◇ thing ◇ creature (used to express dislike of a person or thing)

西 西 xī ◇ west; western, occidental; the West, the Occident ◇ {phonetic} (Xī) (short for Xībānyá 西班牙) Spain; Spanish ◇ Xi (surname)

东张西望 東張西望 dōngzhāngxīwàng ◇ "look east and west"—look in all directions
西望 西望 xīwàng ◇ gazing westwards

冬 冬 dōng ◇ winter ◇ Dong (surname)

懂 懂 dǒng ◇ know, understand
(like a language, what has been said,
etc.) ◇ comprehend

董事长 董事長 dǒngshìzhǎng
◇ chairman of the board (of direc-
tors) ◇ president (of a company)

董事董事 dǒngshì ◇ trustee, di-
rector

长 長 cháng ◇ long; length ◇ (one's)
strong point(s), forte ◇ be good at sth, be
strong in sth ◇ surplus, spare, extra (in this
meaning, formerly pronounced zhàng)

冻 凍 dòng ◇ freeze ◇ congeal,
jelly ◇ be cold, be benumbed (with
cold), be chilled (to the bone) ◇ Dong
(surname)

冻结凍結 dòngjié ◇ freeze (lite-
rally or figuratively, like assets)

动荡動蕩 dòngdàng ◇ turbulence,
unrest

动画片 動畫片 dònghuàpiàn
◇ animated cartoon

动画動畫 dònghuà ◇ animated
cartoon ◇ animation

片 片 piàn ◇ (flat and thin) piece
(of sth), slice, flake ◇ movie, film ◇ sub-
area/sub-section of a larger place ◇ cut into sli-
ces, slice (mostly meat) ◇ fragment; fragmen-
tary, partial, brief, incomplete ◇ {measure
word}... slice(s) of...,... stretch(es) of...,... fee-
ling(s) of...(used for a flat piece of sth, like a
tablet of medicine, a slice of bread; a section of
land, water; for scenery, prevailing mood,
sound, language, feeling, etc.)

动机動機 dòngjī ◇ motive, intention

动静動靜 dòngjìng ◇ the sound
or indication of sth moving or of voices
◇ movement, happenings, activities

动力動力 dònglì ◇ power, motive
power ◇ driving/motivating force, im-
petus, motive force, incentive, (motive)
power ◇ {physics} vector

动 動 dòng ◇ move, budge ◇
get moving, move into action, stir, act
◇ touch, displace, alter the posi-
tion/shape of ◇ motion, movement (in
contrast to jìng 靜/静 "still, calm") ◇
alter, change, modify ◇ use, put into
use, make use of ◇ touch, move, sway,
stir up, excite, arouse (like feelings) ◇
consume (food or drink) (mostly used
with the negative) ◇ frequently, often,

at every turn, easily

力 力 lì ◇ force, power, strength,
ability ◇ physical strength ◇ do with all one's
might ◇ contribution, service ◇ conscripted la-
borer ◇ Li (surname)

动脉動脈 dòngmài ◇ artery

动身動身 dòngshēn ◇ leave, set
out on a journey

身 身 shēn ◇ (one's) body/life/per-
son/character; oneself ◇ the frame, body (as of
a car) ◇ {measure word}... suit(s) of... (used
for suits of clothing) ◇ all one's life, one's life-
time

动手動手 dòngshǒu ◇ act ◇ start
to work, begin to work ◇ hit ◇ strike
◇ touch with one's own hand

手 手 shǒu ◇ hand ◇ personally,
with one's own hands ◇ person engaged in a
certain task; person with a particular skill ◇
{measure word} (used for skill, dexterity, etc.)

动态動態 dòngtài ◇ tendency,
trend, development ◇ {IT} dynamic
state ◇ dynamic

动物動物 dòngwù ◇ animal

物 物 wù ◇ thing, matter, object
◇ people or things other than oneself

动员動員 dòngyuán ◇ mobilize,
rally, arouse

动作動作 dòngzuò ◇ action, mo-
vement ◇ move, act ◇ {TW usage} ac-
tion taken to achieve a goal

作 作 zuò ◇ do, make, work ◇ rise,
grow ◇ be, become, serve as, act as ◇ engage
(in an activity) ◇ compose, write; the writings,
works ◇ feign, pretend ◇ consider to be, re-
gard as ◇ feel

栋 棟 dòng ◇ {construction,
written} ridgepole ◇ {figurative} pil-
lar, mainstay (of society, etc.) ◇ {mea-
sure word} (used for houses/buildings)

洞 洞 dòng ◇ hole, cavity, cave
◇ deep valley, canyon ◇ hollow, void
◇ {written} (used like dòng 洞) go
through, arrive, reach, pierce, penetrate
◇ (of water, liquids) flow (down) ra-
pidly, gush out ◇ {med} diarrhoea ◇
thorough(ly), penetrating(ly), clear(ly),
deep(ly) ◇ (when saying digits over
the phone) "zero" (used like líng 零/〇
"zero")

兜 兜 dōu ◇ pocket (in clo-

thing) ◇ (small) bag ◇ wrap up in a piece of cloth, wrap up or hold as in a bag, etc. ◇ go in a circle, make a detour ◇ {military} surround, encircle, besiege ◇ solicit, canvass ◇ have doubts about ◇ take upon oneself, assume responsibility for ◇ disclose the whole inside story, disclose all the details of the matter ◇ facing, confronting ◇ (used like dǒu 筍) wicker/cane/bamboo basket; bamboo sedan chair (for one person carried on two poles by two men)

都 都 dōu ◇ all, both, every, in every case ◇ (when preceding shì 是, indicates the cause of sth that happened) it's all because of... ◇ (following a stressed subject, or in the pattern lián 連/连 ... dōu 都 ...) even..., already... (as in Dōu shíyī diǎn le! 都十一點了/都十一点了! "It's eleven o'clock already!") ◇ (used in a question with an interrogative pronoun to ask for a plural answer, e.g., Nǐ dōu mǎi shénme le 你都買甚麼了/你都买什么了? "What things did you buy?")

陡峭陡峭 dǒuqiào ◇ steep, precipitous

斗争鬥爭 dòuzhēng ◇ struggle, fight, combat

豆腐豆腐 dòufu ◇ bean curd, tofu

逗 逗 dòu ◇ stay, stop over, sojourn ◇ tease, play with ◇ attract, entice ◇ {regionalism} funny, amusing ◇ (used for dòu 讀/读) short pause during reading a sentence

督促督促 dūcù ◇ supervise and urge on (or speed up)

毒品毒品 dúpǐn ◇ narcotics ◇ (illegal) drugs

独裁獨裁 dúcái ◇ rule as a dictatorship ◇ dictatorship
独 獨 dú ◇ one, single ◇ by

oneself, alone, solitary ◇ on one's own (esp. of Taiwan, short for dúlì 獨立/独立, "independence" or "become independent") ◇ only, just ◇ selfish, egoistic and intolerant ◇ unique ◇ old people without offspring ◇ the old and childless ◇ Du (surname)

裁 裁 cái ◇ cut out (like paper, cloth) ◇ cut (down), decrease, reduce (like staff, armaments) ◇ (in art, literature) approach, style ◇ decide, judge ◇ control, check, sanction ◇ {archaic} commit suicide by slitting one's throat

独立獨立 dúlì ◇ (of a country or regime) be/become independent; achieve/win independence ◇ (political, etc.) independence ◇ on one's own, independently ◇ independent, separate, distinct ◇ (of a person) be on one's own (and not depend on others) ◇ (of an organization) become independent (from the original unit), split off ◇ {written} stand alone ◇ {classical} outstanding, preeminent

立 立 lì ◇ stand ◇ stand up, set up ◇ erect, vertical ◇ establish ◇ Li (surname)

独特獨特 dú tè ◇ unique, special, distinctive (style, viewpoint, etc.)

特 特 tè ◇ special, particular, exceptional ◇ specially ◇ {colloquial, regional} very (much), really; especially ◇ {written} only, but ◇ Te (surname)

读 讀 dú ◇ read aloud ◇ read ◇ study (a subject in school), attend (school)

堵车堵車 dǔchē ◇ traffic is jammed, there is a traffic jam

堵 堵 dǔ ◇ stop up, block up, plug up ◇ be stifled, feel suffocated ◇ {figurative} feel oppressed ◇ {written} a wall ◇ {measure word} (used for walls) ◇ {regional} keep off, ward off ◇ (of traffic) congested ◇ Du (surname)

车 車 chē ◇ vehicle, car ◇ implement or machine containing rotating elements (like a spinning wheel, water wheel, windmill) ◇ machine, turn on a lathe ◇ draw/lift water with a water wheel ◇ {dialect} carry (away) in a vehicle ◇ {dialect} sew sth on a sewing machine ◇ turn (one's body) ◇ Che (surname)
堵塞堵塞 dǔsè ◇ stop up, block up,

plug up ◇ (traffic) congestion

赌博 賭博 dǔbó ◇ gamble ◇ gambling

賭 賭 dǔ ◇ gamble ◇ bet, wager

博 博 bó ◇ abundant, plentiful, ample, rich ◇ (of garments) wide, big, loose ◇ knowledgeable, well-informed, learned, erudite ◇ win, achieve, gain; gamble ◇ barter, exchange ◇ great, grand ◇ Bo (surname)

度过 度過 dùguò ◇ pass (time, life-period) ◇ pass through, make it through (e.g., a critical point, a difficulty, etc.)

度 度 dù ◇ {unit of measure} degree (like of temperature, angle, latitude) ◇ kilowatt-hour ◇ (a certain) degree/extent ◇ {measure word} ...

times (used for the number of times an action is repeated, occasions, occurrences) ◇ standard, rule, criterion ◇ bound, limit ◇ magnanimity, tolerance, open-mindedness; bearing, attitude ◇ consider, think of ◇ spend, pass (time) ◇ {Buddhism, Taoism} convert ◇ Du (surname)

过 過 guò ◇ go past, pass (by), go through, cross ◇ exceed, go beyond ◇ mistake ◇ blame or criticize sb for a mistake ◇ transfer (like money), adopt (like a child) ◇ read, go over, recall, call to mind ◇ {written} visit, stop by ◇ {regional} pass away, die ◇ {grammar} outperform, or fail (following dé 得 or bù 不 after a verb) ◇ {chem} per-, super- ◇ {regional} be contagious, infect ◇ Guo (surname)

杜绝 杜絕 dùjué ◇ cease, stop, block, put an end to

杜 杜 dù ◇ block, forestall, prevent, stop ◇ {bot} Birchleaf Pear, *Pyrus betulaefolia* (the tree and its fruit) ◇ Du (ancient state in present Xi'an 西安, Shǎnxī 陝西/陝西 Province) ◇ Du (surname)

绝 絕 jué ◇ cut off, sever, break off (relations, etc.) ◇ depleted, exhausted, used up ◇ no way out, hopeless ◇ unique, peerless ◇ extremely ◇ absolutely (when preceding a negative)

肚子 肚子 dùzi ◇ belly, abdomen

端 端 duān ◇ end, tip (of an object) ◇ extremity ◇ beginning, start,

foundation, source (of a matter, affair)

◇ cause, occasion, reason, pretext ◇

item, point, aspect ◇ proper, upright

◇ hold or carry sth level with both

hands (like a tray) ◇ Duan (surname)

端午节 端午節 duānwǔjié

◇ the Dragon Boat Festival (held on the fifth day of the fifth lunisolar month)

端午 端午 Duānwǔ ◇ the fifth day of the fifth lunisolar month, the Dragon Boat Festival ◇ the fifth day of the first lunisolar month

节 節 jié ◇ festival, holiday ◇

knot, joint ◇ {measure word}... section(s) of... (used for sections, lengths of sth, periods, paragraphs, etc.) ◇ moral integrity, chastity ◇ abridge, shorten ◇ economize, save, restrain, exercise restraint ◇ economical, frugal ◇ item, issue ◇ {unit of measure} knot (sea speed) ◇ Jie (surname)

端正 端正 duānzhèng ◇ regular (like features), straight, upright ◇ correct, upright, proper ◇ correct (one's attitude, etc.)

短 短 duǎn ◇ short, brief (of distance or time, in contrast to cháng

長/长 "long") ◇ shorten, make short ◇

be insufficient, be inferior/second to,

compare unfavourably with, be/fall

short of, lack, owe ◇ fault, deficiency,

weak point, shortcoming, mistake ◇

disfigurement, deformity, disability ◇

{written} lose one's younger brother

through death; die at young age

短促 短促 duǎncù ◇ short, brief

(of time)

短信 短信 duǎnxìn ◇ short letter,

brief note ◇ {IT} text message (on a

cell phone) ◇ text messaging (short for

duǎnxìnxī fúwù 短信息服务/短信息服务)

断 斷 duàn ◇ break, interrupt ◇ cut up (into smaller sections), cut off,

sever ◇ abstain from, stop, quit (like

smoking) ◇ section, paragraph, (text)

passage ◇ judge, decide ◇ absolutely,

definitely (often followed by a negative,

as in duàn wú... 斷無/断无... "absolutely not...")

断定 斷定 duàndìng ◇ decide, jud-

ge, conclude

定 定 dìng ◇ set (a date or deadline)
◇ decide, fix, determine, stipulate, establish ◇
settle, calm down; calm, stable, still ◇ (used
like dìng 訂/订) order, subscribe to, book ◇
{written} definite(ly), sure(ly), certain(ly) ◇
Ding (surname)

断绝斷絕 duànjué ◇ cut off, sever

段 段 duàn ◇ {measure word}...
section(s)/passage(s)/piece(s) (of)...
(used for things that can be divided into
sections, pieces, parts, time intervals,
etc.) ◇ rank/level (in competitive games)
◇ {admin} section (as in a factory or mine)
◇ Duan (surname)
锻炼鍛煉 duànliàn ◇ (do) exercise,
work out, do/have physical training
◇ toughen, make stronger through
trials ◇ forge and smelt ◇ temper,
steel, toughen (oneself)

堆 堆 duī ◇ pile up, heap up,
stack ◇ a pile, heap, stack ◇ {measure
word}...
stack(s)/pile(s)/heap(s)/crowd(s)/pack(s)
of... (used for things in heaps, piles,
crowds, etc.) ◇ -duì (used in place
names, e.g., Shuāngduījī 雙堆集/双堆
集 in Ānhuī 安徽 Province)
堆积堆積 duījī ◇ pile up, heap up,
accumulate ◇ {geosciences} accumulation

积 積 jī ◇ accumulate, gather, store
up, amass ◇ long-standing, long-pending, accumulated,
deep-rooted ◇ {Chinese med} indigestion ◇
{math} product (of multiplication)

兑换兌換 duìhuàn ◇ exchange,
change, convert (currency)
兑现兌現 duìxiàn ◇ make good
on, honour, fulfill, carry out (a promise,
etc.) ◇ cash (a check)

对 對 duì ◇ toward, to, facing,
regarding ◇ be directed at, confront,
treat, cope with ◇ opposite ◇ couple,
pair (usually a man and a woman) ◇
{measure word}... pair(s) of... (used for
things that come in pairs, like shoes, or
for abstract dualities, as in yī duì
máodùn 一對矛盾/一对矛盾 "a contra-

diction") ◇ agree, fit ◇ compare, identify,
check ◇ set, adjust, synchronize (like
clocks) ◇ pair up, fit together, coordinate
◇ correct, right ◇ adulterate, mix with,
add, dilute (like wine with water) ◇ split
in half (like profit) ◇ {literature, poetry}
couplet

对比對比 duìbǐ ◇ compare, contrast
◇ ratio ◇ {geosciences} correlation

比 比 bǐ ◇ compare ◇ than ◇ to
(in a score, e.g., sān bǐ èr 三比二 "3 to 2")
◇ emulate, compete, match ◇ gesture, gesticulate
◇ ratio, proportion ◇ draw an analogy (with),
liken (to), compare ◇ copy, model after ◇
{regional} aim at, direct towards ◇ {classical}
close to, next to ◇ {classical} cling to, collude
with ◇ {classical} recently

对不起 對不起 duìbuqǐ ◇ {formal} excuse
me, I'm sorry, pardon me ◇ disappoint, do
a disservice to ◇ let (sb) down

不起 不起 bùqǐ ◇ cannot afford to (as
verbal complement negating action of preceding
verb)

对策對策 duìcè ◇ countermeasure, countermove
◇ {math} game

策 策 cè ◇ scheme, strategy, plan
◇ strips of bamboo or wood (as writing medium)
◇ {history, admin} essay on political or economic
matters (as part of the imperial exam) ◇
{written} plan, engineer, arrange ◇ horse whip,
riding crop ◇ whip (a horse on with a riding
crop), urge on ◇ {written} crutch(es) ◇ Ce
(surname)

对称對稱 duìchèn ◇ be symmetrical
◇ symmetry

对待對待 duìdài ◇ treat, deal with, handle

待 待 dài ◇ wait (for), await ◇ need,
require ◇ be about to, going to, planning to
◇ treat, deal with ◇ host, entertain (guests)
◇ when, by the time...

对方對方 duìfāng ◇ the opposite side,
the other party

方 方 fāng ◇ square (in shape) ◇ direction
◇ upright, honest ◇ side, party ◇ direction,
place, locality, region ◇ method, way, means
◇ {pharma, Chinese med} prescription, recipe
◇ (as an adverb, same meaning as cái 纔/才)
only, just at that time, then ◇ just (now)
◇ {measure} (short for píngfāng 平方 "square
metre", or for lìfāng 立方 "cubic metre")...
square metre(s),... cubic metre(s) (used for
area or volume) ◇ {math} power (of) ◇ Fang
(surname)

对付對付 duìfu ◇ deal with (sth or sb),
cope with, manage, handle, tackle,

counter, control ◇ make do, make the best of, put up with ◇ {dialect} get along well (mostly used in the negative)

付 付 fù ◇ give, hand over, turn over, deliver, commit ◇ pay ◇ {measure word} (used like fù 副)... set(s) of...,... pair(s) of... (used for things in pairs like spectacles, or things in sets) ◇ a (certain) look/expression (used to indicate a certain facial expression) ◇ Fu (surname)

对话對話 duìhuà ◇ dialogue ◇ have a dialogue (with sb), carry on a dialogue

对抗對抗 duìkàng ◇ oppose, counter, resist ◇ antagonism, confrontation

抗 抗 kàng ◇ resist, fight ◇ refuse, oppose ◇ Kang (surname)

对立對立 duìlì ◇ oppose, be antagonistic to ◇ confrontation

对联對聯 duìlián ◇ {poetry} antithetical couplet (mostly mounted as a scroll)

对面對面 duìmiàn ◇ opposite side; across from, opposite ◇ directly ahead; from the opposite direction ◇ (talk, sit, etc.) face to face, in person

对手對手 duìshǒu ◇ opponent, adversary ◇ a match, an equal

对象對象 duìxiàng ◇ object, target ◇ loved one, boyfriend, girlfriend ◇ {math} object

象 象 xiàng ◇ elephant ◇ elephant's tusk, ivory ◇ imitate ◇ appearance, image ◇ sign, indication ◇ symbolize ◇ phenomenon, manifestation ◇ {Chinese chess} Ministers/War Elephants, Elephants (on the black side) ◇ xiang (dance) ◇ Xiang (surname)

对应對應 duìyìng ◇ correspond, be equivalent, be parallel, be a counterpart; match, map (one thing to another) ◇ corresponding; parallel; homologous

对于對於 duìyú ◇ in regard to, to, toward, at, for

于 於 yú ◇ in, at on (time or place) ◇ towards, to, for ◇ than (comparative) ◇ by (passive voice)

对照對照 duìzhào ◇ compare (with), contrast (with)

照 照 zhào ◇ shine, illuminate ◇ to, towards, in the direction of ◇ reflect (in a mirror) ◇ take a picture, film ◇ picture, photo ◇ certificate, license, permit ◇ look after, take

care of, attend to ◇ notify, give notice ◇ contrast ◇ know, understand ◇ according to, in light of ◇ (before a one-syllable verb, and often in the pattern "zhào Verb bù wù" 照 Verb 不誤/照 Verb 不誤) in spite of it, just the same, still continue to..

队伍隊伍 duìwǔ ◇ troops, army ◇ ranks, line, procession ◇ {figurative} ranks, contingent, force, staff, team (e.g., of police, teachers, researchers, athletes, administrators)

队 隊 duì ◇ line-up (of people), queue ◇ {sports} team ◇ {music} band; orchestra ◇ {military} troop, column of soldiers ◇ {measure word}... column(s) of...(used for troops, and groups of people lined up in rows)

伍 伍 wǔ ◇ five (the number "wu" so written to prevent alteration, forgery, etc.) ◇ company, associates ◇ unit of five men (the smallest military unit) ◇ Wu (surname)

吨 噸 dūn ◇ {unit of measure} ton (t); tonne (t) (as a metric tonne, usually gōngdūn 公噸/公吨)

蹲 蹲 dūn ◇ squat (on one's heels) ◇ be idle, stay (in one place), idle/hang about

顿 頓 dùn ◇ pause, stop temporarily ◇ handle, arrange, manage ◇ {measure word} with a frequency of... (used for the number of occurrences of certain actions, number of meals, times scolded, etc.) ◇ {calligraphy} pause in writing to reinforce the stroke begin/ending ◇ {formal/humble} bow, kowtow (as in the polite closing formula of a letter dùnshǒu 頓首/顿首 "I bow my head" or "Yours humbly") ◇ stamp one's feet (like from grief, as used in dùnzú-chuíxiōng 頓足捶胸/顿足捶胸 "stamp one's feet and hammer one's breast [in grief]") ◇ suddenly; immediately ◇ tired, fatigued ◇ Dun (surname)

顿时頓時 dùnshí ◇ at once, immediately

哆嗦哆嗦 duōsuo ◇ shiver,

tremble, shake

多 多 duō ◇ many, much; more, further; in excess, extra, exceeding (the intended/normal/original number or amount) ◇ a lot, ample ◇ (following a numeral) more than..., over (the number/amount stated) ◇ far more, much more ◇ mostly, for the most part ◇ (in questions asking about number, size, etc.) how (much, big, etc.)? ◇ (in exclamations) how...! ◇ Duo (surname)

多亏多虧 duōkuī ◇ luckily, fortunately ◇ (it) is due to/owing to/thanks to

亏 虧 kuī ◇ lose (money, etc.), have a deficit ◇ be deficient, be short of, lack ◇ treat unfairly ◇ luckily, fortunately, thanks to ◇ (used to scold sb when the speaker thinks the person's words or behaviour are unexpectedly incompatible with his/her qualifications, status, etc.) some (expert you are), what kind of (man are you), have the nerve to (say that, ask such a question, come up with such an idea) ◇ (of the moon) wane

多么多麼 duōme ◇ How... ! (before adjectives, modal verbs)

么 麼 me ◇ (a suffix, as in shénme 甚麼/什么 "what?")

多少多少 duōshao ◇ how many; how much ◇ (phrase used to indicate a great or infinite amount; phrase used in the negative to indicate a small amount; phrase used in exclamatory

sentences) ◇ (in the pronunciation "duōshǎo") number, amount ◇ more or less

多余多餘 duōyú ◇ surplus, superfluous, unnecessary

多元化 多元化 duōyuánhua ◇ diversified, multi-faceted; diverse, varied; pluralistic ◇ diversification; diversity; pluralism ◇ multi-

朵朵 duǒ ◇ {measure word} (used for flowers, clouds, etc.) ◇ hang down (from a tree) ◇ flower, bud, blossom; cluster of blossoms hanging from a tree branch/twig ◇ move, take, pull ◇ Duo (surname)

躲藏躲藏 duǒcáng ◇ hide, go into hiding

堕落墮落 duòluò ◇ degenerate, sink low, go downhill

堕 墮 duò ◇ fall, sink, drop ◇ {figurative} sink low, degenerate

落 落 luò ◇ fall, drop ◇ (of the sun) set, sink ◇ (of an airplane) descend, land ◇ (of a chess piece) put down, set down ◇ decline, deteriorate ◇ fall/lag behind, fail ◇ stay (behind), remain ◇ settlement, community ◇ belong to, rest with, fall onto ◇ (sb's) whereabouts ◇ get, receive ◇ write/put down

E

额外額外 éwài ◇ extra, additional, over the allocated amount

额 額 é ◇ forehead ◇ (inscribed) tablet/board ◇ specific number, fixed amount

外 外 wài ◇ outside, foreign ◇ except for, other than (often preceded by a phrase with chú 除.....) ◇ unofficial (like history)

恶化惡化 èhuà ◇ worsen, deteriorate ◇ deterioration (of sb's health, etc.)

恶 惡 è ◇ evil, wickedness, guilt ◇ vicious, fierce, ferocious, bad
化 化 huà ◇ change, transform; be changed/transformed ◇ enlighten, civilize (like through the moral influence of the emperor) ◇ influence, persuade, convert ◇ melt, thaw, dissolve ◇ digest ◇ remove, eliminate ◇ burn (up), incinerate ◇ (short for huàxué 化學/化学) chemistry ◇ (of monks, priests) die, pass away ◇ (as a suffix) -ize, -ization (like xiàndài 現代/现代 "modern" becomes xiàndàihuà 現代化/现代化 "modernize; modernization") ◇ {religion} (of Buddhist monks, Taoist priests) beg for alms ◇ Hua (surname)

恶劣惡劣 èliè ◇ bad, nasty, vile ◇ inferior, of poor quality ◇ bad, harsh (weather, environment)

劣 劣 liè ◇ poor, inferior, of low quality (in contrast to yōu 優/优 "excellent, superior") ◇ evil, bad

恶心噁心 ǎxīn ◇ feel nauseated/queasy, feel like vomiting ◇ be disgusting/gross/repugnant ◇ {regional} lousy, terrible, rotten ◇ {regional} show up, embarrass, humiliate

恶 惡 è ◇ evil, wickedness, guilt ◇ vicious, fierce, ferocious, bad
心 心 xīn ◇ heart ◇ mind, feelings ◇ centre, middle, core ◇ {Chinese astronomy} Xīn (one of the Èrshíbā Xiù 二十八宿 "28 Lunar Mansions of the Chinese zodiac") ◇ {physiology} heart (as one of the wǔzàng 五臟/五脏 "five vital organs")

遏制遏制 èzhì ◇ check, contain, control, curb, restrain, hold in check, suppress, counteract

饿 餓 è ◇ be hungry (in contrast to bǎo 飽/饱 "satiated") ◇ starve (esp. of animals)

嗯 嗯 ng ◇ {interjection} question particle (what?)

恩怨恩怨 ēnyuàn ◇ gratitude and grudges (respectively) ◇ grievance, resentment ◇ old scores

儿童兒童 értóng ◇ child, children

儿 兒 ér ◇ child, baby, son (written as "r" when used as a suffix, indicates smallness [e.g., mào 帽兒/帽儿 "hat"]; after a verb/adjective turns it into a noun [e.g., chīr 吃兒/吃儿 "edibles, food"]; added to a concrete noun turns it into an abstract noun [e.g., ménr 門兒/门儿 "work"]; added to a noun to change its original meaning [e.g., báimiànr 白麵兒/白面儿 means "heroin", while báimiàn 白麵/白面 means "white flour"]; used as suffix to certain verbs [e.g., wánr 玩兒/玩儿 "play"])

童 童 tóng ◇ child ◇ virgin ◇ bald, bare ◇ hornless bull or ram ◇ benighted ◇ Tong (surname)

儿子兒子 érzi ◇ son

子 子 zǐ ◇ son, child ◇ person ◇ (of melons, etc.) seed ◇ (of fowl, fish) egg, roe ◇ sth small and hard (pebble, bead, etc.) ◇ sub(ordinate) ◇ (in Chinese chess) a chess piece ◇ {history} viscount (the fourth of the five ranks of nobility) ◇ {respectful address} master, sir; Master... (suffix added to the names of ancient philosophers, such as Kǒngzǐ 孔子 "Confucius", Mèngzǐ 孟子 "Mencius") ◇ zi (first of the twelve Dìzhī 地支 "Earthly Branches") ◇ zi (11:00 p.m. to 1:00 a.m.; one of the twelve two-hour periods in a day) ◇ Zi (surname)

而 而 ér ◇ (joining two adjectives)...and... ◇ (indicating a sequence or consequence)... and thus..., therefore ◇ (indicating a contrast)...but... ◇ (indicating a transition)...to... ◇ (indicating sth happens at a certain time) at..., when... ◇ (indicating sth happens under a certain condition) if...

而且而且 érqiě ◇ moreover ◇ but also, in addition

而已而已 éryǐ ◇ and that is all, and nothing more, merely, only

耳朵耳朵 ěrduo ◇ ear

耳环耳環 ěrhuán ◇ earring

耳 耳 ěr ◇ ear ◇ {pottery,

bronze} loop-handles (on both sides of a vessel, tripod, etc.) ◇ ear-like on both sides, flanking ◇ {written} only, just ◇ Er (surname)

环 環 huán ◇ ring, ring-shaped object, loop, hoop ◇ link, connection ◇ surround, encircle ◇ {archery} ring or point (on a target) ◇ {chem} cyclic..., cyclo- ◇ Huan (surname)

二 二 èr ◇ two, 2; second; double; dual; binary ◇ second in charge/command, etc., sub-, vice- ◇ {colloquial} slow-witted, flaky ◇ comparable ◇ peer, equal ◇ different ◇ doubt, hesitate ◇ change

二氧化碳 二氧化碳 èryǎnghuàtàn
◇ carbon dioxide

F

发 發 fā ◇ issue, send out, distribute ◇ launch, discharge, shoot ◇ produce, generate ◇ leave for, set out for ◇ (preceding an adjective denoting a feeling like lǎn 懶/懶 "lazy", ruǎn 軟/软 "soft", rè 熱/热 "hot", etc.) feel..., grow..., get... ◇ (before an adjective of colour, taste, smell, etc.) appear..., be... -ish, be... -ly, be on the... side (like fāzǐ 發紫/发紫 "be purplish", fāchòu 發臭/发臭 "be smelly", fātián 發甜/发甜, "be on the sweet side", etc.) ◇ speak, utter ◇ become rich ◇ diffuse, disperse ◇ expose, open up ◇ start/begin (an action) ◇ {measure word}... round(s) of...(used for ammunition: shells, cartridges, rounds, projectiles, etc.)

发表發表 fābiǎo ◇ issue/release (a public statement, statistics), announce, make (a statement, a commentary), deliver (a speech), express (one's opinions), air (a view) ◇ publish (an article, paintings, etc. in a periodical), (of a newspaper) carry

表 表 biǎo ◇ surface, exterior; external, outside ◇ show, express, manifest ◇ form, table, list ◇ watch ◇ meter, gauge ◇ relationship between the children of a brother and a sister or of sisters ◇ gnomon (needle) of a sundial ◇ ornamental/ceremonial columns (erected before palaces or tombs) ◇ {historical} memorial (to an emperor) ◇ model, example ◇ {Chinese med} bring out/cure the cold with medicine

发布發佈 fābù ◇ issue, release, proclaim, promulgate

布 佈 bù ◇ spread, circulate, disseminate ◇ declare, announce, state to the public ◇ arrange, deploy ◇ donate, give (like to a charity)

发财發財 fācái ◇ become prosperous/wealthy, get rich ◇ (short for the TW word fācáichē 發財車/发财车 "mini pickup truck")

发愁發愁 fāchóu ◇ worry

愁 愁 chóu ◇ worry, be anxious/sad/grieved/gloomy ◇ sadness, sorrow

发达發達 fādá ◇ developed, prosperous, flourishing ◇ develop, expand

发呆發呆 fādāi ◇ stare blankly, be in a daze ◇ dazed, stupefied

呆 呆 dāi ◇ dull, dumb, idiotic, slow (witted); slow to react ◇ stare blankly; blank, in a daze, stupefied ◇ stay (also written 待) | (in TW also pronounced ái)

发动發動 fādòng ◇ start, launch, set into action ◇ start (up), turn on (an engine/machine) ◇ rouse, mobilize ◇ {obsolete} start having labour pains

发抖發抖 fādǒu ◇ shiver, tremble

抖 抖 dǒu ◇ shiver, tremble, quiver, shake, flick, jerk ◇ rouse, stir up ◇ expose/disclose the inside story ◇ {satirical} be ostentatiously rich and successful, throw one's weight around

发挥發揮 fāhuī ◇ bring into (full) play, give (free) rein to, make good use of, exercise, exert, put out, perform ◇ elaborate, develop (an idea), air, express

发觉發覺 fājué ◇ find, discover, detect

发明發明 fāmíng ◇ invent ◇ invention ◇ expound, elaborate

明 明 míng ◇ bright, clear, evident ◇ open, overt ◇ tomorrow; next (year) ◇ know, understand ◇ Ming (dynasty, 1368-1644) ◇ Ming (surname)

发票發票 fāpiào ◇ invoice, receipt (esp. an official one), bill

票 票 piào ◇ ticket ◇ ballot, vote ◇ bank note, (dollar, etc.) bill ◇ hostage held for ransom

发烧發燒 fāshāo ◇ have a fever, run a temperature ◇ (of skin, etc.) heat up, burn, flush ◇ {TW usage} hot (e.g., issue), popular; flourishing, thriving, wild

发射發射 fāshè ◇ launch, discharge, fire, shoot (e.g. a rocket, projectile, space vehicle) ◇ emit, give off (e.g. light, heat, radiation); emit, transmit, beam (e.g. a signal)

射 射 shè ◇ shoot, fire (like an arrow/bullet/ball) ◇ jet, emit (under pressure), discharge, eject ◇ emit, radiate (like light, heat, rays, etc.) ◇ insinuate ◇ archery (as one of the six Confucian skills) ◇ {classical} seek, pursue

发生發生 fāshēng ◇ occur, happen, take place, arise ◇ the occurrence (of...) ◇ germinate

生 生 shēng ◇ give birth to ◇ live ◇ life ◇ unripe ◇ raw ◇ bear, deliver ◇ generate ◇ be born ◇ (of plants, roots, etc.) grow,

emerge ◇ unripe ◇ raw, undercooked ◇ not cooked ◇ unprocessed, unrefined ◇ unfamiliar, unacquainted ◇ student (bound form, as in nǚshēng 女生 "female student", zhèngshìshēng 正式生 "regular student") ◇ suffix for various kinds or groups of people (like yīshēng 醫生/医生 "medical doctor") ◇ Sheng (surname)
发誓發誓 fāshì ◇ swear, pledge,

VOW

誓 誓 shì ◇ take an oath, swear, pledge ◇ oath, pledge, vow
发现發現 fāxiàn ◇ discover, find, notice; discovery
发行發行 fāxíng ◇ issue, distribute, publish, release ◇ issue, distribution, publication, release
行 行 xíng ◇ go, walk; travel ◇ trip, journey ◇ be all right, will do ◇ be capable/competent ◇ do, carry out, implement, perform (an action) ◇ behaviour, conduct, actions ◇ be current, circulate ◇ running script ◇ temporary, improvised, makeshift ◇ {written} soon, shortly ◇ {literature} ballad, song ◇ {written} (of medication) take effect ◇ Xing (surname)
发炎發炎 fāyán ◇ become inflamed ◇ inflammation
炎 炎 yán ◇ blazing hot (mostly of the weather) ◇ inflammation, -itis ◇ rising flames ◇ burn
发言發言 fāyán ◇ speak, give a speech, make a statement, state an opinion (e.g., at a meeting)
言 言 yán ◇ speak, say, talk, mention ◇ word, speech, remark ◇ word/Chinese character ◇ {grammar, classical} untranslated sentence-initial particle (sometimes equivalent to "I") ◇ Yan (surname)
发扬發揚 fāyáng ◇ develop and promote, carry forward ◇ bring into full play, give free rein to
发育發育 fāyù ◇ grow, develop ◇ growth, development
育 育 yù ◇ give birth to ◇ raise, rear (children, seedlings, etc.) ◇ educate, inculcate
发展發展 fāzhǎn ◇ development, growth, expansion; develop, grow, expand, enlarge ◇ recruit (as a Party member, union member, etc.)
展 展 zhǎn ◇ open, unfold ◇ get the most out of, give full play to ◇ extend, prolong ◇ exhibit, put on display ◇ state, declare ◇ inspect, observe ◇ blot up (like water) ◇ Zhan (surname)

罚款罰款 fákuǎn ◇ fine, sanc-

tion ◇ penalty

罚 罰 fá ◇ penalty, fine, punishment ◇ punish, fine, penalize ◇ forfeit

款 款 kuǎn ◇ paragraph, section of an article (of a law, treaty, etc.) ◇ sum of money, fund ◇ model (e.g., of car), style ◇ {measure word} kind, type ◇ name of the sender or recipient inscribed on a painting or work of calligraphy presented as a gift; mark on bottom of pottery/porcelain vessel (used with reign title, e.g., Kāngxī 康熙) ◇ sincere ◇ receive, entertain (a guest) ◇ {classical} leisurely, slow

法律法律 fǎlǜ ◇ law

法人法人 fǎrén ◇ {law} legal (or juridical) person (in contrast to 自然人 zìránrén "natural person") ◇ corporation

法院法院 fǎyuàn ◇ court, court of law, courthouse

番 番 fān ◇ {measure word} (used for an act, talking, thought/mood, experience, or process that takes time/effort; e.g., tā zhè huà 他這話/他這話 "these words/remarks of his"; zuòchū yī nǚlì 作出一努力 "make an effort"; used mostly after yī 一 "one", zhè 這 "this", nà 那, or jǐ 幾/几 "several") ◇ {measure word} time, time through (used as a verbal complement, similar to huí 回 or biàn 遍); times (used after the verb fān 翻 "to double (an amount)", e.g. fānle yī fān 翻了一番 "(some amount) doubled"; with lower numbers (esp. 2 and 3), the increase implied is often in a geometric sequence, so that fān liǎng fān 翻兩番 = to quadruple, i.e. double (the amount) and then double the result again) ◇ foreign, non-Chinese ◇ barbarian, aboriginal, savage ◇ kind, type, style ◇ replace (in turn), rotate

翻 翻 fān ◇ turn (over, around, upside down, inside out, etc.) ◇ translate, interpret ◇ look/rummage through, search ◇ change, overturn, overthrow, reverse; take back ◇ go over, go across, cross (mountains, hurdles, etc.) ◇ {colloquial} have a falling-out, quarrel, break up (a relationship)

◇ change, suddenly turn hostile ◇
 double (an amount)
 翻译翻译 fānyì ◇ translate, interpret
 ◇ translator, interpreter
 译 译 yì ◇ translate ◇ decode,
 encode ◇ translator (official title for person
 who translated northern minority languages)

凡是凡是 fánshì ◇ every, any, all

烦恼烦恼 fánǎo ◇ be vexed,
 be worried

繁华繁华 fánhuá ◇ flourishing,
 thriving, bustling, lively, busy (as of a
 city, downtown area)

繁 繁 fán ◇ complex, compli-
 cated (in contrast to jiǎn 简/简 "sim-
 ple") ◇ busy ◇ numerous (and va-
 rious) ◇ (of livestock, etc.) procreate,
 multiply

华 华 huá ◇ splendid, magnificent,
 radiant, glorious; splendour, magnificence, ra-
 diancy, glory ◇ (of the sun, etc.) corona ◇
 flourishing, prosperous; prosperity ◇ the best,
 the cream ◇ extravagant, flashy, sumptuous,
 luxurious ◇ a time, years (in sb's life) ◇ grey,
 grizzled (as in huáfà 华发/华发 "gray hair") ◇
 {written, formal} your ◇ {geosciences} mine-
 ral sediments in spring water ◇ [Huá] China;
 Chinese (language) ◇ Hua (surname)

繁忙繁忙 fánmáng ◇ busy, bust-
 ling (place, season, etc.)

繁荣繁荣 fánróng ◇ prosperous,
 flourishing, thriving; prosperity ◇
 cause (sth) to flourish/prosper, promo-
 te

荣 荣 róng ◇ flourish (of vegetation)
 ◇ flourishing, thriving ◇ honour, glory ◇
 {bot} the Chinese parasol tree, Firmiana simp-
 lex ◇ Rong (surname)

繁体字 繁体字 fántǐzì ◇ com-
 plex Chinese characters, traditional Chi-
 nese characters (in contrast to jiǎntǐzì
 简体字/简体字 "simplified Chinese cha-
 racters")

体 体 tǐ ◇ body ◇ substance (like
 solid, liquid) ◇ style (of writing or of Chinese
 characters)

字 字 zì ◇ {linguistics} Chinese
 character, word, letter ◇ "style name" (name
 taken by a man upon reaching manhood, at
 around 20 years of age)

繁殖繁殖 fánzhí ◇ reproduce, breed,
 propagate

反驳反驳 fǎnbó ◇ refute, rebut, ret-
 ort, repudiate

反 反 fǎn ◇ oppose, counter,
 be against ◇ rebel against, revolt ◇
 opposite (or different) from the expec-
 ted, inverse, inside out, in reverse ◇
 (as a prefix indicating opposition or re-
 versal) counter-, anti-, contrary ◇ turn
 over, reverse ◇ return ◇ reactionaries,
 counterrevolutionaries ◇ (used like
 fǎn'ér 反而) on the contrary, instead ◇
 argue/reason by analogy, analogize, in-
 fer, draw inferences (from another
 case)

驳 驳 bó ◇ barge, lighter; trans-
 port by barge or lighter ◇ extend/widen a sho-
 re or dyke ◇ contradict, refute ◇ piebald, parti-
 coloured (horse, etc.)

反常反常 fǎncháng ◇ unusual, ab-
 normal, strange ◇ {psychology} per-
 version

反对反对 fǎnduì ◇ object to, be oppo-
 sed to, be against ◇ objection(s), oppo-
 sition

对 对 duì ◇ toward, to, facing, re-
 garding ◇ be directed at, confront, treat, cope
 with ◇ opposite ◇ couple, pair (usually a man
 and a woman) ◇ {measure word}... pair(s)
 of... (used for things that come in pairs, like
 shoes, or for abstract dualities, as in yī duì
 máodùn 一对矛盾/一对矛盾 "a contradiction")
 ◇ agree, fit ◇ compare, identify, check ◇ set,
 adjust, synchronize (like clocks) ◇ pair up, fit
 together, coordinate ◇ correct, right ◇ adulte-
 rate, mix with, add, dilute (like wine with wa-
 ter) ◇ split in half (like profit) ◇ {literature,
 poetry} couplet

反而反而 fǎn'ér ◇ on the contrary,
 instead

反复反复 fǎnfù ◇ repeatedly, over
 and over ◇ go back on one's word ◇
 suffer a relapse or setback ◇ relapse,
 setback, reversal

复 复 fù ◇ repeat, duplicate ◇
 multiple, complex, compound, complicated ◇
 lined garments

反感反感 fǎngǎn ◇ antipathy,
 dislike, aversion, disgust, repugnance
 ◇ be averse to, dislike, be disgusted
 with, find repugnant

反抗反抗 fǎnkàng ◇ revolt
 against, resist

反馈反馈 fǎnkuì ◇ feedback ◇
 (acoustics) throwback

饋 饋 kuì ◇ give (a present), present (a gift)
 反面反面 fǎnmian ◇ back, reverse side, wrong side ◇ negative (like character, experience) ◇ the other side (of the matter, coin)
 反射反射 fǎnshè ◇ reflect ◇ turn round ◇ {physiology} reflex, jerk ◇ {physics} reflection
 反思反思 fǎnsī ◇ reflect on (usu. oneself or past events), introspect
 反问反問 fǎnwèn ◇ ask a question in reply ◇ rhetorical question
 問 問 wèn ◇ ask, inquire ◇ send one's regards, inquire after (sb's health etc.) ◇ Wen (surname)
 反应反應 fǎnyìng ◇ react, respond ◇ response (e.g., from readers), reaction ◇ reaction (to a stimulus), reflex(es), response ◇ {physiology, med, physics, chem} reaction (chemical, to a medicine, nuclear, etc.)
 应 應 yīng ◇ should, ought to, must ◇ answer, respond, reply ◇ agree, accept, promise ◇ Ying (surname)
 反映反映 fǎnyìng ◇ reflect, mirror, manifest, show ◇ reaction, reflex ◇ report (like to higher authorities)
 反正反正 fǎnzhèng ◇ in any case, anyhow
 反之反之 fǎnzhī ◇ on the contrary, otherwise ◇ vice versa

 泛滥汎濫 fànlan ◇ flood, overflow ◇ (of bad ideas/tendencies, drugs, guns, etc.) spread unchecked, proliferate, run rampant, become a scourge 𧇧 (in Traditional characters, preferred character for fàn is 汎, 汎 is a variant, and 泛 is non-standard)
 泛 汎 fàn ◇ {written} float, drift ◇ cover, spread, emerge, emit ◇ general, extensive, unspecified, non-specific ◇ {figurative} shallow, superficial ◇ a flood, inundation; inundate, flood ◇ pan-... (like fàn-Měi 泛美 "pan-American")
 濫 濫 làn ◇ flood, overflow ◇ excessive, reckless, unrestrained

 范畴範疇 fànchóu ◇ category ◇ scope, domain, sphere
 范围範圍 fànwei ◇ scope, range, li-

mits ◇ limit

贩卖販賣 fànmài ◇ buy and sell, traffic, deal in

饭店飯店 fàndiàn ◇ restaurant ◇ hotel

饭 飯 fàn ◇ meal (usu. with rice); cooked cereals (mostly rice) ◇ {figurative} means of livelihood; living
 店 店 diàn ◇ shop, store; inn, hotel

方 方 fāng ◇ square (in shape) ◇ direction ◇ upright, honest ◇ side, party ◇ direction, place, locality, region ◇ method, way, means ◇ {pharma, Chinese med} prescription, recipe ◇ (as an adverb, same meaning as 纔/才) only, just at that time, then ◇ just (now) ◇ {measure} (short for píngfāng 平方 "square metre", or for lìfāng 立方 "cubic metre")... square metre(s),... cubic metre(s) (used for area or volume) ◇ {math} power (of) ◇ Fang (surname)

方案方案 fāng'àn ◇ plan, proposal, program, scheme ◇ scenario of action

方便方便 fāngbiàn ◇ convenient ◇ make things easier for, make things convenient for (sb), facilitate ◇ appropriate, proper, suitable ◇ go to the bathroom

方法方法 fāngfǎ ◇ method, way, means, approach

方面方面 fāngmiàn ◇ aspect, respect, side ◇ topic, subject

方式方式 fāngshì ◇ way, pattern, form, fashion, mode

方位方位 fāngwèi ◇ position, bearing, compass point

方向方向 fāngxiàng ◇ (geographical) direction, orientation, bearing

方言方言 fāngyán ◇ dialect ◇ the Fangyan (dictionary of regionalism compiled by Yang Xiong, 53 BCE - 18 CE) ◇ the Fangyan (scholarly journal on Chinese dialects)

方圆方圓 fāngyuán ◇ circumference ◇ neighbourhood, surrounding area ◇ squares and circles (in woodcraft)

圓 圓 yuán ◇ round, circular ◇ a circle ◇ fully, satisfactorily; realize (a dream), have (a dream) come true ◇ Yuan (unit of Chinese currency) ◇ Won (unit of Korean currency) ◇ Yen (unit of Japanese currency) ◇ Chinese coin

方針方針 fāngzhēn ◇ policy, course of action, guiding principle, orientation

針 針 zhēn ◇ needle (for sewing) ◇ sth resembling a needle ◇ injection (needle) ◇ acupuncture ◇ prick (with a needle) ◇ {measure word} (used for the number of injections, of stitching, acupuncture treatments, etc.)

妨碍妨碍 fáng'ài ◇ hinder, interfere with, impede, obstruct, disturb

妨 妨 fáng ◇ hinder, interfere with, impede, obstruct, disturb, hamper ◇ impair, harm ◇ hindrance, obstacle
碍 碍 ài ◇ obstruct, hinder, block, be in the way ◇ deter

房东房东 fángdōng ◇ house owner, landlord, landlady

房 房 fáng ◇ house, building ◇ room, chamber ◇ any house-like structure (like a bee-hive) ◇ branch of a family; wife ◇ {measure word} (used for members of an extended family) ◇ shop, store ◇ {Chinese astronomy} Fang (one of the 28 Lunar Mansions) ◇ Fang (surname)

东 东 dōng ◇ east ◇ owner, master ◇ host ◇ Dong (surname)

房间房間 fángjiān ◇ room (of a house, etc.)

间 间 jiān ◇ among, between ◇ interval; within a defined time/space ◇ room ◇ {measure word} (used for rooms)

防守防守 fángshǒu ◇ defend, guard

防御防禦 fángyù ◇ defence

防 防 fáng ◇ guard against, take precautions against, be on the alert, prevent ◇ defend, guard, protect ◇ dike, embankment ◇ Fang (surname)

御 禦 yù ◇ resist (like the enemy), ward off (like the cold)

防止防止 fángzhǐ ◇ prevent, guard against (sth bad happening)

防治防治 fángzhì ◇ prevent and control ◇ prevention and control (a di-

sease, insect pests, etc.)

仿佛仿佛 fǎngfú ◇ seemingly, as if, as though (=hǎoxiàng 好像) ◇ be similar; be like, resemble ◇ {literary} imagine more or less

纺织紡織 fǎngzhī ◇ spinning and weaving ◇ textile

访问訪問 fǎngwèn ◇ visit; call on ◇ {Internet} visit (to) a website

放 放 fàng ◇ release, set free, let go, let out ◇ put, place (in, on, etc.) ◇ let oneself go, give way to ◇ put in, add ◇ put (livestock, horses, etc.) out to pasture ◇ turn on, play (a movie, etc.) ◇ banish, exile, send away ◇ set off (like firecrackers) ◇ ignite, light, set fire to ◇ lend at interest ◇ (of clothing) let out, make larger ◇ (of blossoms, flowers) open, bloom ◇ keep (for future use), put aside ◇ fell, cut down (trees, etc.) ◇ (starting an imperative sentence) Be more...! ◇ (preceding 著...不.../着...不...) neglect/refuse (to do sth)

放大放大 fàngdà ◇ enlarge, magnify; enlargement, magnification ◇ {IT} amplify; amplification

放弃放棄 fàngqì ◇ abandon, give up, renounce, relinquish

弃 棄 qì ◇ abandon, discard, throw away ◇ forsake, forget ◇ put aside ◇ Qi (a personal name)

放射放射 fàngshè ◇ radiate, emit, give off; radiation

暑假暑假 shǔjià ◇ summer vacation

放松放鬆 fàngsōng ◇ relax, loosen

放心放心 fàngxīn ◇ feel relieved, be reassured, not having to worry

非 非 fēi ◇ no, not ◇ (in compound words, as a prefix indicating negation) non-, un-, in- ◇ in no way ◇ wrong (in contrast to shì 是 "right") ◇ wrongdoing, evil ◇ negate ◇ not in accord with, not conforming to ◇ oppose, blame ◇ (often in the structure fēi...bùkě 非...不可) must, have to; be

bound to ◇ insist on ◇ {written} degenerate, deteriorate ◇ (short for Fēizhōu 非洲) Africa, African
 非常非常 fēicháng ◇ extraordinary, unusual ◇ very, extremely
 非法非法 fēifǎ ◇ illegal, unlawful

飞机飛機 fēijī ◇ airplane, aircraft
 飞禽飛禽 fēiqín ◇ birds
 走兽走獸 zǒushòu ◇ beast, quadruped ◇ ornamental tile at the end of roof beam (or similar structure)
 飞飛 fēi ◇ (of birds, airplanes, etc.) fly ◇ hover, soar or flutter in the air ◇ swiftly, quickly, rapidly ◇ volatilize, be vapourized ◇ (of disaster, misfortune, examination) unexpected, sudden, random; (of slander) baseless, unfounded ◇ {colloquial} throw (sth) at (sb) ◇ {regional} (of a bicycle) free-wheel
 禽禽 qín ◇ birds ◇ poultry ◇ birds and beasts ◇ Qin (surname)
 走走 zǒu ◇ walk, travel on foot ◇ run ◇ move, shift ◇ leave, depart ◇ (verb ending) ...away ◇ run away, flee, escape ◇ leak (out) ◇ lose the original shape, flavour, etc. ◇ through, from
 兽獸 shòu ◇ beast, (four-legged) animal
 飞翔飛翔 fēixiáng ◇ soar, hover
 翔翔 xiáng ◇ fly in circles ◇ stretch out both arms while walking
 飞跃飛躍 fēiyuè ◇ leap, sudden advancement ◇ leap ◇ soar and leap (of birds)

肥沃肥沃 féiwò ◇ fertile (soil)
 肥皂肥皂 féizào ◇ soap

诽谤誹謗 fěibàng ◇ slander, libel

废除廢除 fèichú ◇ do away with, abolish, cancel, repeal, rescind (e.g., a decree, special privileges, a law), abrogate (a treaty), abate (debt)
 废廢 fèi ◇ abandon, give up, abrogate, throw away; abolish, terminate ◇ decline (from neglect, etc.), lie waste ◇ useless, unused, wasted ◇ disabled, crippled, maimed
 除除 chú ◇ besides, except (for), in addition to (usually chú 除... wài 外) ◇ eli-

minate, remove, get rid of, abolish ◇ {math} divide(d) ◇ {written} offer/confer (an official position, etc.) ◇ {written} doorsteps, the steps leading to a house
 废话廢話 fèihuà ◇ useless talk, nonsense, rubbish, hogwash, drivel, bull ◇ talk nonsense
 废寝忘食 廢寢忘食 fèiqǐnwàngshí ◇ neglect to eat and sleep (because one is engrossed in study or work)
 废墟廢墟 fèixū ◇ ruins, remains
 墟墟 xū ◇ ruins ◇ reduce to ruins ◇ a hill ◇ rural or small town market or fair

沸腾沸騰 fèiténg ◇ (of liquids) boil, bubble, seethe ◇ {figurative} seethe with enthusiasm, be on fire with zeal ◇ {figurative} be astir, be in a clamour
 沸沸 fèi ◇ boil (and give off steam), seethe ◇ (of water from a spring) gush out ◇ (of water) flow into, empty itself into ◇ {onom} (sound of gushing water, or of waves washing ashore) ◇ (of birds) flutter around in confusion ◇ hubbub, hullabaloo
 腾腾téng ◇ gallop, run, jump, prance ◇ rise, ascend ◇ make room, vacate, clear out ◇ (used after a verb indicates repeated action of the verb)... again and again,...repeatedly ◇ Teng (surname)

肺肺 fèi ◇ the lung(s)

分分 fēn ◇ separate, divide, split, part ◇ distribute, assign, allot ◇ distinguish, differentiate, tell (the difference), make a distinction ◇ (of an organization, company, etc.) branch ◇ fraction; one-tenth of the whole, ten percent ◇ (as a unit of length) approx. 1/3 cm ◇ (as a unit of area) approx. 67 square metres ◇ (as a unit of weight) approx. 1/2 gram ◇ (as a unit of Chinese currency) 1/100 of a Yuan ◇ (as a unit of time or degree) a minute ◇ (as interest rate) percent ◇ (in a marking system) a mark/point ◇ {measure word}... part(s) of...,... tenth(s) of... (used for parts or tenths of the whole, and for abstract items like vigour, toil, hope, etc.)
 分辨分辨 fēnbiàn ◇ distinguish,

differentiate ◇ resolve ◇ {electrical/electronics, IT} (screen) resolution (e.g., of a monitor, TV screen, etc.)
 分别分别 fēnbié ◇ respectively ◇ separately ◇ part (i.e. company), leave each other ◇ distinguish, discriminate, differentiate ◇ distinction, difference
 别 别 bié ◇ other, another, different ◇ depart, leave, separate ◇ {regional} change, turn around ◇ distinguish, differentiate ◇ distinction, difference ◇ category, type ◇ stick into, obstruct (sb/sth) ◇ trip (sb), cause to stumble ◇ block (another bike or other vehicle with one's own) ◇ (contraction of the prohibitive *bùyào* 不要) "don't...!" ◇ Bie (surname)
 分布分佈 fēnbù ◇ be distributed, be dispersed, be scattered
 分寸分寸 fēncun ◇ sense of propriety (or proportion), proper limits (for speech/action, proper restraint, discretion)
 分红分紅 fēnhóng ◇ draw an extra dividend or bonus
 红 紅 hóng ◇ red (colour) ◇ {informal} be popular, be "hot", be in great demand ◇ red cloth (hung to symbolize festive occasions, success, happiness, good luck, etc.) ◇ {figurative} (politically) "red" (i.e. Communist, socialist-minded, revolutionary) ◇ {economics} dividend, bonus ◇ (symbol of success) ◇ Hong (surname)
 分解分解 fēnjiě ◇ decompose, break down ◇ decomposition, disintegration, disassembly ◇ disclose later (a phrase used in serialized novels)
 分裂分裂 fēnliè ◇ split, divide, break up ◇ {physics, biology} fission, division
 分泌分泌 fēnmì ◇ {physiology} secrete ◇ secretion
 分明分明 fēnmíng ◇ distinct, clearly demarcated ◇ obviously, clearly
 分配分配 fēnpèi ◇ distribute, allocate, assign ◇ {economics} distribution
 分歧分歧 fēnqí ◇ difference, divergence (of ideas or opinions), dispute
 分散分散 fēnsàn ◇ disperse, scatter ◇ distribute, issue, hand out
 分手分手 fēnshǒu ◇ say goodbye, part company
 分析分析 fēnxī ◇ analyze; analysis ◇ {IT} parse; parsing || (also pronounced "fēnxi")
 分钟分鐘 fēnzhōng ◇ minute

(unit of time)

钟 鐘 zhōng ◇ bell (as a musical instrument) ◇ clock (like alarm clock, wall clock) ◇ hour, minute

吩咐吩咐 fēnfu ◇ tell, instruct, direct (of a superior to a subordinate) ◇ instructions

纷纷紛紛 fēnfēn ◇ (coming) one after another (of people, things) ◇ numerous and disorderly (of opinions, things falling, etc.)

坟墓墳墓 fénmù ◇ grave, tomb
 坟 墳 fén ◇ tomb, grave
 墓 墓 mù ◇ grave, tomb

粉末粉末 fěnmò ◇ powder
 粉色粉色 fěnsè ◇ pink colour
 粉碎粉碎 fěnsuì ◇ smashed, broken to pieces ◇ smash, crush (the enemy, etc.)

份 份 fèn ◇ portion, part, share ◇ {measure word}... set(s) of...,... copy/copies of... (used for a set, copy, or a collection of things, like an issue of a newspaper, gift, serving of food, type of behaviour and similar abstract things) ◇ {measure word} (for a job) ◇ (used after *yuè* 月 "month", *shěng* 省 "province", and *xiàn* 縣/县 "county" as a suffix)

分量分量 fēnliàng ◇ weight (literally or figuratively) ◇ (also pronounced "fēnliang")

奋斗奮鬥 fèndòu ◇ struggle, fight

愤怒憤怒 fènnù ◇ indignation, anger, wrath
 愤 憤 fèn ◇ anger, fury, wrath, resentment, indignation

怒 怒 nù ◇ anger, rage ◇ forceful, vigorous, fierce ◇ exert oneself, rouse oneself

丰富豐富 fēngfù ◇ rich, abundant ◇

enrich

丰 豐 fēng ◇ rich, abundant, plentiful ◇ big, thick ◇ great (like achievements) ◇ bumper harvest ◇ luxuriant, flourishing ◇ enrich ◇ fill, make full ◇ {divination} Feng (one of the sixty-four hexagrams in the Yìjīng 易经/易经 "Book of Changes") ◇ {archaic} pedestal for a wine container ◇ Feng (surname)

富 富 fù ◇ rich, wealthy (in contrast to pín 贫/贫 "poor", or qióng 穷/穷 "poor") ◇ riches, wealth, resources, property ◇ enrich ◇ rich in... ◇ abundant, plentiful, sufficient, ample ◇ Fu (surname)

丰满豐滿 fēngmǎn ◇ abundant, plentiful ◇ full and round, shapely, well-padded, (pleasingly) plump, well-developed (of the figure, breasts, face, muscles, etc.) ◇ (of feathers) full-grown, mature

丰盛豐盛 fēngshèng ◇ rich, plentiful, sumptuous

盛 盛 shèng ◇ abundant ◇ flourishing, thriving ◇ prosperous ◇ vigorous, exuberant ◇ grand, magnificent ◇ deep, profound ◇ popular, prevalent, widespread, extensive ◇ highly, deeply, greatly ◇ Sheng (surname)

丰收豐收 fēngshōu ◇ bumper harvest

收 收 shōu ◇ receive, accept ◇ collect ◇ harvest, gather in, bring in (crops)

封闭封閉 fēngbì ◇ seal up, close up ◇ seal or close off, order to close down
封 封 fēng ◇ seal, close; envelope; {measure word} (used for letters, messages and other mail items) ◇ (under the feudal system) confer (a title, land) upon; install (as a member of the nobility); (short for fēngjiànzhǔyì 封建主義/封建主义) feudalism ◇ Feng (surname)

闭 閉 bì ◇ shut, close ◇ obstruct, block (up) ◇ inaccessible ◇ close, conclude (a meeting, etc.) ◇ Bi (surname)

封建封建 fēngjiàn ◇ feudal ◇ feudalism ◇ system of enfeoffment

封锁封鎖 fēngsuǒ ◇ seal off, block ◇ blockade

锁 鎖 suǒ ◇ lock ◇ chains, shackles ◇ lock (a door, window, etc.)

疯狂瘋狂 fēngkuáng ◇ mad, insane

◇ wild, reckless, unbridled

疯 瘋 fēng ◇ mad, insane, deranged, crazy ◇ (of children, etc.) play/horse around, go berserk (playing) ◇ without control/restraint, with abandon ◇ {bot} (of plants) spindle, grow fast but without much fruit/grain [of branches, leaves, etc.]]
狂 狂 kuáng ◇ mad, crazy, insane ◇ violent, fierce ◇ wild (like with joy), unrestrained (emotion) ◇ arrogant ◇ mad dog

锋利鋒利 fēnglì ◇ sharp (of a knife, weapon, etc.) ◇ sharp, keen, incisive (of discourse, writing style, etc.)

锋 鋒 fēng ◇ (of a knife, sword, etc.) sharp edge, cutting edge, pointed end ◇ (mostly of troops) vanguard, forefront

利 利 lì ◇ (of a blade) sharp ◇ advantageous, beneficial, favourable ◇ advantage, benefit ◇ profit, interest ◇ Li (surname)

风暴風暴 fēngbào ◇ storm (literally or figuratively)

风 風 fēng ◇ wind, gale, breeze ◇ put out to dry, winnow, air-dry, air ◇ speedily, swiftly ◇ custom, practice, atmosphere ◇ style, attitude ◇ information, news, rumour, hearsay ◇ {literature} (as a genre in the Shījīng 詩經/诗经 "Book of Odes" section Guófēng 國風/国风 "Airs of the states") folk song, ballad ◇ {med} used in the names of certain illnesses (e.g., zhòngfēng 中風/中风 "stroke", "apoplexy") ◇ Feng (surname)

暴 暴 bào ◇ sudden and violent, fierce ◇ savage, ruthless, cruel, brutal, tyrannical ◇ short-tempered, ill-tempered ◇ stick/stand/bulge out, protrude ◇ expose, reveal ◇ {written} spoil, wreck, ruin

风度風度 fēngdù ◇ bearing, deportment, manners

度 度 dù ◇ {unit of measure} degree (like of temperature, angle, latitude) ◇ kilowatt-hour ◇ (a certain) degree/extent ◇ {measure word} ... times (used for the number of times an action is repeated, occasions, occurrences) ◇ standard, rule, criterion ◇ bound, limit ◇ magnanimity, tolerance, open-mindedness; bearing, attitude ◇ consider, think of ◇ spend, pass (time) ◇ {Buddhism, Taoism} convert ◇ Du (surname)

风格風格 fēnggé ◇ style (of work, writing, singing, etc.)
 格 格 gé ◇ {geometry} square ◇ {cinema} frame ◇ (of cloth, squared paper, etc.) checkered; (of a cabinet, etc.) divided ◇ pattern, standard, rule ◇ style, character, manner ◇ {grammar} case ◇ {written} hinder, impede, obstruct, resist ◇ examine, investigate ◇ {written} study sth thoroughly, delve into, probe into ◇ strike, hit, attack ◇ Ge (surname)
 风光風光 fēngguāng ◇ {regional} in style (in the sense of "in an impressive/expensive way"), extravagant ◇ bustle, excitement ◇ having/affording "face", be prestigious/respectable; "face", prestige, (great) respectability ◇ impressive/extravagant appearance
 光 光 guāng ◇ light, ray; the shine (from a light source) ◇ scenery, sight, view ◇ glory, credit, honour ◇ benefit, advantage ◇ {formal, honorific} you, your (presence, patronage, etc.) ◇ bring glory/honour to, glorify, shine upon ◇ shiny, bright; smooth, glossy, sleek ◇ (as a verb suffix) empty, exhausted, used up, finished ◇ bare, naked ◇ only, solely, merely ◇ Guang (surname)
 风景風景 fēngjǐng ◇ landscape, scenery
 景 景 jǐng ◇ scenery, view, sight, landscape ◇ condition, circumstance, situation ◇ scenery/setting (of a play, etc.); scene (of a play) ◇ Jing (surname)
 风气風氣 fēngqì ◇ prevalent customs and ways of doing things (in a society or social group); common/general practice, (prevailing) custom, general tendency (in society); climate (including people's ideas and feelings); fashion (of a given time); morals, ethos
 风趣風趣 fēngqù ◇ be humorous/witty; wit, humour
 趣 趣 qù ◇ interest, excitement, delight, amusement ◇ interesting, pleasant, amusing ◇ bent, inclination, purpose
 风俗風俗 fēngsú ◇ custom, practice ◇ local ballad, folk song
 俗 俗 sú ◇ custom, habit, social convention ◇ common, popular ◇ commonly, colloquially ◇ wish, desire ◇ crude, vulgar, in poor taste ◇ secular, lay, worldly
 风土風土 fēngtǔ ◇ local conditions (like the weather) and customs
 人情 人情 rénqíng ◇ human sentiment, human feelings ◇ human relationships ◇ favour, kindness ◇ gift, present ◇ social conventions ◇ human desires
 土 土 tǔ ◇ soil, earth, dust ◇

ground, land, territory ◇ local, native, indigenous ◇ unrefined, home-made, rustic, uncultured, crude ◇ (raw) opium ◇ Tu (surname)
 风味風味 fēngwèi ◇ (local) colour or flavour
 味 味 wèi ◇ taste, flavour ◇ smell ◇ interest, fun ◇ savour and appreciate ◇ {measure word} (used for ingredients of Chinese medicine)
 风险風險 fēngxiǎn ◇ risk, danger

逢 逢 féng ◇ meet, encounter, come upon, come across ◇ Feng (surname)

讽刺諷刺 fěngcì ◇ satirize ◇ satire, irony
 讽 諷 fěng ◇ satirize, mock, ridicule ◇ chant, intone
 刺 刺 cì ◇ stab, prick, pierce, prod ◇ (of an irritant liquid, smell, etc.) irritate, bite, stimulate ◇ assassinate ◇ criticize, satirize ◇ pry (into), make (secret or roundabout) inquiries, spy (on sb) ◇ thorn, splinter, sting ◇ {written} visiting card, calling card

奉献奉獻 fèngxìàn ◇ present respectfully, offer as a tribute
 奉 奉 fèng ◇ hold (respectfully) in one's hands ◇ present, give (respectfully with both hands) ◇ receive and/or follow (orders, instructions, etc. from a superior or sb senior) ◇ respect, esteem, revere, adore, worship, have faith in, believe in (a religion, etc.) ◇ care for, wait upon, serve (one's parents, etc.) ◇ {honorific} (I hereby) respectfully...(verb prefix indicating that one does sth for sb) ◇ Feng (surname)
 献 獻 xiàn ◇ offer, present ◇ show, display ◇ Xian (surname)

否定否定 fǒudìng ◇ deny, negate, contradict (the existence or truth of sth) ◇ reject, repudiate (a suggestion, the value of sth) ◇ negative
 否决否決 fǒujué ◇ veto, overrule, vote against
 否 否 fǒu ◇ deny, negate; veto ◇ no, nay, not so ◇ ... or not (used after certain verbs like shì 是, néng 能, kě 可, huì 會/会 or at the end of a sentence to form an alternative question)

决 決 jué ◇ decide, determine ◇ certainly, definitely (when preceding a negative) ◇ execute a criminal ◇ (of a dike, etc.) burst, break ◇ {history} bone or ivory thumb-guard worn by archers ◇ part, bid farewell ◇ knack, trick of the trade
 否认否認 fǒurèn ◇ deny, reject, repudiate ◇ denial
 认 認 rèn ◇ recognize, know, distinguish ◇ admit, acknowledge ◇ adopt ◇ enter into/establish a relationship
 否则否則 fǒuzé ◇ otherwise, or else, if not
 则 則 zé ◇ {written, formal} then (in a consequence clause, as in xìn zé yǒu, bù xìn zé wú 信则有,不信则无/信则有,不信则无 "if you believe in them, then they exist; if you don't believe, then they don't exist" or jì lái zhī zé ān zhī 既来之则安之/既来之则安之 "since we are here, we may as well make the best of it") ◇ whereas, while, on the other hand, for his/her/its/their part (used after a subject to indicate a contrast with the subject of the preceding clause) ◇ {classical} be (equivalent to shì 是 or nǎishì 乃是) ◇ rule, regulation, law ◇ {measure word} (used for items of writing, like news items, fables, questions on a test, etc.)

夫妇夫婦 fūfū ◇ husband and wife
 夫 夫 fū ◇ adult man; husband ◇ man doing manual labour ◇ {archaic} conscripted labourer, corvée labourer
 妇 婦 fù ◇ married woman, wife ◇ woman
 夫人夫人 fūrén ◇ Mrs., Madame (mostly used for the wives of diplomats) ◇ wife (also read "fūren")

敷衍敷衍 fūyan ◇ go through the motions, be perfunctory ◇ barely get by ◇ just manage ◇ (in the pronunciation "fūyǎn": explain, expound)

俘虏俘虏 fúlǚ ◇ prisoner of war, captive ◇ capture, take prisoner
 俘 俘 fú ◇ take prisoner, capture, seize ◇ prisoner, captive; prisoner of war (POW)
 虏 虜 lǚ ◇ capture, take prisoner ◇ captive, prisoner of war ◇ contemptuous reference for foreign peoples ◇ slave, servant

幅 幅 fú ◇ (of cloth) width ◇ size, breadth, amplitude ◇ {measure word} (used for cloth, wool, silk, car-

pets, paintings, maps, scrolls, etc.)
 幅度幅度 fúdù ◇ extent, range, width ◇ amplitude

扶 扶 fú ◇ support with the hand, hold on for support ◇ straighten up, hold up, prop up ◇ help, assist, lend a hand ◇ Fu (surname)

服从服從 fúcóng ◇ obey, follow, submit to
 服 服 fú ◇ clothing, garments ◇ wear, put on (clothes) ◇ take (medicine) ◇ assume (a post), serve (in the military, a prison sentence, etc.) ◇ submit oneself to, obey ◇ cause to accept, convince ◇ be used to, accustomed to ◇ Fu (surname)

从 從 cóng ◇ from ◇ through, since, by ◇ ever (before negation, e.g., cóng méiyǒu 從沒有/从没有) ◇ always (usually followed by 不, 沒/没, 未 etc. to mean "never") ◇ follow, accompany ◇ comply, conform, follow, obey ◇ act in a certain way (e.g., cóngkuān 從寬/从宽 "treat with leniency") ◇ attendant, footman, follower ◇ secondary ◇ cousin (relationship based on having the same paternal ancestor) ◇ Cong (surname)

服气服氣 fúqì ◇ be fully convinced, accept ◇ submit willingly, accept defeat ◇ breath control method

气 氣 qì ◇ gas, air ◇ power ◇ vigour, spirit ◇ weather, climate ◇ thin clouds ◇ make angry ◇ get angry ◇ fate, destiny ◇ {Chinese philosophy} formative or creative spirit ◇ {Chinese med} qi, vital energy; functions (of internal organs); symptom (of a disease); nutrition

服务员 服務員 fúwùyuán ◇ attendant, service person

服装服裝 fúzhuāng ◇ clothing, costume, dress, garment, apparel
 装 裝 zhuāng ◇ dress up, play a part ◇ clothing, attire ◇ outfit for a journey, luggage ◇ (of performers, actors) costume and make-up ◇ feign, pretend, fake, make believe ◇ pack, load ◇ assemble, install, fit ◇ (book-)binding

福利福利 fúlì ◇ welfare, material well-being ◇ benefit (the people), improve the well-being (of the people)
 福气福氣 fúqì ◇ good fortune
 福 福 fú ◇ good fortune, blessing, happiness, luck ◇ {archaic} (of

women) make a curtsy (with the hands crossed on the chest) ◇ (short for Fújiàn 福建) Fujian Province ◇ Fu (surname)

气 氣 qì ◇ gas, air ◇ power ◇ vigour, spirit ◇ weather, climate ◇ thin clouds ◇ make angry ◇ get angry ◇ fate, destiny ◇ {Chinese philosophy} formative or creative spirit ◇ {Chinese med} qì, vital energy; functions (of internal organs); symptom (of a disease); nutrition

符号符號 fúhào ◇ mark, symbol ◇ insignia (of rank)

符 符 fú ◇ {history} a tally (given to an envoy as a credential); a symbol, sign ◇ tally with, fit, conform to, comply with ◇ a Taoist magical figure or drawing (for invoking/expelling spirits, bringing good/ill fortune, etc.) ◇ Fu (surname)

号 號 hào ◇ name, title, style name, assumed name, alias, literary name, sobriquet ◇ firm, business house ◇ sequence, kind, sort, type ◇ person of a certain type (as in bìng hào 病號/病号 "person on the sick list") ◇ number ◇ (after numerals) number..., day of the month, street number, house number ◇ {measure word} (for large numbers of people, transactions, deals, etc.) ◇ put a mark on, number, give a number to ◇ sign, signal ◇ size (of shoes, clothing, etc.) ◇ count, measure (as in hào mài 號脈/号脉 "feel the pulse") ◇ indicates the name of a ship, spacecraft, etc. (as in Qǐ yè hào 企業號/企业号 the "Enterprise") ◇ horn, trumpet, bugle ◇ bugle call

符合符合 fúhé ◇ conform to, accord with, meet (a standard, requirements, etc.), tally with (the facts) ◇ {physics} coincidence

辐射辐射 fúshè ◇ {physics} radiate ◇ emit radiation ◇ radiation ◇ {figurative} radiate (metaphor for influence spreading outward in all directions from a central point)

辐 輻 fú ◇ spoke (of a wheel)

俯视俯視 fǔshì ◇ look down at, overlook

俯 俯 fǔ ◇ bow, lower (the head) ◇ bend down, come down ◇ look down upon ◇ {document style} deign, condescend

视 視 shì ◇ look at, view, examine

◇ regard, consider, treat as, look upon as ◇ inspect, observe, watch, contrast, compare ◇ model oneself on, follow the example of ◇ {physics} apparent

抚摸撫摸 fǔmō ◇ to stroke, fondle

抚 撫 fǔ ◇ console, comfort

◇ foster, protect, nurture, raise ◇ stroke (with the hand), caress, press gently ◇ take, hold in one's hand

摸 摸 mō ◇ feel ◇ touch (gently) ◇ caress, stroke ◇ grope/fumble (for sth); feel one's way; grope in the dark ◇ sound out, feel out, try to find out

抚养撫養 fǔyǎng ◇ foster, bring up

腐败腐敗 fǔbài ◇ decayed, rotten, putrid ◇ (of ideas) decadent, musty ◇ (of behaviour) degenerate, corrupt ◇ (of a system, organization, measure, etc.) corrupt, decadent, degenerate 腐 腐 fǔ ◇ rotten, putrid, stale; rot, decompose ◇ {food/cuisine} bean curd

败 敗 bài ◇ beat, defeat; be defeated, fail ◇ spoil, ruin (a situation, one's appetite, etc.) ◇ counteract (like to a poison), relieve (like from inflammation) ◇ (of leaves, etc.) wither, decay ◇ cause the decline/ruin of 腐烂腐爛 fǔlàn ◇ rot, decompose ◇ rotten, corrupt (system, organization, etc.)

烂 爛 làn ◇ soft (from long cooking, high concentration of water, spoilage, etc.) ◇ rot, decompose (literally or figuratively) ◇ rotten ◇ (of a wound) fester ◇ (of clothing, etc.) tattered, worn out ◇ scrap (like paper, metal) ◇ chaotic, disordered, messy, in disarray ◇ thoroughly, utterly ◇ {written} bright, shining ◇ {TW usage} bad, low, underhanded

腐蚀腐蝕 fǔshí ◇ corrode (literally or figuratively)

蚀 蝕 shí ◇ lose (money, capital, etc.) ◇ erode ◇ eclipse (of the sun or moon)

腐朽腐朽 fǔxiǔ ◇ decayed, rotten, decomposed ◇ decay, rot, decompose ◇ decadent

辅导輔導 fǔdǎo ◇ {edu} help and give guidance ◇ coach

辅助輔助 fǔzhù ◇ assist, aid ◇ supplementary, auxiliary

辅 輔 fǔ ◇ assist, help, complement, supplement ◇ the cheekbone

◇ {archaic} area surrounding the capital ◇ wooden poles attached to the outside of a cart or carriage wheel (in ancient times, two per wheel to add strength for heavy loads) ◇ Fu (surname)

助 助 zhù ◇ help, aid, assist ◇ benefit

付款付款 fùkuǎn ◇ pay, make a payment

副 副 fù ◇ {admin} assistant, deputy, vice-, under-; assistant position ◇ auxiliary, secondary, subsidiary, second-in-command, complementary (when prefixed to an occupation or sb's office title, indicates secondary or assistant status) ◇ comply with, fit, correspond to ◇ {measure word}... set(s) of...,... pair(s) of... (used for things in pairs like spectacles, or things in sets) ◇ a (certain) look/expression (used to indicate a certain facial expression)

复活復活 fùhuó ◇ come back to life (often figurative) ◇ rebirth, resurgence ◇ {religion} the Resurrection ◇ Resurrection (title of novel by Tolstoy)

复 複 fù ◇ repeat, duplicate ◇ multiple, complex, compound, complicated ◇ lined garments

活 活 huó ◇ (be) alive, living ◇ (of a doctor, etc.) save lives ◇ keep alive, feed ◇ movable, flexible ◇ lively, active, vivid, quick ◇ really, exactly, simply ◇ job, work, project (mostly involving manual labour) ◇ (finished) product

复习復習 fùxí ◇ review (lessons, etc.)

复兴復興 fùxīng ◇ revive, rejuvenate

复印複印 fùyìn ◇ duplicate, copy, reprint

印 印 yìn ◇ seal, stamp, chop ◇ a mark, a trace ◇ print, engrave, stamp ◇ India ◇ Yin (surname)

复杂複雜 fùzá ◇ complex, complicated, intricate (the traditional character version is also written as 復雜)

复制複製 fùzhì ◇ duplicate, make a duplicate, reproduce (a work of art, etc.), copy (a CD, etc.) ◇ {biology} clone, replicate

制 製 zhì ◇ make, manufacture ◇ tailor, cut out material and make clothing ◇ compose, write ◇ composition, written piece ◇ model, type ◇ {measure word} measure word for items of clothing

妇女婦女 fùnǚ ◇ women, woman (general term for adult women)

妇 婦 fū ◇ married woman, wife ◇ woman

女 女 nǚ ◇ woman, female ◇ girl, daughter ◇ {Chinese astronomy} Nǚ (Nǚ Xiù 女宿 "Nǚ constellation", one of the Èrshíbā Xiù 二十八宿 "28 Lunar Mansions of the Chinese zodiac")

富 富 fù ◇ rich, wealthy (in contrast to pín 貧/贫 "poor", or qióng 窮/穷 "poor") ◇ riches, wealth, resources, property ◇ enrich ◇ rich in... ◇ abundant, plentiful, sufficient, ample ◇ Fu (surname)

富裕富裕 fùyù ◇ prosperity ◇ prosperous, well-to-do, wealthy ◇ Fuyu (county, Hēilóngjiāng 黑龍江/黑龙江 Province)

父亲父親 fùqin ◇ father

父 父 fù ◇ father ◇ male family member or relative of an older generation

亲 親 qīn ◇ parent ◇ relative, kin ◇ blood (relation) ◇ intimate, close, near and dear ◇ personally, in person ◇ marriage, match ◇ bride ◇ in favour of, supporting, pro- ◇ kiss

腹泻腹瀉 fùxiè ◇ {med} diarrhea

腹 腹 fù ◇ stomach, belly, abdomen; {figurative} belly (of a jar, pot, etc.) ◇ one's heart, one's feelings; embrace, clutch in one's bosom, be wholehearted ◇ the inside, inner part; thick, protruding (belly-like)

泻 瀉 xiè ◇ flow swiftly, rush down in torrents ◇ have diarrhea

覆盖覆蓋 fùgài ◇ cover; coverage

覆 覆 fù ◇ {written} cover, engulf, envelop ◇ {written} overturn; turn around/over, capsize ◇ (used like fù 復/复) reply, answer

盖 蓋 gài ◇ lid, cover, cap ◇ shell, carapace ◇ canopy (of a carriage) ◇ cover (over), put over or on (like a cover, lid, blanket,

etc.) ◇ affix (an official seal) ◇ overwhelm, surpass, drown out (a sound) ◇ build, put up (a structure with a roof) ◇ {regional, slang} excellent, terrific, great ◇ {agriculture, tool} rectangular harrow ◇ Gài (surname) ◇ for, because, in fact ◇ {written} about, around, approximately

负担負擔 fūdān ◇ a burden/responsibility ◇ bear, shoulder (a burden, responsibility, expenses, etc.)
负责負責 fùzé ◇ be responsible for, be in charge of

赋予赋予 fùyǔ ◇ entrust (sb) with (a mission, responsibility), give (a right, etc.) to (sb)

赋 賦 fù ◇ grant, bestow, vest/endow with ◇ {archaic} land tax, agricultural tax ◇ {literature} Prose Poetry, the Prose Poem (a literary form that developed from the Han, Wei and Six Dynasties Period featuring a combination of prose and verse and a highly descriptive vocabulary) ◇ write/compose (poetry)

予 予 yǔ ◇ give, present, grant,

confer, bestow

附和附和 fùhè ◇ echo, ape (another's words, actions)

附件附件 fùjiàn ◇ appendix, supplement ◇ enclosure (of a document, etc.) ◇ accessory, additional part (for a machine, etc.)

附近附近 fùjìn ◇ close(-by), adjacent ◇ in the vicinity ◇ neighbouring

附属附属 fùshǔ ◇ attached, affiliated, subsidiary ◇ be attached to, belong to

附 附 fù ◇ attachment ◇ attach, add, append, enclose ◇ approach, draw near, get close; close by, near ◇ agree to, yield to, comply with, depend on, attach oneself to

属 屬 shǔ ◇ belong to (the category of...) ◇ be subordinate to, be under or within (e.g., the jurisdiction of), be attached to ◇ be born in the year of the... (followed by one of the animals represented by a dìzhī 地支 "Earthly Branch") ◇ be ◇ class, category ◇ {biology} genus ◇ family members, dependents, relatives

G

改变改變 gǎibiàn ◇ to change, transform, alter ◇ change, transformation, alteration

改 改 gǎi ◇ change, transform, alter, convert ◇ change to, switch to ◇ revise, polish, modify, reform, improve ◇ correct, remedy, put right, amend ◇

Gai (surname)

变 變 biàn ◇ change ◇ change into, turn into ◇ cause change, transform ◇ changeable, variable ◇ sell off (like property) ◇ major turn of events

改革改革 gǎigé ◇ reform

改进改進 gǎijìn ◇ improve ◇ improvement(s)

进 進 jìn ◇ advance, move forward/ahead (opposite of tuì 退) ◇ enter, come/go in ◇ take in, bring in, receive ◇ recruit, admit ◇ submit, present ◇ eat, drink, take ◇ (as verb ending) into, in ◇ {measure word} (of an old-style residential compound with an inner courtyard or multiple linked courtyards) a courtyard and its associated rooms ◇ {sports} goal (in soccer) ◇ {Chinese chess} advance (a number of points)

改良改良 gǎiliáng ◇ improve, ameliorate, better ◇ improvement, amelioration ◇ reform

改善改善 gǎishàn ◇ improve, ameliorate, get/make better, change (sth) for the better ◇ improvement, amelioration

改正改正 gǎizhèng ◇ to correct, amend ◇ correction

概括概括 gàikuò ◇ generalize, summarize ◇ briefly, in broad outline

概念概念 gàiniàn ◇ concept, notion, idea

盖 蓋 gài ◇ lid, cover, cap ◇ shell, carapace ◇ canopy (of a carriage) ◇ cover (over), put over or on (like a cover, lid, blanket, etc.) ◇ affix (an official seal) ◇ overwhelm, surpass, drown out (a sound) ◇ build, put up (a structure with a roof) ◇ {regional, slang} excellent, terrific, great ◇ {agriculture, tool} rectangular harrow ◇

Gài (surname) ◇ for, because, in fact ◇ {written} about, around, approxima-

tely

盖章蓋章 gàizhāng ◇ seal, stamp or mark with a seal

章 章 zhāng ◇ chapter, section, division (of a book, poem, music piece) ◇ item, clause (of a regulation, treaty) ◇ order, orderliness ◇ rules, regulations, charter, constitution ◇ memorial (to the Emperor) ◇ seal, stamp, chop ◇ badge, insignia, medal ◇ Zhang (surname)

钙 鈣 gài ◇ calcium (Ca)

尴尬尷尬 gāngà ◇ (of a person) be embarrassed, feel awkward or ill at ease ◇ be in a tight spot ◇ (of a situation, question, etc.) be embarrassing/awkward ◇ awkward situation, embarrassment, predicament

干 乾 gān ◇ dry, arid ◇ (let sth) dry; dried up, dried out; (of food) dried or preserved ◇ dried food ◇ hollow, empty, exhausted, all gone ◇ useless, to no avail, in vain, futile ◇ {regional} impolite, rude, blunt; (of behaviour, remarks, etc.) embarrassing, offensive; cold-shoulder, ignore

干 幹 gàn ◇ do, manage, implement, handle, work, act ◇ cadre (short for gànbù 幹部/干部) ◇ capable, able, talented, competent ◇ assume the office of, hold the post of, undertake (a job, task, etc.) ◇ trunk (of a tree), stem ◇ main part, most important part ◇ shaft (like of an arrow) ◇ trunk, main (like line of a railroad, stream)

干杯乾杯 gānbēi ◇ bottoms up, drink a toast, drink up (a phrase when giving a toast)

杯 杯 bēi ◇ cup, glass; cup (as a trophy) ◇ {measure word}... cup(s) of...,... glass(es) of... (used for the quantity of liquid which a cup or glass can hold)

干脆乾脆 gāncuì ◇ just, simply ◇ direct and to the point, straightforward, clear-cut

脆 脆 cuì ◇ brittle, fragile ◇ (of food, fresh vegetables, etc.) crisp, crispy, crunchy ◇ (of sound, voice, etc.) clear and crisp, clear and sharp ◇ {regional} tidy, neat, clear-cut, straightforward

干旱乾旱 gānhàn ◇ dry, arid ◇

drought

旱 旱 hàn ◇ drought, dry spell; suffer a drought ◇ dryland (in contrast to wetland) ◇ parched land ◇ {transport} on land, overland (in contrast to "by water")

干净乾淨 gānjìng ◇ clean, trim, neat ◇ thoroughly, completely

净 淨 jìng ◇ clean ◇ wipe clean ◇ completely, exhaustively ◇ net (like weight, profit) ◇ only, merely ◇ {Chinese opera} painted face role

干扰干擾 gānrǎo ◇ disturb; interfere; distract; distraction ◇ {electrical} interfere; interference; jam; jamming

干涉干涉 gānshè ◇ interfere, intervene ◇ interference, intervention ◇ connection

涉 涉 shè ◇ ford, wade ◇ experience, go through, undergo ◇ involve ◇ move (like the pen) ◇ She (surname)

干预干預 gānyù ◇ intervene, interfere, meddle

干燥乾燥 gānzào ◇ dry, arid (i.e. weather) ◇ dull, dry, boring

燥 燥 zào ◇ dry ◇ {med} dryness

感动感動 gǎndòng ◇ move, touch (emotionally)

感 感 gǎn ◇ feel, sense, perceive, be aware of ◇ affect, move, touch (emotionally) ◇ be/feel grateful, thankful, obliged ◇ {Chinese med} be affected, be sensitive (like to cold) ◇ feeling, sense, sensation, impression, perception ◇ (of film, etc.) sensitive (to light)

动 動 dòng ◇ move, budge ◇ get moving, move into action, stir, act ◇ touch, displace, alter the position/shape of ◇ motion, movement (in contrast to jìng 靜/静 "still, calm") ◇ alter, change, modify ◇ use, put into use, make use of ◇ touch, move, sway, stir up, excite, arouse (like feelings) ◇ consume (food or drink) (mostly used with the negative) ◇ frequently, often, at every turn, easily

感激感激 gǎnjī ◇ feel grateful

感觉感覺 gǎnjué ◇ feel, sense ◇ feeling, sense, sensation ◇ feel, perceive, think

觉 覺 jué ◇ feel, think, sense ◇ sensation, perception ◇ wake up, awake ◇ become awakened, come to realize, find out, discover, become aware (of), become conscious (of)

感慨感慨 gǎnkǎi ◇ sigh with emotion

(usu. a mixture of emotions); be deeply affected/impressed/moved/struck (in reaction to what one has experienced, seen, read, etc.) ◇ exclaim with emotion ◇ with deep emotion ◇ emotions/feelings evoked (by what one has experienced, seen, etc.), emotional reaction

感冒感冒 gǎnmào ◇ a cold, the common cold ◇ the flu ◇ {colloquial} be interested in (mostly used in the negative: duì... bù gǎnmào

對.....不感冒/对.....不感冒) ◇ {TW usage} (used after a duì 對/对... phrase) have a distaste (for), have an aversion to, can't stand (sb or sth)

感情感情 gǎnqíng ◇ feeling(s), sentiment(s), emotion(s) ◇ love, affection

感染感染 gǎnrǎn ◇ infect (literally or figuratively); infection

感受感受 gǎnshòu ◇ feel, experience (some sensation, emotion, etc.); be impressed by ◇ feeling, perception, impression, experience, sensation ◇ {physiology, psychology} perceive ◇ {Chinese med} be affected by (like cold)

感想感想 gǎnxiǎng ◇ impressions, feelings, reflections

感谢感謝 gǎnxiè ◇ thank, be grateful ◇ gratitude

谢 謝 xiè ◇ thank ◇ apologize ◇ decline (an invitation, etc.) ◇ take one's leave ◇ fall (of leaves, flowers) ◇ wither and fall ◇ die of old age ◇ Xie (city in Tanghe, Hénán 河南 Province) ◇ Xie (surname)

兴趣興趣 xìngqù ◇ interest (taken in sth)

兴 興 xīng ◇ thriving, prosperous, flourishing ◇ thrive, prosper, flourish ◇ become popular/fashionable ◇ start, begin, found ◇ mobilize, call into action ◇ {literature} stand up, get up, rise ◇ {regional} allow, permit, let (mostly used with the negative) ◇ {regional} perhaps, maybe, probably ◇ Xing (surname)

趣 趣 qù ◇ interest, excitement, delight, amusement ◇ interesting, pleasant, amusing ◇ bent, inclination, purpose

敢 敢 gǎn ◇ dare (to do sth); daring, bold, brave, courageous ◇ be sure, be certain ◇ {regional} surely, certainly; perhaps, probably ◇ {humb-

le/polite} venture, dare, take the liberty (to ask, etc.)

赶 趕 gǎn ◇ pursue, chase, follow, run after, catch up, overtake ◇ hurry, rush; be hurried, be rushed ◇ rush for, make a dash for, try to catch (like a bus, plane, etc.) ◇ drive, herd (farm animals, livestock, etc.) ◇ drive away/out, expel ◇ happen to...; (of a situation) run into, encounter, come across (usually suffixed with shàng 上) ◇ take advantage of (an opportunity) ◇ till, until, by (the time...)

赶紧趕緊 gǎnjǐn ◇ hurry, hasten, waste no time

赶快趕快 gǎnkuài ◇ quickly
快 快 kuài ◇ fast ◇ hurry up ◇ soon, shortly ◇ keen, sharp (-witted, etc.) ◇ content, happy ◇ Kuai (surname)

干活儿 幹活兒 gànhuór ◇ to work (usu. manual labour)

干 幹 gàn ◇ do, manage, implement, handle, work, act ◇ cadre (short for gànbù 幹部/干部) ◇ capable, able, talented, competent ◇ assume the office of, hold the post of, undertake (a job, task, etc.) ◇ trunk (of a tree), stem ◇ main part, most important part ◇ shaft (like of an arrow) ◇ trunk, main (like line of a railroad, stream)

活 活 huó ◇ (be) alive, living ◇ (of a doctor, etc.) save lives ◇ keep alive, feed ◇ movable, flexible ◇ lively, active, vivid, quick ◇ really, exactly, simply ◇ job, work, project (mostly involving manual labour) ◇ (finished) product

儿 兒 ér ◇ child, baby, son (written as "r" when used as a suffix, indicates smallness [e.g., mào 帽兒/帽儿 "hat"]; after a verb/adjective turns it into a noun [e.g., chī 吃兒/吃儿 "eatables, food"]; added to a concrete noun turns it into an abstract noun [e.g., mén 門兒/门儿 "work"]; added to a noun to change its original meaning [e.g., báimiàn 白麵兒/白面儿 means "heroin", while báimiàn 白麵/白面 means "white flour"]; used as suffix to certain verbs [e.g., wán 玩兒/玩儿 "play"])

干劲幹勁 gànjìn ◇ zeal, drive, vigour, enthusiasm

刚 剛 gāng ◇ just (a moment ago) ◇ exactly, just, precisely ◇ bare-

ly, just ◇ just when...; hardly...

when...(often in combination with jiù 就 expressing "... when...") ◇ hard, firm, strong, staunch ◇ Gang (surname)

刚才剛才 gāngcái ◇ just now, just a moment ago

才 才 cái ◇ talent, ability, gift ◇ talented (or capable, gifted) person, talent ◇ Cai (surname) ◇ (used like 纔/才) {grammar} just (now) (indicates sth has just happened) ◇ only, only then (indicates sth happening later than expected) ◇ only in this case, only under such a condition (indicates sth happens only under a given condition) ◇ only after... (indicates sth new has happened) ◇ barely, hardly, only (indicates sth/sb is comparatively small/weak) ◇ definitely, by all means (used for emphasis/assertion, usually followed by the sentence-final particle ne 呢)

杠杆槓桿 gànggǎn ◇ lever

纲领綱領 gānglǐng ◇ program (of a government, political party, etc.) ◇ guiding principles

钢铁鋼鐵 gāngtiě ◇ steel and iron, steel ◇ strong, firm (will, etc.)

岗位崗位 gǎngwèi ◇ (guard or sentry) post ◇ job, position, post

岗 崗 gǎng ◇ hillock, mound, low hill ◇ ridge (of a hill) ◇ sentry post ◇ (used like gǎngwèi 崗位/岗位) job, position

位 位 wèi ◇ {measure word, formal/polite}... lady/ladies/gentleman/gentlemen (used for persons) ◇ place, position, location ◇ status, situation, position ◇ be located ◇ throne ◇ {math} digit, place ◇ {physics} potential ◇ Wei (surname)

港口港口 gǎngkǒu ◇ port, harbour

港湾港灣 gǎngwān ◇ harbor, bay

港 港 gǎng ◇ port, harbour ◇ branch (of a river) (character often used in place names, like Xiānggǎng 香港 "Hong Kong") ◇ [G-] (short for Xiānggǎng 香港) Hong Kong

湾 灣 wān ◇ river bend ◇ bay, gulf ◇ anchor, moor

高 高 gāo ◇ high, tall (in contrast to dī 低 "low"); height ◇ (of quali-

ty, etc.) above average, top, superior, advanced ◇ of high(er) rank/degree/level ◇ (of sound) (too) loud/sharp/high ◇ {honorific} your, his/her, their (opinion, etc.) ◇ old, aged ◇ expensive, dear ◇ {colloquial, new usage} tipsy/drunk, "high" (on alcohol or drugs) (a literal translation of English "high") ◇ {chem} (of a chemical compound) "high-oxygen"; containing one more oxygen atom (as in gāoměngsuānjiǎ 高锰酸钾/高锰酸钾 "potassium permanganate") ◇ {math, geometry} the altitude (like of a triangle) ◇ Gao (surname)

高超高超 gāochāo ◇ superb, excellent, outstanding

高潮高潮 gāocháo ◇ high tide (literally or figuratively) ◇ high point, climax (of a story, play, etc.)

高档高檔 gāodàng ◇ high-grade, high-quality, high-class ◇ upmarket ◇ expensive and of good quality

档 檔 dàng ◇ cabinet, shelf (mostly for storing files) ◇ files, records, archives ◇ crosspiece (of a table, etc.) ◇ (of quality) grade ◇ (of television broadcasts) time slot ◇ {regional} open-air stall/stand (for selling goods or serving food)

高峰高峰 gāofēng ◇ mountain peak, summit ◇ pinnacle ◇ {figurative} (a/the) peak (e.g., in traffic)

高级高级 gāojí ◇ senior, high (level, ranking) ◇ advanced, high (grade, quality, class)

级 級 jí ◇ grade, level, rank, class ◇ (of schools) year, grade, class, level ◇ (of stairs) a step ◇ {academic} degree ◇ {measure word}...step(s)/stage(s)/storey(s) of... (used for steps [of stairs], stages [of rockets], storeys/levels [of towers], etc.)

高明高明 gāomíng ◇ wise, bright, clever ◇ wise person

高尚高尚 gāoshàng ◇ lofty, noble, exalted ◇ refined, high-class, respectable, meaningful (like entertainment) ◇ elegant and fashionable (short for gāoyǎ shíshàng 高雅时尚/高雅时尚)

高速公路 高速公路 gāosùgōnglù ◇ expressway

高兴高興 gāoxìng ◇ happy, glad ◇ be happy to, be glad to

兴 興 xīng ◇ thriving, prosperous, flourishing ◇ thrive, prosper, flourish ◇ beco-

me popular/fashionable ◇ start, begin, found ◇ mobilize, call into action ◇ {literature} stand up, get up, rise ◇ {regional} allow, permit, let (mostly used with the negative) ◇ {regional} perhaps, maybe, probably ◇ Xing (surname)

高涨高涨 gāozhǎng ◇ rise high, surge upward (of prices, a movement, enthusiasm, etc.)

涨 漲 zhǎng ◇ rise (like of water, prices)

搞 搞 gǎo ◇ do, be engaged in, carry on ◇ make, work out, formulate, produce ◇ organize, set up, start (a business, etc.) ◇ get (hold of), secure, arrange for ◇ cause to become... (indicates the producing of a certain effect, as in gǎo qīngchū 搞清楚 "get clear on, find out for certain")

稿件稿件 gǎojiàn ◇ manuscript (for publication)

告别告别 gàobié ◇ leave, part from ◇ say goodbye to, take one's leave ◇ mourn the deceased

告 告 gào ◇ tell, inform, notify, report ◇ tell on (sb) ◇ {law} seek legal action against, accuse, sue, bring a case against ◇ request, solicit, ask for ◇ announce, declare ◇ announce/declare the completion (of a task, project, etc.)

别 別 bié ◇ other, another, different ◇ depart, leave, separate ◇ {regional} change, turn around ◇ distinguish, differentiate ◇ distinction, difference ◇ category, type ◇ stick into, obstruct (sb/sth) ◇ trip (sb), cause to stumble ◇ block (another bike or other vehicle with one's own) ◇ (contraction of the prohibitive bùyào 不要) "don't...!" ◇ Bie (surname)

告辞告辭 gàocí ◇ take one's leave, say goodbye to (one's host)

辞 辭 cí ◇ word(s), speech, expression, phrase ◇ diction, phraseology ◇ take leave ◇ resign, hand in one's resignation ◇ dismiss, discharge ◇ decline, refuse to accept ◇ dodge, evade, shirk ◇ (used like cí 詞/词) words (of a speech, song, etc.) ◇ wording, language ◇ {linguistics} word, character compound, expression

告诫告诫 gàojiè ◇ warn, admonish

诫 誡 jiè ◇ warn, admonish ◇ exhortation, injunction

告诉告诉 gàosu ◇ tell, inform

诉 訴 sù ◇ tell, inform ◇ speak

one's mind ◇ unburden oneself ◇ complain ◇
{law} accuse, sue, take to court ◇ appeal (like
to a higher court)

割 割 gē ◇ cut (off), sever ◇
divide, separate, give up, cede (territory)

哥哥哥哥 gēge ◇ elder brother

搁 搁 gē ◇ put, place, lay ◇
put in, add ◇ leave over, put aside,
shelve

歌颂歌颂 gēsòng ◇ sing the
praises of, eulogize

歌 歌 gē ◇ song ◇ sing,
chant

颂 颂 sòng ◇ praise, laud, extol ◇
extend good wishes ◇ ode, song ◇ Sacrificial
Songs (as a section of the Shījīng 詩經/诗经
"Book of Odes")

疙瘩 疙瘩 gēda ◇ {med} a swelling or
lump on the skin, pimple(s), acne; carbuncle,
boil ◇ knot, lump ◇ {figurative} knot (in one's
mind); hang-up; misunderstanding ◇ {regional}
{MW} (like kuài 块, for pieces of sth, stones,
etc.) ◇ {regional} trouble, difficulty

胳膊胳膊 gēbo ◇ the arm

鸽子鸽子 gēzi ◇ pigeon, dove

鸽 鸽 gē ◇ pigeon, dove, Columba livia

子 子 zǐ ◇ son, child ◇ person ◇
(of melons, etc.) seed ◇ (of fowl, fish) egg, roe
◇ sth small and hard (pebble, bead, etc.) ◇
sub(ordinate) ◇ (in Chinese chess) a chess piece
◇ {history} viscount (the fourth of the five
ranks of nobility) ◇ {respectful address} master,
sir; Master... (suffix added to the names of
ancient philosophers, such as Kǒngzǐ 孔子
"Confucius", Mèngzǐ 孟子 "Mencius") ◇ zi (first
of the twelve Dìzhī 地支 "Earthly Branches") ◇
zi (11:00 p.m. to 1:00 a.m.; one of the twelve
two-hour periods in a day) ◇ Zi (surname)

格局格局 géjú ◇ pattern, arrangement,
layout, set-up, structure ◇ landscape, line-up

格式格式 géshi ◇ format, (standard)
form/layout ◇ {computers} format

格外格外 géwài ◇ especially, exceptionally,
all the more

隔壁隔壁 gébì ◇ next door ◇ bulk-

head

隔阂隔阂 géhé ◇ estrangement ◇
misunderstanding ◇ barrier, obstacle
(like of language)

隔 隔 gé ◇ separate, stand/lie
between, divide, partition ◇ at an interval of,
at a distance from, spaced at
(a certain distance)

阂 阂 hé ◇ cut off from, out of
contact with, not in communication with, in-

communicado
隔离隔離 gélí ◇ separate, isolate,
segregate, quarantine

离 離 lí ◇ distance (between,
from) ◇ (following distance measure)... distant
(from) ◇ leave, go away ◇ lacking, without ◇
Li (one of the Eight Trigrams in the Yijing
易經/易经 "Book of Changes") ◇ cut, sever ◇
meet with, encounter ◇ set out, display ◇ ex-
perience ◇ bright ◇ {musical instrument} li
(large qín 琴 [guitar/zither]) ◇ Li (surname)

革命革命 géming ◇ revolution
◇ revolutionary ("change the mandate
[of heaven]")

个 個 gè ◇ {measure word}
(usually pronounced in the qīngshēng
輕聲/轻声 "light tone") (used before a
noun not having a dedicated measure
word of its own, e.g., sān gè xīngqī 三
個星期/三个星期 "three weeks", liǎng
gè wèntí 兩個問題/两个问题 "two ques-
tions/problems") ◇ (contraction of yī
gè 一個/一个, used between a verb and
its object) a... ◇ (pronounced with full
fourth tone) individual

个别個別 gèbié ◇ individual, particu-
lar, specific, separate ◇ very few, one
or two, a handful of, rare, isolated
(case, etc.)

个人個人 gèrén ◇ (as an) individual;
person (in contrast to jí tǐ 集體/集体
"collective") ◇ I, me

人 人 rén ◇ person(s), human
being(s), people, man ◇ somebody else,
the others ◇ Ren (surname)

个体個體 gètǐ ◇ individual

个性個性 gèxìng ◇ (of a person) indi-
viduality, individual traits/characteris-
tics, (individual) character/personality
◇ {philosophy} (of things) individuality,
particular characteristic of contradic-

tion, specific property

性 性 xìng ◇ nature, character, disposition, temperament ◇ property, quality ◇ sex; sexual desire ◇ {linguistics} gender ◇ -type (when used as a suffix indicates quality, scope or aspect) ◇ {Buddhism} essence; life
个 子 个 子 gèzi ◇ height, stature, build

各 各 gè ◇ each, every, all ◇ respectively, variously ◇ the various..., the different...

各 抒 己 见 各 抒 己 见 gèshūjǐjiàn
◇ each states their own views

见 见 jiàn ◇ see, perceive ◇ be exposed to, come in contact with, meet with, call on ◇ show evidence of, appear/seem to be ◇ view, opinion, understanding ◇ {written} (as a particle, when preceding a verb indicates the passive voice, or the request towards sb to do sth for the writer)

各 自 各 自 gèzì ◇ each one ◇ respective ◇ individual

给 给 gěi ◇ give, hand (to), present, grant ◇ (after a verb indicating transfer) to, toward; for, for the benefit of ◇ let, allow (also used as an emphatic particle, mainly in passive-voice sentences)

给 予 给 予 jǐyǔ ◇ give, render, furnish, offer

给 给 gěi ◇ give, hand (to), present, grant ◇ (after a verb indicating transfer) to, toward; for, for the benefit of ◇ let, allow (also used as an emphatic particle, mainly in passive-voice sentences)

予 予 yǔ ◇ give, present, grant, confer, bestow

根 根 gēn ◇ root (of a plant) ◇ (one's ethnic, cultural, etc.) roots ◇ {math} root; solution to an algebraic equation ◇ {chem} radical, root, base, foundation ◇ origin, source, cause ◇ (male) offspring, progeny ◇ entirely, totally, thoroughly, completely ◇ according to, on the basis of ◇ {measure word} (used for long, thin objects, e.g., sticks, scallions, candles, matches, hairs, string, rope, etc.)

根 本 根 本 gēnběn ◇ root, source, base, foundation ◇ basic, funda-

mental, essential ◇ (when followed by a negative) simply, (not)... at all; (not) in any way, shape, or form ◇ (often in the negative) completely, radically ◇ totally, thoroughly

根 据 根 据 gēnjù ◇ according to, on the basis of ◇ basis, grounds

据 据 jù ◇ according to, based on ◇ depending on ◇ rely on, depend on ◇ occupy, seize, hold ◇ proof, evidence

根 深 蒂 固 根 深 蒂 固 gēnshēndìgù
◇ "the roots go deep and the stem is solid"—deep rooted, ingrained

根 源 根 源 gēnyuán ◇ root, source, origin

跟 跟 gēn ◇ heel (of the foot, a shoe, etc.) ◇ follow (close behind) ◇ (of a woman) marry sb ◇ {grammar} (as a preposition indicating the recipient of an action) together with, to, toward, from; (as a preposition indicating comparison) as, like; (as a conjunction joining items) and, with

跟 前 跟 前 gēnqián ◇ in front of, near (by), close to

跟 随 跟 随 gēnsuí ◇ follow, accompany

随 随 suí ◇ follow ◇ comply with, go along with ◇ listen to, let (sb do as he pleases), leave it up to (sb) ◇ with, along with, in compliance with ◇ in passing, as one pleases, at one's convenience ◇ {colloquial} look like, resemble, take after ◇ (used before two verbs or verbal phrases to indicate that the first action is immediately followed by the latter) as ◇ {divination} Sui (one of the sixty-four hexagrams in the Yìjīng 易经/易经 "Book of Changes") ◇ Sui (ancient state during the Western Zhou Dynasty in Sui County, Húběi 湖北 Province) ◇

Sui (place during the Chūnqiū 春秋 Period [770-476 BCE] in Jiexiu, Shānxī 山西 Province) ◇ Sui (surname)

跟 踪 跟 踪 gēnzōng ◇ follow, track, shadow

踪 踪 zōng ◇ footprint, trace, track ◇ follow, track

耕 地 耕 地 gēngdì ◇ farmland, cultivated land, arable land

更 更 gèng ◇ more, still more, even more ◇ furthermore, further, what is more...

更 新 更 新 gēngxīn ◇ renew, renovate, replace, update, upgrade ◇ re-

newal, renovation, replacement ◇ (of forest, grassland, etc.) renew, rejuvenate, regenerate
更正更正 gēngzhèng ◇ correct (what one has said, a mistake in article, etc.) ◇ correction

供 供 gōng ◇ supply, provide, furnish (funds/material) ◇ (provide/furnish) for (sb) to (use, refer to, etc.) ◇ make regular payments on a loan for (a house, car, etc.) ◇ (mortgage or auto loan) payment

不 不 bù ◇ not ◇ no
应 应 yīng ◇ should, ought to, must ◇ answer, respond, reply ◇ agree, accept, promise ◇ Ying (surname)

求 求 qiú ◇ beg, request, beseech ◇ ask (for), demand ◇ seek, strive for ◇ demand ◇ Qiu (surname)

供给供给 gōngjǐ ◇ furnish, provide, supply

给 给 gěi ◇ give, hand (to), present, grant ◇ (after a verb indicating transfer) to, toward; for, for the benefit of ◇ let, allow (also used as an emphatic particle, mainly in passive-voice sentences)

公安局 公安局 gōng'ānjú
◇ Public Security Bureau ◇ police station

公布公布 gōngbù ◇ make public, announce, issue, publish (a report, a list, figures), promulgate, proclaim (a resolution)

公道公道 gōngdao ◇ impartial, fair, reasonable, just; impartiality, fairness, reason, justice

公告公告 gōnggào ◇ inform (the public), announce ◇ public announcement, proclamation

公共汽车 公共汽車 gōnggòngqìchē
◇ bus

公共公共 gōnggòng ◇ public, common, communal

汽 汽 qì ◇ steam, vapour, gas
车 車 chē ◇ vehicle, car ◇ implement or machine containing rotating elements (like a spinning wheel, water wheel, windmill) ◇ machine, turn on a lathe ◇ draw/lift water with a water wheel ◇ {dialect} carry (away) in a vehicle ◇ {dialect} sew sth on a sewing machine ◇ turn (one's body) ◇ Che (surname)

公关公关 gōngguān ◇ public relations, PR (short for gōnggòng guānxì 公

共關係/公共关系) ◇ public relations personnel

公 公 gōng ◇ public, collective, government-owned, state-owned; make public ◇ general, common ◇ official (affairs/business) ◇ fair, just, impartial, equitable ◇ (of measure units) international, metric ◇ (of animals) male (in contrast to mǔ 母 "female") ◇ duke (the highest of the five titles of nobility in feudal times) ◇ Gong (surname)

关 關 guān ◇ close, shut (a door, window, etc.) ◇ turn/switch off (the lights, the TV, etc.) ◇ shut in, lock up, confine (a bird in a cage, a person in jail, etc.) ◇ close down (a store, business, etc.) ◇ guard/defense post, mountain pass (or other place of strategic importance); the area outside the city gate ◇ bolt, bar (of a door or gate) ◇ customs house, checkpoint, barrier, juncture ◇ key, crucial ◇ {figurative} crucial point ◇ involve, concern, implicate ◇ {history} pay (wages) ◇ Guan (surname)

公斤公斤 gōngjīn ◇ kilogram

公开公開 gōngkāi ◇ public, open, overt; publicly, openly ◇ make public, (publicly) disclose

开 開 kāi ◇ open, open up, reclaim ◇ turn on (a light, the TV, a switch, etc.), be on ◇ operate, run (a machine, etc.) ◇ boil (water), boiled (water) ◇ lift (a restriction, ban, etc.) ◇ (of troops) move (in...) ◇ start, begin, set up (like a restaurant, shop, etc.) ◇ hold (a meeting, party, etc.) ◇ write, make out (like a prescription, receipt) ◇ pay (wages, a salary, etc.) ◇ (of a waterway) thaw, become navigable ◇ {regional} kick out, sack, fire ◇ (as a verb suffix)... far and wide; start (doing sth) ◇ rough percentage, approximate proportion ◇ {printing} folio (unit of paper size) ◇ Kai (surname)

公里公里 gōnglǐ ◇ kilometer

里 裏 lǐ ◇ in, inside (as a postposition)

公民公民 gōngmín ◇ citizen, national

公平公平 gōngpíng ◇ fair, equitable ◇ fairness II (also pronounced gōngpíng in colloquial contexts)

公然公然 gōngrán ◇ openly, publicly, blatantly, brazenly, undisguisedly

公认公認 gōngrèn ◇ established, generally recognized

认 認 rèn ◇ recognize, know, distinguish ◇ admit, acknowledge ◇ adopt ◇ en-

ter into/establish a relationship

公式公式 gōngshì ◇ formula ◇
universally applicable method (in a
field)

公司公司 gōngsī ◇ company, corpora-
tion, firm

公务公務 gōngwù ◇ official busi-
ness, public affairs

务 務 wù ◇ affair, business ◇ treat
with priority ◇ be engaged in, pursue ◇ Wu
(surname)

公寓公寓 gōngyù ◇ apartment
house ◇ boarding house, rooming
house

公元公元 gōngyuán ◇ the com-
mon era, the Christian era ◇ A.D., CE

公园公園 gōngyuán ◇ public park,
public garden

园 園 yuán ◇ garden, orchard or si-
milar place where plants are grown ◇ park or
similar place of public recreation ◇ Imperial
tombs

公正公正 gōngzhèng ◇ just, impar-
tial, fair (judgment, etc.)

公证公證 gōngzhèng ◇ notarize ◇
notarization

证 證 zhèng ◇ {law} evidence, proof;
give evidence, testify (to), demonstrate, prove
(in court) ◇ prove, confirm, verify ◇ proof ◇
certificate, card ◇ official documentation

公主公主 gōngzhǔ ◇ princess

功夫功夫 gōngfu ◇ time ◇
skill, talent ◇ work, effort ◇ martial
arts, kungfu

功劳功勞 gōngláo ◇ meritorious
deeds, credit, service, contribution

功 功 gōng ◇ accomplishment,
achievement, feat, good result; success,
merit, meritorious deed/service, contri-
bution (in contrast to guò 過/过 "mist-
ake, fault, error") ◇ skill, technique ◇
{physics} (technical) work

劳 勞 láo ◇ work, labour, toil ◇
(preceding a request) "may I trouble you..." ◇
fatigue ◇ service, meritorious deed ◇ Lao (sur-
name)

功能功能 gōngnéng ◇ function,
feature

功效功效 gōngxiào ◇ efficacy, ef-
fect

宫殿宮殿 gōngdiàn ◇ palace

宫殿宮殿 gōngdiàn ◇ palace

工厂工廠 gōngchǎng ◇ factory,
plant, mill

工 工 gōng ◇ work, labour; wor-
ker, labourer ◇ (construction/enginee-
ring) project ◇ industry ◇ (short for
gōngchéngshī 工程師/工程师) engineer
◇ man-day ◇ craftsmanship, work-
manship, skill ◇ be expert at, be good
at, be versed in, be skilled in (like the
arts) ◇ excellent, exquisite ◇ {Chinese
music} "gōng" (3rd note in the traditio-
nal Chinese musical scale gōngchěpǔ 工
尺譜/工尺谱); musician

厂 廠 chǎng ◇ factory, plant, work-
shop, mill ◇ (storage) yard, shed (for coal,
etc.) ◇ {history} the tax collecting agency du-
ring the Míng 明 Dynasty

工程师 工程師 gōngchéngshī
◇ engineer

工程工程 gōngchéng ◇ construc-
tion work, engineering ◇ project

师 師 shī ◇ teacher, master ◇
example, model ◇ model (oneself after), imita-
te ◇ professional, skilled or specialized worker
(like doctor, engineer) ◇ {military} division ◇
troops ◇ multitude of people ◇ (various offi-
cial titles) ◇ {divination} Shi (one of the sixty-
four hexagrams in the Yìjīng 易經/易经 "Book
of Changes") ◇ Shi (surname)

工具工具 gōngjù ◇ tool ◇ {IT}
(software) tools

工人工人 gōngrén ◇ worker

工业工業 gōngyè ◇ industry

业 業 yè ◇ line of business, trade,
industry ◇ occupation, profession, employ-
ment, job ◇ school work, course of study ◇
cause, undertaking, enterprise ◇ estate, pro-
perty ◇ {Buddhism} karma ◇ {written} enga-
ge in ◇ {written} already

工艺品 工藝品 gōngyìpǐn
◇ handicraft article

艺 藝 yì ◇ skill, ability ◇ art(s)
(like literature, dance, singing) ◇ limit, restric-
tion ◇ plant, grow

品 品 pǐn ◇ article, product, com-
modity ◇ class, grade, rank ◇ quality ◇ varie-
ty, type, kind ◇ moral character ◇ size up, ap-
praise, comment, criticize ◇ taste (sth with
discrimination), taste-test, sample, savour ◇
{written} play (wind instruments, esp. the ver-
tical bamboo flute xiāo 簫/箫) ◇ Pin (surna-
me)

工资工資 gōngzī ◇ wages, pay

资 資 zī ◇ money, capital, expen-
ses, resources ◇ aid financially, subsidize ◇
provide, supply ◇ natural endowments, ability

◇ qualifications ◇ (short for zībēnzhǔyì 資本主義/capitalism) capitalism ◇ sell ◇ Zi (surname)

工作工作 gōngzuò ◇ (do) work
◇ occupation, job, work

恭敬恭敬 gōngjìng ◇ respectful
恭喜恭喜 gōngxǐ ◇ congratulate
te ◇ {polite formula} congratulations

攻击攻击 gōngjī ◇ attack, assault ◇
charge, accuse
攻攻 gōng ◇ {military} attack,
assault, go onto the offensive ◇ charge,
accuse ◇ specialize in, study ◇ skilled
in, good at ◇ Gong (surname)
击击 jī ◇ strike, hit, beat, knock
◇ attack, assail, raid ◇ kill, assassinate ◇ col-
lide with, bump into, come in contact with (sb
or sth)
攻克攻克 gōngkè ◇ attack and
capture (an enemy stronghold, etc.)

巩固巩固 gǒnggù ◇ consolidate,
strengthen ◇ consolidated
巩固 gǒng ◇ strengthen, conso-
lidate ◇ strong, consolidated ◇ Gong
(surname)
固固 gù ◇ hard, solid, firm,
strong ◇ solidify, strengthen, consolidate ◇
{written} ignorant, superficial ◇ (of diseases,
character, etc.) stubborn, tenacious, deep-roo-
ted, ingrained ◇ persistently, resolutely ◇
{written} originally, in the first place, as a mat-
ter of course ◇ assuredly, admittedly ◇ tenta-
tively, for the time being ◇ Gu (surname)

共和国 共和國 gònghéguó
◇ republic
共和共和 gònghé ◇ republic, re-
publicanism, republican form of govern-
ment
国 國 guó ◇ nation, country, state
◇ national, representing the state ◇ Chinese,
of China ◇ the best in the country ◇ {archaic}
fiefdom ◇ region (of a country) ◇ capital (ci-
ty) ◇ Guo (surname)
共计共计 gòngjì ◇ total, add up to ◇
deliberate together
共共 gòng ◇ together, collecti-
vely ◇ common (with), general, uni-
versal; share, have or do in common; in
common, in all, altogether, total ◇
(short for Gòngchǎndǎng 共產黨/共产党)
Communist Party

计 計 jì ◇ count, calculate, com-
pute ◇ metre, measuring device, gauge ◇
idea, plan, strategy ◇ design (sth), make plans,
scheme ◇ concern oneself with, consider, care
of/about, bother (about) ◇ account book ◇ Ji
(surname)

共鸣共鸣 gòngmíng ◇ {physics}
resonance; resonate ◇ {figurative}
(emotional, etc.) resonance, sympath-
etic response, identification (with
sb/sth), resonate with

鸣 鳴 míng ◇ cry of a bird or insect
◇ make a sound, sound, ring ◇ express, voice
(feelings, ideas, etc.)

共同共同 gòngtóng ◇ together,
jointly ◇ common, in common

贡献贡献 gòngxiàn ◇ contribu-
tion ◇ contribute, devote

勾结勾結 gōujié ◇ collude with, be in
league with, ◇ gang up with
勾勾 gōu ◇ tick off, check,
cross out ◇ draw, delineate, outline ◇
{construction} fill in the joints (of
brickwork, etc.) with mortar/cement ◇
thicken (soups, etc.) ◇ arouse, evoke,
prompt, induce, bring to mind ◇ collu-
de, be in league with, gang up with ◇
entice, inveigle ◇ {Chinese math} the
shortest leg of a right triangle ◇ Gou
(surname)

结 結 jié ◇ tie, knot, weave, knit ◇
tie a knot ◇ form, congeal, freeze, forge, associate
◇ settle, finish, end, conclude, finalize, wind up,
wrap up ◇ summarize ◇ written statement
or guarantee ◇ affidavit ◇ {IT} junc-
tion ◇ {physiology} node

沟通溝通 gōutōng ◇ communica-
te ◇ get through (to sb) ◇ link up,
connect two sides ◇ exchange (ideas)
◇ facilitate or promote the ex-
change/flow (of information or ideas)
◇ {esp. TW usage} communicate
(ideas, information, feelings, etc., be-
tween people) ◇ communication
沟 溝 gōu ◇ ditch, drain,
trench, channel, narrow waterway ◇
rut, groove, gutter, furrow, cleavage,
gap ◇ gully, ravine
通 通 tōng ◇ (go/put/come/poke,
etc.) through, open (up) ◇ go/lead to ◇ com-
municate, link, connect ◇ inform, notify, tell ◇

know/understand thoroughly, be an expert/authority ◇ make sense, be logical/coherent ◇ common, popular, ordinary, general ◇ all, entire ◇ {written, measure word} (used for letters, documents, notices, telegrams, phone calls, etc.) ◇ Tong (surname)

钩子鉤子 gōuzi ◇ hook ◇ sth resembling a hook
钩 鈎 gōu ◇ a hook (on a steelyard, a fishhook, etc.) ◇ {calligraphy} the hook stroke (in Chinese characters) ◇ check, mark, tick off ◇ hook (onto sth or sb), fasten with/like a hook ◇ baste, sew with large stitches ◇ crochet ◇ try to find out, investigate, search after, explore ◇ {tool} a sickle ◇ Gou (surname)

狗 狗 gǒu ◇ dog, *Canis lupus familiaris* ◇ {abusive} damned (person, etc.); lackey

够 夠 gòu ◇ enough, adequate, sufficient ◇ (emphatic) quite..., really..., rather... ◇ reach sth (with effort, by stretching, etc.) ◇ meet (a standard or requirement), be qualified/eligible for

构成構成 gòuchéng ◇ constitute, comprise, make up ◇ consist of
构 構 gòu ◇ construct, compose, build, form ◇ make up, fabricate, invent ◇ frame, building, structure ◇ a piece of writing, literary composition ◇ {bot} paper mulberry, *Broussonetia papyrifera*

成 成 chéng ◇ become, turn or change into ◇ fully developed, fully grown ◇ successfully finished ◇ be all right, okay ◇ achievement, fruits (of work, etc.) ◇ able, capable ◇ in considerable numbers or amounts ◇ ready-made, established ◇ 10% (e.g., sān chéng 三成 means "thirty percent") ◇ Cheng (surname)

构思構思 gòusī ◇ form (literary or artistic work) in one's mind

思 思 sī ◇ think, consider, ponder ◇ think of, remember fondly, long for ◇ hope, wish, desire ◇ (train of) thought, thinking

购物購物 gòuwù ◇ shopping ◇ shop, go shopping ◇ shopping item

购 購 gòu ◇ buy, purchase, procure
物 物 wù ◇ thing, matter, object ◇ people or things other than oneself

估计估計 gūjì ◇ estimate, assess, appraise ◇ {colloquial} guess, reckon
估 估 gū ◇ estimate, appraise, conjecture, reckon, assess ◇ merchant, trader ◇ price

姑姑姑姑 gūgu ◇ aunt (father's sister)

姑娘姑娘 gūniang ◇ girl ◇ daughter

姑且姑且 gūqiě ◇ tentatively, for the time being

孤独孤獨 gūdú ◇ solitary, lone, alone

孤 孤 gū ◇ (of a child) fatherless; orphaned ◇ alone, solitary, isolated, all by oneself ◇ disappoint, be ungrateful ◇ {archaic} "I" (a self-designation used by the king or emperor)

独 獨 dú ◇ one, single ◇ by oneself, alone, solitary ◇ on one's own (esp. of Taiwan, short for dúlì 獨立/独立, "independence" or "become independent") ◇ only, just ◇ selfish, egoistic and intolerant ◇ unique ◇ old people without offspring ◇ the old and childless ◇ Du (surname)

孤立孤立 gūlì ◇ isolate ◇ isolated

辜负辜負 gūfù ◇ let down ◇ fail to live up to ◇ be unworthy of ◇ disappoint

辜 辜 gū ◇ a (heinous) crime; guilt ◇ {written} abandon, betray ◇ {historical, legal} crucifixion (as a form of punishment) ◇ support, maintain ◇ monopolize ◇ Gu (surname)

负 負 fù ◇ carry, shoulder, bear, take up (a burden or responsibility) ◇ a burden ◇ carry on one's back or shoulder ◇ rely on, count on, have at one's back ◇ suffer, sustain (like an injury) ◇ have, enjoy (like a good reputation) ◇ be indebted, have an obligation, owe ◇ turn one's back on, betray, disappoint, fail (in one's obligation/duty) ◇ be defeated, lose (in a game, fight, etc; in contrast to shèng 勝/胜 "win") ◇ {math, physics, electrical/electronics} negative, minus (in contrast to zhèng 正 "positive", "plus") ◇ {written} (used like bù 不) no, not

古代古代 gǔdài ◇ ancient, ancient times, antiquity
 古典古典 gǔdiǎn ◇ classical allusion ◇ classic, classical
 古董古董 gǔdǒng ◇ antique, curio ◇ old fogey, old timer
 古怪古怪 gǔguài ◇ eccentric, strange, peculiar, exotic

股东股東 gǔdōng ◇ shareholder, stockholder
 股股 gǔ ◇ thigh, upper leg ◇ (organizational unit of an office, enterprise or organization) section, department, branch ◇ (of a rope, cable, etc.) a ply, strand ◇ {economics} (of stock, capital, property) a share ◇ part of sth ◇ {math} the longer leg of a right triangle ◇ {measure word}... strip(s) of...,... strand(s)... (used for sth long and narrow, like ropes, streams, roads, etc.) ◇ ... gust(s)/whiff(s)/puff(s)/column(s) of... (used for wind, gas, smell, smoke, strength, etc.) ◇ {measure word, derogatory}...
 bunch(es)/gang(s)/horde(s) of... (used for groups of people) ◇ Gu (surname)
 东東 dōng ◇ east ◇ owner, master ◇ host ◇ Dong (surname)
 股份股份 gǔfèn ◇ share, stock
 股票股票 gǔpiào ◇ share, stock, share certificate, stock certificate

骨干骨幹 gǔgàn ◇ mainstay, key ◇ {IT} backbone ◇ {anatomy} diaphysis (main or midsection of a long bone)
 骨骨 gǔ ◇ bone
 干幹 gàn ◇ do, manage, implement, handle, work, act ◇ cadre (short for gàn bù 幹部/干部) ◇ capable, able, talented, competent ◇ assume the office of, hold the post of, undertake (a job, task, etc.) ◇ trunk (of a tree), stem ◇ main part, most important part ◇ shaft (like of an arrow) ◇ trunk, main (like line of a railroad, stream)
 骨头骨頭 gǔtóu ◇ bone ◇ (moral) character ◇ {dialect} bitterness, contempt, resentment, sarcasm
 头頭 tóu ◇ head ◇ chief, head, boss ◇ (used before a numeral or measure word) first..., the initial... ◇ leading ◇ side/aspect ◇ top, tip (e.g., of a pen), end (e.g., of a rope, the street) ◇ beginning, end ◇ remnant,

leftover, end ◇ (before tiān 天 or nián 年) the previous (day or year) ◇ head (as a measure of height, like "taller by a head") ◇ {measure word} ...head(s) of... (used for animals, like cattle, mule, sheep, pigs, lions, etc.) ◇ {measure word} head, bulb(s) of... (used for the bulbs of certain plants, like a head of garlic) ◇ (suffix to certain nouns)

鼓动鼓動 gǔdòng ◇ agitate, incite, stir up, arouse, spur on (often in good sense)
 鼓鼓 gǔ ◇ {music} a drum ◇ sth shaped like a drum ◇ beat, strike, drum ◇ blow/blast (air), work with a bellows (as in the steel mill term gǔfēng 鼓風/鼓风 "blast [air into a furnace], work with a bellows") ◇ (of things that are too full) swell, bulge
 鼓励鼓勵 gǔlì ◇ encourage, inspire, give incentive to, cheer (sb) on
 励勵 lì ◇ urge, encourage ◇ Li (surname)
 鼓舞鼓舞 gǔwǔ ◇ inspire, uplift ◇ excite, stimulate ◇ inspiration, stimulation, stimulus ◇ drum (dance)
 鼓掌鼓掌 gǔzhǎng ◇ clap one's hands, applaud

固定固定 gùdìng ◇ fixed, regular, scheduled ◇ fix, make regular, schedule
 固然固然 gùrán ◇ granted, admittedly, to be sure, it is true that, no doubt (adverbial phrase used to acknowledge a statement as fact before introducing a contradictory idea, as in "It's true enough that..., but....")
 固体固體 gùtǐ ◇ solid, solid body
 固固 gù ◇ hard, solid, firm, strong ◇ solidify, strengthen, consolidate ◇ {written} ignorant, superficial ◇ (of diseases, character, etc.) stubborn, tenacious, deep-rooted, ingrained ◇ persistently, resolutely ◇ {written} originally, in the first place, as a matter of course ◇ assuredly, admittedly ◇ tentatively, for the time being ◇ Gu (surname)
 体體 tǐ ◇ body ◇ substance (like solid, liquid) ◇ style (of writing or of Chinese characters)
 固有固有 gùyǒu ◇ inherent, intrinsic, innate ◇ indigenous, traditional (cultu-

re)

固执固執 gùzhí ◇ stubborn, obstinate, persist in ◇ cling to

执 執 zhí ◇ hold, grasp ◇ be in charge of, manage, wield (power) ◇ stick to (one's views, etc.), insist on, be determined to ◇ execute, carry out, conduct ◇ {literary} capture ◇ written acknowledgement (like a receipt) ◇ {literary} intimate friend, bosom friend, soul mate, alter ego ◇ {dialect} straighten up, tidy up ◇ Zhi (surname)

故事故事 gùshi ◇ story ◇ plot (like of a novel)

故乡故乡 gùxiāng ◇ one's native place, birthplace ◇ home village, home town

故 故 gù ◇ incident, happening, event, happening, accident ◇ reason, cause ◇ intentionally, deliberately, on purpose ◇ {grammar} hence, therefore, consequently ◇ former, previous, old ◇ friend, acquaintance ◇ (of a person) die, pass away

乡 鄉 xiāng ◇ village, countryside, rural area ◇ sb's native place, home town, home village ◇ {history} rural administrative unit of 12,500 families (dating from the Zhou Dynasty) ◇ administrative unit under a county

故意故意 gùyì ◇ intentionally, on purpose, deliberately, wilfully, knowingly ◇ {classical} kindness/affection of an old friend

故障故障 gùzhàng ◇ (of a machine, etc.) break down, broken down ◇ (be) out of order, not functioning

雇佣僱傭 gùyōng ◇ employ, hire ◇ employment

雇 僱 gù ◇ employ, hire, engage ◇ a hired hand/labourer

佣 傭 yōng ◇ hire, employ ◇ charter ◇ a servant, hired help

顾客顧客 gùkè ◇ customer, client

顾 顧 gù ◇ (turn the head and) look at ◇ pay attention to, take care of, attend to, take into account ◇ pay a visit, call on ◇ a customer, client, patron ◇ {grammar, written} however, but, nevertheless ◇ instead, on the contrary, in lieu ◇ Gu (surname)

客 客 kè ◇ guest, visitor ◇ traveler, passenger ◇ stranger ◇ {history} retainer (at a feudal court during the Zhou Dynasty) ◇

itinerant retainer (seeking status as political advisor) ◇ Ke (surname) ◇ {regional, measure word} (of food or drinks in a restaurant, etc.) an order

顾虑顧慮 gùlù ◇ misgiving, apprehension, concern, doubt ◇ worry about, be concerned about

顾问顧問 gùwèn ◇ advisor, consultant

刮 颳 guā ◇ (of the wind) blow

风 風 fēng ◇ wind, gale, breeze ◇ put out to dry, winnow, air-dry, air ◇ speedily, swiftly ◇ custom, practice, atmosphere ◇ style, attitude ◇ information, news, rumour, hearsay ◇ {literature} (as a genre in the Shī-jīng 詩經/诗经 "Book of Odes" section Guófēng 國風/国风 "Airs of the states") folk song, ballad ◇ {med} used in the names of certain illnesses (e.g., zhòngfēng 中風/"stroke", "apoplexy") ◇ Feng (surname)

挂 掛 guà ◇ hang (up), put up, suspend, be suspended ◇ hang up (the telephone) ◇ leave sth outstanding, be pending ◇ {regional} call up, ring up, put sb through to; hang up ◇ connect, hitch sth up ◇ register (for a hospital stay, appointment, etc.); make an appointment (with a doctor, etc., as in guàhào 掛號/挂号 "register [at a hospital, etc.]") ◇ be anxious, be concerned about, have sth weighing on one's mind ◇ be covered/coated with ◇ {TW usage, slang} die ◇ {measure word} a string of, a set of (used for sets that are somehow hooked/hitched together, like pearls, firecrackers, carts pulled by animals, etc.) ◇ {slang} shadow, tail, follow ◇ {measure word}... string(s) of... (used for things strung together and suspended, as pearls, beads, firecrackers, and for some abstract things like laughs, sound of footsteps, etc.)

挂号掛號 guàhào ◇ register, sign in (at a hospital, etc.) ◇ send by registered mail

号 號 hào ◇ name, title, style name, assumed name, alias, literary name, sobriquet ◇ firm, business house ◇ sequence, kind, sort, type ◇ person of a certain type (as in bìnghào 病號/病号 "person on the sick list") ◇ number ◇ (after numerals) number..., day of the month, street number, house number ◇ {measure word} (for large numbers of people, transactions, deals, etc.) ◇ put a mark on, number,

give a number to ◇ sign, signal ◇ size (of shoes, clothing, etc.) ◇ count, measure (as in hàomài 號脈/号脉 "feel the pulse") ◇ indicates the name of a ship, spacecraft, etc. (as in Qǐyè hào 企業號/企业号 the "Enterprise") ◇ horn, trumpet, bugle ◇ bugle call

乖 乖 guāi ◇ (of a child) well-behaved, obedient, well-mannered, "good"; clever, bright, smart, "sharp" ◇ {written} unreasonable, odd, strange, eccentric, abnormal, perverse; violate, go against

拐弯拐彎 guǎiwān ◇ turn a corner ◇ turn round (one's thinking, speech, etc.) ◇ a corner

拐 拐 guǎi ◇ turn, change direction ◇ {regional} a corner (of a wall, house, etc.) ◇ limp, walk with a limp ◇ {numeric} (used for qī 七) seven (used in certain situations, like on the phone, as "qī" is prone to misunderstanding) ◇ make off with (people, money, or sth stolen) ◇ abduct, kidnap

彎 彎 wān ◇ bent, crooked, winding ◇ bend ◇ a bend, a curve ◇ draw a bow
拐杖拐杖 guǎizhàng ◇ walking stick

怪不得 怪不得 guàibude
◇ no wonder (indicating sudden understanding) ◇ not to blame

关 關 guān ◇ close, shut (a door, window, etc.) ◇ turn/switch off (the lights, the TV, etc.) ◇ shut in, lock up, confine (a bird in a cage, a person in jail, etc.) ◇ close down (a store, business, etc.) ◇ guard/defense post, mountain pass (or other place of strategic importance); the area outside the city gate ◇ bolt, bar (of a door or gate) ◇ customs house, checkpoint, barrier, juncture ◇ key, crucial ◇ {figurative} crucial point ◇ involve, concern, implicate ◇ {history} pay (wages) ◇ Guan (surname)

关闭關閉 guānbì ◇ close, shut (a door, window, etc.) ◇ shut down, close down (a factory, shop, etc.)

关怀關懷 guānhuái ◇ show solicitude for, show loving concern for

关键關鍵 guānjiàn ◇ key, crux ◇ door bolt

关系關係 guānxi ◇ relation(ship) ◇ bearing, importance, impact ◇ involve, concern, have a bearing on ◇ (in a pattern like yóuyú... de guānxi 由於...的關係/由于...的关系, "owing to...", "on account of...") reason; (personal) connections, personal relations (usually backdoor)

系 係 xì ◇ {written} be (=shì 是) ◇ relate to, rely on, have to do with

关心關心 guānxīn ◇ be concerned about; show concern for (people or things)

心 心 xīn ◇ heart ◇ mind, feelings ◇ centre, middle, core ◇ {Chinese astronomy} Xin (one of the Èrshíbā Xiù 二十八宿 "28 Lunar Mansions of the Chinese zodiac") ◇ {physiology} heart (as one of the wǔzàng 五臟/五脏 "five vital organs")

关于關於 guānyú ◇ regarding, concerning, about

于 於 yú ◇ in, at on (time or place) ◇ towards, to, for ◇ than (comparative) ◇ by (passive voice)

关照關照 guānzhào ◇ attend to, look after, care for ◇ notify (verbally)

照 照 zhào ◇ shine, illuminate ◇ to, towards, in the direction of ◇ reflect (in a mirror) ◇ take a picture, film ◇ picture, photo ◇ certificate, license, permit ◇ look after, take care of, attend to ◇ notify, give notice ◇ contrast ◇ know, understand ◇ according to, in light of ◇ (before a one-syllable verb, and often in the pattern "zhào Verb bù wù" 照 Verb 不误/照 Verb 不误) in spite of it, just the same, still continue to...

官 官 guān ◇ {admin} government official, military officer; office holder ◇ public, official, government-operated, state-owned ◇ {physiology} organ (of the body) ◇ Guan (surname)
官方官方 guānfāng ◇ official, official side

观察觀察 guānchá ◇ observe, watch, examine, survey; observation, examination, survey

观 觀 guān ◇ see, look, observe, view ◇ a sight, view ◇ {figurative} outlook, concept, view ◇ {divination} "Guan" (one of the sixty-four hexa-

grams in the Yìjīng 易經/易经 "Book of Changes")

察 察 chá ◇ examine, scrutinize ◇ inspect, look into ◇ observe, notice, see ◇ know clearly and in detail | 察 is short for Cháhā'ěr 察哈爾/察哈尔 "Qarhan" or "Chahar," formerly a province (now incorporated into Hebei and Shanxi)

观点觀點 guāndiǎn ◇ viewpoint, standpoint

观光觀光 guānguāng ◇ {esp.

TW/Hong Kong usage} sightsee, tour
光 光 guāng ◇ light, ray; the shine (from a light source) ◇ scenery, sight, view ◇ glory, credit, honour ◇ benefit, advantage ◇ {formal, honorific} you, your (presence, patronage, etc.) ◇ bring glory/honour to, glorify, shine upon ◇ shiny, bright; smooth, glossy, sleek ◇ (as a verb suffix) empty, exhausted, used up, finished ◇ bare, naked ◇ only, solely, merely ◇ Guang (surname)

观念觀念 guānniàn ◇ idea, concept, thinking, attitude

念 念 niàn ◇ think of, long for, miss ◇ thought, idea ◇ read (aloud) ◇ study (a subject) ◇ study in, attend (a school, department, or a grade) ◇ twenty (special written form of the number to prevent alteration/forgery) ◇ Nian (surname)

观众觀眾 guānzhòng ◇ spectators, audience; viewers (of television, etc.); movie-goers

管理管理 guǎnlǐ ◇ manage, administer, control ◇ management, administration, control

管辖管轄 guǎnxiá ◇ govern, administer, have jurisdiction over ◇ jurisdiction

管 管 guǎn ◇ tube, pipe, duct ◇ {music} wind instrument ◇ {electrical/electronics} valve, tube ◇ {measure word} (used for pens, long-barreled guns, [toothpaste] tubes and other things in the shape of long hollow cylinders) ◇ {admin} manage, run, administer, control ◇ be responsible for, have jurisdiction over, be in charge of, exercise discipline over (sb) ◇ take an interest in, concern oneself with, care about, mind ◇ provide, guarantee ◇ {grammar} (in the construction guǎn 管... jiào 叫...) call sth... (used as an auxiliary verb to introduce the direct object that is being called..., like bǎ 把) ◇

{regional, Beijing} from (e.g., shì tā guǎn wǒ yào de 是他管我要的 "He asked me for it") ◇ to, toward ◇ {regional} whoever, no matter who/what/if...

◇ Guan (surname)

辖 轄 xiá ◇ {mechanical engineering} linchpin (in the axle of a wheel) ◇ {admin} have jurisdiction over ◇ have under one's command ◇ govern, administrate
管子管子 guǎnzi ◇ pipe, tube ◇ {music} guanzi (oboe-like double reed wind instrument with eight finger holes)

冠军冠軍 guànjūn ◇ champion ◇ championship, first place, title
冠 冠 guān ◇ {clothing} a cap, hat ◇ (of a tree, tooth, king, etc.) a crown ◇ (of a bird, rooster, etc.) a comb, crest

军 軍 jūn ◇ armed forces, the military ◇ army, corps ◇ largest garrison post during the Táng 唐 Dynasty ◇ military area during the Sòng 宋 Dynasty ◇ army (as largest military unit, theoretically 12,500 men)

惯例慣例 guànlì ◇ convention, usual practice

惯 慣 guàn ◇ be accustomed/used to; be in the habit of (doing) ◇ be addicted to ◇ spoil/pamper (a child) ◇ habitual(ly), frequent(ly), often ◇ usual(ly), normal(ly)

例 例 lì ◇ example, case, instance ◇ pattern ◇ precedent ◇ instance, case, occurrence ◇ rule, regulation ◇ regular, ordinary, routine

灌溉灌溉 guàngài ◇ irrigate; irrigation

罐 罐 guàn ◇ jar, jug, pitcher, pot, tank ◇ {food/cuisine} can, tin (with a beverage or canned food in it) ◇ {measure word}... jar(s) of...,... pitcher(s) of...,... pot(s) of...,... can(s) of... (used for the contents of jars, jugs, pitchers, pots, tanks, cans, etc.) ◇ {mining} coal tub

贯彻貫徹 guànchè ◇ carry through, see (sth) through, implement, put into action

光 光 guāng ◇ light, ray; the shi-

ne (from a light source) ◇ scenery, sight, view ◇ glory, credit, honour ◇ benefit, advantage ◇ {formal, honorific} you, your (presence, patronage, etc.) ◇ bring glory/honour to, glorify, shine upon ◇ shiny, bright; smooth, glossy, sleek ◇ (as a verb suffix) empty, exhausted, used up, finished ◇ bare, naked ◇ only, solely, merely ◇ Guang (surname)

光彩光彩 guāngcǎi ◇ shine, lustre, sparkle, glow, gloss, brilliance, radiance, splendour ◇ be honourable ◇ honour, glory ◇ {chem} gloss

光滑光滑 guānghuá ◇ smooth, sleek

光辉光辉 guānghuī ◇ glory, splendor ◇ magnificent, splendid, brilliant

辉辉 huī ◇ glow, radiance, splendour, lustre ◇ (of the sun) shine ◇ {metaphor} shine, last forever

光临光临 guānglín ◇ (your) visit ◇ (your) presence (used in invitations)

临临 lín ◇ look out on, overlook ◇ come, arrive, be present ◇ on the point of, just before ◇ copy (a painting or calligraphy model) ◇ {divination} "Lin" (one of the sixty-four hexagrams in the Yìjīng 易经/易经 "Book of Changes") ◇ {archaic} war chariot ◇ Lin (surname)

光芒光芒 guāngmáng ◇ ray of light, radiance

光明光明 guāngmíng ◇ light (literally or figuratively) ◇ bright, brilliant, promising ◇ open, open hearted

光盘光盘 guāngpán ◇ {IT, Mainland usage} compact disc, CD, optical disc ◇ {humorous} empty the food plates, not leave any leftovers

盘盘 pán ◇ plate, dish, tray, platter ◇ plate- or tray-shaped object ◇ {IT} disk, drive (as in CD, DVD, hard disk) ◇ market situation, quotation, current price ◇ check, examine, interrogate ◇ transfer, sell (e.g., the ownership of a business) ◇ move, transport (goods) ◇ coil, wind, twist, entwine ◇ construct (a brick kang or stove) ◇ {measure word} coil of (e.g., wire); (for cassette/video tapes); plate of (food); {measure word} game/set of...(cards/chess/tennis) ◇ {history} washbasin (in ancient times) ◇ Pan (surname)

光荣光荣 guāngróng ◇ glory, honour ◇ glorious

荣荣 róng ◇ flourish (of vegetation)

◇ flourishing, thriving ◇ honour, glory ◇ {bot} the Chinese parasol tree, Firmiana simplex ◇ Rong (surname)

广播广播 guǎngbō ◇ broadcast, transmit, air (over radio, television) ◇ a broadcast, a program (radio, television) ◇ spread (like rumours)

广广 guǎng ◇ (of area, space, scope) broad, wide, vast, extensive ◇ many, numerous ◇ extend, expand, spread ◇ Guǎngdōng 广东/广东 Province ◇ Guangzhou ◇ Guang (surname)

播播 bō ◇ spread, broadcast ◇ disperse, scatter ◇ sow (seeds) ◇ move, migrate ◇ abandon, give up

广场广场 guǎngchǎng ◇ (public) square (like Tian'anmen Square in Beijing)

广大广大 guǎngdà ◇ broad, wide, vast, extensive (like area, space) ◇ wide-spread (like scope, scale) ◇ numerous (i.e., people), vast numbers of...

大大 dà ◇ big, large, great ◇ greatly, to a large extent, in a major way ◇ major, important, main ◇ general ◇ strong, heavy ◇ loud, high (like volume of sound, or sb's voice) ◇ (of persons) old (i.e. of a certain age) ◇ the oldest (among two or more) ◇ adult, elder ◇ (as emphatic prefix) even on...(followed by a time expression, as in dà Xīngqīrì 大星期日 "even on Sundays") ◇ (as honorific prefix) your... ◇ (used for transcription of the syllable -da- in foreign names) ◇ Da (surname)

广泛广泛 guǎngfàn ◇ extensive, widespread, broad

泛泛 fàn ◇ {written} float, drift ◇ cover, spread, emerge, emit ◇ general, extensive, unspecified, non-specific ◇ {figurative} shallow, superficial ◇ flood, inundation; inundate, flood ◇ pan-... (like fàn-Měi 泛美 "pan-American")

广告广告 guǎnggào ◇ advertisement, ad

告告 gào ◇ tell, inform, notify, report ◇ tell on (sb) ◇ {law} seek legal action against, accuse, sue, bring a case against ◇ request, solicit, ask for ◇ announce, declare ◇ announce/declare the completion (of a task, project, etc.)

广阔广阔 guǎngkuò ◇ broad, vast, wide

逛逛 guàng ◇ take a stroll ◇ ramble/roam around, stroll through, vi-

sit, go sightseeing in

归根到底 歸根到底 guīgēndàodǐ
◇ in the final analysis

归 歸 guī ◇ return (from somewhere), go home, go back, come back ◇ give back, return (sth to sb) ◇ converge, merge, group together, come together ◇ turn over (responsibility) to ◇ turn over to sb's care, put under sb's care ◇ be in sb's care/charge ◇ belong to, be owned by ◇ {math} (on the abacus, dividing with a one-digit divisor) be equal to ◇ despite, notwithstanding (between two identical verbs, indicates that the action does/did not change the conclusion or result in the following clause [which often contains 也, 卻/却, 還是/还是, etc.], as in wánxiào guī wánxiào 玩笑歸玩笑/玩笑归玩笑 "Joking aside,...") ◇ Gui (surname)
归还歸還 guīhuán ◇ return (sth borrowed)
归纳歸納 guīnà ◇ induce (in contrast to yǎnyì 演繹/演绎 "deduce") ◇ sum up, conclude ◇ {logic} induction; inductive (reasoning)

规定規定 guīdìng ◇ stipulate, prescribe, set/fix (by regulation) ◇ rule, regulation, stipulation, provision
规 規 guī ◇ {geometry} compass, divider (device for drawing a circle) ◇ rule, convention, regulation ◇ urge, advise, exhort, admonish, counsel ◇ plan, devise, scheme ◇ {unit of measure} gauge (like wire gauge) ◇ {unit of measure} gui (unit of farmland measurement) ◇ Gui (surname)
定 定 dìng ◇ set (a date or deadline) ◇ decide, fix, determine, stipulate, establish ◇ settle, calm down; calm, stable, still ◇ (used like dìng 訂/订) order, subscribe to, book ◇ {written} definite(ly), sure(ly), certain(ly) ◇ Ding (surname)
规范規範 guīfàn ◇ norm, standard ◇ standardized, conforming to the standards ◇ standardize, regulate
规格規格 guīgé ◇ specifications, standards
格 格 gé ◇ {geometry} square ◇ {cinema} frame ◇ (of cloth, squared paper, etc.) checkered; (of a cabinet, etc.) divided ◇

pattern, standard, rule ◇ style, character, manner ◇ {grammar} case ◇ {written} hinder, impede, obstruct, resist ◇ examine, investigate ◇ {written} study sth thoroughly, delve into, probe into ◇ strike, hit, attack ◇ Ge (surname)
规划規劃 guīhuà ◇ to plan (esp. the long-range development of sth), map out, chart out; design, draft ◇ (long-term) planning, schematization ◇ (long-term) plan, programme, project
规矩規矩 guīju ◇ rule, custom, convention ◇ well-mannered, well-behaved ◇ the compass and the square
矩 矩 jǔ ◇ (carpenter's) square, ruler ◇ rule(s), regulation(s), law(s) ◇ {physics} momentum (of force, inertia, etc.)
规律規律 guīlǜ ◇ rule(s), law ◇ conditions (under which sth occurs) ◇ pattern (of occurrence)
律 律 lǜ ◇ law, statute, regulation, rule ◇ code (of laws) ◇ lǜ (bamboo or metal pitch-pipe) ◇ {music} temperament ◇ restrain, control, keep under control ◇ rank (of nobility) ◇ Lü (surname)
规模規模 guīmó ◇ scale, size, scope
模 模 mó ◇ model, standard, pattern ◇ copy, imitate, pattern after ◇ fine example, model (person or thing)
规则規則 guīzé ◇ rule, regulation ◇ regular, orderly (in shape, etc.)
规章規章 guīzhāng ◇ rules and regulations

轨道軌道 guǐdào ◇ track (of a train, subway or trolley) ◇ orbit, path ◇ {figurative} course, track
轨 軌 guǐ ◇ {transport} (of a railroad, subway or trolley) track(s), rail(s) ◇ {figurative} way, convention ◇ {astronomy} orbit, course ◇ {written} obey, abide by, adhere to, comply with ◇ {mechanical engineering} the ends of an axle or shaft
道 道 dào ◇ way, path, road ◇ line ◇ method ◇ morality, virtue, ethics ◇ {philosophy} doctrine, principle (of learning/religion/ethics), course, (the right) orientation, justice; Daoism (Taoism) ◇ superstitious sect ◇ {measure word} (used for narrow long shapes like rays, lightning, scars, door(way)s; for walls, instructions, [math] problems, [test] questions, courses or dishes of a dinner, steps in a procedure, coats of paint, times, repetitions, etc.) ◇ speak, say ◇ suppose, think ◇ Dao (surname) ◇ {admin} (during the Táng 唐 Dynasty) pre-

fecture; (in Japan) prefecture (like Běihǎidào 北海道 "Hokkaidō"); (in North Korea) province
 ◇ {unit of measure} used for hūnmǐ 忽米 "centi-millimetre, one hundredth of a mm, cmm"

柜台櫃台 guìtái ◇ counter, bar
 柜櫃 guì ◇ cabinet, cupboard
 ◇ cashier's counter

台台 tái ◇ (used like tái 臺/台 or tái 檯/台) platform, raised stand, stage, terrace, tower ◇ a stand, support ◇ broadcasting station ◇ table, desk, bench, counter ◇ station, service ◇ {measure word}... set(s) of...,... -performance(s)/-show(s) (used for performances, parties, plays, dramas, certain machines and equipment such as scales, pumps, cranes, TV sets, motors, sewing machines, microscopes and similar apparatus) ◇ [T-] (short for Táiwān 台灣/台湾) Taiwan ◇ Tai (surname)

贵贵 guì ◇ expensive, costly, high-priced ◇ valuable, precious ◇ noble, of high status, of high rank, honorable ◇ {formal, honorific} your (surname, company etc.) ◇ (short for Guìzhōu 貴州/贵州) Guizhou Province ◇ Gui (surname)

贵族贵族 guìzú ◇ nobleman, aristocrat ◇ nobility, aristocracy
 族族 zú ◇ {anthropology} race, nationality, ethnic group, people, tribe, clan ◇ "(the) —s" (class or group of things or people with common features or interests, e.g., shàngbānzú 上班族 "people with regular working hours, nine-to-fivers"; yǔzú 語族/语族 "family of languages"; àiměizú 愛美族/爱美族 "people who like to look good") ◇ a class (like of animals) ◇ {ancient penal law} execute the criminal and his entire family

跪跪 guì ◇ kneel, be down on one's knees, prostrate oneself, kowtow

滚滚 gǔn ◇ roll, tumble ◇ (of water, smoke, etc.) roll in/along, billow, surge ◇ roll around in (as flour, snow); get increasingly bigger, snowball ◇ {abusive} beat it, buzz off, get lost ◇ boil ◇ {tailoring} apply (a border or trim to an edge)

棍棒棍棒 gùnbàng ◇ club, cudgel ◇ clubs (as used in martial arts or gymnastics)

锅鍋 guō ◇ pot, pan, cooker

◇ bowl (of a tobacco pipe) ◇ {measure word}... pot(s) of...,... pan(s) of... (used for the contents of a cooking pot, frying pan, etc.)

国防國防 guófáng ◇ national defense

国國 guó ◇ nation, country, state ◇ national, representing the state ◇ Chinese, of China ◇ the best in the country ◇ {archaic} fiefdom ◇ region (of a country) ◇ capital (city) ◇ Guo (surname)

防防 fáng ◇ guard against, take precautions against, be on the alert, prevent ◇ defend, guard, protect ◇ dike, embankment ◇ Fang (surname)

国籍國籍 guójí ◇ nationality, citizenship

籍籍 jí ◇ book, written record ◇ roll, register, list of names ◇ sb's native place, birthplace, home town ◇ membership (in an organization, etc.) ◇ nationality, citizenship (as in Měiguó jí 美國籍/美国籍, or short Měijí 美籍 "[of] US citizenship") ◇ affiliation ◇ place of household registration (e.g., 北京籍) ◇ Ji (surname)

国际國際 guójì ◇ international

国家國家 guójiā ◇ nation, country, state ◇ the state, the government

家家 jiā ◇ family, household; home, residence ◇ (as suffix) expert/specialist in a certain field (like zuòjiā 作家 "writer") ◇ {philosophy} school (of thought) (like rújiā 儒家 "the Confucian school") ◇ party, side ◇ {humble} my... ◇ {regional} (of animals) tamed, broken, domesticated ◇ {measure word} (used for families, companies, hotels, stores, etc.) ◇ Jia (surname)

国庆节 國慶節 Guóqìngjié

◇ National Day (e.g., 1 October in the PRC, 10 October in Taiwan, 4 July in the United States)

国王國王 guówáng ◇ king

王王 wáng ◇ king, sovereign, monarch, prince, duke ◇ head, chief, lord ◇ largest/first of its kind, strongest, best ◇ {written} senior, grand ◇ Wang (surname)

国务院 國務院 Guówùyüàn

◇ the State Council (of China) ◇ the State Department (of the United States)

国务國務 guówù ◇ state affairs, national affairs

院院 yuàn ◇ courtyard, yard ◇

(character used to designate various government or public buildings) college, academy, in-

stitute, school ◇ branch of the government (like the Lìfǎyuàn 立法院 "Legislative Commission" of Taiwan)

果断果斷 guǒduàn ◇ decisive, resolute

果 果 guǒ ◇ fruit(s); nuts ◇ result, effect, consequence, outcome ◇ decisive, resolute, strong-willed, determined ◇ as expected, really ◇ if indeed ◇ Guo (surname)

断 断 duàn ◇ break, interrupt ◇ cut up (into smaller sections), cut off, sever ◇ abstain from, stop, quit (like smoking) ◇ section, paragraph, (text) passage ◇ judge, decide ◇ absolutely, definitely (often followed by a negative, as in duàn wú... 斷無/斷无... "absolutely not...")

果然果然 guǒrán ◇ as expected, sure enough, really, actually, indeed ◇ {zool} cercopithecus

果实果實 guǒshí ◇ fruit ◇ fruits, gains

实 实 shí ◇ real, true, authentic, actual, honest, sincere ◇ solid, full ◇ reality, truth, fact ◇ surely, for sure ◇ fruit, seed ◇ {Chinese med} excessiveness (one of the bā-gāng 八綱/八纲 "eight principal syndromes") ◇ goods, materials ◇ wealth, riches ◇ Shi (surname)

果汁果汁 guǒzhī ◇ fruit juice ◇ syrup

过 過 guò ◇ go past, pass (by), go through, cross ◇ exceed, go beyond ◇ mistake ◇ blame or criticize sb for a mistake ◇ transfer (like money), adopt (like a child) ◇ read, go over, recall, call to mind ◇ {written} visit, stop by ◇ {regional} pass away, die ◇ {grammar} outperform, or fail (following dé 得 or bù 不 after a verb) ◇ {chem} per-, super- ◇ {regional} be contagious, infect ◇ Guo (surname)

过程過程 guòchéng ◇ process, course

程 程 chéng ◇ journey, trip; stage of a journey, distance traveled ◇ rule, regulation, law ◇ process, procedure, order, sequence, rate, limit ◇ pattern, formula ◇ measure, calculate, estimate ◇ Cheng (ancient state in the area of present Shǎnxī 陝西/陝西 Province) ◇ Cheng (surname)

过度過度 guòdù ◇ excessive, over-
度 度 dù ◇ {unit of measure} degree (like of temperature, angle, latitude) ◇ ki-

lowatt-hour ◇ (a certain) degree/extent ◇ {measure word} ... times (used for the number of times an action is repeated, occasions, occurrences) ◇ standard, rule, criterion ◇ bound, limit ◇ magnanimity, tolerance, open-mindedness; bearing, attitude ◇ consider, think of ◇ spend, pass (time) ◇ {Buddhism, Taoism} convert ◇ Du (surname)

过渡過渡 guòdù ◇ transition ◇ ferry across

渡 渡 dù ◇ go across, cross (a river, etc.) ◇ tide over, get through, pull through, make it ◇ a ferry; a ferry landing; ferry across ◇ a ferry crossing (used in place names)

过分過分 guòfēn ◇ be excessive, be too much ◇ over, undue; too, overly, unduly ◇ be too extreme, go too far, go overboard, overdo it

分 分 fēn ◇ separate, divide, split, part ◇ distribute, assign, allot ◇ distinguish, differentiate, tell (the difference), make a distinction ◇ (of an organization, company, etc.) branch ◇ fraction; one-tenth of the whole, ten percent ◇ (as a unit of length) approx. 1/3 cm ◇ (as a unit of area) approx. 67 square metres ◇ (as a unit of weight) approx. 1/2 gram ◇ (as a unit of Chinese currency) 1/100 of a Yuan ◇ (as a unit of time or degree) a minute ◇ (as interest rate) percent ◇ (in a marking system) a mark/point ◇ {measure word}... part(s) of...,... tenth(s) of... (used for parts or tenths of the whole, and for abstract items like vigour, toil, hope, etc.)

过奖過獎 guòjiǎng ◇ {polite} "(you) overpraise (me)"—thanks for the compliment; I'm flattered; you're overestimating me (expression of modesty in reply to a compliment)

过滤過濾 guòlǜ ◇ to filter

过敏過敏 guòmǐn ◇ {med} (hyper)sensitive ◇ too sensitive, oversensitive

敏 敏 mǐn ◇ nimble, quick, agile ◇ keen, sharp, perceptive

过期過期 guòqī ◇ be past the time limit, be overdue ◇ (of food, etc.) expired

期 期 qī ◇ term, period of time ◇ phase/stage (of a project) ◇ scheduled time, set time ◇ {measure word}... issue(s) of...,... class(es) of... (used for things produced periodically, like issues of a magazine/newspaper, and for classes of students) ◇ set up/schedule (an appointment, etc.) ◇ expect, await, hope (for), anticipate, look forward to ◇ Qi (surname)

过去過去 guòqù ◇ past, previous, former ◇ the past, bygones

去 去 qù ◇ go (to), go away, leave, depart ◇ get rid of, remove ◇ (verb suffix indicating movement to a place)

过失过失 guòshī ◇ fault, error, mistake ◇ {law} defect, negligence, delinquency

失 失 shī ◇ lose (in contrast to dé 得 "obtain, get") ◇ miss, let slip, lose out ◇ fail to achieve one's objective ◇ mistake ◇ change (from the norm) ◇ break (like a promise), neglect (like one's duty), fail to do

过问过问 guòwèn ◇ take an interest in, concern oneself with

过瘾过瘾 guòyǐn ◇ satisfy a craving ◇ enjoy oneself to the full ◇ do sth to one's heart's content

瘾 瘾 yǐn ◇ addiction, craving ◇ passion for, fondness for [like chess, sports]

过于過於 guòyú ◇ excessively, too

于 於 yú ◇ in, at on (time or place) ◇ towards, to, for ◇ than (comparative) ◇ by (passive voice)

H

哈 哈 hā ◇ exhale (with the mouth open) ◇ {onom} ha (or similar sound of laughter) ◇ interjection indicating triumph, delight, etc. ◇ bend (like at the waist) ◇ {TW usage, slang} be dying to (do sth), yearn for/to ◇ be crazy about (sth), have a crush on (sb), love/admire, be a... buff, be a...-phile (like Japanophile, Koreaphile) (from Taiwan Minnan dialect hah4)

嗨 嗨 hēi ◇ {interjection} Hey! Hi! (or similar expression used as a greeting, or to get sb's attention, indicate satisfaction or surprise, wonderment, etc.)

孩子 孩子 hái zi ◇ child ◇ children

还是 還是 hái shì ◇ or ◇ still, nevertheless, after all, all the same ◇ (introducing a course of action chosen after considering options) it would be better to, had better (do sth); might as well
还 還 hái ◇ still, yet ◇ still more, even more ◇ also, as well, too, in addition, furthermore ◇ (when preceding an adjective indicating acceptable quality) passably, fairly, rather... ◇ (in rhetorical questions) even..., if... ◇ in spite of (sth unexpected, a difficulty, etc.) ◇ (to express emphasis) really, very ◇ (as a particle indicating grudging acceptance or unexpectedness) well then...

是 是 shì ◇ be, am, is, are (equating two things) ◇ right ◇ yes (response when called on) ◇ {classical} this ◇ {classical} correct, right ◇ (in the pattern 是...是...) is it...or is it...? ◇ "Yes!" ◇ "Right!"

海拔海拔 hǎi bá ◇ height above sea level, elevation

海滨海滨 hǎi bīn ◇ seashore

海 海 hǎi ◇ ocean, sea ◇

(large) lake (like Qīnghǎi 青海 Province) ◇ {astronomy} (on the moon) sea, "mare" ◇ many people or things converging (like a sea of humanity) ◇ very big, very large, of high capacity ◇ foreign, from overseas ◇ {dialect} (often followed by "le" 了) numerous, countless ◇ aimlessly, randomly, everywhere,

re, all over ◇ {dialect} without limit or restraint, to one's heart's delight ◇

(short for Shànghǎi 上海) Shanghai

滨 滨 bīn ◇ water's edge, bank, shore ◇ be near, border on (a sea, river, etc.)

◇ Harbin

海关海关 hǎi guān ◇ customs, customs house, maritime customs

关 关 guān ◇ close, shut (a door, window, etc.) ◇ turn/switch off (the lights, the TV, etc.) ◇ shut in, lock up, confine (a bird in a cage, a person in jail, etc.) ◇ close down (a store, business, etc.) ◇ guard/defense post, mountain pass (or other place of strategic importance); the area outside the city gate ◇ bolt, bar (of a door or gate) ◇ customs house, checkpoint, barrier, juncture ◇ key, crucial ◇ {figurative} crucial point ◇ involve, concern, implicate ◇ {history} pay (wages) ◇ Guan (surname)

海鲜海鲜 hǎi xiān ◇ seafood

鲜 鲜 xiǎn ◇ rare, seldom ◇ few, little, less ◇ Korean (nationality)

海洋海洋 hǎi yáng ◇ seas and oceans ◇ sea ◇ ocean

害怕害怕 hàipà ◇ be afraid/scared of; be frightened/terrified

害羞害羞 hàixiū ◇ be shy, be bashful

含糊含糊 hán hu ◇ ambiguous, vague, unclear ◇ careless, sloppy, perfunctory
含义含義 hán yì ◇ meaning, implication, significance

含 含 hán ◇ hold in the mouth ◇ include, contain, hold, bear, imply, suggest ◇ cherish, harbour, nurse (as intentions, feelings, ideas, etc.)

义 義 yì ◇ righteousness, justice ◇ righteous, just ◇ friendship, relationship ◇ adopted, adoptive ◇ false (teeth, hair, etc.); prosthetic (limb, etc.) ◇ meaning, sense, significance ◇ Italy ◇ Yi (surname)

寒假寒假 hán jià ◇ winter vacation

寒暄寒暄 hán xuān ◇ exchange greetings, exchange pleasantries

喊 喊 hǎn ◇ shout, call out, yell ◇ call, summon ◇ {regional usage} call, address (sb by name)

罕见罕见 hǎn jiàn ◇ rare, rarely seen

罕 罕 hǎn ◇ rare, seldom, hard-

ly ◇ a bird-catching net ◇ Han (surname)

见 见 jiàn ◇ see, perceive ◇ be exposed to, come in contact with, meet with, call on ◇ show evidence of, appear/seem to be ◇ view, opinion, understanding ◇ {written} (as a particle, when preceding a verb indicates the passive voice, or the request towards sb to do sth for the writer)

捍卫捍衛 hàn wèi ◇ guard, protect, defend

捍 捍 hàn ◇ guard, protect, defend ◇ sturdy, solid ◇ brave, bold ◇ pull open, draw (a bow, etc.)

卫 衛 wèi ◇ guard, protect, defend ◇ sentry, guard ◇ garrison station for troops (Míng 明 Dynasty) ◇ arrow feathers ◇ Wei (state in southern Héběi 河北 and northern Hénán 河南 Provinces during the Zhōu 周 Dynasty) ◇ Wei (name for the city of Tiānjīn 天津) ◇ (used for transcription of syllables sounding like -wei- in foreign names) ◇ Wei (surname)

汉语漢語 Hànyǔ ◇ Chinese, the Chinese (spoken) language

汗 汗 hàn ◇ perspiration, sweat

航班航班 hángbān ◇ scheduled flight, flight (number)

航空航空 hángkōng ◇ aviation ◇ by air

航天航天 hángtiān ◇ space flight, space travel

航行航行 hángxíng ◇ navigate (a ship, aircraft) ◇ navigation

行列行列 hángliè ◇ rows, ranks (literally or figuratively)

行业行業 hángyè ◇ business, trade, profession

行 行 xíng ◇ go, walk; travel ◇ trip, journey ◇ be all right, will do ◇ be capable/competent ◇ do, carry out, implement, perform (an action) ◇ behaviour, conduct, actions ◇ be current, circulate ◇ running script ◇ temporary, improvised, makeshift ◇ {written} soon, shortly ◇ {literature} ballad, song ◇ {written} (of medication) take effect ◇ Xing (surname)

业 業 yè ◇ line of business, trade, industry ◇ occupation, profession, employment, job ◇ school work, course of study ◇

cause, undertaking, enterprise ◇ estate, property ◇ {Buddhism} karma ◇ {written} engage in ◇ {written} already

毫米毫米 háomǐ ◇ millimeter

毫无毫無 háowú ◇ not in the least, not at all ◇ be utterly devoid of, be totally lacking

毫 毫 háo ◇ fine hair ◇ a writing brush ◇ {instrument} a loop for balancing a steelyard ◇ {grammar} (followed by a negation like bù 不 or wú 無/无 "not") (not) a bit, (not) at all, (not) in the least ◇ {unit of measure} a thousandth of certain measurement units (as in háomǐ 毫米 "mm") ◇ {unit of measure} a unit of length, approx. 0.03 mm; a unit of weight, approx. 0.005 g ◇ {dialect, currency} one tenth of a Chinese yuán 元 ◇ Hao (surname)

无 無 wú ◇ not have; there is not, not exist ◇ not ◇ {classical} do not; must not ◇ {classical} no matter if, irrespective of ◇ Wu (surname)

豪华豪華 háohuá ◇ luxurious, extravagant (lifestyle) ◇ sumptuous, lavish (building, etc.)

豪 豪 háo ◇ an outstandingly talented person ◇ a person of extraordinary powers/talents/endowments ◇ bold, daring, unrestrained ◇ tyrannical, despotic, coercive ◇ rich and powerful ◇ {zool} a quill, spine (of a porcupine) ◇ Hao (surname)

华 華 huá ◇ splendid, magnificent, radiant, glorious; splendour, magnificence, radiance, glory ◇ (of the sun, etc.) corona ◇ flourishing, prosperous; prosperity ◇ the best, the cream ◇ extravagant, flashy, sumptuous, luxurious ◇ a time, years (in sb's life) ◇ grey, grizzled (as in huáfà 華髮/华发 "gray hair") ◇ {written, formal} your ◇ {geosciences} mineral sediments in spring water ◇ [Huá] China; Chinese (language) ◇ Hua (surname)

豪迈豪邁 háomài ◇ bold and free/unfettered, heroic, valiant

迈 邁 mài ◇ take a step ◇ old ◇ mile ◇ overstep, surpass

好 好 hǎo ◇ good, nice, fine ◇ good to (eat, etc.) ◇ be well, in good health ◇ (before a verb) easy to... ◇ (as a verb complement, indicates fini-

shing or finishing satisfactorily) be done...ing, finish...ing ◇ in order to, so that, for the purpose of ◇ {regional} may, can, should, ought to ◇ (emphasizes the meaning of adjectives) very, quite, pretty much... ◇ (used before adjectives to inquire about quantity or degree) how...(long, far, etc.)?

好吃好吃 hǎochī ◇ delicious, tasty ("good to eat")

好处好處 hǎochu ◇ good points, advantage, benefit ◇ gain, profit

处處 chù ◇ place, location ◇ department, office ◇ {measure word} (used for places, location of buildings, etc., e.g., liǎng chù fángzi 兩處房子/两处房子 "houses in two locations")

好像好像 hǎoxiàng ◇ seem, be like, look like/as if

号號 hào ◇ name, title, style name, assumed name, alias, literary name, sobriquet ◇ firm, business house ◇ sequence, kind, sort, type ◇ person of a certain type (as in bìng hào 病號/病号 "person on the sick list") ◇ number ◇ (after numerals) number..., day of the month, street number, house number ◇ {measure word} (for large numbers of people, transactions, deals, etc.) ◇ put a mark on, number, give a number to ◇ sign, signal ◇ size (of shoes, clothing, etc.) ◇ count, measure (as in hào mài 號脈/号脉 "feel the pulse") ◇ indicates the name of a ship, spacecraft, etc. (as in Qǐyè hào 企業號/企业号 the "Enterprise") ◇ horn, trumpet, bugle ◇ bugle call

号码號碼 hàomǎ ◇ number (like telephone number)

号召號召 hàozhào ◇ call, appeal ◇ call on (large numbers of people to take joint action), appeal to, summon
召召 zhào ◇ summon, beckon, gather ◇ convene, call together ◇ inspire, guide ◇ an Imperial decree ◇ a temple, monastery ◇ Zhao (surname among the Dǎi 傣 nationality)

好客好客 hàokè ◇ be hospitable

好奇好奇 hàoqí ◇ be curious, be inquisitive

耗费耗費 hàofèi ◇ consume, expend, drain, use up, take, cost (e.g. time, resources, money)

耗耗 hào ◇ consume, use, cost ◇ dally, waste time ◇ bad news (like of sb's death)

费費 fèi ◇ cost, fees, expenses ◇ spend/consume/expend too much, waste; expend (too) quickly ◇ Fei (surname)

啊呵 ā ◇ {interjection} What? Oh! Wow! (exclamation expressing surprise, astonishment or admiration)

喝喝 hē ◇ drink ◇ drink alcoholic beverages

何必何必 hébì ◇ what need is there
何況何況 hékuàng ◇ let alone, much less, not to mention ◇ (even...,) how much more..., all the more so... ◇ besides, moreover, especially since..., all the more so because

何何 hé ◇ (in questions or rhetorical questions) what? which?

who? why? how? ◇ He (surname)

況況 kuàng ◇ situation, condition ◇ compare ◇ moreover, furthermore ◇ Kuang (surname) ◇ silk wadding, silk floss

合并合併 hébìng ◇ merge, amalgamate, integrate

合合 hé ◇ combine, unite, join ◇ shut, close ◇ the entire/whole... ◇ {written} be appropriate, proper ◇ suit, agree, fit, comply/conform with ◇ add up to, be equal to ◇ {measure word}... round(s) of...,... bout(s) of... (in fights, contests, sports, etc.) ◇ {astronomy} conjunction ◇ {music} he (note in the Chinese scale gōngchèpǔ 工尺譜/工尺谱, corresponding to 5 in numbered musical notation) ◇ He (surname)

并並 bìng ◇ and (also), at the same time, equally, simultaneously ◇ entirely, completely ◇ on the same level with, even, equal ◇ (emphatic when followed by a negation) (not) at all ◇ {written} (used like lián 連/连) (not) even... ◇ place together, place side by side ◇ merge

合成合成 héchéng ◇ composite ◇ be composed of ◇ synthetic ◇ synthesize

合法合法 héfǎ ◇ legal, legitimate, lawful
 合格合格 hégé ◇ qualified ◇ up to standard
 合伙合伙 héhuǒ ◇ form a partnership
 合夥合夥 héhuǒ ◇ enter into a (business) partnership
 合理合理 hélǐ ◇ reasonable, within reason, rational
 合适合适 héshì ◇ be suitable, fit
 适 適 shì ◇ fit, suitable, proper, appropriate ◇ opportune, just right ◇ comfortable, at ease, well ◇ go, move towards, follow ◇ {written} (of a woman) marry, get married
 合算合算 hésuàn ◇ worthwhile, reasonable (in price) ◇ figure out
 合同合同 hétóng ◇ a contract
 合影合影 héyǐng ◇ group photo ◇ take a group photo
 合作合作 hézuò ◇ cooperate, collaborate ◇ cooperation, collaboration

和 和 hé ◇ and; with ◇ together with ◇ kind, gentle, mild; (be) on good terms with, harmonious; harmony, peace ◇ {sports} (of the result of a competition) a draw, a tie ◇ Japan, Japanese ◇ He (surname)
 和蔼和蔼 hé'ǎi ◇ amiable, affable
 藹 藹 ǎi ◇ (of vegetation) thick, dense, luxuriant, lush ◇ friendly, affable, amiable
 和解和解 héjiě ◇ become reconciled ◇ reconciliation, amicable solution
 和睦和睦 hémù ◇ harmony ◇ harmonious
 和平和平 héping ◇ peace ◇ harmony ◇ peaceful ◇ harmonious ◇ mild (like of one's temperament, medicine) ◇ Heping (county, Guǎngdōng 廣東/广东 Province) ◇ Hoabinh (Vietnam) ◇ Heping (reign title for various Chinese Emperors)
 和气和氣 héqì ◇ friendly, cordial, amiable ◇ kind, gentle ◇ friendship, harmonious atmosphere
 气 氣 qì ◇ gas, air ◇ power ◇ vigour, spirit ◇ weather, climate ◇ thin clouds ◇ make angry ◇ get angry ◇ fate, destiny ◇ {Chinese philosophy} formative or creative spirit ◇ {Chinese med} qi, vital energy; functions (of internal organs); symptom (of a disease); nutrition
 和谐和諧 héxié ◇ harmonious

谐 諧 xié ◇ harmonious ◇ reach an agreement (after consultation) ◇ humorous

核心核心 héxīn ◇ nucleus, kernel, core, key

盒子盒子 hézi ◇ box, case, casket ◇ fireworks (resembling a box) ◇ {measure word}... box(es) of...,... packet(s) of... (used for things in boxes, packets, etc., such as biscuits, tea leaves, chocolate, cigarettes)

嘿 嘿 hēi ◇ {interjection} Hey! Hi! (or similar expression used as a greeting, or to get sb's attention, indicate satisfaction or surprise, wonderment, etc.)

黑 黑 hēi ◇ (of colour) black, dark ◇ secret (often illicit), shady, unlawful, clandestine ◇ evil, wicked, sinister, vicious ◇ unethical, reactionary, counterrevolutionary ◇ {colloquial} do sth unethical or unlawful ◇ (short for Hēilóngjiāng 黑龍江/黑龙江) Heilongjiang Province ◇ Hei (surname)
 黑板黑板 hēibǎn ◇ blackboard

痕迹痕迹 hénjì ◇ a mark, a trace ◇ vestige, sign

很 很 hěn ◇ very, quite (often used as a rhetorical prefix to an adjective, with little or no intensification of the adjective's meaning)

狠心狠心 hěnxīn ◇ make a firm decision, decide resolutely (in spite of hardships or sacrifices involved) ◇ heartless ◇ merciless ◇ cruel

恨 恨 hèn ◇ hate or resent (sth or sb) ◇ regret, remorse ◇ feel regret/remorse

恨不得 恨不得 hèn bù de ◇ wish one could, would like to (if one could), be itching/dying to, want to (but be unable to or be obliged to restrain oneself from), be on the verge of; if only (sb.) could... ◇ {regional, e.g., Beijing, colloquial} almost/practically

(as bad as)

哼 哼 hēng ◇ hum (a melody, etc.) ◇ groan, moan (as in pain) ◇ snort (as in contempt)

横 横 héng ◇ from east to west, latitudinal ◇ horizontal ◇ across, trans-, transverse, at a right angle (to sth) ◇ from east to west; from west to east ◇ traverse, put crosswise, criss-cross ◇ in profusion, without restraint, in disorder ◇ violently, forcibly, fiercely, flagrantly (as in héngjiā 横加/横加 "deliberately, wilfully, forcibly, flagrantly") ◇ {calligraphy} the horizontal stroke in a character ◇ {dialect, interjection} anyway, anyhow, in any case ◇ {dialect} most likely, probably ◇ Heng (surname)

哄 哄 hōng ◇ (describes the sound of uproarious laughter or talk) ◇ hubbub, din ◇ (of many people) make noise/talk simultaneously

烘 烘 hōng ◇ dry by a fire (like one's hands, wet clothes, etc.) ◇ set off; serve as contrast or background ◇ burn ◇ bake, roast

轰动轟動 hōngdòng ◇ cause a sensation

宏观宏观 hóngguān ◇ macro-perspective, macroscopic view ◇ observing phenomena from a macro-perspective

宏 宏 hóng ◇ great, grand, magnificent ◇ wide, vast, extensive ◇ {IT} macro ◇ Hong (surname)

观 觀 guān ◇ see, look, observe, view ◇ a sight, view ◇ {figurative} outlook, concept, view ◇ {divination} "Guan" (one of the sixty-four hexagrams in the Yìjīng 易经/易经 "Book of Changes")

宏伟宏伟 hóngwěi ◇ grand, magnificent (in scale, of a plan, etc.)

伟 偉 wěi ◇ great, big ◇ grand, magnificent ◇ Wei (surname)

洪水洪水 hóngshuǐ ◇ flood, inundation

红 紅 hóng ◇ red (colour) ◇ {informal} be popular, be "hot", be in great demand ◇ red cloth (hung to symbolize festive occasions, success, happiness, good luck, etc.) ◇ {figurative} (politically) "red" (i.e. Communist, socialist-minded, revolutionary) ◇ {economics} dividend, bonus ◇ (symbol of success) ◇ Hong (surname)

喉咙喉嚨 hóulóng ◇ the throat
喉 喉 hóu ◇ throat, larynx

咙 嚨 lóng ◇ throat

猴子猴子 hóuzi ◇ monkey ◇ minor servant

吼 吼 hǒu ◇ (of big animals) roar, howl ◇ (of excited or angry persons) yell, shout, roar ◇ (of guns, cannons, sirens, thunder, the wind, etc.) blast, rumble, boom, crash, wail, howl

候选候選 hòuxuǎn ◇ be a candidate ◇ be a candidate for an official post (esp. during the Qīng 清 Dynasty)
候 候 hòu ◇ wait, await, expect ◇ visit, inquire after ◇ {dialect} treat, pick up the cheque ◇ time, period, season ◇ (of an ongoing process, or a situation in flux) condition, state ◇ {Chinese calendar} pentad (a period of five days, three of which constitute a jiéqì 節氣/节气 "solar term") ◇ {admin, archaic} official in charge of protocol ◇ {archaic} frontier lookout post
选 選 xuǎn ◇ choose, select ◇ elect; election ◇ chosen, selected (person or thing) ◇ anthology

厚 厚 hòu ◇ (of a wall, book, etc.) thick, (of snow) deep; (of cloth/clothing) thick/heavy ◇ (of feelings) deep, profound ◇ kind, magnanimous ◇ (of profits, rewards, remunerations, a gift) large, substantial, generous, handsome ◇ (of flavour) rich or strong ◇ treat favourably, give sb preferential treatment, enrich, make better ◇ Hou (surname)

后背後背 hòubèi ◇ the back (of the body, etc.) ◇ at the back, at the rear

后 後 hòu ◇ after, behind ◇ back, rear ◇ afterwards, later ◇ last, in the back, at the end ◇ offspring, progeny ◇ {Chinese chess} at the rear (the piece at the rear, relative to the player) ◇ Hou (surname)

背 背 bèi ◇ back (of the body) ◇ turn the back (on sb), abandon, desert ◇ turn away, leave, desert ◇ hide sth from sb, do sth behind sb's back ◇ with one's back toward ◇ behind ◇ memorize, learn by heart/rote, recite from memory ◇ violate, act contrary to, break ◇ out-of-the-way, remote ◇ {colloquial} unlucky ◇ be hard of hearing

后代後代 hòudài ◇ later ages, later periods (as in history) ◇ later generations, posterity ◇ descendant ◇ {biology} progeny

代 代 dài ◇ for/in place of/on behalf of (sb else) ◇ replace, take the place of, act on another's behalf, be a substitute for ◇ substitute, acting, temporary ◇ era, age, period, dynasty ◇ generation ◇ Dai (surname)

后顾之忧 後顧之憂 hòugùzhīyōu ◇ anxiety, worries (about maintaining normal life or smooth operations) ◇ family worries, thing(s) to worry about back home, worries about tending to one's family || (The type of worries referred to by hòugùzhīyōu 後顧之憂/后顾之忧 are factors external to oneself that are intimately related to maintaining one's normal life [in the case of an individual] or to maintaining smooth operations [in the case of a work unit, army, etc.] ◇ for example, in the case of an army or work unit, the worries would often be about whether there will be adequate logistical support)
后顾後顧 hòugù ◇ look back (in time) ◇ consider things to take care of (like at home before leaving) ◇ look back (on past events)

之 之 zhī ◇ of (formal/literary equivalent of de 的) ◇ it, him, her (formal/literary direct object pronoun) ◇ {archaic} go to... ◇ Zhi (surname)

忧 憂 yōu ◇ worry ◇ concern, sorrow, anxiety ◇ disease ◇ mourning for a parent

后果後果 hòuguǒ ◇ consequen-

ce, aftermath, result (usu. a bad result)
果 果 guǒ ◇ fruit(s); nuts ◇ result, effect, consequence, outcome ◇ decisive, resolute, strong-willed, determined ◇ as expected, really ◇ if indeed ◇ Guo (surname)

后悔後悔 hòuhuǐ ◇ regret, be repentant (for sth)

悔 悔 huǐ ◇ repent, regret

后来後來 hòulái ◇ afterwards, later
来 來 lái ◇ come, come hither ◇ arrive (of seasons, etc.) ◇ arise, crop up (of problems, etc.) ◇ cause to come, let come, I'll have... (used in ordering in a restaurant) ◇ cause to arrive or take place ◇ for the past (amount of time) ◇ in order to (take some action) ◇ (following numbers) approximately ◇ (verb suffix) ◇ Lai (surname)

后面後面 hòumian ◇ at the back ◇ afterwards, later

后勤後勤 hòuqín ◇ logistics, rear service ◇ non-military (like support personnel in a school)

勤 勤 qín ◇ industrious, diligent, hardworking ◇ often, frequently, regularly ◇ attendance, on duty ◇ duty, service ◇ aid, assist ◇ Qin (surname)

呼唤呼喚 hūhuàn ◇ call on, appeal to (people to do sth) ◇ (a/the) call

呼 呼 hū ◇ {onom} exhale, breathe out ◇ shout, call or cry out ◇ call (like sb by name, on the phone, etc.) ◇ pant, be short of breath ◇ Hu (surname)

唤 喚 huàn ◇ call out (loud), shout ◇ call, summon, invite ◇ (of a rooster) crow

呼吸呼吸 hūxī ◇ respire, breathe

呼啸呼嘯 hūxiào ◇ howl, whistle (like of the wind)

啸 嘯 xiào ◇ whistle ◇ chant, sing ◇ roar, howl ◇ a ringing in the ears

呼吁呼吁 hūyù ◇ appeal to, call on (a person, society, authorities, etc., e.g. to take proper action)

吁 籲 yù ◇ appeal, urgently request, call on, plead

忽略忽略 hūlüè ◇ neglect, overlook

忽然忽然 hūrán ◇ suddenly

忽视忽視 hūshì ◇ neglect, overlook

忽 忽 hū ◇ neglect, ignore, overlook ◇ suddenly ◇ swift, rapid ◇ {written} eliminate, wipe out ◇ {unit of measure} one hundred thousandth

of a unit ◇ minute, fine ◇ Hu (surname)

视 視 shì ◇ look at, view, examine
◇ regard, consider, treat as, look upon as ◇ inspect, observe, watch, contrast, compare ◇ model oneself on, follow the example of ◇ {physics} apparent

壶 壺 hú ◇ kettle, pot, jar, vessel (for liquids) ◇ bottle, flask ◇ {measure word}... kettle(s) of...,... pot(s) of... (used for the contents of kettles, jars, and similar vessels for holding liquids) ◇ Hu (surname)

湖泊湖泊 húpō ◇ lakes

糊涂糊涂 hútu ◇ confused, muddled ◇ chaotic, in a mess ◇ blurred, indistinct ◇ blur, obscure, confuse
糊 糊 hú ◇ paste, glue ◇ stick on with paste, glue (on) ◇ (used like hú 糊) (of food, clothing, etc.) burnt ◇ (used like hú 糊) porridge, congee, gruel

涂 塗 tú ◇ apply, spread (on), paint, smear ◇ scribble, scrawl ◇ erase, delete, cross out, blot out ◇ {written} mud, slush ◇ tidal land, shoal ◇ road, way

胡乱胡亂 húluàn ◇ carelessly, hastily ◇ at random, randomly
胡 胡 Hú ◇ {ethnology} the Hu nations (a general term for the peoples living in northern and western China) ◇ (things) from the peoples living in northern and western China, or from outside China ◇ (speak or act) indiscriminately, recklessly, wildly, or in a nonsensical manner ◇ Hu (an ancient state during the Chūnqiū 春秋 Period [770-476 BCE] in the region of present Ānhuī 安徽 Province) ◇ why? ◇ Hu (surname)

乱 亂 luàn ◇ chaotic, in disorder, messy, jumbled ◇ (of society) turbulent ◇ chaos ◇ upheaval, (social) disorder (like war, rebellion, anarchy, mutiny) ◇ confuse, throw into disarray ◇ (of one's mind) in turmoil, troubled, perturbed, confused ◇ indiscriminately, at random, arbitrarily, in an unwarranted manner ◇ (of sexual relationships) promiscuous, illicit, improper
胡说胡說 húshuō ◇ talk nonsense ◇ nonsense

说 說 shuō ◇ speak, say, talk ◇ explain, give an explanation ◇ theory, doctrine, views ◇ scold, criticize ◇ act as go-between or matchmaker, introduce ◇ refer to, hint, indicate ◇ point to

胡同胡同 hútong ◇ lane, alley, side street, small back street

胡须鬍鬚 húxū ◇ beard, mustache, whiskers

胡 鬍 hú ◇ beard, moustache, whiskers

须 須 xū ◇ must, have to ◇ wait, await ◇ moment, instant ◇ Xu (place during the Chūnqiū 春秋 Period [770 - 476 BCE] in Hua County, Hénán 河南 Province) ◇ Xu (surname)

蝴蝶蝴蝶 húdié ◇ butterfly

互联网 互聯網 hùliánwǎng
◇ Internet ◇ large-scale network I (also hùlián wǎngluò 互聯網絡/互联网络)

互 互 hù ◇ mutual, reciprocal, each other ◇ {archaic} a frame from which pieces of meat were hung

联网聯網 liánwǎng ◇ {IT} network, hook up to the network, be online, go online; networking

互相互相 hùxiāng ◇ mutually, reciprocally, each other

护士護士 hùshi ◇ nurse (in a hospital)

护 護 hù ◇ protect, guard, defend, shelter, shield ◇ {metaphor} be partial to sb, be on sb's side

士 士 shì ◇ (suffix referring to certain skilled personnel, e.g. hùshi 護士/护士 "nurse") ◇ (commendable) person (suffix used in certain polite terms for people, e.g., lièshì 烈士 "martyr") ◇ soldier ◇ (in feudal China) scholar ◇ (in the Shang, Western Zhou, and Chunqiu) gentry scholar (member of the lowest aristocratic class, between the high officials and common people) ◇ {classical, ancient Chinese} unmarried man ◇ {Chinese chess} advisor, guard (on the black side ◇ also known as minister, less commonly as assistant, mandarin, or warrior) ◇ noncommissioned officer (a military rank in certain countries, under wèi 尉) ◇ {Japanese} samurai ◇ Shi (surname)

护照護照 hùzhào ◇ passport ◇ travel permit (in former times)

照 照 zhào ◇ shine, illuminate ◇ to, towards, in the direction of ◇ reflect (in a mirror) ◇ take a picture, film ◇ picture, photo ◇

certificate, license, permit ◇ look after, take care of, attend to ◇ notify, give notice ◇ contrast ◇ know, understand ◇ according to, in light of ◇ (before a one-syllable verb, and often in the pattern "zhào Verb bù wù" 照 Verb 不誤/照 Verb 不误) in spite of it, just the same, still continue to...

花 花 huā ◇ spend, expend (money, energy) ◇ spend, take (time) ◇ flower, blossom ◇ flowering plant ◇ sth resembling a flower (like sparks, snowflakes, fireworks) ◇ fireworks ◇ design, decorative pattern ◇ flowery, florid, colourful ◇ multi-coloured, variegated ◇ ornate, showy ◇ unevenly coloured, patchy ◇ (of eyes) blurred (in vision) ◇ (of worn clothes) threadbare ◇ attractive but unreal or insincere ◇ (of men) promiscuous ◇ {metaphor} pretty young woman ◇ prostitute ◇ having to do with prostitution ◇ cotton ◇ small grains, pieces, or drops ◇ {med} smallpox ◇ wound, battle scar ◇ Hua (surname)
花瓣花瓣 huābàn ◇ flower petal
花蕾花蕾 huālěi ◇ flower bud
花生花生 huāshēng ◇ peanut, *Arachis hypogaea*

华丽華麗 huá lì ◇ magnificent, gorgeous, splendid, ornate, showy
华侨華僑 Huáqiáo ◇ overseas Chinese (those who reside temporarily overseas and have not changed their citizenship)
华裔華裔 Huáyì ◇ foreign nationals of Chinese origin or descent (in a country outside China) ◇ (as a modifier) of Chinese descent
华 華 huá ◇ splendid, magnificent, radiant, glorious; splendour, magnificence, radiance, glory ◇ (of the sun, etc.) corona ◇ flourishing, prosperous; prosperity ◇ the best, the cream ◇ extravagant, flashy, sumptuous, luxurious ◇ a time, years (in sb's life) ◇ grey, grizzled (as in huáfà 華髮/华发 "gray hair") ◇ {written, formal} your ◇ {geosciences} mineral sediments in spring water ◇ [Huá] China; Chinese (language) ◇ Hua (surname)
裔 裔 yì ◇ posterity, descendants

◇ of... descent/ancestry (e.g., Huáyì Jiānádà-rén 華裔加拿大人/华裔加拿大人 "a Canadian of Chinese descent", "a Chinese Canadian") ◇ {written} a distant land ◇ the border, fringe (of a garment) ◇ Yi (surname)

滑 滑 huá ◇ slip, slide ◇ slippery, smooth ◇ crafty, cunning, slippery ◇ Hua (surname)

划 劃 huà ◇ differentiate, delimit, classify, plan ◇ transfer, allocate, assign ◇ mark (like with a cross) ◇ a stroke (of a Chinese character) ◇ {calligraphy, regional} horizontal stroke ◇ (used like huà 畫/画) draw (a line, drawing, etc.)

划分劃分 huàfēn ◇ divide, classify ◇ differentiate
分 分 fēn ◇ separate, divide, split, part ◇ distribute, assign, allot ◇ distinguish, differentiate, tell (the difference), make a distinction ◇ (of an organization, company, etc.) branch ◇ fraction; one-tenth of the whole, ten percent ◇ (as a unit of length) approx. 1/3 cm ◇ (as a unit of area) approx. 67 square metres ◇ (as a unit of weight) approx. 1/2 gram ◇ (as a unit of Chinese currency) 1/100 of a Yuan ◇ (as a unit of time or degree) a minute ◇ (as interest rate) percent ◇ (in a marking system) a mark/point ◇ {measure word}... part(s) of...,... tenth(s) of... (used for parts or tenths of the whole, and for abstract items like vigour, toil, hope, etc.)

化肥化肥 huà-féi ◇ chemical fertilizer (short for huàxué féiliào 化學肥料/化学肥料)

化石化石 huàshí ◇ fossil

化学化學 huàxué ◇ chemistry

化 化 huà ◇ change, transform; be changed/transformed ◇ enlighten, civilize (like through the moral influence of the emperor) ◇ influence, persuade, convert ◇ melt, thaw, dissolve ◇ digest ◇ remove, eliminate ◇ burn (up), incinerate ◇ (short for huàxué 化學/化学) chemistry ◇ (of monks, priests) die, pass away ◇ (as a suffix) -ize, -ization (like xiàndài 現代/现代 "modern" becomes xiàndàihuà 現代化/现代化 "modernize; modernization") ◇ {religion} (of Buddhist monks, Taoist priests) beg for alms ◇ Hua (surname)

学 學 xué ◇ learn, study ◇ imitate, copy, mimic ◇ scholarship, learning, education, study, knowledge, science ◇ subject (of study), (academic) discipline, branch of learning ◇ school, college

化验化驗 huàyàn ◇ (laboratory) test, assay, subject to chemical examination/analysis

验 驗 yàn ◇ examine, check, verify ◇ produce the expected or desired results ◇ expected or desired results ◇ test, experiment ◇ evidence, proof

化妆化妝 huàzhuāng ◇ apply make-up, make-up

妆 妝 zhuāng ◇ (apply) makeup ◇ adornments (for women) ◇ dowry, trousseau ◇ disguise one's appearance

画 畫 huà ◇ draw, paint ◇ drawing, painting, picture ◇ decorate with drawings, paintings or pictures ◇ draw (a line, etc.); mark (like with a cross) ◇ stroke (of a Chinese character) ◇ {calligraphy} horizontal stroke ◇ Hua (surname)

画蛇添足 畫蛇添足 huàshétiānzú ◇ "draw a snake and add feet"—ruin the effect by adding sth. superfluous

话题話題 huàtí ◇ topic of conversation

话筒話筒 huàtǒng ◇ telephone transmitter ◇ microphone ◇ megaphone

话 話 huà ◇ words, talk (spoken or written) ◇ talk about, discuss ◇ speech, language ◇ tell, instruct

筒 筒 tǒng ◇ a thick length of bamboo ◇ sth resembling a thick tube (like a smokestack) ◇ part of clothing that is tube-shaped (like the sleeves of garments) ◇ {measure word}... tube(s) of...,... tin(s) of... (used for things in cylindrical containers)

怀念懷念 huáiniàn ◇ remember fondly, cherish the memory of (an old friend, past times, etc.), miss

怀 懷 huái ◇ the chest, breast, bosom, mind, heart ◇ think of, long for, yearn for ◇ conceive, be pregnant ◇ cherish, harbour, nurse, have in mind ◇ be inclined to ◇ Huai (surname)

念 念 niàn ◇ think of, long for, miss

◇ thought, idea ◇ read (aloud) ◇ study (a subject) ◇ study in, attend (a school, department, or a grade) ◇ twenty (special written form of the number to prevent alteration/forgery) ◇ Nian (surname)

怀疑懷疑 huáiyí ◇ to doubt, suspect ◇ doubt, suspicion

疑 疑 yí ◇ doubt, suspect ◇ doubtful, questionable ◇ guess, conjecture

怀孕懷孕 huáiyùn ◇ be pregnant

孕 孕 yùn ◇ be pregnant ◇ pregnancy

坏 壞 huài ◇ bad, wicked, evil ◇ defective, broken down, not working, dysfunctional ◇ break down, go bad ◇ become spoiled/ruined, rot ◇ (as an intensifier after certain verbs)... to the extreme, badly, awfully, very (as in èhuài le 餓壞了/饿坏了 "very hungry") ◇ (dirty) trick; evil idea

欢乐歡樂 huānlè ◇ happy, joyous, jolly (of a crowd, a melody, music, etc.)

欢迎歡迎 huānyíng ◇ to welcome ◇ welcome! ◇ (formal expression when being introduced to sb) glad to meet you

欢 歡 huān ◇ happy, joyous, merry ◇ sweetheart, lover; (term of affection used by females when speaking of their lover) ◇ {dialect} lively, vigorously, in full swing, with a vengeance, with great drive ◇ Huan (surname)

迎 迎 yíng ◇ welcome, receive, meet ◇ meet head-on, confront

环节環節 huánjié ◇ sector ◇ link ◇ {zool} segment ◇ {broadcasting} segment (of a program)

环境環境 huánjìng ◇ environment, surroundings ◇ (surrounding) conditions, ambience, climate

环 環 huán ◇ ring, ring-shaped object, loop, hoop ◇ link, connection ◇ surround, encircle ◇ {archery} ring or point (on a target) ◇ {chem} cyclic..., cyclo- ◇ Huan (surname)

境 境 jìng ◇ boundary, border, frontier ◇ area, place ◇ condition, circumstances ◇ fortune (good or bad)

还原還原 huányuán ◇ return to

the original state ◇ (chemical) reduction

还 還 hái ◇ still, yet ◇ still more, even more ◇ also, as well, too, in addition, furthermore ◇ (when preceding an adjective indicating acceptable quality) passably, fairly, rather... ◇ (in rhetorical questions) even..., if... ◇ in spite of (sth unexpected, a difficulty, etc.) ◇ (to express emphasis) really, very ◇ (as a particle indicating grudging acceptance or unexpectedness) well then...

原 原 yuán ◇ source, origin ◇ original, former, previous ◇ originally, formerly ◇ primeval ◇ raw, crude, unprocessed ◇ forgive, pardon ◇ open country, plain, plateau, steppe ◇ in fact, actually ◇ forgive, excuse ◇ Yuan (surname)

缓和缓和 huǎnhé ◇ relax, ease, alleviate ◇ cause to relax or ease ◇ détente ◇ {med} abirritate, reduce irritation or sensitiveness

缓 緩 huǎn ◇ slow, sluggish, leisurely, tardy ◇ relaxed, unhurried ◇ postpone, delay, slow down

和 和 hé ◇ and; with ◇ together with ◇ kind, gentle, mild; (be) on good terms with, harmonious; harmony, peace ◇ {sports} (of the result of a competition) a draw, a tie ◇ Japan, Japanese ◇ He (surname)

缓解缓解 huǎnjiě ◇ alleviate, lessen (pain, symptoms, difficulties, shortages, conflict, tension, etc.)

解 解 jiě ◇ divide, separate, split ◇ dissolve, disintegrate ◇ unfasten, untie, undo, unbutton ◇ relieve, alleviate, remove, dispel, dismiss ◇ explain, interpret, construe, clear up ◇ understand, comprehend ◇ relieve oneself, go to the bathroom ◇ {math} solution, solve

幻想幻想 huànxǐǎng ◇ illusion, fantasy, false hope ◇ dream, fantasize

患者患者 huànzhe ◇ sufferer (from a disease) ◇ patient ◇ victim

换 換 huàn ◇ exchange, trade, barter ◇ change, switch ◇ substitute (sth with sth else) ◇ convert or exchange (currency)

慌张慌张 huāngzhāng ◇ flurried, flustered

慌 慌 huāng ◇ flurried, panicky, flustered, confused ◇ {colloquial} (after an adjective + 得) awfully, terribly, unbearably, totally, completely (as in lèi de huāng 累的慌 "totally exhausted, tired out")

张 張 zhāng ◇ open, spread, stretch; extend a bow ◇ magnify, exaggerate ◇ look, glance ◇ {measure word}... sheet(s) of... (used for flat things like a sheet of paper, a table, etc.) ◇ {M} (for mouth, face) ◇ Zhang (surname)

荒凉荒凉 huāngliáng ◇ desolate, wild

荒 荒 huāng ◇ {agriculture} (of land) lie in disuse, lie waste, go uncultivated ◇ waste, barren, desolate, wild ◇ a crop failure, famine ◇ wasteland, uncultivated land ◇ {figurative} neglect, be/get out of practice ◇ a shortage (of food, water, resources, etc.) ◇ absurd, unreasonable ◇ {written} indulge in, be addicted ◇ {regional} unverified, uncertain

凉 凉 liáng ◇ cool, cold ◇ discouraged, disheartened ◇ Liang (surname)

荒唐荒唐 huāngmiù ◇ absurd, preposterous, ridiculous

谬 謬 miù ◇ false, erroneous ◇ Miu (surname)

荒唐荒唐 huāngtang ◇ (of thinking, speech) absurd, preposterous, ridiculous ◇ (of actions, lifestyle, etc.) dissolute, dissipated, loose

皇帝皇帝 huángdì ◇ emperor

皇后皇后 Huánghòu ◇ Empress

皇 皇 huáng ◇ the emperor, monarch, sovereign ◇ royal, imperial ◇ great, grand ◇ beautiful ◇ splendid, glorious ◇ Huang (surname)

后 後 hòu ◇ after, behind ◇ back, rear ◇ afterwards, later ◇ last, in the back, at the end ◇ offspring, progeny ◇ {Chinese chess} at the rear (the piece at the rear, relative to the player) ◇ Hou (surname)

黄 黄 huáng ◇ (of colour) yellow; gold ◇ (of an egg) the yolk ◇ {figurative} pornography; pornographic ◇ {colloquial} (of a plan that fell through, a party that was cancelled, etc.) fall through, fizzle out, be off ◇ (short for Huáng Hé 黄河/黄河) the Yellow River

◇ {mythology} (short for Huángdì 黃帝/黃帝) the Yellow Emperor ◇ Huang (surname)

河 河 hé ◇ river ◇ {astronomy} the Milky Way ◇ (short for Huáng Hé 黃河/黃河) Yellow River, the Huang He ◇ {Chinese chess} the River (divides the two sides, between the fifth and sixth rank) ◇ He (surname) 黃昏黃昏 huánghūn ◇ dusk, twilight

昏 昏 hūn ◇ the dusk ◇ dark, dusky, dim, murky ◇ confused, muddled, dizzy ◇ faint, lose consciousness, fall unconscious ◇ die at young age

黃金黃金 huángjīn ◇ gold ◇ golden (often figurative: most valuable or best/ideal)

金 金 jīn ◇ metal ◇ money ◇ ancient percussion instruments made of metal (like gongs) ◇ gold ◇ honoured, valuable ◇ golden, gold coloured ◇ the Jin Dynasty (1115-1234) ◇ Jin (surname)

恍然大悟 恍然大悟 huǎngrándàwù ◇ (suddenly) see the light, wake up to the fact

晃 晃 huǎng ◇ shine, radiate ◇ dazzlingly bright ◇ flash past, streak past; in a wink, in a split second, in a flash ◇ Huang (surname)

恢復恢復 huīfù ◇ recover, return to normal, regain ◇ resume, renew, rejoin ◇ restore, reinstate, rehabilitate 恢 恢 huī ◇ extensive, broad, immense, vast ◇ expand ◇ complete, perfect ◇ recover, regain (one's health) 復 復 fù ◇ repeat, duplicate ◇ multiple, complex, compound, complicated ◇ lined garments

揮 揮 huī ◇ wave, wield, brandish, shake ◇ wipe away or off (like tears, sweat, etc.) with one's hand ◇ {military} command (troops) ◇ spread, disperse, scatter 揮霍揮霍 huīhuò ◇ squander money ◇ free and easy, unrestrained ◇ swift and nimble

霍 霍 huò ◇ quickly, suddenly ◇ the foothills around mountains ◇ Huo (an ancient state near Huo County, Shānxī 山西 Province) ◇ {written} (of birds, used like huò 霍) fly, flutter ◇ Huo (surname)

灰 灰 huī ◇ ash; ashes (from a stove) ◇ coal ◇ powder, dust ◇ lime, mortar ◇ gray, ashen (colour) ◇ dejected, discouraged, disheartened ◇ {Yangzhou dialect} trash, garbage 灰塵灰塵 huīchén ◇ dust 塵 塵 chén ◇ dust ◇ this (mortal) world ◇ trail, trace ◇ contaminate, pollute ◇ {Buddhism} the senses ◇ Chen (surname) 灰心灰心 huīxīn ◇ lose heart, be discouraged ◇ disheartened, discouraged

輝煌輝煌 huīhuáng ◇ glorious, splendid, magnificent

輝 輝 huī ◇ glow, radiance, splendour, lustre ◇ (of the sun) shine ◇ {metaphor} shine, last forever

煌 煌 huáng ◇ bright, shining, brilliant [like of the stars]

回 回 huí ◇ return, go or come back ◇ wind around, circle/turn around, look back ◇ answer, reply ◇ report (to a higher authority) ◇ go contrary to, cancel, dismiss, decline (an invitation, offer, etc.) ◇ {measure word}... times (for the number of occurrences, times, occasions, etc.); {measure word} (used for chapters, sections, sessions [of books, etc.], matters, occasions) ◇ the Hui (Muslim) nationality ◇ Hui (surname)

回報回報 huíbào ◇ pay/give back to, repay, reciprocate, return; retaliate ◇ recompense, reward, repayment, payoff ◇ {finance} return (e.g., on investment), payback ◇ report back to (a superior on one's mission, etc.)

報 報 bào ◇ report, announce ◇ respond, reciprocate ◇ repay, requite, recompense ◇ newspaper ◇ periodical ◇ bulletin (like news bulletin), report ◇ telegram ◇ {Buddhism} retribution

回避回避 huíbì ◇ dodge, evade ◇ make way for, get out of the way of ◇ avoid meeting sb | (the standard traditional form is 迴避)

回答回答 huídá ◇ reply, answer

回顧回顧 huígù ◇ look back on, recall, review

顧 顧 gù ◇ (turn the head and) look at ◇ pay attention to, take care of, attend to, take into account ◇ pay a visit, call on ◇ a

customer, client, patron ◇ {grammar, written} however, but, nevertheless ◇ instead, on the contrary, in lieu ◇ Gu (surname)

回收回收 huíshōu ◇ recycle ◇ reclaim, recover ◇ collect previously distributed goods ◇ get back, retrieve (e.g., return a man-made satellite to earth by remote control)

回忆回忆 huíyì ◇ recall, recollect ◇ recollection, memory

忆 憶 yì ◇ remember, recall, recollect ◇ miss, think of fondly ◇ learn by heart

悔恨悔恨 huǐhèn ◇ lament, regret deeply

毁灭毁灭 huǐmiè ◇ be destroyed by fire ◇ destroy, exterminate, wipe out

毁 毀 huǐ ◇ destroy, demolish, ruin ◇ {regional} (of clothing, etc.) refashion, make over, refurbish

灭 滅 miè ◇ go out (of a fire, light, etc.) ◇ extinguish, put out, turn off ◇ drown ◇ wipe out, exterminate, destroy

会 會 huì ◇ meeting ◇ meet with ◇ can, could ◇ understand, know (like a language) ◇ be able to ◇ will, be likely to, be possible, possibly ◇ moment, short while ◇ Hui (surname)

会晤會晤 huìwù ◇ meet with, see ◇ meeting

晤 晤 wù ◇ meet, see, have an interview with

会议會議 huìyì ◇ conference, meeting

汇报彙報 huìbào ◇ gather information and report or give an account to higher authority or the masses ◇ report, account

汇率匯率 huìlǜ ◇ rate of exchange, exchange rate

汇 彙 huì ◇ collect, gather together, assemble ◇ collection, assemblage

率 率 shuài ◇ lead, guide ◇ command (troops) ◇ cursory, rash ◇ candid, frank, straightforward ◇ follow, observe ◇ usually, generally, for the most part ◇ (of handwriting, movements, etc.) graceful, beautiful ◇ net for catching animals ◇ Shuai (surname)

贿赂賄賂 huìlù ◇ bribe ◇ bribery

婚礼婚禮 hūnlǐ ◇ wedding ceremony
婚 婚 hūn ◇ marry ◇ marriage, wedding

礼 禮 lǐ ◇ rite, ceremony (like wedding, funeral) ◇ courtesy, etiquette, protocol ◇ gift, present ◇ the Lǐjì 禮記/礼记 "Book of Rites" ◇ Li (surname)

婚姻婚姻 hūnyīn ◇ marriage

昏迷昏迷 hūnmí ◇ have fainted, (be) unconscious/in a coma

荤 葷 hūn ◇ {food/cuisine} meat; fish ◇ {Buddhism} strong smelling vegetables (like onions, garlic, leek, etc.) ◇ (of behaviour, language, jokes, etc.) indecent, dirty, gross

浑身渾身 húnshēn ◇ all over, from head to foot

浑 渾 hún ◇ muddy, turbid, murky ◇ stupid, foolish, confused ◇ simple, natural ◇ whole, entire, full ◇ (covered with sth) all over ◇ Hun (surname)

身 身 shēn ◇ (one's) body/life/person/character; oneself ◇ the frame, body (as of a car) ◇ {measure word}... suit(s) of... (used for suits of clothing) ◇ all one's life, one's lifetime

混合混合 hùnhé ◇ mix, blend, mingle ◇ {chem} mix

混乱混亂 hùnlùn ◇ chaos, confusion

混 混 hùn ◇ mix, mingle, confuse ◇ pass off as, pass for ◇ {colloquial} muddle through, drift along, muck about ◇ get along (with sb) ◇ irresponsibly, thoughtlessly, at random

混淆混淆 hùnxiao ◇ mix up, confuse, obscure

混浊混濁 hùnzhuó ◇ muddy, turbid

浊 濁 zhuó ◇ muddy, turbid ◇ dirty (literally or figuratively) ◇ chaos, confusion ◇ {Chinese astronomy} Zhuo (constellation consisting of epsilon, 68, delta, gamma, alpha, theta-1, 71 and lambda of Taurus)

活动活動 huódòng ◇ move around, exercise ◇ activity, move,

exercise, maneuver ◇ unsteady, shaky, rickety ◇ flexible, mobile, movable ◇ wangle, influence (through irregular means)

活 活 huó ◇ (be) alive, living ◇ (of a doctor, etc.) save lives ◇ keep alive, feed ◇ movable, flexible ◇ lively, active, vivid, quick ◇ really, exactly, simply ◇ job, work, project (mostly involving manual labour) ◇ (finished) product

动 動 dòng ◇ move, budge ◇ get moving, move into action, stir, act ◇ touch, displace, alter the position/shape of ◇ motion, movement (in contrast to jìng 靜/静 "still, calm") ◇ alter, change, modify ◇ use, put into use, make use of ◇ touch, move, sway, stir up, excite, arouse (like feelings) ◇ consume (food or drink) (mostly used with the negative) ◇ frequently, often, at every turn, easily

活该活該 huógāi ◇ serve sb

right, get what one deserves

该 該 gāi ◇ the abovementioned..., the aforesaid..., the said...; this..., that... ◇ should, ought to ◇ be sb's turn to... ◇ deserve, merit ◇ most likely, probably, in all probability, be expected that... ◇ (used emphatically in exclamatory statements) certainly is...! must be...! ◇ {regional} be on shift, be on duty (in turn) ◇ owe (money), be indebted to...

活力活力 huólì ◇ vitality, vigour ◇ dynamic

活泼活潑 huópo ◇ lively ◇ {chem} reactive

泼 潑 pō ◇ sprinkle, splash ◇ rude and unreasonable ◇ bold, vigorous ◇ {abusive} (you) villain, scoundrel

活跃活躍 huóyuè ◇ lively, active, brisk ◇ invigorate, stimulate

跃 躍 yuè ◇ jump, leap

伙伴夥伴 huǒbàn ◇ partner, (business) associate

火 火 huǒ ◇ fire ◇ firearms, ammunition ◇ {Chinese med} internal heat ◇ (of colour) red as fire, flaming red ◇ urgent, pressing ◇ anger, fury, rage, temper ◇ {colloquial} (of business, a sales item, etc.) brisk, flourishing, thriving, popular, "hot", all the rage (as in shēngyì hěn huǒ 生意很火 "business is booming", or mài de tǐng huǒ 賣得挺火/卖得挺火 "[some pro-

duct] is selling like hotcakes") ◇ Huo (surname)

火柴火柴 huǒchái ◇ match(es)

火车站 火車站 huǒchēzhàn

◇ train station

车 車 chē ◇ vehicle, car ◇ implement or machine containing rotating elements (like a spinning wheel, water wheel, windmill) ◇ machine, turn on a lathe ◇ draw/lift water with a water wheel ◇ {dialect} carry (away) in a vehicle ◇ {dialect} sew sth on a sewing machine ◇ turn (one's body) ◇ Che (surname)

站 站 zhàn ◇ stand, take a stand ◇ stop, cease; a stop, station ◇ service centre, service station ◇ {measure word}... stop(s) of... (used for the stops of a train/bus) ◇ {IT} (short for wǎngzhàn 網站/网站) website

火箭火箭 huǒjiàn ◇ rocket ◇

flaming arrow

火焰火焰 huǒyàn ◇ a flame

火药火藥 huǒyào ◇ gunpowder

◇ explosives

药 藥 yào ◇ medicine, drugs, pharmaceuticals ◇ various chemicals (like gunpowder, solder, etc.) ◇ cure with drugs ◇ poison, kill (like rats, insects) ◇ {bot} Chinese herbaceous peony, Paeonia lactiflora ◇ Yao (surname)

或许或許 huòxǔ ◇ perhaps, maybe

或 或 huò ◇ or ◇ perhaps, probably, maybe ◇ (in the pattern

或.....或.....) either...or... ◇ {written} someone, somebody, some person, some people ◇ {written} (usually with negation) (not even) a little bit, slightly

许 許 xǔ ◇ praise ◇ promise ◇ allow, permit ◇ Xu (surname)

或者或者 huòzhě ◇ or... ◇ perhaps, maybe

获得獲得 huòdé ◇ obtain, get, gain, win, achieve, acquire

获 獲 huò ◇ catch, capture,

seize ◇ get, obtain, receive, gain, win 得 得 de ◇ {grammar} (as structural particle between verb/adjective and a following complement) able to...; to the degree of...(used after certain verbs to indicate ability, possibility, or achievement to a certain degree, e.g., wǒ kàn de hěn qīngchū 我看得很清楚 "I could see it clearly")

货币貨幣 huòbì ◇ currency, money

J

基本基本 jīběn ◇ basic, elementary, fundamental ◇ main, basic, essential ◇ mainly, basically, essentially, on the whole

基础基礎 jīchǔ ◇ foundation (of a building, etc.), understructure ◇ foundation, basis, base

基 基 jī ◇ base, foundation (of a building, road, etc.) ◇ fundamental, primary, basic, rudimentary, cardinal ◇ {chem} base, group, radical

础 礎 chǔ ◇ plinth, foundation stone ◇ base, foundation

基地基地 jīdì ◇ base (like military, industrial) ◇ [J-] Al Qaeda (usu. - zǔzhī 組織/组织)

基金基金 jījīn ◇ {finance} a fund ◇ an endowment

基因基因 jīyīn ◇ gene

机场機場 jīchǎng ◇ airport

机动機動 jīdòng ◇ motorized ◇ expedient, flexible ◇ for use in emergency

机构機構 jīgòu ◇ organization, institution, establishment, office, agency ◇ organizational structure

机会機會 jīhuì ◇ opportunity, chance

机灵機靈 jīlíng ◇ clever, smart ◇ startle

机密機密 jīmì ◇ secret, confidential, classified ◇ a secret

机 機 jī ◇ a machine, engine ◇ an aircraft, plane ◇ an opportunity, chance, occasion ◇ {chem, food} organic ◇ important business/affairs (like affairs of state) ◇ an intention, idea ◇ smart, clever

密 密 mì ◇ dense, thick, close ◇ close, intimate ◇ meticulous ◇ secret, confidential ◇ code, cipher ◇ {textiles} density ◇ Mi (place near Lingtai, Gānsù 甘肅/甘肅 Province) ◇ Mi (place near Mi County, Hénán 河南 Province) ◇ Mi (surname)

机器機器 jīqì ◇ machine, machinery

器 器 qì ◇ instrument, tool, implement, utensil ◇ {physiology} organ ◇ talent, ability ◇ tolerance, patience, magnanimity, forbearance ◇ {regional} think highly of (a subordinate/junior)

机械機械 jīxiè ◇ machinery, mechanism ◇ mechanical ◇ weaponry

械 械 xiè ◇ tool, implement, instrument ◇ weapon ◇ (instruments of torture or punishment including) fetters and handcuffs, shackles, etc.

机遇機遇 jīyù ◇ opportunity, favourable chance

遇 遇 yù ◇ meet, encounter, come across ◇ treat, handle ◇ opportunity, chance ◇ agree with ◇ Yu (surname)

机智機智 jīzhì ◇ quick-witted, resourceful

智 智 zhì ◇ wisdom, intelligence, wit ◇ intelligent, clever, smart, astute ◇ Zhi (surname)

激动激動 jīdòng ◇ excite, agitate

激 激 jī ◇ dash, splash, surge (like of water, waves, etc.) ◇ (cause to) become ill after being cold and wet; catch a cold ◇ chill, ice (foods, etc.) ◇ incite, arouse, stimulate, excite ◇ (of feelings, etc.) stirred, touched, moved ◇ fierce, violent, drastic, radical ◇ (of colour) bright ◇ Ji (surname)

动 動 dòng ◇ move, budge ◇ get moving, move into action, stir, act ◇ touch, displace, alter the position/shape of ◇ motion, movement (in contrast to jìng 靜/静 "still, calm") ◇ alter, change, modify ◇ use, put into use, make use of ◇ touch, move, sway, stir up, excite, arouse (like feelings) ◇ consume (food or drink) (mostly used with the negative) ◇ frequently, often, at every turn, easily

激发激發 jīfā ◇ stimulate, stir up, rouse, motivate ◇ excitation

发 發 fā ◇ issue, send out, distribute ◇ launch, discharge, shoot ◇ produce, generate ◇ leave for, set out for ◇ (preceding an adjective denoting a feeling like lǎn 懶/懶 "lazy", ruǎn 軟/软 "soft", rè 熱/热 "hot", etc.) feel..., grow..., get... ◇ (before an adjective of colour, taste, smell, etc.) appear..., be... -ish, be... -ly, be on the... side (like fāzǐ 發紫/发紫 "be purplish", fāchòu 發臭/发臭 "be smelly", fātián 發甜/发甜 "be on the sweet side", etc.) ◇ speak, utter ◇ become rich ◇ diffuse, disperse ◇ expose, open up ◇ start/begin (an action) ◇ {measure word}... round(s) of...(used for ammunition: shells, cartridges, rounds, projectiles, etc.)

激励激勵 jīlì ◇ motivate (sb to do sth), spur/urge on, encourage, inspire, drive, incentivize ◇ incentive, stimulus ◇ {electrical} drive, excite ◇ {electri-

cal} drive, excitation

励 勵 lì ◇ urge, encourage ◇ Li (surname)

激烈激烈 jīliè ◇ (of competition, fighting, pain, opposition, etc.) fierce, intense, sharp, keen, acute ◇ (of actions, motion) drastic, wild, radical, violent ◇ (of speech, etc) vehement, fiery, heated, acrimonious

激情激情 jīqíng ◇ fervor, passion, strong emotion (enthusiasm, indignation, etc.)

积极積極 jījí ◇ active, vigorous, energetic, enthusiastic ◇ positive (in contrast to xiāojí 消极/消极 "negative, passive")

积累積累 jīlěi ◇ accumulate; accumulation

积 積 jī ◇ accumulate, gather, store up, amass ◇ long-standing, long-pending, accumulated, deep-rooted ◇ {Chinese med} indigestion ◇ {math} product (of multiplication)

累 累 lèi ◇ tired, exhausted, fatigued, weary ◇ fatigue, weariness, strain ◇ work hard, toil

肌肉肌肉 jīròu ◇ muscle

讥笑譏笑 jīxiào ◇ ridicule, deride

讥 譏 jī ◇ ridicule, mock, deride, satirize

笑 笑 xiào ◇ smile, laugh ◇ ridicule, deride

饥饿飢餓 jī'è ◇ be hungry, be starving ◇ hunger, starvation

鸡蛋雞蛋 jīdàn ◇ (hen's) egg

鸡 雞 jī ◇ chicken ◇ rooster ◇ {slang, Beijing} prostitute ◇ [Jī] Ji (surname)

蛋 蛋 dàn ◇ egg (of a hen, bird, turtle, etc.) ◇ egg-shaped spherical object ◇ {ethnology} Dan, Tanka (boat dwellers in South China)

即便即便 jíbìàn ◇ even if, even though ◇ promptly

即将即將 jíjiāng ◇ be about to (begin, etc.) ◇ soon

即 即 jí ◇ approach, be near, be close to ◇ undertake (a responsibility), assume (office), ascend (to the throne) ◇ at present, presently, immediately, promptly; impending; prompted by the occasion ◇ namely, is, i.e., that is ◇ even if, even though, although ◇ Ji (surname)

将 將 jiāng ◇ will, will be ◇ be about to... ◇ take (auxiliary verb before direct object of sentence, similar to bǎ 把) ◇ {regional/archaic} (used between a verb and its directional complement, e.g., tiào jiāng chūlái 跳将出来/跳将出来, "jump out") ◇ Jiang (surname)

即使即使 jíshǐ ◇ even if, even though (usu. with yě 也 in the following clause)

及格及格 jígé ◇ pass (an exam or a course), be qualified, be up to standard 及时及時 jíshí ◇ timely, at the right time, opportune ◇ in a timely manner, just in time, in the nick of time ◇

prompt, immediate, real-time (e.g., news reports) ◇ promptly, at once, without delay ◇ {IT} just-in-time (JIT)

及 及 jí ◇ and; up to... (conjunction joining two nouns or phrases, with the second being of less importance) ◇ reach, attain, come up to; be equal to, match ◇ in time ◇ {written} take into consideration/account ◇ Ji (surname)

时 時 shí ◇ time ◇ when, at (a certain time) ◇ o'clock (written form) ◇ current, present ◇ at that time ◇ occasionally, now and then; at times, sometimes (in the pattern 時...時...) ◇ Shi (surname)

及早及早 jíǎo ◇ at an early date, as soon/early as possible, before it is too late

吉祥吉祥 jíxiáng ◇ propitious, auspicious

嫉妒嫉妬 jídù ◇ envy, be jealous

急功近利 急功近利 jígōngjìnlì ◇ be eager for quick success and immediate gain

急剧急劇 jíjù ◇ sudden, sharp, drastic

急 急 jí ◇ impatient, hasty, anxious (to...), impetuous ◇ be wor-

ried, be anxious ◇ become angry, be irritated, be annoyed ◇ in a hurry, rapid, swift; sudden, violent ◇ urgent; urgency ◇ urgent matter, emergency ◇ be eager to come to the aid of

劇 劇 jù ◇ play, opera, drama ◇ acute, severe ◇ vigorous, fierce ◇ difficult ◇ swift, quick ◇ very, extreme ◇ Ju (surname) 急忙急忙 jí máng ◇ in a hurry, hastily, hurriedly

急切急切 jí qiè ◇ urgent, pressing ◇ impatient ◇ in a hurry

于 於 yú ◇ in, at on (time or place) ◇ towards, to, for ◇ than (comparative) ◇ by (passive voice)

求 求 qiú ◇ beg, request, beseech ◇ ask (for), demand ◇ seek, strive for ◇ demand ◇ Qiu (surname)

成 成 chéng ◇ become, turn or change into ◇ fully developed, fully grown ◇ successfully finished ◇ be all right, okay ◇ achievement, fruits (of work, etc.) ◇ able, capable ◇ in considerable numbers or amounts ◇ ready-made, established ◇ 10% (e.g., sān chéng 三成 means "thirty percent") ◇ Cheng (surname)

急躁 急躁 jí zào ◇ irritable ◇ impatient, impetuous

急诊急诊 jí zhěn ◇ give/have emergency medical treatment ◇ emergency call/treatment ◇ emergency case

诊 诊 zhěn ◇ examine, see (a patient) ◇ observe and examine, diagnose

极 極 jí ◇ the farthest point, the extreme ◇ very, extremely, utterly, exceedingly ◇ ultimate, highest, last, furthest, final ◇ {physics, geosciences} a pole, the pole (like North/South, positive/negative, etc.) ◇ {construction} ridgepole

极端极端 jí duān ◇ extreme, ultra ◇ the extreme

端 端 duān ◇ end, tip (of an object) ◇ extremity ◇ beginning, start, foundation, source (of a matter, affair) ◇ cause, occasion, reason, pretext ◇ item, point, aspect ◇ proper, upright ◇ hold or carry sth level with both hands (like a tray) ◇ Duan (surname)

极其極其 jí qí ◇ extremely, exceedingly (adjectival or adverbial prefix)

其 其 qí ◇ his, her, its, their ◇ he, she, it, they ◇ that, such ◇ this... ◇ Qi (surname)

极限極限 jí xiàn ◇ the limit ◇ the maximum ◇ the ultimate; ultimate,

maximal, extreme ◇ {math} limit

限 限 xiàn ◇ limit, restrict ◇ separate, demarcate ◇ threshold, door-sill ◇ {figurative} threshold, limit

疾病疾病 jí bìng ◇ illness, disease ◇ acute illness, serious illness

籍贯籍貫 jí guàn ◇ native place, birthplace

籍 籍 jí ◇ book, written record ◇ roll, register, list of names ◇ sb's native place, birthplace, home town ◇ membership (in an organization, etc.) ◇ nationality, citizenship (as in Měiguó jí 美國籍/美国籍, or short Měijí 美籍 "[of] US citizenship") ◇ affiliation ◇ place of household registration (e.g., 北京籍) ◇ Ji (surname)

贯 貫 guàn ◇ go/pass through, pierce, penetrate ◇ be linked/connected, follow in succession, (go ahead) one after another, go ahead successively ◇ {finance, historical} a string of 1,000 cash ◇ one's native place, ancestral home ◇ {written} a precedent, model case ◇ Guan (surname)

级别級別 jí bié ◇ rank, grade, scale

集合集合 jí hé ◇ gather, assemble, fall in ◇ cause gather, assemble or fall in ◇ {math} set

集体集體 jí tǐ ◇ collective (in contrast to gè rén 個人/个人 "individual") ◇ a collective

集 集 jí ◇ collect, gather, assemble ◇ a (rural or small town) market or fair ◇ collection (of writings), anthology ◇ part, volume, sequel (of a book, film, etc.) ◇ a set ◇ {written} (of a flock of birds) perch (in a tree) ◇ Ji (surname)

体 體 tǐ ◇ body ◇ substance (like solid, liquid) ◇ style (of writing or of Chinese characters)

集团集團 jí tuán ◇ group, bloc, clique, circle, syndicate

团 團 tuán ◇ group, organization ◇ {military} regiment, corps, league ◇ roll, ball, wad ◇ unite ◇ {measure word}... roll(s) of...,... ball(s) of...,... bale(s) of...,... mass(es) of... (used for things that appear in a rolled/rolling mass, like paper, fire, clouds, etc.) ◇ {measure word}... complex of... (used for an abstract concept, like darkness, hope, suspicion, a mess,

etc., can only be preceded by the numeral yī — "one")

集中集中 jízhōng ◇ concentrate, centralize ◇ (used as an adverbial) in a concentrated manner, in a focused way

几 幾 jǐ ◇ How many? ◇ a few, several, some

几乎幾乎 jīhū ◇ almost, nearly, practically, virtually, on the verge of ◇ close to, almost (a certain quantity or extent)

几 幾 jǐ ◇ How many? ◇ a few, several, some

乎 乎 hū ◇ {grammar, written} (question particle, used like ma 嗎/吗, ne 呢, or ba 吧) ◇ (after a verb, used like yú 於/于) in, at, compared to ◇ (used after verbs/adjectives for purposes of rhythm) ◇ {interjection} Oh! Alas! (or similar emphatic expression)

季度季度 jìdù ◇ quarter (of a year)

季节季節 jìjié ◇ season (of the year)

季 季 jì ◇ season (of the year) ◇ season (like a period with certain characteristics, such as rainy season, dry season, etc.); a crop, an agricultural season ◇ the end of a period of time (like the end of a dynasty) ◇ the last month of a season (of the year) ◇ (of brothers) the youngest, or the fourth in line ◇ Ji (surname)

节 節 jié ◇ festival, holiday ◇ knot, joint ◇ {measure word}... section(s) of... (used for sections, lengths of sth, periods, paragraphs, etc.) ◇ moral integrity, chastity ◇ abridge, shorten ◇ economize, save, restrain, exercise restraint ◇ economical, frugal ◇ item, issue ◇ {unit of measure} knot (sea speed) ◇ Jie (surname)

季军季軍 jìjūn ◇ third place (in a contest)

军 軍 jūn ◇ armed forces, the military ◇ army, corps ◇ largest garrison post during the Táng 唐 Dynasty ◇ military area during the Sòng 宋 Dynasty ◇ army (as largest military unit, theoretically 12,500 men)

寂静寂靜 jìjìng ◇ silent, quiet

寂 寂 jì ◇ still, silent, quiet ◇ lonely, solitary

静 靜 jìng ◇ still, calm ◇ quiet ◇ clean ◇ Jing (surname)

寂寞寂寞 jìmò ◇ lonesome ◇ quiet ◇ cold and dreary

寄 寄 jì ◇ send (by mail), mail (sth) ◇ entrust, place (like hopes on), deposit (sth with sb) ◇ depend on, rely on, attach oneself to ◇ (be) adopted

寄托寄託 jìtuō ◇ convey, express ◇ entrust with, leave in the care of ◇ place (like one's hopes on)

忌讳忌諱 jìhuì ◇ a taboo ◇ avoid as taboo (for fear of its possible bad consequences), abstain from

忌 忌 jì ◇ envy, be jealous of ◇ fear, dread ◇ avoid, shun ◇ give up, quit, abstain from, refrain from (sth because one thinks it inappropriate) ◇ the death anniversary (of a parent or other esteemed person)

讳 諱 huì ◇ a taboo, forbidden word ◇ avoid as taboo ◇ {history} the name of a deceased Emperor, high official, family elder, etc. (taboo in former times)

技巧技巧 jìqiǎo ◇ skill, technique

技术技術 jìshù ◇ skill, technique, technology

技 技 jì ◇ skill, ability, method; know-how, trick

术 術 shù ◇ art, skill, technique, craft ◇ method, trick, tactics, stratagem ◇ learning, knowledge ◇ {archaic} road through the center of a town

既然既然 jìrán ◇ since, now that

纪录紀錄 jìlù ◇ take notes, record, write down ◇ notes, record, minutes (of a meeting, etc.) ◇ record (in an athletic event)

纪律紀律 jìlù ◇ discipline ◇ laws, rules

纪 紀 jì ◇ discipline (as in the military) ◇ record, write down ◇ written record, annals, historical account ◇ {archaic} twelve-year period or cycle ◇ age, era, epoch, period ◇ Ji

(ancient state in the area of present Jitaicun, Shāndōng 山東/山东 Province)

◇ Ji (surname)

律 律 lǜ ◇ law, statute, regulation, rule ◇ code (of laws) ◇ lǜ (bamboo or metal pitch-pipe) ◇ {music} temperament ◇ restrain, control, keep under control ◇ rank (of nobility) ◇ Lü (surname)

纪念紀念 jìniàn ◇ commemorate, mark, observe ◇ commemorative ◇ souvenir, memento

念 念 niàn ◇ think of, long for, miss ◇ thought, idea ◇ read (aloud) ◇ study (a subject) ◇ study in, attend (a school, department, or a grade) ◇ twenty (special written form of the number to prevent alteration/forgery) ◇ Nian (surname)

纪要紀要 jìyào ◇ summary (of minutes of a meeting, conversation, etc.)

要 要 yào ◇ want, need, desire ◇ demand, ask for, request ◇ must ◇ will, be going to ◇ need to, should ◇ it is necessary that..., one must... ◇ if ◇ if one hopes to..., in order to... ◇ (used in comparisons, for example 要比... yào bǐ or 比...要... bǐ...yào...), expresses a judgment/evaluation or highlights the difference ◇ important ◇ suppose that..., if, in case ◇ (yào..., yào...) either..., or... ◇ Yāo (surname)

继承繼承 jìchéng ◇ inherit (property, rights) ◇ accede to (the throne); succession ◇ carry on, carry forward (a tradition, etc.)

继 繼 jì ◇ continue, carry on, succeed, follow ◇ then, subsequently, afterwards ◇ (in the pattern jì... [zhī] hòu 继.....[之]后/繼.....[之]後) following, after, since

承 承 chéng ◇ hold, bear, support ◇ undertake, contract (to do a job), accept, assume (a task, responsibility) ◇ {formal} be obliged, be indebted (for a favour, kindness, etc.) ◇ continue, carry on, follow, inherit ◇ stop, resist ◇ Cheng (surname)

继续繼續 jìxù ◇ continue, carry on

计划計劃 jìhuà ◇ plan, program ◇ to plan

计较計較 jìjiào ◇ "calculate and compare"—care about (how much money, personal loss or gain, etc.), mind, be particular about ◇ quibble, argue, dispute ◇ think over, plan

计算計算 jìsuàn ◇ count, calculate ◇ computation, calculation ◇ plan, make

preparations ◇ plot, scheme

计 計 jì ◇ count, calculate, compute ◇ metre, measuring device, gauge ◇ idea, plan, strategy ◇ design (sth), make plans, scheme ◇ concern oneself with, consider, care of/about, bother (about) ◇ account book ◇ Ji (surname)

算 算 suàn ◇ calculate, figure ◇ count, include ◇ plan, plot, calculate ◇ infer, think ◇ regard as, consider as ◇ count, be important ◇ {colloquial} (when followed by le 了) drop it, forget it ◇ (in the patterns "Verb + duōshao suàn duōshao 多少算多少", "Verb + dào nǎ suàn nǎ 到哪兒算哪兒/到哪儿算哪儿", etc.: "just 'Verb' as much [or far, etc.] as one can", "see how much [or how far, etc.] one can 'Verb' [and then call it a day]")

记得記得 jìde ◇ remember, recall, keep in memory

记 記 jì ◇ remember, recall (to mind) ◇ record (in writing), write down ◇ (a) note, record, account, chronicle (often used in book or essay titles) ◇ (a) mark, sign (used in the names of shops, restaurants, etc., after the name of the proprietor) ◇ birthmark ◇ {measure word, regional} (used for a hit [on the face], slap, punch, blow, etc.)

得 得 de ◇ {grammar} (as structural particle between verb/adjective and a following complement) able to...; to the degree of...(used after certain verbs to indicate ability, possibility, or achievement to a certain degree, e.g., wǒ kàn de hěn qīngchū 我看得很清楚 "I could see it clearly")

记录記錄 jìlù ◇ take notes, record, write down ◇ notes, records, minutes (of a meeting, etc.) ◇ record (in an athletic event, etc.) ◇ recordkeeper, secretary

记性記性 jìxìng ◇ memory (e.g., good/bad)

性 性 xìng ◇ nature, character, disposition, temperament ◇ property, quality ◇ sex; sexual desire ◇ {linguistics} gender ◇ -type (when used as a suffix indicates quality, scope or aspect) ◇ {Buddhism} essence; life

记忆記憶 jìyì ◇ remember, recall

◇ memory

记载記載 jìzài ◇ record in writing

◇ record, account (in writing)

记者記者 jìzhě ◇ reporter, journalist

◇ this reporter, I (used by a reporter to refer to himself/herself)

者 者 zhě ◇ (following a verb) person who..., those who..., the thing (or things) which...; (following a verb or adjective) person who... (does sth or acts in a certain way), those who... (do sth/are...) Zhe (surname)

迹象跡象 jìxiàng ◇ indication, sign

佳肴佳肴 jiāyáo ◇ fine foods, delicacies

加班加班 jiābān ◇ (of employees) work overtime ◇ work an extra shift ◇ (of air travel) add more flights ◇ additional flight(s)

加工加工 jiāgōng ◇ process (goods into a finished form) ◇ improve, polish, refine (e.g., an article) ◇ machining, working

加剧加劇 jiājù ◇ aggravate, intensify, heighten

加 加 jiā ◇ add, append, put in ◇ {math} add; ...plus... (adding numbers) ◇ increase, raise, augment ◇ impose ◇ (used between a one-syllable adverb and a two-syllable verb to indicate that the action is directed towards sth or sb mentioned before or understood) ◇ Jia (surname)

加油站 加油站 jiāyóuzhàn ◇ gas station, service station

嘉宾嘉賓 jiābīn ◇ honoured guest

嘉 嘉 jiā ◇ fine, good, nice, excellent ◇ laud, praise, commend ◇ Jia (surname)

宾 賓 bīn ◇ guest ◇ Bin (surname)

夹杂夾雜 jiāzá ◇ mix with, mingle with

夹子夾子 jiāzi ◇ clip, tongs, pliers ◇ folder, portfolio, binder ◇ wallet

夹 夾 jiā ◇ press from two sides, pinch, squeeze ◇ clip (paper, etc., together) ◇ carry under one's arm ◇ place/stay in between ◇ intersperse, mix, mingle ◇ clip, clamp, holder, fol-

der

子 子 zǐ ◇ son, child ◇ person ◇ (of melons, etc.) seed ◇ (of fowl, fish) egg, roe ◇ sth small and hard (pebble, bead, etc.) ◇ sub(ordinate) ◇ (in Chinese chess) a chess piece ◇ {history} viscount (the fourth of the five ranks of nobility) ◇ {respectful address} master, sir; Master... (suffix added to the names of ancient philosophers, such as Kǒngzǐ 孔子 "Confucius", Mèngzǐ 孟子 "Mencius") ◇ zi (first of the twelve Dìzhī 地支 "Earthly Branches") ◇ zi (11:00 p.m. to 1:00 a.m.; one of the twelve two-hour periods in a day) ◇ Zi (surname)

家 家 jiā ◇ family, household; home, residence ◇ (as suffix) expert/specialist in a certain field (like zuòjiā 作家 "writer") ◇ {philosophy} school (of thought) (like rújiā 儒家 "the Confucian school") ◇ party, side ◇ {humble} my... ◇ {regional} (of animals) tamed, broken, domesticated ◇ {measure word} (used for families, companies, hotels, stores, etc.) ◇ Jia (surname)

家常家常 jiācháng ◇ daily family activities ◇ ordinary, commonplace ◇ home-style cake (wheat flour pancake) 家伙家伙 jiāhuo ◇ tool, utensil, weapon ◇ {humorous} chap, fellow, guy ◇ livestock

伙 夥 huǒ ◇ {written} much, a lot, many, numerous ◇ partner, companion, mate, friend ◇ partnership ◇ {measure word} group of..., band of..., gang of... (used for groups of people) ◇ unite, join together, combine 家具 家具 jiājū ◇ home furnishings (mostly used in store names) † (also pronounced jiājù)

家属家屬 jiāshǔ ◇ family members, dependents

属 屬 shǔ ◇ belong to (the category of...) ◇ be subordinate to, be under or within (e.g., the jurisdiction of), be attached to ◇ be born in the year of the... (followed by one of the animals represented by a dìzhī 地支 "Earthly Branch") ◇ be ◇ class, category ◇ {biology} genus ◇ family members, dependents, relatives

家庭家庭 jiāting ◇ family, household

家务家務 jiāwù ◇ household duties, housework

务 務 wù ◇ affair, business ◇ treat with priority ◇ be engaged in, pursue ◇ Wu (surname)

家乡家鄉 jiāxiāng ◇ native place, hometown

乡 鄉 xiāng ◇ village, countryside, rural area ◇ sb's native place, home town, home village ◇ {history} rural administrative unit of 12,500 families (dating from the Zhou Dynasty) ◇ administrative unit under a county
家喻户晓 家喻戶曉 jiāyùhùxiǎo
◇ be known to every family, be widely known, be a household word

假 假 jiǎ ◇ false, fake, artificial, pseudo- ◇ hypocritical ◇ borrow, take advantage of ◇ suppose, presume ◇ if, supposing ◇ Jia (surname)
假如假如 jiǎrú ◇ if, supposing, assuming
假设假设 jiǎshè ◇ suppose, presume ◇ hypothesis ◇ hypothesize
设 設 shè ◇ establish, set up, set ◇ plan, arrange ◇ suppose, presume ◇ if, suppose
假装假装 jiǎzhuāng ◇ feign, pretend ◇ disguise ◇ sham, camouflage
装 裝 zhuāng ◇ dress up, play a part ◇ clothing, attire ◇ outfit for a journey, luggage ◇ (of performers, actors) costume and make-up ◇ feign, pretend, fake, make believe ◇ pack, load ◇ assemble, install, fit ◇ (book-)binding

甲 甲 jiǎ ◇ jia (first of the ten Tiāngān 天干 "Celestial Stems") ◇ first (place, etc.) ◇ shell (like tortoise shell) ◇ nail (like fingernail) ◇ armour ◇ soldier ◇ jia measure of land equal to 0.97 hectares ◇ Jia (surname)

价格價格 jiàgé ◇ price, cost
价 價 jià ◇ (of goods) price, value, worth ◇ {chem} valence
格 格 gé ◇ {geometry} square ◇ {cinema} frame ◇ (of cloth, squared paper, etc.) checkered; (of a cabinet, etc.) divided ◇ pattern, standard, rule ◇ style, character, manner ◇ {grammar} case ◇ {written} hinder, impede, obstruct, resist ◇ examine, investigate ◇ {written} study sth thoroughly, delve into, probe into ◇ strike, hit, attack ◇ Ge (surname)
价值價值 jiàzhí ◇ value, worth
值 值 zhí ◇ price, value, worth ◇ {math} value ◇ be equal ◇ cost, be worth ◇ be worth (like mentioning), merit, deserve (mostly used with the negative) ◇ meet, encounter ◇ happen to ◇ be or take one's turn on duty

嫁 嫁 jià ◇ (of a woman) mar-

ry ◇ shift (blame, trouble, etc.) to sb else

驾驶駕駛 jiàshǐ ◇ operate (a vehicle, plane, boat) ◇ driver (of a vehicle), pilot (of a plane, boat)

兼职兼職 jiānzhí ◇ hold concurrent posts ◇ part-time job (in addition to one's regular job)
兼 兼 jiān ◇ concurrently, simultaneously ◇ hold (more than one post) concurrently, simultaneously serve as ◇ annex (territory, etc.) ◇ double, twice
职 職 zhí ◇ duty, job ◇ office, post, position ◇ be in charge of, administer, manage ◇ {formal, archaic or TW usage} your subordinate ◇ {written} for

坚持堅持 jiānchí ◇ persevere (in), hold on; adhere/stick to, persist, hold fast to; uphold; insist (on)
坚 堅 jiān ◇ hard, strong, solid, firm ◇ a fortification, fortified place, stronghold ◇ firmly, resolutely, determinedly, steadfastly ◇ Jian (surname)
持 持 chí ◇ hold (in one's hand), grasp ◇ hold, be of (an opinion) ◇ hold (a passport, etc.) ◇ support, maintain ◇ manage, handle, run ◇ hold under control or duress ◇ confront, oppose

坚定堅定 jiāndìng ◇ firm, staunch, steadfast, determined, resolute (of one's convictions, etc.) ◇ make firm, strengthen

定 定 dìng ◇ set (a date or deadline) ◇ decide, fix, determine, stipulate, establish ◇ settle, calm down; calm, stable, still ◇ (used like dìng 訂/订) order, subscribe to, book ◇ {written} definite(ly), sure(ly), certain(ly) ◇ Ding (surname)

坚固堅固 jiāngù ◇ firm, solid, hard, sturdy

固 固 gù ◇ hard, solid, firm, strong ◇ solidify, strengthen, consolidate ◇ {written} ignorant, superficial ◇ (of diseases, character, etc.) stubborn, tenacious, deep-rooted, ingrained ◇ persistently, resolutely ◇ {written} originally, in the first place, as a matter of course ◇ assuredly, admittedly ◇ tentatively, for the time being ◇ Gu (surname)

坚决堅決 jiānjué ◇ firm, resolu-

te, determined (of one's attitude, stand, actions, etc.)

坚强堅強 jiānqiáng ◇ firm, strong, staunch ◇ make firm, strengthen

坚韧堅韌 jiānrèn ◇ firm and tenacious

坚实堅實 jiānshí ◇ solid, strong ◇ healthy

坚硬堅硬 jiānyìng ◇ hard, solid, strong ◇ flint

硬 硬 yìng ◇ hard (vs. soft) ◇ (of attitude) firm, tough ◇ obstinately, insistently ◇ (manage) with great effort ◇ able (person), quality (merchandise)

尖端尖端 jiānduān ◇ acme, peak ◇ pinnacle, most advanced, state-of-the-art

尖锐尖銳 jiānrùi ◇ sharp and pointed ◇ sharp, keen, incisive ◇ piercing (sound) ◇ acute, intense

尖 尖 jiān ◇ point, tip ◇ pointed, tapered, sharp ◇ (of sounds, voice, etc.) shrill, piercing ◇ keen, sharp (like eyes, ears) ◇ sharp-tongued ◇ the best, the highest quality, the cream of the crop ◇ {regional} miserly, calculating, stingy

锐 銳 ruì ◇ sharp, keen, acute ◇ spirit, zeal, vigour ◇ small, tiny

煎 煎 jiān ◇ pan-fry (like fish, bean curd, eggs, in shallow oil) ◇ simmer (in water), decoct (like medicinal herbs) ◇ {measure word}...times decocted (used for the number of times medicinal herbs have been decocted)

监督監督 jiāndū ◇ supervise, oversee, superintend, monitor ◇ supervisor ◇ supervision, oversight ◇ {classical} supervise military affairs

监 監 jiān ◇ supervise, control, inspect, watch ◇ a jail, prison

督 督 dū ◇ look (closely), scrutinize, investigate, watch, observe ◇ superintend/direct, oversee, supervise ◇ think, consider ◇ lead, guide ◇ advance, promote, push forward ◇ middle, centre ◇ Du (surname)

监视監視 jiānshì ◇ keep watch on, keep under surveillance, monitor

监狱監獄 jiānyù ◇ prison, jail

肩膀肩膀 jiānbǎng ◇ the shoulder

艰巨艱巨 jiānjù ◇ difficult, arduous (task)

艰 艱 jiān ◇ difficult, hard, arduous ◇ treacherous, sinister ◇ hardship

巨 巨 jù ◇ huge, gigantic ◇ the most, the extreme ◇ {young people's slang} extremely, ultra- ◇ Ju (surname)

艰苦艱苦 jiānkǔ ◇ hard, difficult, arduous

苦 苦 kǔ ◇ bitter (in contrast to gān 甘 "sweet") ◇ hardship, suffering ◇ cause hardship or suffering ◇ suffer from, be disadvantaged by ◇ painstakingly, diligently ◇ cut off or waste too much

艰难艱難 jiānnán ◇ difficult, hard

间谍間諜 jiàndié ◇ spy, secret agent

间隔間隔 jiàngé ◇ gap, interval (of space, time)

间 間 jiān ◇ among, between ◇ interval; within a defined time/space ◇ room ◇ {measure word} (used for rooms)

隔 隔 gé ◇ separate, stand/lie between, divide, partition ◇ at an interval of, at a distance from, spaced at (a certain distance)

间接間接 jiànjiē ◇ indirect, second-hand (in contrast to zhíjiē 直接 "direct, immediate")

接 接 jiē ◇ come in contact with, touch ◇ connect, join ◇ catch (like a ball) ◇ receive (a guest, a letter, etc.) ◇ welcome, meet ◇ take over, succeed ◇ Jie (surname)

减肥減肥 jiǎnféi ◇ lose weight ◇ reduce one's weight

减 減 jiǎn ◇ {math} subtract, deduct ◇ decrease, reduce ◇ diminish, weaken ◇ {math} ...minus... (subtracting numbers) ◇ Jian (surname)

肥 肥 féi ◇ fat ◇ (of soil) fertile ◇ ill-gotten gains ◇ loose (of clothing, in contrast to shòu 瘦 "tight") ◇ the Fei people (a nationality originating from Taiyuan, Shāndōng 山東/山东 Province during the Chūnqiū 春秋 Period [770 - 476 BCE]) ◇ Fei (a state during the Chūnqiū 春秋 Period) ◇ Fei (surname)

减少減少 jiǎnshǎo ◇ decrease,

reduce, cut down, minimize

少 少 shǎo ◇ few, little, less, scant,
not enough ◇ seldom ◇ missing, lacking ◇
owe (money, etc.) ◇ a (little) while, a minute

剪彩剪彩 jiǎncǎi ◇ cut the ribbon (at
a ribbon-cutting ceremony)

剪刀剪刀 jiǎndāo ◇ scissors,
shears

拣 揀 jiǎn ◇ choose, pick, se-
lect || (used like jiǎn 捡/捡 "pick up, ga-
ther, collect")

捡 撿 jiǎn ◇ pick up, gather,
collect, pick from

检查检查 jiǎnchá ◇ inspect,
check, examine ◇ research, study ◇
self-criticism

检 檢 jiǎn ◇ inspect, check,
examine ◇ restrain oneself, be careful
(about one's behaviour, speech, etc.) ◇
(used like jiǎn 捡/捡) pick up, gather,
collect ◇ Jian (surname)

查 查 chá ◇ check, examine, in-
spect ◇ investigate, look into ◇ consult (a dic-
tionary, etc.), look up (e.g., a word in a dictio-
nary)

检讨检讨 jiǎntǎo ◇ make a self-
criticism, examine (one's mistakes,
faults, etc.) ◇ a self-criticism (written
or oral) ◇ {formal, written or TW usa-
ge} examine, make a study of, sum up
and analyze, study and explore, investi-
gate

检验检验 jiǎnyàn ◇ test, exami-
ne, inspect, verify, check ◇ a test,
check; {manufacturing} inspection

简单简单 jiǎndān ◇ simple, ea-
sy, uncomplicated ◇ common, ordinary

简化简化 jiǎnhuà ◇ simplify ◇
{math} reduction

简 簡 jiǎn ◇ simple (in contrast
to fán 繁 "complex") ◇ (of Chinese cha-
racters) simplify; simplified ◇ {ar-
chaic} bamboo strips used for writing
◇ a letter, correspondence ◇ choose,
select (like people of talent) ◇ Jian
(surname)

化 化 huà ◇ change, transform;
be changed/transformed ◇ enlighten,
civilize (like through the moral influen-

ce of the emperor) ◇ influence, persua-
de, convert ◇ melt, thaw, dissolve ◇

digest ◇ remove, eliminate ◇ burn
(up), incinerate ◇ (short for huàxué 化

學/化学) chemistry ◇ (of monks,
priests) die, pass away ◇ (as a suffix)

-ize, -ization (like xiàndài 現代/现代
"modern" becomes xiàndàihuà

現代化/现代化 "modernize; moderniza-
tion") ◇ {religion} (of Buddhist monks,

Taoist priests) beg for alms ◇ Hua
(surname)

简历简历 jiǎnlì ◇ résumé, curricu-
lum vitae, biographical sketch {{fèn
份}}

简陋简陋 jiǎnlòu ◇ crude, sim-
ple (of housing, equipment, etc.)

陋 陋 lòu ◇ ugly, unattractive ◇
humble (residence) ◇ vulgar, vile ◇ shallow,
limited (knowledge) ◇ despise, look down on
◇ lowly (position)

简体字 簡體字 jiǎntǐzì

◇ simplified Chinese characters (in
contrast to 繁體字/繁体字 fántǐzì "tra-
ditional Chinese characters")

简体簡體 jiǎntǐ ◇ simplified form (of
Chinese characters, in contrast to the
traditional Chinese character form 繁
體/繁体 fántǐ)

字 字 zì ◇ {linguistics} Chinese
character, word, letter ◇ "style name" (name
taken by a man upon reaching manhood, at
around 20 years of age)

简要简要 jiǎnyào ◇ brief and to
the point

简直簡直 jiǎnzhí ◇ simply, virtually

直 直 zhí ◇ straight ◇ direct, di-
rectly ◇ vertical, perpendicular (like top to bot-
tom, front to back) ◇ upright, just ◇ straight-
forward, frank ◇ {calligraphy} vertical stroke
◇ Zhi (surname)

件 件 jiàn ◇ {measure word}...

piece(s) of..., item (used for clothing
items, pieces of luggage, implements,
utensils, matters, law cases, incidents,
etc.) ◇ letter, document, piece of cor-
respondence ◇ case (of bundled goods,
such as soft drinks) ◇ {pottery/porce-
lain manufacturing} (standard measure
for clay, used for measuring the size of
vases)

健康健康 jiànkāng ◇ health ◇ be

healthy/sound/vigorous

健全健全 jiànquán ◇ be

sound/healthy/unimpaired (like of the mind, body, or a system) ◇ strengthen, improve, develop, amplify, perfect
健身健身 jiànshēn ◇ keep fit (with exercise) ◇ body-building

剑 劍 jiàn ◇ sword, sabre

建立建立 jiànlì ◇ establish, build, set up

建设建設 jiànshè ◇ build, construct ◇ construction

建 建 jiàn ◇ build, construct, erect ◇ establish, found, set up, create ◇ propose, suggest, advocate ◇ straight, erect ◇ (short for Fújiàn 福建) (of or pertaining to) Fújiàn 福建 Province ◇ {Chinese astronomy} the handle of the Big Dipper ◇ Jian (surname)

建议建議 jiànyì ◇ propose, suggest ◇ proposal, suggestion

议 議 yì ◇ idea, opinion ◇ discuss, talk over ◇ discuss right and wrong (mostly in reproach)

建筑建築 jiànzhù ◇ construct, build ◇ building, structure (M: dòng 棟/栋, zuò 座) ◇ architecture

筑 築 zhù ◇ build, construct ◇ building

溅 濺 jiàn ◇ splash, spatter

舰艇艦艇 jiàntǐng ◇ naval vessels, ships and craft

舰 艦 jiàn ◇ warship, destroyer, man-of-war, (aircraft) carrier

艇 艇 tǐng ◇ small boat ◇ submarine

见 見 jiàn ◇ see, perceive ◇ be exposed to, come in contact with, meet with, call on ◇ show evidence of, appear/seem to be ◇ view, opinion, understanding ◇ {written} (as a particle, when preceding a verb indicates the passive voice, or the request towards sb to do sth for the writer)

多 多 duō ◇ many, much; more, further; in excess, extra, exceeding (the intended/normal/original number or amount) ◇ a lot, ample ◇ (following a numeral) more than..., over (the number/amount stated) ◇ far more, much more ◇ mostly, for the most part ◇ (in questions asking about number, size,

etc.) how (much, big, etc.)? ◇ (in exclamations) how...! ◇ Duo (surname)

识 識 shí ◇ know, recognize, understand ◇ knowledge, experience

广 廣 guǎng ◇ (of area, space, scope) broad, wide, vast, extensive ◇ many, numerous ◇ extend, expand, spread ◇ Guǎngdōng 廣東/广东 Province ◇ Guangzhou ◇ Guang (surname)

见解見解 jiànjiě ◇ view, opinion

解 解 jiě ◇ divide, separate, split ◇ dissolve, disintegrate ◇ unfasten, untie, undo, unbutton ◇ relieve, alleviate, remove, dispel, dismiss ◇ explain, interpret, construe, clear up ◇ understand, comprehend ◇ relieve oneself, go to the bathroom ◇ {math} solution, solve

见面見面 jiànmiàn ◇ meet (face to face), see

面 面 miàn ◇ face (toward); face, surface ◇ aspect ◇ the whole area (in contrast to diǎn 點/点 "selected spots") ◇ {regional, slang} habitually slow (of a person) ◇ {measure word} (used for things with a flat surface, like walls, mirrors, etc.)

见闻見聞 jiànwén ◇ what one sees and hears

见义勇为 見義勇為 jiànyìyǒngwéi ◇ see what is right and have the courage to do it ◇ take up the cudgels for a just cause

勇 勇 yǒng ◇ brave, courageous ◇ fierce ◇ local militia (esp. during the Qīng 清 Dynasty) ◇ press onward ◇ Yong (surname) 为 爲 wéi ◇ be, mean ◇ serve as, act as ◇ become, turn ◇ do, act ◇ seem, appear ◇ by ◇ Wei (surname)

践踏踐踏 jiàntà ◇ tread on, trample (literally or figuratively)

踐 踐 jiàn ◇ trample on, step on, tread on ◇ fulfill, carry out, act on, implement, execute, keep (a promise, one's word, etc.) ◇ go to, arrive at ◇ a sovereign, monarch ◇ arrange in order ◇ follow, be obedient

踏 踏 tà ◇ step on, tread on, trample ◇ on-the-spot/on-site (investigation, survey, etc.)

鉴别鑑別 jiànbié ◇ {IT} authenticate, authentication ◇ distinguish, discrimi-

nate

鉴定鑑定 jiàndìng ◇ appraise, evaluate, authenticate, validate; evaluation, appraisal (also figuratively, judging a person's good and bad points); authentication, validation

鉴 鑒 jiàn ◇ (variant of jiàn 鑑/鑑) mirror (both literal and figurative) ◇ {history} ancient bronze mirror ◇ reflect, mirror ◇ examine, scrutinize, inspect, survey ◇ warning, lesson ◇ {written, formal} (at the beginning of a letter) please read (the following); allow me to draw your attention to...

鉴于鑑於 jiànyú ◇ in view of
于 於 yú ◇ in, at on (time or place) ◇ towards, to, for ◇ than (comparative) ◇ by (passive voice)

键盘鍵盤 jiànpán ◇ keyboard (of a typewriter, computer, piano, etc.)

僵硬僵硬 jiāngyìng ◇ stiff, numb ◇ rigid, inflexible (method, etc.)

将近將近 jiāngjìn ◇ be close to, almost (of quantity, etc.)

将 將 jiāng ◇ will, will be ◇ be about to... ◇ take (auxiliary verb before direct object of sentence, similar to 把 把) ◇ {regional/archaic} (used between a verb and its directional complement, e.g., tiào jiāng chūlái

跳將出來/跳将出来, "jump out") ◇ Jiang (surname)

近 近 jìn ◇ near (in time or space, in contrast to yuǎn 遠/远 "far, distant") ◇ close, intimate ◇ simple, easy to understand ◇ nearly, approximately

将就將就 jiāngjiù ◇ make do, put up with

就 就 jiù ◇ then, in that case ◇ on the subject of, with regard to, concerning, regarding, in connection with, as far as (sth is concerned) ◇ approach, move towards ◇ take up, enter upon, start doing (sth) ◇ comply with, yield to ◇ avail oneself of (sth at hand)

◇ at once, right away, in a moment ◇ (adverb indicating that a preceding number/quantity/time is relatively small/few/early) as early as, as long ago as, as soon as, as much/many as ◇ exactly, precisely ◇ only, merely, just, nothing (or no one) else than ◇ even if ◇ accomplish (sometimes used as a verbal resultative ending)

将军將軍 jiāngjūn ◇ (military rank) general ◇ {Japan, history} shogun ◇ {chess} check ◇ put (sb) on the spot, put sb in a tough spot, embarrass

将来將來 jiānglái ◇ (in the) future

奖金獎金 jiǎngjīn ◇ bonus, monetary award

奖 獎 jiǎng ◇ praise, laud, encourage ◇ prize, award, reward ◇ aid, give assistance

金 金 jīn ◇ metal ◇ money ◇ ancient percussion instruments made of metal (like gongs) ◇ gold ◇ honoured, valuable ◇ golden, gold coloured ◇ the Jin Dynasty (1115-1234) ◇ Jin (surname)

奖励獎勵 jiǎnglì ◇ encourage by rewards ◇ award, reward, provide incentives

奖赏獎賞 jiǎngshǎng ◇ award, reward

桨 槳 jiǎng ◇ oar, paddle

讲 講 jiǎng ◇ speak, say ◇ discuss, talk about ◇ explain ◇ attach importance to, stress, be particular about ◇ lesson, lecture

讲究講究 jiǎngjiù ◇ be particular about, be fussy or fastidious about ◇ pay attention to, stress ◇ content (of an art, skill, etc.) deserving close attention or careful study, sophistication ◇ (of dress, buildings, furniture, etc.)

exquisite, superb, tasteful

究 究 jiū ◇ study in detail, investigate ◇ after all, actually

讲座講座 jiǎngzuò ◇ lecture, course (like series of lectures over the radio) ◇ chair (position at a universi-

ty) ◇ lecturer's seat

座 座 zuò ◇ seat ◇ stand, base, pedestal (e.g., for bowls, vases) ◇ {measure word} (used for large and fixed structures, like mountains, bridges, buildings, towers, etc.) ◇ (star) constellation

酱油酱油 jiàngyóu ◇ soy sauce

酱 酱 jiàng ◇ paste or sauce made from fermented beans or flour ◇ pickle (vegetables) in sauce or soy, cook (meat) in soy ◇ pickled vegetables ◇ paste or sauce-like foods (like sesame paste, peanut butter, jam)

油 油 yóu ◇ oil, fat, grease ◇ {figurative} (of a person) slippery, slick ◇ pomade ◇ apply oil (paint) or varnish ◇ be oily, oil-stained ◇ You (surname)

降低降低 jiàngdī ◇ reduce, lower, curtail

降临降临 jiànglín ◇ arrive, befall ◇ come

降 降 jiàng ◇ fall, drop, go down (in contrast to shēng 升/升 "rise, ascend, hoist") ◇ (of an airplane) land ◇ reduce, lower, curtail ◇ Jiang (surname)

临 临 lín ◇ look out on, overlook ◇ come, arrive, be present ◇ on the point of, just before ◇ copy (a painting or calligraphy model) ◇ {divination} "Lin" (one of the sixty-four hexagrams in the Yìjīng 易经/易经 "Book of Changes") ◇ {archaic} war chariot ◇ Lin (surname)

降落降落 jiàngluò ◇ descend, land | (opp. qǐfēi 起飞/起飞 "take off")

交 交 jiāo ◇ hand over, deliver, give ◇ meet, come together ◇ intertwine ◇ make friends with, interact with friends ◇ friendship, social intercourse ◇ (of humans) have sexual intercourse; (of animals) mate ◇ mutual(ly), reciprocal(ly) ◇ transaction, business deal

交叉交叉 jiāochā ◇ crisscross, intersect ◇ overlap ◇ alternate ◇ by turns

交代交代 jiāodài ◇ hand over, transfer (responsibilities) to one's successor ◇ explain, brief ◇ justify, give an accounting for ◇ confess ◇ confession

交换交换 jiāohuàn ◇ exchange, trade, swap

换 换 huàn ◇ exchange, trade, barter ◇ change, switch ◇ substitute (sth with sth else) ◇ convert or exchange (currency)

交际交际 jiāojì ◇ human relations, social contact or intercourse, communication

际 际 jì ◇ border, boundary ◇ inside, within (one's mind, heart, etc.) ◇ between, among, inter- ◇ time, occasion, moment ◇ at the time of, on the occasion of ◇ sb's circumstances, (life) experiences, lot

交流交流 jiāoliú ◇ exchange, share, interchange ◇ interact, communicate ◇ an exchange ◇ alternating (current)

交涉交涉 jiāoshè ◇ negotiate, make representations (to), engage in negotiations or discussions (to solve a problem); {diplomacy} representation, démarche ◇ {literary} have relations (with); relationship

交通交通 jiāotōng ◇ traffic, communications, transport, transportation

交往交往 jiāowǎng ◇ interact with one another, associate with one another, have friendly dealings with one another

交易交易 jiāoyì ◇ deal, transaction ◇ business deal, trade

娇气娇气 jiāoqì ◇ delicate, fragile, averse hardship ◇ squeamish

浇 浇 jiāo ◇ sprinkle liquid on ◇ water, irrigate ◇ Jiao (surname)

焦点焦点 jiāodiǎn ◇ focus, focal point (literally or figuratively)

焦 焦 jiāo ◇ burned, scorched ◇ coke ◇ anxious, worried ◇ joule ◇ {med} burner ◇ dark yellow, brown ◇ reef ◇ Jiao (a state in Shan County, Hénán 河南 Province) ◇ Jiao (surname)

点 点 diǎn ◇ point, dot, spot, stain ◇ drop (of a liquid) ◇ {math} (decimal) point ◇ {measure word} a little (of sth), some, a bit of... ◇ {measure word} point (also used for counting abstract items like proposals, comments, reasons) ◇ incline one's head, nod ◇ drip, administer in drops ◇ stain, tarnish ◇ {agriculture} dibble, plant in holes ◇ hint, point out, indicate ◇ ignite, light, kindle ◇

adorn, embellish ◇ choose, order (like a dish)
 ◇ point, spot (location) ◇ selected spots (in contrast to miàn 面 "the whole area") ◇ metal bell or clapper to announce the hour; hour, o'clock ◇ {grammar} (a bit) more... (shortened form of 一点 used after an adjective, e.g., kuài diǎn 快點/快点 "faster") ◇ cakes, refreshments, snacks ◇ {printing} point (size of type, approx. 3.5 mm) ◇ point to ◇ touch lightly and very briefly ◇ {IT} click (=diǎnjī 點擊/点击)
 焦急 焦急 jiāojí ◇ anxious, worried

胶水 膠水 jiāoshuǐ ◇ glue, mucilage
 胶 膠 jiāo ◇ glue, gum ◇ jelly (ointment) ◇ gluey, sticky ◇ rubber, plastic ◇ firm, secure, solid ◇ cheat, deceive ◇ {archaic} college (during the Zhou Dynasty) ◇ Jiao (name for Qingdao, Shāndōng 山東/山东 Province) ◇ Jiao (surname)
 水 水 shuǐ ◇ water ◇ (preceded by a name) ... River ◇ rivers, lakes, seas; a flood ◇ liquid ◇ additional income; extra cost ◇ (of clothing, etc.) times being washed ◇ Shui (surname)

郊区 郊區 jiāoqū ◇ suburbs
 郊 郊 jiāo ◇ suburbs ◇ offer a sacrifice to heaven
 区 區 qū ◇ area, region, district, zone ◇ department (as in a shop, department store, etc.) ◇ differentiate, distinguish

骄傲 驕傲 jiāo'ào ◇ proud, arrogant, conceited; pride ◇ source of pride ◇ be proud (of sth), take pride (in)
 骄 驕 jiāo ◇ proud ◇ arrogant, conceited, over-confident in oneself ◇ fierce (like the summer sun) ◇ strong, sturdy (like of a horse)
 傲 傲 ào ◇ proud, arrogant, haughty, conceited, overbearing ◇ defiant, unyielding

侥幸 僥倖 jiǎoxìng ◇ by luck, by chance, by a fluke ◇ be lucky
 侥 僥 jiǎo ◇ be lucky; by chance, by luck, by a fluke
 幸 倖 xìng ◇ {written} (variant of xìng 幸) favour (like of the Emperor) ◇ by luck, by chance

搅拌 攪拌 jiǎobàn ◇ mix, stir, agitate
 搅 攪 jiǎo ◇ stir, mix, agitate

◇ bother, annoy, disturb
 拌 拌 bàn ◇ mix, stir; mix with dressing or seasoning ◇ abandon, give up, discard ◇ divide, cut apart

狡猾 狡猾 jiǎohuá ◇ crafty, cunning, sly

缴纳 繳納 jiǎonà ◇ pay, hand over to (like the state, an organization, etc.)

脚 腳 jiǎo ◇ foot (of humans or animals) ◇ (of a wall, hill, etc.) foot, base ◇ of or pertaining to the use of legs ◇ transport, take along (as in shāojiǎo 捎腳/捎脚 "pick up sth or sb on the way, give sb a lift") ◇ dregs (like of tea, wine)

角 角 jiǎo ◇ (of an ox, etc.) horn ◇ (as a musical instrument) horn, bugle ◇ corner ◇ {math} angle ◇ {written} 1/10 yuan (unit of Chinese currency, or 10 fen) ◇ {measure word}... quarter(s) of... (used for quarters of cakes, etc.) ◇ {Chinese astronomy} Jiao (the first of the Èrshíbā Xiù 二十八宿 "28 Lunar Mansions of the Chinese zodiac")
 角度 角度 jiǎodù ◇ viewpoint, angle ◇ {math} angle
 角落 角落 jiǎoluò ◇ nook, corner

饺子 餃子 jiǎozi ◇ jiaozi, boiled stuffed dumplings, Chinese ravioli (typical northern cuisine, traditional food at Chinese New Year)
 饺 餃 jiǎo ◇ "jiǎozi", boiled stuffed dumpling

叫 叫 jiào ◇ shout, yell, cry ◇ call out to, greet, address ◇ hire (like a taxi), order (a meal, dish, etc.), get ◇ name, call, designate, summon; be called/named ◇ ask, order, make (sb do sth), order, ask ◇ allow, permit, let ◇ by (particle used to indicate the passive voice) ◇ {regional} male (animal or fowl)

教 教 jiāo ◇ teach, instruct (in

most compound words pronounced jiào)

教材教材 jiàocái ◇ teaching material

教练教練 jiàoliàn ◇ train,

coach, drill ◇ instructor, coach

教 教 jiāo ◇ teach, instruct (in most compound words pronounced jiào)

练 練 liàn ◇ white silk ◇ boil and

scour raw silk ◇ practice, drill, train, exercise

◇ skilled, experienced ◇ Lian (surname)

教室教室 jiàoshì ◇ classroom

教授教授 jiàoshòu ◇ professor ◇

teach, instruct

教训教训 jiàoxun ◇ admonish

◇ lecture sb (on mistakes, failures,

etc.) ◇ give sb a dressing-down ◇

teach sb a lesson ◇ a lesson (drawn

from sth)

训 訓 xùn ◇ lecture, admonish ◇

teach, instruct; teachings, instructions, precepts

◇ train; training ◇ norm, standard ◇ exege-

sis, explanations, interpretations

教养教養 jiàoyǎng ◇ bring up,

educate, teach, train ◇ upbringing,

breeding, education, culture ◇ {law}

re-education ◇ correction

养 養 yǎng ◇ support, care for (like

a family), provide for ◇ raise, grow, keep, rear

(animals, plants, etc.) ◇ acquire, contract, form

(habits, etc.) ◇ nourish ◇ convalesce, recupe-

rate ◇ refine, cultivate ◇ foster ◇ keep, main-

tain (in good shape/order) ◇ (of hair) let grow

long ◇ Yang (a town during the Chūnqiū 春秋

Period [770-476 BCE] in Shenqiu, Hénán 河南

Province) ◇ Yang (surname)

教育教育 jiàoyù ◇ education, schoo-

ling ◇ educate, teach

较量較量 jiàoliàng ◇ compare

one's strength against sb else's ◇ a con-

test ◇ argue, dispute

较 較 jiào ◇ compare ◇ than,

compared to ◇ comparatively, fairly,

relatively ◇ obvious, clear ◇ argue,

dispute

量 量 liàng ◇ capacity, capability ◇

quantity, number, amount, volume

接 接 jiē ◇ come in contact

with, touch ◇ connect, join ◇ catch

(like a ball) ◇ receive (a guest, a letter,

etc.) ◇ welcome, meet ◇ take over,

succeed ◇ Jie (surname)

接触接觸 jiēchù ◇ contact, be in con-
tact with ◇ contact ◇ touch ◇ engage
(e.g., the enemy) ◇ {political science}
engagement ◇ {electrical} contact,
connect

触 觸 chù ◇ hit, bump into, butt,
ram; (of a horned animal) ram with the horns

◇ touch, come into contact with ◇ touch, mo-

ve (emotionally), stir up sb's feelings ◇ offend,

violate ◇ Chu (surname)

接待接待 jiēdài ◇ receive, host, wel-

come ◇ reception

接近接近 jiējìn ◇ be or come close

to, approach

接连接連 jiēlián ◇ one after another,

in succession, on end

连 連 lián ◇ (as grammar particle,

in the split structure lián 連/连...yě 也) even...

◇ join, link, connect ◇ continuous, successive,

one after another, repeatedly ◇ including ◇

{military} a company ◇ Lian (surname)

接受接受 jiēshòu ◇ accept (an

agreement, assignment, advice, etc.) ◇

be -ed (auxiliary verb forming the passi-

ve, e.g., jiēshòu cǎifǎng 接受採訪/接受

采访 "be interviewed")

接着接著 jiēzhe ◇ catch, take in the

hands ◇ follow, continue (like the

work of, after another has finished

speaking) ◇ following, immediately af-

ter

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ter

揭露揭露 jiēlù ◇ expose, lay bare,

unmask

皆 皆 jiē ◇ all ◇ universal ◇

together

街道街道 jiēdào ◇ street, road ◇

neighbourhood

阶层階層 jiēcéng ◇ class, stra-

tum, rank, level, echelon

阶段階段 jiēduàn ◇ stage, phase

阶 階 jiē ◇ stairs, (flight of)

steps, step ◇ degree, class, rank (like

official, military) ◇ rely on, depend on

◇ {geosciences} stage

段 段 duàn ◇ {measure word}... section(s)/passage(s)/piece(s) (of)... (used for things that can be divided into sections, pieces, parts, time intervals, etc.) ◇ rank/level (in competitive games) ◇ {admin} section (as in a factory or mine) ◇ Duan (surname)

截止截止 jiézhǐ ◇ end, close ◇ closing (e.g., day, date) ◇ expire ◇ (before a date) until..., as of... ◇ (following a date) until... ◇ (used to indicate a deadline)

截至截至 jiézhì ◇ by, up to (a certain time)

杰出傑出 jiéchū ◇ outstanding, prominent, remarkable

杰 傑 jié ◇ hero ◇ outstanding, prominent or eminent person ◇ outstanding, prominent, remarkable ◇ Jie (personal name)

出 出 chū ◇ go out, exit, come out, come from ◇ give out, issue, offer ◇ occur, happen, arise, emerge, show, appear ◇ produce, turn out, yield ◇ publish ◇ vent (like one's anger) ◇ expend, pay (out), spend ◇ {measure word} (used for theatrical or acrobatic performances, plays, readings, etc.) ◇ {regional} (suffix indicating direction of movement) ◇ (as verb ending) out

竭尽全力 竭盡全力 jiéjìnquánlì ◇ do one's utmost

竭 竭 jié ◇ exhaust, use up ◇ carry, bear ◇ dry up (of a river, pool)

尽 盡 jìn ◇ finish, end ◇ use up, deplete, exhaust ◇ reach the end/limit/extreme ◇ do/perform (one's duty, etc.) to the best of one's ability, fully carry out, exert (effort) to the maximum ◇ extremely ◇ {written} die, perish ◇ all; entire, whole ◇ all, completely ◇ {colloquial, northern} keep (doing sth); (do) nothing but...

全力 全力 quánlì ◇ with all one's strength, with full force, all-out

结构結構 jiégòu ◇ structure, composition, makeup (of an essay, etc.) ◇ structure, composition (of a building, etc., like steel, concrete) ◇ {geosciences} texture

结果結果 jiéguǒ ◇ outcome, result, consequence ◇ as a result, as it turned out

结 結 jié ◇ tie, knot, weave, knit ◇ tie a knot ◇ form, congeal,

freeze, forge, associate ◇ settle, finish, end, conclude, finalize, wind up, wrap up ◇ summarize ◇ written statement or guarantee ◇ affidavit ◇ {IT} junction ◇ {physiology} node

果 果 guǒ ◇ fruit(s); nuts ◇ result, effect, consequence, outcome ◇ decisive, resolute, strong-willed, determined ◇ as expected, really ◇ if indeed ◇ Guo (surname)

结合結合 jiéhé ◇ (of people or things) combine (with), unite, integrate, link ◇ unite as man and wife, join in wedlock ◇ integrated with, along with, in tandem with

合 合 hé ◇ combine, unite, join ◇ shut, close ◇ the entire/whole... ◇ {written} be appropriate, proper ◇ suit, agree, fit, comply/conform with ◇ add up to, be equal to ◇ {measure word}... round(s) of...,... bout(s) of... (in fights, contests, sports, etc.) ◇ {astronomy} conjunction ◇ {music} he (note in the Chinese scale gōngchěpǔ 工尺譜/工尺谱, corresponding to 5 in numbered musical notation) ◇ He (surname)

结婚結婚 jiéhūn ◇ marry, get married
婚 婚 hūn ◇ marry ◇ marriage, wedding

结晶結晶 jiéjīng ◇ crystallize ◇ crystal ◇ crystallization

晶 晶 jīng ◇ bright, shining ◇ crystal, quartz ◇ crystalline substance ◇ the sun

结局結局 jiéjú ◇ end, ending, conclusion, denouement, outcome, result

局 局 jú ◇ part, portion ◇ {admin} bureau, department, office (e.g., post office, telephone office) ◇ shop ◇ {measure word}... game(s) of... (used for sports events like ping-pong, ball games, games of chess, etc.)

◇ chessboard ◇ chess game, state of play in a chess game ◇ game, set, inning ◇ situation, position, state of affairs ◇ breadth of mind, magnanimity, tolerance ◇ gathering, party ◇ ruse, trap, trick ◇ restrain, constrain, restrict

结论結論 jiélùn ◇ conclusion

结实結實 jiēshi ◇ solid, durable ◇ (of a person) strong, sturdy

结束結束 jiéshù ◇ conclude, finish, wind up ◇ dress up, make up (mostly used in the early vernacular)

束 束 shù ◇ tie, bind, bundle ◇ control, restrain ◇ {math} pencil ◇ beam, bundle (of light, etc.) ◇ {measure word}... sheaf(s) of...,... bundle(s) of...,... bunch(es) of...,... bouquet(s) of... (used for things that are tied together in bunches, like straw, flowers, vegetables with stalks, etc.) ◇ Shu (surname)

结算結算 jiésuàn ◇ settle ac-

counts, balance accounts

结账結賬 jiézhàng ◇ pay/settle one's bill ◇ settle/square accounts, balance one's book

节節 jié ◇ festival, holiday ◇ knot, joint ◇ {measure word}... section(s) of... (used for sections, lengths of sth, periods, paragraphs, etc.) ◇ moral integrity, chastity ◇ abridge, shorten ◇ economize, save, restrain, exercise restraint ◇ economical, frugal ◇ item, issue ◇ {unit of measure} knot (sea speed) ◇ Jie (surname)

节目節目 jiémù ◇ (TV) program ◇ program (of events) ◇ item (like in an exhibit)

目目 mù ◇ eye ◇ mesh, eye, hole ◇ {classical} look, consider, regard ◇ item, article, number ◇ {biology} order ◇ list, catalogue ◇ {classical} name, title ◇ (in weiqi or go) eye

节日節日 jiérì ◇ festival day ◇ holiday

日日 rì ◇ sun ◇ day, daytime ◇ daily, on a daily basis, every day ◇ the days, time ◇ (short for Rìběn 日本) Japan; Japanese

节省節省 jiéshěng ◇ economize, save, practice thrift

省省 shěng ◇ save, economize ◇ omit, leave out, delete ◇ (of terms, expressions) short form ◇ province ◇ provincial capital ◇ (in Japan) ministry (of the government)

节约節約 jiéyuē ◇ economize, save, practice thrift, be thrifty

节制節制 jiézhì ◇ control, exercise restraint ◇ restraint, moderation

制制 zhì ◇ regulate, control ◇ formulate, draw up, map out, work out ◇ restrain, restrict ◇ regulations, system ◇ make, manufacture

节奏節奏 jiézòu ◇ rhythm (of music or figuratively)

奏奏 zòu ◇ play music ◇ produce (results), achieve (success), prove effective ◇ present a memorial (to the Emperor)

姐姐姐姐 jiějie ◇ elder sister ◇ elder sister (form of address for a female relative of the same generation, but older than oneself)

解除解除 jiěchú ◇ remove, get rid of, relieve (sb) of (sth), lift, release (sb) from, undo, ease, dissolve (e.g. a con-

tract)

解放解放 jiěfàng ◇ liberate, emancipate ◇ liberation, emancipation ◇ Liberation (Chinese Communist Party's term for their assumption of power)

解雇解雇 jiěgù ◇ lay off, dismiss, fire

解决解決 jiějué ◇ (re)solve, settle, overcome ◇ dispose of, eliminate, wipe out (e.g., the enemy)

解解 jiě ◇ divide, separate, split ◇ dissolve, disintegrate ◇ unfasten, untie, undo, unbutton ◇ relieve, alleviate, remove, dispel, dismiss ◇ explain, interpret, construe, clear up ◇ understand, comprehend ◇ relieve oneself, go to the bathroom ◇ {math} solution, solve

决决 jué ◇ decide, determine ◇ certainly, definitely (when preceding a negative) ◇ execute a criminal ◇ (of a dike, etc.) burst, break ◇ {history} bone or ivory thumb-guard worn by archers ◇ part, bid farewell ◇ knack, trick of the trade

解剖解剖 jiěpōu ◇ dissect ◇ perform an autopsy (on)

解散解散 jiěsàn ◇ dismiss (like troops) ◇ dismissed (oral command) ◇ dissolve, break up (an organization, meeting, etc.)

解释解釋 jiěshì ◇ explain, interpret ◇ explanation, interpretation

释释 shì ◇ interpret, explain, elucidate ◇ eliminate, dispel ◇ let go, lay down ◇ release (from prison) ◇ emit, send out ◇ Sakyamuni (abbreviation for Shìjiāmóuní 釋迦牟尼/释迦牟尼) ◇ Shi (surname)

解体解體 jiětǐ ◇ disintegrate, collapse

介绍介紹 jièshào ◇ introduce, present; introduction ◇ recommend, suggest ◇ introduce, give an account of, brief (sb about sth); introduction, briefing

介介 jiè ◇ lie between, be situated between ◇ act as intermediary ◇ an intermediary ◇ mind, take offense ◇ armour ◇ shell ◇ shelled aquatic animal ◇ (used with words denoting persons) a, an ◇ honest and just, upright ◇ {theatre} (in old drama scripts, word indicating motion or ac-

tion)

绍 紹 shào ◇ introduce ◇ continue, carry on ◇ pertaining to Shàoxīng 紹興/绍兴 city or county (Zhèjiāng 浙江 Province)

借 借 jiè ◇ borrow ◇ lend ◇ take advantage of, use ◇ excuse, pretext ◇ on the pretext of, using... as an excuse ◇ on the occasion of...

借鉴借鉴 jièjiàn ◇ take (others' experience) as a reference ◇ draw lessons from ◇ draw on (the experience of) ◇ lesson (learned from others)

鉴 鑒 jiàn ◇ (variant of jiàn 鑑/鑑) mirror (both literal and figurative) ◇ {history} ancient bronze mirror ◇ reflect, mirror ◇ examine, scrutinize, inspect, survey ◇ warning, lesson ◇ {written, formal} (at the beginning of a letter) please read (the following); allow me to draw your attention to...

借口借口 jièkǒu ◇ pretext, excuse ◇ use as a pretext

借助借助 jièzhù ◇ use...as an aid; have the support of; with the help/aid of, through the use of, through, with, by (means of)

届 屆 jiè ◇ {measure word} session; term; meeting ◇ become/fall due ◇ come, arrive (of time)

戒 戒 jiè ◇ guard against, avoid ◇ warn, admonish ◇ give up, abstain from ◇ religious discipline (of Buddhists) ◇ finger ring ◇ order, command

戒备戒备 jièbèi ◇ be on the alert, guard against

备 備 bèi ◇ prepare, make ready ◇ make preparations, take precautions (against) ◇ have, be provided or equipped with, possess ◇ equipment, gear ◇ completely, fully, in every possible way ◇ perfect, complete
戒指戒指 jièzhì ◇ finger ring

界限界限 jièxiàn ◇ dividing line, demarcation line ◇ boundary, limit

今天今天 jīntiān ◇ today ◇ the present, now

津津有味 津津有味 jīnjīnyǒuwèi ◇ (do sth) with gusto

金融金融 jīnróng ◇ finance

金属金属 jīnshǔ ◇ metal

金 金 jīn ◇ metal ◇ money ◇ ancient percussion instruments made of metal (like gongs) ◇ gold ◇ honoured, valuable ◇ golden, gold coloured ◇ the Jin Dynasty (1115-1234) ◇ Jin (surname)

尽管儘管 jǐnguǎn ◇ although, even though, despite ◇ to go right ahead, at will, without hesitation or restraint ◇ persistently, all the time
尽 盡 jìn ◇ finish, end ◇ use up, deplete, exhaust ◇ reach the end/limit/extreme ◇ do/perform (one's duty, etc.) to the best of one's ability, fully carry out, exert (effort) to the maximum ◇ extremely ◇ {written} die, perish ◇ all; entire, whole ◇ all, completely ◇ {colloquial, northern} keep (doing sth); (do) nothing but...

管 管 guǎn ◇ tube, pipe, duct ◇ {music} wind instrument ◇ {electrical/electronics} valve, tube ◇ {measure word} (used for pens, long-barreled guns, [toothpaste] tubes and other things in the shape of long hollow cylinders) ◇ {admin} manage, run, administrate, control ◇ be responsible for, have jurisdiction over, be in charge of, exercise discipline over (sb) ◇ take an interest in, concern oneself with, care about, mind ◇ provide, guarantee ◇ {grammar} (in the construction guǎn 管... jiào 叫...) call sth... (used as an auxiliary verb to introduce the direct object that is being called..., like bǎ 把) ◇ {regional, Beijing} from (e.g., shì tā guǎn wǒ yào de 是他管我要的 "He asked me for it") ◇ to, toward ◇ {regional} whoever, no matter who/what/if... ◇ Guan (surname)

尽快儘快 jǐnkuài ◇ as quickly as possible; as soon as possible; with all haste

快 快 kuài ◇ fast ◇ hurry up ◇ soon, shortly ◇ keen, sharp (-witted, etc.) ◇ content, happy ◇ Kuai (surname)

尽力盡力 jìnlì ◇ do one's utmost

尽 盡 jìn ◇ finish, end ◇ use up, deplete, exhaust ◇ reach the end/limit/extreme ◇ do/perform (one's duty, etc.) to the best of one's ability, fully carry out, exert (effort) to the maximum ◇ extremely ◇ {written} die, perish ◇ all; entire, whole ◇ all, completely ◇ {colloquial, nor-

thern} keep (doing sth); (do) nothing but...

力 力 lì ◇ force, power, strength, ability ◇ physical strength ◇ do with all one's might ◇ contribution, service ◇ conscripted laborer ◇ Li (surname)

尽量儘量 jǐnliàng ◇ to the best of one's ability, as far as possible

紧急緊急 jǐnjí ◇ critical, urgent, emergency

紧 紧 jǐn ◇ tight ◇ urgent, pressing ◇ financially tight

急 急 jí ◇ impatient, hasty, anxious (to...), impetuous ◇ be worried, be anxious ◇ become angry, be irritated, be annoyed ◇ in a hurry, rapid, swift; sudden, violent ◇ urgent; urgency ◇ urgent matter, emergency ◇ be eager to come to the aid of

紧迫緊迫 jǐnpò ◇ urgent, pressing
迫 迫 pò ◇ force, compel ◇ urgent, pressing ◇ urge, press ◇ approach, be close to

紧张緊張 jǐnzhāng ◇ anxious, nervous ◇ tense, stressed, strained ◇ scarce, in short supply

谨慎謹慎 jǐnshèn ◇ careful, cautious, prudent

谨 谨 jǐn ◇ careful, cautious, prudent ◇ respectful, solemn (thanks, etc.)

慎 慎 shèn ◇ be careful, be cautious ◇ do not, be sure not to ◇ Shen (surname)

锦上添花 錦上添花 jǐnshàngtiānhuā ◇ "add flowers to brocade"—embellish what is already beautiful, provide the crowning touch

锦 锦 jǐn ◇ brocade ◇ colourful, bright, beautiful ◇ Jin (surname)

晋升晉升 jìnshēng ◇ promote (in rank or position)

晋 晋 jìn ◇ advance; enter; promote (in rank or position) ◇ [Jìn] the Jin Dynasty (265-420 CE) ◇ the Later Jin Dynasty (936-946 CE) ◇ Jin (ancient state in Shānxī 山西 Province) ◇ Jin (name for Shānxī 山西 Province)

◇ {divination} (one of the sixty-four hexagrams in the Yìjīng 易經/易经

"Book of Changes") ◇ Jin (surname)

升 升 shēng ◇ rise, ascend, hoist (in contrast to jiàng 降 "fall, drop") ◇ {unit of measure} litre ◇ sheng (dry measure for grain equal to one litre) ◇ sheng (measuring device holding approx. one litre) ◇ ripe, mature ◇ sheng (diagram in the Yìjīng 易經/易经 "Book of Changes") ◇ Sheng (surname)

浸泡浸泡 jìnpào ◇ soak, immerse

禁止禁止 jìnzhǐ ◇ forbid, prohibit, ban

近 近 jìn ◇ near (in time or space, in contrast to yuǎn 遠/远 "far, distant") ◇ close, intimate ◇ simple, easy to understand ◇ nearly, approximately

近代近代 jìndài ◇ modern times, recent times

近来近來 jìnlái ◇ recently, lately

来 来 lái ◇ come, come hither ◇ arrive (of seasons, etc.) ◇ arise, crop up (of problems, etc.) ◇ cause to come, let come, I'll have... (used in ordering in a restaurant) ◇ cause to arrive or take place ◇ for the past (amount of time) ◇ in order to (take some action) ◇ (following numbers) approximately ◇ (verb suffix) ◇ Lai (surname)

进 進 jìn ◇ advance, move forward/ahead (opposite of tuì 退) ◇ enter, come/go in ◇ take in, bring in, receive ◇ recruit, admit ◇ submit, present ◇ eat, drink, take ◇ (as verb ending) into, in ◇ {measure word} (of an old-style residential compound with an inner courtyard or multiple linked courtyards) a courtyard and its associated rooms ◇ {sports} goal (in soccer) ◇ {Chinese chess} advance (a number of points)

进步進步 jìnbù ◇ progress, advance, improve ◇ progressive (politically) ◇ a progress

步 步 bù ◇ step, pace ◇ (in a process) step, stage ◇ situation, condition ◇ {measure of length} bu (unit of length equal to five chǐ 尺 [Chinese feet], a Chinese foot being approx. 0.3 metres) ◇ {measure word}... step(s)....,.... move(s)... (used for steps in walking and moves in chess) ◇ walk ◇ step on,

tread ◇ pace off, measure by pacing ◇ Bu (surname)
 进而進而 jìn'ér ◇ and then, after that ◇ proceed to the next step, go on to
 而 而 ér ◇ (joining two adjectives)...and... ◇ (indicating a sequence or consequence)... and thus..., therefore ◇ (indicating a contrast)...but... ◇ (indicating a transition)...to... ◇ (indicating sth happens at a certain time) at..., when... ◇ (indicating sth happens under a certain condition) if...
 进攻進攻 jìngōng ◇ approach and attack (the enemy) ◇ launch an attack, go on the offensive (in battle, competition)
 攻 攻 gōng ◇ {military} attack, assault, go onto the offensive ◇ charge, accuse ◇ specialize in, study ◇ skilled in, good at ◇ Gong (surname)
 进化進化 jìn huà ◇ evolve ◇ evolution
 进口進口 jìn kǒu ◇ import ◇ enter port (of a ship) ◇ entrance, entryway
 口 口 kǒu ◇ (of humans/animals) the mouth ◇ one's taste ◇ an opening, outlet ◇ people, population ◇ (of a container with an opening, a river, etc.) mouth, exit, entrance, pass ◇ a cut/crack/hole ◇ department (overall term for administrative units of a certain sector) ◇ blade, sharp edge of a knife, sword, etc. ◇ {measure word} (used for knives/swords, ponds, pigs, persons, bites, mouthfuls, drags [from a cigar/cigarette/pipe], language) ◇ Kou (surname)
 进行進行 jìn xíng ◇ conduct, carry out, implement, engage in, perform, do ◇ be conducted, go ahead, go on ◇ march, advance ◇ be in progress
 行 行 xíng ◇ go, walk; travel ◇ trip, journey ◇ be all right, will do ◇ be capable/competent ◇ do, carry out, implement, perform (an action) ◇ behaviour, conduct, actions ◇ be current, circulate ◇ running script ◇ temporary, improvised, makeshift ◇ {written} soon, shortly ◇ {literature} ballad, song ◇ {written} (of medication) take effect ◇ Xing (surname)
 进展進展 jìn zhǎn ◇ make progress, make headway ◇ progress, headway
 展 展 zhǎn ◇ open, unfold ◇ get the most out of, give full play to ◇ extend, prolong ◇ exhibit, put on display ◇ state, declare ◇ inspect, observe ◇ blot up (like water) ◇ Zhan (surname)

京剧京劇 jīngjù ◇ Beijing opera (jīng 京 here stands for Běijīng 北京)
 京 京 jīng ◇ (national) capital ◇ (jīng) Beijing ◇ ten million ◇ high hill ◇ vast, great ◇ Jing (surname)

兢兢业业 兢兢業業 jīngjīngyèyè ◇ cautious and attentive, conscientious and earnest, assiduous
 兢兢兢兢 jīngjīng ◇ cautious
 业 业 yè ◇ line of business, trade, industry ◇ occupation, profession, employment, job ◇ school work, course of study ◇ cause, undertaking, enterprise ◇ estate, property ◇ {Buddhism} karma ◇ {written} engage in ◇ {written} already

惊动驚動 jīng dòng ◇ alarm, startle, disturb ◇ {polite} trouble (sb.)
 惊奇驚奇 jīng qí ◇ be amazed, be astonished
 惊 驚 jīng ◇ be frightened/startled/alarmed/shocked ◇ be alert, be vigilant ◇ be startled and stampede (like of horses) ◇ surprisingly, alarmingly
 奇 奇 qí ◇ strange, odd, queer, unusual ◇ extraordinary, astonishing, wonderful, rare ◇ unexpected, surprising ◇ very, awfully
 惊讶驚訝 jīng yà ◇ be surprised, be astonished

精彩精彩 jīng cǎi ◇ brilliant, splendid, formidable ◇ the best part (of a performance, speech, etc.) ◇ lively, vigorous
 精打细算 精打細算 jīng dǎ xì suàn ◇ be thrifty and budget strictly; meticulously plan all expenditures; economize; make every penny count ◇ strict budgeting/planning and careful calculation
 细 細 xì ◇ thin, narrow (in contrast to cū 粗 "thick, wide") ◇ in small particles, fine (like sand) ◇ thin, thready (like voice) ◇ fine, delicate ◇ careful, attentive, meticulous ◇ fine, minute, trifling
 精华精華 jīng huá ◇ essence, quintessence
 精 精 jīng ◇ clever, sharp ◇ refined, choice ◇ extract, essence ◇ excellent, best ◇ fine (in contrast to cū 粗 "rough, crude, coarse") ◇ skilled,

proficient ◇ vigour, energy ◇ sperm
 ◇ {med} essence (of life, reproduction, etc.) ◇ polished white rice
 华 華 huá ◇ splendid, magnificent, radiant, glorious; splendour, magnificence, radiance, glory ◇ (of the sun, etc.) corona ◇ flourishing, prosperous; prosperity ◇ the best, the cream
 ◇ extravagant, flashy, sumptuous, luxurious ◇ a time, years (in sb's life) ◇ grey, grizzled (as in huáfà 華髮/华发 "gray hair") ◇ {written, formal} your
 ◇ {geosciences} mineral sediments in spring water ◇ [Huá] China; Chinese (language) ◇ Hua (surname)
 精简精簡 jīngjiǎn ◇ simplify, streamline
 简 簡 jiǎn ◇ simple (in contrast to fán 繁 "complex") ◇ (of Chinese characters) simplify; simplified ◇ {archaic} bamboo strips used for writing ◇ a letter, correspondence ◇ choose, select (like people of talent) ◇ Jian (surname)
 精力精力 jīnglì ◇ energy, stamina, vigour, vim ◇ (mental) efforts, attention
 精密精密 jīngmì ◇ precise, accurate ◇ precision
 精确精确 jīngquè ◇ precise, accurate
 确 確 què ◇ true, authentic, real ◇ solid, firm, reliable ◇ precise, literal, concrete
 精神精神 jīngshén ◇ spirit ◇ mind, mental state ◇ essence, gist, spirit
 精通精通 jīngtōng ◇ be skilled in, be proficient in, to master
 精心精心 jīngxīn ◇ careful, meticulous
 益 益 yì ◇ profit, benefit, advantage ◇ profitable, beneficial, advantageous ◇ increase ◇ Yi (surname)
 精致精緻 jīngzhì ◇ exquisite, sophisticated, meticulous

经常經常 jīngcháng ◇ frequently, constantly, regularly, often, always, routinely ◇ daily, day-to-day, everyday
 经 經 jīng ◇ through ◇ go through, pass through ◇ regular, frequent, constant ◇ the classics, the scriptures ◇ {physiology} menses ◇ hang oneself ◇ Jing (surname) ◇

{Buddhism} sutra ◇ the warp (in fabric, in contrast to wěi 緯/纬 "woof") ◇ longitude ◇ lengthwise alignment
 常 常 cháng ◇ common, normal, ordinary ◇ constant ◇ frequently, often, usually, always ◇ {written} morality, code of conduct, rule of behaviour, principle ◇ Chang (surname)
 经典經典 jīngdiǎn ◇ classics, scripture ◇ classical
 典 典 diǎn ◇ {literature} canon, law; classic, standard (work of scholarship); literary allusion ◇ ceremony, rite, ritual, celebration ◇ be responsible for, be in charge of ◇ lease, mortgage, pawn (with real estate as security) ◇ Dian (surname)
 经费經費 jīngfèi ◇ funds, expenditures, outlays
 经过經過 jīngguò ◇ pass by/through (a place, experience, etc.) ◇ via, by way of ◇ experience, undergo, go through ◇ through, as a result of, after ◇ process, course, (the story of) what happened
 经济經濟 jīngjì ◇ economy, economic ◇ financial condition (like of a family) ◇ be economical
 经理經理 jīnglǐ ◇ manage; manager ◇ put in order, straighten up, tidy up
 理 理 lǐ ◇ texture, grain, vein ◇ reason, logic ◇ natural sciences ◇ physics ◇ manage, administer ◇ put in order, straighten up ◇ (mostly used in the negative) pay attention to, acknowledge ◇ matchmaker ◇ judicial official ◇ Li (surname)
 经历經歷 jīnglì ◇ experience, go through (an experience) ◇ (past) experience, sth one has been through
 经商經商 jīngshāng ◇ engage in business
 商 商 shāng ◇ confer, consult, discuss ◇ commerce, business, trade ◇ commercial ◇ merchant, businessman, trader ◇ profiteer ◇ {math} quotient ◇ [Sh-] Shang Dynasty (16th-11th century BCE) ◇ Shang (surname)
 经纬經緯 jīngwěi ◇ main points (of sth) ◇ meridian and parallel (lines) ◇ {written} plan and administer
 经验經驗 jīngyàn ◇ experience
 经营經營 jīngyíng ◇ manage, engage in (a business) ◇ management
 茎 莖 jīng ◇ stem, stalk (of a plant) ◇ a handle ◇ measure word for long things (like blades of grass, hair)

井 井 jǐng ◇ a well ◇ mine shaft, pit ◇ neat, tidy, well kept ◇ {Chinese astronomy} Jing (one of the 28 Lunar Mansions) ◇ area of land ◇ Jing (one of the Bāguà 八卦 "Eight Trigrams" in the Yìjīng 易經/易经 "Book of Changes", used for divination according to Taoist beliefs) ◇ Jing (surname)

景色景色 jǐngsè ◇ scenery, view

警察警察 jǐngchá ◇ police (officer)

警告警告 jǐnggào ◇ warn, caution ◇ admonish (an individual or party that has committed some wrongdoing and advise them of their due responsibilities) ◇ (disciplinary) warning
警惕警惕 jǐngtì ◇ be vigilant/watchful; be on one's guard (against), be wary (of); alertness, vigilance

颈椎頸椎 jǐngzhuī ◇ cervical vertebra

颈 頸 jǐng ◇ neck ◇ sth resembling a neck (like the neck of a vase)

椎 椎 chuí ◇ {tool} hammer; hit with a hammer, hammer (in, on) ◇ beat (like a drum) ◇ stupid, dull-witted

境界境界 jìngjiè ◇ boundary ◇ level, realm, state (like of mind)

敬礼敬禮 jìnglǐ ◇ salute ◇ salute, gift ◇ with best wishes (as a closing)

敬 敬 jìng ◇ respect, esteem, honour ◇ respectfully ◇ offer, serve or present respectfully ◇ drink on sb's health ◇ Jing (surname)

礼 禮 lǐ ◇ rite, ceremony (like wedding, funeral) ◇ courtesy, etiquette, protocol ◇ gift, present ◇ the Lǐjì 禮記/礼记 "Book of Rites" ◇ Li (surname)

敬业敬業 jìngyè ◇ dedicate oneself to work or study ◇ dedicated to one's job
业 業 yè ◇ line of business, trade, industry ◇ occupation, profession, employment, job ◇ school work, course of study ◇ cause, undertaking, enterprise ◇ estate, property ◇ {Buddhism} karma ◇ {written} engage in ◇ {written} already

竞赛競賽 jìngsài ◇ compete, race ◇ contest, competition, race

竞选競選 jìngxuǎn ◇ run for, campaign for (office, election)

竞争競爭 jìngzhēng ◇ compete, contend, vie ◇ competition, rivalry

竟然竟然 jìngrán ◇ unexpectedly, to one's surprise, actually

镜头鏡頭 jìngtóu ◇ lens (of a camera) ◇ scene, shot (when filming)

镜子鏡子 jìngzi ◇ a mirror ◇ eyeglasses ◇ plate glass

镜 鏡 jìng ◇ a mirror ◇ lens, glass, glasses ◇ Jing (surname)

究竟究竟 jiūjìng ◇ actually, after all (used in interrogative sentences to indicate a desire to get to the bottom of a matter) ◇ after all, in the end

纠纷糾紛 jiūfēn ◇ dispute, issue

纠正糾正 jiūzhèng ◇ correct (e.g. a mistake), rectify; redress, set/put right, remedy

纠 糾 jiū ◇ entwine, entangle ◇ join together ◇ correct (an error, deviation, etc.)

正 正 zhèng ◇ straight, upright, perpendicular ◇ main, located in the centre, central ◇ (of time) punctually, exactly at, sharp, on time ◇ impartial, honest ◇ correct, right, proper ◇ (of colour, flavour) pure ◇ normal, regular ◇ chief, principal, prime ◇ {math} positive, plus ◇ rectify, correct ◇ right, just, exactly, precisely ◇ (as a particle indicating the ongoing action of a verb) in the process of... ◇ Zheng (surname)

久 久 jiǔ ◇ long, for a long time, of long duration (in contrast to zàn 暫/暂 "for a short time") ◇ for a specific period of time

九 九 jiǔ ◇ nine, 9 ◇ {Chinese calendar} any of the nine-day periods starting the day after the winter solstice ◇ many, numerous

酒吧酒吧 jiǔbā ◇ bar (drinking establishment)

酒精酒精 jiǔjīng ◇ alcohol

就 就 jiù ◇ then, in that case
 ◇ on the subject of, with regard to,
 concerning, regarding, in connection
 with, as far as (sth is concerned) ◇ ap-
 proach, move towards ◇ take up, enter
 upon, start doing (sth) ◇ comply with,
 yield to ◇ avail oneself of (sth at hand)
 ◇ at once, right away, in a moment ◇
 (adverb indicating that a preceding
 number/quantity/time is relatively
 small/few/early) as early as, as long
 ago as, as soon as, as much/many as ◇
 exactly, precisely ◇ only, merely, just,
 nothing (or no one) else than ◇ even if
 ◇ accomplish (sometimes used as a
 verbal resultative ending)
 就近就近 jiùjìn ◇ (do sth) nearby
 就业就业 jiùyè ◇ gain employment,
 get a job ◇ employment
 就职就職 jiùzhí ◇ take office, assume
 one's post (mostly of a high official)

救 救 jiù ◇ save, rescue ◇ re-
 lieve ◇ help, aid ◇ stop, prevent ◇
 control (like hunger) ◇ Jiu (surname)
 救护车 救護車 jiùhùchē
 ◇ ambulance ◇ wrecker (truck)
 救济救濟 jiùjì ◇ provide relief to (a
 disaster area or people in need)
 济 濟 jì {literary} ◇ cross (a ri-
 ver, etc.) ◇ help, aid, relieve, benefit ◇ be of
 help ◇ accomplishment, achievement, benefit
 ◇ Ji (surname)

旧 舊 jiù ◇ old, past ◇ for-
 mer, previous

舅舅舅舅 jiùjiu ◇ uncle (mother's el-
 der or younger brother)

居民居民 jūmín ◇ resident(s), inha-
 bitant(s), citizen(s)
 居然居然 jūrán ◇ to one's surprise;
 unexpectedly; actually; strange/unlike-
 ly as it may seem; have the ner-
 ve/cheek/gall/audacity to, go as far as
 to || (expresses a tone of incongruity or
 surprise, sometimes sarcastic; can often
 be omitted in the translation)
 居住居住 jūzhù ◇ live, dwell, reside

拘留拘留 jūliú ◇ detain, arrest,
 hold in custody
 拘束拘束 jūshù ◇ restrain, restrict ◇
 uncomfortable, ill at ease

鞠躬鞠躬 jūgōng ◇ bow (to sb)
 ◇ cautiously and prudently

局部局部 júbù ◇ part (in contrast to
 the whole) ◇ partial, local (e.g., anes-
 thesia)

局面局面 júmiàn ◇ situation
 (involving different "players" during a
 relatively short time), condition, phase,
 aspect, prospect ◇ {regional} size, sca-
 le, scope

局势局势 júshì ◇ situation, condi-
 tion, state of affairs (usu. of political or
 military matters)

局 局 jú ◇ part, portion ◇
 {admin} bureau, department, office
 (e.g., post office, telephone office) ◇
 shop ◇ {measure word}... game(s) of...
 (used for sports events like ping-pong,
 ball games, games of chess, etc.) ◇
 chessboard ◇ chess game, state of play
 in a chess game ◇ game, set, inning ◇
 situation, position, state of affairs ◇
 breadth of mind, magnanimity, tole-
 rance ◇ gathering, party ◇ ruse, trap,
 trick ◇ restrain, constrain, restrict
 势 勢 shì ◇ power, influence ◇
 tendency, momentum ◇ physical appearance
 ◇ action, situation, circumstances ◇ sign, indi-
 cation ◇ (political, military, etc.) situation
 局限局限 júxiàn ◇ limit, confine

桔子桔子 júzi ◇ tangerine, orange
 (the tree or its fruit) || (jú 桔 is a variant
 form of jú 橘 "tangerine, orange")

举 舉 jǔ ◇ raise, lift ◇ ac-
 tion, move, movement ◇ start, begin
 ◇ choose, elect ◇ recommend ◇ point
 out, cite ◇ entire, whole

举办舉辦 jǔbàn ◇ hold, conduct (an
 exhibition, class, concert, etc.)

举动舉動 jǔdòng ◇ action, mo-
 ve, movement

举世瞩目 舉世矚目 jǔshìzhǔmù
 ◇ attract worldwide attention

世 世 shì ◇ world, society ◇ gene-

ration, life, lifetime ◇ {geosciences} epoch,
age, era ◇ the secular world, this (mundane)
world ◇ Shi (surname)
瞩 瞩 zhǔ ◇ stare at, fix one's gaze
on

举行举行 jǔxíng ◇ have, hold (a cere-
mony, meeting, competition, wedding,
etc.) ◇ give (a press conference, test,
banquet, etc.)

举足轻重 举足轻重 jǔzúqīngzhòng
◇ "each step (or move) is deci-
sive"—play a decisive role, be pivotal ◇
decisive

足 足 zú ◇ foot, leg, base (of an
object, like tripod) ◇ enough, sufficient ◇ full
(amount, degree, etc.)

轻 轻 qīng ◇ light (of weight, in
contrast to zhòng 重 "heavy") ◇ light (like ca-
valry, artillery) ◇ small, minor (as in number,
severity) ◇ light (like music) ◇ unimportant
◇ gentle, soft ◇ rashly, hastily ◇ look down
upon, despise ◇ not take seriously, underesti-
mate

重 重 zhòng ◇ weight; weighty, hea-
vy, considerable (in amount or value) ◇ se-
rious ◇ important, significant ◇ take seriously,
value, lay stress on, attach importance to ◇ ju-
dicious, prudent, discreet

咀嚼咀嚼 jǔjué ◇ chew, masticate ◇
mull over, ponder

沮丧沮丧 jǔsàng ◇ depressed, dejected,
dispirited, frustrated

沮 沮 jǔ ◇ stop, prevent,
obstruct ◇ destroy, ruin ◇ {figurative}
spoil (like one's mood) ◇ fear, be af-
raid of ◇ frighten, terrorize ◇ doubt
◇ surpass ◇ leak (out)

丧 丧 sàng ◇ lose; be deprived of ◇
be disappointed

俱乐部 俱樂部 jùlèbù ◇ a
club

俱 俱 jù ◇ all, everything,
complete ◇ together, in the company
of, accompanied by ◇ the same, alike
◇ Ju (surname)

乐 樂 lè ◇ happy, joyous, cheerful
◇ joy, happiness ◇ be glad to, take de-
light/pleasure in, enjoy ◇ be amused, laugh ◇
Le (surname)

部 部 bù ◇ department, ministry
(or similar organizational or administrative
unit) ◇ part, section ◇ headquarters (esp. mi-
litary) ◇ unit, force, troops ◇ category, class
◇ (under one's) command ◇ {measure word}

(used for films, books, vehicles, machines, laws,
regulations, rules) ◇ Bu (surname)

具备具備 jùbèi ◇ have, possess ◇
measure up to (like the necessary quali-
fications) ◇ all is ready

具 具 jù ◇ have, possess (so-
me abstract quality) ◇ tool, imple-
ment, utensil ◇ state, declare ◇ pre-
sent, provide, furnish ◇ talent, ability
◇ {measure word} (used for instru-
ments, machines, coffins, dead bodies)
◇ Ju (surname)

具体具體 jùtǐ ◇ concrete, detailed,
specific ◇ particular, specific, given ◇
apply theory or principle to a certain
person or thing

剧本劇本 jùběn ◇ a play ◇ script (of
a play, etc.), scenario (of a motion pic-
ture), libretto (of a Beijing opera, etc.)

剧 劇 jù ◇ play, opera, drama
◇ acute, severe ◇ vigorous, fierce ◇
difficult ◇ swift, quick ◇ very, extreme
◇ Ju (surname)

本 本 běn ◇ book ◇ {measure
word}... volume(s) of...(used for books, scripts,
reels of film, etc.) ◇ root, stem (of a plant) ◇
origin, basis, foundation ◇ {finance} capital,
principal ◇ original ◇ one's own, native, home
◇ present, current, this ◇ originally ◇ edition
◇ script (of a play) ◇ memorial to the Empe-
ror

剧烈劇烈 jùliè ◇ fierce, violent,
acute

烈 烈 liè ◇ blazing (fire) ◇ fiery,
strong, violent, vehement, fierce, ardent ◇
upright, stern ◇ die for a just cause, die a mar-
tyr's death ◇ achievements, exploits ◇ illust-
rious, glorious ◇ {classical} row, file (equiva-
lent to 列)

句子句子 jùzi ◇ sentence

巨大巨大 jùdà ◇ huge, enormous,
gigantic

拒绝拒絕 jùjué ◇ refuse ◇ reject
拒 拒 jù ◇ resist, ward off ◇
refuse, reject

绝 絕 jué ◇ cut off, sever,
break off (relations, etc.) ◇ depleted,
exhausted, used up ◇ no way out, ho-

peless ◇ unique, peerless ◇ extremely
◇ absolutely (when preceding a negative)

据说據說 jùshuō ◇ according to what is said; it is said, supposedly, I understand that...

据悉據悉 jùxī ◇ according to reports ◇ it is reported

据據 jù ◇ according to, based on ◇ depending on ◇ rely on, depend on ◇ occupy, seize, hold ◇ proof, evidence

悉悉 xī ◇ all, entire ◇ know, learn about ◇ detailed, thorough ◇ receive and note (a letter or telegram) ◇ Xi (surname)

聚会聚會 jùhuì ◇ a get-together, gathering, party ◇ gather, get together, meet

聚聚 jù ◇ assemble, gather ◇ collect, accumulate ◇ village, hamlet ◇ {chem} poly-

会會 huì ◇ meeting ◇ meet with ◇ can, could ◇ understand, know (like a language) ◇ be able to ◇ will, be likely to, be possible, possibly ◇ moment, short while ◇ Hui (surname)

神神 shén ◇ deity, god ◇ supernatural being, spirit ◇ supernatural (skill, etc.) ◇ soul, mind ◇ energy ◇ expression, look ◇ {Beijing} incredible, magical, marvelous ◇ Shen (surname)

距离距離 jùlí ◇ distance (between, from) ◇ {figurative} difference, discrepancy

距距 jù ◇ distance (between, from) ◇ spur (on legs of certain birds) ◇ go to

离離 lí ◇ distance (between, from) ◇ (following distance measure)... distant (from) ◇ leave, go away ◇ lacking, without ◇ Li (one of the Eight Trigrams in the Yìjīng 易经/易经 "Book of Changes") ◇ cut, sever ◇ meet with, encounter ◇ set out, display ◇ experience ◇ bright ◇ {musical instrument} li (large qín 琴 [guitar/zither]) ◇ Li (surname)

捐捐 juān ◇ give up, abandon ◇ contribute, donate ◇ tax, duty ◇ purchase an official title or post ◇ carriage ring (through which the reins are passed)

卷卷 juǎn ◇ (used like juǎn 捲/卷) roll (up), furl, curl ◇ carry away, sweep along (like by a wave, the wind) ◇ end, cease to exist, become extinct ◇ a roll, sth shaped like a roll ◇ {measure word}... roll(s) of... (used for rolls, spools or similar cylindrical objects) ◇ Juan (surname)

倔强倔強 juéjiàng ◇ stubborn, obstinate, intransigent

倔倔 juè ◇ surly, gruff, irascible, blunt, brusque

强强 qiáng ◇ strong, powerful, mighty, firm, staunch ◇ be demanding, be resolute, excel ◇ by force, forcibly ◇ strengthen, enhance ◇ {informal} (in comparisons) better, superior (better off, in better condition, or more capable) ◇ a little more than, a little over, -plus ◇ Qiang (surname)

决策決策 juécè ◇ make policy ◇ policy decision ◇ decision-making

决決 jué ◇ decide, determine ◇ certainly, definitely (when preceding a negative) ◇ execute a criminal ◇ (of a dike, etc.) burst, break ◇ {history} bone or ivory thumbguard worn by archers ◇ part, bid farewell ◇ knack, trick of the trade

策策 cè ◇ scheme, strategy, plan ◇ strips of bamboo or wood (as writing medium) ◇ {history, admin} essay on political or economic matters (as part of the imperial exam) ◇ {written} plan, engineer, arrange ◇ horse whip, riding crop ◇ whip (a horse on with a riding crop), urge on ◇ {written} crutch(es) ◇ Ce (surname)

决定決定 juédìng ◇ decide, make up one's mind ◇ decide, determine ◇ decision, resolution

决赛決賽 juésài ◇ play in the finals (of an athletic event) ◇ finals (of an athletic event)

决心決心 juéxīn ◇ resolution, determination

心心 xīn ◇ heart ◇ mind, feelings ◇ centre, middle, core ◇ {Chinese astronomy} Xin (one of the Èrshíbā Xiù 二十八宿 "28 Lunar Mansions of the Chinese zodiac") ◇ {physiology} heart (as one of the wǔzàng 五臟/五脏 "five vital organs")

绝对絕對 juéduì ◇ absolute (as opposed to xiāngduì 相對/相对 "relative") ◇ absolutely, definitely

绝望絕望 juéwàng ◇ despair, lose hope ◇ hopeless, desperate
 绝 絕 jué ◇ cut off, sever, break off (relations, etc.) ◇ depleted, exhausted, used up ◇ no way out, hopeless ◇ unique, peerless ◇ extremely ◇ absolutely (when preceding a negative)

望 望 wàng ◇ look or gaze into the distance, look far ahead ◇ visit, call on ◇ hope, expect, look forward to ◇ prestige, renown ◇ towards, in the direction of ◇ (of age) approaching, near, almost ◇ resentment, enmity ◇ shop sign (on a flagpole) ◇ full moon ◇ the fifteenth (occasionally sixteenth or seventeenth) day of a lunisolar month ◇ Wang (surname)

觉得覺得 juéde ◇ feel (like tired) ◇ think, believe

觉 覺 jué ◇ feel, think, sense ◇ sensation, perception ◇ wake up, awake ◇ become awakened, come to realize, find out, discover, become aware (of), become conscious (of)

觉悟覺悟 juéwù ◇ become awakened, come to realize ◇ awareness, consciousness ◇ {Buddhism} enlightenment

悟 悟 wù ◇ realize, understand, grasp

觉醒覺醒 juéxǐng ◇ {figurative} awaken, wake up

醒 醒 xǐng ◇ recover consciousness (after being drunk, under anesthesia, in a coma) ◇ be sober (not drunk) ◇ wake up (from sleep) ◇ realize, wake up to ◇ clear, distinct

◇ striking (to the eye)

角色角色 juésè ◇ role, part (in a play, etc.)

军队軍隊 jūnduì ◇ armed forces, troops

军事軍事 jūnshì ◇ military affairs ◇ military

军 軍 jūn ◇ armed forces, the military ◇ army, corps ◇ largest garrison post during the Táng 唐 Dynasty ◇ military area during the Sòng 宋 Dynasty ◇ army (as largest military unit, theoretically 12,500 men)

事 事 shì ◇ affair, matter, thing ◇ incident, event ◇ accident, trouble, untoward event ◇ business ◇ work, function ◇ job, occupation ◇ concerned with, involved in, responsible for ◇ serve, attend to ◇ do, carry out, be engaged in

君子君子 jūnzǐ ◇ (perfect) gentleman, man of high virtue, proper/perfect/superior man ◇ man noted for moral integrity and great intelligence ◇ {formal} you (a form of address by a wife to her husband) ◇ upper-class person

均匀均匀 jūnyún ◇ even, uniform, homogeneous

均 均 jūn ◇ equal, even, balanced ◇ average ◇ all, without exception ◇ harmonious ◇ potter's wheel ◇ tuning device

匀 匀 yún ◇ even, uniform ◇ even up/out, divide evenly ◇ spare, take (from sth to use elsewhere)

K

咖啡咖啡 kāfēi ◇ coffee

卡车卡车 kǎchē ◇ truck

卡 卡 kǎ ◇ {phonetic} card (like credit card, index card, etc.) ◇ {unit of measure} (short for kǎlùlǐ 卡路里) calorie ◇ {electrical/electronics} (audio) cassette ◇ {automotive} truck
车 車 chē ◇ vehicle, car ◇ implement or machine containing rotating elements (like a spinning wheel, water wheel, windmill) ◇ machine, turn on a lathe ◇ draw/lift water with a water wheel ◇ {dialect} carry (away) in a vehicle ◇ {dialect} sew sth on a sewing machine ◇ turn (one's body) ◇ Che (surname)
卡通卡通 kǎtōng ◇ cartoon

开 開 kāi ◇ open, open up, reclaim ◇ turn on (a light, the TV, a switch, etc.), be on ◇ operate, run (a machine, etc.) ◇ boil (water), boiled (water) ◇ lift (a restriction, ban, etc.) ◇ (of troops) move (in...) ◇ start, begin, set up (like a restaurant, shop, etc.) ◇ hold (a meeting, party, etc.) ◇ write, make out (like a prescription, receipt) ◇ pay (wages, a salary, etc.) ◇ (of a waterway) thaw, become navigable ◇ {regional} kick out, sack, fire ◇ (as a verb suffix)... far and wide; start (doing sth) ◇ rough percentage, approximate proportion ◇ {printing} folio (unit of paper size) ◇ Kai (surname)
开采開採 kāicǎi ◇ mine, exploit (minerals, coal, etc.)
采 採 cǎi ◇ pick, pluck (flowers, etc.), gather ◇ mine, extract ◇ collect (samples) ◇ select, choose ◇ (of measures, etc.) adopt ◇ (now rarely) drag ◇ beckon, take notice of
开除開除 kāichú ◇ discharge, dismiss, expel
除 除 chú ◇ besides, except (for), in addition to (usually chú 除... wài 外) ◇ eliminate, remove, get rid of, abolish ◇ {math} divide(d) ◇ {written} offer/confer (an official position, etc.) ◇ {written} doorsteps, the steps leading to a house
开发開發 kāifā ◇ develop, exploit, open up (resources, etc.) ◇ tap, bring into play, develop (talent, technology) ◇ {archaic} guide, enlighten
开放開放 kāifàng ◇ open up (to

the outside world), liberalize ◇ (of a flower) bloom ◇ lift, revoke (a blockade, ban, restriction, etc.) ◇ open (a port, amusement park, etc. to traffic or the public) ◇ (of a park, library, etc.) be open (to the public) ◇ be on (of air conditioning, etc.) ◇ (of personality) open and frank, outgoing and upbeat, easygoing, (of thinking) liberal, open-minded

放 放 fàng ◇ release, set free, let go, let out ◇ put, place (in, on, etc.) ◇ let oneself go, give way to ◇ put in, add ◇ put (livestock, horses, etc.) out to pasture ◇ turn on, play (a movie, etc.) ◇ banish, exile, send away ◇ set off (like firecrackers) ◇ ignite, light, set fire to ◇ lend at interest ◇ (of clothing) let out, make larger ◇ (of blossoms, flowers) open, bloom ◇ keep (for future use), put aside ◇ fell, cut down (trees, etc.) ◇ (starting an imperative sentence) Be more...! ◇ (preceding 著...不.../着...不...) neglect/refuse (to do sth)
开阔開闊 kāikuò ◇ open, broad, wide ◇ open, broad (minded, etc.) ◇ widen, broadened (outlook, horizons)
开朗開朗 kāilǎng ◇ open and bright ◇ sanguine

朗 朗 lǎng ◇ light, bright, clear ◇ loud and clear, sonorous ◇ wise ◇ Lang (surname)

开明開明 kāimíng ◇ enlightened ◇ enlighten, civilize ◇ the East ◇ Kai-ming (name of a legendary Emperor) ◇ legendary animal said to resemble a large tiger

明 明 míng ◇ bright, clear, evident ◇ open, overt ◇ tomorrow; next (year) ◇ know, understand ◇ Ming (dynasty, 1368-1644) ◇ Ming (surname)

开幕式 開幕式 kāimùshì ◇ opening ceremony

开辟開闢 kāipì ◇ open up (like a new field, new possibilities), set up/establish (like a base), develop/explore (like new markets, a source of revenue), blaze/carve out (a new way)

辟 闢 pì ◇ open up (land, sth new, etc.) ◇ reclaim ◇ in-depth, incisive, penetrating, thorough, penetrating ◇ repudiate, refute (a false doctrine, rumour, etc.)

开始開始 kāishǐ ◇ begin, start ◇ set about, set out on ◇ beginning, initial phase

始 始 shǐ ◇ begin, start ◇ begin-

ning, start (in contrast to zhōng 終/终 "end") ◇
first, earliest ◇ can only, only then ◇ Shi (sur-
name)

开水開水 kāishuǐ ◇ boil water
◇ boiling water ◇ boiled water

水 水 shuǐ ◇ water ◇ (preceded by
a name) ... River ◇ rivers, lakes, seas; a flood
◇ liquid ◇ additional income; extra cost ◇ (of
clothing, etc.) times being washed ◇ Shui (sur-
name)

开拓開拓 kāituò ◇ open up, develop
(wasteland, new markets, etc.) ◇ {mi-
ning} develop, development ◇ {math}
extension

拓 拓 tuò ◇ open up (new lands,
roads, etc.) ◇ push (with the hand)

玩笑 玩笑 wánxiào ◇ laugh and ha-
ve fun ◇ sth said or done as a joke or in jest

开心開心 kāixīn ◇ feel happy, find
delight in ◇ make fun of sb for one's
own amusement ◇ confide in ◇ en-
lighten

心 心 xīn ◇ heart ◇ mind, feelings
◇ centre, middle, core ◇ {Chinese astronomy}
Xin (one of the Èrshíbā Xiù 二十八宿 "28 Lunar
Mansions of the Chinese zodiac") ◇ {phy-
siology} heart (as one of the wǔzàng 五
臟/五脏 "five vital organs")

开展開展 kāizhǎn ◇ develop,
unfold, launch, promote ◇ open,
broad(minded)

展 展 zhǎn ◇ open, unfold ◇ get the
most out of, give full play to ◇ extend, prolong
◇ exhibit, put on display ◇ state, declare ◇
inspect, observe ◇ blot up (like water) ◇ Zhan
(surname)

开支開支 kāizhī ◇ spending, expendi-
tures ◇ pay (money) ◇ pay wages

支 支 zhī ◇ support, prop up ◇ set
up ◇ stand, bear, sustain ◇ protrude ◇ put
(sb) off, send away ◇ pay out (money) ◇
branch (of a bank, etc.) ◇ {measure word}...
unit(s)... (used for long thin objects, like pens,
pencils, candles, rifles, flutes, cigarettes; for
songs or melodies; for troops, armies, fleets; for
electric power in watts; for textile counts) ◇
the dìzhī 地支 "12 Earthly Branches" ◇ Zhi
(surname)

刊登刊登 kāndēng ◇ print, pub-
lish, carry (e.g., an article, a news
item), run (e.g., an advertisement in a
newspaper)

刊物刊物 kānwù ◇ publication, perio-
dical

勘探勘探 kāntàn ◇ prospect,
explore ◇ prospecting, exploration

侃侃侃侃 kǎnkǎn ◇ upright and
straightforward ◇ confident ◇ direct,
sincere

而 而 ér ◇ (joining two adjecti-
ves)...and... ◇ (indicating a sequence or conse-
quence)...and thus..., therefore ◇ (indicating a
contrast)...but... ◇ (indicating a transi-
tion)...to... ◇ (indicating sth happens at a cer-
tain time) at..., when... ◇ (indicating sth hap-
pens under a certain condition) if...

谈 谈 tán ◇ talk, chat, speak
(about), discuss ◇ talk, sth talked about ◇ Tan
(surname)

砍 砍 kǎn ◇ chop, hack ◇ cut
(e.g., funding, a paragraph) ◇ (of the
buyer) force down the price, get a low
price (by bargaining) (=kǎnjià 砍價/砍
价)

砍伐砍伐 kǎnfá ◇ fell (trees)

看 看 kàn ◇ look, see, read ◇
think, view (the situation) ◇ visit, call
on (friends, etc.)

看不起 看不起 kànbuqǐ
◇ look down upon, despise

看待看待 kàndài ◇ treat, regard

看法看法 kànfǎ ◇ the way of looking
at sth, view, opinion ◇ an unfavourab-
le/critical view of sb/sth (as in the pat-
tern 對...有看法/对...有看法 duì...yǒu
kànfǎ)

看见看見 kànjian ◇ see, notice

见 见 jiàn ◇ see, perceive ◇ be ex-
posed to, come in contact with, meet with, call
on ◇ show evidence of, appear/seem to be ◇
view, opinion, understanding ◇ {written} (as a
particle, when preceding a verb indicates the
passive voice, or the request towards sb to do
sth for the writer)

看望看望 kànwang ◇ pay a visit,
call on (elders, relatives, etc.)

慷慨慷慨 kāngkǎi ◇ fervent, ve-
hement ◇ generous, magnanimous, un-
selfish, liberal

扛 扛 káng ◇ carry on the shoul-
der, shoulder sth (also figurative, like a
duty or abstract burden)

抗议抗議 kàngyì ◇ protest
 抗 抗 kàng ◇ resist, fight ◇ re-
 fuse, oppose ◇ Kang (surname)
 议 議 yì ◇ idea, opinion ◇ dis-
 cuss, talk over ◇ discuss right and wrong
 (mostly in reproach)

烤鸭烤鴨 kǎoyā ◇ roast duck
 烤 烤 kǎo ◇ bake, roast, toast
 ◇ warm by a fire ◇ extremely hot,
 scorching
 鸭 鴨 yā ◇ duck (the bird)

考察考察 kǎochá ◇ inspect, in-
 vestigate, examine, explore, survey ◇
 (on-the-spot) investigation; (scientific,
 etc.) expedition, exploration ◇ observe
 carefully, examine in detail
 考古考古 kǎogǔ ◇ engage in archaeo-
 logical studies ◇ archaeology
 考核考核 kǎohé ◇ exami-
 ne/check/appraise (like sb's work per-
 formance); assess (e.g., sb's proficien-
 cy)
 考虑考慮 kǎolù ◇ consider, think
 over, reconsider ◇ thoughts, delibera-
 tions
 考 考 kǎo ◇ test, examination
 ◇ take (and pass) an entrance exami-
 nation ◇ check, examine, inspect ◇ in-
 quire into, investigate, study ◇ {for-
 mal} one's deceased father
 虑 慮 lù ◇ ponder, think over ◇
 thought, idea ◇ be concerned, worry ◇ con-
 cern, worry, anxiety ◇ plan ◇ trouble, bother
 ◇ probably ◇ tie with a rope ◇ Lü (surname)
 考试考試 kǎoshì ◇ exam ◇ test

take an exam or test
 试 試 shì ◇ test, try, experiment ◇
 test, trial, experiment ◇ try, attempt ◇ taste,
 try ◇ take up a post, assume an office ◇ use
 考验考驗 kǎoyàn ◇ test, try ◇
 test, trial, ordeal
 验 驗 yàn ◇ examine, check, verify
 ◇ produce the expected or desired results ◇
 expected or desired results ◇ test, experiment
 ◇ evidence, proof

靠 靠 kào ◇ lean on ◇ keep to,
 be or stay near ◇ near, close to ◇ de-
 pend on ◇ trust, rely on ◇ armour (as
 worn in Chinese opera)
 靠拢靠攏 kàolǒng ◇ get close,

come together

拢 攏 lǒng ◇ close, shut (like the
 eyes) ◇ approach, draw near ◇ add up ◇ ga-
 ther together ◇ comb (the hair)

棵 棵 kē ◇ {measure word}
 (for trees, plants)

磕 磕 kē ◇ knock or bump in-
 to sth hard ◇ knock out (like ashes
 from a pipe), knock against ◇ loud
 sound (like of a drum)

科目科目 kēmù ◇ subject, branch of
 study ◇ heading (in account book)
 科学科學 kēxué ◇ science ◇ scienti-
 fic

科 科 kē ◇ branch (of study)
 ◇ section, department (of a larger ad-
 ministrative unit) ◇ pass judgment,
 sentence ◇ laws, regulations ◇ class,
 rank ◇ {biology} family, class ◇ {Chi-
 nese opera} stage directions; action
 parts ◇ Kuwait (short form of 科威特
 Kēwēitè) ◇ Ke (surname)

学 學 xué ◇ learn, study ◇ imitate,
 copy, mimic ◇ scholarship, learning, educa-
 tion, study, knowledge, science ◇ subject (of
 study), (academic) discipline, branch of lear-
 ning ◇ school, college

颗 顆 kē ◇ {measure word}
 (for small roundish things: grains,
 pearls, teeth, cabbages, stars, hearts,
 bullets, grenades; and, by extension, al-
 so for bombs) ◇ small roundish thing

咳嗽咳嗽 késou ◇ cough

可爱可愛 kě'ài ◇ lovable, likeable,
 charming, cute
 可 可 kě ◇ may, can, -able, be
 allowed to... ◇ possibly ◇ approve, ag-
 ree ◇ need (to do), be worth (doing)
 ◇ {regional} do as much as possible,
 make the most of ◇ {written} recover,
 get well ◇ but, yet ◇ {grammar} (as
 an emphatic adverb used in an excla-
 matory sentence) really, indeed, finally;
 (expressing emphasis in a rhetorical
 question)...on earth...?; (expressing
 doubt in a question) really, actually? ◇
 fit, suit, be agreeable to ◇ Ke (surna-

me)

爱 愛 ài ◇ love, like, be fond of...
 ◇ have deep affection for... ◇ cherish, treasure, hold dear ◇ have the habit of doing sth, like to do sth, be apt to do sth ◇ Ai (surname) ◇ whether or not (used with bù 不 "not" in front of the same verb to indicate free choice, e.g., àixìn-bùxìn 爱信不信/爱信不信 "believe it or not", or àiyào-bùyào 爱要不要/爱要不要 "take it or leave it")

可观可觀 kěguān ◇ considerable, impressive, sizable ◇ worth seeing
 观 觀 guān ◇ see, look, observe, view ◇ a sight, view ◇ {figurative} outlook, concept, view ◇ {divination} "Guan" (one of the sixty-four hexagrams in the Yijing 易经/易经 "Book of Changes")

可见可見 kějiàn ◇ it is obvious that, it is clear that ◇ be visible, can be seen
 见 見 jiàn ◇ see, perceive ◇ be exposed to, come in contact with, meet with, call on ◇ show evidence of, appear/seem to be ◇ view, opinion, understanding ◇ {written} (as a particle, when preceding a verb indicates the passive voice, or the request towards sb to do sth for the writer)

可靠可靠 kěkào ◇ (of people, etc.) be reliable/dependable/trustworthy ◇ (of news, etc.) authentic and reliable, credible, sure

可口可口 kěkǒu ◇ delicious, tasty
 可怜可憐 kělián ◇ pitiful ◇ pity ◇

miserable, wretched

怜 憐 lián ◇ pity, sympathize with, have compassion for ◇ love, have tender affection for

可能可能 kěnéng ◇ possible, probable, likely ◇ may, maybe, probably ◇ possibly ◇ probability, possibility, likelihood

可怕可怕 kěpà ◇ fearful, frightful, horrible, terrible

可是可是 kěshì ◇ but ◇ however ◇ yet

可恶可惡 kěwù ◇ detestable, disgusting, hateable

恶 惡 è ◇ evil, wickedness, guilt ◇ vicious, fierce, ferocious, bad

可惜可惜 kěxī ◇ unfortunately, it's a pity

可行可行 kěxíng ◇ workable, feasible, practicable

可以可以 kěyǐ ◇ may, can ◇ passable, not bad, pretty good ◇ be worth (doing)

渴 渴 kě ◇ thirsty ◇ longingly, eagerly
 渴望渴望 kěwàng ◇ long for, yearn for, be keen on

克 克 kè ◇ {written} be able to, can ◇ control, restrain, overcome ◇ {unit of weight} gram ◇ ke (Tibetan unit of weight, about 12.5 kg) ◇ {unit of land} ke (Tibetan unit of land, equivalent to the Chinese mǔ 畝/亩, about 1/6 of an acre)

克服克服 kèfú ◇ overcome, conquer, subdue ◇ bear, endure

克制克制 kèzhì ◇ control/restrain (oneself); suppress (one's emotions)

刻 刻 kè ◇ engrave, carve, cut, chisel ◇ quarter of an hour; short period of time, moment ◇ cutting, biting ◇ the utmost ◇ mean, harsh
 刻不容缓 刻不容緩 kèbùróng huǎn ◇ brook no delay ◇ urgent

缓 緩 huǎn ◇ slow, sluggish, leisurely, tardy ◇ relaxed, unhurried ◇ postpone, delay, slow down

刻苦刻苦 kèkǔ ◇ assiduous, hard-working ◇ simple (like lifestyle)

客观客觀 kèguān ◇ objective ◇ objectivity || (in contrast to zhǔguān 主觀/主观 "subjective; subjectivity")

客 客 kè ◇ guest, visitor ◇ traveler, passenger ◇ stranger ◇ {history} retainer (at a feudal court during the Zhou Dynasty) ◇ itinerant retainer (seeking status as political advisor) ◇ Ke (surname) ◇ {regional, measure word} (of food or drinks in a restaurant, etc.) an order

客户客戶 kèhù ◇ client, customer ◇ family arrived from another place or one who makes a living by renting farmland ◇ (Guangzhou) Hakka
 户 戶 hù ◇ door; family, household ◇ one's family status ◇ bank account ◇ {regional} capacity for liquor ◇ {measure word}... family/families of...,... household(s) of... (used for households, families, etc.) ◇ Hu (surname)

客人客人 kèren ◇ guest, visitor ◇ (hotel) guest ◇ customer

客厅客廳 kètīng ◇ living room, sitting

room, drawing room, parlour
 厅 廳 tīng ◇ hall (for gatherings, ceremonies, receptions, etc.) ◇ office (as part of a large organization) ◇ department or bureau of a provincial government ◇ {history} administrative unit (established for new territories opened up during the Qīng 清 Dynasty)

课 課 kè ◇ lesson, class ◇ {measure word} (for a lesson, unit of a textbook, etc.) ◇ administrative unit in certain organizations ◇ taxes ◇ levy, collect (taxes)
 课程課程 kèchéng ◇ curriculum; course ◇ {archaic} tax scale (varying according to the price of objects taxed)
 程 程 chéng ◇ journey, trip; stage of a journey, distance traveled ◇ rule, regulation, law ◇ process, procedure, order, sequence, rate, limit ◇ pattern, formula ◇ measure, calculate, estimate ◇ Cheng (ancient state in the area of present Shǎnxī 陝西/陕西 Province) ◇ Cheng (surname)
 课题課題 kètí ◇ study question, topic for discussion ◇ problem, matter to be solved

啃 啃 kěn ◇ gnaw, nibble, bite
 ◇ take great pains with one's studies, read (a piece of writing) with great effort in order to thoroughly grasp its content ◇ work to no avail

恳切懇切 kěnnqiè ◇ sincere, earnest
 恳 懇 kěn ◇ sincerely, earnestly ◇ entreat, beseech ◇ please
 切 切 qiē ◇ cut, slice, chop ◇ {math} tangent

肯定肯定 kěndìng ◇ affirm, confirm, regard as positive, approve, recognize, commend ◇ certainty, affirmation, recognition, approval ◇ affirmative, positive ◇ definitely, undoubtedly ◇ definite, certain, for sure

坑 坑 kēng ◇ pit, hole in the ground, shaft ◇ latrine, privy ◇ tunnel ◇ bury alive ◇ trap, trick, frame, cheat, rip off ◇ harm, injure ◇ Keng (surname)

空 空 kōng ◇ empty, hollow ◇ the sky, the heavens, air ◇ in vain, futi-

le ◇ {Buddhism} emptiness, vacuity, non-existence, sunyata ◇ Kong (surname)

空洞空洞 kōngdòng ◇ cavity ◇ empty, lacking content

空间空間 kōngjiān ◇ space, room ◇ {Mainland usage} (outer) space

间 間 jiān ◇ among, between ◇ interval; within a defined time/space ◇ room ◇ {measure word} (used for rooms)

空气空氣 kōngqì ◇ air ◇ atmosphere ◇ rumour

气 氣 qì ◇ gas, air ◇ power ◇ vigour, spirit ◇ weather, climate ◇ thin clouds ◇ make angry ◇ get angry ◇ fate, destiny ◇ {Chinese philosophy} formative or creative spirit ◇ {Chinese med} qì, vital energy; functions (of internal organs); symptom (of a disease); nutrition

空前绝后 空前絕後 kōngqiánjué-hòu ◇ unique, never before or since

空前空前 kōngqián ◇ unprecedented

绝后 絕後 juéhòu ◇ be without heirs ◇ not be seen again, never reoccurring

空调空調 kōngtiáo ◇ air conditioning ◇ air conditioner

调 調 diào ◇ melody, tune, air ◇ accent, intonation, tone ◇ view, argument, tone (of sb's words) ◇ {music} key ◇ shift, transfer, move ◇ investigate

空想空想 kōngxiǎng ◇ fantasy, idle dream ◇ unrealistic

空虚空虛 kōngxū ◇ void (mostly figurative)

虚 虛 xū ◇ emptiness, void ◇ {ancient Chinese astronomy} xu (the eleventh of the twenty-eight constellations into which the celestial sphere was divided, consisting of two stars forming a straight line, one in Aquarius and the other in Equuleus) ◇ void, empty, unoccupied ◇ timid, diffident ◇ false, unreal, nominal ◇ humble, modest ◇ weak, in poor health ◇ abstract, theory ◇ guiding principles ◇ {physics} virtual ◇ in vain, futile

孔 孔 kǒng ◇ opening, hole, orifice ◇ big, great ◇ profound, far-reaching ◇ very, extremely ◇ peacock ◇ of or pertaining to Confucius ◇ Kong (a surname)

恐怖恐怖 kǒngbù ◇ terror, horror ◇ terrifying, horrible, terrible, horrific ◇ terrorist (as an attributive, e.g., kǒngbù xíngdòng 恐怖行動/恐怖行动)

"terrorist act") ◇ {TW usage, colloquial} terrible, awful
 恐吓恐吓 kǒnghè ◇ threaten, intimidate, menace
 恐 恐 kǒng ◇ fear, dread, be afraid ◇ terrify, scare, frighten, intimidate, terrorize ◇ perhaps, I dare say, I'm afraid... (not necessarily of sth bad)
 吓 吓 hè ◇ threaten, intimidate ◇ scare, frighten ◇ {interjection} Humph! (or the like, expressing resentment, disapproval, etc.)
 恐惧恐懼 kǒngjù ◇ fear, dread
 惧 惧 jù ◇ fear, be afraid of, dread
 恐怕恐怕 kǒngpà ◇ probably; I'm afraid; perhaps; it looks as if ◇ fear, be afraid that

控制控制 kòngzhì ◇ control, dominate, command, bring under control, take control of, be in control of, keep under control, keep a check on ◇ control, command, domination, grip, manipulation

空白空白 kòngbái ◇ blank space, gap
 空隙空隙 kòngxì ◇ empty space, gap, opening ◇ break, free time
 空闲空闲 kòngxián ◇ idle, free (e.g., time) ◇ free time, leisure
 空 空 kōng ◇ empty, hollow ◇ the sky, the heavens, air ◇ in vain, futile ◇ {Buddhism} emptiness, vacuity, non-existence, sunyata ◇ Kong (surname)
 闲 闲 xián ◇ idle, leisurely

口 口 kǒu ◇ (of humans/animals) the mouth ◇ one's taste ◇ an opening, outlet ◇ people, population ◇ (of a container with an opening, a river, etc.) mouth, exit, entrance, pass ◇ a cut/crack/hole ◇ department (overall term for administrative units of a certain sector) ◇ blade, sharp edge of a knife, sword, etc. ◇ {measure word} (used for knives/swords, ponds, pigs, persons, bites, mouthfuls, drags [from a cigar/cigarette/pipe], language) ◇ Kou (surname)
 口气口气 kǒuqì ◇ tone (like of voice)

◇ manner of speaking ◇ implication, real meaning of one's words ◇ a sigh
 口腔口腔 kǒuqiāng ◇ oral cavity ◇ accent
 口头口头 kǒutóu ◇ verbal, oral (in contrast to shūmiàn 书面/书面 "written[-only]")
 头 头 tóu ◇ head ◇ chief, head, boss ◇ (used before a numeral or measure word) first..., the initial... ◇ leading ◇ side/aspect ◇ top, tip (e.g., of a pen), end (e.g., of a rope, the street) ◇ beginning, end ◇ remnant, leftover, end ◇ (before tiān 天 or nián 年) the previous (day or year) ◇ head (as a measure of height, like "taller by a head") ◇ {measure word} ...head(s) of... (used for animals, like cattle, mule, sheep, pigs, lions, etc.) ◇ {measure word} head, bulb(s) of... (used for the bulbs of certain plants, like a head of garlic) ◇ (suffix to certain nouns)
 口味口味 kǒuwèi ◇ (personal or regional) tastes, likes (esp. in food) ◇ taste; flavour (of food)
 口音口音 kǒuyīn ◇ oral speech sounds ◇ accent

扣 扣 kòu ◇ button up, buckle ◇ tie, fasten, bolt ◇ accuse unjustly, brand groundlessly, frame ◇ detain, arrest, apprehend, take into custody ◇ impound ◇ take away ◇ deduct, discount ◇ withhold ◇ place (a container, vessel, etc.) upside down ◇ cover (with an inverted container, vessel, etc.) ◇ knot, loop ◇ a button, buckle ◇ {sports} smash, spike (a ball)

哭 哭 kū ◇ cry, weep
 哭泣哭泣 kūqì ◇ weep, sob

枯萎枯萎 kūwěi ◇ wither ◇ withered
 枯燥枯燥 kūzào ◇ dull, dry, uninteresting

苦 苦 kǔ ◇ bitter (in contrast to gān 甘 "sweet") ◇ hardship, suffering ◇ cause hardship or suffering ◇ suffer from, be disadvantaged by ◇ painstakingly, diligently ◇ cut off or waste too much
 苦尽甘来 苦盡甘來 kǔjìngānlái ◇ bitterness ends and sweetness begins, after the bitter comes the sweet,

after misery comes happiness

尽 盡 jìn ◇ finish, end ◇ use up, deplete, exhaust ◇ reach the end/limit/extreme ◇ do/perform (one's duty, etc.) to the best of one's ability, fully carry out, exert (effort) to the maximum ◇ extremely ◇ {written} die, perish ◇ all; entire, whole ◇ all, completely ◇ {colloquial, northern} keep (doing sth); (do) nothing but...

甘 甘 gān ◇ sweet, pleasant (in contrast to kǔ 苦 "bitter", "unpleasant"); (of words, etc.) honeyed ◇ willingly, readily, of one's own accord, voluntarily, with dedication ◇ (short for) Gānsù 甘肅/甘肅 Province ◇ Gan (surname)

来 來 lái ◇ come, come hither ◇ arrive (of seasons, etc.) ◇ arise, crop up (of problems, etc.) ◇ cause to come, let come, I'll have... (used in ordering in a restaurant) ◇ cause to arrive or take place ◇ for the past (amount of time) ◇ in order to (take some action) ◇ (following numbers) approximately ◇ (verb suffix) ◇ Lai (surname)

苦涩 苦澀 kǔsè ◇ bitter and astringent ◇ pained (look)

涩 澀 sè ◇ astringent (like the taste of unripe persimmons) ◇ not smooth ◇ difficult (to read/understand)

裤子 褲子 kùzi ◇ pants, trousers

裤 褲 kù ◇ pants, trousers, panties

子 子 zǐ ◇ son, child ◇ person ◇ (of melons, etc.) seed ◇ (of fowl, fish) egg, roe ◇ sth small and hard (pebble, bead, etc.) ◇ sub(ordinate) ◇ (in Chinese chess) a chess piece ◇ {history} viscount (the fourth of the five ranks of nobility) ◇ {respectful address} master, sir; Master... (suffix added to the names of ancient philosophers, such as Kǒngzǐ 孔子 "Confucius", Mèngzǐ 孟子 "Mencius") ◇ zi (first of the twelve Dìzhī 地支 "Earthly Branches") ◇ zi (11:00 p.m. to 1:00 a.m.; one of the twelve two-hour periods in a day) ◇ Zi (surname)

夸 誇 kuā ◇ exaggerate, boast, brag, talk big ◇ praise, commend
夸张 誇張 kuāzhāng ◇ exaggerate ◇ hyperbole

挎 挎 kuà ◇ carry on the arm (like a basket) ◇ carry over the shoulder, around the neck or at the waist (like a camera, bag, etc.)

跨 跨 kuà ◇ step ◇ straddle (like a horse), bestride (like a river) ◇ span, extend across, exceed (in

amount, time, distance) ◇ occupy (territory)

会计 會計 kuàijì ◇ accounting ◇ accountant

块 塊 kuài ◇ piece, lump ◇ {measure word}... piece(s)/lump(s) of... (used for money, things that come in a piece, and various thin and flat objects) ◇ "Yuan", "Dollar", etc. (unit of Chinese currency) ◇ {colloquial, business/administrative jargon} area, matter, aspect (e.g., wǎngshàng xiāoshòu zhè yī kuài 網上銷售這一塊/网上销售这一块, "the area of online sales")

快 快 kuài ◇ fast ◇ hurry up ◇ soon, shortly ◇ keen, sharp (-witted, etc.) ◇ content, happy ◇ Kuai (surname)

快活 快活 kuàihuo ◇ happy, cheerful, merry

快乐 快樂 kuàilè ◇ happy, joyful, cheerful, delightful

乐 樂 lè ◇ happy, joyous, cheerful ◇ joy, happiness ◇ be glad to, take delight/pleasure in, enjoy ◇ be amused, laugh ◇ Le (surname)

筷子 筷子 kuàizi ◇ chopsticks

宽 寬 kuān ◇ wide, broad (in contrast to zhǎi 窄 "narrow") ◇ width, breadth ◇ relax ◇ extend ◇ lenient, tolerant ◇ well off ◇ love ◇ Kuan (surname)

宽敞 寬敞 kuānchǎng ◇ roomy, spacious

敞 敞 chǎng ◇ (of a room, courtyard, wagon, etc.) spacious, roomy ◇ open, uncovered

宽容 寬容 kuānróng ◇ tolerant, lenient ◇ forgive, pardon

容 容 róng ◇ hold, contain, accommodate ◇ tolerate ◇ permit ◇ countenance, facial expression ◇ looks, appearance, capacity ◇ form, shape ◇ perhaps, maybe ◇ Rong (surname)

款待 款待 kuǎndài ◇ treat cordially, receive with hospitality, entertain (a guest); hospitality

款式 款式 kuǎnshì ◇ pattern, de-

sign

筐 筐 kuāng ◇ square bamboo basket ◇ tray ◇ small hairpin

况且况且 kuàngqiě ◇ besides, moreover, especially since, all the more so because

况 况 kuàng ◇ situation, condition ◇ compare ◇ moreover, furthermore ◇ Kuang (surname) ◇ silk wadding, silk floss

且 且 qiě ◇ for now, for the time being, for the moment ◇ just, now ◇ now...(to introduce a new thought) ◇ moreover... ◇ and also... ◇ even... ◇ {regional, including Beijing} (in the pattern 且... verb... 呢) for a long time, for quite some time ◇ Qie (surname)

旷课曠課 kuàngkè ◇ be absent from school without an excuse (of a student or teacher)

框架框架 kuàngjià ◇ frame ◇ framework (literal or figurative)

矿产礦產 kuàngchǎn ◇ minerals, mining products

矿泉水 礦泉水 kuàngquánshuǐ ◇ mineral water

矿 礦 kuàng ◇ (coal, etc.) mine ◇ mineral deposit ◇ ore

泉水 泉水 quánshuǐ ◇ spring water

亏待虧待 kuīdài ◇ treat unjustly, treat insincerely

亏 虧 kuī ◇ lose (money, etc.), have a deficit ◇ be deficient, be short of, lack ◇ treat unfairly ◇ luckily, fortunately, thanks to ◇ (used to scold sb when the speaker thinks the person's words or behaviour are unexpectedly incompatible with his/her qualifications, status, etc.) some (expert you are), what kind of (man are you), have the nerve to (say that, ask such a question, come up with such an idea) ◇ (of the moon) wane

待 待 dài ◇ wait (for), await ◇ need, require ◇ be about to, going to, planning to ◇ treat, deal with ◇ host, entertain (guests) ◇ when, by the time...

亏损虧損 kuīsǔn ◇ lose money, run a business at a loss ◇ loss, deficit ◇ ruined health or

poor nutrition leading to general debility

昆虫昆蟲 kūnchóng ◇ insects

昆 昆 kūn ◇ elder brother ◇ descendants, offspring

虫 蟲 chóng ◇ insect(s), bug; worm ◇ (as a word suffix) person with the stated undesirable quality, e.g. lǎnchóng 懶蟲/懶虫 "lazy person", hùtuchóng 糊塗蟲/糊塗虫 "muddle-head" ◇ {classical} animal ◇ Chong (surname)

捆绑捆綁 kǔnbǎng ◇ tie up (mostly people)

捆 捆 kǔn ◇ tie, bind, bundle (together), roll up ◇ {measure word}... bundle(s) of... (used for things tied or bundled together)

绑 綁 bǎng ◇ bind, tie (up) ◇ fasten, button (up)

困 困 kùn ◇ be hard pressed, stranded ◇ surround, besiege ◇ deprived, poor, weary, tired, exhausted ◇ {divination} kun (one of the sixty-four hexagrams in the Yìjīng 易經/易经 "Book of Changes")

困难困難 kùnnán ◇ difficulty, difficulties ◇ problem(s), hardship(s) ◇ difficult, hard

难 難 nán ◇ be difficult/hard ◇ cause sb difficulty, put sb in a difficult position ◇ unlikely, hardly possible, uncertain ◇ hard on sb, unpleasant to (the ear, eye, etc.)

扩充擴充 kuòchōng ◇ expand, enlarge, strengthen

扩 擴 kuò ◇ expand, enlarge, extend

充 充 chōng ◇ full, ample, sufficient ◇ fill, charge (like a battery) ◇ act as, serve as ◇ play the part of, pose as ◇ Chong (surname)

扩大擴大 kuòdà ◇ expand, enlarge, extend

大 大 dà ◇ big, large, great ◇ greatly, to a large extent, in a major way ◇ major, important, main ◇ general ◇ strong, heavy ◇ loud, high (like volume of sound, or sb's voice) ◇ (of persons) old (i.e. of a certain age) ◇ the oldest (among two or more) ◇ adult, elder ◇ (as emphatic prefix) even on...(followed by a time expression, as in dà Xīngqīrì 大星期日 "even on Sundays") ◇ (as honorific prefix) your... ◇ (used for transcription of the syllable -da- in foreign names) ◇ Da (surname)

扩散擴散 kuòsàn ◇ spread, dif-

fuse, proliferate

散 散 sǎn ◇ fall apart, break up,
come loose ◇ scattered, loose, apart ◇ {med}
medicinal powder, medication in powder form
◇ San (surname)

扩张擴張 kuòzhāng ◇ expand, en-
large, extend (power, ambition, etc.) ◇
dilate ◇ dilatation, ectasia

L

啦 啦 la ◇ (sentence-final exclamatory particle, fusion of 了 and 啊) ◇ (pause particle used after each item in an enumeration)

垃圾桶 垃圾桶 lājītǒng
◇ garbage/trash can, trash barrel/receptacle, refuse bin, dustbin
拉 拉 lā ◇ pull, drag ◇ haul, transport (in a vehicle) ◇ move (troops) ◇ {music} play (certain instruments, like húqín 胡琴 "violin", shǒufēngqín 手風琴/手风琴 "accordion", etc.) ◇ draw out, space out, extend ◇ help, give/lend a hand ◇ implicate, involve, drag in ◇ {regional} bring up (a child), raise ◇ solicit (like customers through advertising) ◇ press (as into military service) ◇ {colloquial} defecate ◇ {colloquial} make (a list, as in lā ge dānzi 拉個單子/拉个单子, "make a list") ◇ {phon} (used to transliterate "-la-", "-ra-", etc.)

喇叭喇叭 lǎba ◇ trumpet or any brass/wind instrument (such as the Chinese suona) ◇ horn (in a car) ◇ {informal} loudspeaker, speaker

蜡烛蠟燭 làzhú ◇ wax candle

辣 辣 là ◇ hot (of taste), peppery, spicy, pungent ◇ (of taste, smell) burn, sting, bite ◇ {figurative} ruthless, vicious
辣椒辣椒 làjiāo ◇ hot (chili) pepper, Capsicum annuum (the plant or its pungent fruit)

来 来 lái ◇ come, come hither ◇ arrive (of seasons, etc.) ◇ arise, crop up (of problems, etc.) ◇ cause to come, let come, I'll have... (used in ordering in a restaurant) ◇ cause to arrive or take place ◇ for the past (amount of time) ◇ in order to (take some action) ◇ (following numbers) approximately ◇ (verb suffix) ◇ Lai (surname)
来不及 來不及 láibují ◇ there

is not enough time, not have enough time, be too late ◇ can't make it (in time)

不及 不及 bùjí ◇ inferior, not up to, not as good as ◇ too late ◇ behind schedule

来得及 來得及 láidejí ◇ have enough time, there is still time, can make it (in time)

来历來歷 láilì ◇ origin, history, background

来源來源 láiyuán ◇ source, origin, cause ◇ originate, arise, stem

源 源 yuán ◇ source, fountainhead ◇ source, origin, cause ◇ Yuan (surname)

自 自 zì ◇ self, oneself ◇ by itself, naturally, certainly, of course ◇ since, from ◇ start, beginning, origin ◇ because, due to ◇ Zi (surname)

拦 攔 lán ◇ block, obstruct, stop, bar

栏目欄目 lánmù ◇ the heading or title of a column (in a magazine, etc.), column ◇ (television or radio) program (usu. broadcast daily or regularly at the same time, with a common theme but different content in each show)

栏 欄 lán ◇ railing, banister ◇ column (in a newspaper, table, etc.) ◇ pen (for animals)

目 目 mù ◇ eye ◇ mesh, eye, hole ◇ {classical} look, consider, regard ◇ item, article, number ◇ {biology} order ◇ list, catalogue ◇ {classical} name, title ◇ (in weiqi or go) eye

蓝 藍 lán ◇ blue (colour) ◇ {bot} indigo plant, Indigofera tinctoria ◇ Lan (surname) ◇ {music} blues

懒 懶 lǎn ◇ lazy ◇ sluggish, languid, listless

懒惰懶惰 lǎnduò ◇ lazy

惰 惰 duò ◇ neglect, be negligent (of one's duties, etc.) ◇ (be) lazy, idle, inactive ◇ (be) indolent, indiscreet, disrespectful ◇ belittle, underrate, slight, hold in light esteem

烂 爛 làn ◇ soft (from long cooking, high concentration of water, spoilage, etc.) ◇ rot, decompose (literally or figuratively) ◇ rotten ◇ (of a wound) fester ◇ (of clothing, etc.) tattered, worn out ◇ scrap (like paper, metal) ◇ chaotic, disordered, messy, in

disarray ◇ thoroughly, utterly ◇ {written} bright, shining ◇ {TW usage}
bad, low, underhanded

狼狈狼狽 lángbèi ◇ be in a predicament, be in a tight corner, be in sore straits; be embarrassed; cut a sorry figure ◇ (flee, etc.) in disorder/confusion || (the bèi 狽/狈 is a legendary animal with short forelegs that could only move about by riding piggy-back on a láng 狼 "wolf")

狼 狼 láng ◇ wolf, *Canis lupus*
◇ Lang (surname)

狈 狈 bèi ◇ bei (legendary animal with short forelegs, which could only travel by riding piggy-back on a wolf)

狼吞虎咽 狼吞虎嚥 lángtūnhǔyàn
◇ wolf down, gobble up, eat ravenously

朗读朗讀 lǎngdú ◇ read aloud
朗 朗 lǎng ◇ light, bright, clear
◇ loud and clear, sonorous ◇ wise ◇ Lang (surname)

读 讀 dú ◇ read aloud ◇ read ◇ study (a subject in school), attend (school)

浪费浪费 làngfèi ◇ waste, be extravagant

浪 浪 làng ◇ a wave ◇ sth resembling a wave (like wheat in the wind) ◇ unrestrained ◇ take a stroll
◇ Lang (surname)

费 費 fèi ◇ cost, fees, expenses ◇ spend/consume/expend too much, waste; expend (too) quickly ◇ Fei (surname)

浪漫浪漫 làngmàn ◇ romantic

捞 捞 lāo ◇ scoop (from water, etc.), dredge up ◇ obtain or gain by improper means

劳动勞動 láodòng ◇ work, toil, do manual labour

劳驾勞駕 láojià ◇ {formal} excuse me (used when asking sb to move out of the way, etc.) ◇ may I trouble you, would you mind (used when asking sb for assistance, etc.)

唠叨嘮叨 láodao ◇ chatter, go on and on ◇ nag, preach, din sth into sb, natter, talk sb's ear off || (in Beijing colloquial, usually pronounced lāodao)

牢固牢固 láogù ◇ firm, secure ◇

Laogu (pass, Shǎnxī 陝西/陕西)

牢骚牢騷 láosāo ◇ discontent, having grievances ◇ grumbling, complaint

牢 牢 láo ◇ pen, fold, enclosure (for domestic animals) ◇ sacrificial animal ◇ prison, jail ◇ firm, durable
◇ worried, depressed ◇ Lao (surname)

骚 騷 sāo ◇ harass, disturb, upset, disrupt ◇ poetry and prose, literary writings; (short for Lí Sāo 離騷/离骚) of or pertaining to the poem Li Sao (written by the poet Qū Yuán 屈原 [ca. 340 BCE-278 BCE]) ◇ flirtatious, coquettish ◇ obscene ◇ (used like sāo 臊) pungent/foul urinal smell ◇ {dialect} male of certain domestic animals

姥姥姥姥 lǎolao ◇ grandmother (mother's mother) ◇ midwifery ◇ {exclamation} nonsense, out of the question, no way, nothing doing

老 老 lǎo ◇ old, aged ◇ senior person, elderly person ◇ experienced, veteran, seasoned ◇ of long standing, old ◇ old-fashioned, outdated, obsolete ◇ former, original, same ◇ always, constantly, frequently ◇ overgrown, tough, stringy (like of vegetables that were too mature when picked; in contrast to nèn 嫩 "tender") ◇ tough, leathery, oversteamed, overcooked (like of overcooked meat, well-cooked eggs, etc.) ◇ {chem} deteriorate, age, change in quality ◇ always, constantly
◇ (prefix to names to indicate affection, respect or familiarity) ◇ the venerable... (title used following a surname to indicate respect for an elderly person of superior achievements) ◇ long, for a long time ◇ very, extremely, awfully, terribly ◇ {regional} (followed by certain colours) dark... ◇ (euphemism, always followed by le 了) die ◇ Laozi (short for Lǎozǐ 老子, the Taoist philosopher) ◇ Lao (surname)

老百姓 老百姓 lǎobǎixìng
◇ the common people, ordinary people, populace, the people ◇ civilian(s)
◇ man in the street

老板老闆 lǎobǎn ◇ proprietor, boss

老虎老虎 lǎohǔ ◇ tiger ◇ machi-

ne/enterprise that consumes a great amount of energy or raw materials ◇ person who commits large-scale graft, theft, or tax evasion ◇ ferocious/vicious person

老婆老婆 lǎopo ◇ wife

老师老师 lǎoshī ◇ teacher, professor ◇ master (form of address to a scholar)

师 師 shī ◇ teacher, master ◇ example, model ◇ model (oneself after), imitate ◇ professional, skilled or specialized worker (like doctor, engineer) ◇ {military} division ◇ troops ◇ multitude of people ◇ (various official titles) ◇ {divination} Shi (one of the sixty-four hexagrams in the Yìjīng 易经/易经 "Book of Changes") ◇ Shi (surname)

老实老實 lǎoshí ◇ frank, honest, straightforward ◇ well-behaved ◇ {euphemism} simple (minded)

实 實 shí ◇ real, true, authentic, actual, honest, sincere ◇ solid, full ◇ reality, truth, fact ◇ surely, for sure ◇ fruit, seed ◇ {Chinese med} excessiveness (one of the bā-gāng 八綱/八綱 "eight principal syndromes") ◇ goods, materials ◇ wealth, riches ◇ Shi (surname)

老鼠老鼠 lǎoshǔ ◇ rat or mouse

了 了 le ◇ already (aspect particle indicating change) ◇ (aspect particle for new situation; verb suffix indicating an action has happened or is about to happen)

阿 阿 ā ◇ {regional} dear...(name prefix, used to form terms of endearment; prefix before a kinship term) ◇ Afghanistan (short form for Āfūhàn 阿富汗) ◇ A (surname)

乐观樂觀 lèguān ◇ optimistic, hopeful

乐谱樂譜 yuèpǔ ◇ music, musical score

乐趣樂趣 lèqù ◇ pleasure, joy, delight

乐 樂 lè ◇ happy, joyous, cheerful ◇ joy, happiness ◇ be glad to, take delight/pleasure in, enjoy ◇ be amused, laugh ◇ Le (surname)

趣 趣 qù ◇ interest, excitement, delight, amusement ◇ interesting, pleasant, amusing ◇ bent, inclination, purpose

乐意樂意 lèyì ◇ be glad/pleased to, readily

意 意 yì ◇ meaning, idea, thought, opinion ◇ desire, intention ◇ expect, anticipate ◇ suggestion, indication, hint, sign ◇ Italy; Italian (short for Yìdàlì 意大利)

雷 雷 léi ◇ {meteorology} thunder ◇ {weaponry} a mine (land-, sea-, etc.) ◇ Lei (surname)

雷达雷達 léidá ◇ {phon} radar

达 達 dá ◇ reach, extend to ◇ achieve, attain, amount to, reach/up to (a certain number), arrive at ◇ for as long as (a stated amount of time or distance) ◇ grasp completely, understand thoroughly ◇ express, communicate, convey ◇ distinguished, prominent, illustrious, eminent ◇ Da (surname)

类似類似 lèisì ◇ similar, analogous

类 類 lèi ◇ kind, type, class, group, category ◇ similar, resembling ◇ analogize ◇ rule, model ◇ generally, for the most part ◇ good ◇ partial, prejudiced ◇ Lei (surname)

似 似 sì ◇ similar, alike, resembling ◇ seem, appear ◇ compared with, more and more, increasingly

类型類型 lèixíng ◇ type, class, kind

型 型 xíng ◇ a mold, form ◇ (often used as a suffix) type, model, pattern

累 累 lèi ◇ tired, exhausted, fatigued, weary ◇ fatigue, weariness, strain ◇ work hard, toil

冷 冷 lěng ◇ cold ◇ icy, cold, frosty ◇ Leng (surname)

冷淡冷淡 lěngdàn ◇ desolate, dreary ◇ cold, indifferent, apathetic ◇ snub, give the cold-shoulder

冷静冷靜 lěngjìng ◇ calm, cool, collected

静 靜 jìng ◇ still, calm ◇ quiet ◇ clean ◇ Jing (surname)

冷酷冷酷 lěngkù ◇ cold, callous (way of treating people)

冷落冷落 lěngluò ◇ deserted, desolate ◇ snub, give the cold shoulder

冷却冷却 lěngquè ◇ (of things) cool down, cool off ◇ cooling

却 卻 què ◇ yet, but, however ◇ step back, move backwards ◇ repulse, drive, push or beat back ◇ reject, decline, refuse ◇ (particle used to introduce a story)

愣 愣 lèng ◇ dumbfounded, stupefied, distracted ◇ rash, reckless,

blunt, foolhardy ◇ {dialect} wilful(ly), stubborn(ly) ◇

厘米釐米 límǐ ◇ centimeter

梨 梨 lí ◇ pear (the tree or its fruit) ◇ old

离 離 lí ◇ distance (between, from) ◇ (following distance measure)... distant (from) ◇ leave, go away ◇ lacking, without ◇ Li (one of the Eight Trigrams in the Yìjīng 易经/易经 "Book of Changes") ◇ cut, sever ◇ meet with, encounter ◇ set out, display ◇ experience ◇ bright ◇ {musical instrument} li (large qín 琴 [guitar/zither]) ◇ Li (surname)

离婚離婚 lǐhūn ◇ divorce

婚 婚 hūn ◇ marry ◇ marriage, wedding

离开離開 líkāi ◇ leave, depart ◇ deviate from ◇ be away from, be without

黎明黎明 límíng ◇ daybreak

理睬理睬 lǐcǎi ◇ pay attention to, concern oneself with (mostly used in the negative)

理发理髮 lǐfà ◇ give or get a haircut, have one's hair done ◇ haircut, hairdressing

理 理 lǐ ◇ texture, grain, vein ◇ reason, logic ◇ natural sciences ◇ physics ◇ manage, administer ◇ put in order, straighten up ◇ (mostly used in the negative) pay attention to, acknowledge ◇ matchmaker ◇ judicial official ◇ Li (surname)

发 發 fā ◇ issue, send out, distribute ◇ launch, discharge, shoot ◇ produce, generate ◇ leave for, set out for ◇ (preceding an adjective denoting a feeling like lǎn 懶/懶 "lazy", ruǎn 軟/软 "soft", rè 熱/热 "hot", etc.) feel..., grow..., get... ◇ (before an adjective of colour, taste, smell, etc.) appear..., be... -ish, be... -ly, be on the... side (like fāzǐ 發紫/发紫 "be purplish", fāchòu 發臭/发臭 "be smelly", fātián 發甜/发甜, "be on the sweet side", etc.) ◇ speak, utter ◇ become rich ◇ diffuse, disperse ◇ expose, open up ◇ start/begin (an action) ◇ {measure word}... round(s) of...(used for ammunition: shells, cartridges, rounds, projecti-

les, etc.)

理解理解 lǐjiě ◇ comprehend, understand

理论理論 lǐlùn ◇ theory ◇ argue right and wrong, try to reason with ◇ pay attention to, take notice of

论 論 lùn ◇ discuss, talk about, comment on ◇ discussion, discourse (written or spoken) ◇ theory, doctrine ◇ mention, speak of, regard, consider ◇ judge, measure, appraise, decide on, determine ◇ by (a certain unit of measure), in terms of (the attributes of a thing) ◇ Lun (surname)

所 所 suǒ ◇ place, location ◇ (suffix indicating office, institute, etc., e.g. yánjiū-suǒ 研究所 "research institute") ◇ {measure word} (used for houses, schools, hospitals, etc.) ◇ {grammar} (particle used between subject and verb to indicate a doer-action-receiver relationship: (a) in a clause modifying a noun, e.g., tā suǒ xiě de shū 他所寫的书/他所写的书 "the books he wrote"); (b) used in the structure "sth is sb [verb] 的" ◇ (used after a phrase with bèi 被 or wéi 為/为 "by" and before the verb, e.g., wéi tā suǒ yòng 為他所用/为他所用 "be used by him") ◇ {written} used before a verb to form a noun phrase, e.g., jìn zìjǐ de suǒnéng 盡自己的所能/尽自己的所能 "do all one can, do one's utmost"

当然當然 dāngrán ◇ the way it should be ◇ of course, without doubt

当 當 dāng ◇ as... ◇ be equal, match ◇ equal ◇ should, ought to, must ◇ at, in front of, in the presence of, confronting, facing, to sb's face ◇ (just) at (that very time, that very place) (as in 當...時/当...时 dāng... shí "at the time when...") ◇ become, serve as, work as, act as, be ◇ deserve, accept, bear ◇ be in charge of, direct, manage ◇ {written} stop, obstruct, prevent ◇ ought to, should, must ◇ {onom} ding-dong, etc. (used like dāng 當/当 "ding-dong", etc., for the sound of bells)

然 然 rán ◇ (be) so, (be) like that, (be) that way ◇ (as a suffix to adjectives) in that manner (like gōng 公 "public" becomes gōngrán 公然 "publicly, openly") ◇ (be) correct, accurate, right ◇ however; but, yet, nevertheless ◇ ignite, light (a fire) ◇ Ran (surname)

理想理想 lǐxiǎng ◇ ideal, perfect

理由理由 lǐyóu ◇ reason, cause, ground, argument

理直气壮 理直氣壯 lǐzhíqìzhuàng ◇ bold through being in the right, (speak, etc.) with righteous self-assurance

理直理直 lǐzhí ◇ straighten out, take care of

理智理智 lǐzhì ◇ intellect, reason, sense ◇ be rational/reasonable/cool-headed

礼拜天 禮拜天 Lǐbàitiān

◇ Sunday

礼 禮 lǐ ◇ rite, ceremony (like wedding, funeral) ◇ courtesy, etiquette, protocol ◇ gift, present ◇ the Lǐjì 禮記/礼记 "Book of Rites" ◇ Li (surname)

拜天

礼节禮節 lǐjié ◇ courtesy, etiquette, protocol

礼貌禮貌 lǐmào ◇ politeness, manners, courtesy

貌 貌 mào ◇ looks, appearance, countenance ◇ appearance, shape, form ◇ polite, respectful ◇ {classical} portray, depict ◇ {surname} Mao

往来 往來 wǎnglái ◇ come and go ◇ dealings, interactions, intercourse

尚 尚 shàng ◇ still, yet ◇ proceed ◇ honour, esteem ◇ the remote ages ◇ of or having to do with the Emperor ◇ marry (a princess) ◇ protect and aid ◇ Shang (surname)

往 往 wǎng ◇ go, go to ◇ towards, in the direction of ◇ past, former, previous, earlier

来 來 lái ◇ come, come hither ◇ arrive (of seasons, etc.) ◇ arise, crop up (of problems, etc.) ◇ cause to come, let come, I'll have... (used in ordering in a restaurant) ◇ cause to arrive or take place ◇ for the past (amount of time) ◇ in order to (take some action) ◇ (following numbers) approximately ◇ (verb suffix) ◇ Lai (surname)

礼物禮物 lǐwù ◇ gift, present

物 物 wù ◇ thing, matter, object ◇ people or things other than oneself

里 裡 lǐ ◇ in, inside (as a postposition)

里程碑 里程碑 lǐchéngbēi ◇ milestone (literally or figuratively)

里 裏 lǐ ◇ in, inside (as a postposition)

例如例如 lǐrú ◇ for instance, for example

例外例外 lǐwài ◇ exception

利害利害 lìhai ◇ (of a degree of intensity) violently, intensely (like wind blowing, sth shaking); severely (like

being ill); badly, terribly (like being in pain); strikingly (like resemble) ◇ (of people) strict, stern, harsh; formidable, capable, sharp, tough ◇ (of wild animals, one's temper, words, liquor, hot pepper, etc.) fierce, violent, sharp, strong ◇ harsh means; (teach sb) a lesson (as in the phrase gěi tā diǎn lìhai [kànkān] 給他點厲害[看看]/给他点厉害[看看] "teach him a lesson")

利润利潤 lìrùn ◇ profit

利 利 lì ◇ (of a blade) sharp ◇ advantageous, beneficial, favourable ◇ advantage, benefit ◇ profit, interest ◇ Li (surname)

润 潤 rùn ◇ smooth, moist ◇ moisten, lubricate ◇ embellish, polish (mostly writing) ◇ benefit, profit ◇ rain water

利息利息 lìxī ◇ {finance} interest

利益利益 lìyì ◇ benefit, profit, interest

利用利用 lìyòng ◇ use, utilize, make use of, capitalize on ◇ exploit

力量力量 lìliang ◇ strength ◇ force, power

力气力氣 lìqì ◇ strength, effort

力 力 lì ◇ force, power, strength, ability ◇ physical strength ◇ do with all one's might ◇ contribution, service ◇ conscripted laborer ◇ Li (surname)

气 氣 qì ◇ gas, air ◇ power ◇ vigour, spirit ◇ weather, climate ◇ thin clouds ◇ make angry ◇ get angry ◇ fate, destiny ◇ {Chinese philosophy} formative or creative spirit ◇ {Chinese med} qi, vital energy; functions (of internal organs); symptom (of a disease); nutrition

力求力求 lìqiú ◇ make every effort to, strive to, do one's best to

力所能及 力所能及 lìsuǒnéngjí ◇ within one's power ◇ do what one can, the best of one's ability

力争力爭 lìzhēng ◇ do with all one's might ◇ argue vigorously

争 爭 zhēng ◇ vie, contend, strive, fight (for) ◇ argue, dispute, wrangle ◇ Zheng (surname)

历代歷代 lìdài ◇ successive dynasties ◇ successive generations

历 曆 lì ◇ calendar ◇ era, age ◇ count, calculate

代 代 dài ◇ for/in place of/on be-

half of (sb else) ◇ replace, take the place of, act on another's behalf, be a substitute for ◇ substitute, acting, temporary ◇ era, age, period, dynasty ◇ generation ◇ Dai (surname)
 历来歷來 lìlái ◇ always, through the ages
 历史歷史 lìshǐ ◇ history
 历歷 lì ◇ experience, undergo ◇ all past (occasions, etc.) ◇ all, each and every, one by one ◇ calendar (like lunisolar calendar) ◇ choose, select
 史史 shǐ ◇ history ◇ Imperial Record Keeper ◇ Shi (surname)

厉害厲害 lìhai ◇ (of a degree of intensity) violent(ly), intense(ly) (like the wind blowing, or sth shaking), severe(ly) (like being ill), bad(ly), terrible/terribly (like being in pain), striking(ly) (like resemble) ◇ (of people) strict, stern, harsh; formidable, capable, sharp, tough ◇ (of wild animals, sb's temper, words, liquor, hot pepper, etc.) fierce, violent, sharp, strong, harsh ◇ teach sb a lesson (as in the phrase gěi tā diǎn lìhai [kànkàn] 給他點厲害[看看]/给他点厉害[看看] "teach him a lesson")
 厉厲 lì ◇ strict, rigid, stringent ◇ stern, harsh, violent, severe ◇ epidemic ◇ the ends of a sash or belt that hang down ◇ place to ford a stream ◇ disaster, calamity ◇ cruel, oppressive ◇ evil spirit, demon ◇ whetstone ◇ Li (surname)
 害害 hài ◇ harm, injury, damage ◇ disaster ◇ harmful, injurious, destructive, damaging ◇ impair, damage, cause trouble to, harm sb, kill or murder sb ◇ contract a disease or illness, suffer from ◇ be, feel (afraid, shy, etc.)

立场立場 lìchǎng ◇ sb's position, stand, stance, standpoint ◇ {esp. Cultural Revolution} sb's (class) stand
 立立 lì ◇ stand ◇ stand up, set up ◇ erect, vertical ◇ establish ◇ Li (surname)
 场場 chǎng ◇ (gathering) place ◇ stage ◇ {theatre} scene (within an act) ◇ {measure word} (used for physical activities, athletic events, performances, dreams, exams, speeches, disasters, e.g., yī chǎng diànyǐng 一場電影/a theater showing of a mo-

vie") ◇ {physics} field (magnetic, etc.)
 立方立方 lìfāng ◇ {math} cube ◇ cubic meter
 立即立即 lìjí ◇ immediately, at once
 立交桥 立交橋 lìjiāoqiáo ◇ overpass, multi-level crossing bridge (short for duōcéng lìtǐ jiāochāqiáo 多層立體交叉橋/多层立体交叉桥 "multi-level three dimensional inter-change bridge")
 立交立交 lìjiāo ◇ grade separation (of railroad crossing), overhead crossing
 桥橋 qiáo ◇ bridge ◇ sth shaped like a bridge ◇ pole (suspended from a branch, etc. that is weighted on one end and has a bucket on the other end, used to draw water from a well) ◇ crossbeam ◇ tall ◇ Qiao (surname)
 立刻立刻 lìkè ◇ immediately, at once
 立体立體 lìtǐ ◇ three-dimensional, 3D, stereoscopic ◇ stereo (sound) ◇ {math} solid
 体體 tǐ ◇ body ◇ substance (like solid, liquid) ◇ style (of writing or of Chinese characters)
 立足立足 lìzú ◇ have a footing ◇ base oneself on

粒粒 lì ◇ grain, granule ◇ {measure word}... grain(s) of... (used for small grain-sized objects like rice, seed, pills, etc.; in Taiwan: used for round objects, like fruits, regardless of size)

俩俩 liǎ ◇ {colloquial} two (used like liǎng gè 兩個/两个) ◇ a couple of, a few

廉洁廉潔 liánjié ◇ honest, upright, clean
 廉廉 lián ◇ honest, upright, clean ◇ low-priced, cheap, inexpensive ◇ side of a main room or hall ◇ examine ◇ Lian (surname)
 洁潔 jié ◇ clean, pure, clear

联合聯合 liánhé ◇ unite, join, combine ◇ joint, combined ◇ union, alliance
 联聯 lián ◇ connect, join, link

◇ relate, be associated with ◇ ally (oneself) with, unite with ◇ federation, league, union (used in names of organizations, short for liánhé wěiyuánhui 聯合委員會/联合委员会, liánhéhui 聯合會/联合会) ◇ joint; jointly, in coordination ◇ {poetry} (antithetical) couplet (two-line Chinese poem employing parallelism) ◇ {measure word} (兒/儿 r) copy (of a receipt, voucher, etc., in duplicate or triplicate) ◇ {history} lian (administrative designation of ten families during the Zhou Dynasty)

合 合 hé ◇ combine, unite, join ◇ shut, close ◇ the entire/whole... ◇ {written} be appropriate, proper ◇ suit, agree, fit, comply/conform with ◇ add up to, be equal to ◇ {measure word}... round(s) of...,... bout(s) of... (in fights, contests, sports, etc.) ◇ {astronomy} conjunction ◇ {music} he (note in the Chinese scale gōngchěpǔ 工尺譜/工尺谱, corresponding to 5 in numbered musical notation) ◇ He (surname)

联欢聯歡 liánhuān ◇ have a party or get-together

联络聯絡 liánluò ◇ make contact with, establish a liaison with ◇ contact, liaison

联盟聯盟 liánméng ◇ alliance, coalition, league ◇ [L-] Soyuz (Soviet manned spacecraft)

盟 盟 méng ◇ alliance, league ◇ sworn (brothers) ◇ swear an oath when signing a treaty ◇ league (administrative unit in autonomous regions in northern China, such as Nèi Měnggǔ zìzhìqū 內蒙古自治區/內蒙古自治区 "Inner Mongolia Autonomous Region")

联系聯繫 liánxì ◇ contact, get/be in touch (with) ◇ (contact the relevant person/people to) arrange (for) ◇ connect, associate, relate, link, integrate with ◇ link, relation, connection, association, ties

系 繫 xì ◇ relate to, rely on, have to do with ◇ be related, be connected ◇ feel solicitous, be concerned ◇ tie up sth and carry it ◇ tie, fasten ◇ take into custody, arrest, jail 联想聯想 liánxiǎng ◇ associate, connect in the mind ◇ (mental) association ◇ "Lenovo" (computer manufacturer, formerly called "Legend")

想 想 xiǎng ◇ think (of); intend; be keen on sth ◇ want to, would like to ◇ long for, recall with fondness, miss, think of ◇ desi-

re

连 連 lián ◇ (as grammar particle, in the split structure lián 連/连...yě 也) even... ◇ join, link, connect ◇ continuous, successive, one after another, repeatedly ◇ including ◇ {military} a company ◇ Lian (surname)

连忙連忙 liánmáng ◇ in a hurry, in haste, at once

忙 忙 máng ◇ (be) busy ◇ hurriedly, hurry to, hasten to ◇ Mang (surname)

连年連年 liánnián ◇ year after year, in successive years, for years running

年 年 nián ◇ year ◇ yearly, annual ◇ age ◇ period of life (like childhood, middle age) ◇ age, period (of history) ◇ harvest ◇ New Year, lunisolar New Year season ◇ (of special items) for the (lunisolar) New Year (like cakes, painting) ◇ (of friendship, etc.) between those who passed the Imperial examinations in the same year ◇ Nian (surname)

连锁連鎖 liánsuǒ ◇ chain (as in "chain reaction", "chain store")

连同連同 liántóng ◇ together with, along with

同 同 tóng ◇ with, together (with) ◇ identical, the same ◇ be the same as ◇ similar, alike ◇ Tong (surname)

连续連續 liánxù ◇ continuously, successively, in a row ◇ consecutively

脸 臉 liǎn ◇ (the) face; countenance ◇ cheek ◇ front (part) ◇ one's face, honour, feelings

恋爱戀愛 liàn'ài ◇ love, be in love

练习練習 liànxí ◇ practice, drill ◇ exercise

凉快涼快 liángkuai ◇ pleasantly cool ◇ cool oneself

凉 涼 liáng ◇ cool, cold ◇ discouraged, disheartened ◇ Liang (surname)

快 快 kuài ◇ fast ◇ hurry up ◇ soon, shortly ◇ keen, sharp (-witted, etc.) ◇ content, happy ◇ Kuai (surname)

粮食糧食 liángshi ◇ grain, cereals, food, provisions

粮 糧 liáng ◇ grain, cereals,

food, provisions ◇ {archaic} grain tax paid in kind

食 食 shí ◇ eat ◇ eating, dining ◇ meal, food (for humans) ◇ (animal) feed ◇ (used like shí 蝕/蚀) lose (money, capital, etc.) ◇ eclipse (of the sun or moon) ◇ Shi (surname)

良好良好 liánghǎo ◇ good
良心良心 liángxīn ◇ good heart, conscience ◇ gratitude

两 兩 liǎng ◇ two, both (sides, parties, etc.) ◇ liang (Chinese ounce, equal to 50 grams) ◇ tael (unit of silver) ◇ liang (unit of 25 soldiers)

亮 亮 liàng ◇ bright, luminous, light ◇ shine ◇ shining ◇ resonant, sonorous ◇ enlighten, be instructive ◇ show, manifest ◇ transparent

晾 晾 liàng ◇ air-dry, dry in the air ◇ dry in the sun ◇ become cool

谅解谅解 liàngjiě ◇ understand (and forgive)

谅 谅 liàng ◇ excuse, make allowances for, forgive ◇ expect, presume ◇ honest, sincere ◇ Liang (surname)

解 解 jiě ◇ divide, separate, split ◇ dissolve, disintegrate ◇ unfasten, untie, undo, unbutton ◇ relieve, alleviate, remove, dispel, dismiss ◇ explain, interpret, construe, clear up ◇ understand, comprehend ◇ relieve oneself, go to the bathroom ◇ {math} solution, solve

辆 輛 liàng ◇ {measure word} (used for vehicles)

聊天聊天 liáotiān ◇ chat

辽阔遼闊 liáokuò ◇ vast, expansive

了不起 了不起 liǎobuqǐ ◇ great, terrific, remarkable, extraordinary, amazing ◇ (usu. in the negative) serious, grave, insurmountable (as of difficulties)

了解了解 liǎojiě ◇ understand, comprehend ◇ understanding ◇ investigate, inquire about, try to find out about,

look into, learn about, acquaint oneself with

列车列車 lièchē ◇ a train

列 列 liè ◇ arrange in order, line up; list, enumerate, tabulate ◇ list, place (on a list, etc.) ◇ row, rank, line ◇ {measure word} (used for trains or things/people in a row) ◇ {formal/written} type, kind, sort ◇ each and every ◇ various ◇ numerous ◇ Lie (surname)

车 車 chē ◇ vehicle, car ◇ implement or machine containing rotating elements (like a spinning wheel, water wheel, windmill) ◇ machine, turn on a lathe ◇ draw/lift water with a water wheel ◇ {dialect} carry (away) in a vehicle ◇ {dialect} sew sth on a sewing machine ◇ turn (one's body) ◇ Che (surname)

列举列舉 lièjǔ ◇ list, enumerate

举 舉 jǔ ◇ raise, lift ◇ action, move, movement ◇ start, begin ◇ choose, elect ◇ recommend ◇ point out, cite ◇ entire, whole

临床臨床 línchuáng ◇ clinical ◇ by the bedside

临 臨 lín ◇ look out on, overlook ◇ come, arrive, be present ◇ on the point of, just before ◇ copy (a painting or calligraphy model) ◇ {divination} "Lin" (one of the sixty-four hexagrams in the Yìjīng 易经/易经 "Book of Changes") ◇ {archaic} war chariot ◇ Lin (surname)

床 床 chuáng ◇ bed, couch, bench ◇ appliance or implement shaped like a bed ◇ chassis ◇ ground in the shape of a bed (like a seedbed, riverbed, etc.) ◇ {measure word} (used for bed covers, such as quilts, blankets, bedding, mattresses, etc.)

临时臨時 línshí ◇ provisional, temporary, short-term ◇ the time when or just before sth happens, at the last minute, last-minute

淋 淋 lín ◇ (of rain, etc.) soak, drench, splatter, pour ◇ pour liquid on, sprinkle (water on sth), splash, spray

邻居鄰居 línjū ◇ neighbour

邻 鄰 lín ◇ neighbour ◇ neighbouring, adjacent ◇ {admin, history} lin (unit of five families during the Zhou Dynasty)

居 居 jū ◇ live, dwell, reside, sit still ◇ house, dwelling, residence ◇ be in, occupy, hold (like post, position, ranking) ◇ claim, assert, style oneself as ◇ collect, amass ◇ stop, stay ◇ stationary, standing still ◇ Ju (surname)

吝啬吝啬 lǐnsè ◇ stingy, miserly, parsimonious

伶俐伶俐 línglì ◇ clever, bright, intelligent ◇ convenient

凌晨凌晨 língchén ◇ in the early hours of the morning ◇ before dawn
凌 凌 líng ◇ insult, bully ◇ rise high, soar, tower above ◇ Ling (surname)

晨 晨 chén ◇ (early) morning; day-break ◇ (of a rooster) announce the dawn

灵感灵感 línggǎn ◇ inspiration (in literature, art, etc.)

灵 灵 líng ◇ nimble, clever ◇ soul ◇ spirit, fairy ◇ miraculous ◇ magic ◇ of or pertaining to the spirit world ◇ efficacious, effective ◇ witch, sorceress (esp. in the Chǔ 楚 region) ◇ good, beneficial (like rain) ◇ Ling (surname)

感 感 gǎn ◇ feel, sense, perceive, be aware of ◇ affect, move, touch (emotionally) ◇ be/feel grateful, thankful, obliged ◇ {Chinese med} be affected, be sensitive (like to cold) ◇ feeling, sense, sensation, impression, perception ◇ (of film, etc.) sensitive (to light)

灵魂灵魂 línghún ◇ soul, spirit
魂 魂 hún ◇ the soul, spirit ◇ a feeling, mood ◇ (of a nation, people, army, etc.) the spirit

灵活灵活 línghuó ◇ nimble, quick ◇ flexible, elastic

活 活 huó ◇ (be) alive, living ◇ (of a doctor, etc.) save lives ◇ keep alive, feed ◇ movable, flexible ◇ lively, active, vivid, quick ◇ really, exactly, simply ◇ job, work, project (mostly involving manual labour) ◇ (finished) product

灵敏灵敏 língmǐn ◇ sensitive, keen, acute, delicate, agile, nimble
敏 敏 mǐn ◇ nimble, quick, agile ◇ keen, sharp, perceptive

铃 铃 líng ◇ a bell ◇ sth shaped like a bell ◇ {bot} cotton bolls and cotton buds

零 零 líng ◇ zero, 0, nought, nil ◇ fragments, remnants ◇ fragmentary, fractional ◇ odd (number, amount, etc.) ◇ (on a thermometer) zero (degrees) ◇ (of leaves, etc.) wither and fall ◇ light rain ◇ Ling (surname)

零件零件 língjiàn ◇ spare parts, accessories

零钱零钱 língqián ◇ small change

钱 钱 qián ◇ money; cash ◇ coin ◇ {unit of weight} qian (approx. equivalent to 5 grams) ◇ Qian (surname)

零食零食 língshí ◇ between-meal nibbles, snacks

零星零星 língxīng ◇ fragmentary, piecemeal ◇ sporadic, scattered

领导领导 lǐngdǎo ◇ leader ◇ leadership ◇ to lead

领会领会 lǐnghuì ◇ comprehend, grasp, get the idea

领事馆 领事馆 lǐngshìguǎn ◇ consulate

领 领 lǐng ◇ collar (of a garment) ◇ neck ◇ outline, essentials ◇ lead, guide ◇ possess, control, have jurisdiction over ◇ receive, draw (like pay) ◇ accept ◇ comprehend, grasp ◇ {measure word} (used for mats, robes, upper garments, etc.)

事 事 shì ◇ affair, matter, thing ◇ incident, event ◇ accident, trouble, untoward event ◇ business ◇ work, function ◇ job, occupation ◇ concerned with, involved in, responsible for ◇ serve, attend to ◇ do, carry out, be engaged in

馆 馆 guǎn ◇ guesthouse, hotel ◇ embassy, consulate ◇ shop, place of business (like a restaurant) ◇ library, museum, exhibition hall, gymnasium (and other buildings serving cultural/sports activities) ◇ {archaic} old-style private school

领土领土 lǐngtǔ ◇ territory (of a country)

土 土 tǔ ◇ soil, earth, dust ◇ ground, land, territory ◇ local, native, indigenous ◇ unrefined, home-made, rustic, uncultured, crude ◇ (raw) opium ◇ Tu (surname)

领悟领悟 lǐngwù ◇ comprehend, grasp

悟 悟 wù ◇ realize, understand, grasp

领先领先 lǐngxiān ◇ be in the lead
 先 先 xiān ◇ first, early, earlier, in advance ◇ for the time being ◇ deceased, late ◇ ancestors, forefathers, previous generations ◇ Xian (surname)
 领袖领袖 lǐngxiù ◇ leader (of a country, party, etc.)
 袖 袖 xiù ◇ {clothing} sleeve(s) ◇ place/tuck/conceal sth in the sleeve
 领域领域 lǐngyù ◇ territory, domain, realm ◇ field, sphere
 域 域 yù ◇ territory, region, domain ◇ boundary, frontier ◇ {math} domain, field ◇ kingdom, realm ◇ reside, dwell ◇ cemetery, burial ground
 另外另外 lìngwài ◇ in addition, moreover ◇ other, another ◇ separately, alone
 溜 溜 liù ◇ swift current, rapids ◇ {regional} rapid, swift, deft ◇ row (of houses, etc.) ◇ {measure word}... row(s) of... (used for trains or things or people in a row) ◇ area, vicinity, neighbourhood; surroundings ◇ train, exercise ◇ {regional} fill (a crevice, crack, gap, etc.)
 流传流传 liúchuán ◇ spread, circulate, hand down
 流 流 liú ◇ (of liquid) flow ◇ wander, drift, spread, circulate ◇ class, grade, quality
 传 传 chuán ◇ pass on, hand down, convey, transmit, circulate, hand to, perpetuate ◇ spread, popularize, teach ◇ conduct (like electricity, heat) ◇ propagate, transmit (like radio waves, a contagious disease) ◇ summon (like to court) ◇ {med} infect, be contagious ◇ it is reported/rumored that...
 流浪流浪 liúlàng ◇ roam about (like a vagrant)
 流泪流泪 liúlèi ◇ shed tears, cry
 泪 淚 lèi ◇ tears ◇ tearful
 流利流利 liúlì ◇ fluent, fluid, smooth
 流露流露 liúlù ◇ reveal, show, betray
 流氓流氓 liúmáng ◇ low-life, hooligan, rascal, riffraff, hoodlum ◇ hooliganism
 流通流通 liútōng ◇ circulate

(like of air) ◇ circulation (like of goods)
 流行流行 liúxíng ◇ popular, fashionable, in vogue, prevalent
 浏览浏览 liúlǎn ◇ browse (on the web) ◇ glance over
 浏 瀏 liú ◇ (of water) clear, limpid; deep; flow ◇ (of wind) swift; whistle ◇ a cool breeze ◇ (used to describe the sound of the wind in the trees) ◇ sharp eyes, good eyesight ◇ an angry/furious expression of the eyes
 览 覽 lǎn ◇ look, see ◇ read ◇ Lan (surname)

留 留 liú ◇ stay, remain behind ◇ cause/persuade to stay on ◇ study abroad ◇ take care, be careful, pay attention, concentrate on ◇ keep, retain, reserve, save ◇ accept, take (like a gift) ◇ let grow, wear (like a beard, hair, etc.) ◇ leave (like a note, a message, an impression, an inheritance, etc.) ◇ Liu (surname)
 留恋留恋 liúliàn ◇ be reluctant to part with ◇ long for, be nostalgic for
 恋 戀 liàn ◇ love, be in love ◇ love, romantic relationship ◇ long for, yearn for
 留念留念 liúniàn ◇ accept as a memento, keep as a souvenir
 留神留神 liúshén ◇ take care, be careful, pay attention
 留学留学 liúxué ◇ study abroad
 学 學 xué ◇ learn, study ◇ imitate, copy, mimic ◇ scholarship, learning, education, study, knowledge, science ◇ subject (of study), (academic) discipline, branch of learning ◇ school, college

六 六 liù ◇ six ◇ {music} Liu (a note on the Chinese musical scale gōngchěpǔ 工尺谱/工尺谱) ◇ Liu (surname)

笼罩笼罩 lǒngzhào ◇ cover, envelop (in mist, moonlight, etc.)
 笼 籠 lóng ◇ cage, coop, basket (made of bamboo, twigs, wire, etc. used as a cage for insects, birds, etc. or as a container) ◇ food steamer (made of bamboo, wood, metal, etc.) ◇ {regional} insert arms in opposite sleeves

罩 罩 zhào ◇ cover, wrap ◇ cover, shade, hood ◇ outer garment (like overalls) ◇ small cage for raising birds ◇ cylindrical bamboo fish or bird trap

聋哑 聾啞 lóngyǎ ◇ deaf and dumb ◇ deaf-mute

隆重 隆重 lóngzhòng ◇ solemn, ceremonious, formal, official

龙 龍 lóng ◇ {mythology} dragon (which in Chinese tradition has good connotations) ◇ symbolic of the Emperor; Imperial ◇ Long (surname)
垄断 壟斷 lǒngduàn ◇ monopoly; monopolize

楼 樓 lóu ◇ floor, storey ◇ multi-storeyed building; tower ◇ Lou (surname)

搂 摟 lōu ◇ gather up, rake up, rake together (with the hands, a rake, etc.) ◇ roll up, tuck up (like a gown, one's sleeves) ◇ grab/extort (money) ◇ {regional} pull, squeeze (the trigger) ◇ compute, check/calculate (accounts)

漏 漏 lòu ◇ leak (literally, like water, gas or figuratively, like information) ◇ water clock, clepsydra, hourglass ◇ leave out, omit ◇ entice, seduce ◇ avoid, escape (like classification as a rich landlord) ◇ {med} (internal) bleeding, hemorrhage

炉灶 爐灶 lúzhào ◇ kitchen stove, cooking range

录取 錄取 lùqǔ ◇ select and admit, enroll (qualified people, mostly students to a school)

录 錄 lù ◇ record, write down ◇ record (audio, video) ◇ record, collection (like of quotations, reminiscences) ◇ take on, hire ◇ arrest ◇ sequence, order

取 取 qǔ ◇ take, get, obtain ◇ pick up/collect; withdraw (money) ◇ seek, court ◇ select, choose ◇ adopt, assume ◇ verb complement added to certain verbs (i.e. tīng 聽/听, kàn 看, etc.) to indicate realization

of the action expressed by the main verb ◇ Qu (surname)

录音 錄音 lùyīn ◇ record sound ◇ sound recording

音 音 yīn ◇ sound (especially musical) ◇ news, information, tidings ◇ syllable ◇ {physics} tone

路 路 lù ◇ road, path, way; means, approach ◇ line, train (like of reasoning, thought) ◇ route, line ◇ Lu (administrative region during the Song, Jin and Yuan Dynasties) ◇ Lu (surname)

陆地 陸地 lùdì ◇ land (in contrast to sea)

陆 陸 lù ◇ land ◇ road, overland route ◇ Lu (surname)

地 地 dì ◇ earth, ground, land, floor, soil, field(s), farmland ◇ place, locality, site, area ◇ situation, position ◇ background (of a painting, calligraphy, etc.) ◇ (following specification of distance) a distance of... (e.g., shí gōnglǐ dì 十公里地 "a distance of 10 km") ◇ (suffix, forming an adverb from an adjective, e.g., gāoxìng 高興/高兴 "happy" + dì 地 yields gāoxìngdì 高興地/高兴地 "happily"; in this function often pronounced "de")

陆续 陸續 lùxù ◇ one after another, in rapid succession, continuously

乱 亂 luàn ◇ chaotic, in disorder, messy, jumbled ◇ (of society) turbulent ◇ chaos ◇ upheaval, (social) disorder (like war, rebellion, anarchy, mutiny) ◇ confuse, throw into disarray ◇ (of one's mind) in turmoil, troubled, perturbed, confused ◇ indiscriminately, at random, arbitrarily, in an unwarranted manner ◇ (of sexual relationships) promiscuous, illicit, improper

掠夺 掠奪 lüèduó ◇ plunder, rob, pillage, ransack, despoil, loot

掠 掠 lüè ◇ plunder, pillage ◇ pass over gently and swiftly ◇ beat, flog ◇ comb (the hair, etc.) ◇ long "pie" stroke (in Chinese calligraphy) ◇ take up, hold in the hand

夺 奪 duó ◇ take by force, seize, wrest ◇ force one's way into ◇ strive for, compete for, contend for ◇ take away from, cause to lose, deprive ◇ surpass, defeat, overwhelm ◇ {written} lose, miss ◇ decide ◇ {literature}

omission (in a text)

轮船輪船 lúnchuán ◇ steamboat
 轮輪 lún ◇ wheel; sth resembling a wheel ◇ steamboat ◇ in order, by turns, by rotation ◇ fishing equipment ◇ {measure word} (used for sth shaped like a wheel, e.g., sun, moon) ◇ {measure word}... round(s) of...,... cycle(s) of... (used for a round, a cycle of events like matches, performances, talks, etc.)

船船 chuán ◇ ship, boat, vessel ◇ Chuan (surname)

轮廓輪廓 lúnkòu ◇ contour, outline ◇ general idea

廓廓 kuò ◇ broad, wide, extensive ◇ an outline, a silhouette ◇ expand, enlarge ◇ clean up ◇ city wall

轮流輪流 lúnlíu ◇ take turns; alternately, by turns, in turn, in rotation

流流 liú ◇ (of liquid) flow ◇ wander, drift, spread, circulate ◇ class, grade, quality

轮胎輪胎 lúntāi ◇ tire

胎胎 tāi ◇ embryo, fetus ◇ {measure word}... litter(s) of... (used for newborn babies, or the young of animals) ◇ source, origin of sth ◇ {phonetic} tire (on wheel)

论坛論壇 lùntán ◇ forum, tribune (in a newspaper, at a conference, etc.)

论文論文 lùnwén ◇ thesis, dissertation, essay, paper

论論 lùn ◇ discuss, talk about, comment on ◇ discussion, discourse (written or spoken) ◇ theory, doctrine ◇ mention, speak of, regard, consider ◇ judge, measure, appraise, decide on, determine ◇ by (a certain unit of measure), in terms of (the attributes of a thing) ◇ Lun (surname)

文文 wén ◇ script, writing, inscription, composition, article ◇ literary language (in contrast to vernacular) ◇ (as a discipline) humanities, liberal arts ◇ {history} ritual, ceremony, formalities, etiquette ◇ culture ◇ refined, cultured ◇ civil, civilian ◇ tattoo, pattern ◇ various natural phenomena (like astronomy) ◇ Wen (surname) ◇ cover up, explain away, gloss over, paint over (faults, etc.) ◇ {measure word, historical} (used with qián 錢/钱, like yī wén qián 一文錢/一文钱 "one [ancient] cent")

论证論證 lùnzhèng ◇ proof, demonstration ◇ prove ◇ basis or grounds of an argument

啰唆囉唆 luōsuo ◇ verbose, wordy, talkative ◇ obnoxious, troublesome

逻辑邏輯 luóji ◇ logic

络绎不绝 絡繹不絕 luòyìbùjué ◇ continuous flow, unending stream (of visitors, etc.)

络绎絡繹 luòyì ◇ continuous, endless (like coming and going of people, horses, vehicles, boats)

不不 bù ◇ not ◇ no

绝絕 jué ◇ cut off, sever, break off (relations, etc.) ◇ depleted, exhausted, used up ◇ no way out, hopeless ◇ unique, peerless ◇ extremely ◇ absolutely (when preceding a negative)

落成落成 luòchéng ◇ be completed (of a construction project)

落后落後 luòhòu ◇ backward, outdated ◇ fall/drop/lag behind

落落 luò ◇ fall, drop ◇ (of the sun) set, sink ◇ (of an airplane) descend, land ◇ (of a chess piece) put down, set down ◇ decline, deteriorate ◇ fall/lag behind, fail ◇ stay (behind), remain ◇ settlement, community ◇ belong to, rest with, fall onto ◇ (sb's) whereabouts ◇ get, receive ◇ write/put down

后後 hòu ◇ after, behind ◇ back, rear ◇ afterwards, later ◇ last, in the back, at the end ◇ offspring, progeny ◇ {Chinese chess} at the rear (the piece at the rear, relative to the player) ◇ Hou (surname)

落实落實 luòshí ◇ implement, carry out, put into practice, put into effect, execute ◇ fix/decide/determine in advance, ascertain, make sure, finalize ◇ {TW usage} apply, put into operation/action; realize, achieve, bring about; integrate (into) ◇ be practicable, be workable (of a plan, etc.) ◇ feel at ease (emotionally), have peace of mind

实實 shí ◇ real, true, authentic, actual, honest, sincere ◇ solid, full ◇ reality, truth, fact ◇ surely, for sure ◇ fruit, seed ◇ {Chinese med} excessiveness (one of the bā-gāng 八綱/八纲 "eight principal syndromes") ◇ goods, materials ◇ wealth, riches ◇ Shi (surname)

屡次屡次 lǚcì ◇ repeatedly, again and again

屡 屢 lǚ ◇ repeatedly, again and again

次 次 cì ◇ order, sequence, position (in a sequence),... times ◇ arrangement ◇ the following, second, next ◇ sub- (as in cìdàlù 次大陸/次大陆 "subcontinent") ◇ second-rate, inferior, shoddy, substandard, of low(er) quality ◇ {written} stopover, lay-over ◇ among, between, in the middle of ◇ {measure word}... time(s) (following a numeral, used for number of occurrences/times/occasions) ◇ Cì (surname) ◇ {chem} hypo-

履行履行 lǚxíng ◇ implement ◇ fulfill, carry out, execute, put into effect ◇ implementation

旅行旅行 lǚxíng ◇ travel, journey ◇

trip, journey

旅游旅遊 lǚyóu ◇ tourism ◇ traveling as a tourist ◇ travel, trip

律师律師 lǚshī ◇ lawyer, attorney(-at-law) ◇ {archaic} (during the Táng 唐 Dynasty) Buddhist monk, Taoist monk

律 律 lǜ ◇ law, statute, regulation, rule ◇ code (of laws) ◇ lǚ (bamboo or metal pitch-pipe) ◇ {music} temperament ◇ restrain, control, keep under control ◇ rank (of nobility) ◇ Lü (surname)

绿 綠 lǜ ◇ green (colour) ◇ green (environment) ◇ {bot} hispid arthraxon, Arthraxon hispidus ◇ {obsolete} chlorine

M

妈妈媽媽 māma ◇ mother, mom

麻痹麻痺 mábì ◇ paralysis ◇ numbness, loss of will or initiative

麻烦麻煩 máfan ◇ troublesome, bothersome ◇ trouble, bother

麻 麻 má ◇ hemp, flax (and other fibrous plants) ◇ sesame ◇ rough, rugged, coarse, lusterless ◇ pockmarks; pockmarked, speckled, spotted ◇ feel a prickling/tingling sensation; prickle, tingle, be numb, dead ◇ prickling sensation, tingling, numbing (in Chinese cooking, usually refers to the hot tingling taste of Sichuan peppercorns) ◇ hempen mourning garments ◇ Ma (surname)

烦 煩 fán ◇ be annoyed, be vexed ◇ be tired of, fed up with ◇ superfluous and confusing ◇ bother, trouble

麻木麻木 māmù ◇ numb ◇ numbness ◇ apathetic

麻醉麻醉 mázuì ◇ anesthesia, narcosis ◇ seduce

码头碼頭 mǎtōu ◇ wharf, dock, pier ◇ (city as a) commercial and transportation center

蚂蚁螞蟻 mǎyǐ ◇ ant

马 馬 mǎ ◇ horse ◇ {Chinese chess} Horses (on the black side; in some traditional sets also used for the red side) ◇ big, great ◇ Ma (surname)

马虎馬虎 mǎhu ◇ casual, careless, slapdash

虎 虎 hǔ ◇ tiger, Panthera tigris ◇ brave, mighty ◇ {regional} put on a fierce look ◇ Hu (surname)

马上馬上 mǎshàng ◇ immediately, at once, right away ◇ shortly, soon

上 上 shàng ◇ on, on top of... ◇ last, the previous (like shàng [gè] xīngqīwǔ

上[個]星期五 "last Friday") ◇ first (in a series) ◇ go up, go up to ◇ mount, board (a vehicle) ◇ go to, leave for ◇ submit, send ◇ bolt, lock (a door, etc.) ◇ (used after a verb as a resultative ending to indicate the amount or extent reached)

骂 罵 mà ◇ swear (at), curse

(at), abuse (verbally), call names ◇ scold, rebuke, condemn, reproach, chide, bawl out, tell (sb) off ◇ accuse, blame

吗 嗎 ma ◇ "Is it...?" (sentence-final question particle)

嘛 嘛 ma ◇ (particle used in rhetorical questions, in statements indicating an obvious truth, or to highlight what follows) ◇ (final particle for obviousness, urging, impatience, etc.)

埋伏埋伏 máifu ◇ ambush, lie in wait for ◇ ambush ◇ hide ◇ bury (like sea mines)

埋没埋沒 máimò ◇ bury, cover up ◇ stifle, deny opportunity

埋 埋 mái ◇ bury, cover up (with earth, snow, fallen leaves, etc.) ◇ hide, conceal, keep hidden (like one's identity)

没 沒 méi ◇ not exist, not have, not be there, be without ◇ there is not ◇ not as... as ◇ not... than ◇ scarcely ◇ less than ◇ not yet ◇ did not I (used like méiyǒu 沒有/没有)

埋葬埋葬 máizàng ◇ bury (a dead person, or figurative)

买 買 mǎi ◇ buy, purchase

卖 賣 mài ◇ sell (opposite of mǎi 買/买 "buy, purchase"); sell out, betray ◇ outgoing, not holding back ◇ show off ◇ {measure word} (used for an order in a restaurant)

脉搏脈搏 màibó ◇ the pulse

脉 脈 mài ◇ {physiology} arteries and veins (in general); the pulse ◇ veins (of a leaf, etc.) ◇ blood-vessel-like things linked or connected into a system (like a mountain range, ore veins)

搏 搏 bó ◇ wrestle, fight, struggle ◇ beat [of the pulse, etc.], throb, pulsate

迈 邁 mài ◇ take a step ◇ old ◇ mile ◇ overstep, surpass

麦克风 麥克風 màikèfēng ◇ microphone

麦 麥 mài ◇ wheat ◇ barley, oats, rye (etc.) ◇ {electrical, unit of measure} Maxwell (unit of magnetic flux) ◇ Mai (surname)

克 克 kè ◇ {written} be able to, can ◇ control, restrain, overcome ◇ {unit of weight} gram ◇ ke (Tibetan unit of weight, about 12.5 kg) ◇ {unit of land} ke (Tibetan unit of land, equivalent to the Chinese mǔ 亩/亩, about 1/6 of an acre)

风 風 fēng ◇ wind, gale, breeze ◇ put out to dry, winnow, air-dry, air ◇ speedily, swiftly ◇ custom, practice, atmosphere ◇ style, attitude ◇ information, news, rumour, hearsay ◇ {literature} (as a genre in the Shījīng 詩經/诗经 "Book of Odes" section Guófēng 國風/国风 "Airs of the states") folk song, ballad ◇ {med} used in the names of certain illnesses (e.g., zhòngfēng 中風/中风 "stroke", "apoplexy") ◇ Feng (surname)

埋怨埋怨 mányuàn ◇ complain, grumble, blame

馒头饅頭 mántou ◇ steamed bun (without filling) ◇ steamed stuffed bun

满 滿 mǎn ◇ full (of), filled with ◇ feel satisfied ◇ proud, haughty ◇ reach (a certain time limit); expire ◇ entire, whole ◇ completely, entirely ◇ Manchu, Manchurian, Man ethnic group ◇ Man (surname)

满意滿意 mǎnyì ◇ (be) satisfied (with), (be) pleased (with)

意 意 yì ◇ meaning, idea, thought, opinion ◇ desire, intention ◇ expect, anticipate ◇ suggestion, indication, hint, sign ◇ Italy; Italian (short for Yìdàlì 意大利)

满足滿足 mǎnzú ◇ satisfied, contented ◇ satisfy, fulfill (a need, a demand, etc.)

足 足 zú ◇ foot, leg, base (of an object, like tripod) ◇ enough, sufficient ◇ full (amount, degree, etc.)

慢 慢 màn ◇ slow (in contrast to kuài 快 "fast") ◇ postpone, defer ◇ haughty, arrogant, rude ◇ smear, daub ◇ {archaic} Man (name of a melody during the Tang and Song dynasties) 慢性慢性 màn xìng ◇ chronic (disease) ◇ slow-acting nature ◇ slow or phlegmatic temperament (or person)

漫长漫长 màncháng ◇ very long

(of time, a road, etc.)

漫 漫 màn ◇ overflow, flood ◇ all over, everywhere ◇ unrestrained, casual ◇ dirt, filth ◇ inundate and ruin

长 長 cháng ◇ long; length ◇ (one's) strong point(s), forte ◇ be good at sth, be strong in sth ◇ surplus, spare, extra (in this meaning, formerly pronounced zhàng)

漫画漫畫 màn huà ◇ cartoon ◇ caricature ◇ comic strip ◇ comic book, comics || (The Japanese word manga comes from this Chinese word.)

画 畫 huà ◇ draw, paint ◇ drawing, painting, picture ◇ decorate with drawings, paintings or pictures ◇ draw (a line, etc.); mark (like with a cross) ◇ stroke (of a Chinese character) ◇ {calligraphy} horizontal stroke ◇ Hua (surname)

蔓延蔓延 mànyán ◇ (of fire, disease, weeds, etc.) spread, grow and spread ◇ (of vines) trail, creep

忙 忙 máng ◇ (be) busy ◇ hurriedly, hurry to, hasten to ◇ Mang (surname)

忙碌忙碌 mánglù ◇ be busy, bustle about

盲目盲目 mángmù ◇ blind (literally or figuratively)

茫茫茫茫 mángmáng ◇ vast, boundless (and indistinct, mostly of a body of water)

茫然茫然 mángrán ◇ bewildered, at sea, blank, vacant ◇ at a loss (as to what to do), adrift

猫 貓 māo ◇ cat (domestic cat, house cat, Felis silvestris catus) ◇ {dialect} hide, go into hiding

毛 毛 máo ◇ body hair; fur; feathers ◇ wool ◇ mildew ◇ coarse, unfinished ◇ gross (weight, profit, etc.) ◇ (of a child) small ◇ (of currency) depreciate ◇ careless ◇ scared, panicky ◇ get angry, fly into a rage ◇ one-tenth of a yuán 元 ◇ without, not have ◇ Mao (surname)

毛病毛病 máobing ◇ fault, de-

fect, shortcoming ◇ secret trouble, corrupt practices ◇ trouble (mostly mechanical) ◇ illness
毛巾毛巾 máojīn ◇ towel ◇ wool scarf

矛盾矛盾 máodùn ◇ {philosophy} contradiction ◇ conflict, clash, inconsistency, problem ◇ be contradictory, conflicting, opposing, paradoxical; (of sb's feelings) mixed, ambivalent ◇ spear and shield

冒充冒充 màochōng ◇ pose as, pretend to be, masquerade as
冒犯冒犯 màofàn ◇ offend, affront

冒险冒险 màoxiǎn ◇ brave danger, take risks

冒冒 mào ◇ emit, give off (like smoke, sweat) ◇ brave, risk, dare ◇ rashly, recklessly ◇ falsely, fraudulently ◇ Mao (surname)

险险 xiǎn ◇ (of terrain) dangerous, perilous, treacherous ◇ narrow strategic pass, natural defensive position (of difficult access, treacherous topography) ◇ danger, peril, risk ◇ dangerous, risky ◇ sinister, vicious, treacherous, evil ◇ nearly, almost ◇ insurance (short for bǎoxiǎn 保险/保险)

帽子帽子 màozi ◇ cap, hat ◇ label (name or description applied unfairly to sth/sb)

茂盛茂盛 màoshèng ◇ luxuriant (vegetation)

贸易贸易 màoyì ◇ trade, commerce ◇ {IT} interchange (of data)

贸贸 mào ◇ trade, business ◇ mixed ◇ seek, try to obtain

易易 yì ◇ easy (in contrast to nán 难/难 "difficult") ◇ amiable, unassuming ◇ change ◇ exchange, barter ◇ battle ◇ despise ◇ {archaic} lizard, chameleon ◇ the Yì-jīng 易经/易经 "Book of Changes" ◇ Yi (surname)

媒介媒介 méijiè ◇ intermediary, medium ◇ media (in print, etc.)

媒体媒体 méitǐ ◇ media

媒媒 méi ◇ go-between, matchmaker ◇ intermediary ◇ medium, media

体体 tǐ ◇ body ◇ substance (like

solid, liquid) ◇ style (of writing or of Chinese characters)

枚枚 méi ◇ {measure word, written} (used for objects like coins, medals, badges, rings [for fingers], stamps, bullets, mortar shells, bombs, rockets, missiles, etc.) ◇ {history} wooden gag (resembling a chopstick, used in ancient times to keep troops from talking when on stealth maneuvers, as in xiánméi 銜枚/銜枚 "hold a piece of wood in the mouth [to prevent making noises during a stealth mission]") ◇ {history} tree trunk ◇ {history} horse whip ◇ Mei (surname)

没没 méi ◇ not exist, not have, not be there, be without ◇ there is not ◇ not as... as ◇ not... than ◇ scarcely ◇ less than ◇ not yet ◇ did not || (used like méiyǒu 没有/没有)

关系关系 guānxi ◇ relation(ship) ◇ bearing, importance, impact ◇ involve, concern, have a bearing on ◇ (in a pattern like yóuyú... de guānxi 由於...的關係/由于...的关系, "owing to...", "on account of...") reason; (personal) connections, personal relations (usually backdoor)

关关 guān ◇ close, shut (a door, window, etc.) ◇ turn/switch off (the lights, the TV, etc.) ◇ shut in, lock up, confine (a bird in a cage, a person in jail, etc.) ◇ close down (a store, business, etc.) ◇ guard/defense post, mountain pass (or other place of strategic importance); the area outside the city gate ◇ bolt, bar (of a door or gate) ◇ customs house, checkpoint, barrier, juncture ◇ key, crucial ◇ {figurative} crucial point ◇ involve, concern, implicate ◇ {history} pay (wages) ◇ Guan (surname)

系系 xì ◇ {written} be (=shì 是) ◇ relate to, rely on, have to do with

没有没有 méiyǒu ◇ not exist, not have ◇ there is not ◇ not as... as ◇ less than ◇ did not, has not || (same meaning as méi 没/没)

有有 yǒu ◇ there is (are, were, etc.); be there, exist ◇ have, own, possess ◇ You (surname)

煤炭煤炭 méitàn ◇ coal

眉毛眉毛 méimáo ◇ eyebrow

每每 měi ◇ each, every ◇

every time, whenever ◇ Mei (surname)

美观美觀 měiguān ◇ pleasing to the eye, beautiful ◇ fine sight or spectacle

美 美 měi ◇ beautiful, pretty ◇ beautify ◇ good ◇ [M-] America ◇ the USA ◇ American

观 觀 guān ◇ see, look, observe, view ◇ a sight, view ◇ {figurative} outlook, concept, view ◇ {divination} "Guan" (one of the sixty-four hexagrams in the Yijing 易经/易经 "Book of Changes")

美丽美麗 měilì ◇ beautiful

丽 麗 lì ◇ {written} (of a person) pretty, good-looking, beautiful ◇ (of the weather, etc.) nice, beautiful ◇ adhere to, attach oneself to, rely on

美满美滿 měimǎn ◇ happy, complete and satisfactory (life, marriage, etc.)

满 滿 mǎn ◇ full (of), filled with ◇ feel satisfied ◇ proud, haughty ◇ reach (a certain time limit); expire ◇ entire, whole ◇ completely, entirely ◇ Manchu, Manchurian, Man ethnic group ◇ Man (surname)

美妙美妙 měimiào ◇ wonderful, splendid, delightful, exquisite; (of music, etc.) sweet ◇ (when used in the negative) good, hopeful, reassuring || (bù měimiào 不美妙 "be going badly, be far from rosy")

美术美術 měishù ◇ the fine arts ◇ drawing, painting

术 術 shù ◇ art, skill, technique, craft ◇ method, trick, tactics, stratagem ◇ learning, knowledge ◇ {archaic} road through the center of a town

妹妹妹妹 mèimei ◇ younger sister ◇ younger female cousin ◇ female relative of the same generation and clan but younger than oneself

魅力魅力 mèilì ◇ charm, fascination, charisma

门 門 mén ◇ door, entrance, gate ◇ switch, valve ◇ hole/opening in human body ◇ family ◇ school (of thought), (religious) sect ◇ a teacher's or master's entrance hall ◇ means, method, key ◇ category ◇ {biology} phylum (of animals or plants) ◇ -gate

(used by the media to create new words referring to a scandal, after the pattern of Shuǐmén [Shìjiàn] 水門 [事件]/水门 [事件] "Watergate") ◇ {measure word}... course(s) of..., ... subject(s) of..., ... skill(s) of... (used for school courses, skills, branches or subjects of knowledge, etc.) ◇ {measure word} (used for cannons) ◇ {measure word} (used for relatives, marriages, families related by marriage, etc.) ◇ Men (surname)

萌芽萌芽 méngyá ◇ bud, sprout, germinate (literally or figuratively) ◇ seed, germ ◇ the Mengya (monthly journal founded in 1930 and published in Shanghai and edited by Lu Xun)

猛烈猛烈 měngliè ◇ violent, fierce, vigorous

梦 夢 mèng ◇ dream, vision, illusion ◇ dream of ◇ visionary, wishful (like thinking)

梦想夢想 mèngxiǎng ◇ dream, hope in vainly hope, engage in wishful thinking ◇ dream, wish, cherished desire ◇ wishful thinking

想 想 xiǎng ◇ think (of); intend; be keen on sth ◇ want to, would like to ◇ long for, recall with fondness, miss, think of ◇ desire

眯 眯 mī ◇ {colloquial} doze off, take a nap, sleep for a while

弥补彌補 míbǔ ◇ make up, make good (like for a loss, deficiency, defect) || often used in the construction míbǔ...de bùzú 彌補...的不足/弥补...的不足 "stop (fill, supply) a gap, supply a need (want)"

弥漫彌漫 mímán ◇ fill (like the air with smoke, fog, mist)

弥 彌 mí ◇ full ◇ fill, cover ◇ (even, still) more ◇ long (like time) ◇ Mi (surname)

漫 漫 màn ◇ overflow, flood ◇ all over, everywhere ◇ unrestrained, casual ◇ dirt, filth ◇ inundate and ruin

谜语謎語 míyǔ ◇ riddle, conundrum

迷惑迷惑 míhuo ◇ puzzle, confuse, delude
 迷路迷路 mílù ◇ lose one's way, get lost, go astray
 迷人迷人 mírén ◇ be enchanting (of scenery, etc.) ◇ confuse, baffle
 迷信迷信 míxìn ◇ be superstitious about; superstition ◇ believe in blindly

米 米 mǐ ◇ (hulled) rice ◇ {unit of measure} metre ◇ Mi (surname)
 米饭米飯 mǐfàn ◇ cooked rice
 饭 飯 fàn ◇ meal (usu. with rice); cooked cereals (mostly rice) ◇ {figurative} means of livelihood; living

密度密度 mìdù ◇ density
 密封密封 mìfēng ◇ seal up ◇ airtight, hermetic
 密码密碼 mìǎ ◇ {IT} password ◇ secret code, cipher (in contrast to míngmǎ 明碼/明码 "plain text")
 密 密 mì ◇ dense, thick, close ◇ close, intimate ◇ meticulous ◇ secret, confidential ◇ code, cipher ◇ {textiles} density ◇ Mi (place near Lingtai, Gānsù 甘肅/甘肃 Province) ◇ Mi (place near Mi County, Hénán 河南 Province) ◇ Mi (surname)
 码 碼 mǎ ◇ symbol ◇ number ◇ code ◇ {finance} 0.25% increment (used for lowering/raising interest rates)
 密切密切 mìqiè ◇ close, intimate ◇ closely, carefully, intently

秘密秘密 mìmi ◇ secret, confidential ◇ secret matter, confidential affair
 秘书秘書 mìshū ◇ secretary (in northern China, usu. pronounced mìshu, with neutral-tone -shu) ◇ {classical} books stored in secret archive
 秘 祕 mì ◇ mysterious, secret, abstruse
 书 書 shū ◇ book ◇ letter, document ◇ calligraphy style, script ◇ write ◇ {literature} the Book of Documents (short for Shàngshū 尚書/尚书, or Shūjīng 書經/书经)
 蜜蜂蜜蜂 mìfēng ◇ bee, honeybee

棉花棉花 miánhua ◇ cotton (plant) ◇ cotton

免得免得 miǎnde ◇ so as to avoid, in order to avoid, lest
 免费免費 miǎnfèi ◇ free of charge
 免 免 miǎn ◇ exempt, excuse/free sb from sth, dispense with, spare from ◇ dismiss/remove from office, relieve ◇ escape, avert, avoid ◇ may not, be prohibited from, be not allowed to ◇ {dialect} need not
 费 費 fèi ◇ cost, fees, expenses ◇ spend/consume/expend too much, waste; expend (too) quickly ◇ Fei (surname)
 免疫免疫 miǎnyì ◇ {med} immunity ◇ immunization

勉励勉励 miǎnlì ◇ exhort, urge
 勉 勉 miǎn ◇ make an effort, exert oneself ◇ exhort, urge ◇ try to do more than one is able to ◇ Mian (surname)
 励 勵 lì ◇ urge, encourage ◇ Li (surname)
 勉强勉強 miǎnqiǎng ◇ (do) with difficulty, (manage) with considerable effort ◇ grudgingly, reluctantly, force oneself to ◇ unconvincing, far-fetched, strained ◇ force (sb to do sth) ◇ barely (enough), just (get by/scrape by)
 强 強 qiáng ◇ strong, powerful, mighty, firm, staunch ◇ be demanding, be resolute, excel ◇ by force, forcibly ◇ strengthen, enhance ◇ {informal} (in comparisons) better, superior (better off, in better condition, or more capable) ◇ a little more than, a little over, -plus ◇ Qiang (surname)

面包麵包 miànbāo ◇ bread
 面对面對 miànduì ◇ face, confront ◇ in the face of ◇ opposite, facing ◇ answer in person
 面 面 miàn ◇ face (toward); face, surface ◇ aspect ◇ the whole area (in contrast to diǎn 點/点 "selected spots") ◇ {regional, slang} habitually slow (of a person) ◇ {measure word} (used for things with a flat surface, like walls, mirrors, etc.)
 对 對 duì ◇ toward, to, facing, regarding ◇ be directed at, confront, treat, cope with ◇ opposite ◇ couple, pair (usually a man)

and a woman) ◇ {measure word}... pair(s) of... (used for things that come in pairs, like shoes, or for abstract dualities, as in yī duì máodùn 一對矛盾/一对矛盾 "a contradiction") ◇ agree, fit ◇ compare, identify, check ◇ set, adjust, synchronize (like clocks) ◇ pair up, fit together, coordinate ◇ correct, right ◇ adulterate, mix with, add, dilute (like wine with water) ◇ split in half (like profit) ◇ {literature, poetry} couplet

面积面積 miànjī ◇ area, surface area || (the second syllable is often pronounced in the neutral tone: miànji)

积 積 jī ◇ accumulate, gather, store up, amass ◇ long-standing, long-pending, accumulated, deep-rooted ◇ {Chinese med} indigestion ◇ {math} product (of multiplication)

面临面臨 miànlín ◇ be confronted with, be faced with, face, be up against

临 臨 lín ◇ look out on, overlook ◇ come, arrive, be present ◇ on the point of, just before ◇ copy (a painting or calligraphy model) ◇ {divination} "Lin" (one of the sixty-four hexagrams in the Yìjīng 易经/易经 "Book of Changes") ◇ {archaic} war chariot ◇ Lin (surname)

面貌面貌 miànmào ◇ face, facial features ◇ look, appearance, aspect

面条麵條 miàntiáo ◇ noodles

面 麵 miàn ◇ flour ◇ powder ◇ noodles, dough ◇ soft and floury

条 條 tiáo ◇ {measure word} (used for long, thin objects) ◇ {measure word}... item(s) (used for certain items, such as news, certain people, etc.) ◇ long narrow piece ◇ twig ◇ article (e.g. of a law), clause; condition ◇ string, stripe, slip ◇ long and narrow in pattern; streak ◇ order; in good order

面子面子 miànzi ◇ surface, outer part ◇ face, prestige ◇ feelings

描绘描繪 miáohuì ◇ describe, portray, depict

描 描 miáo ◇ copy, trace ◇ touch up

绘 繪 huì ◇ draw, paint ◇ depict, portray

描写描寫 miáoxiě ◇ describe, depict, portray ◇ description, depiction, portrayal

写 寫 xiě ◇ write, compose ◇ draw, paint, sketch ◇ portray, depict

瞄准瞄準 miáozhǔn ◇ aim at (a target) ◇ aim, target (like certain goods for a certain market)

苗条苗條 miáotiao ◇ slender and graceful (of a woman's figure)

苗 苗 miáo ◇ seedling ◇ young of certain animals (like small fish or fry, piglet) ◇ vaccine ◇ the masses ◇ descendants, progeny ◇ the Miao nationality ◇ Miao (a place in Jiyuan, Hénán 河南 Province during the Chūnqiū 春秋 Period [770 - 476 BCE]) ◇ Miao (surname)

条 條 tiáo ◇ {measure word} (used for long, thin objects) ◇ {measure word}... item(s) (used for certain items, such as news, certain people, etc.) ◇ long narrow piece ◇ twig ◇ article (e.g. of a law), clause; condition ◇ string, stripe, slip ◇ long and narrow in pattern; streak ◇ order; in good order

渺小渺小 miǎoxiǎo ◇ tiny, insignificant

秒 秒 miǎo ◇ {unit of measure} (of time) a second; (of angle) an arcsecond ◇ miao (ancient unit of length) ◇ miao (ancient unit of capacity)

藐视藐視 miǎoshì ◇ belittle, look down upon

藐 藐 miǎo ◇ small ◇ look down upon, slight

视 視 shì ◇ look at, view, examine ◇ regard, consider, treat as, look upon as ◇ inspect, observe, watch, contrast, compare ◇ model oneself on, follow the example of ◇ {physics} apparent

灭亡滅亡 mièwáng ◇ be destroyed, perish, die out (of a nation, race, etc.)

灭 滅 miè ◇ go out (of a fire, light, etc.) ◇ extinguish, put out, turn off ◇ drown ◇ wipe out, exterminate, destroy

亡 亡 wáng ◇ escape, flee, run away ◇ lose, be lost ◇ die, perish, pass away ◇ dead, deceased ◇ the late ◇ subjugate, subdue, conquer ◇ fall

蔑视蔑視 mièshì ◇ scorn, despise

蔑 蔑 miè ◇ disdain, slight ◇ none, without ◇ destroy, exterminate ◇ impaired vision (from injury)

民间民間 mínjiān ◇ of the peo-

ple ◇ folk, popular ◇ nongovernmental (trade, etc.)

民 民 mín ◇ the people, populace

间 间 jiān ◇ among, between
◇ interval; within a defined time/space
◇ room ◇ {measure word} (used for rooms)

民主民主 mínzhǔ ◇ democracy
◇ democratic ◇ the Emperor, the ruler

民族民族 mínzú ◇ nation, nationality, ethnic group

敏感敏感 mǐngǎn ◇ sensitive, susceptible

敏捷敏捷 mǐnjié ◇ nimble, quick (of movements)

敏锐敏锐 mǐnrui ◇ keen (of the senses, etc.), sharp (of eyesight, etc.)

敏 敏 mǐn ◇ nimble, quick, agile ◇ keen, sharp, perceptive

锐 锐 ruì ◇ sharp, keen, acute ◇ spirit, zeal, vigour ◇ small, tiny

名次名次 míngcì ◇ place, position, standing (in a list of names, etc.)

名额名额 míng'é ◇ quota of people

名 名 míng ◇ (personal) name
◇ fame, reputation ◇ famous, well-known ◇ {measure word} (used for persons of a certain category, profession, etc.)

额 额 é ◇ forehead ◇ (inscribed) tablet/board ◇ specific number, fixed amount

名副其实 名副其实 míngfùqíshí
◇ be worthy of the name or reputation

实 实 shí ◇ real, true, authentic, actual, honest, sincere ◇ solid, full ◇ reality, truth, fact ◇ surely, for sure ◇ fruit, seed ◇ {Chinese med} excessiveness (one of the bāgāng 八綱/八纲 "eight principal syndromes") ◇ goods, materials ◇ wealth, riches ◇ Shi (surname)

名牌名牌 míngpái ◇ famous

brand, name brand ◇ nameplate, name tag (like on merchandise)

名片名片 míngpiàn ◇ calling card, business card

名胜古迹 名勝古跡 míngshènggǔjì
◇ scenic spots and historical sites,

places of historic interest and scenic beauty ◇ {tourism} sights

胜 勝 shèng ◇ win ◇ victory,

triumph, success ◇ be victorious, win over ◇ surpass, be superior/better, get the better of ◇ beautiful, wonderful, superb (like scenery) ◇ be equal to, come up to (like to a responsibility or task; in this meaning pronounced "shēng" in Taiwan) ◇ Sheng (surname) ◇ {archaic} ornament for women's hair

古迹 古跡 gǔjì ◇ historic site

名誉名譽 míngyù ◇ fame, reputation ◇ honorary (title, position)

誉 譽 yù ◇ fame, reputation ◇

praise ◇ pleased, happy

名字名字 míngzi ◇ given name, personal name ◇ name

明白明白 míngbai ◇ clear, obvious ◇ frank, explicit, unequivocal ◇

sensible ◇ know, understand, realize

明明明明 míngmíng ◇ obviously, clearly ◇ point out and promote those of high moral character ◇ with all one's might

明确明确 míngquè ◇ clear(ly), explicit(ly), definite(ly) ◇ make clear, make definite

明 明 míng ◇ bright, clear, evident ◇ open, overt ◇ tomorrow; next (year) ◇ know, understand ◇ Ming (dynasty, 1368-1644) ◇ Ming (surname)

确 確 què ◇ true, authentic, real ◇ solid, firm, reliable ◇ precise, literal, concrete

明天明天 míngtiān ◇ tomorrow
◇ {figurative} the future, someday ◇ {classical} moon-lit sky

明显明显 míngxiǎn ◇ clear, obvious, evident

显 顯 xiǎn ◇ appear; apparent, evident, obvious, noticeable ◇ show, reveal, manifest ◇ {IT} display ◇ illustrious and influential ◇ Xian (surname)

明星 明星 míngxīng ◇ star (like of the movies) ◇ bright star ◇ the Morning Star, Venus ◇ Mingxing (fairy maiden who according to legend lives on the Huá Shān 華山/华山 "Mount Hua")

明智明智 míngzhì ◇ be wise/sensible/judicious

命令命令 mìnglìng ◇ {military} command, order (sb to do) ◇ a command, an order ◇ {IT} (computer) command

命名命名 mìngmíng ◇ name, give a name to

命运命運 mìngyùn ◇ destiny, fate
 命 命 mìng ◇ life ◇ destiny, fate, luck ◇ an order, a command, a decree ◇ assign, order, name
 运 運 yùn ◇ motion, movement, freight ◇ convey, transport ◇ use, apply ◇ luck, fortune, fate ◇ Yun (surname)

摸 摸 mō ◇ feel ◇ touch (gently) ◇ caress, stroke ◇ grope/fumble (for sth); feel one's way; grope in the dark ◇ sound out, feel out, try to find out
 摸索摸索 mōsuo ◇ grope, feel about ◇ seek out, try to find out

摩擦摩擦 móca ◇ rub ◇ friction (literally or figuratively)
 摩托车 摩托車 mótuōchē ◇ motorbike, motorcycle
 摩托摩托 mótuō ◇ {phonetic} motor
 车 車 chē ◇ vehicle, car ◇ implement or machine containing rotating elements (like a spinning wheel, water wheel, windmill) ◇ machine, turn on a lathe ◇ draw/lift water with a water wheel ◇ {dialect} carry (away) in a vehicle ◇ {dialect} sew sth on a sewing machine ◇ turn (one's body) ◇ Che (surname)

模范模範 mófàn ◇ exemplary (person or thing), model (like worker)
 模 模 mó ◇ model, standard, pattern ◇ copy, imitate, pattern after ◇ fine example, model (person or thing)
 范 範 fàn ◇ pattern, standard, norm ◇ model, example ◇ scope, range, bounds ◇ Fan (surname)
 模仿模仿 mófǎng ◇ copy, imitate, pattern after
 模糊模糊 móhu ◇ be vague/unclear/blurred/fuzzy/indistinct ◇ blur, obscure, confuse
 模式模式 móshì ◇ pattern, model
 模特模特 mótiè ◇ model (artistic, literary, fashion, etc.)
 模型模型 móxíng ◇ a model (mostly for display or experimentation) ◇ mold, pattern, die
 模样模樣 múyàng ◇ looks, appearance ◇ approximately, around (of time, a person's age)
 模 模 mó ◇ model, standard, pattern ◇ copy, imitate, pattern after

◇ fine example, model (person or thing)
 样 樣 yàng ◇ appearance, shape, form ◇ model, sample, pattern ◇ {measure word} (for kind or type of thing)

磨合磨合 móhé ◇ break in, wear in (fit together more smoothly after initial period of friction of parts) ◇ breaking-in, wear-in ◇ {figurative} (of people) become used to one another and coordinate ◇ get adapted to each other

膜 膜 mó ◇ membrane ◇ membrane-like coating, film

魔鬼魔鬼 móguǐ ◇ devil, demon (in religion, folklore or figuratively)
 魔术魔術 móshù ◇ magic, conjuring
 魔 魔 mó ◇ devil, evil spirit, demon ◇ magic (power, conjuring, etc.)
 抹杀抹殺 mǒshā ◇ blot out, obliterate, write off, negate (sb's achievement or contribution); erase, deny, reject, stifle (the facts, one's conscience); suppress, kill (e.g., sb's enthusiasm)

抹 抹 mǒ ◇ apply, put on, smear, spread ◇ wipe (one's mouth, eyes, sweat off one's forehead, etc.) ◇ delete, erase, cross out, blot out ◇ {measure word} stroke, dash, beam, ray (used mostly in literature for sunlight, moonlight, etc.)
 杀 殺 shā ◇ kill, slaughter ◇ fight, go into battle ◇ abate, reduce ◇ hurt, smart ◇ counteract ◇ extremely (particle used after a verb to indicate action of the verb in the extreme)

墨水儿 墨水兒 mòshuǐr ◇ prepared Chinese ink ◇ ink ◇ {colloquial} book learning
 墨水墨水 mòshuǐ ◇ prepared liquid Chinese ink ◇ ink ◇ book learning
 儿 兒 ér ◇ child, baby, son (written as "r" when used as a suffix, indicates smallness [e.g., mào 帽兒/帽儿 "hat"]; after a verb/adjective turns it into a noun [e.g., chīr 吃兒/吃儿 "eatables, food"]; added to a concrete noun turns it into an abstract noun [e.g., ménr 門兒/门儿 "work"]; added to a noun to change

its original meaning [e.g., báimiàn 白麵兒/白面儿 means "heroin", while báimiàn 白麵/白面 means "white flour"]; used as suffix to certain verbs [e.g., wánr 玩儿/玩儿 "play"])

莫 莫 mò ◇ no one, nothing ◇ no, not ◇ do not ◇ can it (be), would it (be) ◇ peace, stability ◇ urge, exhort ◇ Mo (surname)

其 其 qí ◇ his, her, its, their ◇ he, she, it, they ◇ that, such ◇ this... ◇ Qi (surname)

妙 妙 miào ◇ excellent, wonderful ◇ ingenious, subtle

陌生陌生 mòshēng ◇ strange, not familiar

默默默默 mò mò ◇ silently

谋求谋求 móuqiú ◇ seek, strive to achieve

谋 谋 móu ◇ seek, pursue, strive after ◇ plan, scheme, stratagem, plot ◇ Mou (surname)

求 求 qiú ◇ beg, request, beseech ◇ ask (for), demand ◇ seek, strive for ◇ demand ◇ Qiu (surname)

某 某 mǒu ◇ a certain..., some (person/place/thing)

母亲母亲 mǔqīn ◇ mother ◇ Mother (novel by Gorky)

母 母 mǔ ◇ mother ◇ female elders ◇ female (of animals, in contrast to gōng 公 "male") ◇ nut (for bolt, screw) ◇ origin ◇ Mu (surname)

亲 亲 qīn ◇ parent ◇ relative, kin ◇ blood (relation) ◇ intimate, close, near and dear ◇ personally, in person ◇ marriage, match ◇ bride ◇ in favour of, supporting, pro- ◇ kiss

母语母语 mǔyǔ ◇ mother tongue ◇ parent language

语 语 yǔ ◇ language, words ◇ speak, say ◇ saying, idiom ◇ signal, sign (language)

木头木头 mùtóu ◇ wood, timber, lumber ◇ blockhead, stupid person ◇

coffin

木 木 mù ◇ tree, wood, timber, lumber; wooden, made of wood ◇ Mu (surname)

头 頭 tóu ◇ head ◇ chief, head, boss ◇ (used before a numeral or measure word) first..., the initial... ◇ leading ◇ side/aspect ◇ top, tip (e.g., of a pen), end (e.g., of a rope, the street) ◇ beginning, end ◇ remnant, leftover, end ◇ (before tiān 天 or nián 年) the previous (day or year) ◇ head (as a measure of height, like "taller by a head") ◇ {measure word} ...head(s) of... (used for animals, like cattle, mule, sheep, pigs, lions, etc.) ◇ {measure word} head, bulb(s) of... (used for the bulbs of certain plants, like a head of garlic) ◇ (suffix to certain nouns)

沐浴沐浴 mùyù ◇ take a bath ◇ be bathed in (the sun, etc.) ◇ be immersed in (like a festive atmosphere)

目标目标 mùbiāo ◇ objective, target, goal, aim

目 目 mù ◇ eye ◇ mesh, eye, hole ◇ {classical} look, consider, regard ◇ item, article, number ◇ {biology} order ◇ list, catalogue ◇ {classical} name, title ◇ (in weiqi or go) eye 标 標 biāo ◇ mark, sign, symbol, label, standard, quota ◇ label, tag ◇ prize ◇ symptom, outward appearance (in contrast to the basis or foundation of sth) ◇ tender, bid ◇ treetop ◇ biao (military unit during the late Qīng 清 Dynasty)

目的目的 mùdì ◇ purpose, goal, aim

目睹目睹 mùdǔ ◇ to witness, see personally

目光目光 mùguāng ◇ vision, sight ◇ look, see ◇ brightness of the eyes ◇ (one's) sights, view, vision, aspiration

目录目錄 mùlù ◇ catalog, list ◇

table of contents

录 錄 lù ◇ record, write down ◇ record (audio, video) ◇ record, collection (like of quotations, reminiscences) ◇ take on, hire ◇ arrest ◇ sequence, order

目前目前 mùqián ◇ (at) present, presently

N

拿 拿 ná ◇ take, bring, fetch, grasp, hold ◇ seize, catch, arrest, capture, take over (with force) ◇ pretend ◇ get, win, receive, obtain ◇ (of a chemical agent, etc.) cause to change, affect ◇ (used like yòng 用) by (means of), with, through, in ◇ take (sth and do sth with it - introduces the object of a verb following later) ◇ {Chinese med} massage
 拿手拿手 náshǒu ◇ adept, expert ◇ assured, certain ◇ an excuse ◇ {colloquial} specialty (dish, e.g., of a cook or a restaurant, short for náshǒu-cài 拿手菜 "specialty dish")

哪 哪 nǎ ◇ (as interrogative particle, mostly followed by a number or measure word) which (one)? what? any ◇ (as a rhetorical question particle) how can...! how could...!

哪儿哪儿 nǎr ◇ where?; wherever ◇ {colloquial} "I don't think so!" (phrase used as a rhetorical question to indicate disbelief, a negative response, etc.)

儿 儿 ér ◇ child, baby, son (written as "r" when used as a suffix, indicates smallness [e.g., mào 帽儿/帽儿 "hat"]; after a verb/adjective turns it into a noun [e.g., chīr 吃儿/吃儿 "eatables, food"]; added to a concrete noun turns it into an abstract noun [e.g., ménr 门儿/门儿 "work"]; added to a noun to change its original meaning [e.g., báimiàn 白麵儿/白面儿 means "heroin", while báimiàn 白麵/白面 means "white flour"]; used as suffix to certain verbs [e.g., wánr 玩儿/玩儿 "play"])

哪怕哪怕 nǎpà ◇ even if; even (if there is a related clause following, it usu. contains yě 也) ◇ (followed by zài 再) no matter how

纳闷儿 纳闷儿 nàmenr ◇ be puzzled, have doubts about

那 那 nà ◇ that (one) ◇ then, in that case

奶奶奶奶 nǎinai ◇ paternal grandmother (father's mother) ◇ {formal} grandmother (a form of address for an elderly woman) ◇ {familiar} the

breasts

耐心耐心 nàixīn ◇ patient ◇ patience
 耐用耐用 nàiyòng ◇ durable

南 南 nán ◇ south ◇ Nan (surname)

南辕北辙 南辕北辙 nányuánběizhé ◇ "go south by driving the chariot north"—defeat one's purpose ◇ poles apart, diametrically opposed ◇ head in the wrong direction

辕 辕 yuán ◇ shaft (of carriage) ◇ Yuan (surname)

北 北 běi ◇ north ◇ go north ◇ toward the north, northward ◇ be defeated

辙 辙 zhé ◇ a wheel rut/groove/track ◇ the direction of traffic ◇ {figurative} the right track ◇ {poetry, music} rhyme (in traditional Chinese singing) ◇ a way, means, method, wit, know-how

男 男 nán ◇ man; male ◇ son ◇ baron (title in European nobility) ◇ baron (the fifth of the five ranks of nobility in feudal China of the past) ◇ Nan (surname)

难 难 nán ◇ be difficult/hard ◇ cause sb difficulty, put sb in a difficult position ◇ unlikely, hardly possible, uncertain ◇ hard on sb, unpleasant to (the ear, eye, etc.)

难道难道 nándào ◇ do you mean to say...?; really...? (in a rhetorical question, indicating doubt or surprise)

道 道 dào ◇ way, path, road ◇ line ◇ method ◇ morality, virtue, ethics ◇ {philosophy} doctrine, principle (of learning/religion/ethics), course, (the right) orientation, justice; Daoism (Taoism) ◇ superstitious sect ◇ {measure word} (used for narrow long shapes like rays, lightning, scars, door(way)s; for walls, instructions, [math] problems, [test] questions, courses or dishes of a dinner, steps in a procedure, coats of paint, times, repetitions, etc.) ◇ speak, say ◇ suppose, think ◇ Dao (surname) ◇ {admin} (during the Táng 唐 Dynasty) prefecture; (in Japan) prefecture (like Běihǎidào 北海道 "Hokkaidō"); (in North Korea) province ◇ {unit of measure} used for hūmǐ 忽米 "centimillimetre, one hundredth of a mm, cmm"

难得难得 nándé ◇ hard to come by, hard to get, rare, unusual, extraordinary ◇ hardly (ever), rarely, seldom (if

ever) ◇ thanks to, luckily

得 得 de ◇ {grammar} (as structural particle between verb/adjective and a following complement) able to...; to the degree of...(used after certain verbs to indicate ability, possibility, or achievement to a certain degree, e.g., wǒ kàn de hěn qīngchū 我看得很清楚 "I could see it clearly")

难怪難怪 nánguài ◇ no wonder ◇ excusable, understandable

怪 怪 guài ◇ strange, unusual, odd, peculiar, eccentric, weird, queer ◇ wonder at, find strange, be surprised ◇ {colloquial} rather..., quite... ◇ a demon, evil spirit, monster ◇ blame/reproach sb ◇ Guai (surname)

难过難過 nánguò ◇ have a difficult life ◇ feel bad (about sth)

难堪難堪 nánkān ◇ unbearable, intolerable ◇ embarrassed, disconcerted

堪 堪 kān ◇ can, may ◇ bear, endure, withstand ◇ Kan (surname)

难免難免 nánmiǎn ◇ be hard to avoid; be unavoidable, be only to be expected; inevitably, be bound to

免 免 miǎn ◇ exempt, excuse/free sb from sth, dispense with, spare from ◇ dismiss/remove from office, relieve ◇ escape, avert, avoid ◇ may not, be prohibited from, be not allowed to ◇ {dialect} need not

难能可贵 難能可貴 nánnéngkěguì ◇ difficult to achieve and therefore

prized, praiseworthy, commendable

能 能 可 néngkě ◇ rather, would rather

贵 贵 guì ◇ expensive, costly, high-priced ◇ valuable, precious ◇ noble, of high status, of high rank, honorable ◇ {formal, honorific} your (surname, company etc.) ◇ (short for Guìzhōu 貴州/贵州) Guizhou Province ◇ Gui (surname)

难受難受 nánshòu ◇ feel ill ◇ feel bad (about sth)

受 受 shòu ◇ receive, accept, get ◇ bear, stand, endure, tolerate ◇ suffer, be subjected to, undergo, sustain, be affected by; (when preceding a verb indicates the passive voice) be...-ed

恼火惱火 nǎohuǒ ◇ annoyed, irritated

恼 恼 nǎo ◇ be angry, be irritated ◇ be worried, be unhappy ◇ pain

火 火 huǒ ◇ fire ◇ firearms, ammunition ◇ {Chinese med} internal heat ◇ (of colour) red as fire, flaming red ◇ urgent, pressing ◇ anger, fury, rage, temper ◇ {colloquial} (of business, a sales item, etc.) brisk, flourishing, thriving, popular, "hot", all the rage (as in shēn-

gyì hěn huǒ 生意很火 "business is booming", or mài de tǐng huǒ 賣得挺火/卖得挺火 "[some product] is selling like hotcakes") ◇ Huo (surname)

脑袋腦袋 nǎodai ◇ brains, head

脑 脑 nǎo ◇ brain ◇ {figurative} brains, head ◇ extract, essence

袋 袋 dài ◇ bag, pouch, sack; pocket ◇ {measure word}... bag(s) of...,... sack(s) of...,... packet(s) of... (used for contents of a bag, sack, like flour, salt, cement, fertilizer, etc.) ◇ {measure word}... pipe(s) of... (used for the amount of tobacco filled into a pipe and smoked, e.g., chōu yī dài yān 抽一袋烟 "smoke a pipe of tobacco")

呢 呢 ne ◇ is it so? isn't it? how about...? and...? (question particle used at the end of a question) ◇ surely, certainly (sentence-final particle giving emphasis to a statement) ◇ -ing (at the end of a statement expresses that the action is continuing) ◇ well,... ◇ but (on the other hand)... (interjection used to pause a sentence, often to indicate a contrast)

内 内 nèi ◇ (as a postposition) in, inside, within ◇ the inside, interior ◇ wife (pertaining to one's wife or her relatives) ◇ {Chinese med} the internal organs, the heart ◇ (pertaining to) the imperial palace ◇ female (members of the family)

内部内部 nèibù ◇ inside, interior, within ◇ internal ◇ restricted (e.g., documents for internal circulation only)

部 部 bù ◇ department, ministry (or similar organizational or administrative unit) ◇ part, section ◇ headquarters (esp. military) ◇ unit, force, troops ◇ category, class ◇ (under one's) command ◇ {measure word} (used for films, books, vehicles, machines, laws, regulations, rules) ◇ Bu (surname)

内涵内涵 nèihán ◇ self-cultivation, inner cultivation and talent ◇ {logic} intension, connotation

涵 涵 hán ◇ contain, hold, embody ◇ {construction} a culvert

内科内科 nèikē ◇ internal medicine, department of internal medicine

科 科 kē ◇ branch (of study) ◇ section, department (of a larger administrative unit) ◇ pass judgment, sentence ◇ laws, regulations ◇ class, rank ◇ {biology} family, class ◇ {Chinese opera} stage directions; action parts ◇ Kuwait (short form of 科威特 Kēwēitè) ◇ Ke (surname)

内幕内幕 nèimù ◇ behind the scenes, inside story, inner workings (mostly derogatory)

幕 幕 mù ◇ curtain, screen ◇ theatre curtain, movie screen ◇ tarpaulin ◇ a tent ◇ an act (of a play) ◇ {measure word} (used for acts of plays, comedies, etc.) ◇

{history} general's or military governor's office ◇ {history} armour worn on the legs or arms

内容内容 nèiróng ◇ content(s) ◇ (the) substance

容 容 róng ◇ hold, contain, accommodate ◇ tolerate ◇ permit ◇ countenance, facial expression ◇ looks, appearance, capacity ◇ form, shape ◇ perhaps, maybe ◇ Rong (surname)

内在内在 nèizài ◇ intrinsic, internal, inherent (in contrast to wàizài 外在 "extrinsic, external")

在 在 zài ◇ in, on, at ◇ exist, be present, be alive ◇ be in a certain category or class (as in zài suǒ bùmiǎn 在所不免 "is [one of those things that is] unavoidable") ◇ Zai (surname)

嫩 嫩 nèn ◇ tender, delicate ◇ (of colour) light ◇ new, inexperienced

能 能 néng ◇ can ◇ be possible ◇ capable ◇ energy (such as in yuán-zǐnéng 原子能 "atomic energy")

能干能干 nénggàn ◇ be able/capable/competent

干 干 gàn ◇ do, manage, implement, handle, work, act ◇ cadre (short for gàn bù 幹部/干部) ◇ capable, able, talented, competent ◇ assume the office of, hold the post of, undertake (a job, task, etc.) ◇ trunk (of a tree), stem ◇ main part, most important part ◇ shaft (like of an arrow) ◇ trunk, main (like line of a railroad, stream)

能力能力 nénglì ◇ ability, capability

能量能量 néngliàng ◇ energy ◇ capacity, capability

能源能源 néngyuán ◇ source of energy, energy

你 你 nǐ ◇ you (second person, singular) ◇ one, anyone, a person

拟定拟定 nǐdìng ◇ draft, draw up (a plan, etc.)

拟 拟 nǐ ◇ intend, plan, propose ◇ to draft, draw up (like a plan) ◇ imitate ◇ guess, conjecture

定 定 dìng ◇ set (a date or deadline)

◇ decide, fix, determine, stipulate, establish ◇ settle, calm down; calm, stable, still ◇ (used like dìng 訂/订) order, subscribe to, book ◇ {written} definite(ly), sure(ly), certain(ly) ◇ Ding (surname)

逆行逆行 nìxíng ◇ go against traffic ◇ {astronomy} retrograde motion

年 年 nián ◇ year ◇ yearly, annual ◇ age ◇ period of life (like childhood, middle age) ◇ age, period (of history) ◇ harvest ◇ New Year, lunisolar New Year season ◇ (of special items) for the (lunisolar) New Year (like cakes, painting) ◇ (of friendship, etc.) between those who passed the Imperial examinations in the same year ◇ Nian (surname)

年代年代 niándài ◇ age, era, time, years, vintage ◇ decade of a century (as in bāshí niándài 八十年代 "the eighties")

年度年度 niándù ◇ year (like fiscal in contrast to calendar year)

年级年级 niánjí ◇ grade, year (in school)

级 级 jí ◇ grade, level, rank, class ◇ (of schools) year, grade, class, level ◇ (of stairs) a step ◇ {academic} degree ◇ {measure word}...step(s)/stage(s)/storey(s) of... (used for steps [of stairs], stages [of rockets], storeys/levels [of towers], etc.)

年纪年纪 niánjì ◇ age, years old (of a person)

纪 纪 jì ◇ discipline (as in the military) ◇ record, write down ◇ written record, annals, historical account ◇ {archaic} twelve-year period or cycle ◇ age, era, epoch, period ◇ Ji (ancient state in the area of present Jitai-cun, Shāndōng 山東/山东 Province) ◇ Ji (surname)

年龄年龄 niánlíng ◇ age (of a person, animal, plant)

龄 龄 líng ◇ age, years ◇ number of years, length of time, seniority

年轻年轻 niánqīng ◇ young (mostly referring to the teenage years)

轻 轻 qīng ◇ light (of weight, in contrast to zhòng 重 "heavy") ◇ light (like cavalry, artillery) ◇ small, minor (as in number, severity) ◇ light (like music) ◇ unimportant ◇ gentle, soft ◇ rashly, hastily ◇ look down upon, despise ◇ not take seriously, underestimate

念 唸 niàn ◇ read (aloud) ◇
read (books), study

鸟 鳥 niǎo ◇ bird

捏 捏 niē ◇ squeeze between
the fingers, pinch ◇ knead, mold, sha-
pe (with the hands) ◇ make up, fabri-
cate, concoct

您 您 nín ◇ you (polite form)
(can be plural in certain contexts, as in
您二位 nín èr wèi "the two of you")

凝固凝固 nínggù ◇ coagulate,
solidify (of liquid)
凝聚凝聚 níngjù ◇ {physics} conden-
se, produce condensation ◇ coagulate
◇ {figurative} make come together,
build (e.g., team strength)
凝视凝视 níngshì ◇ fix one's ga-
ze on, stare at
凝 凝 níng ◇ congeal, coagulate
◇ fixed, concentrated (i.e. attention,
thought)
视 视 shì ◇ look at, view, examine
◇ regard, consider, treat as, look upon as ◇ in-
spect, observe, watch, contrast, compare ◇ mo-
del oneself on, follow the example of ◇ {phy-
sics} apparent

宁可寧可 nìngkě ◇ rather, would ra-
ther

宁 甯 níng ◇ calm, quiet, peace-
ful, serene, tranquil ◇ {written} pacify,
appease, make peace ◇ {written} pay
a visit to one's parents ◇ Ning (another
name for the city of Nánjīng 南京)

可 可 kě ◇ may, can, -able, be al-
lowed to... ◇ possibly ◇ approve, agree ◇
need (to do), be worth (doing) ◇ {regional} do
as much as possible, make the most of ◇ {writ-
ten} recover, get well ◇ but, yet ◇ {gram-
mar} (as an emphatic adverb used in an excla-
matory sentence) really, indeed, finally; (ex-
pressing emphasis in a rhetorical question)...on
earth...?; (expressing doubt in a question) real-
ly, actually? ◇ fit, suit, be agreeable to ◇ Ke
(surname)

宁肯寧肯 nìngkěn ◇ rather,
would rather

肯 肯 kěn ◇ be willing to ◇ con-
sent to, agree to ◇ {regional} often, frequently
◇ {classical} flesh attached to bone

宁愿寧願 nìngyuàn ◇ would ra-

ther, would sooner; be prepared/wil-
ling to (pay some price in order to at-
tain a certain goal) || (usu. used in the
pattern nìngyuàn A yě bù B 寧願 A 也不
B / 宁愿 A 也不 B "would rather A than
B; prefer to A rather than to B"; or
nìngyuàn A yě (yào) B 寧願 A
也 (要) B / 宁愿 A 也 (要) B
愿 願 yuàn ◇ wish, desire ◇ be wil-
ling ◇ vow ◇ (I) wish that..., may...

拧 擰 níng ◇ twist, wring (dry)
◇ pinch, tweak

牛奶牛奶 niúnnǎi ◇ (cow's) milk

牛仔裤 牛仔褲 niúzáikù
◇ jeans, levis

牛仔牛仔 niúzái ◇ cowboy

裤 褲 kù ◇ pants, trousers, panties

扭转扭轉 niǔzhuǎn ◇ turn round,
upturn, turn upside down ◇ reverse,
turn back ◇ {physics} torsion, twist
扭 扭 niǔ ◇ turn (around, to
the side, away, etc.) ◇ twist, wrench,
contort ◇ sprain, strain (like one's ank-
le, a muscle, etc.) ◇ (of body move-
ments, gait, etc.) swing, sway ◇ seize,
grapple with, wrestle with ◇ twisted,
contorted, slanted

转 轉 zhuǎn ◇ shift, turn, shift,
change direction, transform ◇ change posts,
transfer (to another office, etc.) ◇ forward,
pass on

纽扣儿 紐扣兒 niǔkòur
◇ a button

纽 紐 niǔ ◇ handle, knob, but-
ton ◇ tie, bond ◇ {linguistics} the ini-
tial consonant (of a Chinese character)
◇ meat (of a melon seed, etc.) ◇ Niu
(surname) ◇ (short for Niǔxīlán 紐西
蘭/纽西兰) New Zealand

扣 扣 kòu ◇ button up, buckle ◇ tie,
fasten, bolt ◇ accuse unjustly, brand groundlessly,
frame ◇ detain, arrest, apprehend, take into custody
◇ impound ◇ take away ◇ deduct, discount ◇
withhold ◇ place (a container, vessel, etc.) upside
down ◇ cover (with an inverted container, vessel,
etc.) ◇ knot, loop ◇ a button, buckle ◇ {sports}
smash, spike (a ball)

农村農村 nóngcūn ◇ village,
countryside

农 農 nóng ◇ agriculture, far-

ming ◇ farmer, peasant ◇ farm ◇ diligent, hardworking ◇ official in charge of agriculture

村 村 cūn ◇ village, hamlet ◇ rustic, coarse, boorish

农历農曆 nónglì ◇ the lunisolar calendar, the traditional Chinese calendar (contrary to popular use, the Chinese calendar is not a "lunar" calendar, but a "lunisolar" calendar, because it synchronizes the lunar months with the solar year; the traditional Muslim calendar that does not have this synchronization is a genuine lunar calendar and is thus characterized by a month-by-month shifting of the seasons)

农民農民 nóngmín ◇ peasant, farmer ◇ peasantry

民 民 mín ◇ the people, populace

农业農業 nóngyè ◇ agriculture, farming

浓 濃 nóng ◇ thick, dense (in contrast to dàn 淡 "thin, light") ◇ (of soup, etc.) thick, thickened (with starch) ◇ (of coffee, tea, etc.) strong ◇ great extent or degree ◇ heavy dew
浓厚濃厚 nóng hòu ◇ thick, dense (of smoke, fog, clouds, etc.) ◇ strong, heavy (of coloring, consciousness, the atmosphere, etc.) ◇ great (of interest in sth)

厚 厚 hòu ◇ (of a wall, book, etc.) thick, (of snow) deep; (of cloth/clothing) thick/heavy ◇ (of feelings) deep, profound ◇ kind, magnanimous ◇ (of profits, rewards, remunerations, a gift) large, substantial, generous, handsome ◇ (of flavour) rich or strong ◇ treat favourably, give sb preferential treatment, enrich, make better ◇ Hou (surname)

弄 弄 nòng ◇ play with, fiddle with ◇ do, handle, fix ◇ get, fetch ◇ play (like tricks) ◇ play music ◇ act, perform

奴隶奴隸 núlì ◇ slave

奴 奴 nú ◇ slave ◇ {new usage, pejorative or humorous} person who has lost a certain kind of freedom (esp. sb who has to work hard to repay a loan) ◇ I, me (self-deprecatory term, later used by women, mostly seen in early vernacular writings) ◇ treat as a slave

隶 隸 lì ◇ be subordinate to ◇ person in servitude or bondage (like a servant, a slave) ◇ yamen runner ◇ "scribe style" of Chinese characters ◇ Li (surname)

努力努力 nǔlì ◇ exert oneself, make an effort, try hard, strive ◇ effort

暖和暖和 nuǎnhuo ◇ nice and warm ◇ warm (like oneself in front of a fire)

虐待虐待 nüèdài ◇ maltreat, abuse

挪 挪 nuó ◇ move, shift ◇ rub, knead ◇ move residence, resettle

女 女 nǚ ◇ woman, female ◇ girl, daughter ◇ {Chinese astronomy} Nǚ (Nǚ Xiù 女宿 "Nǚ constellation", one of the Èrshíbā Xiù 二十八宿 "28 Lunar Mansions of the Chinese zodiac")

女儿女儿 nǚ'ér ◇ daughter, girl ◇ unmarried woman ◇ virgin

儿 兒 ér ◇ child, baby, son (written as "r" when used as a suffix, indicates smallness [e.g., mào 帽兒/帽儿 "hat"]; after a verb/adjective turns it into a noun [e.g., chī 吃兒/吃儿 "eatables, food"]; added to a concrete noun turns it into an abstract noun [e.g., mén 門兒/门儿 "work"]; added to a noun to change its original meaning [e.g., báimiàn 白麵兒/白面儿 means "heroin", while báimiàn 白麵/白面 means "white flour"]; used as suffix to certain verbs [e.g., wán 玩兒/玩儿 "play"])

女士女士 nǚshì ◇ woman ◇ {formal} Ms., Miss (a form of address to a woman, married or unmarried)

O

哦 哦 o ◇ {interjection} oh!
(used to express understanding, or a sudden realization, etc.)

欧洲歐洲 Ōuzhōu ◇ Europe
欧 歐 Ōu ◇ {phonetic} Europe
◇ {unit of electrical resistance} Ohm
◇ Ou (surname)
洲 洲 zhōu ◇ continent ◇ islet,
sandbar

殴打毆打 ōudǎ ◇ beat, hit (people)
毆 毆 ōu ◇ beat, hit (people)
打 打 dǎ ◇ strike, hit, beat ◇
break, smash, wreck ◇ batter, attack, fight ◇
come into contact with, deal with (as in dǎ jiāo-
dao 打交道 "have dealings with") ◇ build,
construct ◇ forge (like a knife) ◇ pack (like
luggage) ◇ apply (like paint) ◇ make (like a
phone call) ◇ remove (as in the medical term
dǎchóng 打蟲/打虫 "deworm") ◇ knit, weave
◇ take/board (a train, plane) ◇ take/get/hire
(a taxi) ◇ ladle, fetch (like porridge, water) ◇
hunt/catch (as in dǎyú 打魚/打鱼 "catch fish")
◇ shoot (with a fire-arm) ◇ collect, gather

(like firewood) ◇ draft (a document, estimate,
etc.) ◇ do (like odd jobs) ◇ label as, charge
with ◇ fight (a war, battle) ◇ play (a game,
sport) ◇ buy ◇ be about, concern ◇ {collo-
quial} (used like cóng 從/从) from; (used like
cóng 從/从... qǐ 起) beginning at...

偶尔偶爾 ǒu'ěr ◇ occasionally, once
in a while, now and then
偶 偶 ǒu ◇ idol, image (made
of wood, clay, etc.) ◇ even (number)
◇ match, pair ◇ spouse ◇ accidental,
occasional, fortuitous ◇ Ou (surname)
尔 爾 ěr ◇ you; your ◇ like
this/that ◇ this/that ◇ only, merely,
just ◇ (used to transliterate final /r/ in
foreign loan-word syllables)
偶然偶然 ǒurán ◇ accidental, fortu-
itous, by chance, contingent, random,
casual
偶像偶像 ǒuxiàng ◇ {figurative}
idol ◇ (clay or wooden) idol

P

趴 趴 pā ◇ lie on one's stomach ◇ bend over

爬山爬山 páshān ◇ climb a mountain

拍 拍 pāi ◇ clap, pat, pound, beat, slap ◇ take (a photo), shoot (video, television), make (a film) ◇ send (a telegram, etc.) ◇ {colloquial} lick sb's boots, fawn on ◇ (of waves) beat, lash ◇ (of a bird) flap (the wings) ◇ {sports} racket, paddle ◇ {weaponry, historical} battering ram ◇ {music} beat, time ◇ auction (verb, short for pāimài 拍賣/拍卖)

徘徊徘徊 páihuái ◇ pace/move back and forth ◇ hesitate, linger ◇ fluctuate (of prices)

排斥排斥 páichì ◇ exclude, reject, discriminate against

排除排除 páichú ◇ remove, eliminate, dispose of, reject; removal, elimination, disposal, rejection

排队排队 páiduì ◇ line up, queue, form a line

排 排 pái ◇ line up ◇ arrange, put in order ◇ rank, be ranked (e.g., first, second, third) row, line, collection ◇ {military} platoon ◇ {measure word} ...row(s) of... (used for things lined up in a row, like houses, trees, marching columns, teeth, seats, etc.) ◇ rehearse (like a play or other performance) ◇ raft, floating bridge ◇ exclude, eliminate, reject, drain (water, etc.) ◇ push (open) ◇ {phonetic} pie

队 队 duì ◇ line-up (of people), queue ◇ {sports} team ◇ {music} band; orchestra ◇ {military} troop, column of soldiers ◇ {measure word}... column(s) of... (used for troops, and groups of people lined up in rows)

排放排放 páifàng ◇ lay/place in proper order ◇ (of pollutants) emission(s) ◇ discharge, dispose of, dump (pollutants, waste) ◇ ovulate, fertilize (of animals)

排练排练 páiliàn ◇ rehearse (a play, opera)

练 練 liàn ◇ white silk ◇ boil and

scour raw silk ◇ practice, drill, train, exercise ◇ skilled, experienced ◇ Lian (surname)

排列排列 páiliè ◇ arrange, put in order, rank ◇ {math} permutation

派 派 pài ◇ send/delegate (sb), assign (sb to a task or job), appoint ◇ group of people (with identical goals, ideas, style, taste, etc.); school (of thought, etc.), faction, clique, sect ◇ style, manner, bearing, air ◇ {regional} handsome, stylish ◇ {measure word}... group(s) of... (used for factions, [political] parties, schools [of thought], etc.); {measure word}... setting of... (preceded by yī 一, used for things said, atmosphere, etc., as in yī pài húyán 一派胡言 "a bunch of nonsense") ◇ {written} branch of a river ◇ {phonetic} pie (esp. in Taiwan, used to render the sound of the English word, as in píngguǒpài 蘋果派/苹果派 "apple pie"; in mainland China usually transliterated as 排)

派别派别 pàibié ◇ school, sect, faction, clique ◇ branch (of a river)

别 别 bié ◇ other, another, different ◇ depart, leave, separate ◇ {regional} change, turn around ◇ distinguish, differentiate ◇ distinction, difference ◇ category, type ◇ stick into, obstruct (sb/sth) ◇ trip (sb), cause to stumble ◇ block (another bike or other vehicle with one's own) ◇ (contraction of the prohibitive bùyào 不要) "don't...!" ◇ Bie (surname)

派遣派遣 pàiqiǎn ◇ dispatch, send (on a mission, etc.)

攀登攀登 pāndēng ◇ climb, scale

盘旋盘旋 pánxuán ◇ circle, spiral ◇ linger

盘 盤 pán ◇ plate, dish, tray, platter ◇ plate- or tray-shaped object ◇ {IT} disk, drive (as in CD, DVD, hard disk) ◇ market situation, quotation, current price ◇ check, examine, interrogate ◇ transfer, sell (e.g., the ownership of a business) ◇ move, transport (goods) ◇ coil, wind, twist, entwine ◇ construct (a brick kang or stove) ◇ {measure word} coil of (e.g., wire); (for cassette/video tapes); plate of (food); {measure word} game/set

of...(cards/chess/tennis) ◇ {history}
washbasin (in ancient times) ◇ Pan
(surname)

旋 旋 xuán ◇ revolve, rotate, spin ◇
return (home, etc.); go/come back ◇ circle,
ring, whorl ◇ place on the scalp where the hair
is whorled ◇ soon

盘子盘子 pánzi ◇ tray, plate ◇ tray
or plate-shaped thing ◇ market quota-
tion ◇ face ◇ programme, plan

子 子 zǐ ◇ son, child ◇ person ◇
(of melons, etc.) seed ◇ (of fowl, fish) egg, roe
◇ sth small and hard (pebble, bead, etc.) ◇
sub(ordinate) ◇ (in Chinese chess) a chess pie-
ce ◇ {history} viscount (the fourth of the five
ranks of nobility) ◇ {respectful address} mas-
ter, sir; Master... (suffix added to the names of
ancient philosophers, such as Kǒngzǐ 孔子
"Confucius", Mèngzǐ 孟子 "Mencius") ◇ zi (first
of the twelve Dìzhī 地支 "Earthly Branches") ◇
zi (11:00 p.m. to 1:00 a.m.; one of the twelve
two-hour periods in a day) ◇ Zi (surname)

判断判断 pànduàn ◇ decide, jud-
ge ◇ decision, judgment

判 判 pàn ◇ differentiate, dis-
tinguish, discriminate ◇ manifestly
(different) ◇ judge, decide ◇ sentence
(for punishment)

断 断 duàn ◇ break, interrupt ◇ cut
up (into smaller sections), cut off, sever ◇ ab-
stain from, stop, quit (like smoking) ◇ section,
paragraph, (text) passage ◇ judge, decide ◇
absolutely, definitely (often followed by a nega-
tive, as in duàn wú... 断无/断无... "absolutely
not...")

判决判决 pànjué ◇ make a le-
gal decision/decreed/judgment

决 决 jué ◇ decide, determine ◇
certainly, definitely (when preceding a negati-
ve) ◇ execute a criminal ◇ (of a dike, etc.)
burst, break ◇ {history} bone or ivory thumb-
guard worn by archers ◇ part, bid farewell ◇
knack, trick of the trade

畔 畔 pàn ◇ bank, side (of a ri-
ver, road, etc.) ◇ boundary between
fields ◇ confused, chaotic ◇ betray,
turn against

盼望盼望 pànwang ◇ hope for,
long for

庞大庞大 pángdà ◇ huge, enor-
mous, gigantic

庞 龐 páng ◇ huge, enormous,

gigantic ◇ numerous and disorderly ◇
messy ◇ the face ◇ Pang (surname)
大 大 dà ◇ big, large, great ◇
greatly, to a large extent, in a major way ◇ ma-
jor, important, main ◇ general ◇ strong, hea-
vy ◇ loud, high (like volume of sound, or sb's
voice) ◇ (of persons) old (i.e. of a certain age)
◇ the oldest (among two or more) ◇ adult, el-
der ◇ (as emphatic prefix) even on...(followed
by a time expression, as in dà Xīngqīrì 大星期日
"even on Sundays") ◇ (as honorific prefix)
your... ◇ (used for transcription of the syllable
-da- in foreign names) ◇ Da (surname)

旁边旁边 pángbiān ◇ side; on the
side

旁 旁 páng ◇ side ◇ other, else
◇ {Chinese linguistics} radical (on the
side/top of a Chinese character) ◇ wi-
de-ranging, extensive

边 邊 biān ◇ side ◇ border, edge,
fringe ◇ trim (as decoration) ◇ border, boun-
dary ◇ location, place ◇ Bian (surname)

胖 胖 pàng ◇ stout, plump, cor-
pulent, fat

抛弃抛弃 pāoqì ◇ abandon, forsake,
discard

抛 抛 pāo ◇ throw, toss ◇
abandon, desert, leave behind ◇ sell in
large quantities and/or at low prices,
dump

弃 棄 qì ◇ abandon, discard,
throw away ◇ forsake, forget ◇ put aside ◇
Qi (a personal name)

跑步跑步 pǎobù ◇ run ◇ jog ◇ jog-
ging

泡沫泡沫 pàomò ◇ froth, foam
◇ bubble

培训培训 péixùn ◇ train, culti-
vate ◇ training

培 培 péi ◇ train (people), cul-
tivate, foster, educate ◇ bank up, earth
up (plants growing in the ground, or a
dam)

训 訓 xùn ◇ lecture, admonish ◇
teach, instruct; teachings, instructions, precepts
◇ train; training ◇ norm, standard ◇ exege-
sis, explanations, interpretations

培养培养 péiyǎng ◇ train, bring
up, cultivate ◇ {biology} culture (of

bacteria)

养 養 yǎng ◇ support, care for (like a family), provide for ◇ raise, grow, keep, rear (animals, plants, etc.) ◇ acquire, contract, form (habits, etc.) ◇ nourish ◇ convalesce, recuperate ◇ refine, cultivate ◇ foster ◇ keep, maintain (in good shape/order) ◇ (of hair) let grow long ◇ Yang (a town during the Chūnqiū 春秋 Period [770-476 BCE] in Shenqiu, Hénán 河南 Province) ◇ Yang (surname)
培育 培育 péiyù ◇ grow, breed, foster, cultivate

赔偿 賠償 péicháng ◇ compensate, indemnify (for damages, loss, etc.) ◇ compensation, remedy

陪 陪 péi ◇ accompany, keep company ◇ assist

佩服 佩服 pèifu ◇ admire, respect ◇ pendant or similar adornment

配备 配備 pèibèi ◇ provide (manpower or materials/equipment), man, staff (an organization), equip, fit out ◇ deploy (troops), position ◇ equipment
配 配 pèi ◇ distribute according to plan, apportion ◇ match, combine, set off, harmonize with, be in harmony with, agree with ◇ make a match, join in marriage ◇ spouse, mate ◇ to mate (of animals) ◇ mix, blend (colours, medicine, etc.), compound ◇ find/make sth to fit or replace sth else ◇ deserve, qualify, suit, be worthy of ◇ exile, banish

备 備 bèi ◇ prepare, make ready ◇ make preparations, take precautions (against) ◇ have, be provided or equipped with, possess ◇ equipment, gear ◇ completely, fully, in every possible way ◇ perfect, complete
配合 配合 pèihé ◇ cooperate ◇ coordinate, act in concert ◇ be synchronized I (in the pronunciation pèihe: "go together, match")

配偶 配偶 pèi'ǒu ◇ spouse (often used in legal documents)

配套 配套 pèitào ◇ coordinated; complementary; accessory ◇ form a complete set ◇ fit a cover on

盆 盆 pén ◇ basin, tub, pot
盆地 盆地 péndì ◇ {geosciences} ba-

sin

烹饪 烹飪 pēngrèn ◇ cooking ◇ cook

朋友 朋友 péngyou ◇ friend

捧 捧 pěng ◇ hold in both hands ◇ (measure word for things held in both hands) ◇ praise, flatter

碰 碰 pèng ◇ bump, knock against ◇ meet, bump into ◇ try, take a chance

劈 劈 pǐ ◇ split, divide, separate ◇ break off, strip off ◇ injure the legs or fingers by spreading them too wide

批 批 pī ◇ go over (a document from a subordinate) and write comments on it, reply officially to a petition; go over and correct (homework) ◇ give written approval and instructions, approve, grant ◇ criticize ◇ wholesale ◇ {measure word}... batch(es) of..., ... stack(s) of..., ... group(s) of... (used for batches of goods, books, documents, and for groups of people of the same kind) ◇ {colloquial} untwisted fibres of cotton, flax, etc. in thin strips ready to be drawn and twisted ◇ {literary} slap, smack, box (the ears)

批发 批發 pīfā ◇ (sell) wholesale ◇ authorize (a document) for dispatch
发 發 fā ◇ issue, send out, distribute ◇ launch, discharge, shoot ◇ produce, generate ◇ leave for, set out for ◇ (preceding an adjective denoting a feeling like lǎn 懶/懶 "lazy", ruǎn 軟/软 "soft", rè 熱/热 "hot", etc.) feel..., grow..., get... ◇ (before an adjective of colour, taste, smell, etc.) appear..., be... -ish, be... -ly, be on the... side (like fāzǐ 發紫/发紫 "be purplish", fāchòu 發臭/发臭 "be smelly", fātián 發甜/发甜, "be on the sweet side", etc.) ◇ speak, utter ◇ become rich ◇ diffuse, disperse ◇ expose, open up ◇ start/begin (an action) ◇ {measure word}... round(s) of...(used for ammunition: shells, cartridges, rounds, projectiles, etc.)

批判 批判 pīpàn ◇ criticize, repudiate ◇ critique, repudiation

批评批评 pīpíng ◇ criticize ◇ criticism

评 评 píng ◇ comment, criticize ◇ judge, assess, evaluate

批准批准 pīzhǔn ◇ approve, authorize, grant, sign off on; ratify (a treaty)

披 披 pī ◇ drape over the shoulders, wear, hang (like decorations) ◇ open (like a book, map), spread out, unroll ◇ split (like bamboo, wood) ◇ scatter, disperse ◇ browse, peruse

啤酒啤酒 píjiǔ ◇ beer

疲惫疲惫 píbèi ◇ extremely tired, exhausted ◇ push to exhaustion

疲 疲 pí ◇ tired, weary, run-down

惫 惫 bèi ◇ tired, weary, exhausted, fatigued

疲倦疲倦 píjuàn ◇ tired, weary, sleepy

疲劳疲劳 píláo ◇ tired, weary ◇ fatigue

劳 劳 láo ◇ work, labour, toil ◇ (preceding a request) "may I trouble you..." ◇ fatigue ◇ service, meritorious deed ◇ Lao (surname)

皮肤皮膚 pífū ◇ skin

皮 皮 pí ◇ skin, rind, peel, surface tissue ◇ leather, hide, fur ◇ (often pí 皮兒/皮儿) cover, wrapper ◇ (often pí 皮兒/皮儿) surface ◇ (often pí 皮兒/皮儿) thin sheet ◇ hard, tenacious ◇ (of crisp food) become soft/soggy (from dampness) ◇ naughty ◇ (after being repeatedly scolded or punished) hardened, no longer care ◇ rubber ◇ {math} pico- ◇ Pi (surname)

肤 肤 fū ◇ skin ◇ superficial, shallow ◇ {written} (of achievements, etc.) fine, admirable, great, outstanding, extraordinary ◇ finely diced meat

皮革皮革 pígé ◇ leather

皮鞋皮鞋 píxié ◇ leather shoes

脾气脾氣 píqì ◇ disposition, temperament ◇ bad temper, irritability

脾 脾 pí ◇ spleen

气 氣 qì ◇ gas, air ◇ power ◇ vi-

gour, spirit ◇ weather, climate ◇ thin clouds ◇ make angry ◇ get angry ◇ fate, destiny ◇ {Chinese philosophy} formative or creative spirit ◇ {Chinese med} qi, vital energy; functions (of internal organs); symptom (of a disease); nutrition

匹 疋 pǐ ◇ {measure word} (for a bolt of silk or cloth)

屁股屁股 pìgu ◇ (of humans) buttocks, butt, behind ◇ (of animals) rump, hindquarters ◇ butt (of a cigarette, cigar), tail (of a car)

譬如譬如 pìrú ◇ for instance, for example

偏差偏差 piānchā ◇ error, deviation ◇ declination, variation

偏见偏見 piānjiàn ◇ prejudice, bias

偏 偏 piān ◇ leaning, inclined to one side ◇ be biased or prejudiced ◇ {formal} have already (eaten, had tea, etc.) ◇ just out of spite, deliberately, contrary to expectation ◇ it would have to happen that..., it's the hard fact that..., as luck would have it ◇ remote and deserted ◇ {historical, military} a military unit of twenty-five chariots or foot soldiers in ancient times

见 見 jiàn ◇ see, perceive ◇ be exposed to, come in contact with, meet with, call on ◇ show evidence of, appear/seem to be ◇ view, opinion, understanding ◇ {written} (as a particle, when preceding a verb indicates the passive voice, or the request towards sb to do sth for the writer)

偏僻偏僻 piānpì ◇ secluded, remote, out-of-the-way

偏偏偏偏 piānpiān ◇ it would have to happen that..., it's the hard fact that..., as luck would have it ◇ deliberately, wilfully, insistently, perversely ◇ just, none other than

篇 篇 piān ◇ essay, written work ◇ sheet of paper (with writing on it) ◇ {measure word} (used for writings like essays, articles, manuscripts, etc.) ◇ {measure word}... sheet(s)/page(s) (used for a sheet or page of a book, etc.)

便宜便宜 piányi ◇ cheap, inexpensive
 ◇ benefit, advantage (mostly unexpected, uncalled for, or undeserved) ◇ let (sb) get off easy (like without punishment), let (sb) get away with sth too easily ◇ let (sb) make off with (an undeserved benefit)

片 片 piàn ◇ (flat and thin) piece (of sth), slice, flake ◇ movie, film ◇ sub-area/sub-section of a larger place ◇ cut into slices, slice (mostly meat) ◇ fragment; fragmentary, partial, brief, incomplete ◇ {measure word}...
 slice(s) of...,... stretch(es) of...,... feeling(s) of...(used for a flat piece of sth, like a tablet of medicine, a slice of bread; a section of land, water; for scenery, prevailing mood, sound, language, feeling, etc.)
 片断片断 piànduàn ◇ piece, fragment, passage ◇ fragmentary, piecemeal
 片刻片刻 piànkè ◇ very short time, moment, instant
 片面片面 piànmiàn ◇ unilateral ◇ one-sided

骗 骗 piàn ◇ deceive, fool (by lies, tricks, etc.); kid, pull (sb's) leg ◇ swindle, cheat (sb)

漂浮漂浮 piāofú ◇ float, drift (literally or figuratively) ◇ superficial, shallow, slipshod
 漂亮漂亮 piàoliang ◇ good-looking, attractive, pretty, handsome ◇ (used to praise the way sb does sth) nice, outstanding, brilliant, splendid

飘 飘 piāo ◇ flutter, float (like flags, snowflakes) ◇ whirlwind ◇ ◇ [P-] Gone With the Wind (1936 novel by Margaret Mitchell and 1939 film based on the novel)
 飘扬飘扬 piāoyáng ◇ flutter, fly (like of a flag in the wind)

票 票 piào ◇ ticket ◇ ballot, vote ◇ bank note, (dollar, etc.) bill ◇

hostage held for ransom

撇 撇 piě ◇ throw, toss, cast, fling ◇ pout the lips (as a sign of disapproval, displeasure, disdain, etc.) ◇ {calligraphy} diagonal/slanting stroke ◇ {measure word} (used for things shaped like slanting strokes, e.g., eyebrows, moustache)

丿 丿 piě ◇ left-falling stroke (in writing Chinese characters, radical 4)

拼搏拼搏 pīnbó ◇ fight relentlessly, struggle hard, go all out, exert oneself to the utmost, strive for success (in a good sense, like of athletes) Ⅱ (same as pīnbó 拚搏)
 拼命拼命 pīnmìng ◇ be prepared to risk one's life ◇ to the utmost, with all one's might, like crazy
 拼音拼音 pīnyīn ◇ spell phonetically; phonetic transcription ◇ Pinyin (the romanized transcription of Mainland China for Chinese, now being used worldwide)

贫乏贫乏 pínfá ◇ poor, impoverished ◇ poor, lacking, deficient
 贫 贫 pín ◇ poor
 乏 乏 fá ◇ lack; be lacking, wanting; be short of ◇ tired, fatigued, weary ◇ {dialect} exhausted, worn out, spent; useless, worthless
 贫困贫困 pínkùn ◇ poor, impoverished ◇ poverty
 困 困 kùn ◇ be hard pressed, stranded ◇ surround, besiege ◇ deprived, poor, weary, tired, exhausted ◇ {divination} kun (one of the sixty-four hexagrams in the Yì-jīng 易经/易经 "Book of Changes")

频道频道 píndào ◇ channel (on radio, TV)

频 频 pín ◇ frequently ◇ frequency ◇ critical, desperate ◇ knit the brows ◇ side by side

道 道 dào ◇ way, path, road ◇ line ◇ method ◇ morality, virtue, ethics ◇ {philosophy} doctrine, principle (of learning/religion/ethics), course, (the right) orientation, justice; Daoism (Taoism) ◇ superstitious sect ◇ {measure word} (used for narrow long shapes)

like rays, lightning, scars, door(way)s; for walls, instructions, [math] problems, [test] questions, courses or dishes of a dinner, steps in a procedure, coats of paint, times, repetitions, etc.) ◇ speak, say ◇ suppose, think ◇ Dao (surname) ◇ {admin} (during the Táng 唐 Dynasty) prefecture; (in Japan) prefecture (like Běihǎidào 北海道 "Hokkaidō"); (in North Korea) province ◇ {unit of measure} used for hūnmǐ 忽米 "centimillimetre, one hundredth of a mm, cmm" 频繁 頻繁 pínfán ◇ be frequent ◇ frequently 繁 繁 fán ◇ complex, complicated (in contrast to jiǎn 簡/简 "simple") ◇ busy ◇ numerous (and various) ◇ (of livestock, etc.) procreate, multiply 频率 頻率 pínlǜ ◇ {physics} frequency ◇ {statistics} frequency 率 率 shuài ◇ lead, guide ◇ command (troops) ◇ cursory, rash ◇ candid, frank, straightforward ◇ follow, observe ◇ usually, generally, for the most part ◇ (of handwriting, movements, etc.) graceful, beautiful ◇ net for catching animals ◇ Shuai (surname)

品尝 品尝 pǐncháng ◇ savour, sample 品 品 pǐn ◇ article, product, commodity ◇ class, grade, rank ◇ quality ◇ variety, type, kind ◇ moral character ◇ size up, appraise, comment, criticize ◇ taste (sth with discrimination), taste-test, sample, savour ◇ {written} play (wind instruments, esp. the vertical bamboo flute xiāo 簫/箫) ◇ Pin (surname) 尝 尝 cháng ◇ taste, try (the flavour of sth), sample ◇ experience, taste, come to know ◇ ever, once 品德 品德 pǐndé ◇ moral character, personal character 品质 品質 pǐnzhì ◇ character, quality (of a person) ◇ quality (of a commodity, etc.) 质 質 zhì ◇ quality ◇ nature, character ◇ matter, material, substance ◇ ask questions, interrogate ◇ to pawn ◇ a pledge, security (person or thing) ◇ {history} hostage (feudal ruler's sons sent to live in each other's countries) ◇ Zhi (surname) 品种 品種 pǐnzhǒng ◇ variety, species, breed ◇ kind, sort, type (of product) 种 種 zhǒng ◇ type, kind ◇ {biology} species ◇ (of people) race ◇ seed, breed, strain ◇ guts, nerve, courage ◇ {measure

word}... type(s) of..., kind(s) of... (used for things of a certain type, style, kind, sort [often not translated]) ◇ Zhong (surname)

乒乓球 乒乓球 pīngpāngqiú ◇ ping-pong, table tennis ◇ ping-pong ball, table tennis ball

凭 憑 píng ◇ depend/rely on ◇ on the basis of, by, with (sth as proof/documentation/grounds) ◇ by, by virtue of, on the strength of, with (the help of some quality/attribute/power); (going) according to, going by, with (sth as a guide for one's action) ◇ no matter (how, what, where, when, etc.) ◇ proof, evidence ◇ {written} lean on/against, prop/support oneself on ◇ Ping (surname)

屏幕 屏幕 píngmù ◇ display, screen (like TV screen, LED screen, computer screen) 屏障 屏障 píngzhàng ◇ screen, barrier (like a mountain range, islands) ◇ protection

平 平 píng ◇ flat, level, even, smooth ◇ flatten, level, smooth out, make even ◇ be on the same level, at par ◇ equal, impartial, fair, just ◇ calm, peaceful ◇ suppress, quell (an uprising, rebellion, etc.) ◇ average, common, usual, ordinary ◇ {Chinese chess} traverse (from one file to another) ◇ Ping (surname) 平安 平安 píng'ān ◇ safe, well, peaceful, tranquil ◇ Ping'an (county, Qīnghǎi 青海 Province) 平常 平常 píngcháng ◇ ordinary, common ◇ ordinarily, usually 平等 平等 píngděng ◇ equal ◇ equality 平凡 平凡 píngfán ◇ ordinary, common 平方 平方 píngfāng ◇ {math} square 平衡 平衡 pínghéng ◇ equilibrium, balance ◇ balanced 平静 平靜 píngjìng ◇ calm, tranquil, quiet 静 靜 jìng ◇ still, calm ◇ quiet ◇

clean ◇ Jing (surname)

平均平均 píngjūn ◇ average,
mean ◇ on average ◇ equally (divi-
ded, distributed, etc.)

平面平面 píngmiàn ◇ {math} pla-
ne; flat surface; in two dimensions

平时平时 píngshí ◇ ordinarily,
usually; (in contrast to the weekend)
on weekdays ◇ ordinary times; peace-
time

时 時 shí ◇ time ◇ when, at (a
certain time) ◇ o'clock (written form) ◇ cur-
rent, present ◇ at that time ◇ occasionally,
now and then; at times, sometimes (in the pat-
tern 時...時...) ◇ Shi (surname)

平坦平坦 píngtǎn ◇ smooth, le-
vel, even (mostly of land)

平行平行 píngxíng ◇ parallel, of
equal rank, on an equal footing, of the
same level ◇ {math} parallel ◇ simul-
taneous, concurrent ◇ {grammar} (of
structure) parallel

平庸平庸 píngyōng ◇ common-
place, mediocre, banal

平原平原 píngyuán ◇ plain ◇
flatlands

瓶子瓶子 píngzi ◇ bottle, vase, jar

苹果蘋果 píngguǒ ◇ apple

评估評估 pínggū ◇ estimate,
assess, appraise

评 評 píng ◇ comment, criticize
◇ judge, assess, evaluate

估 估 gū ◇ estimate, appraise,
conjecture, reckon, assess ◇ merchant, trader
◇ price

评价評價 píngjià ◇ appraise,
evaluate ◇ appraisal, evaluation

评论評論 pínglùn ◇ comment,
criticize ◇ comment, criticism

坡 坡 pō ◇ a slope ◇ sloping
◇ Singapore

泼 潑 pō ◇ sprinkle, splash ◇
rude and unreasonable ◇ bold, vigo-
rous ◇ {abusive} (you) villain, scound-
rel

颇 頗 pō ◇ lean to one side ◇
inclined to one side, oblique, partial ◇

very, rather, quite

破 破 pò ◇ broken, damaged
◇ break, damage ◇ tear ◇ split, cut
◇ break, change (money) ◇ destroy,
eradicate ◇ defeat (the enemy)

破产破產 pòchǎn ◇ go bankrupt
(literally or figuratively)

产 產 chǎn ◇ (variant of chǎn 產/产)
give birth to, bear ◇ produce, manufacture,
yield ◇ the product, the produce ◇ an estate,
property, possessions

破坏破壞 pòhuài ◇ destroy (building,
structure, etc.) ◇ damage, wreck (like somebo-
dy's reputation) ◇ change, transform (social
system, customs, etc.) ◇ break, violate (regula-
tions, treaty, etc.) ◇ decompose (a substance)
◇ sabotage/destruction/violation

坏 壞 huài ◇ bad, wicked, evil ◇ de-
fective, broken down, not working, dysfunc-
tional ◇ break down, go bad ◇ become spo-
iled/ruined, rot ◇ (as an intensifier after certain
verbs)... to the extreme, badly, awfully, very (as
in èhuài le 餓壞了/饿坏了 "very hungry") ◇
(dirty) trick; evil idea

破例破例 pòlì ◇ make an exception
(to established practice)

迫 迫 pò ◇ force, compel ◇
urgent, pressing ◇ urge, press ◇ ap-
proach, be close to

不 不 bù ◇ not ◇ no

及 及 jí ◇ and; up to... (conjunc-
tion joining two nouns or phrases, with the se-
cond being of less importance) ◇ reach, attain,
come up to; be equal to, match ◇ in time ◇
{written} take into consideration/account ◇ Ji
(surname)

待 待 dài ◇ wait (for), await ◇
need, require ◇ be about to, going to, planning
to ◇ treat, deal with ◇ host, entertain (guests)
◇ when, by the time...

迫害迫害 pòhài ◇ persecute (mostly poli-
tically)

迫切迫切 pòqiè ◇ urgent, pressing

魄力魄力 pòlì ◇ bold and spirited,
resolute and vigorous (style of work)

扑 撲 pū ◇ pounce upon ◇
do wholeheartedly, devote oneself (to
one's work, etc.) ◇ attack, rush at,
swoop down on ◇ flap (like wings),
pat (powder on) ◇ touch ◇ (gently)
touch ◇ bend over (e.g., one's desk)

葡萄葡萄 pútáo ◇ grape(s)

普遍普遍 pǔbiàn ◇ universal, general, widespread, common, ubiquitous

普及普及 pǔjí ◇ popularize (knowledge, technology, a method, etc.), disseminate, publicize; spread, become widespread/common; (of education) make universal, universalize ◇ be popular, be widespread (in use), be widely adopted, be common practice, be commonplace; (of education) be universal ◇ spread to

普通话 普通話 pǔtōnghuà ◇ putonghua, common speech (of the Chinese language), standard Chinese

普通普通 pǔtōng ◇ common, ordinary, plain, average

话 話 huà ◇ words, talk (spoken or written) ◇ talk about, discuss ◇ speech, language ◇ tell, instruct

朴实樸實 pǔshí ◇ simple, plain ◇ honest

朴素樸素 pǔsù ◇ plain, simple (of

clothing, life-style, etc.) ◇ simple and slow of speech

朴 樸 pǔ ◇ plain and simple, honest, unadorned, sincere ◇ bark (of a tree) ◇ uncarved or unworked wood ◇ original nature, inherent quality

素 素 sù ◇ white (colour) ◇ plain, solid (colour) ◇ vegetable (dish, in contrast to hūn 葷/荤 "non-vegetarian") ◇ native, fundamental (disposition, etc.) ◇ element, factor ◇ usually, always ◇ nominal (either having a position but no title or having a title but no actual position) ◇ white silk

曝光 曝光 bàoguāng ◇ {photography} expose ◇ exposure ◇ expose, lay bare, make public (dishonorable actions) ‖ (in Taiwan, pronounced pùguāng)

瀑布瀑布 pùbù ◇ waterfall

铺 鋪 pū ◇ spread out, lay out, unfold ◇ lay (a road, railroad) ◇ make (a bed) ◇ {measure word, dialect} (used for a kàng 炕 [the brick bed warmed by a fire underneath, common in northern China])

Q

七七 qī ◇ seven, 7 ◇ {Buddhism} sacrifices held every seven days after death until the forty-ninth day ◇ rhyming prose ◇ Qi (surname)

凄凉凄凉 qīliáng ◇ (of a place/scene) dreary, bleak, desolate ◇ (of a person's life, one's old age, etc.) sad and forlorn, miserable; despair, misery
妻子妻子 qīzi ◇ wife

期待期待 qīdài ◇ await, look forward to ◇ expectation
期间期间 qījiān ◇ period (of time) ◇ time ◇ during the time of
期期 qī ◇ term, period of time ◇ phase/stage (of a project) ◇ scheduled time, set time ◇ {measure word}... issue(s) of...,... class(es) of... (used for things produced periodically, like issues of a magazine/newspaper, and for classes of students) ◇ set up/schedule (an appointment, etc.) ◇ expect, await, hope (for), anticipate, look forward to ◇ Qi (surname)
间间 jiān ◇ among, between ◇ interval; within a defined time/space ◇ room ◇ {measure word} (used for rooms)
期望期望 qīwàng ◇ expect, hope ◇ expectation, hope
期限期限 qīxiàn ◇ time limit, deadline

欺负欺负 qīfu ◇ bully, take advantage of
欺欺 qī ◇ deceive, cheat ◇ bully, humiliate, take advantage of
负负 fù ◇ carry, shoulder, bear, take up (a burden or responsibility) ◇ a burden ◇ carry on one's back or shoulder ◇ rely on, count on, have at one's back ◇ suffer, sustain (like an injury) ◇ have, enjoy (like a good reputation) ◇ be indebted, have an obligation, owe ◇ turn one's back on, betray, disappoint, fail (in one's obligation/duty) ◇ be defeated, lose (in a game, fight, etc; in contrast to shèng 胜/胜 "win") ◇ {math, physics, electrical/electronics} negative, minus (in contrast to zhèng 正 "positive", "plus") ◇ {written} (used like bù 不 no, not)
欺骗欺骗 qīpiàn ◇ deceive, cheat
骗骗 piàn ◇ deceive, fool (by lies, tricks, etc.); kid, pull (sb's) leg ◇ swindle,

cheat (sb)

其次其次 qícì ◇ next (in order, importance, etc.) ◇ secondary
其实其实 qíshí ◇ actually, as a matter of fact, in reality
其其 qí ◇ his, her, its, their ◇ he, she, it, they ◇ that, such ◇ this... ◇ Qi (surname)
实实 shí ◇ real, true, authentic, actual, honest, sincere ◇ solid, full ◇ reality, truth, fact ◇ surely, for sure ◇ fruit, seed ◇ {Chinese med} excessiveness (one of the bā-gāng 八綱/八纲 "eight principal syndromes") ◇ goods, materials ◇ wealth, riches ◇ Shi (surname)
其他其他 qítā ◇ other, else
其余其余 qíyú ◇ the rest, the remaining, the others
其中其中 qízhōng ◇ among them, of which ◇ in it, within it

奇怪奇怪 qíguài ◇ strange, odd ◇ unexpected
奇迹奇蹟 qíjì ◇ (variant of qíjì 奇跡/奇迹) miracle, wonder, marvel
奇妙奇妙 qímiào ◇ wonderful, marvelous

旗袍旗袍 qípáo ◇ Chinese slit dress
旗帜旗幟 qízhì ◇ flag, banner, pennant ◇ model, example ◇ rallying point
旗旗 qí ◇ flag, banner, pennant ◇ of or pertaining to the Eight Banners (Bāqí, of the Manchus) ◇ banner (county level administrative division in Nèi Měnggǔ Zìzhìqū 內蒙古自治區/內蒙古自治区 "Inner Mongolia Autonomous Region") ◇ Qi (surname)
帜幟 zhì ◇ flag, pennant ◇ a sign
歧视歧視 qíshì ◇ discriminate against; discrimination
歧歧 qí ◇ fork, branch (of a road) ◇ different
视视 shì ◇ look at, view, examine ◇ regard, consider, treat as, look upon as ◇ inspect, observe, watch, contrast, compare ◇ model oneself on, follow the example of ◇ {physics} apparent

骑騎 qí ◇ ride (astride, like on a bicycle, horse) ◇ junction, meeting point of two things ◇ cavalry hor-

se ◇ cavalry soldier

齐全齊全 qíquán ◇ complete, comprehensive; ready

齐 齊 qí ◇ even, neat, in (good) order ◇ (at) the same level or height ◇ the same, equal, identical ◇ together, at the same time, in unison ◇ ready, complete ◇ make even, even out, come up to ◇ {history} Qi (state during the Zhou Dynasty in the area of present northern Shāndōng 山東/山东 Province and southeastern Héběi 河北); Qi (the Southern Qi Dynasty [479-502 CE]); Qi (the Northern Qi Dynasty [550-577 CE]); Qi (kingdom established through the peasant rebellion of Huáng Cháo 黃巢/黄巢 toward the end of the Táng 唐 Dynasty [618-907 CE]) ◇ {metal} alloy (in this meaning originally pronounced jì) ◇ Qi (surname)

全 全 quán ◇ complete, total ◇ whole, entire, all ◇ completely, totally, entirely ◇ Quan (surname)

齐心协力 齊心協力 qíxīnxiélì ◇ work as one

心 心 xīn ◇ heart ◇ mind, feelings ◇ centre, middle, core ◇ {Chinese astronomy} Xin (one of the Èrshíbā Xiù 二十八宿 "28 Lunar Mansions of the Chinese zodiac") ◇ {physiology} heart (as one of the wǔzàng 五臟/五脏 "five vital organs")

协 協 xié ◇ common, joint, mutual ◇ help, assist, aid ◇ in harmony, in concert ◇ union (of shops, colleges, etc.) ◇ regiment of troops (during the Qīng 清 Dynasty)

力 力 lì ◇ force, power, strength, ability ◇ physical strength ◇ do with all one's might ◇ contribution, service ◇ conscripted laborer ◇ Li (surname)

乞丐乞丐 qǐgài ◇ beggar

企图企圖 qǐtú ◇ {derogatory} attempt, try (and mostly fail) ◇ attempt, design

企 企 qǐ ◇ business, enterprise ◇ stand on tiptoe ◇ await eagerly, long for

图 圖 tú ◇ picture, drawing, illustration, chart, map, diagram ◇ intention, plan, scheme; seek, covet, pursue ◇ law, standard ◇ TU (Soviet Tupolev aircraft-designator followed by digits) ◇ Tu (surname)

企业企業 qǐyè ◇ enterprise, business, firm, company ◇ (the) industry 业 業 yè ◇ line of business, trade, industry ◇ occupation, profession, employment, job ◇ school work, course of study ◇ cause, undertaking, enterprise ◇ estate, property ◇ {Buddhism} karma ◇ {written} engage in ◇ {written} already

启程啟程 qǐchéng ◇ start on a journey

启 啓 qǐ ◇ (variant of qǐ 啟/启) open ◇ begin, initiate, start ◇ enlighten, inform ◇ inform, state ◇ note, short and informal letter ◇ character used with one's signature at the end of a letter ◇ right flank (of a military formation) ◇ Qi (surname)

程 程 chéng ◇ journey, trip; stage of a journey, distance traveled ◇ rule, regulation, law ◇ process, procedure, order, sequence, rate, limit ◇ pattern, formula ◇ measure, calculate, estimate ◇ Cheng (ancient state in the area of present Shǎnxī 陝西/陕西 Province) ◇ Cheng (surname)

启发啟發 qǐfā ◇ enlighten, inspire, arouse ◇ enlightenment, inspiration

启发啟發 qǐfā ◇ enlighten, inspire, arouse ◇ enlightenment, inspiration

启蒙啟蒙 qǐméng ◇ impart rudimentary knowledge to beginners; initiate ◇ enlighten

蒙 蒙 méng ◇ cover (like sb's eyes) ◇ meet with, incur, suffer, encounter ◇ ignorant; ignorance ◇ {divination} Meng (one of the sixty-four hexagrams in the Yìjīng 易經/易经 "Book of Changes") ◇ Meng (surname)

启事啟事 qǐshì ◇ announcement, statement, notice

事 事 shì ◇ affair, matter, thing ◇ incident, event ◇ accident, trouble, untoward event ◇ business ◇ work, function ◇ job, occupation ◇ concerned with, involved in, responsible for ◇ serve, attend to ◇ do, carry out, be engaged in

启示啟示 qǐshì ◇ enlighten, inspire ◇ enlightenment, inspiration

示 示 shì ◇ show, display ◇ instruct, demonstrate

岂有此理 豈有此理 qǐyǒucǐlǐ ◇ absurd, outrageous

岂 豈 qǐ ◇ {grammar} a rhetorical question particle ◇ an emphatic particle when issuing an order

起草起草 qǐcǎo ◇ make a rough draft
 起初起初 qǐchū ◇ initially, originally, at first
 起床起床 qǐchuáng ◇ get up, rise (in the morning), get out of bed
 起飞起飞 qǐfēi ◇ take off (literally of an aircraft or figuratively of a business, etc.)
 起 起 qǐ ◇ rise, stand up ◇ (as a verb suffix) begin to..., start to... ◇ give rise to (e.g., change) ◇ exert (e.g., influence) ◇ give (a name) ◇ {measure word}... case(s) of...,... instance(s) of... (used for criminal cases, lawsuits, disputes, fires, accidents, murders, burglaries, etc.)
 飞 飞 fēi ◇ (of birds, airplanes, etc.) fly ◇ hover, soar or flutter in the air ◇ swiftly, quickly, rapidly ◇ volatilize, be vaporized ◇ (of disaster, misfortune, examination) unexpected, sudden, random; (of slander) baseless, unfounded ◇ {colloquial} throw (sth) at (sb) ◇ {regional} (of a bicycle) free-wheel
 起伏起伏 qǐfú ◇ undulate ◇ go up and down, rise and fall ◇ prosperity and decline
 起哄起哄 qǐhòng ◇ create a disturbance (of a gathering of people) ◇ jeer, hoot
 起来起来 qǐlái ◇ stand up, get to one's feet ◇ get up, get out of bed ◇ rise (up), arise, revolt
 来 来 lái ◇ come, come hither ◇ arrive (of seasons, etc.) ◇ arise, crop up (of problems, etc.) ◇ cause to come, let come, I'll have... (used in ordering in a restaurant) ◇ cause to arrive or take place ◇ for the past (amount of time) ◇ in order to (take some action) ◇ (following numbers) approximately ◇ (verb suffix) ◇ Lai (surname)
 起码起码 qǐmǎ ◇ minimum, elementary ◇ at the minimum, at least
 码 码 mǎ ◇ symbol ◇ number ◇ code ◇ {finance} 0.25% increment (used for lowering/raising interest rates)
 起源起源 qǐyuán ◇ origin ◇ originate (from), be the source of

器材器材 qìcái ◇ equipment, materials and equipment
 器官器官 qìguān ◇ organ (of the body)

气氛气氛 qìfēn ◇ atmosphere ◇ misty clouds
 气 氣 qì ◇ gas, air ◇ power ◇ vigour, spirit ◇ weather, climate ◇ thin clouds ◇ make angry ◇ get angry ◇ fate, destiny ◇ {Chinese philosophy} formative or creative spirit ◇ {Chinese med} qi, vital energy; functions (of internal organs); symptom (of a disease); nutrition
 氛 氛 fēn ◇ {figurative} (good) atmosphere/mood ◇ {archaic} bad omen, foreboding
 气概氣概 qìgài ◇ spirit, heroic manner, lofty quality, mettle
 概 概 gài ◇ general, approximate ◇ all, without exception, categorically, absolutely ◇ the manner, deportment, the bearing/carrying of oneself ◇ {written} the circumstances, scene, situation
 气功氣功 qìgōng ◇ qigong (a type of exercise using meditation/concentration or slow movements and breathing to improve health) ◇ qi technique (in martial arts)
 功 功 gōng ◇ accomplishment, achievement, feat, good result; success, merit, meritorious deed/service, contribution (in contrast to guò 過/过 "mistake, fault, error") ◇ skill, technique ◇ {physics} (technical) work
 气候氣候 qìhòu ◇ climate (literally or figuratively) ◇ success, achievement
 候 候 hòu ◇ wait, await, expect ◇ visit, inquire after ◇ {dialect} treat, pick up the cheque ◇ time, period, season ◇ (of an ongoing process, or a situation in flux) condition, state ◇ {Chinese calendar} pentad (a period of five days, three of which constitute a jiéqì 節氣/节气 "solar term") ◇ {admin, archaic} official in charge of protocol ◇ {archaic} frontier lookout post
 气魄氣魄 qìpò ◇ spiritedness, boldness of vision
 魄 魄 pò ◇ soul ◇ spirit, vigour, vitality
 气色氣色 qìsè ◇ look, complexion, colour
 色 色 sè ◇ colour ◇ look, expression, countenance ◇ kind, type, sort ◇ scene, sight, view ◇ (of merchandise, gold, etc.) quality, purity ◇ (mostly of women) good looks, attractive appearance ◇ sex, eroticism
 气势氣勢 qìshì ◇ imposing manner/air/appearance (of a person or thing, e.g., a mountain/building/painting/etc.; often described as majes-

tic/grand/mighty/aggressive/etc.); momentum, force, vigour, strength, energy, drive

气味氣味 qìwèi ◇ flavour, smell, odor ◇ taste (mostly derogatory) ◇ frame of mind

味 味 wèi ◇ taste, flavour ◇ smell ◇ interest, fun ◇ savour and appreciate ◇ {measure word} (used for ingredients of Chinese medicine)

气象氣象 qìxiàng ◇ meteorological phenomena (like lightning, thunder) ◇ meteorology ◇ atmosphere

象 象 xiàng ◇ elephant ◇ elephant's tusk, ivory ◇ imitate ◇ appearance, image ◇ sign, indication ◇ symbolize ◇ phenomenon, manifestation ◇ {Chinese chess} Ministers/War Elephants, Elephants (on the black side) ◇ xiang (dance) ◇ Xiang (surname)

气压氣壓 qìyā ◇ barometric pressure, atmospheric pressure, air pressure
气质氣質 qìzhì ◇ qualities (of a person), attributes, makings ◇ disposition, temperament ◇ (esp. in the phrase yǒu qìzhì 有氣質/有气质) elegance, sophistication, refinement, "class"

汽油汽油 qìyóu ◇ gasoline

迄今迄今 qìjīn ◇ up to now
为止 為止 wéizhǐ ◇ (following the specification of a certain point in time or date) until... (usually used in the construction dào... wéizhǐ 到...為止/到...为止 "until...")

为 爲 wéi ◇ be, mean ◇ serve as, act as ◇ become, turn ◇ do, act ◇ seem, appear ◇ by ◇ Wei (surname)
止 止 zhǐ ◇ stop, cease ◇ block, obstruct, cause to stop ◇ to, till ◇ only ◇ stay, dwell

招 招 qiā ◇ pinch, nip ◇ seize, clutch ◇ count on the fingers ◇ tiny amount ◇ {measure word} for sth that can be held in the hand (like a bunch of flowers)

恰当恰當 qiàdàng ◇ proper, suitable, appropriate
恰 恰 qià ◇ proper, suitable, appropriate ◇ just, exactly, precisely
当 當 dāng ◇ as... ◇ be equal, match ◇ equal ◇ should, ought to, must ◇ at, in front of, in the presence of, confronting, facing, to sb's face ◇ (just) at (that very time, that very place) (as in 當...時/当...时 dāng... shí "at the

time when...") ◇ become, serve as, work as, act as, be ◇ deserve, accept, bear ◇ be in charge of, direct, manage ◇ {written} stop, obstruct, prevent ◇ ought to, should, must ◇ {onom} ding-dong, etc. (used like dāng 當/当 "ding-dong", etc., for the sound of bells)

恰到好处 恰到好处 qiàdàohǎochù ◇ be just right, be just perfect; be just enough; to perfection, to a T, to a turn

处 處 chù ◇ place, location ◇ department, office ◇ {measure word} (used for places, location of buildings, etc., e.g., liǎng chù fángzi 兩處房子/两处房子 "houses in two locations")

恰巧恰巧 qiàqiǎo ◇ by chance, as chance would have it

洽谈洽談 qiàtán ◇ discuss, talk over (like business)

洽 洽 qià ◇ agree, be in harmony ◇ discuss (business, etc.), consult, take up a matter with ◇ soak, permeate

谈 談 tán ◇ talk, chat, speak (about), discuss ◇ talk, sth talked about ◇ Tan (surname)

千 千 qiān ◇ thousand, 1,000 ◇ thousands, great many ◇ kilo- ◇ Qian (surname)

千方百计 千方百計 qiānfāngbǎijì ◇ by any means possible, by every conceivable means

计 計 jì ◇ count, calculate, compute ◇ metre, measuring device, gauge ◇ idea, plan, strategy ◇ design (sth), make plans, scheme ◇ concern oneself with, consider, care of/about, bother (about) ◇ account book ◇ Ji (surname)

千万千萬 qiānwàn ◇ ten million ◇ be sure to, remember (as an admonition)

万 萬 wàn ◇ ten thousand, 10,000 ◇ a large number, myriad of... ◇ (emphatic, followed by a negation) absolutely, on any account, by all circumstances, by all means ◇ Wan (surname)

牵 牽 qiān ◇ pull, lead (a person or draft animal by the hand, etc.) ◇ involve, draw in ◇ sew together:

Qian (surname)

牵扯牽扯 qiānchě ◇ involve ◇ implicate ◇ drag in

扯 扯 chě ◇ pull, tug, haul, drag ◇ tear, rip ◇ chat, gossip ◇ {TW usage} be ridi-

culous, be far-fetched

牵制牵制 qiānzhi ◇ (in a military context) pin down (the enemy), tie down, contain, keep in check ◇ {figurative} restrain, impede

制 制 zhì ◇ regulate, control ◇ formulate, draw up, map out, work out ◇ restrain, restrict ◇ regulations, system ◇ make, manufacture

签 簽 qiān ◇ sign (one's name or make one's mark) ◇ write brief summarizing comments on a document

签署簽署 qiānshǔ ◇ sign (an important document) ◇ ratify (a treaty)

署 署 shǔ ◇ public office, government office ◇ prepare for, make arrangements for ◇ serve as proxy or deputy ◇ sign (one's name)

签证簽證 qiānzhèng ◇ visa ◇ issue a visa ◇ endorse

谦虚谦虚 qiānxū ◇ modest ◇ beg off

谦逊谦逊 qiānxùn ◇ modest, unassuming

迁就遷就 qiānjiù ◇ be accommodating, give in to

迁 遷 qiān ◇ move, migrate ◇ change, transform ◇ banish, exile ◇ separate, scatter ◇ transfer (of an official, mostly as a promotion)

就 就 jiù ◇ then, in that case ◇ on the subject of, with regard to, concerning, regarding, in connection with, as far as (sth is concerned) ◇ approach, move towards ◇ take up, enter upon, start doing (sth) ◇ comply with, yield to ◇ avail oneself of (sth at hand) ◇ at once, right away, in a moment ◇ (adverb indicating that a preceding number/quantity/time is relatively small/few/early) as early as, as long ago as, as soon as, as much/many as ◇ exactly, precisely ◇ only, merely, just, nothing (or no one) else than ◇ even if ◇ accomplish (sometimes used as a verbal resultative ending)

迁徙遷徙 qiānxǐ ◇ move, migrate

徙 徙 xǐ ◇ move (one's home), migrate

铅笔鉛筆 qiānbǐ ◇ pencil

前景前景 qiánjǐng ◇ future outlook, vista, prospect ◇ {photography, art} foreground

前面前面 qiánmian ◇ in front, ahead ◇ preceding, previously

前提前提 qiántí ◇ prerequisite ◇ {logic} premise

前途前途 qiántú ◇ prospects, future

潜力潜力 qiánlì ◇ potential(ity), latent capacity

潜 潛 qián ◇ hidden, latent, concealed ◇ secretly, stealthily ◇ submerge, sink into water ◇ Qian (surname)

潜水潛水 qiánshuǐ ◇ submerge, go under water ◇ hide in shallow water ◇ phreatic water

水 水 shuǐ ◇ water ◇ (preceded by a name) ... River ◇ rivers, lakes, seas; a flood ◇ liquid ◇ additional income; extra cost ◇ (of clothing, etc.) times being washed ◇ Shui (surname)

潜移默化 潛移默化 qiányímòhuà ◇ (of art, literature, religion, etc.) influence subtly or imperceptibly

钱 錢 qián ◇ money; cash ◇ coin ◇ {unit of weight} qian (approx. equivalent to 5 grams) ◇ Qian (surname)

浅 淺 qiǎn ◇ (of water) shallow ◇ {figurative} shallow, superficial, not familiar ◇ easy, not difficult, simple ◇ for a short while

谴责譴責 qiǎnzé ◇ condemn, censure

欠 欠 qiàn ◇ owe ◇ not enough, lacking, wanting ◇ a yawn ◇ raise (a part of the body) slightly

枪 槍 qiāng ◇ rifle, gun, firearm ◇ small arms; hand gun ◇ spear, lance ◇ sth shaped like or functioning like a gun (like electron gun, welding torch) ◇ take an examination as a ringer; serve as a substitute for sb at an examination or contest (under false representation as to identity) ◇ Qiang (surname)

墙 牆 qiáng ◇ wall

强调強調 qiángdiào ◇ emphasize,

stress, underline, underscore

强烈强烈 qiángliè ◇ strong, intense (desire, etc.); vehement, violent (opposition, earthquake, etc.) ◇ sharp (contrast, etc.), striking, keen

强 强 qiáng ◇ strong, powerful, mighty, firm, staunch ◇ be demanding, be resolute, excel ◇ by force, forcibly ◇ strengthen, enhance ◇ {informal} (in comparisons) better, superior (better off, in better condition, or more capable) ◇ a little more than, a little over, -plus ◇ Qiang (surname)

烈 烈 liè ◇ blazing (fire) ◇ fiery, strong, violent, vehement, fierce, ardent ◇ upright, stern ◇ die for a just cause, die a martyr's death ◇ achievements, exploits ◇ illustrious, glorious ◇ {classical} row, file (equivalent to 列)

强迫强迫 qiǎngpò ◇ compel, force, coerce

强 强 qiáng ◇ strong, powerful, mighty, firm, staunch ◇ be demanding, be resolute, excel ◇ by force, forcibly ◇ strengthen, enhance ◇ {informal} (in comparisons) better, superior (better off, in better condition, or more capable) ◇ a little more than, a little over, -plus ◇ Qiang (surname)

迫 迫 pò ◇ force, compel ◇ urgent, pressing ◇ urge, press ◇ approach, be close to

强制强制 qiángzhì ◇ coerce, force (like by political or economic means)

抢 抢 qiǎng ◇ rob, plunder, loot, snatch, seize ◇ vie to be first, grab ◇ rush, hasten

抢劫抢劫 qiǎngjié ◇ rob, mug; plunder, loot

劫 劫 jié ◇ rob, plunder; coerce, compel ◇ calamity, disaster, misfortune (either natural or man-made) ◇ {Buddhism} a predestined disaster, trial or calamity (from the Sanskrit word "kalpa")

抢救抢救 qiǎngjiù ◇ rush to save, rescue, salvage

救 救 jiù ◇ save, rescue ◇ relieve ◇ help, aid ◇ stop, prevent ◇ control (like hunger) ◇ Jiu (surname)

悄悄悄悄 qiāoqiāo ◇ quietly, without being noticed, secretly

敲 敲 qiāo ◇ strike, beat, knock, tap ◇ {colloquial} type, key in, input (on a keyboard) ◇ fleece, rip off ◇ short truncheon

桥 桥 qiáo ◇ bridge ◇ sth shaped like a bridge ◇ pole (suspended from a branch, etc. that is weighted on one end and has a bucket on the other end, used to draw water from a well) ◇ crossbeam ◇ tall ◇ Qiao (surname)

桥梁桥梁 qiáoliáng ◇ bridge (literally or figuratively)

瞧 瞧 qiáo ◇ {colloquial} look, see ◇ read

巧克力 巧克力 qiǎokèlì ◇ chocolate

巧妙巧妙 qiǎomiào ◇ ingenious, clever, wonderful (of a plan, technique, etc.)

窍门窍门 qiàomén ◇ knack, know-how, secret of doing sth

翘 翘 qiáo ◇ lift, raise (the head) ◇ become dried out and warped (like boards, sheets) ◇ the long tail feathers of a bird ◇ an ornament worn by women

切 切 qiē ◇ cut, slice, chop ◇ {math} tangent

切实切实 qièshí ◇ practical, feasible, realistic ◇ sincere, earnest ◇ effectively, in a practical manner ◇ conscientiously, earnestly, in earnest

切 切 qiē ◇ cut, slice, chop ◇ {math} tangent

楔 楔 qiè ◇ carve, engrave ◇ sickle ◇ cut off

而 而 ér ◇ (joining two adjectives)...and... ◇ (indicating a sequence or consequence)... and thus..., therefore ◇ (indicating a contrast)...but... ◇ (indicating a transition)...to... ◇ (indicating sth happens at a certain time) at..., when... ◇ (indicating sth happens under a certain condition) if...
 不 不 bù ◇ not ◇ no
 舍 捨 shě ◇ abandon, give up, discard ◇ give alms, contribute to/dispense charity

亲爱親愛 qīn'ài ◇ dear (as a form of address, etc.)

亲密親密 qīnmì ◇ close, intimate

亲 親 qīn ◇ parent ◇ relative, kin ◇ blood (relation) ◇ intimate, close, near and dear ◇ personally, in person ◇ marriage, match ◇ bride ◇ in favour of, supporting, pro- ◇ kiss

密 密 mì ◇ dense, thick, close ◇ close, intimate ◇ meticulous ◇ secret, confidential ◇ code, cipher ◇ {textiles} density ◇ Mi (place near Lingtai, Gānsù 甘肅/甘肅 Province) ◇ Mi (place near Mi County, Hénán 河南 Province) ◇ Mi (surname)

亲戚親戚 qīnqi ◇ relatives

戚 戚 qī ◇ a relative ◇ halberd, axe-spear used as a weapon ◇ Qi (surname)

亲切親切 qīnqiè ◇ kind, cordial ◇ close, intimate

切 切 qiē ◇ cut, slice, chop ◇ {math} tangent

亲热親熱 qīnrè ◇ affectionate, intimate

亲自親自 qīnzì ◇ personally, in person

自 自 zì ◇ self, oneself ◇ by itself, naturally, certainly, of course ◇ since, from ◇ start, beginning, origin ◇ because, due to ◇ Zi (surname)

侵犯侵犯 qīnfàn ◇ encroach/infringe upon, violate ◇ intrude into (another country's territory, etc.), violate, make an incursion on

侵略侵略 qīnlüè ◇ aggression, invasion ◇ commit aggression against, invade

钦佩欽佩 qīnpèi ◇ admire

钦 欽 qīn ◇ respect, admire ◇ by the Emperor personally ◇ Qin (surname)

佩 佩 pèi ◇ wear (on the belt or at the waist) ◇ respect, esteem, admire | (used

like pèi 珮/佩 "pendant or similar adornment [worn at the waist in ancient times])

勤奋勤奮 qínfèn ◇ be diligent

勤 勤 qín ◇ industrious, diligent, hardworking ◇ often, frequently, regularly ◇ attendance, on duty ◇ duty, service ◇ aid, assist ◇ Qin (surname)

奋 奮 fèn ◇ do sth in a vigorous or energetic manner, put effort into, exert oneself ◇ raise, lift, take up ◇ shake, vibrate; (of birds) flap the wings, fly

勤俭勤儉 qínjiǎn ◇ diligent and thrifty

俭 儉 jiǎn ◇ thrifty, frugal, economical

勤劳勤勞 qínláo ◇ industrious, hard-working

劳 勞 láo ◇ work, labour, toil ◇ (preceding a request) "may I trouble you..." ◇ fatigue ◇ service, meritorious deed ◇ Lao (surname)

倾听傾聽 qīngtīng ◇ listen attentively, be all ears

倾向傾向 qīngxiàng ◇ tendency, leaning, inclination, predisposition, bent ◇ tend to, incline towards, be inclined to, prefer

倾 傾 qīng ◇ lean, incline ◇ favour, be prejudiced toward ◇ inclination, tendency, deviation ◇ overturn, topple; collapse ◇ respect, admire ◇ empty, pour out ◇ waste, ruin, destroy ◇ exert oneself

向 向 xiàng ◇ to, towards, from, against, towards ◇ side with, favour, take sb's part, be partial to ◇ (have) always, all along (literary equivalent of xiànglái 向來/向來 "[have] always, all along") ◇ {archaic} Xiang (ancient state during the Zhōu 周 Dynasty [1100-256 BCE], in present Jǔ Xiàn 莒縣/莒縣 "Ju County", Shāndōng 山東/山東 Province) ◇ Xiang (surname)

倾斜傾斜 qīngxié ◇ incline, slant, tilt ◇ be in favour of or against ◇ preferential (e.g., policy) ◇ {geosciences} dip

斜 斜 xié ◇ slanting, inclined, sloping, oblique

清澈清澈 qīngchè ◇ limpid, clear (of water)

清晨清晨 qīngchén ◇ early morning

清除清除 qīngchú ◇ clear away (such as debris from a collapsed structure) ◇ eliminate, get rid of

清楚清楚 qīngchu ◇ clear, distinct, obvious ◇ understand, grasp, be clear about (sth) ◇ know, be aware of
清淡清淡 qīngdàn ◇ (of colour, smell, etc.) light, delicate, weak ◇ (of cooked food) light, not greasy or strongly flavoured ◇ (of style) fresh and elegant ◇ (of business) slow, slack
清洁清潔 qīngjié ◇ clean ◇ honest, pure

清 清 qīng ◇ clear ◇ clean ◇ still, quiet ◇ honest, impartial ◇ eliminate, get rid of ◇ simple, plain ◇ completely, entirely ◇ clean up, eliminate undesirable elements ◇ pay off (a debt), settle (an account) ◇ [Q-] the Qīng 清 Dynasty (1644-1911 CE) ◇ Qing (surname)

洁 潔 jié ◇ clean, pure, clear
清理清理 qīnglǐ ◇ clean up, put in order

清晰清晰 qīngxī ◇ clear, distinct; clearly, distinctly

清醒清醒 qīngxǐng ◇ sane, sober, clear-headed ◇ regain consciousness, come to one's senses

清真清真 qīngzhēn ◇ Islamic (mostly as part of compound word)

轻 輕 qīng ◇ light (of weight, in contrast to zhòng 重 "heavy") ◇ light (like cavalry, artillery) ◇ small, minor (as in number, severity) ◇ light (like music) ◇ unimportant ◇ gentle, soft ◇ rashly, hastily ◇ look down upon, despise ◇ not take seriously, underestimate

轻视輕視 qīngshì ◇ regard lightly, underestimate, underrate, disregard ◇ look down on, despise, disdain, belittle

轻松輕鬆 qīngsōng ◇ easy, relaxed

松 鬆 sōng ◇ loose, slack ◇ lax (not strict) ◇ light (and flaky or fluffy), soft ◇ loosen, slacken, relax ◇ untie, unfasten, loosen ◇ dried minced meat

轻易輕易 qīngyì ◇ easily, simply ◇ lightly, hastily, rashly

易 易 yì ◇ easy (in contrast to nán 難/难 "difficult") ◇ amiable, unassuming ◇ change ◇ exchange, barter ◇ battle ◇ despise ◇ {archaic} lizard, chameleon ◇ the Yì-jīng 易经/易经 "Book of Changes" ◇ Yi (surname)

青 青 qīng ◇ blue, (dark) green (or similar colour of sky, grass, eye pupils, etc.) ◇ young ◇ Qīnghǎi 青海 Province ◇ Qing (surname)

青春青春 qīngchūn ◇ youth (as time of vigour, ardour, etc.) ◇ the youthful years ◇ adolescence ◇ the best years of youth (especially of a young woman)

青少年 青少年 qīng-shàonián ◇ young people, teenagers, teens, adolescents, juveniles, youth (the exact ages referred to vary; mostly refers to teenagers, but sometimes may include younger children and youth in their early twenties) ◇ teenage, adolescence

情报情報 qíngbào ◇ information, intelligence

情 情 qíng ◇ feeling, sentiment, affection, emotion ◇ passion ◇ situation, circumstances, condition

报 報 bào ◇ report, announce ◇ respond, reciprocate ◇ repay, requite, recompense ◇ newspaper ◇ periodical ◇ bulletin (like news bulletin), report ◇ telegram ◇ {Buddhism} retribution

情节情節 qíngjié ◇ situation, circumstances ◇ plot (of a story, etc.)

节 節 jié ◇ festival, holiday ◇ knot, joint ◇ {measure word}... section(s) of... (used for sections, lengths of sth, periods, paragraphs, etc.) ◇ moral integrity, chastity ◇ abridge, shorten ◇ economize, save, restrain, exercise restraint ◇ economical, frugal ◇ item, issue ◇ {unit of measure} knot (sea speed) ◇ Jie (surname)

情景情景 qíngjǐng ◇ scene, sight, spectacle ◇ situation, circumstances ◇ {education} scenario; situational

情况情况 qíngkuàng ◇ situation, circumstances

况 況 kuàng ◇ situation, condition ◇ compare ◇ moreover, furthermore ◇ Kuang (surname) ◇ silk wadding, silk floss

情理情理 qínglǐ ◇ reason, sense

情形情形 qíngxíng ◇ situation, circumstances, condition, state of af-

fairs, status

情绪情绪 qíngxù ◇ mood, feeling(s), spirits, morale ◇ unhappy/disgruntled mood

绪 绪 xù ◇ end of a thread ◇ thread (of a situation) ◇ remnant, vestige ◇ state of mind ◇ cause, undertaking ◇ Xu (surname)

晴 晴 qíng ◇ (of weather) clear, fine

晴朗晴朗 qínglǎng ◇ sunny, clear, bright

请 请 qǐng ◇ request, ask ◇ please ◇ invite; treat (sb to dinner, etc.) ◇ engage, hire, retain (a teacher, nurse, lawyer, fengshui consultant, etc.); send for (a doctor, etc.) ◇ {archaic} buy (incense, candles, and various other accessories for religious worship) ◇ call on, pay one's respects
请假请假 qǐngjià ◇ request (sick, etc.) leave (of absence), apply for leave, take leave

假 假 jiǎ ◇ false, fake, artificial, pseudo- ◇ hypocritical ◇ borrow, take advantage of ◇ suppose, presume ◇ if, supposing ◇ Jia (surname)

请柬请柬 qǐngjiǎn ◇ written invitation ◇ invitation card

柬 柬 jiǎn ◇ a note, letter, card
请教请教 qǐngjiào ◇ {edu} ask for instruction ◇ ask for advice ◇ consult

教 教 jiāo ◇ teach, instruct (in most compound words pronounced jiào)

请求请求 qǐngqiú ◇ ask, request ◇ a request

求 求 qiú ◇ beg, request, beseech ◇ ask (for), demand ◇ seek, strive for ◇ demand ◇ Qiu (surname)

请示请示 qǐngshì ◇ ask for instructions (from superiors)

请帖请帖 qǐngtiē ◇ written invitation

帖 帖 tiē ◇ invitation (card) ◇ {IT} message (like on a blog), posting ◇ {history} age card (card containing one's personal data) ◇ note, card ◇ {measure word, dialect}... dose(s) of... (used for doses or draughts of Chinese medicine)

庆祝庆祝 qìngzhù ◇ celebrate

庆 庆 qìng ◇ congratulate, cele-

brate ◇ occasion for celebration ◇

award, reward ◇ happiness, benevolence ◇ Qing (surname)

祝 祝 zhù ◇ offer good wishes ◇ wish (sb. good health, a happy birthday, etc.)

◇ pray for, ask for ◇ cut off (one's hair, etc.)

◇ person who presides at sacrifices ◇ congratulation, congratulatory speech (at a celebration) ◇ Zhu (ancient state) ◇ apply, smear on (medicine) ◇ Zhu (surname)

穷 窮 qióng ◇ poor, destitute, impoverished

丘陵丘陵 qiūlíng ◇ hillock, mound, knoll ◇ (rolling) hills

秋 秋 qiū ◇ fall, autumn ◇ harvest season ◇ year ◇ a period of time (mostly bad) ◇ Qiu (surname)

球迷球迷 qiúmí ◇ fan (of ball games)

区别區別 qūbié ◇ distinguish, differentiate ◇ difference, distinction

区分區分 qūfēn ◇ differentiate; differentiation

区 區 qū ◇ area, region, district, zone ◇ department (as in a shop, department store, etc.) ◇ differentiate, distinguish

分 分 fēn ◇ separate, divide, split, part ◇ distribute, assign, allot ◇ distinguish, differentiate, tell (the difference), make a distinction ◇ (of an organization, company, etc.) branch ◇ fraction; one-tenth of the whole, ten percent ◇ (as a unit of length) approx. 1/3 cm ◇ (as a unit of area) approx. 67 square metres ◇ (as a unit of weight) approx. 1/2 gram ◇ (as a unit of Chinese currency) 1/100 of a Yuan ◇ (as a unit of time or degree) a minute ◇ (as interest rate) percent ◇ (in a marking system) a mark/point ◇ {measure word}... part(s) of...,... tenth(s) of... (used for parts or tenths of the whole, and for abstract items like vigour, toil, hope, etc.)

区域區域 qūyù ◇ region, district, area, zone, territory

域 域 yù ◇ territory, region, domain ◇ boundary, frontier ◇ {math} domain, field ◇ kingdom, realm ◇ reside, dwell ◇ cemetery, burial ground

屈服屈服 qūfú ◇ submit, yield, knuckle under, bow down

曲折曲折 qūzhé ◇ winding, tortuous (of a road, river, etc.) ◇ complications, difficulties

曲子曲子 qǔzi ◇ song, tune, melody (esp. in opera, drama, etc.) ◇ singing verse (developed during the Southern Song and Jin Dynasties, popularized during the Yuán 元 Dynasty)

趋势趨勢 qūshì ◇ trend, tendency

驱逐驅逐 qūzhú ◇ drive out, expel
驱 驅 qū ◇ drive (a car, cart, horse) ◇ run fast ◇ drive out, expel ◇ advance, move forward ◇ {IT} (for a computer) driver

逐 逐 zhú ◇ pursue, chase after ◇ drive out, expel ◇ one by one, in succession

渠道渠道 qúdào ◇ ditch, canal, channel ◇ medium of communication, channel (as means of communication, like diplomatic channel), avenue, conduit, means

取 取 qǔ ◇ take, get, obtain ◇ pick up/collect; withdraw (money) ◇ seek, court ◇ select, choose ◇ adopt, assume ◇ verb complement added to certain verbs (i.e. tīng 聽/听, kàn 看, etc.) to indicate realization of the action expressed by the main verb ◇ Qu (surname)

取缔取締 qǔdì ◇ ban, outlaw, prohibit

締 締 dì ◇ form, establish, conclude ◇ restrain, suppress

取消取消 qǔxiāo ◇ abolish, cancel, liquidate

娶 娶 qǔ ◇ (of a man) marry, take a wife

去 去 qù ◇ go (to), go away, leave, depart ◇ get rid of, remove ◇ (verb suffix indicating movement to a place)

去年去年 qùnián ◇ last year

去世去世 qùshì ◇ pass away, die (of adults)

趣味趣味 qùwèi ◇ interest, excite-

ment ◇ taste, liking

圈 圈 quān ◇ circle, ring, hoop ◇ {figurative} circle (like of friends), group, crowd ◇ encircle, enclose, fence off ◇ draw a circle around (a word, name, etc.) ◇ {measure word}...

ring(s) of... (used for things or people arranged in a circle) ◇ round (in Mahjong, with each player having a turn as banker)

圈套圈套 quāntào ◇ a trap, a snare

全部全部 quánbù ◇ whole, complete, entire, all, total

全局全局 quánjú ◇ overall situation

全力全力 quánlì ◇ with all one's strength, with full force, all-out

全面全面 quánmiàn ◇ comprehensive, global, complete, overall, all-round

拳头拳頭 quántou ◇ a fist ◇ a punch ◇ boxing

拳 拳 quán ◇ fist ◇ Chinese boxing ◇ shadow-boxing ◇ curl, twist, bend ◇ physical strength ◇ {measure word}... punch(es) (used for a punch with the fist) ◇ Quan (surname)

头 頭 tóu ◇ head ◇ chief, head, boss ◇ (used before a numeral or measure word) first..., the initial... ◇ leading ◇ side/aspect ◇ top, tip (e.g., of a pen), end (e.g., of a rope, the street) ◇ beginning, end ◇ remnant, leftover, end ◇ (before tiān 天 or nián 年) the previous (day or year) ◇ head (as a measure of height, like "taller by a head") ◇ {measure word} ...head(s) of... (used for animals, like cattle, mule, sheep, pigs, lions, etc.) ◇ {measure word} head, bulb(s) of... (used for the bulbs of certain plants, like a head of garlic) ◇ (suffix to certain nouns)

权衡權衡 quánhéng ◇ weight and arm of a steelyard ◇ weigh, balance, consider

权 權 quán ◇ power, authority, right, privilege ◇ privileged or advantageous position/status ◇ tentative(ly), for the time being, provisional(ly) ◇ {written} sliding weight of a steelyard; counterpoise ◇ {written} weigh, consi-

der ◇ {written} expediency ◇ means to an end ◇ Quan (surname)

衡 衡 héng ◇ {instrument} the scaled arm of a steelyard; scales (or any other weighing device) ◇ a weight; weigh ◇ {figurative} weigh, judge, consider ◇ Heng (surname)
权利權利 quánlì ◇ a right || (in contrast to yìwù 義務/义务 "a duty, obligation")

利 利 lì ◇ (of a blade) sharp ◇ advantageous, beneficial, favourable ◇ advantage, benefit ◇ profit, interest ◇ Li (surname)
权力權力 quánlì ◇ power, authority
权威權威 quánwēi ◇ authority ◇ authority (person or thing)
威 威 wēi ◇ awe-inspiring power or strength; prestige ◇ by force ◇ dignity, honour ◇ shock, astonish ◇ Wei (surname)

犬 犬 quǎn ◇ dog, Canis lupus familiaris

劝 勸 quàn ◇ advise, try to persuade/urge (to do sth), make recommendations ◇ encourage, foster, admonish

缺点缺點 quēdiǎn ◇ a shortcoming, drawback || (in contrast to yōudiǎn 優點/优点 "merit, strong point")

缺 缺 quē ◇ be short of, lack ◇ defective, incomplete ◇ be absent, be missing ◇ vacancy, unoccupied post

点 點 diǎn ◇ point, dot, spot, stain ◇ drop (of a liquid) ◇ {math} (decimal) point ◇ {measure word} a little (of sth), some, a bit of... ◇ {measure word} point (also used for counting abstract items like proposals, comments, reasons) ◇ incline one's head, nod ◇ drip, administer in drops ◇ stain, tarnish ◇ {agriculture} dibble, plant in holes ◇ hint, point out, indicate ◇ ignite, light, kindle ◇ adorn, embellish ◇ choose, order (like a dish) ◇ point, spot (location) ◇ selected spots (in contrast to miàn 面 "the whole area") ◇ metal bell or clapper to announce the hour; hour, o'clock ◇ {grammar} (a bit) more... (shortened form of 一点 used after an adjective, e.g., kuài diǎn 快點/快点 "faster") ◇ cakes, refreshments, snacks ◇ {printing} point (size of type, approx. 3.5 mm) ◇ point to ◇ touch lightly and very briefly ◇ {IT} click (=diǎnjī 點擊/点击)

缺乏缺乏 quēfá ◇ be short of, lack ◇ lacking, deficient in

缺口缺口 quēkǒu ◇ breach, gap, rift, opening ◇ {finance} (funding/fi-

nancing) gap, shortfall ◇ {mechanical engineering} notch ◇ aperture (of a rifle)

缺少缺少 quēshǎo ◇ be short of, lack

缺席缺席 quēxí ◇ (be) absent (from a meeting, etc.)

缺陷缺陷 quēxiàn ◇ flaw, defect ◇ defective, deficient

瘸 瘸 qué ◇ be lame, limp

却 卻 què ◇ yet, but, however ◇ step back, move backwards ◇ repulse, drive, push or beat back ◇ reject, decline, refuse ◇ (particle used to introduce a story)

确保確保 quèbǎo ◇ guarantee, ensure

确 確 què ◇ true, authentic, real ◇ solid, firm, reliable ◇ precise, literal, concrete

保 保 bǎo ◇ protect, safeguard, defend ◇ preserve, maintain, keep, retain ◇ guarantee, ensure, insure ◇ cover (a certain type of loss) ◇ recommend ◇ servant, waiter ◇ guarantor ◇ Bao (unit of ten households in the Bǎojiǎ 保甲 system) ◇ Bao (surname)

确定確定 quèdìng ◇ determine, fix ◇ definite, sure ◇ be certain, be sure

定 定 dìng ◇ set (a date or deadline) ◇ decide, fix, determine, stipulate, establish ◇ settle, calm down; calm, stable, still ◇ (used like dìng 訂/订) order, subscribe to, book ◇ {written} definite(ly), sure(ly), certain(ly) ◇ Ding (surname)

确立確立 quèlì ◇ establish (firmly)

立 立 lì ◇ stand ◇ stand up, set up ◇ erect, vertical ◇ establish ◇ Li (surname)

确切確切 quèqiè ◇ precise, accurate ◇ true, reliable

确认確認 quèrèn ◇ affirm (principles, etc.); confirm (a fact, a booking/reservation, etc.)

确实確實 quèshí ◇ true, reliable ◇ precise ◇ be precise and conscientious/faithful/unequivocal; (follow instructions, etc.) to the letter ◇ really, truly, indeed

确信確信 quèxìn ◇ be certain, believe firmly ◇ reliable information

信 信 xìn ◇ letter, mail ◇ believe
 ◇ believe in (a religion), profess faith in ◇
 faith, trust, confidence, reputation ◇ message,
 news, word, information ◇ signal ◇ at will, at
 random, without plan ◇ token, sign, evidence
 ◇ (same as 芯) fuse, wick ◇ (same as 芯) for-
 ked tongue (of a snake) ◇ {literary} true,
 truthful ◇ {literary} trustworthy, faithful ◇
 Xin (surname)

群 群 qún ◇ crowd/group (of
 people, animals, islands) ◇ {measure

word} group, swarm, flock, herd ◇
 congregate, gather together

群众群众 qúnzhòng ◇ the masses
 ◇ an independent; person without par-
 ty affiliation

众 衆 zhòng ◇ (variant of zhòng
 眾/众) numerous, many, innumerable ◇ multi-
 tude, large number of people, crowd ◇ the
 masses, the public

裙子裙子 qúnzi ◇ skirt, dress

R

然而然而 rán'er ◇ but, yet, nevertheless, however

然后然後 ránhòu ◇ then, after that, only then

燃烧燃燒 ránshāo ◇ burn (literally or figuratively) ◇ combustion

燃 燃 rán ◇ burn, light, ignite ◇ bright red, fire red

烧 燒 shāo ◇ burn ◇ cook (general verb) ◇ cook in sauce, stew after frying, fry after stewing (like eggplant, mutton) ◇ roast (like duck or chicken) ◇ have a fever, run a temperature ◇ fever, high temperature ◇ (of plants because of over-fertilization) wither, die ◇ {slang, phonetic} shopping (from the sound of the English word)

染 染 rǎn ◇ dye, colour ◇ catch, contract (like a disease), soil, contaminate, pick up (like bad habits) ◇ soya bean milk, fermented soya beans ◇ Ran (surname)

嚷 嚷 rǎng ◇ yell, shout ◇ kick up a fuss, argue heatedly, make an uproar, quarrel noisily ◇ scold, reproach, reprimand

让 讓 ràng ◇ let, allow ◇ have or make (sb do sth), cause ◇ yield, give in, give up ◇ yield for, give (the right of) way to (e.g., another vehicle, pedestrians) ◇ let sb else have sth ◇ {sound transcription} Jean (French given name)

让步讓步 ràngbù ◇ give in, yield, make concessions

步 步 bù ◇ step, pace ◇ (in a process) step, stage ◇ situation, condition ◇ {measure of length} bu (unit of length equal to five chǐ 尺 [Chinese feet], a Chinese foot being approx. 0.3 metres) ◇ {measure word}... step(s)....,.... move(s)... (used for steps in walking and moves in chess) ◇ walk ◇ step on, tread ◇ pace off, measure by pacing ◇ Bu (surname)

饶恕饒恕 ráoshù ◇ forgive, pardon

饶 饒 ráo ◇ bountiful, abundant, plentiful ◇ forgive, pardon, have mercy on, let (sb) off ◇ Rao (surname)

恕 恕 shù ◇ forgive, excuse, pardon ◇ {formal} beg your pardon ◇ {Confucianism} the golden rule, forbearance, tolerance

扰乱擾亂 rǎoluàn ◇ disturb, harass, disrupt, confuse

绕 繞 rào ◇ coil (up/around), wind, twine ◇ revolve, circle, go round, surround ◇ make a detour, circumvent, bypass, stay clear of ◇ confuse, confound, baffle ◇ Rao (surname)

惹祸惹禍 rěhuò ◇ ask for trouble, invite/court disaster

惹 惹 rě ◇ provoke, invite (like trouble); attract (like attention), cause (like laughter) ◇ offend, tease, annoy

祸 禍 huò ◇ misfortune, calamity, disaster ◇ bring disaster on (the nation, etc.) ◇ ruin, damage, wreak havoc

热 熱 rè ◇ hot ◇ ardent, fervent ◇ crave, be envious ◇ popular, in demand ◇ fad, craze, rage ◇ thermal ◇ {med} hot (one of the Eight Principal Syndromes, see Bā Gāng 八綱/八纲)

热爱熱愛 rè'ài ◇ love (sth) deeply/ardently/passionately (e.g. a country, people, one's work, a cause)

热泪熱淚 rèlèi ◇ hot tears (of grief, gratitude, etc.)

盈眶盈眶 yíngkuàng ◇ fill the eyes (like of tears)

热烈熱烈 rèliè ◇ warm, ardent, enthusiastic ◇ powerful, influential

烈 烈 liè ◇ blazing (fire) ◇ fiery, strong, violent, vehement, fierce, ardent ◇ upright, stern ◇ die for a just cause, die a martyr's death ◇ achievements, exploits ◇ illustrious, glorious ◇ {classical} row, file (equivalent to 列)

热门熱門 rèmén ◇ popular, in great demand

热闹熱鬧 rènao ◇ lively, bustling ◇ enliven, have a good time ◇ lively scene, scene bustling with excitement

热情熱情 rèqíng ◇ warm feelings, warmth, enthusiasm, zeal, fervour ◇ warm, fervent, enthusiastic, warm-hearted, cordial

情 情 qíng ◇ feeling, sentiment, af-

fection, emotion ◇ passion ◇ situation, circumstances, condition

热心熱心 rèxīn ◇ warmhearted, earnest, ardent, enthusiastic, sincere ◇ be enthusiastic about (as in rèxīn gōngyì 熱心公益/热心公益 "be public-spirited, care about the public welfare")

心 心 xīn ◇ heart ◇ mind, feelings ◇ centre, middle, core ◇ {Chinese astronomy} Xin (one of the Èrshíbā Xiù 二十八宿 "28 Lunar Mansions of the Chinese zodiac") ◇ {physiology} heart (as one of the wǔzàng 五臟/五脏 "five vital organs")

人 人 rén ◇ person(s), human being(s), people, man ◇ somebody else, the others ◇ Ren (surname)

人才人才 réncái ◇ capable/talented person, competent/professional people, (qualified) personnel, talent ◇ {colloquial} good looks (in the phrase yībiǎo-réncái 一表人才 "man of striking appearance")

人道人道 réndào ◇ humanity, human sympathy ◇ human, humane ◇ people's hierarchical relationship (according to feudal ethics) ◇ {Buddhism} the world of humans (as one of the six transmigrations) ◇ {archaic, euphemism} (usu. in the negative) have sexual ability

人格人格 réngé ◇ personality, character ◇ integrity, dignity ◇ man as a legal entity

人工人工 réngōng ◇ artificial, manmade ◇ manual labour ◇ man-day (as a calculating unit of the amount of work done)

人家人家 rénjia ◇ people, others, people other than oneself ◇ certain person(s) ◇ (humorous) I, me, myself

人间人間 rénjiān ◇ the mortal (human) world

间 間 jiān ◇ among, between ◇ interval; within a defined time/space ◇ room ◇ {measure word} (used for rooms)

人口人口 rénkǒu ◇ population ◇ number of family members

人类人類 rénlèi ◇ mankind, humanity

类 類 lèi ◇ kind, type, class, group, category ◇ similar, resembling ◇ analogize ◇ rule, model ◇ generally, for the most part ◇ good ◇ partial, prejudiced ◇ Lei (sur-

name)

人民币 人民幣 Rénmínbì ◇ Renminbi, RMB (unit of currency in the PRC)

人民人民 rénmín ◇ the people (of a country)

币 幣 bì ◇ money (bill, coin), currency ◇ gift, present (like of silk)

人生人生 rénshēng ◇ life, human existence (e.g., rénshēng de yìyì 人生的意義/人生的意义 the meaning of life; rénshēng zhéxué 人生哲學/人生哲学 philosophy of life) ◇ (one's entire) life (e.g., rénshēng shì duǎnzàn de 人生是短暫的/人生是短暂的 life is short; xiǎngshòu rénshēng 享受人生 enjoy life) ◇ human life

人事人事 rénshì ◇ human affairs, affairs of this world, the ways of the world ◇ personnel matters, personnel ◇ consciousness ◇ relations between people ◇ that which is within the power of man, what is humanly possible ◇ {dialect} gift, present ◇ sexual relations

人士人士 rénshì ◇ personage, (public) figure (person of a certain standing or influence in society, as in zhīmíng rénshì 知名人士 "famous people, notables"; zhèngjiè rénshì 政界人士 "politician"; àiguó rénshì 愛國人士/爱国人士 "patriots") ◇ person (of a particular class, provenance, membership, etc.: xīnwénjiè rénshì 新聞界人士/新闻界人士 "journalists, the press"; xīfāng rénshì 西方人士 "Westerners"; huánbǎo rénshì 環保人士/环保人士 "environmentalists"; yùhuì rénshì 與會人士/与会人士 "conference participants"; wàijí rénshì 外籍人士 "foreigners"; cánjí rénshì 殘疾人士/残疾人士 "the disabled")

人为人為 rénwéi ◇ artificial, man-made

为 爲 wéi ◇ be, mean ◇ serve as, act as ◇ become, turn ◇ do, act ◇ seem, appear ◇ by ◇ Wei (surname)

人物人物 rénwù ◇ personage, public figure, celebrity ◇ character (in a novel, etc.) ◇ figure (in a painting)

人性人性 rénxìng ◇ human nature, humanity

人员人員 rényuán ◇ personnel,

staff member

员 員 yuán ◇ employee ◇ person performing a particular function, or engaged in a certain activity, profession, etc. ◇ {admin} member (of a committee, organization, etc.) ◇ {measure word} (used for military officers, and able/outstanding persons) ◇ border, perimeter
人质人質 rénzhì ◇ hostage
质 質 zhì ◇ quality ◇ nature, character ◇ matter, material, substance ◇ ask questions, interrogate ◇ to pawn ◇ a pledge, security (person or thing) ◇ {history} hostage (feudal ruler's sons sent to live in each other's countries) ◇ Zhi (surname)

仁慈仁慈 réncí ◇ benevolent, merciful, compassionate

忍不住 忍不住 rěnbuzhù
◇ unable to bear, cannot help
忍耐忍耐 rěnnài ◇ endure patiently, restrain oneself
忍受忍受 rěنشòu ◇ endure, bear

任何任何 rènhé ◇ any, whatever, whatsoever, whichever
任命任命 rènmìng ◇ appoint (to office) ◇ appointment
任务任务 rènwu ◇ duty, task, assignment, mission
任 任 rèn ◇ appoint, assign, engage ◇ let, permit, allow ◇ assume office, hold office, take up a post ◇ an official post, office or duty ◇ bear, face (sth) ◇ {measure word}... term(s) of... (used for the term of an official position) ◇ no matter (how/what/if...)
务 務 wù ◇ affair, business ◇ treat with priority ◇ be engaged in, pursue ◇ Wu (surname)
任性任性 rènxìng ◇ wilful, headstrong ◇ capricious, arbitrary ◇ letting one's true character assert itself
任意任意 rènyì ◇ at will, wilfully, arbitrarily, wantonly ◇ arbitrary, wilful, random
任重道远 任重道远
rènzòngdàoyuǎn ◇ "the burden is heavy and the way is long"—(of a person) have heavy responsibilities, face arduous tasks ◇ (of a task/goal) there is a long way to go/a long road ahead

远 遠 yuǎn ◇ far, distant, remote (in space/time) ◇ (of blood relationship, relatives) distant ◇ (of difference) far, by far ◇ not intimate, distant ◇ Yuan (surname)

认定認定 rèndìng ◇ firmly believe, hold, maintain, aver ◇ affirm, decide, determine, conclude, find (that sth is the case); establish (e.g. [the fact of] sb's guilt) ◇ {law} cognizance
认 認 rèn ◇ recognize, know, distinguish ◇ admit, acknowledge ◇ adopt ◇ enter into/establish a relationship

定 定 dìng ◇ set (a date or deadline) ◇ decide, fix, determine, stipulate, establish ◇ settle, calm down; calm, stable, still ◇ (used like dìng 訂/订) order, subscribe to, book ◇ {written} definite(ly), sure(ly), certain(ly) ◇ Ding (surname)

认可認可 rènkě ◇ approve, accept, confirm, allow, recognize ◇ approval, acceptance, confirmation, permission, recognition

可 可 kě ◇ may, can, -able, be allowed to... ◇ possibly ◇ approve, agree ◇ need (to do), be worth (doing) ◇ {regional} do as much as possible, make the most of ◇ {written} recover, get well ◇ but, yet ◇ {grammar} (as an emphatic adverb used in an exclamatory sentence) really, indeed, finally; (expressing emphasis in a rhetorical question)...on earth...?; (expressing doubt in a question) really, actually? ◇ fit, suit, be agreeable to ◇ Ke (surname)

认识認識 rènsī ◇ know, understand, recognize ◇ knowledge, understanding, cognition

认为認為 rènwéi ◇ think, be of the opinion ◇ consider, hold, deem

认真認真 rènzhen ◇ serious, earnest, conscientious ◇ take seriously, take to heart

真 真 zhēn ◇ real, true, genuine ◇ really, truly ◇ sincere ◇ Zhen (surname)

扔 扔 rēng ◇ throw, toss, hurl ◇ throw away, cast aside ◇ die, predecease

仍旧仍舊 réngjiù ◇ remain the same ◇ still, yet, as before

仍 仍 réng ◇ still, yet ◇ {written} remain ◇ {written} frequent

旧 舊 jiù ◇ old, past ◇ former, previous

仍然仍然 réngrán ◇ still, as before

日 日 rì ◇ sun ◇ day, day-time ◇ daily, on a daily basis, every day ◇ the days, time ◇ (short for Rìběn 日本) Japan; Japanese
 日常日常 rìcháng ◇ daily, routine, everyday
 日程日程 rìchéng ◇ program, schedule, itinerary
 日记日记 rìjì ◇ diary, journal
 记 记 jì ◇ remember, recall (to mind) ◇ record (in writing), write down ◇ (a) note, record, account, chronicle (often used in book or essay titles) ◇ (a) mark, sign (used in the names of shops, restaurants, etc., after the name of the proprietor) ◇ birthmark ◇ {measure word, regional} (used for a hit [on the face], slap, punch, blow, etc.)
 日历日历 rìlì ◇ calendar
 历 历 lì ◇ calendar ◇ era, age ◇ count, calculate

日期日期 rìqī ◇ date, term
 日新月异 日新月异 rìxīnyuèyì ◇ change with each new day
 异 异 yì ◇ different ◇ unusual, strange, extraordinary ◇ surprise, astonishment ◇ other, another ◇ separate, part
 日益日益 rìyì ◇ more...with each passing day, more and more, increasingly
 日用品 日用品 rìyòngpǐn ◇ items of daily use, daily necessities ◇ consumer goods
 日子日子 rìzi ◇ day, date ◇ time (number of days) ◇ life, livelihood

容貌容貌 róngmào ◇ looks, appearance
 容纳容纳 róngnà ◇ hold, accommodate
 容 容 róng ◇ hold, contain, accommodate ◇ tolerate ◇ permit ◇ countenance, facial expression ◇ looks, appearance, capacity ◇ form, shape ◇ perhaps, maybe ◇ Rong (surname)
 纳 纳 nà ◇ admit, receive ◇ accept, take ◇ pay (taxes, etc.) ◇ enjoy (as in nàliáng 纳凉/纳凉, enjoy the cool air [on a hot day]) ◇ bring (into line, etc.) ◇ sew close-stitch (over a patch, on cloth shoe soles, etc.) ◇ the Na People (self-designation of the Nàxī 纳西/纳西 nationality) ◇ Na (surname)
 容器容器 róngqì ◇ container, vessel

容忍容忍 róngrěn ◇ tolerate, condone, abide
 容易容易 róngyì ◇ simple, easy ◇ likely, easily, liable to, prone to

溶解溶解 róngjiě ◇ dissolve

荣幸荣幸 róngxìng ◇ (be/feel) honoured
 荣 荣 róng ◇ flourish (of vegetation) ◇ flourishing, thriving ◇ honour, glory ◇ {bot} the Chinese parasol tree, Firmiana simplex ◇ Rong (surname)
 幸 幸 xìng ◇ good luck, good fortune, happiness ◇ rejoice ◇ (I) hope, pray, trust ◇ luckily, fortunately ◇ favour (like of the Emperor) ◇ visit, tour (of the Emperor) ◇ Xing (surname)
 荣誉荣誉 róngyù ◇ honour, glory, credit

融化融化 rónghuà ◇ melt, thaw
 融洽融洽 róngqià ◇ harmonious, on friendly terms

揉 揉 róu ◇ rub, knead ◇ bend

柔和柔和 róuhé ◇ soft, gentle, mild, tender

儒家儒家 Rújiā ◇ the Confucian School of Thought, the Confucianists

如果如果 rúguǒ ◇ if, in case
 如何如何 rúhé ◇ how, in what way, by what means ◇ what, what do you think of, what about
 如今如今 rújīn ◇ now, nowadays, at present

入口入口 rùkǒu ◇ enter the mouth ◇ entrance ◇ import ◇ imports

软 軟 ruǎn ◇ soft (in contrast to yìng 硬 "hard") ◇ soft, gentle, mild ◇ flexible, pliable ◇ weak, feeble ◇ poor (quality), inept (skill) ◇ impressionable, suggestible
 软件软件 ruǎnjiàn ◇ {IT, Mainland usage} (computer) software (a Mainland China term; TW usage is

ruǎntǐ 軟體/软体) ◇ quality of service/management

件 件 jiàn ◇ {measure word}... piece(s) of..., item (used for clothing items, pieces of luggage, implements, utensils, matters, law cases, incidents, etc.) ◇ letter, document, piece of correspondence ◇ case (of bundled goods, such as soft drinks) ◇ {pottery/porcelain manufacturing} (standard measure for clay, used for measuring the size of vases)

弱 弱 ruò ◇ weak (physically), feeble (in contrast to qiáng 強/强"strong, powerful") ◇ young ◇ inferior, not equal to ◇ lose (due to death) ◇ (when following a fraction or decimal, indicates an amount less than the number given) ◇ frightened, afraid

弱点弱點 ruòdiǎn ◇ weak point, weakness

点 點 diǎn ◇ point, dot, spot, stain ◇ drop (of a liquid) ◇ {math} (decimal) point ◇ {measure word} a little (of sth), some, a bit of... ◇ {measure word} point (also used for counting abstract items like proposals, comments, reasons) ◇ incline one's head, nod ◇ drip, administer in drops ◇ stain, tarnish ◇ {agriculture} dibble, plant in holes ◇ hint, point out, indicate ◇ ignite, light, kindle ◇ adorn, embellish ◇ choose, order (like a dish)

◇ point, spot (location) ◇ selected spots (in contrast to miàn 面 "the whole area") ◇ metal bell or clapper to announce the hour; hour, o'clock ◇ {grammar} (a bit) more... (shortened form of 一点 used after an adjective, e.g., kuài diǎn 快點/快点 "faster") ◇ cakes, refreshments, snacks ◇ {printing} point (size of type, approx. 3.5 mm) ◇ point to ◇ touch lightly and very briefly ◇ {IT} click (=diǎnjī 點擊/点击)

若干若干 ruògān ◇ a number of, several, some; a certain quantity of, some degree of ◇ {formal} how much? how many?

若 若 ruò ◇ if, like, as if ◇ you ◇ obey, follow ◇ choose, select ◇ how ◇ {bot} pollia, Pollia japonica ◇ Ruò (surname)

干 幹 gàn ◇ do, manage, implement, handle, work, act ◇ cadre (short for gànbù 幹部/干部) ◇ capable, able, talented, competent ◇ assume the office of, hold the post of, undertake (a job, task, etc.) ◇ trunk (of a tree), stem ◇ main part, most important part ◇ shaft (like of an arrow) ◇ trunk, main (like line of a railroad, stream)

S

撒谎撒謊 sāhuǎng ◇ lie
 撒 撒 sǎ ◇ spread, scatter,
 broadcast, sprinkle ◇ spill, drop ◇ Sa
 (surname)

谎 谎 huǎng ◇ a lie, falsehood, false
 statement

洒 灑 sǎ ◇ sprinkle, spray
 (like water) ◇ sprinkle, scatter ◇ Sa
 (surname)

三 三 sān ◇ three, 3 ◇ several,
 numerous, many (the character 叁 is al-
 so used in Simplified character mode,
 to avoid forgery)

伞 傘 sǎn ◇ umbrella, parasol
 ◇ sth shaped like an umbrella ◇ para-
 chute ◇ San (surname)

散布散布 sànbù ◇ scatter, spread,
 disseminate

散步散步 sànbù ◇ take a walk, take a
 stroll ◇ walk, stroll

散发散發 sànfā ◇ give off, emit (like
 a fragrance) ◇ distribute, circulate, is-
 sue

散 散 sǎn ◇ fall apart, break
 up, come loose ◇ scattered, loose,
 apart ◇ {med} medicinal powder, me-
 dication in powder form ◇ San (surna-
 me)

发 發 fā ◇ issue, send out, distri-
 bute ◇ launch, discharge, shoot ◇ produce, ge-
 nerate ◇ leave for, set out for ◇ (preceding an
 adjective denoting a feeling like lǎn 懶/懶
 "lazy", ruǎn 軟/软 "soft", rè 熱/热 "hot", etc.)
 feel..., grow..., get... ◇ (before an adjective of
 colour, taste, smell, etc.) appear..., be... -ish,
 be... -ly, be on the... side (like fāzǐ 發紫/发紫
 "be purplish", fāchòu 發臭/发臭 "be smelly", fā-
 tián 發甜/发甜, "be on the sweet side", etc.) ◇
 speak, utter ◇ become rich ◇ diffuse, disperse
 ◇ expose, open up ◇ start/begin (an action)
 ◇ {measure word}... round(s) of...(used for
 ammunition: shells, cartridges, rounds, projecti-
 les, etc.)

散文散文 sǎnwén ◇ prose litera-
 ture

嗓子嗓子 sǎngzi ◇ throat, larynx ◇
 voice

丧失喪失 sàngshī ◇ lose, forfeit,
 be deprived of, be stripped of

丧 喪 sàng ◇ lose; be deprived
 of ◇ be disappointed

失 失 shī ◇ lose (in contrast to dé
 得 "obtain, get") ◇ miss, let slip, lose out ◇ fail
 to achieve one's objective ◇ mistake ◇ change
 (from the norm) ◇ break (like a promise), neg-
 lect (like one's duty), fail to do

骚扰騷擾 sāorǎo ◇ disturb, harass;
 harassment

嫂子嫂子 sǎozi ◇ sister-in-law (elder
 brother's wife)

色彩色彩 sècǎi ◇ colour, hue ◇ co-
 lour, flavour (of a person, place, wri-
 ting, etc.)

森林森林 sēnlín ◇ forest

刹车刹車 shāchē ◇ brake, ap-
 ply the brakes, stop (a vehicle, machi-
 ne) (or figuratively)

刹 刹 shā ◇ put on the brakes,
 brake ◇ check, halt, stop

车 車 chē ◇ vehicle, car ◇ imple-
 ment or machine containing rotating elements
 (like a spinning wheel, water wheel, windmill)
 ◇ machine, turn on a lathe ◇ draw/lift water
 with a water wheel ◇ {dialect} carry (away) in
 a vehicle ◇ {dialect} sew sth on a sewing ma-
 chine ◇ turn (one's body) ◇ Che (surname)
 刹那刹那 chànà ◇ {Buddhism} an in-
 stant, moment, flash (from the Sanskrit
 word kshana)

杀 殺 shā ◇ kill, slaughter ◇
 fight, go into battle ◇ abate, reduce ◇
 hurt, smart ◇ counteract ◇ extremely
 (particle used after a verb to indicate
 action of the verb in the extreme)

沙发沙發 shāfā ◇ sofa ◇ uphol-
 stered armchair

沙 沙 shā ◇ sand ◇ sandy pla-
 ce (like desert, beach) ◇ granulated ◇
 (of voice) hoarse ◇ tsar, czar ◇ pico-
 (one trillionth) ◇ Sha (surname)

沙漠沙漠 shāmò ◇ desert, sand desert

沙滩沙灘 shātān ◇ sandy beach
 滩 灘 tān ◇ beach ◇ shoal

啥 啥 shá ◇ {regional}
what...? (a colloquial form of shénme
什麼/什么 "what...?")

傻 傻 shǎ ◇ stupid, foolish,
foolhardy, silly ◇ simple-minded, naive
◇ unimaginative and mechanical ◇
stunned, dumbfounded ◇ imbecile
筛选篩選 shāixuǎn ◇ screen, se-
lect by screening ◇ select, pick out (the
best, the most important, etc.)

晒 曬 shài ◇ shine on (of the
sun) ◇ sun, dry/air in the sun, bask in
the sun ◇ ignore, give the cold shoul-
der to ◇ {informal, jocular} display, re-
veal publicly (esp. on the Internet);
show (sth) off (this use of shài 曬/晒 is
said to be influenced by the sound of
the English word "share")

删除刪除 shānchú ◇ delete, stri-
ke out
删 删 shān ◇ delete, cut out,
strike out
除 除 chú ◇ besides, except (for),
in addition to (usually chú 除... wài 外) ◇ eli-
minate, remove, get rid of, abolish ◇ {math}
divide(d) ◇ {written} offer/confer (an official
position, etc.) ◇ {written} doorsteps, the steps
leading to a house

山脉山脈 shānmài ◇ mountain
range
山 山 shān ◇ hill, mountain ◇
sth resembling a hill/mountain ◇ {geo-
sciences} a massif ◇ bushes where silk-
worms spin their cocoons ◇ gable, wall
(of a house) ◇ Shan (surname)
脉 脉 mài ◇ {physiology} arteries
and veins (in general); the pulse ◇ veins (of a
leaf, etc.) ◇ blood-vessel-like things linked or
connected into a system (like a mountain ran-
ge, ore veins)

闪电閃電 shǎndiàn ◇ lightning
闪烁閃爍 shǎnshuò ◇ glitter, glis-
ten ◇ be evasive, equivocate ◇ {elect-
rical} scintillation

善良善良 shànláng ◇ kindhear-
ted, virtuous, good and honest
善于善於 shànyú ◇ be good at,

be skilled in

扇子扇子 shànzi ◇ a fan (cooling de-
vice)

擅长擅長 shàncháng ◇ be good at,
be skilled in, excel at

擅 擅 shàn ◇ do on one's own
authority, do without authorization ◇
be good at, be skilled in, excel at

长 長 cháng ◇ long; length ◇ (one's)
strong point(s), forte ◇ be good at sth, be
strong in sth ◇ surplus, spare, extra (in this
meaning, formerly pronounced zhàng)

擅自擅自 shànzì ◇ (do) on one's own
authority, (act) without authorization

伤害傷害 shānghài ◇ injure, hurt
◇ damage, impair

伤 傷 shāng ◇ wound, injury ◇
hurt, injure (literally or figuratively) ◇
hinder, impede ◇ grieve, be saddened

◇ be sick of, have one's fill of

害 害 hài ◇ harm, injury, damage
◇ disaster ◇ harmful, injurious, destructive,
damaging ◇ impair, damage, cause trouble to,
harm sb, kill or murder sb ◇ contract a disease
or illness, suffer from ◇ be, feel (afraid, shy,
etc.)

伤脑筋 傷腦筋 shāngnǎojīn
◇ be a headache, be troublesome

筋 筋 jīn ◇ muscle ◇ tendon, si-
new ◇ veins (esp. those visible under the skin)
◇ sth resembling a tendon or vein

伤心傷心 shāngxīn ◇ sad, grie-
ved, broken-hearted

心 心 xīn ◇ heart ◇ mind, feelings
◇ centre, middle, core ◇ {Chinese astronomy}
Xin (one of the Èrshíbā Xiù 二十八宿 "28 Lunar
Mansions of the Chinese zodiac") ◇ {physiolo-
gy} heart (as one of the wǔzàng 五臟/五脏 "five
vital organs")

商标商標 shāngbiāo ◇ trademark,
logo

商 商 shāng ◇ confer, consult,
discuss ◇ commerce, business, trade ◇
commercial ◇ merchant, businessman,
trader ◇ profiteer ◇ {math} quotient
◇ [Sh-] Shang Dynasty (16th-11th cen-
tury BCE) ◇ Shang (surname)

标 標 biāo ◇ mark, sign, symbol, la-
bel, standard, quota ◇ label, tag ◇ prize ◇
symptom, outward appearance (in contrast to
the basis or foundation of sth) ◇ tender, bid ◇

treetop ◇ biao (military unit during the late Qīng 清 Dynasty)
 商店商店 shāngdiàn ◇ shop, store
 商量商量 shāngliang ◇ negotiate ◇ discuss
 商品商品 shāngpǐn ◇ commodity, merchandise, goods
 商务商务 shāngwù ◇ commerce; commercial
 务 务 wù ◇ affair, business ◇ treat with priority ◇ be engaged in, pursue ◇ Wu (surname)
 商业商业 shāngyè ◇ commerce, business, trade
 业 业 yè ◇ line of business, trade, industry ◇ occupation, profession, employment, job ◇ school work, course of study ◇ cause, undertaking, enterprise ◇ estate, property ◇ {Buddhism} karma ◇ {written} engage in ◇ {written} already

 上 上 shàng ◇ on, on top of... ◇ last, the previous (like shàng [gè] xīng-qīwǔ 上[個]星期五 "last Friday") ◇ first (in a series) ◇ go up, go up to ◇ mount, board (a vehicle) ◇ go to, leave for ◇ submit, send ◇ bolt, lock (a door, etc.) ◇ (used after a verb as a resultative ending to indicate the amount or extent reached)
 上班上班 shàngbān ◇ go to work ◇ start work, go on duty
 上当上當 shàngdàng ◇ be taken in, be fooled/tricked/cheated/duped
 当 当 dāng ◇ as... ◇ be equal, match ◇ equal ◇ should, ought to, must ◇ at, in front of, in the presence of, confronting, facing, to sb's face ◇ (just) at (that very time, that very place) (as in 當...時/当...时 dāng... shí "at the time when...") ◇ become, serve as, work as, act as, be ◇ deserve, accept, bear ◇ be in charge of, direct, manage ◇ {written} stop, obstruct, prevent ◇ ought to, should, must ◇ {onom} ding-dong, etc. (used like dāng 噹/当 "ding-dong", etc., for the sound of bells)
 上级上級 shàngjí ◇ higher level (like of an organization), higher authorities; (sb's) superior(s)
 级 级 jí ◇ grade, level, rank, class ◇ (of schools) year, grade, class, level ◇ (of stairs) a step ◇ {academic} degree ◇ {measure word}...step(s)/stage(s)/storey(s) of... (used for steps [of stairs], stages [of rockets], storeys/levels [of towers], etc.)
 上进上進 shàngjìn ◇ progress, advance, improve

进 进 jìn ◇ advance, move forward/ahead (opposite of tuì 退) ◇ enter, come/go in ◇ take in, bring in, receive ◇ recruit, admit ◇ submit, present ◇ eat, drink, take ◇ (as verb ending) into, in ◇ {measure word} (of an old-style residential compound with an inner courtyard or multiple linked courtyards) a courtyard and its associated rooms ◇ {sports} goal (in soccer) ◇ {Chinese chess} advance (a number of points)
 上任上任 shàngrèn ◇ assume office, take up an official appointment ◇ one's predecessor in office
 上网上網 shàngwǎng ◇ {IT} go online, get on the Internet
 网 网 wǎng ◇ net, web; network ◇ net (like for catching fish) ◇ covered with sth resembling a net (like of eyes when bloodshot) ◇ {IT} net, network, the Internet, the World Wide Web ◇ {bot} rete, reticulation
 上午上午 shàngwǔ ◇ morning
 上瘾上瘾 shàngyǐn ◇ be addicted (to sth), form a habit (of doing sth), become "hooked"
 上游上游 shàngyóu ◇ upper reaches (of a river) ◇ advanced, in the forefront; aim high, strive to move ahead ◇ {figurative} upstream, ahead
 游 游 yóu ◇ travel, wander, roam, saunter; wandering, roaming, migrant ◇ befriend, be friends with, have dealings with, associate with ◇ freely wield (e.g., one's sword), move (e.g., one's eyes)

 尚且尚且 shàngqiě ◇ still, as ever ◇ all the more ◇ in addition

 捎 捎 shāo ◇ take sth to sb (while going that way)
 梢 梢 shāo ◇ tip (of a twig, or other long and thin object) ◇ thin end (of a long and tapering object) ◇ end, conclusion ◇ short pieces of wood, kindling ◇ bucket, pail ◇ stern (of a boat)

 稍微稍微 shāowēi ◇ a little, slightly

 勺子勺子 sháozi ◇ a (large) ladle ◇ the back of the skull

 少 少 shǎo ◇ few, little, less, scant, not enough ◇ seldom ◇ missing, lacking ◇ owe (money, etc.) ◇ a

(little) while, a minute

哨 哨 shào ◇ sentry post, guard post ◇ chirp (of birds) ◇ whistle

奢侈奢侈 shēchǐ ◇ extravagant, wasteful, profligate ◇ (excessively) luxurious, undue, inordinate

舌头舌头 shétou ◇ the tongue ◇ captive used to provide information

舌 舌 shé ◇ tongue ◇ sth resembling a tongue (like peak of a hat, tongue of a flame) ◇ tongue, clapper (of a bell, etc.) ◇ sharp words, verbal battle, language

头 頭 tóu ◇ head ◇ chief, head, boss ◇ (used before a numeral or measure word) first..., the initial... ◇ leading ◇ side/aspect ◇ top, tip (e.g., of a pen), end (e.g., of a rope, the street) ◇ beginning, end ◇ remnant, leftover, end ◇ (before tiān 天 or nián 年) the previous (day or year) ◇ head (as a measure of height, like "taller by a head") ◇ {measure word} ...head(s) of... (used for animals, like cattle, mule, sheep, pigs, lions, etc.) ◇ {measure word} head, bulb(s) of... (used for the bulbs of certain plants, like a head of garlic) ◇ (suffix to certain nouns)

蛇 蛇 shé ◇ snake, serpent

舍不得 捨不得 shěbude ◇ (with a verbal object) be unwilling/reluctant to, find it hard to, can't bring oneself to (part with or use); (with a noun object:) be reluctant to leave/let go of, hate to part with; can't bring oneself to use/spend much of (sth), stint on, be grudging of

射击射擊 shèjī ◇ {military} shoot, fire ◇ {sports} shooting (as an athletic activity)

射 射 shè ◇ shoot, fire (like an arrow/bullet/ball) ◇ jet, emit (under pressure), discharge, eject ◇ emit, radiate (like light, heat, rays, etc.) ◇ insinuate ◇ archery (as one of the six Confucian skills) ◇ {classical} seek, pursue
击 擊 jī ◇ strike, hit, beat, knock ◇ attack, assail, raid ◇ kill, assassinate ◇ collide with, bump into, come in contact with (sb or sth)

摄氏度 攝氏度 Shèshìdù

◇ degrees Celsius/centigrade

摄 攝 shè ◇ absorb, take in, assimilate ◇ take a photo ◇ {written} conserve (like one's health, energy) ◇ act in place of/on behalf of/for ◇ capture, kidnap ◇ frighten

摄影攝影 shèyǐng ◇ take a photo ◇ shoot a film

影 影 yǐng ◇ shadow, image ◇ trace, sign ◇ reflection ◇ photograph ◇ motion picture, movie ◇ video ◇ portrait of an ancestor ◇ shadow play ◇ hide, conceal ◇ sundial

涉及涉及 shèjí ◇ involve, relate to, concern, touch upon

社会社會 shèhuì ◇ society ◇ social formation, form of society

社 社 shè ◇ society, organization, association ◇ community ◇ commune ◇ sacrifices to the God of the Land, the seasons, the sun, etc. ◇ God of the Land ◇ village, local (school, granary, etc. in former times) ◇ she (a measure of land)

会 會 huì ◇ meeting ◇ meet with ◇ can, could ◇ understand, know (like a language) ◇ be able to ◇ will, be likely to, be possible, possibly ◇ moment, short while ◇ Hui (surname)

社区社區 shèqū ◇ community ◇ neighbourhood

区 區 qū ◇ area, region, district, zone ◇ department (as in a shop, department store, etc.) ◇ differentiate, distinguish

设备設備 shèbèi ◇ equipment, facilities

设计設計 shèjì ◇ devise, plan, lay out ◇ design, plan, layout ◇ plot, scheme

设立設立 shèlì ◇ set up, establish

设 設 shè ◇ establish, set up, set ◇ plan, arrange ◇ suppose, presume ◇ if, suppose

立 立 lì ◇ stand ◇ stand up, set up ◇ erect, vertical ◇ establish ◇ Li (surname)

设施設施 shèshī ◇ facilities, installation ◇ arrange, fix up; arrangement

施 施 shī ◇ execute, carry out ◇ grant, bestow, give ◇ exert (like pressure), apply (like fertilizer) ◇ Shi (surname)

设想設想 shèxiǎng ◇ imagine, as-

sume ◇ consider, keep in mind ◇ tentative plan, assumption

想 想 xiǎng ◇ think (of); intend; be keen on sth ◇ want to, would like to ◇ long for, recall with fondness, miss, think of ◇ desire

设置设置 shèzhì ◇ set (e.g., a trap), set up (e.g., an organization); configure; station (e.g., a sentry) ◇ put/set up, install, equip with, erect (e.g., a barricade) ◇ setting ◇ {IT} setup; setting; configuration

置 置 zhì ◇ put, place ◇ establish, set up ◇ buy, purchase (comparatively large items) ◇ post, relay station (in ancient times)

伸 伸 shēn ◇ stretch out, extend, straighten, hold out (like one's arms, legs, etc.) ◇ redress (a wrong, an injustice) ◇ Shen (surname)

呻吟呻吟 shēnyín ◇ groan, moan ◇ recite (poetry)

深 深 shēn ◇ deep ◇ profound ◇ dark (of colour)

深奥深奥 shēn'ào ◇ (of a theory, an argument, etc.) profound, difficult to understand, abstruse, unfathomable

奥 奥 ào ◇ deep, profound, mysterious, obscure, abstruse ◇ southwest corner of a house ◇ the innermost recesses of a building ◇ (short for Àodìlì 奥地利/奥地利) Austria ◇ {physics, unit of measure} oersted (Oe, the physical unit of magnetic field) ◇ the Olympics ◇ Ao (surname)

深沉深沉 shēnchén ◇ (of the night, etc.) dark, deep ◇ (of sound) deep ◇ {figurative} deep, difficult to fathom (by not revealing one's thoughts and feelings)

深沉深沈 shēnchén ◇ (of the night, etc.) dark, deep ◇ (of sound) deep ◇ deep, difficult to fathom (by not revealing thoughts and feelings)

深刻深刻 shēnkè ◇ deep, profound ◇ strongly felt, deeply affected

深情厚谊 深情厚誼 shēnqíng hòuyì ◇ profound friendship

深情深情 shēnqíng ◇ deeply loving ◇ deep affection

厚 厚 hòu ◇ (of a wall, book, etc.) thick, (of snow) deep; (of cloth/clothing)

thick/heavy ◇ (of feelings) deep, profound ◇ kind, magnanimous ◇ (of profits, rewards, remunerations, a gift) large, substantial, generous, handsome ◇ (of flavour) rich or strong ◇ treat favourably, give sb preferential treatment, enrich, make better ◇ Hou (surname)

谊 谊 yì ◇ friendship ◇ meaning of a word

申报申报 shēnbào ◇ report to a higher authority ◇ declare sth (to Customs) ◇ Shenbao (newspaper established in Shanghai, published from 1872-1949)

申 申 shēn ◇ state, explain ◇ report (to a superior) ◇ shen (ninth of the twelve Dìzhī 地支 "Earthly Branches") ◇ shen (3:00 p.m. to 5:00 p.m., one of the twelve two-hour periods in a day) ◇ Shen (name for Shanghai) ◇ Shen (state during the Zhōu 周 Dynasty) ◇ Shen (surname)

报 報 bào ◇ report, announce ◇ respond, reciprocate ◇ repay, requite, recompense ◇ newspaper ◇ periodical ◇ bulletin (like news bulletin), report ◇ telegram ◇ {Buddhism} retribution

申请申请 shēnqǐng ◇ apply for, petition

请 請 qǐng ◇ request, ask ◇ please ◇ invite; treat (sb to dinner, etc.) ◇ engage, hire, retain (a teacher, nurse, lawyer, fengshui consultant, etc.); send for (a doctor, etc.) ◇ {archaic} buy (incense, candles, and various other accessories for religious worship) ◇ call on, pay one's respects

绅士绅士 shēnshì ◇ gentleman ◇ the gentry

绅 紳 shēn ◇ gentry ◇ girdle or belt worn by officials and literati ◇ bind

士 士 shì ◇ (suffix referring to certain skilled personnel, e.g. hùshi 護士/护士 "nurse") ◇ (commendable) person (suffix used in certain polite terms for people, e.g., lièshì 烈士 "martyr") ◇ soldier ◇ (in feudal China) scholar ◇ (in the Shang, Western Zhou, and Chunqiu) gentry scholar (member of the lowest aristocratic class, between the high officials and common people) ◇ {classical, ancient Chinese} unmarried man ◇ {Chinese chess} advisor, guard (on the black side ◇ also known as minister, less commonly as assistant, mandarin, or warrior) ◇ noncommissioned officer (a military rank in certain countries, under wèi 尉) ◇ {Japanese} samurai ◇ Shi (surname)

身材身材 shēncái ◇ figure, stature
 身份身份 shēnfēn ◇ status, identity ◇ dignity, honour ◇ quality (of merchandise)
 身体身體 shēntǐ ◇ the body ◇ one's health
 身 身 shēn ◇ (one's) body/life/person/character; oneself ◇ the frame, body (as of a car) ◇ {measure word}... suit(s) of... (used for suits of clothing) ◇ all one's life, one's lifetime
 体 體 tǐ ◇ body ◇ substance (like solid, liquid) ◇ style (of writing or of Chinese characters)

什么甚麼 shénme ◇ what?; what kind of...? something, anything ◇ (used to express anger, surprise, censure or negation) ◇ (used to express disapproval or disagreement) ◇ (after a verb) for what, why ◇ (used to indicate an incomplete list) things like...; and so on, and what not || in traditional characters, also written 什麼, 什麼, or 甚
 甚 甚 shèn ◇ {formal} very, extremely ◇ more than
 么 麼 me ◇ (a suffix, as in shénme 甚麼/什么 "what?")
 甚至甚至 shènzhì ◇ even, even to the extent that, so much so that

神话神話 shénhuà ◇ a myth ◇ a made-up story, fabrication ◇ mythology
 神 神 shén ◇ deity, god ◇ supernatural being, spirit ◇ supernatural (skill, etc.) ◇ soul, mind ◇ energy ◇ expression, look ◇ {Beijing} incredible, magical, marvelous ◇ Shen (surname)
 话 話 huà ◇ words, talk (spoken or written) ◇ talk about, discuss ◇ speech, language ◇ tell, instruct
 神经神經 shénjīng ◇ {physiology} nerve ◇ neurotic, abnormal in thought or behaviour, out of one's senses ◇ mystical book, Taoist book
 经 經 jīng ◇ through ◇ go through, pass through ◇ regular, frequent, constant ◇ the classics, the scriptures ◇ {physiology} men-ses ◇ hang oneself ◇ Jing (surname) ◇ {Buddhism} sutra ◇ the warp (in fabric, in contrast to wěi 緯/纬 "woof") ◇ longitude ◇ lengthwise

alignment
 神秘神祕 shénmì ◇ mysterious, mystical
 神奇神奇 shénqí ◇ miraculous, marvelous, mysterious
 神气神氣 shénqì ◇ air, expression, look ◇ full of spirit, spirited (look) ◇ cocky
 气 氣 qì ◇ gas, air ◇ power ◇ vigour, spirit ◇ weather, climate ◇ thin clouds ◇ make angry ◇ get angry ◇ fate, destiny ◇ {Chinese philosophy} formative or creative spirit ◇ {Chinese med} qi, vital energy; functions (of internal organs); symptom (of a disease); nutrition
 神圣神聖 shénshèng ◇ holy, sacred
 圣 聖 shèng ◇ holy, sacred ◇ outstanding, unequalled (skill, intelligence) ◇ sage ◇ {formal} Emperor (respectful term) ◇ {religion} saint
 神态神態 shéntài ◇ bearing, expression, manner
 态 態 tài ◇ form, shape, appearance, condition ◇ bearing, attitude ◇ {physics} state, mode
 神仙神仙 shénxiān ◇ immortal, celestial being ◇ Taoist immortal ◇ person with the ability to predict or guess situations ◇ carefree and unencumbered person ◇ {Taoism} Shenxian (one of the Nine Kinds of Immortals, see Jiǔxiān 九仙)

审查審查 shěrchá ◇ examine (e.g., for approval), review, check, scrutinize, investigate, inspect ◇ censor (news)
 审 審 shěn ◇ careful, thorough, circumspect ◇ examine (thoroughly), read or look over ◇ interrogate, cross-examine, try (a case in court) ◇ {written} know, be familiar with, be aware of ◇ {written} really, indeed ◇ Shen (surname)
 查 查 chá ◇ check, examine, inspect ◇ investigate, look into ◇ consult (a dictionary, etc.), look up (e.g., a word in a dictionary)
 审理審理 shěnlǐ ◇ {law} try, hear (a case); trial, hearing
 理 理 lǐ ◇ texture, grain, vein ◇ reason, logic ◇ natural sciences ◇ physics ◇ manage, administer ◇ put in order, straighten up ◇ (mostly used in the negative) pay attention to, acknowledge ◇ matchmaker ◇ judicial

official ◇ Li (surname)
 审美审美 shěnměi ◇ appreciate
 beauty ◇ esthetic appreciation
 美 美 měi ◇ beautiful, pretty ◇
 beautify ◇ good ◇ [M-] America ◇ the USA
 ◇ American
 审判审判 shěnpàn ◇ place on
 trial, try, adjudicate
 判 判 pàn ◇ differentiate, distin-
 guish, discriminate ◇ manifestly (different) ◇
 judge, decide ◇ sentence (for punishment)

慎重慎重 shènzhòng ◇ careful, pru-
 dent, discreet

渗透渗透 shèntòu ◇ permeate,
 seep ◇ osmosis, permeation ◇ infiltra-
 te (mostly of things in the abstract)
 渗 渗 shèn ◇ seep, ooze, per-
 meate ◇ leak, drip
 透 透 tòu ◇ penetrate, pass
 through ◇ thoroughly ◇ the fullest, the grea-
 test extent ◇ appear, display ◇ (as a suffix to
 verbs and adjectives) through and through,
 completely, fully

升 升 shēng ◇ rise, ascend, hoist
 (in contrast to jiàng 降 "fall, drop") ◇
 {unit of measure} litre ◇ sheng (dry
 measure for grain equal to one litre) ◇
 sheng (measuring device holding ap-
 prox. one litre) ◇ ripe, mature ◇
 sheng (diagram in the Yìjīng 易经/易经
 "Book of Changes") ◇ Sheng (surna-
 me)

声调声调 shēngdiào ◇ tone (of
 voice when speaking or reading aloud)
 ◇ tone (of a Chinese syllable)
 声明声明 shēngmíng ◇ announce,
 state, declare ◇ announcement, state-
 ment, declaration
 声 声 shēng ◇ sound, voice ◇
 make a sound ◇ announce, state, dec-
 lare ◇ reputation, renown ◇ initial
 consonant (of a Chinese character) ◇
 {linguistics} tone (of a syllable in spo-
 ken Chinese) ◇ music ◇ {measure
 word} a sound of... (only preceded by
 the numeral yī 一 "one", for utterances
 and sounds, like a shout, command,
 thunderclap, etc.)
 明 明 míng ◇ bright, clear, evident
 ◇ open, overt ◇ tomorrow; next (year) ◇

know, understand ◇ Míng (dynasty, 1368-
 1644) ◇ Míng (surname)
 声势声势 shēngshì ◇ momentum
 (of a mass demonstration, etc.)
 声音声音 shēngyīn ◇ sound, voi-
 ce
 音 音 yīn ◇ sound (especially musi-
 cal) ◇ news, information, tidings ◇ syllable ◇
 {physics} tone
 声誉声誉 shēngyù ◇ reputation,
 prestige

牲畜牲畜 shēngchù ◇ domestic
 animals, livestock

生病生病 shēngbìng ◇ be taken ill,
 fall ill
 生产生产 shēngchǎn ◇ produce,
 manufacture, make ◇ production ◇
 turn out ◇ give birth to a child, bear ◇
 childbirth, labour
 生 生 shēng ◇ give birth to ◇
 live ◇ life ◇ unripe ◇ raw ◇ bear, de-
 liver ◇ generate ◇ be born ◇ (of
 plants, roots, etc.) grow, emerge ◇ un-
 ripe ◇ raw, undercooked ◇ not coo-
 ked ◇ unprocessed, unrefined ◇ unfa-
 miliar, unacquainted ◇ student (bound
 form, as in nǚshēng 女生 "female stu-
 dent", zhèngshìshēng 正式生 "regular
 student") ◇ suffix for various kinds or
 groups of people (like yīshēng 医生/医
 生 "medical doctor") ◇ Sheng (surna-
 me)
 产 产 chǎn ◇ (variant of chǎn 产/产)
 give birth to, bear ◇ produce, manufacture,
 yield ◇ the product, the produce ◇ an estate,
 property, possessions
 生存生存 shēngcún ◇ exist, live,
 survive, subsist
 生动生动 shēngdòng ◇ lively, vivid
 动 动 dòng ◇ move, budge ◇ get
 moving, move into action, stir, act ◇ touch, dis-
 place, alter the position/shape of ◇ motion,
 movement (in contrast to jìng 静/静 "still,
 calm") ◇ alter, change, modify ◇ use, put into
 use, make use of ◇ touch, move, sway, stir up,
 excite, arouse (like feelings) ◇ consume (food
 or drink) (mostly used with the negative) ◇
 frequently, often, at every turn, easily
 生活生活 shēnghuó ◇ life ◇ live,
 go through life ◇ exist ◇ existence,
 livelihood ◇ work
 生机生機 shēngjī ◇ chance of

survival, new lease on life ◇ life, vitality

机 機 jī ◇ a machine, engine ◇ an aircraft, plane ◇ an opportunity, chance, occasion ◇ {chem, food} organic ◇ important business/affairs (like affairs of state) ◇ an intention, idea ◇ smart, clever

生理生理 shēnglǐ ◇ physiology ◇ livelihood, business, living

生命生命 shēngmìng ◇ life

生气生氣 shēngqì ◇ become angry, be furious, fly into a rage ◇ life, vitality

生日生日 shēngrì ◇ birthday ◇ date of birth

生疏生疏 shēngshū ◇ not familiar ◇ be rusty, be out of practice ◇ become estranged, no longer be close

生态生態 shēngtài ◇ ecology; ecological; eco-

生物生物 shēngwù ◇ living

things ◇ organism ◇ biological, bio-

生效生效 shēngxiào ◇ come or go into force, take effect, become effective

生肖生肖 shēngxiào ◇ year in which one was born as represented by an animal of the Earthly Branches "Dìzhī", one's sign

生锈生鏽 shēngxiù ◇ rust, get rusty, corrode

锈 鏽 xiù ◇ rust, corrode, get rusty ◇ {bot} rust (Uredinales, the fungus plant disease)

生意生意 shēngyì ◇ trade, business

生育生育 shēngyù ◇ give birth to ◇ raise, bring up

生长生長 shēngzhǎng ◇ grow ◇ be born and brought up, grow up ◇

growth

长 長 cháng ◇ long; length ◇ (one's) strong point(s), forte ◇ be good at sth, be strong in sth ◇ surplus, spare, extra (in this meaning, formerly pronounced zhàng)

绳子繩子 shéngzi ◇ rope, string, cord

绳 繩 shéng ◇ rope, string, cord ◇ {written} correct, restrain, restrict, take sanctions against ◇ {written} continue ◇ carpenter's inked plumb line ◇ criterion, gauge, law, rule

子 子 zǐ ◇ son, child ◇ person ◇ (of melons, etc.) seed ◇ (of fowl, fish) egg, roe

◇ sth small and hard (pebble, bead, etc.) ◇ sub(ordinate) ◇ (in Chinese chess) a chess piece ◇ {history} viscount (the fourth of the five ranks of nobility) ◇ {respectful address} master, sir; Master... (suffix added to the names of ancient philosophers, such as Kǒngzǐ 孔子 "Confucius", Mèngzǐ 孟子 "Mencius") ◇ zi (first of the twelve Dìzhī 地支 "Earthly Branches") ◇ zi (11:00 p.m. to 1:00 a.m.; one of the twelve two-hour periods in a day) ◇ Zi (surname)

省 省 shěng ◇ save, economize ◇ omit, leave out, delete ◇ (of terms, expressions) short form ◇ province ◇ provincial capital ◇ (in Japan) ministry (of the government)

省会省會 shěng huì ◇ provincial capital

省略省略 shěnglüè ◇ omit, delete, leave out (unnecessary words, etc.) ◇ abbreviate

剩 剩 shèng ◇ be left over, remain ◇ surplus, remainder, leftover(s)

盛 盛 shèng ◇ abundant ◇ flourishing, thriving ◇ prosperous ◇ vigorous, exuberant ◇ grand, magnificent ◇ deep, profound ◇ popular, prevalent, widespread, extensive ◇ highly, deeply, greatly ◇ Sheng (surname)

盛产盛產 shèngchǎn ◇ rich in, abound in, teem with

盛开盛開 shèngkāi ◇ be in full bloom

开 開 kāi ◇ open, open up, reclaim ◇ turn on (a light, the TV, a switch, etc.), be on ◇ operate, run (a machine, etc.) ◇ boil (water), boiled (water) ◇ lift (a restriction, ban, etc.) ◇ (of troops) move (in...) ◇ start, begin, set up (like a restaurant, shop, etc.) ◇ hold (a meeting, party, etc.) ◇ write, make out (like a prescription, receipt) ◇ pay (wages, a salary, etc.) ◇ (of a waterway) thaw, become navigable ◇ {regional} kick out, sack, fire ◇ (as a verb suffix)... far and wide; start (doing sth) ◇ rough percentage, approximate proportion ◇ {printing} folio (unit of paper size) ◇ Kai (surname)

盛情盛情 shèngqíng ◇ great kindness

盛行盛行 shèngxíng ◇ be prevalent, be popular, be in vogue

胜负勝負 shèng-fù ◇ victory or

defeat

胜利勝利 shènglì ◇ victory, triumph ◇ triumphantly, successfully ◇ succeed

胜 勝 shèng ◇ win ◇ victory, triumph, success ◇ be victorious, win over ◇ surpass, be superior/better, get the better of ◇ beautiful, wonderful, superb (like scenery) ◇ be equal to, come up to (like to a responsibility or task; in this meaning pronounced "shēng" in Taiwan) ◇ Sheng (surname)

◇ {archaic} ornament for women's hair
利 利 lì ◇ (of a blade) sharp ◇ advantageous, beneficial, favourable ◇ advantage, benefit ◇ profit, interest ◇ Li (surname)

失败失败 shībài ◇ fail, be defeated ◇ failure, defeat

失 失 shī ◇ lose (in contrast to dé 得 "obtain, get") ◇ miss, let slip, lose out ◇ fail to achieve one's objective ◇ mistake ◇ change (from the norm) ◇ break (like a promise), neglect (like one's duty), fail to do

败 败 bài ◇ beat, defeat; be defeated, fail ◇ spoil, ruin (a situation, one's appetite, etc.) ◇ counteract (like to a poison), relieve (like from inflammation) ◇ (of leaves, etc.) wither, decay ◇ cause the decline/ruin of

失眠失眠 shīmián ◇ (suffer from) insomnia

失去失去 shīqù ◇ lose

失事失事 shīshì ◇ (of a ship or aircraft) be wrecked, have an accident

失望失望 shīwàng ◇ lose hope ◇ be disappointed

失误失误 shīwù ◇ make a mistake ◇ miss, fault (as in ball games) ◇ {basketball} turnover

误 誤 wù ◇ error, mistake; (followed by a verb) erroneously..., by mistake...; unintentional(ly) ◇ delay, impede ◇ cause harm, make suffer

失业失業 shīyè ◇ be out of work, be unemployed ◇ be unable to pursue one's livelihood (because of misgovernment, war, etc.) ◇ unemployment

失踪失蹤 shīzōng ◇ be missing (mostly of people)

踪 蹤 zōng ◇ footprint, trace, track ◇ follow, track

尸体屍體 shītǐ ◇ corpse, dead body

师范師範 shīfàn ◇ teacher-training ◇ a model for study ◇ normal school

师傅師傅 shīfu ◇ master who gives instruction in any trade, business, or art ◇ skilled worker or person with accomplished skill in a trade or craft (e.g., in industry, commerce, handicrafts, Chinese opera) ◇ (polite address to a person with accomplished skill in a trade or craft, e.g., chef, artisan, professional driver) ◇ (also written shīfu 師父/师父)

师 師 shī ◇ teacher, master ◇ example, model ◇ model (oneself after), imitate ◇ professional, skilled or specialized worker (like doctor, engineer) ◇ {military} division ◇ troops ◇ multitude of people ◇ (various official titles) ◇ {divination} Shi (one of the sixty-four hexagrams in the Yìjīng 易经/易经 "Book of Changes") ◇ Shi (surname)

傅 傅 fù ◇ {written} teach, instruct ◇ teacher, instructor, tutor ◇ {history} assist the ruler in governing the country ◇ {written} attach, put on; adhere/stick to ◇ Fu (surname)

施加施加 shījiā ◇ exert (pressure, influence, etc.)

施展施展 shīzhǎn ◇ display, bring into play, put (one's abilities, etc.) to good use

湿润濕潤 shīrùn ◇ moist, damp, humid

狮子獅子 shīzi ◇ lion

狮 獅 shī ◇ lion

诗 詩 shī ◇ poetry, poem, verse ◇ the Shījīng 詩經/诗经 "Book of Odes"

十 十 shí ◇ ten, tenth ◇ complete ◇ perfect

十分十分 shífēn ◇ very, fully, extremely (adverb, cannot be an adjective)

十足十足 shízú ◇ hundred percent, complete, entire ◇ full-weight, full-value

实话實話 shíhuà ◇ truth (spoken)
 实惠實惠 shíhuì ◇ tangible/
 le/real/concrete benefit(s), material be-
 nefit ◇ be a good value (for the mo-
 ney), be a bargain, be cheap/economi-
 cal; (of a price) be good/favourable ◇
 be substantial/solid
 实 實 shí ◇ real, true, authen-
 tic, actual, honest, sincere ◇ solid, full
 ◇ reality, truth, fact ◇ surely, for sure
 ◇ fruit, seed ◇ {Chinese med} excessi-
 veness (one of the bāgāng 八綱/八纲
 "eight principal syndromes") ◇ goods,
 materials ◇ wealth, riches ◇ Shi (sur-
 name)
 惠 惠 huì ◇ a favour, benefit, kind-
 ness ◇ be kind (to sb), benefit (sb) ◇ (an ho-
 norific particle used in polite expressions) ◇ a
 three-pronged spear ◇ Hui (surname)
 实际實際 shíjì ◇ reality, actuality,
 practice ◇ realistic, practical ◇ real,
 actual
 实践實踐 shíjiàn ◇ practice ◇ put in-
 to practice
 实力實力 shílì ◇ actual strength,
 real/fighting power, capability (mostly
 militarily or economically) ◇ strength,
 (inherent) ability
 力 力 lì ◇ force, power, strength,
 ability ◇ physical strength ◇ do with all one's
 might ◇ contribution, service ◇ conscripted la-
 borer ◇ Li (surname)
 实施實施 shíshī ◇ put into effect, imple-
 ment, carry out ◇ implementation
 实事求是 實事求是 shíshìqiúshì
 ◇ be practical/realistic/pragmatic, be down to
 earth ◇ no-nonsense (e.g., approach) ◇ be ho-
 nest, tell it like it is, call a spade a spade I (in
 classical Chinese, originally meant "verify the
 facts to get at the truth"—seek the truth from
 facts)
 实习實習 shíxí ◇ (of students, trai-
 nees, etc.) practice (what has been
 taught in class), exercise one's skill (in),
 do fieldwork ◇ (modifying a noun) in-
 terning (e.g. shíxíyīshēng 實習醫生/实
 习医生 "(medical) intern," shíxí jìzhě 實
 習記者/实习记者 "reporter intern")
 实现實現 shíxiàn ◇ realize,
 achieve, bring about ◇ come true,
 come about, materialize
 实行實行 shíxíng ◇ implement,
 put into practice, carry out ◇ imple-

mentation

行 行 xíng ◇ go, walk; travel ◇ trip,
 journey ◇ be all right, will do ◇ be capab-
 le/competent ◇ do, carry out, implement, per-
 form (an action) ◇ behaviour, conduct, actions
 ◇ be current, circulate ◇ running script ◇
 temporary, improvised, makeshift ◇ {written}
 soon, shortly ◇ {literature} ballad, song ◇
 {written} (of medication) take effect ◇ Xing
 (surname)
 实验實驗 shíyàn ◇ experiment, test
 ◇ to experiment, test
 实用實用 shíyòng ◇ actual use
 ◇ practical, functional, useful
 用 用 yòng ◇ use, employ, apply ◇
 {formal} eat, drink ◇ Yong (surname)
 实在實在 shízài ◇ real, true ◇ really,
 truly ◇ actually, in fact (also in the
 pronunciation "shízai": solid, well-done,
 ample)
 在 在 zài ◇ in, on, at ◇ exist, be
 present, be alive ◇ be in a certain category or
 class (as in zài suǒ bùmiǎn 在所不免 "is [one of
 those things that is] unavoidable") ◇ Zai (sur-
 name)
 实质實質 shízhì ◇ substance, essence

 拾 拾 shí ◇ pick up, collect,
 gather (sth from the ground) ◇ put in
 order, tidy up ◇ ten [the number, so
 written to prevent alteration, forgery,
 etc.]

 时差時差 shíchā ◇ {astronomy} equa-
 tion of time ◇ time difference ◇ jet lag
 时 時 shí ◇ time ◇ when, at
 (a certain time) ◇ o'clock (written
 form) ◇ current, present ◇ at that
 time ◇ occasionally, now and then; at
 times, sometimes (in the pattern
 時...時...) ◇ Shi (surname)
 差 差 chà ◇ differ (by), be different
 ◇ lack, be/fall short of ◇ no good, substan-
 dard, poor, inferior ◇ wrong, mistaken, erro-
 neous ◇ fault, mistake
 时常時常 shícháng ◇ often, fre-
 quently
 常 常 cháng ◇ common, normal, ordi-
 nary ◇ constant ◇ frequently, often, usually,
 always ◇ {written} morality, code of conduct,
 rule of behaviour, principle ◇ Chang (surna-
 me)
 时代時代 shídài ◇ times, period, era,
 age ◇ period in one's life
 代 代 dài ◇ for/in place of/on be-
 half of (sb else) ◇ replace, take the place of,

act on another's behalf, be a substitute for ◇
 substitute, acting, temporary ◇ era, age, pe-
 riod, dynasty ◇ generation ◇ Dai (surname)
 时而時而 shí'ér ◇ from time to time
 ◇ (when reduplicated) now..., now...
 而 而 ér ◇ (joining two adjec-
 tives)...and... ◇ (indicating a sequence or conse-
 quence)... and thus..., therefore ◇ (indicating a
 contrast)...but... ◇ (indicating a transi-
 tion)...to... ◇ (indicating sth happens at a cer-
 tain time) at..., when... ◇ (indicating sth hap-
 pens under a certain condition) if...
 时光時光 shíguāng ◇ time (as a
 concept) ◇ times, period ◇ day, date
 光 光 guāng ◇ light, ray; the shine
 (from a light source) ◇ scenery, sight, view ◇
 glory, credit, honour ◇ benefit, advantage ◇
 {formal, honorific} you, your (presence, patro-
 nage, etc.) ◇ bring glory/honour to, glorify,
 shine upon ◇ shiny, bright; smooth, glossy,
 sleek ◇ (as a verb suffix) empty, exhausted,
 used up, finished ◇ bare, naked ◇ only, solely,
 merely ◇ Guang (surname)
 时候時候 shíhou ◇ time (when), mo-
 ment
 候 候 hòu ◇ wait, await, expect ◇
 visit, inquire after ◇ {dialect} treat, pick up the
 cheque ◇ time, period, season ◇ (of an on-
 going process, or a situation in flux) condition,
 state ◇ {Chinese calendar} pentad (a period of
 five days, three of which constitute a jiéqì
 節氣/节气 "solar term") ◇ {admin, archaic} of-
 ficial in charge of protocol ◇ {archaic} frontier
 lookout post
 时机時機 shíjī ◇ opportunity, op-
 portune moment
 时间時間 shíjiān ◇ time
 时刻時刻 shíkè ◇ time (like of day)
 ◇ constantly, always
 刻 刻 kè ◇ engrave, carve, cut,
 chisel ◇ quarter of an hour; short period of
 time, moment ◇ cutting, biting ◇ the utmost
 ◇ mean, harsh
 时髦時髦 shímáo ◇ fashionable,
 in vogue
 髦 髦 máo ◇ {classical} handsome
 and talented person ◇ (used in the word for
 "fashionable" shímáo 時髦/时髦)
 时期時期 shíqī ◇ period (of time)
 期 期 qī ◇ term, period of time ◇
 phase/stage (of a project) ◇ scheduled time,
 set time ◇ {measure word}... issue(s) of...,...
 class(es) of... (used for things produced periodi-
 cally, like issues of a magazine/newspaper, and
 for classes of students) ◇ set up/schedule (an
 appointment, etc.) ◇ expect, await, hope (for),
 anticipate, look forward to ◇ Qi (surname)
 时尚時尚 shíshàng ◇ fashion, fad

◇ vogue ◇ trendy, fashionable
 尚 尚 shàng ◇ still, yet ◇ proceed ◇
 honour, esteem ◇ the remote ages ◇ of or ha-
 ving to do with the Emperor ◇ marry (a prin-
 cess) ◇ protect and aid ◇ Shang (surname)
 时事時事 shíshì ◇ current events,
 current affairs

事 事 shì ◇ affair, matter,
 thing ◇ incident, event ◇ accident,
 trouble, untoward event ◇ business ◇
 work, function ◇ job, occupation ◇
 concerned with, involved in, responsib-
 le for ◇ serve, attend to ◇ do, carry
 out, be engaged in

石头石頭 shítou ◇ stone, rock
 石 石 shí ◇ stone, rock, pebble
 ◇ stone inscription ◇ {Chinese medi-
 cine} stone needle (used in ancient
 times in acupuncture) ◇ Shi (surname)
 石油石油 shíyóu ◇ oil, petroleum

识别識別 shíbié ◇ discern, distin-
 guish, discriminate

食物食物 shíwù ◇ food

使 使 shǐ ◇ cause, make (sb
 do sth); enable ◇ use, make use of,
 employ, apply ◇ send, dispatch (sb to
 do sth) ◇ messenger, envoy, ambassa-
 dor ◇ supposing, if, provided
 使劲兒 使勁兒 shǐjìnǚr ◇ make
 an effort, exert oneself
 劲儿 勁兒 jìnǚr ◇ strength, energy ◇ vi-
 gour, zeal, spirit ◇ manner, air
 使命使命 shǐmìng ◇ mission,
 task
 使用使用 shǐyòng ◇ use, em-
 ploy, apply, exercise

始终始終 shǐzhōng ◇ from begin-
 ning to end, throughout, always, all
 along
 始 始 shǐ ◇ begin, start ◇ be-
 ginning, start (in contrast to zhōng
 終/终 "end") ◇ first, earliest ◇ can on-
 ly, only then ◇ Shi (surname)
 终 終 zhōng ◇ end (in contrast to shǐ
 始 "beginning, start") ◇ death ◇ in the end, af-
 ter all ◇ all, whole, entire ◇ Zhong (surname)

世代世代 shìdài ◇ for generations, generation after generation; from generation to generation ◇ {biology} generation ◇ {literary} generation, age, era; centuries, ages, eons

世纪世紀 shìjì ◇ century

世世 shì ◇ world, society ◇ generation, life, lifetime ◇ {geosciences} epoch, age, era ◇ the secular world, this (mundane) world ◇ Shi (surname)

纪紀 jì ◇ discipline (as in the military) ◇ record, write down ◇ written record, annals, historical account ◇ {archaic} twelve-year period or cycle ◇ age, era, epoch, period ◇ Ji (ancient state in the area of present Jitai-cun, Shāndōng 山東/山东 Province) ◇ Ji (surname)

世界世界 shìjiè ◇ world ◇ {Buddhism} cosmos ◇ throughout the world, all over the world ◇ prevailing situation ◇ general mood of society ◇ sphere of activity, realm

事故事故 shìgù ◇ accident, trouble, mishap

事迹事跡 shìjì ◇ deeds, exploits, achievements

事件事件 shìjiàn ◇ incident, event (esp. historical) ◇ a matter

事情事情 shìqing ◇ matter, affair, thing, event

事实事實 shìshí ◇ fact, reality

事事 shì ◇ affair, matter, thing ◇ incident, event ◇ accident, trouble, untoward event ◇ business ◇ work, function ◇ job, occupation ◇ concerned with, involved in, responsible for ◇ serve, attend to ◇ do, carry out, be engaged in

实實 shí ◇ real, true, authentic, actual, honest, sincere ◇ solid, full ◇ reality, truth, fact ◇ surely, for sure ◇ fruit, seed ◇ {Chinese med} excessiveness (one of the bā-gāng 八綱/八纲 "eight principal syndromes") ◇ goods, materials ◇ wealth, riches ◇ Shi (surname)

事态事態 shìtài ◇ the situation, the state of affairs (mostly bad)

事务事務 shìwù ◇ routine affairs, business, matters, services ◇ general affairs

事物事物 shìwù ◇ thing, article, object

事先事先 shìxiān ◇ beforehand, before the event, prior, in advance

事项事項 shìxiàng ◇ item of business (like on the agenda), matter

项項 xiàng ◇ item ◇ {measure word} (used for things that can be itemized or enumerated, like activities or competitions, agenda items, tasks, measures, achievements, rules, decisions, contents, documents, policies, sports activities, sums of money, etc.) ◇ nape (of the neck) ◇ Xiang (surname)

事业事業 shìyè ◇ cause, undertaking ◇ facilities, services, enterprise (state-subsidized in contrast to a business) ◇ trade, industry, business ◇ career

似的似的 shìde ◇ like, as, as if, as... as... (particle used to indicate similarity, often preceded by xiàng 像 or hǎo-xiàng 好像 "it seems...")

似乎似乎 sìhū ◇ seemingly, as if, it seems

势必勢必 shìbì ◇ bound to, certainly will

势勢 shì ◇ power, influence ◇ tendency, momentum ◇ physical appearance ◇ action, situation, circumstances ◇ sign, indication ◇ (political, military, etc.) situation

必必 bì ◇ surely, certainly, necessarily ◇ must, have to ◇ obstinate, stubborn ◇ if, in case ◇ act resolutely ◇ silk rope ◇ Bi (surname)

势力勢力 shìlì ◇ influence, power, force, sway, forces

力力 lì ◇ force, power, strength, ability ◇ physical strength ◇ do with all one's might ◇ contribution, service ◇ conscripted laborer ◇ Li (surname)

士兵士兵 shìbīng ◇ enlisted men, rank-and-file soldiers

市场市場 shìchǎng ◇ market, marketplace ◇ {economics} market ◇ {pejorative} (of ideas, etc.) popular support/appeal, attraction, currency
市市 shì ◇ city, municipality (like Beijing, Shanghai) ◇ market, marketplace ◇ {economics} market ◇ trade, business ◇ purchase, buy ◇ administrative area or unit ◇ Shi (surname)

场 場 chǎng ◇ (gathering) place ◇ stage ◇ {theatre} scene (within an act) ◇ {measure word} (used for physical activities, athletic events, performances, dreams, exams, speeches, disasters, e.g., yī chǎng diànyǐng 一場電影/一场电影 "a (theater showing of a) movie") ◇ {physics} field (magnetic, etc.)

是 是 shì ◇ be, am, is, are (equating two things) ◇ right ◇ yes (response when called on) ◇ {classical} this ◇ {classical} correct, right ◇ (in the pattern 是...是...) is it...or is it...? ◇ "Yes!" ◇ "Right!"

是非是非 shìfēi ◇ quarrel, dispute, trouble ◇ gossip
是否是否 shìfǒu ◇ is/does it...(or not) ◇ whether or not

示范示範 shìfàn ◇ demonstrate (a technique, etc.), show ◇ set an example (for others to follow), model

示 示 shì ◇ show, display ◇ instruct, demonstrate

范 範 fàn ◇ pattern, standard, norm ◇ model, example ◇ scope, range, bounds ◇ Fan (surname)

示威示威 shìwēi ◇ demonstrate ◇ demonstration ◇ show of force

示意示意 shìyì ◇ hint, signal

视力視力 shìlì ◇ vision, eyesight
视 視 shì ◇ look at, view, examine ◇ regard, consider, treat as, look upon as ◇ inspect, observe, watch, contrast, compare ◇ model oneself on, follow the example of ◇ {physics} apparent

视频視頻 shìpín ◇ video frequency ◇ video ◇ {colloquial} chat/connect/etc. by video, video call, video chat

视线視線 shìxiàn ◇ {figurative} attention (as in zhuǎnyí rénmen de 转移人们的 "divert people's ") ◇ line of sight (as in surveying), line of vision

视野視野 shìyě ◇ field of vision ◇ realm of thought or knowledge

野 野 yě ◇ wild, crude, uncivilized ◇ wilderness ◇ field

试 試 shì ◇ test, try, experiment ◇ test, trial, experiment ◇ try, attempt ◇ taste, try ◇ take up a post, assume an office ◇ use

试卷試卷 shìjuǎn ◇ examination paper, test paper

卷 卷 juǎn ◇ (used like juǎn 捲/卷) roll (up), furl, curl ◇ carry away, sweep along (like by a wave, the wind) ◇ end, cease to exist, become extinct ◇ a roll, sth shaped like a roll ◇ {measure word}... roll(s) of... (used for rolls, spools or similar cylindrical objects) ◇ Juan (surname)

试图試圖 shìtú ◇ try, attempt

试验試驗 shìyàn ◇ test, try, experiment ◇ test, trial, experiment

适合適合 shìhé ◇ fit, be suitable

适 適 shì ◇ fit, suitable, proper, appropriate ◇ opportune, just right ◇ comfortable, at ease, well ◇ go, move towards, follow ◇ {written} (of a woman) marry, get married

合 合 hé ◇ combine, unite, join ◇ shut, close ◇ the entire/whole... ◇ {written} be appropriate, proper ◇ suit, agree, fit, comply/conform with ◇ add up to, be equal to ◇ {measure word}... round(s) of..., bout(s) of... (in fights, contests, sports, etc.) ◇ {astronomy} conjunction ◇ {music} he (note in the Chinese scale gōngchěpǔ 工尺譜/工尺谱, corresponding to 5 in numbered musical notation) ◇ He (surname)

适宜適宜 shìyí ◇ fit, suitable

宜 宜 yí ◇ suitable, proper, fitting, appropriate ◇ should, ought to (mostly, but not always, used in the negative) ◇ of course, no wonder ◇ Yi (surname)

适应適應 shìyìng ◇ adapt (oneself to), adjust (to), suit, fit, be geared to

逝世逝世 shìshì ◇ pass away, die

释放釋放 shìfàng ◇ release (like from prison) ◇ {psychology} release (like anger) ◇ {physics} release ◇ {zoology} release (like poison of a stinging wasp, biting snake, etc.)

释 釋 shì ◇ interpret, explain, elucidate ◇ eliminate, dispel ◇ let go, lay down ◇ release (from prison) ◇ emit, send out ◇ Sakyamuni (abbreviation for Shìjiāmóuní 釋迦牟尼/释迦牟尼) ◇ Shi (surname)

放 放 fàng ◇ release, set free, let go, let out ◇ put, place (in, on, etc.) ◇ let oneself go, give way to ◇ put in, add ◇ put (livestock, horses, etc.) out to pasture ◇ turn on, play (a movie, etc.) ◇ banish, exile, send away ◇ set

off (like firecrackers) ◇ ignite, light, set fire to
 ◇ lend at interest ◇ (of clothing) let out, make
 larger ◇ (of blossoms, flowers) open, bloom ◇
 keep (for future use), put aside ◇ fell, cut
 down (trees, etc.) ◇ (starting an imperative
 sentence) Be more...! ◇ (preceding
 著...不.../着...不...) neglect/refuse (to do sth)

收 收 shōu ◇ receive, accept ◇
 collect ◇ harvest, gather in, bring in
 (crops)
 收藏收藏 shōucáng ◇ collect and
 store away, store ◇ collection
 收获收穫 shōuhuò ◇ harvest (a
 crop), gather, reap ◇ gain(s); rewards;
 results
 获 獲 huò ◇ catch, capture, seize ◇
 get, obtain, receive, gain, win
 收据收據 shōujù ◇ receipt
 据 據 jù ◇ according to, based on
 ◇ depending on ◇ rely on, depend on ◇ occu-
 py, seize, hold ◇ proof, evidence
 收入收入 shōurù ◇ income, re-
 venue, receipts ◇ include, contain ◇
 admit into (e.g., a hospital)
 收拾收拾 shōushi ◇ put in or-
 der, straighten out, tidy up ◇ pack
 (like one's luggage) ◇ fix, mend, repair
 ◇ punish, fix ◇ kill, wipe out
 收缩收缩 shōusuō ◇ contract,
 shrink, shorten ◇ contraction, shrinka-
 ge ◇ draw back (like troops) ◇ systole
 缩 縮 suō ◇ shrink, contract, be re-
 duced, get smaller ◇ recoil, draw in or back,
 shrink back, withdraw, retreat ◇ Suo (surna-
 me)
 收益收益 shōuyì ◇ income, profit,
 gain
 收音机 收音機 shōuyīnjī
 ◇ radio (receiver)
 收音收音 shōuyīn ◇ receive a
 voice signal ◇ reception (of a radio sig-
 nal) ◇ record sound ◇ have good
 acoustics

守护守护 shǒuhù ◇ guard, de-
 fend, protect
 守 守 shǒu ◇ guard, protect ◇
 keep watch, look after, inspect ◇ heed,
 observe ◇ nearby, close ◇ Shou (sur-
 name)
 护 護 hù ◇ protect, guard, defend,
 shelter, shield ◇ {metaphor} be partial to sb,
 be on sb's side

手表手錶 shǒubiǎo ◇ wristwatch,
 watch
 手法手法 shǒufǎ ◇ skill, technique,
 artistry ◇ trick (in bad sense)
 手工手工 shǒugōng ◇ handwork,
 work done by hand ◇ by hand, manual
 ◇ charge for handwork
 手机手机 shǒujī ◇ mobile phone, cel-
 lular phone, cell phone
 手 手 shǒu ◇ hand ◇ personal-
 ly, with one's own hands ◇ person en-
 gaged in a certain task; person with a
 particular skill ◇ {measure word}
 (used for skill, dexterity, etc.)
 手势手势 shǒushì ◇ a gesture, a
 sign (with the hand)
 势 勢 shì ◇ power, influence ◇
 tendency, momentum ◇ physical appearance
 ◇ action, situation, circumstances ◇ sign, indi-
 cation ◇ (political, military, etc.) situation
 手术手術 shǒushù {med} ◇ ope-
 ration, surgery ◇ operate; have/under-
 go an operation
 术 術 shù ◇ art, skill, technique,
 craft ◇ method, trick, tactics, stratagem ◇
 learning, knowledge ◇ {archaic} road through
 the center of a town
 手套手套 shǒutào ◇ gloves, mit-
 tens ◇ baseball glove
 手续手續 shǒuxù ◇ procedure,
 formalities
 续 續 xù ◇ continuous ◇ conti-
 nue, extend ◇ add, increase ◇ remarry (after
 wife's death) ◇ Xu (surname)
 手艺手藝 shǒuyì ◇ craftsmanship,
 workmanship, manual skill ◇ handi-
 craft, trade
 艺 藝 yì ◇ skill, ability ◇ art(s)
 (like literature, dance, singing) ◇ limit, restric-
 tion ◇ plant, grow
 手指手指 shǒuzhǐ ◇ a finger ◇
 point with a finger

首 首 shǒu ◇ the head ◇ lea-
 der, chief, boss ◇ foremost, supreme
 ◇ first (of all); (be) the first (to do sth)
 ◇ bring charges against sb, charge sb
 with... ◇ {measure word} (used for
 songs, stanzas, poems) ◇ Shou (surna-
 me)
 首都首都 shǒudū ◇ national ca-
 pital, capital city
 首饰首飾 shǒushi ◇ jewelry
 (originally adornments for the hair,

now includes earrings, bracelets, etc.)
 饰 飾 shì ◇ decorate, adorn (literally or figuratively, like of writing) ◇ decoration, adornment ◇ play the part of
 首先首先 shǒuxiān ◇ first of all, above all ◇ first ◇ in the first place
 首要首要 shǒuyào ◇ of the first importance ◇ first ◇ chief

受不了 受不了 shòubuliǎo
 ◇ cannot bear, cannot endure
 受到受到 shòudào ◇ suffer, sustain, receive; be the object of (an action/treatment), be [verb]-ed (by sb/sth)
 受伤受傷 shòushāng ◇ be injured
 受 受 shòu ◇ receive, accept, get ◇ bear, stand, endure, tolerate ◇ suffer, be subjected to, undergo, sustain, be affected by; (when preceding a verb indicates the passive voice) be...-ed
 伤 傷 shāng ◇ wound, injury ◇ hurt, injure (literally or figuratively) ◇ hinder, impede ◇ grieve, be saddened ◇ be sick of, have one's fill of
 受罪受罪 shòuzuì ◇ suffer hardships, have a rough time

售货员 售貨員 shòuhuòyuán
 ◇ sales clerk, shop assistant, salesperson
 售 售 shòu ◇ sell ◇ be on sale ◇ {written} carry out (an evil plan, tricks, intrigues, etc.)

寿命壽命 shòumìng ◇ life, life span
 寿 壽 shòu ◇ long life, longevity ◇ age, life ◇ birthday (mostly of an elderly person) ◇ (prepared) for burial (like of a coffin, graveclothes during one's lifetime) ◇ Shou (surname)
 命 命 mìng ◇ life ◇ destiny, fate, luck ◇ an order, a command, a decree ◇ assign, order, name

授予授予 shòuyǔ ◇ award, confer (a title, etc.)

瘦 瘦 shòu ◇ thin, become thin, lose weight (in contrast to pàng 胖 "fat, corpulent") ◇ (of meat) lean (in con-

trast to féi 肥 "fat") ◇ tight (of clothing, in contrast to féi 肥 "loose") ◇ (of soil) poor, infertile

书 書 shū ◇ book ◇ letter, document ◇ calligraphy style, script ◇ write ◇ {literature} the Book of Documents (short for Shàngshū 尚書/尚书, or Shūjīng 書經/书经)
 书法書法 shūfǎ ◇ calligraphy, penmanship ◇ art of chronicling
 法 法 fǎ ◇ law ◇ method, way, style ◇ model after, pattern after, follow ◇ model, standard ◇ {Buddhism} dharma ◇ tricks, magic ◇ (short for Fǎjiā 法家) the Legalist school (of thought) ◇ (short for Fǎguó 法國/法国) France; French ◇ {physics, unit of measure} Farad ◇ Fa (surname)
 书籍書籍 shūjí ◇ books, written material (collectively)

籍 籍 jí ◇ book, written record ◇ roll, register, list of names ◇ sb's native place, birthplace, home town ◇ membership (in an organization, etc.) ◇ nationality, citizenship (as in Měiguó jí 美國籍/美国籍, or short Měijí 美籍 "[of] US citizenship") ◇ affiliation ◇ place of household registration (e.g., 北京籍) ◇ Ji (surname)

书记書記 shūjì ◇ secretary (of an organization, like Party Secretary) ◇ clerk (in an office)

书架書架 shūjià ◇ bookshelf
 架 架 jià ◇ rack, shelf, frame, stand ◇ put up, prop up, erect ◇ ward/fend off, withstand, resist ◇ take sb away forcibly, abduct, kidnap ◇ help (sb along), support sb physically ◇ quarrel, fight ◇ {measure word} (used for airplanes, helicopters, machines/mechanisms with a stand or rack, etc.)

书面書面 shūmiàn ◇ written, in written form (in contrast to kǒutóu 口頭/口头 "oral, verbal")

面 面 miàn ◇ face (toward); face, surface ◇ aspect ◇ the whole area (in contrast to diǎn 點/点 "selected spots") ◇ {regional, slang} habitually slow (of a person) ◇ {measure word} (used for things with a flat surface, like walls, mirrors, etc.)

叔叔叔叔 shūshu ◇ uncle (father's younger brother) ◇ uncle (form of address used by children for a male one generation older) ◇ (Suzhou) brother-in-law (husband's younger brother)

梳子梳子 shūzi ◇ a comb

疏忽疏忽 shūhu ◇ be careless, neglect, overlook; carelessness, negligence, oversight

疏远疏遠 shūyuǎn ◇ become estranged ◇ keep sb at a distance ◇ estrange

疏疏 shū ◇ scattered, thin, sparse ◇ distant (of a relationship) ◇ neglect, be careless about ◇ inadequate, deficient ◇ scatter, disperse, thin out ◇ memorandum making a proposal or request to a superior ◇ exegesis, annotated commentary ◇ Shu (surname)
远遠 yuǎn ◇ far, distant, remote (in space/time) ◇ (of blood relationship, relatives) distant ◇ (of difference) far, by far ◇ not intimate, distant ◇ Yuan (surname)

舒畅舒暢 shūchàng ◇ happy, worry free

舒舒 shū ◇ unfold, stretch, extend ◇ slow, leisurely ◇ serene, composed ◇ Shu (state during the Chūnqiū 春秋 Period [770 - 476 BCE] in Shu-cheng, Ānhuī 安徽 Province) ◇ Shu (surname)

畅暢 chàng ◇ unrestrained, unimpeded, smooth, uninhibited, to one's heart's content ◇ long ◇ really, truly ◇ Chang (surname)

舒服舒服 shūfu ◇ comfortable ◇ feel well (often in the negative)

舒适舒適 shūshì ◇ comfortable, cosy
适適 shì ◇ fit, suitable, proper, appropriate ◇ opportune, just right ◇ comfortable, at ease, well ◇ go, move towards, follow ◇ {written} (of a woman) marry, get married

蔬菜蔬菜 shūcài ◇ vegetables, greens

输輸 shū ◇ transport ◇ contribute, donate ◇ lose (in contrast to yíng 赢/贏 "win") ◇ {colloquial} input (=shūrù 輸入/输入)

输入輸入 shūrù ◇ {economics} import ◇ {IT} (of data, commands, etc.) enter, input

入入 rù ◇ enter; join, become a member of (a group, club, etc.) ◇ income, receipts, earnings ◇ conform to, agree with

熟练熟練 shúliàn ◇ skilled, accomplished

熟熟 shú ◇ ripe ◇ thoroughly cooked, done ◇ processed, refined ◇

familiar, acquainted, well-known (to sb) ◇ experienced, skilled, versed (in sth) ◇ deeply, soundly, profoundly

练練 liàn ◇ white silk ◇ boil and scour raw silk ◇ practice, drill, train, exercise ◇ skilled, experienced ◇ Lian (surname)

熟悉熟悉 shúxī ◇ know very well, be very familiar with

属于屬於 shǔyú ◇ belong to, pertain to, be affiliated with, be part of ◇ belong to the category of

属屬 shǔ ◇ belong to (the category of...) ◇ be subordinate to, be under or within (e.g., the jurisdiction of), be attached to ◇ be born in the year of the... (followed by one of the animals represented by a dìzhī 地支 "Earthly Branch") ◇ be ◇ class, category ◇ {biology} genus ◇ family members, dependents, relatives

于於 yú ◇ in, at on (time or place) ◇ towards, to, for ◇ than (comparative) ◇ by (passive voice)

鼠标鼠標 shǔbiāo ◇ {IT} mouse
鼠鼠 shǔ ◇ rat, mouse

数數 shù ◇ number, figure ◇ {math} number ◇ {linguistics} number (i.e. plural, singular) ◇ several, a few ◇ fate, destiny ◇ (following a number) about, around, approximately
数额數額 shù'é ◇ amount ◇ number

数据數據 shùjù ◇ data

数量數量 shùliàng ◇ quantity ◇ amount ◇ volume

量量 liàng ◇ capacity, capability ◇ quantity, number, amount, volume

数码數碼 shùmǎ ◇ numeral ◇ number, amount, numerical code ◇ digital

数学數學 shùxué ◇ mathematics

数字數字 shùzì ◇ number ◇ numeral, digit ◇ figure ◇ digital

字字 zì ◇ {linguistics} Chinese character, word, letter ◇ "style name" (name taken by a man upon reaching manhood, at around 20 years of age)

束 束 shù ◇ tie, bind, bundle
 ◇ control, restrain ◇ {math} pencil ◇
 beam, bundle (of light, etc.) ◇ {measure
 word}... sheaf(s) of...,... bundle(s)
 of...,... bunch(es) of...,... bouquet(s)
 of... (used for things that are tied toge-
 ther in bunches, like straw, flowers, ve-
 getables with stalks, etc.) ◇ Shu (sur-
 name)

束缚束缚 shùfù ◇ bind, tie, fetter ◇
 the fetters ◇ yoke
 缚 缚 fù ◇ tie up, truss up, tie
 fast, bind fast

树 樹 shù ◇ tree ◇ plant, set
 up, establish (mostly of abstract things)
 ◇ screen, partition ◇ {measure word}
 (used for trees) ◇ Shu (surname)
 树立樹立 shùlì ◇ set up, establish
 (mostly of abstract things)

竖 豎 shù ◇ vertical (in con-
 trast to héng 横 "horizontal") ◇ cross-
 wise (in contrast to zòng 縱/纵 "length-
 wise", as in zòng-héng 縱横/纵横 "criss-
 cross") ◇ {calligraphy} vertical stroke
 ◇ servant boy ◇ fellow (slighting form
 of address) ◇ minor palace official ◇
 Shu (surname)

刷牙刷牙 shuāyá ◇ brush the
 teeth

耍 耍 shuǎ ◇ play, have fun ◇
 play with, display ◇ play (like tricks, in
 a bad sense) ◇ Shua (surname)

摔倒摔倒 shuāidǎo ◇ to fall (of a
 person on the floor, ground, etc.) ◇
 throw down (as in wrestling)

衰老衰老 shuāilǎo ◇ old and
 weak, feeble, decrepit ◇ aging ◇
 {med} senility, senescence
 衰退衰退 shuāituì ◇ decline (of
 one's health, will or of an economy,
 etc.) ◇ recession

甩 甩 shuǎi ◇ wave, swing ◇ throw,
 fling ◇ throw off, cast off, leave behind ◇ (of
 insects or fish) lay eggs

帅 帥 shuài ◇ {military} com-

mandar-in-chief ◇ {Chinese chess}
 Marshal/General (on the red side; equi-
 valent to the King of Western chess) ◇
 graceful, beautiful (of handwriting, mo-
 vements, etc.) ◇ command, lead ◇
 handsome, elegant ◇ Shuai (surname)

率领率领 shuàilǐng ◇ lead, com-
 mand

率 率 shuài ◇ lead, guide ◇
 command (troops) ◇ cursory, rash ◇
 candid, frank, straightforward ◇ fol-
 low, observe ◇ usually, generally, for
 the most part ◇ (of handwriting, move-
 ments, etc.) graceful, beautiful ◇ net
 for catching animals ◇ Shuai (surna-
 me)

领 領 lǐng ◇ collar (of a garment)
 ◇ neck ◇ outline, essentials ◇ lead, guide ◇
 possess, control, have jurisdiction over ◇ recei-
 ve, draw (like pay) ◇ accept ◇ comprehend,
 grasp ◇ {measure word} (used for mats, robes,
 upper garments, etc.)

涮 涮 shuàn ◇ rinse, wash out ◇
 quick-boil (beef, fish, etc.) ◇ cheat,
 swindle

火锅 火鍋 huǒguō ◇ chafing dish ◇ hot pot
 (food item)

火 火 huǒ ◇ fire ◇ firearms, ammu-
 nition ◇ {Chinese med} internal heat ◇ (of co-
 lour) red as fire, flaming red ◇ urgent, pressing
 ◇ anger, fury, rage, temper ◇ {colloquial} (of
 business, a sales item, etc.) brisk, flourishing,
 thriving, popular, "hot", all the rage (as in shēn-
 gù hǎi huǒ 生意很火 "business is booming", or
 mài de tǐng huǒ 賣得挺火/卖得挺火 "[some
 product] is selling like hotcakes") ◇ Huo (sur-
 name)

锅 鍋 guō ◇ pot, pan, cooker ◇
 bowl (of a tobacco pipe) ◇ {measure word}...
 pot(s) of...,... pan(s) of... (used for the contents
 of a cooking pot, frying pan, etc.)

双 雙 shuāng ◇ two, both; a
 pair of... (in contrast to dān 單/单 "one,
 single") ◇ {measure word}... pair(s)
 of... (used for things in pairs, like
 hands, gloves, socks, shoes, eyes, etc.)
 ◇ even, even-numbered (in contrast to
 dān 單/单 "odd, odd-numbered") ◇
 Shuang (surname)

双胞胎 雙胞胎 shuāngbāotāi
 ◇ twins ◇ {TW usage} a kind of
 doughnut with two pieces of dough joi-

ned together

胞胎胞胎 bāotāi ◇ {med} afterbirth

双方雙方 shuāngfāng ◇ both sides, both parties

方 方 fāng ◇ square (in shape) ◇ direction ◇ upright, honest ◇ side, party ◇ direction, place, locality, region ◇ method, way, means ◇ {pharma, Chinese med} prescription, recipe ◇ (as an adverb, same meaning as cái 纔/才) only, just at that time, then ◇ just (now) ◇ {measure} (short for píngfāng 平方 "square metre", or for lìfāng 立方 "cubic metre")... square metre(s),... cubic metre(s) (used for area or volume) ◇ {math} power (of) ◇ Fang (surname)

爽快爽快 shuǎngkuai ◇ relaxed and comfortable, refreshed ◇ frank, straightforward

谁 誰 shéi ◇ who? ◇ anyone

水 水 shuǐ ◇ water ◇ (preceded by a name) ... River ◇ rivers, lakes, seas; a flood ◇ liquid ◇ additional income; extra cost ◇ (of clothing, etc.) times being washed ◇ Shui (surname)

水果水果 shuǐguǒ ◇ fruit(s)

水利水利 shuǐlì ◇ water conservation, water conservancy project, irrigation works (includes flood control and protection, irrigation)

水龙头 水龍頭 shuǐlóngtóu ◇ faucet, tap ◇ fire hose nozzle

龙头 龍頭 lóngtóu ◇ tap, faucet ◇ bicycle handlebar ◇ key item, determining factor, player of leading role (like a commodity, an enterprise) ◇ (Suzhou) postage stamp ◇ the candidate who placed first in the Palace Examination (the highest level in the Imperial Civil Service Examination System)

水泥水泥 shuǐní ◇ cement

水平水平 shuǐpíng ◇ level, proficiency (in a skill) ◇ level, horizontal ◇ standard (like of living) ◇ water level ◇ {linguistics} proficiency level

睡觉睡覺 shuìjiào ◇ sleep; go to sleep ◇ go to bed, turn in, retire (for the night)

睡 睡 shuì ◇ sleep, go to sleep, fall asleep

觉 覺 jué ◇ feel, think, sense ◇ sensation, perception ◇ wake up, awake ◇ become awakened, come to realize, find out, dis-

cover, become aware (of), become conscious (of)

税 稅 shuì ◇ tax, duty, revenue ◇ Shui (surname)

瞬间瞬間 shùnjiān ◇ (in) an instant/a moment ◇ instantaneous, in the twinkling of an eye ◇ transient

瞬 瞬 shùn ◇ (in the) blink of an eye

间 間 jiān ◇ among, between ◇ interval; within a defined time/space ◇ room ◇ {measure word} (used for rooms)

顺便順便 shùnbìan ◇ while (one is) at it (i.e., in the course of doing sth else, without making a special effort/trip/etc.) ◇ in passing

顺 順 shùn ◇ favourable, according to one's wishes ◇ along with, follow, in the same direction as ◇ smooth, lucky, without a hitch ◇ put in order ◇ obey ◇ {colloquial} walk off with, steal ◇ Shun (surname)

便 便 biàn ◇ then, thus, in that case (consecutive particle, used similar to jiù 就, but more formal) ◇ (forming a hypothetical concession) even if ◇ convenient, handy, easy to... ◇ when the opportunity arises, when it is convenient ◇ ordinary, plain, informal ◇ urinate, defecate, relieve oneself; urine, excrement

顺利順利 shùnlì ◇ smoothly, without difficulty ◇ successfully

顺序順序 shùnxù ◇ relate in chronological sequence (like in a story, movie) ◇ order, sequence ◇ in proper order, in proper sequence ◇ smoothly, without difficulty, trouble free

序 序 xù ◇ order, sequence ◇ arrange in order ◇ initial, opening ◇ preface, foreword ◇ local school ◇ the east and west walls of a palace, etc. ◇ season ◇ Xu (surname)

说 說 shuō ◇ speak, say, talk ◇ explain, give an explanation ◇ theory, doctrine, views ◇ scold, criticize ◇ act as go-between or matchmaker, introduce ◇ refer to, hint, indicate ◇ point to

说不定 說不定 shuōbùdìng

◇ maybe, perhaps, probably

不定 不定 bùdìng ◇ indefinite, uncertain, not settled, undecided ◇ not scheduled ◇ {colloquial} may or may not, hard to say, hard to

predict ◇ no telling, who knows, God knows
(as in bùdìng nǎr qù le 不定哪兒去了/不定哪儿
去了 "who knows where it's gone") ◇ {biology}

adventitious, indeterminate

说服說服 shuōfú ◇ persuade,
convince

服 服 fú ◇ clothing, garments ◇
wear, put on (clothes) ◇ take (medicine) ◇ as-
sume (a post), serve (in the military, a prison
sentence, etc.) ◇ submit oneself to, obey ◇
cause to accept, convince ◇ be used to, accus-
tomed to ◇ Fu (surname)

说话說話 shuōhuà ◇ speak, talk,
chat ◇ gossip ◇ blame, reproach ◇
before you can say, in no time ◇ words
◇ shuohua (storytelling during the
Song 宋 Dynasty)

说明說明 shuōmíng ◇ explain, ac-
count for ◇ explanation, instructions
◇ indicate, show, prove

硕士碩士 shuòshì ◇ (education)
Master, M.A. ◇ great scholar
硕 硕 shuò ◇ big, large

丝绸絲綢 sīchóu ◇ silk, silk fabrics

丝毫絲毫 sīháo ◇ slightest bit, shred
(often in the negative)

丝 絲 sī ◇ silk, silk fabric(s),
silk thread ◇ sth threadlike resembling
silk (like copper wire, cobweb, etc.) ◇
{measure word} (used for sth very thin,
like hair[s], light beam[s]) ◇

{food/cuisine} shreds (of meat, vege-
table, etc.) ◇ {measure word} (used
for abstract items like illusions, fee-
lings, impressions, hope, etc.) ◇ one
ten-thousandth of certain units of mea-
sure ◇ {unit of weight} 0.5 mg ◇
{unit of length} 3.3 micrometres ◇ a
tiny (little) bit, very small quantity

毫 毫 háo ◇ fine hair ◇ a writing
brush ◇ {instrument} a loop for balancing a
steelyard ◇ {grammar} (followed by a nega-
tion like bù 不 or wú 無/无 "not") (not) a bit,
(not) at all, (not) in the least ◇ {unit of measu-
re} a thousandth of certain measurement units
(as in háomǐ 毫米 "mm") ◇ {unit of measure}
a unit of length, approx. 0.03 mm; a unit of
weight, approx. 0.005 g ◇ {dialect, currency}
one tenth of a Chinese yuán 元 ◇ Hao (surna-
me)

司法司法 sīfǎ ◇ administration of
justice or law, justice (as in Sīfǎbù 司法

部 "Ministry of Justice") ◇ judicial
司机司機 sījī ◇ driver, vehicle
operator (by profession) ◇ be in char-
ge of a machine

司 司 sī ◇ be in charge of,
oversee ◇ control, manage, operate,
supervise ◇ bureau, department ◇ of-
ficial in charge of a (government) de-
partment ◇ Si (surname)

司令司令 sīlìng ◇ commander

思考思考 sīkǎo ◇ think (about),
ponder

思念思念 sīniàn ◇ long for, miss

思索思索 sīsuǒ ◇ ponder, think dee-
ply about

思维思維 sīwéi ◇ thought, thinking

思 思 sī ◇ think, consider,
ponder ◇ think of, remember fondly,
long for ◇ hope, wish, desire ◇ (train
of) thought, thinking

维 維 wéi ◇ tie together, hold toge-
ther ◇ maintain, preserve, safeguard, protect
◇ thought, thinking ◇ dimension ◇ large rope
◇ Uygur national minority ◇ vitamin (used in
the name of a vitamin, e.g., wéi C 維C/维C;
short for 維生素)

思想思想 sīxiǎng ◇ thought,
thinking, ideology ◇ thought, idea ◇
consider

撕 撕 sī ◇ rip, tear

斯文斯文 sīwén ◇ scholars, men of
letters, literati ◇ culture

私人私人 sīrén ◇ personal ◇ priva-
te, confidential ◇ person of one's choo-
sing (friend or relative dependent on
oneself)

私自私自 sīzì ◇ private, secret ◇
privately, secretly

死 死 sǐ ◇ die; dead ◇ the
end, death ◇ the utmost ◇ deadly,
mortal (like an enemy) ◇ fixed, rigid
◇ closed, allowing no passage

死亡死亡 sǐwáng ◇ die, perish,
get killed ◇ death

四 四 sì ◇ four, 4 ◇ Si (sur-
name)

四肢四肢 sìzhī ◇ the four limbs

寺庙寺庙 sìmiào ◇ shrine, temple (to a god, Buddha or historical figure)

寺 寺 sì ◇ temple, monastery (usu. Buddhist) ◇ mosque ◇ government office ◇ eunuch

庙 廟 miào ◇ temple, shrine (for the worship of gods, Buddha, or sages) ◇ ancestral shrine

肆 肆 sì ◇ unbridled, wanton, unrestrained ◇ four (the number so written to prevent alteration, forgery, etc.) ◇ shop (like wineshop) ◇ market place ◇ display a corpse in the market place (as a form of posthumous punishment) ◇ display, exhibit ◇ delay, put off ◇ stretch, extend ◇ very, extremely ◇ Si (surname)

无 無 wú ◇ not have; there is not, not exist ◇ not ◇ {classical} do not; must not ◇ {classical} no matter if, irrespective of ◇ Wu (surname)

忌惮 忌憚 jìdàn ◇ {written} have scruples (mostly used in the negative) ◇ dread, worry about and fear

忌 忌 jì ◇ envy, be jealous of ◇ fear, dread ◇ avoid, shun ◇ give up, quit, abstain from, refrain from (sth because one thinks it inappropriate) ◇ the death anniversary (of a parent or other esteemed person)

憚 憚 dàn ◇ {written} dread, fear, be afraid of, hesitate to do

饲养飼養 sìyǎng ◇ raise, feed (animals)

耸 聳 sǒng ◇ tower, stand high ◇ frighten, alarm ◇ deaf ◇ respect, revere

送 送 sòng ◇ give as a present ◇ send, deliver ◇ accompany (like a guest to the door)

搜索搜索 sōusuǒ ◇ search for, hunt for (sth or sb hidden or missing) ◇ {IT} search

艘 艘 sōu ◇ {measure word} (used for large sea-going vessels; the Taiwan pronunciation is sāo)

苏醒甦醒 sūxǐng ◇ revive, regain consciousness, come back to life

苏 蘇 sū ◇ [S-] Jiangsu

江蘇/江苏 (province) ◇ [S-] Suzhou ◇

[S-] Soviet Union ◇ [S-] Soviet ◇ revive, regain consciousness ◇ {bot} purple perilla, Perilla frutescens var. crispa ◇ [S-] SU (Soviet Sukhoi aircraft-designator followed by digits) ◇ Su (surname)

醒 醒 xǐng ◇ recover consciousness (after being drunk, under anesthesia, in a coma) ◇ be sober (not drunk) ◇ wake up (from sleep) ◇ realize, wake up to ◇ clear, distinct ◇ striking (to the eye)

俗话俗話 sùhuà ◇ popular or common saying, proverb

俗 俗 sù ◇ custom, habit, social convention ◇ common, popular ◇ commonly, colloquially ◇ wish, desire ◇ crude, vulgar, in poor taste ◇ secular, lay, worldly

塑料袋 塑料袋 sùliàodài ◇ plastic bag

塑造塑造 sùzào ◇ model, mold ◇ portray, depict

宿舍宿舍 sùshè ◇ dormitory (like for students, workers)

素食素食 sùshí ◇ vegetarian diet ◇ be a vegetarian (like a Buddhist) ◇ not work for one's food, enjoy a sinecure
素质素質 sùzhì ◇ (a person's inherent or acquired intellectual, physical, professional, etc.) quality, caliber, makings, substance, fitness, attainment ◇ basic nature

素 素 sù ◇ white (colour) ◇ plain, solid (colour) ◇ vegetable (dish, in contrast to hūn 荤/荤 "non-vegetarian") ◇ native, fundamental (disposition, etc.) ◇ element, factor ◇ usually, always ◇ nominal (either having a position but no title or having a title but no actual position) ◇ white silk

质 質 zhì ◇ quality ◇ nature, character ◇ matter, material, substance ◇ ask questions, interrogate ◇ to pawn ◇ a pledge, security (person or thing) ◇ {history} hostage (feudal ruler's sons sent to live in each other's

countries) ◇ Zhi (surname)

诉讼訴訟 sùsòng ◇ lawsuit, litigation

速度速度 sùdù ◇ speed, velocity

酸 酸 suān ◇ sour, tart, acidic
◇ {chem} an acid ◇ grieved, sad,
heart sick ◇ sore, aching ◇ priggish,
pedantic, hidebound (esp. used to ridicule a scholar)

算数算數 suànshù ◇ count, be important ◇ think over ◇ have done with, let it go at that ◇ keep a promise

算 算 suàn ◇ calculate, figure ◇ count, include ◇ plan, plot, calculate ◇ infer, think ◇ regard as, consider as ◇ count, be important ◇ {colloquial} (when followed by 了 le) drop it, forget it ◇ (in the patterns "Verb + duōshao suàn duōshao 多少算多少", "Verb + dào nǎr suàn nǎr 到哪儿算哪儿/到哪儿算哪儿", etc.: "just 'Verb' as much [or far, etc.] as one can", "see how much [or how far, etc.] one can 'Verb' [and then call it a day]")

数 數 shù ◇ number, figure ◇ {math} number ◇ {linguistics} number (i.e. plural, singular) ◇ several, a few ◇ fate, destiny ◇ (following a number) about, around, approximately

虽然雖然 suīrán ◇ although, though ◇ although it is so

虽 雖 suī ◇ though, although ◇ even if, even though

然 然 rán ◇ (be) so, (be) like that, (be) that way ◇ (as a suffix to adjectives) in that manner (like gōng 公 "public" becomes gōngrán 公然 "publicly, openly") ◇ (be) correct, accurate, right ◇ however; but, yet, nevertheless ◇ ignite, light (a fire) ◇ Ran (surname)

随便隨便 suíbiàn ◇ casual, informal ◇ as one pleases, as convenient ◇ careless, without much thought

随 隨 suí ◇ follow ◇ comply with, go along with ◇ listen to, let (sb do as he pleases), leave it up to (sb) ◇ with, along with, in compliance with ◇ in passing, as one pleases, at one's con-

venience ◇ {colloquial} look like, resemble, take after ◇ (used before two verbs or verbal phrases to indicate that the first action is immediately followed by the latter) as ◇ {divination} Sui (one of the sixty-four hexagrams in the Yìjīng 易經/易经 "Book of Changes") ◇ Sui (ancient state during the Western Zhou Dynasty in Sui County, Húběi 湖北 Province) ◇ Sui (place during the Chūnqiū 春秋 Period [770-476 BCE] in Jiexiu, Shānxī 山西 Province) ◇ Sui (surname)

随即隨即 suíjí ◇ immediately, right after doing sth

即 即 jí ◇ approach, be near, be close to ◇ undertake (a responsibility), assume (office), ascend (to the throne) ◇ at present, presently, immediately, promptly; impending; prompted by the occasion ◇ namely, is, i.e., that is ◇ even if, even though, although ◇ Ji (surname)

随身隨身 suíshēn ◇ (carry) on one's person, (take) along

身 身 shēn ◇ (one's) body/life/person/character; oneself ◇ the frame, body (as of a car) ◇ {measure word}... suit(s) of... (used for suits of clothing) ◇ all one's life, one's lifetime

随时隨時 suíshí ◇ (at) any time, at all times ◇ (as soon as possible) whenever necessary, whenever the situation calls for it; as the occasion demands

随手隨手 suíshǒu ◇ (perform a motion with one's hand) without extra effort or motion, while one is at it, conveniently; (perform a motion with one's hand) without thinking, spontaneously (idly or out of habit); randomly

手 手 shǒu ◇ hand ◇ personally, with one's own hands ◇ person engaged in a certain task; person with a particular skill ◇ {measure word} (used for skill, dexterity, etc.)

随意隨意 suíyì ◇ as one pleases, at one's own discretion ◇ casual ◇ randomly ◇ (used esp. in Taiwan for:) drink only as much as (wine, etc.) as you wish

意 意 yì ◇ meaning, idea, thought, opinion ◇ desire, intention ◇ expect, anticipate ◇ suggestion, indication, hint, sign ◇ Italy; Italian (short for Yìdàlì 意大利)

随着隨著 suízhe ◇ along with, in the wake of, as... (sth happens a change comes about) (usually followed by a clau-

se expressing a change which has come about under the influence of the event in the clause with 隨著/随着)

着 著 zhe ◇ {grammar} (verb suffix, comparable to "-ing", indicating that an action is in progress); be -ing (used to indicate a state that is presently in existence and ongoing [e.g., mén kāizhe 門開著/门开着 "the door is open"]) ◇ (used after verbs or adjectives to make them more emphatic in meaning)... indeed ◇ (used as a suffix to form certain prepositions) (like shùnzhe 順著/顺着 "along", cháozehe 朝著/朝着 "facing, towards", etc.)

岁 歲 suì ◇ year ◇ years (old), years of age ◇ the year's harvest
岁月 歲月 suìyuè ◇ years, time
月 月 yuè ◇ month ◇ moon ◇ Yue (surname)

碎 碎 suì ◇ in pieces ◇ in form of powder or dust ◇ loose

隧道 隧道 suìdào ◇ tunnel, underground passage

孙子 孫子 sūnzi ◇ grandson ◇ (in the pronunciation "Sūnzǐ": name for Sūn Wǔ 孫武/孙武, military strategist of the Chūnqiū 春秋 Period [770-476 BCE]) ◇ the Sunzi (name for the military treatise by Sun Wu; full title is Sūnzǐ Bīngfǎ 孫子兵法/孙子兵法)
孙 孫 sūn ◇ grandson ◇ of the grandchild's generation and below ◇ second growth, new growth ◇ Sun (surname)

损坏 損壞 sǔnhuài ◇ damage, break
损失 損失 sǔnshī ◇ lose ◇ loss, damage
损 損 sǔn ◇ decrease, lose ◇ harm, damage, injure ◇ spoil, damage, undermine ◇ {colloquial} mock, satirize ◇ {colloquial} sarcastic, caustic, bitter, nasty, mean

缩短 縮短 suōduǎn ◇ reduce, shorten
缩 縮 suō ◇ shrink, contract, be reduced, get smaller ◇ recoil, draw

in or back, shrink back, withdraw, retreat ◇ Suo (surname)

短 短 duǎn ◇ short, brief (of distance or time, in contrast to cháng 長/长 "long") ◇ shorten, make short ◇ be insufficient, be inferior/second to, compare unfavourably with, be/fall short of, lack, owe ◇ fault, deficiency, weak point, shortcoming, mistake ◇ disfigurement, deformity, disability ◇ {written} lose one's younger brother through death; die at young age

所 所 suǒ ◇ place, location ◇ (suffix indicating office, institute, etc., e.g. yánjiūsuǒ 研究所 "research institute") ◇ {measure word} (used for houses, schools, hospitals, etc.) ◇ {grammar} (particle used between subject and verb to indicate a doer-action-receiver relationship: (a) in a clause modifying a noun, e.g., tā suǒ xiě de shū 他所寫的书/他所写的书 "the books he wrote"); (b) used in the structure "sth is sb [verb] 的" ◇ (used after a phrase with bèi 被 or wéi 為/为 "by" and before the verb, e.g., wéi tā suǒ yòng 為他所用/为他所用 "be used by him") ◇ {written} used before a verb to form a noun phrase, e.g., jìn zìjǐ de suǒnéng 盡自己的所能/尽自己的所能 "do all one can, do one's utmost")
所以 所以 suǒyǐ ◇ therefore (a conjunction indicating cause-effect relationship) ◇ so ◇ that's why ◇ that's the reason ◇ (same meaning as zhī suǒyǐ 之所以:) the reason that... (often followed by shì yīnwèi 是因為, 是因为... "is because...")

所有 所有 suǒyǒu ◇ all, every ◇ own, possess, belong to ◇ possessions, everything in one's possession

索取 索取 suǒqǔ ◇ demand, exact, extort

索性 索性 suǒxìng ◇ might as well, simply, just ◇ direct, straightforward

锁 鎖 suǒ ◇ lock ◇ chains, shackles ◇ lock (a door, window, etc.)

T

他 他 tā ◇ he, she, it ◇ him, his (personal pronoun, prior to the May Fourth Movement [1919] used for all genders; now generally only used in reference to males, in cases when no gender differentiation is necessary, or when the gender is unknown; this is also the standard usage in Taiwan) ◇ other, another (as in tāri 他日 "on another day")

塌 塌 tā ◇ collapse, fall down, cave in ◇ sink, droop, subside

她 她 tā ◇ she (third person singular, feminine) ◇ her ◇ {formal} she (as a reference to one's country, party, flag, etc.)

它 它 tā ◇ it (third person singular, neuter) ◇ other, another

塔 塔 tǎ ◇ pagoda (esp. Buddhist) ◇ tower (like a water tower), tower-like structure (like a lighthouse) ◇ Ta (surname)

踏踏实实 tāshi ◇ (of sb's approach toward work or study) steady, solid, reliable ◇ free from anxiety, having peace of mind, feeling at ease || (also written tāshi 塌實/塌实)

踏 踏 tà ◇ step on, tread on, trample ◇ on-the-spot/on-site (investigation, survey, etc.)

实 實 shí ◇ real, true, authentic, actual, honest, sincere ◇ solid, full ◇ reality, truth, fact ◇ surely, for sure ◇ fruit, seed ◇ {Chinese med} excessiveness (one of the bā-gāng 八綱/八纲 "eight principal syndromes") ◇ goods, materials ◇ wealth, riches ◇ Shi (surname)

台 臺 tái ◇ platform, raised stand, stage, terrace, tower ◇ a stand, support ◇ broadcasting station ◇ table, desk, bench, counter ◇ station, service ◇ {measure word}... set(s) of...,... -performance(s)/-show(s) (used for performances, parties, plays, dramas, certain machines and equipment

such as scales, pumps, cranes, TV sets, motors, sewing machines, microscopes and similar apparatus) ◇ (short for Táiwān 台灣/台湾) Taiwan ◇ Tai (surname)

台风颱風 táifēng ◇ typhoon

台 颱 tái ◇ typhoon

风 風 fēng ◇ wind, gale, breeze ◇ put out to dry, winnow, air-dry, air ◇ speedily, swiftly ◇ custom, practice, atmosphere ◇ style, attitude ◇ information, news, rumour, hearsay ◇ {literature} (as a genre in the Shī-jīng 詩經/诗经 "Book of Odes" section Guófēng 國風/国风 "Airs of the states") folk song, ballad ◇ {med} used in the names of certain illnesses (e.g., zhòngfēng 中風/中风 "stroke", "apoplexy") ◇ Feng (surname)

台阶台階 táijiē ◇ flight of steps ◇ chance or opportunity out of a predicament ◇ {mining} bench

台 台 tái ◇ (used like tái 臺/台 or tái 檯/台) platform, raised stand, stage, terrace, tower ◇ a stand, support ◇ broadcasting station ◇ table, desk, bench, counter ◇ station, service ◇ {measure word}... set(s) of...,... -performance(s)/-show(s) (used for performances, parties, plays, dramas, certain machines and equipment such as scales, pumps, cranes, TV sets, motors, sewing machines, microscopes and similar apparatus) ◇ [T-] (short for Táiwān 台灣/台湾) Taiwan ◇ Tai (surname)

阶 階 jiē ◇ stairs, (flight of) steps, step ◇ degree, class, rank (like official, military) ◇ rely on, depend on ◇ {geosciences} stage

抬 抬 tái ◇ raise, lift ◇ (of two or more persons) carry, move ◇ quarrel, bicker

抬 擡 tái ◇ carry, raise, lift

太 太 tài ◇ too, excessively ◇ so, extremely (used in an exclamatory clause) ◇ greatest, highest ◇ Tai (surname)

太极拳 太極拳 tàijíquán

◇ taijiquan, taiji, shadow boxing

极 極 jí ◇ the farthest point, the extreme ◇ very, extremely, utterly, exceedingly ◇ ultimate, highest, last, furthest, final ◇ {physics, geosciences} a pole, the pole (like North/South, positive/negative, etc.) ◇ {const-

ruktion} ridgepole

拳 拳 quán ◇ fist ◇ Chinese boxing
◇ shadow-boxing ◇ curl, twist, bend ◇ physical strength ◇ {measure word}... punch(es)
(used for a punch with the fist) ◇ Quan (surname)

太空太空 tàikōng ◇ (outer)
space ◇ the high heavens, the firmament

太太太太 tàitai ◇ wife ◇ Mrs. ◇
ma'am (form of address for an older woman) ◇ madam (respectful title for the mistress of the house) ◇ {dialect} (paternal) great-grandfather or great-grandmother

太阳太陽 tàiyáng ◇ the sun ◇
sunshine ◇ temples (of the head) ◇ {Chinese med} taiyang channel (one of the passages circulating vital energy)
阳 陽 yáng ◇ {philosophy, Chinese med} Yang (the male or positive principle in nature, the opposite of Yin 陰/阴) ◇ the sun ◇ the south side of a hill ◇ the north side of a river ◇ convex, in relief ◇ open, outward, overt ◇ of this life, of this world, concerned with worldly living beings ◇ {physics} positive ◇ {physiology} the male genitalia, the (male) private parts ◇ Yang (surname)

态度態度 tàidu ◇ attitude ◇ manner, bearing, behaviour ◇ approach, position

态 態 tài ◇ form, shape, appearance, condition ◇ bearing, attitude ◇ {physics} state, mode

度 度 dù ◇ {unit of measure} degree (like of temperature, angle, latitude) ◇ kilowatt-hour ◇ (a certain) degree/extent ◇ {measure word} ... times (used for the number of times an action is repeated, occasions, occurrences) ◇ standard, rule, criterion ◇ bound, limit ◇ magnanimity, tolerance, open-mindedness; bearing, attitude ◇ consider, think of ◇ spend, pass (time) ◇ {Buddhism, Taoism} convert ◇ Du (surname)

泰斗泰斗 tàidǒu ◇ "Mount Tai and the North Star"—{formal} the leading authority (in a field; used to refer to an eminent scholar, musician, artist, etc.), the dean (of a field), the grand old man (of...)

泰 泰 tài ◇ peaceful, secure, safe ◇ extreme, utmost ◇ {written} excessive, too... ◇ Tai (one of the 64 hexagrams in the Yìjīng 易经/易经)

"Book of Changes") ◇ {history} tai (wine vessel) ◇ (short for Tàiguó 泰國/泰国) Thailand ◇ (short for Tàiyǔ 泰語/泰语) Thai (the Thai language) ◇ Tai (surname)

斗 鬥 dòu ◇ fight, struggle, combat ◇ make animals fight (as a spectacle or game) ◇ compete with, contend with, contest ◇ accuse and denounce at a meeting ◇ fit together, come together, piece together, join

摊 攤 tān ◇ spread out, display ◇ (vendor's) stall, booth, stand ◇ {measure word}... pool(s) of...,... puddle(s) of... (used for liquid spread out in puddles, like water, mud, a pool of blood, etc.) ◇ {measure word} (used for abstract items, like a job, work, etc., in this meaning only preceded by the numeral yī 一 "one")

瘫痪瘫痪 tānhuàn ◇ paralysis, palsy ◇ be paralysed

贪婪贪婪 tānlán ◇ greedy, avaricious, rapacious ◇ avid, insatiable, gluttonous (reader, etc.)

贪 貪 tān ◇ avarice, greed ◇ graft, corruption ◇ be greedy for, lust after ◇ covet, seek

婪 婪 lán ◇ avaricious, greedy
贪污貪污 tānwū ◇ graft, corruption ◇ embezzle ◇ embezzlement

弹 彈 tán ◇ shoot, catapult, fling, bounce ◇ {textiles} fluff, tease (like cotton, wool, silk) with a bow ◇ flip, flick (like marbles with a finger, or ash from a cigarette) ◇ {music} play, pluck (the piano, a stringed instrument, etc) ◇ elastic, resilient ◇ spring back into the original shape after being stretched ◇ impeach, accuse, lash out at

钢琴鋼琴 gāngqín ◇ piano

钢 鋼 gāng ◇ steel

琴 琴 qín ◇ {music} seven-stringed plucked musical instrument ◇ (general name for certain musical instruments, e.g., gāngqín 鋼琴/钢琴 "piano"; 小提琴 "violin"; húqín 胡琴 "huqin", a two-stringed bowed instrument; yángqín 揚琴/扬琴 "dulcimer"; fēngqín 風琴/风琴 "organ"; shǒufēngqín 手風琴/手风琴 "accordion"; mùqín 木琴 "xylophone") ◇ (another name for gǔqín 古琴) old style (seven-stringed)

zither ◇ Qin (surname)

弹性弹性 tánxìng ◇ elasticity, resilience ◇ flexible

性 性 xìng ◇ nature, character, disposition, temperament ◇ property, quality ◇ sex; sexual desire ◇ {linguistics} gender ◇ -type (when used as a suffix indicates quality, scope or aspect) ◇ {Buddhism} essence; life

谈 谈 tán ◇ talk, chat, speak (about), discuss ◇ talk, sth talked about ◇ Tan (surname)

谈判谈判 tánpàn ◇ negotiate ◇ negotiations

判 判 pàn ◇ differentiate, distinguish, discriminate ◇ manifestly (different) ◇ judge, decide ◇ sentence (for punishment)

坦白坦白 tǎnbái ◇ candid, frank, honest ◇ confess (crimes, mistakes, etc.)
坦率坦率 tǎnshuài ◇ frank, straightforward

叹气嘆氣 tànqì ◇ sigh, heave a sigh
叹气歎氣 tànqì ◇ sigh, heave a sigh

探测探测 tàncè ◇ survey, probe, take soundings

探 探 tàn ◇ seek, explore ◇ a scout, a spy ◇ visit, call on ◇ stretch or lean (the head, upper body) forward ◇ in advance, beforehand ◇ be concerned with, take an interest in

测 测 cè ◇ measure, gauge, survey, fathom ◇ estimate, infer, predict, conjecture, judge

探索探索 tànsuǒ ◇ explore, probe, seek out

探讨探讨 tàntǎo ◇ inquire into, probe into, investigate

讨 讨 tǎo ◇ ask for, beg for, demand ◇ marry (a woman) ◇ incur, invite, court ◇ send armed forces to quell/suppress ◇ send a punitive expedition against ◇ denounce, condemn ◇ discuss, study ◇ {written} rule, govern, administer

探望探望 tànwàng ◇ look around ◇ visit, call on ◇ (of the divorced party with whom the child is not living) visit one's child

汤 汤 tāng ◇ hot water, boiling water ◇ water in which sth has been boiled (like dumplings) ◇ (when oc-

curing in a place name) hot spring ◇ soup, broth ◇ {Chinese med} decoction or liquid preparation (of medical herbs) ◇ Tang (surname) ◇ Tang (short for Chéngtāng 成湯/成汤, founder of the Shāng 商 Dynasty [c. 17th-11th century BCE])

糖 糖 táng ◇ sugar; sugared ◇ candy, sweets

倘若倘若 tǎngruò ◇ if, supposing

躺 躺 tǎng ◇ lie down, recline ◇ lay down, put down

烫 烫 tàng ◇ blanch, parboil ◇ warm (like wine) in hot water ◇ burn, scald ◇ iron (clothes) ◇ {hairstyling} give or get a perm(anent)

趟 趟 tàng ◇ {measure word} trip, time (used for a round trip); (used for a trip to or from, or a round trip, usu. with verbs like lái 来/来, qù 去, pǎo 跑, huí 回) ◇ run (used for runs of a train, bus, etc.) ◇ {measure word} (used for a set or sequence of martial arts movements performed) ◇ {measure word} {regional} row (used for things lined up in rows)

掏 掏 tāo ◇ pull out, take out, dig out ◇ dig ◇ dredge ◇ pick pockets ◇ browse (in shopping), rummage

滔滔滔滔 tāotāo ◇ surging (of waves, etc.) ◇ uninterrupted flow of words

不绝 不絕 bùjué ◇ unbroken, incessant, continuous

不 不 bù ◇ not ◇ no

绝 絕 jué ◇ cut off, sever, break off (relations, etc.) ◇ depleted, exhausted, used up ◇ no way out, hopeless ◇ unique, peerless ◇ extremely ◇ absolutely (when preceding a negative)

桃 桃 táo ◇ peach, Prunus persica (the tree or its fruit) ◇ sth resembling a peach ◇ peach-coloured ◇ walnut, Juglans (the tree or its nut) ◇ [Táo] Tao (a place in the state of Lǔ)

魯/鲁 during the Chūnqiū 春秋 Period [770 - 476 BCE]) ◇ Tao (surname)

淘气淘氣 táoqì ◇ naughty, mischievous ◇ become angry ◇ sulk

淘淘 táo ◇ wash in a pan (to get rid of sand, etc.) ◇ clean out (wells, pits, etc.) ◇ seek and buy sth in a second-hand shop ◇ search/hunt for ◇ naughty, mischievous

气氣 qì ◇ gas, air ◇ power ◇ vigour, spirit ◇ weather, climate ◇ thin clouds ◇ make angry ◇ get angry ◇ fate, destiny ◇ {Chinese philosophy} formative or creative spirit ◇ {Chinese med} qì, vital energy; functions (of internal organs); symptom (of a disease); nutrition

淘汰淘汰 táotài ◇ select out, select through elimination ◇ pass out of use (esp. because of obsolescence)

逃逃 táo ◇ run away, escape ◇ dodge, evade, shirk ◇ become a fugitive, flee and go into exile

逃避逃避 táobì ◇ dodge, evade, shirk

陶瓷陶瓷 táocí ◇ ceramics

陶醉陶醉 táozuì ◇ be intoxicated (with happiness, etc.), be enchanted, be carried away, revel (in) ◇ be infatuated with ◇ be sunken in self-satisfaction

讨好討好 tǎohǎo ◇ curry favour with, ingratiate oneself with, fawn on, toady to, please ◇ (used in the negative) be rewarded with a fruitful result, have one's efforts rewarded

讨討 tǎo ◇ ask for, beg for, demand ◇ marry (a woman) ◇ incur, invite, court ◇ send armed forces to quell/suppress ◇ send a punitive expedition against ◇ denounce, condemn ◇ discuss, study ◇ {written} rule, govern, administer

好好 hǎo ◇ good, nice, fine ◇ good to (eat, etc.) ◇ be well, in good health ◇ (before a verb) easy to... ◇ (as a verb complement, indicates finishing or finishing satisfactorily) be done...ing, finish...ing ◇ in order to, so that, for the purpose of ◇ {regional} may, can, should, ought to ◇ (emphasizes the meaning of adjectives) very, quite, pretty much... ◇ (used

before adjectives to inquire about quantity or degree) how...(long, far, etc.)?

讨价还价 討價還價 tǎojiàhuánjià ◇ bargain back and forth

讨论討論 tǎolùn ◇ discuss ◇ discussion

讨厌討厭 tǎoyàn ◇ be repugnant, disagreeable, be a pain in the neck ◇ troublesome ◇ detest, loathe

套套ào ◇ sheath, case, cover ◇ cover with, encase in, slip over ◇

overlap, interlink ◇ a set, suite, series, combo ◇ {measure word}... set(s) of... (used for sets of books/stamps, suits of clothes, apartments, suites of rooms, and abstract items like methods, systems, organizations, abilities, etc.) ◇ {measure word} {colloquial} stuff, nonsense, game (as of behaviour/words, as in Nǐ shǎo lái zhè yī tào

你少來這一套/你少来这一套 "Don't give me that nonsense") ◇ convention, formula ◇ model/pattern (one thing on another), apply (a formula), copy, imitate ◇ coax (a secret, etc.) out of (sb), trick sb into telling (sth) ◇ purchase by fraudulent means ◇ knot, loop, noose ◇ river bend, curve in a mountain ◇ traces, harness (for connecting a draft animal to a vehicle, etc.) ◇ hitch up an animal to a cart ◇ cut the thread (of a screw) with a die or tap ◇ {regional} cotton padding/wadding ◇ batting ◇ {regional} pad a quilt or jacket with cotton or silk floss

特别特別 tèbié ◇ special, particular ◇ especially, particularly ◇ specially 特特 tè ◇ special, particular, exceptional ◇ specially ◇ {colloquial, regional} very (much), really; especially ◇ {written} only, but ◇ Te (surname)

别别 bié ◇ other, another, different ◇ depart, leave, separate ◇ {regional} change, turn around ◇ distinguish, differentiate ◇ distinction, difference ◇ category, type ◇ stick into, obstruct (sb/sth) ◇ trip (sb), cause to stumble ◇ block (another bike or other vehicle with one's own) ◇ (contraction of the prohibitive bù yào 不要) "don't..." ◇ Bie (surname) 特长特長 tècháng ◇ special skill,

strong point, specialty

长 長 cháng ◇ long; length ◇ (one's) strong point(s), forte ◇ be good at sth, be strong in sth ◇ surplus, spare, extra (in this meaning, formerly pronounced zhàng)

特点特點 tèdiǎn ◇ characteristic, trait, peculiarity

点 點 diǎn ◇ point, dot, spot, stain ◇ drop (of a liquid) ◇ {math} (decimal) point ◇ {measure word} a little (of sth), some, a bit of... ◇ {measure word} point (also used for counting abstract items like proposals, comments, reasons) ◇ incline one's head, nod ◇ drip, administer in drops ◇ stain, tarnish ◇ {agriculture} dibble, plant in holes ◇ hint, point out, indicate ◇ ignite, light, kindle ◇ adorn, embellish ◇ choose, order (like a dish) ◇ point, spot (location) ◇ selected spots (in contrast to miàn 面 "the whole area") ◇ metal bell or clapper to announce the hour; hour, o'clock ◇ {grammar} (a bit) more... (shortened form of 一点 used after an adjective, e.g., kuài diǎn 快点/快点 "faster") ◇ cakes, refreshments, snacks ◇ {printing} point (size of type, approx. 3.5 mm) ◇ point to ◇ touch lightly and very briefly ◇ {IT} click (=diǎnjī 點擊/点击)

特定特定 tèdìng ◇ certain ◇ specific, specified ◇ specially assigned, designated

特色特色 tèsè ◇ (special) characteristic, distinctive feature or quality

特殊特殊 tèshū ◇ special, particular, exceptional

特意特意 tèyì ◇ specially, intentionally

特徵特徵 tèzhēng ◇ distinctive characteristic or trait, special feature ◇ make a special levy

疼 疼 téng ◇ ache, pain ◇ dote on, be very fond of, love

疼爱疼爱 téng'ài ◇ dote on, be very fond of, love

爱 愛 ài ◇ love, like, be fond of... ◇ have deep affection for... ◇ cherish, treasure, hold dear ◇ have the habit of doing sth, like to do sth, be apt to do sth ◇ Ai (surname) ◇ whether or not (used with bù 不 "not" in front of the same verb to indicate free choice, e.g., àixìn-bùxìn 爱信不信/爱信不信 "believe it or not", or àiyào-bùyào 爱要不要/爱要不要 "take it or leave it")

踢 踢 tī ◇ kick (like playing soccer) ◇ alarmed, frightened

足球足球 zúqiú ◇ football, soccer (the game or the ball itself)

提 提 tí ◇ carry (sth with a handle, rope, etc. in the hand with one's arm hanging) ◇ hold, lead by the hand (like an adult holding a child's hand when walking) ◇ lift (with the hand), raise, promote ◇ move up (in time), advance ◇ mention, bring up, refer to, put forward ◇ extract, take out, withdraw (like money from a bank account) ◇ take out (a convict) under escort ◇ {automotive} dip-stick ◇ ladle ◇ Ti (surname)

提拔提拔 tíbā ◇ promote (to a position of greater responsibility)

提倡提倡 tíchàng ◇ promote, advocate, encourage

提纲提纲 tígāng ◇ outline, main points

纲 綱 gāng ◇ rope ◇ headrope, headline (of a fishing net) ◇ {figurative} the main point, guiding principle, key link, outline, program ◇ {biology} a class, the class ◇ {history} transport convoy moving certain goods in large quantities (like tea, salt, granite, etc.)

提高提高 tígāo ◇ raise, elevate, heighten ◇ improve, enhance, upgrade

提供提供 tígōng ◇ provide, furnish, offer (like ideas, materials, aid)

提炼提炼 tíliàn ◇ refine (literally or figuratively)

炼 煉 liàn ◇ {metallurgy} smelt metals, forge, temper ◇ {figurative} refine, polish (writing, wording, etc.)

提前提前 tíqián ◇ in advance, ahead of time ◇ earlier than usual; earlier than expected; prematurely ◇ move up the date (of an appointment, etc.), move up the time (of a flight's arrival, etc.)

提示提示 tíshì ◇ hint; cue, prompt, give a cue/prompt; remind, point out, draw attention to ◇ hint; cue, prompt; reminder

提问提问 tíwèn ◇ ask/raise a question, put a question (to sb); (of a teacher to students) quiz (verbally) ◇ question(s) raised/asked

问 問 wèn ◇ ask, inquire ◇ send one's regards, inquire after (sb's health etc.) ◇ Wen (surname)

提醒提醒 tíxǐng ◇ remind, warn

提议提议 tíyì ◇ propose, suggest, move ◇ proposal, suggestion, motion

议 議 yì ◇ idea, opinion ◇ discuss, talk over ◇ discuss right and wrong (mostly in reproach)

题 題 tí ◇ forehead ◇ topic, subject ◇ title, heading ◇ write, inscribe

题材題材 tícái ◇ subject material, theme

材 材 cái ◇ timber ◇ material (like building material) ◇ data, material (like teaching material) ◇ talent, ability ◇ talented or capable person ◇ coffin

题目題目 tímù ◇ subject, topic ◇ questions (of an exam, study problem) ◇ judge, appraise

目 目 mù ◇ eye ◇ mesh, eye, hole ◇ {classical} look, consider, regard ◇ item, article, number ◇ {biology} order ◇ list, catalogue ◇ {classical} name, title ◇ (in weiqi or go) eye

体裁體裁 tǐcái ◇ style, form, genre (of literature)

体 體 tǐ ◇ body ◇ substance (like solid, liquid) ◇ style (of writing or of Chinese characters)

裁 裁 cái ◇ cut out (like paper, cloth) ◇ cut (down), decrease, reduce (like staff, armaments) ◇ (in art, literature) approach, style ◇ decide, judge ◇ control, check, sanction ◇ {archaic} commit suicide by slitting one's throat

体会體會 tǐhuì ◇ learn/know from experience, realize ◇ knowledge/understanding (gained from experience)

体积體積 tǐjī ◇ volume, capacity (e.g., of a container)

体谅體諒 tǐliang ◇ make allowances, be understanding

体面體面 tǐmian ◇ "face", prestige ◇ honourable, dignified ◇ attractive, good-looking

面 面 miàn ◇ face (toward); face, surface ◇ aspect ◇ the whole area (in contrast to diǎn 點/点 "selected spots") ◇ {regional, slang} habitually slow (of a person) ◇ {measure word} (used for things with a flat surface, like walls, mirrors, etc.)

体贴體貼 tǐtiē ◇ show consideration for, attend with solicitude

体系體系 tǐxì ◇ system

系 系 xì ◇ system, series, line ◇ department, faculty (at college, university)

体现體現 tǐxiàn ◇ embody, incarnate, reflect, give expression to

体验體驗 tǐyàn ◇ learn from experience

体育體育 tǐyù ◇ physical training, physical culture ◇ sports

育 育 yù ◇ give birth to ◇ raise, rear (children, seedlings, etc.) ◇ educate, inculcate

天才天才 tiāncái ◇ natural talent, gift, genius

天赋天賦 tiānfù ◇ inborn, innate ◇ natural talent, natural gift

天 天 tiān ◇ day ◇ sky ◇ weather ◇ the heavens ◇ Tian (surname)

赋 賦 fù ◇ grant, bestow, vest/endow with ◇ {archaic} land tax, agricultural tax ◇ {literature} Prose Poetry, the Prose Poem (a literary form that developed from the Han, Wei and Six Dynasties Period featuring a combination of prose and verse and a highly descriptive vocabulary) ◇ write/compose (poetry)

天空天空 tiānkōng ◇ the sky

天伦之乐 天倫之樂 tiānlúnzhīlè ◇ family happiness

伦 倫 lún ◇ human relations (like the Wǔcháng 五常 "Five Constant Virtues", or the Wǔlún 五倫/五伦 "Five Cardinal Relationships") ◇ class, category ◇ proper order, logical sequence ◇ peer, equal, match, rival ◇ Lun (surname)

之 之 zhī ◇ of (formal/literary equivalent of de 的) ◇ it, him, her (formal/literary direct object pronoun) ◇ {archaic} go to... ◇ Zhi (surname)

乐 樂 lè ◇ happy, joyous, cheerful ◇ joy, happiness ◇ be glad to, take delight/pleasure in, enjoy ◇ be amused, laugh ◇ Le (surname)

天气天氣 tiānqì ◇ the weather

天然气 天然氣 tiānránqì ◇ natural gas

天然天然 tiānrán ◇ natural

天生天生 tiānshēng ◇ inborn, innate ◇ by nature

天堂天堂 tiāntáng ◇ {religion} heaven ◇ paradise ◇ the forehead

天文天文 tiānwén ◇ astronomy

天真天真 tiānzhēn ◇ naive, innocent (mostly of children) ◇ naive, simple-minded

填空填空 tiánkòng ◇ fill a vacancy ◇ fill in the blanks (on a test)

甜 甜 tián ◇ sweet, honeyed

(taste) ◇ deep, sound (sleep)

田径田徑 tiánjìng ◇ track and field

田 田 tián ◇ field, farmland ◇ go hunting ◇ Tian (surname)

径 徑 jìng ◇ narrow path ◇ means (of reaching one's objective) ◇ directly, straightaway ◇ diameter, radius

田野田野 tiányě ◇ open country, field

舔 舔 tiǎn ◇ lick with the tongue

挑拨挑撥 tiǎobō ◇ instigate, sow discord

挑 挑 tiāo ◇ choose, select ◇ carry with a shoulder pole

拨 撥 bō ◇ move, stir, poke (with the hand, a stick, etc.) ◇ assign, allocate ◇ turn round ◇ {measure word}... group(s) of... (used for people in groups)

挑剔挑剔 tiāoti ◇ be picky, nitpick, find fault with

挑衅挑釁 tiǎoxìn ◇ provocative ◇ provoke (a war, a quarrel, etc.) ◇ provocation

衅 釁 xìn ◇ dispute, conflict, quarrel, row ◇ seam, gap, crack ◇ easy to excite, impetuous ◇ {religion} consecrate sacrificial vessels with blood

挑战 挑戰 tiǎozhàn ◇ challenge ◇ challenge to battle/fight, throw down the gauntlet

战 戰 zhàn ◇ war, fight, battle ◇ go to war, fight, battle ◇ shudder, tremble ◇ Zhan (surname)

条 條 tiáo ◇ {measure word} (used for long, thin objects) ◇ {measure word}... item(s) (used for certain items, such as news, certain people, etc.) ◇ long narrow piece ◇ twig ◇ article (e.g. of a law), clause; condition ◇ string, stripe, slip ◇ long and narrow in pattern; streak ◇ order; in good order

条件條件 tiáojiàn ◇ condition, term ◇ requirement, qualification ◇ condition, state of affairs

件 件 jiàn ◇ {measure word}... piece(s) of..., item (used for clothing items, pieces of luggage, implements, utensils, matters, law cases, incidents, etc.) ◇ letter, document, piece of correspondence ◇ case (of bundled goods,

such as soft drinks) ◇ {pottery/porcelain manufacturing} (standard measure for clay, used for measuring the size of vases)

条款條款 tiáokuǎn ◇ clause, article (like of a law, treaty)

款 款 kuǎn ◇ paragraph, section of an article (of a law, treaty, etc.) ◇ sum of money, fund ◇ model (e.g., of car), style ◇ {measure word} kind, type ◇ name of the sender or recipient inscribed on a painting or work of calligraphy presented as a gift; mark on bottom of pottery/porcelain vessel (used with reign title, e.g., Kāngxī 康熙) ◇ sincere ◇ receive, entertain (a guest) ◇ {classical} leisurely, slow

条理條理 tiáolǐ ◇ well-arranged, orderly

理 理 lǐ ◇ texture, grain, vein ◇ reason, logic ◇ natural sciences ◇ physics ◇ manage, administer ◇ put in order, straighten up ◇ (mostly used in the negative) pay attention to, acknowledge ◇ matchmaker ◇ judicial official ◇ Li (surname)

条约條約 tiáoyuē ◇ treaty ◇ pact

调和調和 tiáohé ◇ be in balance/harmony, be in good/proper proportion ◇ blend, mix ◇ mediate, reconcile ◇ (usu. used in the negative) reconcile, make concessions, compromise ◇ {math} harmonic || (also tiáohe)

调 調 diào ◇ melody, tune, air ◇ accent, intonation, tone ◇ view, argument, tone (of sb's words) ◇ {music} key ◇ shift, transfer, move ◇ investigate

和 和 hé ◇ and; with ◇ together with ◇ kind, gentle, mild; (be) on good terms with, harmonious; harmony, peace ◇ {sports} (of the result of a competition) a draw, a tie ◇ Japan, Japanese ◇ He (surname)

调剂調劑 tiáojì ◇ adjust, regulate ◇ add variety, break the monotony ◇ (verb-object compound) fill a prescription

调节調節 tiáojié ◇ adjust, regulate ◇ tune a musical instrument

调解調解 tiáojiě ◇ mediate, make peace, conciliate, reconcile ◇ mediation, conciliation, intercession

解 解 jiě ◇ divide, separate, split ◇ dissolve, disintegrate ◇ unfasten, untie, undo, unbutton ◇ relieve, alleviate, remove, dispel, dismiss ◇ explain, interpret, construe, clear up ◇ understand, comprehend ◇ relieve oneself, go to the bathroom ◇ {math} solution, solve

调料調料 tiáoliào ◇ seasoning, flavouring

料 料 liào ◇ material, stuff ◇ ingredients, makings ◇ data, information; content, material ◇ anticipate, expect, suppose ◇ deal with, attend to, take care of ◇ (grain) feed, fodder ◇ person with an aptitude for... (used in "shì (do sth) de liào" 是 (do sth) 的料 "have the makings of...; or [bù] shì zhè kuài liào [不]是這塊料/[不]是这块料 [not] have what it takes) ◇ {measure word} (for pills of Chinese medicine) prescription ◇ {regional, agriculture} crop

调皮調皮 tiáopí ◇ mischievous, naughty ◇ tricky, difficult to deal with
皮 皮 pí ◇ skin, rind, peel, surface tissue ◇ leather, hide, fur ◇ (often pí 皮兒/皮儿) cover, wrapper ◇ (often pí 皮兒/皮儿) surface ◇ (often pí 皮兒/皮儿) thin sheet ◇ hard, tenacious ◇ (of crisp food) become soft/soggy (from dampness) ◇ naughty ◇ (after being repeatedly scolded or punished) hardened, no longer care ◇ rubber ◇ {math} pico- ◇ Pi (surname)

调整調整 tiáozhěng ◇ adjust, revise, re-adjust, regulate ◇ adjustment, revision

整 整 zhěng ◇ whole, complete, entire (in contrast to líng 零 "fragmentary, fractional") ◇ orderly, neat, tidy ◇ put in order, rectify ◇ repair, fix ◇ bully ◇ punish, fix ◇ make sb suffer ◇ {regional} do, make, handle ◇ {math} positive (number)

跳舞跳舞 tiàowǔ ◇ dance

跳跃跳躍 tiàoyuè ◇ jump, leap

跳 跳 tiào ◇ jump, leap ◇ beat, twitch ◇ skip (like a grade in school, a line when reading)

跃 躍 yuè ◇ jump, leap

听 聽 tīng ◇ hear, listen ◇ obey, heed, comply with, take sb's advice/suggestion ◇ administer (affairs of state, justice), manage ◇ allow, permit (formerly pronounced "tìng") ◇ sb's ears/informer ◇ {measure word, phonetic}... tin(s) of...,... can(s) of... (from the English "tin"; used for items in tin containers or cans, like biscuits, cigarettes, beer, etc.)

亭子亭子 tíngzi ◇ pavilion, stall, stand, kiosk

停 停 tíng ◇ cease, stop, halt, discontinue ◇ stop, lay or stay over ◇

park (a vehicle), anchor (a boat)

停泊停泊 tíngbó ◇ anchor, moor

停顿停顿 tíngdùn ◇ be at a standstill ◇ pause (when speaking) ◇ pause

顿 頓 dùn ◇ pause, stop temporarily ◇ handle, arrange, manage ◇ {measure word} with a frequency of... (used for the number of occurrences of certain actions, number of meals, times scolded, etc.) ◇ {calligraphy} pause in writing to reinforce the stroke begin/ending ◇ {formal/humble} bow, kowtow (as in the polite closing formula of a letter dùnshǒu 頓首/顿首 "I bow my head" or "Yours humbly") ◇ stamp one's feet (like from grief, as used in dùnzú-chuixiōng 頓足捶胸/顿足捶胸 "stamp one's feet and hammer one's breast [in grief]") ◇ suddenly; immediately ◇ tired, fatigued ◇ Dun (surname)

停滞停滯 tíngzhì ◇ stagnate, come to a standstill ◇ be at a standstill ◇ {med} stasis ◇ indigestion

滯 滯 zhì ◇ stagnate ◇ stagnant, sluggish ◇ be detained

挺 挺 tǐng ◇ stiff and erect, straight ◇ stand erect, stick out (like the chest), straighten (like the back) ◇ bear, endure (like pain) ◇ support (e.g., a candidate) ◇ extraordinary, outstanding, prominent ◇ very, quite, rather ◇ {measure word} (used for machine guns)

挺拔挺拔 tǐngbá ◇ tall and straight ◇ vigorous, forceful (like brush strokes)

通常通常 tōngcháng ◇ as a rule, ordinarily, normally, usually ◇ usual, general, common, normal

通过通過 tōngguò ◇ through, by way of, by means of, by ◇ pass through, traverse ◇ pass, adopt (legislation, etc.) ◇ pass (an examination/inspection) ◇ ask the consent/approval of

通 通 tōng ◇ (go/put/come/poke, etc.) through, open (up) ◇ go/lead to ◇ communicate, link, connect ◇ inform, notify, tell ◇ know/understand thoroughly, be an expert/authority ◇ make sense, be logical/coherent ◇ common, popular, ordinary, general ◇ all, entire ◇ {written, measure word} (used for letters, documents, notices,

telegrams, phone calls, etc.) ◇ Tong (surname)

过 過 guò ◇ go past, pass (by), go through, cross ◇ exceed, go beyond ◇ mistake ◇ blame or criticize sb for a mistake ◇ transfer (like money), adopt (like a child) ◇ read, go over, recall, call to mind ◇ {written} visit, stop by ◇ {regional} pass away, die ◇ {grammar} outperform, or fail (following dé 得 or bù 不 after a verb) ◇ {chem} per-, super- ◇ {regional} be contagious, infect ◇ Guo (surname)

通货通貨 tōnghuò ◇ currency
膨胀膨胀 péngzhàng ◇ expand, inflate, swell ◇ expansion, inflation

货 貨 huò ◇ currency, money ◇ goods, products, commodity ◇ {written} sell ◇ {slang, abusive} (as an extremely derogatory way to refer to a person) Idiot! Slut! (in terms like chǔnhuò 蠢货/蠢货 "Idiot!", or jiàn huò 贱货/贱货 "You despicable person! You slut!")

膨 膨 péng ◇ expand in all directions, swell (as in péng hēng 膨亨 "potbellied")
胀 脹 zhàng ◇ expand, increase in size ◇ swell (of the body), feel bloated (after overeating)

通缉通緝 tōngjī ◇ issue a warrant for arrest

缉 緝 jī ◇ arrest, seize, apprehend (a criminal)

通俗通俗 tōngsú ◇ popular, common, current

通讯通讯 tōngxùn ◇ communication ◇ news dispatch

讯 訊 xùn ◇ news, report ◇ information, message ◇ ask, inquire, interrogate, question

通用通用 tōngyòng ◇ current, common, general ◇ interchangeable (Chinese characters, words) ◇ (Chinese name for) General Motors, GM

通知通知 tōngzhī ◇ notify, inform ◇ a note, notice, circular

同胞同胞 tóngbāo ◇ compatriot(s), fellow countryman/-woman (or -men/-women) ◇ born of the same parents

同情同情 tóngqíng ◇ sympathize with, have sympathy for

同时同时 tóngshí ◇ at the same time ◇ simultaneously ◇ moreover, furthermore

同 同 tóng ◇ with, together (with) ◇ identical, the same ◇ be the same as ◇ similar, alike ◇ Tong (surname)

时 時 shí ◇ time ◇ when, at (a certain time) ◇ o'clock (written form) ◇ current, present ◇ at that time ◇ occasionally, now and then; at times, sometimes (in the pattern 時...時...) ◇ Shi (surname)

同事同事 tóngshì ◇ colleague, fellow worker, co-worker ◇ work together

同学同學 tóngxué ◇ fellow student, classmate, schoolmate; attend the same school, be classmates ◇ (form of address used when speaking to a student)

学 學 xué ◇ learn, study ◇ imitate, copy, mimic ◇ scholarship, learning, education, study, knowledge, science ◇ subject (of study), (academic) discipline, branch of learning ◇ school, college

同意同意 tóngyì ◇ agree, approve, consent, concur

同志同志 tóngzhì ◇ comrade (mostly in the political sense) ◇ {TW usage} homosexual, gay

童话童话 tónghuà ◇ fairy tales, children's stories

童 童 tóng ◇ child ◇ virgin ◇ bald, bare ◇ hornless bull or ram ◇ benighted ◇ Tong (surname)

话 話 huà ◇ words, talk (spoken or written) ◇ talk about, discuss ◇ speech, language ◇ tell, instruct

铜 銅 tóng ◇ copper

统筹兼顾 統籌兼顧

tǒngchóujiāngù ◇ unified planning with consideration of all pertinent factors ◇ overall planning and all-round consideration

统筹統籌 tǒngchóu ◇ plan as a whole ◇ make overall plans ◇ co-ordinate in an overall manner ◇ comprehensive arrangement

兼 兼 jiān ◇ concurrently, simultaneously ◇ hold (more than one post) concurrently, simultaneously serve as ◇ annex (territory, etc.) ◇ double, twice

顾 顧 gù ◇ (turn the head and) look at ◇ pay attention to, take care of, attend to, take into account ◇ pay a visit, call on ◇ a customer, client, patron ◇ {grammar, written} however, but, nevertheless ◇ instead, on the contrary, in lieu ◇ Gu (surname)

统计統計 tǒngjì ◇ statistics ◇ add

up, count

统统统统 tǒngtǒng ◇ all, entirely

统一统一 tǒngyī ◇ unify ◇ unified

统统 tǒng ◇ system ◇ continuum or order of interrelated things ◇ genealogy ◇ unify (esp. of Taiwan and mainland China, short for tǒngyī 統一/统一 "reunification") ◇ unify ◇ all, entirely, together, as a whole ◇ lead, command, control ◇ part of clothing that is tube-shaped (like the sleeve of a shirt)

一 一 yī ◇ one, 1 ◇ alone ◇ whole ◇ once... ◇ Yi (surname)

统治统治 tǒngzhì ◇ rule, govern, control, dominate

治 治 zhì ◇ rule, govern, administer, run ◇ peace, order, stability ◇ place of local government (like county seat, provincial capital) ◇ treat, cure, heal ◇ eliminate, exterminate (injurious insects, etc.) ◇ control, harness (rivers, etc.) ◇ punish (a criminal) ◇ Zhi (surname)

痛苦痛苦 tòngkǔ ◇ pain, suffering, agony, distress ◇ be painful, be in misery/agony

痛快痛快 tòngkuai ◇ happy, joyful, delighted ◇ gratified ◇ to one's heart's content, to one's great satisfaction ◇ forthright, straightforward; simply and quickly, readily

偷 偷 tōu ◇ steal, pilfer, filch ◇ secretly, stealthily, surreptitiously ◇ find or make time (for a break, rest from work, etc.) ◇ be involved in an illicit love affair ◇ drag out, go on perfunctorily ◇ be malicious and mean
头发頭髮 tóufa ◇ hair (on or from the human head)

投机投机 tóujī ◇ congenial, affable, agreeable ◇ speculate (like on the stock market), profiteer ◇ be opportunistic ◇ get along well, take to each other (as in conversation)
投 投 tóu ◇ throw, toss, fling ◇ put in, insert ◇ input, invest ◇ send, submit ◇ project (e.g., moonlight), cast (e.g., a shadow) ◇ join, enter, go to ◇ fit in with, agree with, be congenial to ◇ approaching/before (dawn/dusk)

◇ Tou (surname)

机 機 jī ◇ a machine, engine ◇ an aircraft, plane ◇ an opportunity, chance, occasion ◇ {chem, food} organic ◇ important business/affairs (like affairs of state) ◇ an intention, idea ◇ smart, clever

投票投票 tóupiào ◇ (cast a) vote

投入投入 tóurù ◇ invest, put in, devote (money, personnel, resources, energy, time, etc.); investment; input, investment ◇ throw/put into; go into (operation, production) ◇ plunge into (e.g. a movement, battle); immerse oneself in (one's work); devote oneself to ◇ be absorbed/immersed/engrossed (in some activity)

投诉投诉 tóusù ◇ lodge a complaint (e.g., consumer complaints against a business) ◇ make a written appeal, send a letter of complaint (request, etc.)

诉 訴 sù ◇ tell, inform ◇ speak one's mind ◇ unburden oneself ◇ complain ◇ {law} accuse, sue, take to court ◇ appeal (like to a higher court)

投降投降 tóuxiáng ◇ surrender, capitulate

投掷投掷 tóuzhì ◇ throw, hurl, cast

掷 擲 zhì ◇ throw, toss, cast

投资投资 tóuzī ◇ invest (money) ◇ investment (of money, effort, time, etc.)

资 資 zī ◇ money, capital, expenses, resources ◇ aid financially, subsidize ◇ provide, supply ◇ natural endowments, ability ◇ qualifications ◇ (short for zīběnzhǔyì 資本主義/资本主义) capitalism ◇ sell ◇ Zi (surname)

透露透露 tòulù ◇ divulge, reveal, leak, disclose, let out, tip off

透明透明 tòumíng ◇ transparent

秃 秃 tū ◇ bald (without hair or feathers) ◇ bare, denuded, defoliated ◇ blunt (lacking a point) ◇ incomplete ◇ Tu (surname)

突出突出 tūchū ◇ break through, charge out of ◇ stick out (of), jut out (from) ◇ protruding, projecting, prominent ◇ outstanding, prominent, remarkable, predominant, salient, conspicuous ◇ (of problems) serious ◇ give

prominence to, stress, emphasize, highlight, bring into relief

突破突破 tūpò ◇ break through, breach, penetrate ◇ break/smash (a record); surmount (an obstacle); top/exceed (a large number); overfulfill (a quota) ◇ attack, charge (the goal in ball games)

突然突然 tūrán ◇ suddenly, abruptly, unexpectedly

图案圖案 tú'àn ◇ design, pattern

图圖 tú ◇ picture, drawing, illustration, chart, map, diagram ◇ intention, plan, scheme; seek, covet, pursue ◇ law, standard ◇ TU (Soviet Tupolev aircraft-designator followed by digits) ◇ Tu (surname)

案案 àn ◇ traditional long narrow table ◇ long board serving as a table or counter ◇ {law} (legal) case, law case ◇ record(s) ◇ file(s) ◇ plan, proposal, draft (submitted for approval) ◇ bill (proposal for a new law)

图书馆圖書館 túshūguǎn ◇ library

徒弟徒弟 túdi ◇ apprentice, disciple

涂抹塗抹 túmǒ ◇ smear, paint ◇ scribble, scrawl

涂塗 tú ◇ apply, spread (on), paint, smear ◇ scribble, scrawl ◇ erase, delete, cross out, blot out ◇ {written} mud, slush ◇ tidal land, shoal ◇ road, way

抹抹 mǒ ◇ apply, put on, smear, spread ◇ wipe (one's mouth, eyes, sweat off one's forehead, etc.) ◇ delete, erase, cross out, blot out ◇ {measure word} stroke, dash, beam, ray (used mostly in literature for sunlight, moonlight, etc.)

途径途徑 tújìng ◇ way, channel (mostly figurative)

途途 tú ◇ way, road

吐吐 tù ◇ vomit, throw up, retch ◇ give up against one's will, give unwillingly, cough up, disgorge

土地土地 tǔdì ◇ soil, earth, land, fields ◇ territory

土豆土豆 tǔdòu ◇ potato ◇ {TW usage, from Minnan dialect} peanut(s)

土壤土壤 tǔrǎng ◇ soil, earth

兔子兔子 tùzi ◇ rabbit, hare ◇ male (passive) homosexual

团團 tuán ◇ group, organization ◇ {military} regiment, corps, league ◇ roll, ball, wad ◇ unite ◇ {measure word}... roll(s) of...,... ball(s) of...,... bale(s) of...,... mass(es) of... (used for things that appear in a rolled/rolling mass, like paper, fire, clouds, etc.) ◇ {measure word}... complex of... (used for an abstract concept, like darkness, hope, suspicion, a mess, etc., can only be preceded by the numeral yī "one")

团结團結 tuánjié ◇ unite, rally ◇ unity, solidarity

团体團體 tuántǐ ◇ body, group, organization, team

团圆團圓 tuányuán ◇ have a (family) reunion ◇ reunion ◇ round (face)

推推 tuī ◇ push, shove ◇ cut, mow, pare, plane ◇ push forward, promote, advance ◇ turn a mill/grindstone, grind ◇ postpone, delay, put off ◇ elect, recommend, choose ◇ praise highly, hold in esteem ◇ infer, deduce, extrapolate ◇ decline, reject ◇ refuse on a certain pretext

推测推测 tuīcè ◇ infer, guess, conjecture

推迟推遲 tuīchí ◇ postpone, put off

迟遲 chí ◇ slow, tardy ◇ late, delayed ◇ Chi (surname)

推辞推辭 tuīcí ◇ decline (an appointment, invitation, a gift, etc.)

辞辭 cí ◇ word(s), speech, expression, phrase ◇ diction, phraseology ◇ take leave ◇ resign, hand in one's resignation ◇ dismiss, discharge ◇ decline, refuse to accept ◇ dodge, evade, shirk ◇ (used like cí 詞/词) words (of a speech, song, etc.) ◇ wording, language ◇ {linguistics} word, character compound, expression

推翻推翻 tuīfān ◇ overthrow, topple ◇ overturn ◇ repudiate, cancel

推广推廣 tuīguǎng ◇ spread, po-

pularize

广 广 guǎng ◇ (of area, space, scope)
broad, wide, vast, extensive ◇ many, numerous
◇ extend, expand, spread ◇ Guǎngdōng
广东/广东 Province ◇ Guangzhou ◇ Guang
(surname)

推荐推荐 tuījiàn ◇ recommend; re-
commendation

荐 荐 jiàn ◇ recommend sb, intro-
duce sb ◇ {written} devote oneself to, sacrifice
oneself to ◇ {written} grass, hay, straw ◇
straw mat ◇ frequently, repeatedly ◇ offer,
present

推理推理 tuīlǐ ◇ {logic} inference,
reasoning, deduction ◇ detective (like
film or novel)

推论推论 tuīlùn ◇ infer, deduce ◇
inference, deduction, corollary

论 论 lùn ◇ discuss, talk about, com-
ment on ◇ discussion, discourse (written or spoken)
◇ theory, doctrine ◇ mention, speak of, regard,
consider ◇ judge, measure, appraise, decide on, de-
termine ◇ by (a certain unit of measure), in terms of
(the attributes of a thing) ◇ Lun (surname)

推销推销 tuīxiāo ◇ promote the
sales, push the sales ◇ market, peddle
销 销 xiāo ◇ melt (metal) ◇ annul,
cancel, destroy ◇ market, sell ◇ spend, consu-
me ◇ pin, peg ◇ insert a pin or plug ◇ axe

腿 腿 tuǐ ◇ leg; support re-
sembling a leg ◇ ham

退 退 tuì ◇ retreat; cause to
move backward or retreat; withdraw,
resign, quit ◇ decline, recede (like of
the tide) ◇ return (goods, money, etc.)
◇ cancel (an agreement, etc.), break
off (a wedding engagement) ◇ soft ◇
{Chinese chess} retreat (a number of
points)

退步退步 tuìbù ◇ fall behind, re-
gress ◇ leeway

退休退休 tuìxiū ◇ retire

吞 吞 tūn ◇ swallow ◇ annex
◇ envelop, engulf ◇ Tun (surname)

吐 吐 tǔ ◇ spit ◇ send out, emit, put
forth ◇ tell, say, enunciate, pour out

托运託運 tuōyùn ◇ consign,
ship, check (e.g., baggage)

托 託 tuō ◇ entrust, commis-
sion, consign, leave with, deposit ◇ re-
ly on, depend on ◇ give as a pretext,
use as an excuse, plead ◇ ask, request

◇ send (a message) indirectly

运 運 yùn ◇ motion, movement,
freight ◇ convey, transport ◇ use, apply ◇
luck, fortune, fate ◇ Yun (surname)
拖延拖延 tuōyán ◇ delay, pro-
crastinate

脱 脱 tuō ◇ (of hair, skin, etc.)
shed, lose ◇ come off ◇ (of clothing, a
hat) take off ◇ extricate oneself, get
out of, escape ◇ break free/away from
◇ omit ◇ {written} neglect, slight, not
take sth serious ◇ {grammar, written}
if, in case, supposing that ◇ Tuo (sur-
name)

脱离脱离 tuōlí ◇ be separated from,
break away from, be isolated from

妥当妥當 tuǒdang ◇ proper, ap-
propriate

妥 妥 tuǒ ◇ satisfactory, ap-
propriate, proper ◇ ready, prepared ◇
safe, secure

当 當 dāng ◇ as... ◇ be equal, match
◇ equal ◇ should, ought to, must ◇ at, in
front of, in the presence of, confronting, facing,
to sb's face ◇ (just) at (that very time, that very
place) (as in 當...時/当...时 dāng... shí "at the
time when...") ◇ become, serve as, work as, act
as, be ◇ deserve, accept, bear ◇ be in charge
of, direct, manage ◇ {written} stop, obstruct,
prevent ◇ ought to, should, must ◇ {onom}
ding-dong, etc. (used like dāng 當/当 "ding-
dong", etc., for the sound of bells)

妥善妥善 tuǒshàn ◇ proper(ly),
satisfactory(-ily), appropriate(ly)

妥协妥協 tuǒxié ◇ compromise ◇ (a
tendency toward) compromise ◇ {de-
rogatory} (a tendency toward) ap-
peasement

协 協 xié ◇ common, joint, mutual
◇ help, assist, aid ◇ in harmony, in concert ◇
union (of shops, colleges, etc.) ◇ regiment of
troops (during the Qīng 清 Dynasty)

椭圆橢圓 tuǒyuán ◇ {math} el-
lipse ◇ ellipsoid

唾弃唾棄 tuòqì ◇ spurn, reject with
scorn

唾 唾 tuò ◇ saliva ◇ spit (esp.
to indicate contempt)

弃 棄 qì ◇ abandon, discard,
throw away ◇ forsake, forget ◇ put aside ◇
Qi (a personal name)

W

哇 哇 wā ◇ {onom} (the sound of crying, vomiting, etc.) ◇ {exclamation} wow!

挖掘挖掘 wājué ◇ dig, excavate

娃娃娃娃 wáwa ◇ baby, young child
◇ doll ◇ {Chinese opera} musical tone

瓦解瓦解 wǎjiě ◇ collapse, crumble, disintegrate, break down, fall apart ◇ (as a transitive verb:) break up, disintegrate; break, undermine, sap (people's morale, will to fight, etc.)

袜子袜子 wàzi ◇ socks, stockings
袜 襪 wà ◇ socks, stockings
子 子 zǐ ◇ son, child ◇ person ◇ (of melons, etc.) seed ◇ (of fowl, fish) egg, roe ◇ sth small and hard (pebble, bead, etc.) ◇ sub(ordinate) ◇ (in Chinese chess) a chess piece ◇ {history} viscount (the fourth of the five ranks of nobility) ◇ {respectful address} master, sir; Master... (suffix added to the names of ancient philosophers, such as Kǒngzǐ 孔子 "Confucius", Mèngzǐ 孟子 "Mencius") ◇ zi (first of the twelve Dìzhī 地支 "Earthly Branches") ◇ zi (11:00 p.m. to 1:00 a.m.; one of the twelve two-hour periods in a day) ◇ Zi (surname)

歪 歪 wāi ◇ crooked, askew, slanting, inclined (in contrast to zhèng 正 "straight, upright") ◇ lie down on one's side ◇ (of the mouth) slanting, awry ◇ devious, evil, improper, unethical ◇ {dialect} domineering, tyrannical, despotic
歪曲歪曲 wāiqū ◇ twist, distort, misrepresent ◇ crooked, askew

外 外 wài ◇ outside, foreign ◇ except for, other than (often preceded by a phrase with chú 除.....) ◇ unofficial (like history)
外表外表 wàibiǎo ◇ outward appearance, surface, exterior
外公外公 wàigōng ◇ grandfather (mother's father)
外行外行 wàiháng ◇ lay, unprofessional, amateurish ◇ layman, non-professional
外交外交 wàijiāo ◇ diplomacy,

foreign affairs

外界外界 wàijiè ◇ the outside world
◇ outside (those not in one's circle, organization, etc.)
外向外向 wàixiàng ◇ extroverted, extroversion ◇ extroversion

丸 丸 wán ◇ small round object
◇ pellet ◇ bird's egg ◇ knead into a small ball or pill ◇ {med} pill ◇ {measure word}... pill(s) of... (used for pills of Chinese medicine)

完 完 wán ◇ finish (the action of the preceding verb) ◇ Wan (surname)

完备完备 wánbèi ◇ complete, completely implemented, comprehensive, perfect (usu. of a system, etc.)
备 備 bèi ◇ prepare, make ready
◇ make preparations, take precautions (against) ◇ have, be provided or equipped with, possess ◇ equipment, gear ◇ completely, fully, in every possible way ◇ perfect, complete
完毕完毕 wánbì ◇ complete, finish, end

毕 畢 bì ◇ end, finish, conclude, accomplish ◇ completely, fully ◇ {Chinese astronomy} Bi (one of the 28 Lunar Mansions) ◇ net used in hunting ◇ Bi (surname)

完成完成 wánchéng ◇ complete, accomplish, fulfill

完美完美 wánměi ◇ perfect, consummate, exquisite

完全完全 wánquán ◇ complete, whole, full ◇ completely, wholly, fully, entirely

完善完善 wánshàn ◇ complete, well-developed, optimal, perfect ◇ improve, (further) develop, refine (e.g., a system)

完整完整 wánzhěng ◇ complete, intact

玩 玩 wán ◇ play ◇ play with
◇ have fun, relax, enjoy oneself ◇ gaming

玩具玩具 wánjù ◇ plaything, toy

玩弄玩弄 wánnòng ◇ play with, trifle with (like sb's affections) ◇ play with, show off (like one's erudition) ◇ engage in, resort (to tricks, intrigue)

玩意儿 玩意兒 wányìr

◇ plaything, toy ◇ various kinds of folk arts "quyi", acrobatics, etc. such as "dagu", cross talk, etc. ◇ thing, gadget, gizmo

玩意玩意 wányì (usually wányìr 玩意儿/玩意儿) ◇ plaything, toy ◇ various kinds of folk arts "quyi", acrobatics, etc. such as "dagu", cross talk, etc. ◇ thing, gadget, gizmo

儿 兒 ér ◇ child, baby, son (written as "r" when used as a suffix, indicates smallness [e.g., mào 帽儿/帽子 "hat"]; after a verb/adjective turns it into a noun [e.g., chīr 吃儿/吃儿 "eatables, food"]; added to a concrete noun turns it into an abstract noun [e.g., ménr 门儿/门儿 "work"]; added to a noun to change its original meaning [e.g., báimiàn 白麵儿/白面儿 means "heroin", while báimiàn 白麵/白面 means "white flour"]; used as suffix to certain verbs [e.g., wánr 玩儿/玩儿 "play"])

顽固顽固 wángù ◇ stubborn, obstinate ◇ intransigent, diehard

顽 頑 wán ◇ obstinate, stubborn ◇ mischievous, naughty ◇ firm, tough, resolute, adamant

固 固 gù ◇ hard, solid, firm, strong ◇ solidify, strengthen, consolidate ◇ {written} ignorant, superficial ◇ (of diseases, character, etc.) stubborn, tenacious, deep-rooted, ingrained ◇ persistently, resolutely ◇ {written} originally, in the first place, as a matter of course ◇ assuredly, admittedly ◇ tentatively, for the time being ◇ Gu (surname)

顽强顽强 wánqiáng ◇ tenacious, indomitable

惋惜惋惜 wǎnxī ◇ sigh and grieve ◇ feel sorry for, sympathize with

挽回挽回 wǎnhuí ◇ redeem, retrieve ◇ catch up, draw level

挽救挽救 wǎnjiù ◇ save, rescue

晚上晚上 wǎnshang ◇ in the evening, at night ◇ evening, night

碗 碗 wǎn ◇ (food) bowl ◇ bowl-shaped vessel ◇ {measure word}...bowl(s) of... (used for the contents of an eating/drinking bowl, like soup, tea, rice, etc.)

万 萬 wàn ◇ ten thousand, 10,000 ◇ a large number, myriad of...

◇ (emphatic, followed by a negation) absolutely, on any account, by all circumstances, by all means ◇ Wan (surname)

分 分 fēn ◇ separate, divide, split, part ◇ distribute, assign, allot ◇ distinguish, differentiate, tell (the difference), make a distinction ◇ (of an organization, company, etc.) branch ◇ fraction; one-tenth of the whole, ten percent ◇ (as a unit of length) approx. 1/3 cm ◇ (as a unit of area) approx. 67 square metres ◇ (as a unit of weight) approx. 1/2 gram ◇ (as a unit of Chinese currency) 1/100 of a Yuan ◇ (as a unit of time or degree) a minute ◇ (as interest rate) percent ◇ (in a marking system) a mark/point ◇ {measure word}... part(s) of...,... tenth(s) of... (used for parts or tenths of the whole, and for abstract items like vigour, toil, hope, etc.)

万一萬一 wànyī ◇ if by some (remote) chance ◇ (just) in case... ◇ one in ten thousand ◇ eventuality, contingency

一 一 yī ◇ one, 1 ◇ alone ◇ whole ◇ once... ◇ Yi (surname)

王子王子 wángzǐ ◇ prince (king's son) ◇ Wangzi (compound surname)

往 往 wǎng ◇ go, go to ◇ towards, in the direction of ◇ past, former, previous, earlier

往常往常 wǎngcháng ◇ the usual, the past (referring to the way things have ordinarily been prior to this point) ◇ usually, ordinarily, heretofore

往返往返 wǎngfǎn ◇ go to and from (a place) ◇ (travel/journey) there and back, round-trip

往事往事 wǎngshì ◇ past events

往往往往 wǎngwǎng ◇ often, usually, frequently

网络網絡 wǎngluò ◇ {Mainland usage} network; system ◇ {IT} network, Internet, Web

网球网球 wǎngqiú ◇ tennis ◇ tennis ball

网 網 wǎng ◇ net, web; network ◇ net (like for catching fish) ◇ covered with sth resembling a net (like of eyes when bloodshot) ◇ {IT} net, network, the Internet, the World Wide

Web ◇ {bot} rete, reticulation

球 球 qiú ◇ ball, sphere, globe ◇
{sports} ball, ball-like objects used in sports (like soccer ball, basket ball, ping-pong ball, hockey puck);
ball games ◇ the world, the globe ◇ ball-shape
things (like snowball, blood corpuscle) ◇ {slang,
vulgar} "the balls" (as a term for the testicles)
网站網站 wǎngzhàn ◇ website
站 站 zhàn ◇ stand, take a stand ◇
stop, cease; a stop, station ◇ service centre,
service station ◇ {measure word}... stop(s)
of... (used for the stops of a train/bus) ◇ {IT}
(short for wǎngzhàn 網站/网站) website

妄想妄想 wàngxiǎng ◇ vainly hope,
engage in wishful thinking ◇ {Bud-
dhism} wrong thoughts ◇ {psychology}
delusion

忘记忘記 wàngjì ◇ forget

忘 忘 wàng ◇ forget ◇ neglect,
overlook ◇ omit, lose

记 記 jì ◇ remember, recall (to
mind) ◇ record (in writing), write down ◇ (a)
note, record, account, chronicle (often used in
book or essay titles) ◇ (a) mark, sign (used in
the names of shops, restaurants, etc., after the
name of the proprietor) ◇ birthmark ◇ {mea-
sure word, regional} (used for a hit [on the
face], slap, punch, blow, etc.)

危害危害 wēihài ◇ danger, harm;
endanger, harm

危机危機 wēijī ◇ crisis

危 危 wēi ◇ dangerous, peri-
lous, risky; danger, crisis, risk ◇ Wei
(surname)

机 機 jī ◇ a machine, engine ◇
an aircraft, plane ◇ an opportunity, chance, oc-
casion ◇ {chem, food} organic ◇ important
business/affairs (like affairs of state) ◇ an in-
tention, idea ◇ smart, clever

危险危險 wēixiǎn ◇ dangerous,
perilous; danger

险 險 xiǎn ◇ (of terrain) dangerous,
perilous, treacherous ◇ narrow strategic pass,
natural defensive position (of difficult access,
treacherous topography) ◇ danger, peril, risk
◇ dangerous, risky ◇ sinister, vicious, trea-
cherous, evil ◇ nearly, almost ◇ insurance
(short for bǎoxiǎn 保險/保险)

威风威風 wēifēng ◇ power and
prestige ◇ awe-inspiring bearing/man-
ners ◇ imposing, impressive, awe-in-
spiring, majestic-looking

威 威 wēi ◇ awe-inspiring

power or strength; prestige ◇ by force
◇ dignity, honour ◇ shock, astonish ◇

Wei (surname)

风 風 fēng ◇ wind, gale, breeze ◇ put
out to dry, winnow, air-dry, air ◇ speedily, swiftly
◇ custom, practice, atmosphere ◇ style, attitude ◇
information, news, rumour, hearsay ◇ {literature}
(as a genre in the Shijing 詩經/诗经 "Book of Odes"
section Guófēng 國風/国风 "Airs of the states") folk
song, ballad ◇ {med} used in the names of certain
illnesses (e.g., zhòngfēng 中風/中风 "stroke", "apop-
lexy") ◇ Feng (surname)

威力威力 wēilì ◇ power, might,
force

威望威望 wēiwàng ◇ prestige
and reputation

威胁威脅 wēixié ◇ threaten, menace
◇ threat

胁 脅 xié ◇ {physiology} the area
of the body from the armpit to the waist; flank,
ribs, armpits ◇ threaten, coerce, force, menace
◇ contract, close

威信威信 wēixìn ◇ prestige ◇ public
trust ◇ popularity

微 微 wēi ◇ tiny, minute, few
◇ slightly, a little ◇ micro- ◇ adjust,
conceal ◇ Wei (surname)

不足 不足 bùzú ◇ be insufficient/inade-
quate/short ◇ less than (a specified amount)
◇ not deserve, not worth

道 道 dào ◇ way, path, road ◇ line
◇ method ◇ morality, virtue, ethics ◇ {philo-
sophy} doctrine, principle (of learning/reli-
gion/ethics), course, (the right) orientation, jus-
tice; Daoism (Taoism) ◇ superstitious sect ◇
{measure word} (used for narrow long shapes
like rays, lightning, scars, door(way)s; for walls,
instructions, [math] problems, [test] questions,
courses or dishes of a dinner, steps in a proce-
dure, coats of paint, times, repetitions, etc.) ◇
speak, say ◇ suppose, think ◇ Dao (surname)
◇ {admin} (during the Táng 唐 Dynasty) pre-
fecture; (in Japan) prefecture (like Běihǎidào
北海道 "Hokkaidō"); (in North Korea) province
◇ {unit of measure} used for hūnmǐ 忽米 "centi-
millimetre, one hundredth of a mm, cmm"

微观微觀 wēiguān ◇ micro-per-
spective, microscopic view ◇ observing
phenomena from a micro-perspective

观 觀 guān ◇ see, look, observe,
view ◇ a sight, view ◇ {figurative} outlook,
concept, view ◇ {divination} "Guan" (one of
the sixty-four hexagrams in the Yijing 易經/易经
"Book of Changes")

微笑微笑 wēixiào ◇ smile ◇ a
smile

唯独唯獨 wéidú ◇ only, alone
 唯 唯 wéi ◇ only, alone, solely;
 because of, on account of, although (an
 often untranslated particle used to in-
 troduce a clause or sentence)
 独 獨 dú ◇ one, single ◇ by one-
 self, alone, solitary ◇ on one's own (esp. of Tai-
 wan, short for dúlì 獨立/独立, "independence"
 or "become independent") ◇ only, just ◇ self-
 ish, egoistic and intolerant ◇ unique ◇ old
 people without offspring ◇ the old and child-
 less ◇ Du (surname)
 唯一唯一 wéiyī ◇ sole, only ◇
 unique

围巾圍巾 wéijīn ◇ scarf, muffler
 围 圍 wéi ◇ surround, encircle,
 enclose ◇ all around, surrounding ◇
 defend, guard ◇ fort (made of wood,
 etc.) ◇ pen (for animals) ◇ {measure
 word} (for circumference as measured
 by the outstretched arms enclosing sth)
 巾 巾 jīn ◇ piece of cloth (e.g., to-
 wel, napkin, scarf/kerchief)
 围绕圍繞 wéirào ◇ (revolve)
 around ◇ center on; concerning, about

维持維持 wéichí ◇ keep, maintain,
 preserve ◇ protect and support, help,
 shelter (sb)
 维 維 wéi ◇ tie together, hold
 together ◇ maintain, preserve, safe-
 guard, protect ◇ thought, thinking ◇
 dimension ◇ large rope ◇ Uygur na-
 tional minority ◇ vitamin (used in the
 name of a vitamin, e.g., wéi C 維C/维C;
 short for 維生素)
 持 持 chí ◇ hold (in one's
 hand), grasp ◇ hold, be of (an opi-
 nion) ◇ hold (a passport, etc.) ◇ sup-
 port, maintain ◇ manage, handle, run
 ◇ hold under control or duress ◇ con-
 front, oppose
 维护維護 wéihù ◇ protect, safeguard,
 uphold
 维生素 維生素 wéishēngsù
 ◇ vitamin
 维修維修 wéixiū ◇ maintain, service
 修 修 xiū ◇ repair, fix, mend ◇ de-
 corate, adorn, embellish, beautify ◇ modify, re-
 vise ◇ put in order, straighten up, tidy up ◇
 write, compose, compile, study, practice, culti-
 vate ◇ trim, cut, prune, clip ◇ build, construct,
 erect ◇ revisionism ◇ long, tall ◇ Xiu (surna-

me)

违背違背 wéibèi ◇ violate, go against,
 run counter to, contravene
 违 違 wéi ◇ disobey, violate,
 defy ◇ be apart, be separated ◇ avoid,
 evade ◇ evil, wicked
 背 背 bèi ◇ back (of the body) ◇
 turn the back (on sb), abandon, desert ◇ turn
 away, leave, desert ◇ hide sth from sb, do sth
 behind sb's back ◇ with one's back toward ◇
 behind ◇ memorize, learn by heart/rote, recite
 from memory ◇ violate, act contrary to, break
 ◇ out-of-the-way, remote ◇ {colloquial} unluck-
 y ◇ be hard of hearing
 违反違反 wéifǎn ◇ violate, contrave-
 ne, infringe upon (laws, rules, regula-
 tions)
 反 反 fǎn ◇ oppose, counter, be
 against ◇ rebel against, revolt ◇ opposite (or
 different) from the expected, inverse, inside
 out, in reverse ◇ (as a prefix indicating opposi-
 tion or reversal) counter-, anti-, contrary ◇
 turn over, reverse ◇ return ◇ reactionaries,
 counterrevolutionaries ◇ (used like fǎn'ér 反
 而) on the contrary, instead ◇ argue/reason by
 analogy, analogize, infer, draw inferences (from
 another case)
 伟大偉大 wěidà ◇ great, mighty
 伟 偉 wěi ◇ great, big ◇
 grand, magnificent ◇ Wei (surname)
 大 大 dà ◇ big, large, great ◇
 greatly, to a large extent, in a major way ◇ ma-
 jor, important, main ◇ general ◇ strong, hea-
 vy ◇ loud, high (like volume of sound, or sb's
 voice) ◇ (of persons) old (i.e. of a certain age)
 ◇ the oldest (among two or more) ◇ adult, el-
 der ◇ (as emphatic prefix) even on...(followed
 by a time expression, as in dà Xīngqīrì 大星期日
 "even on Sundays") ◇ (as honorific prefix)
 your... ◇ (used for transcription of the syllable
 -da- in foreign names) ◇ Da (surname)
 伪造偽造 wěizào ◇ fabricate,
 counterfeit, forge ◇ forgery ◇ fake,
 bogus
 伪 偽 wěi ◇ false, fake, coun-
 terfeit, bogus, pseudo ◇ {pejorative} a
 collaborator, puppet, quisling
 造 造 zào ◇ build, construct, make,
 create ◇ fabricate, invent, concoct ◇ party (in
 a lawsuit or legal agreement) ◇ {regional}
 crop, harvest ◇ {written} go to (like to visit),
 arrive at ◇ (of skills) achieve, attain ◇ train,
 educate, cultivate ◇ the times; an era ◇
 {slang} spend (a lavish amount) ◇ {slang} run
 wild ◇ Zao (surname)

委屈委屈 wěiqu ◇ nurse a grievance, feel slighted ◇ inconvenience, trouble
 委托委託 wěituō ◇ trust, entrust, charge (with a task)
 委员委員 wěiyuán ◇ committee member
 委 委 wěi ◇ appoint, entrust, commission, delegate ◇ (short for wěiyuán 委員/委员) committee member ◇ (short for wěiyuánhui 委員會/委员会) committee ◇ discard, cast aside, throw away ◇ shirk, shift (like blame, burden, etc.) ◇ indirect, roundabout, not to the point ◇ the end (of sth) ◇ gather, accumulate ◇ depressed, dispirited, dejected, listless ◇ {written} indeed, actually, definitely, certainly
 员 員 yuán ◇ employee ◇ person performing a particular function, or engaged in a certain activity, profession, etc. ◇ {admin} member (of a committee, organization, etc.) ◇ {measure word} (used for military officers, and able/outstanding persons) ◇ border, perimeter

尾巴尾巴 wěiba ◇ tail (of an animal, plane, comet, etc.) || (also pronounced "yǐba")

为 為 wéi ◇ be, mean ◇ serve as, act as ◇ become, turn ◇ do, act ◇ seem, appear ◇ by ◇ Wei (surname)
 为了為了 wèile ◇ for, in order to, for the sake of
 为 為 wéi ◇ be, mean ◇ serve as, act as ◇ become, turn ◇ do, act ◇ seem, appear ◇ by ◇ Wei (surname)
 了 了 le ◇ already (aspect particle indicating change) ◇ (aspect particle for new situation; verb suffix indicating an action has happened or is about to happen)
 为难為難 wéinán ◇ be embarrassed ◇ create difficulties for, make things difficult for
 为难爲難 wéinán ◇ be embarrassed ◇ create difficulties for, make things difficult for
 为期為期 wéiqī ◇ last for... (a scheduled period of time) ◇ (in the pattern yǐ...wéiqī 以...為期/以...为期) for a term of..., not to exceed... ◇ time remaining (as in wéiqī-bùyuǎn 為期不遠/为期不远 "the day is not far off")

为 為 wéi ◇ be, mean ◇ serve as, act as ◇ become, turn ◇ do, act ◇ seem, appear ◇ by ◇ Wei (surname)
 期 期 qī ◇ term, period of time ◇ phase/stage (of a project) ◇ scheduled time, set time ◇ {measure word}... issue(s) of...,... class(es) of... (used for things produced periodically, like issues of a magazine/newspaper, and for classes of students) ◇ set up/schedule (an appointment, etc.) ◇ expect, await, hope (for), anticipate, look forward to ◇ Qi (surname)
 为什么 為什麼 wèishénme ◇ why
 什 什 shén ◇ various, miscellaneous ◇ a group of ten (soldiers, etc.); ten
 么 麼 me ◇ (a suffix, as in shénme 甚麼/什么 "what?")

位 位 wèi ◇ {measure word, formal/polite}... lady/ladies/gentleman/gentlemen (used for persons) ◇ place, position, location ◇ status, situation, position ◇ be located ◇ throne ◇ {math} digit, place ◇ {physics} potential ◇ Wei (surname)
 于 於 yú ◇ in, at on (time or place) ◇ towards, to, for ◇ than (comparative) ◇ by (passive voice)
 位置位置 wèizhì ◇ place, position, seat ◇ place, position (like in history)

卫生间 衛生間 wèishēngjiān ◇ bathroom, WC, toilet, lavatory, washroom, restroom
 卫 衛 wèi ◇ guard, protect, defend ◇ sentry, guard ◇ garrison station for troops (Míng 明 Dynasty) ◇ arrow feathers ◇ Wei (state in southern Héběi 河北 and northern Hénán 河南 Provinces during the Zhōu 周 Dynasty) ◇ Wei (name for the city of Tiānjīn 天津) ◇ (used for transcription of syllables sounding like -wei- in foreign names) ◇ Wei (surname)
 生 生 shēng ◇ give birth to ◇ live ◇ life ◇ unripe ◇ raw ◇ bear, deliver ◇ generate ◇ be born ◇ (of plants, roots, etc.) grow, emerge ◇ unripe ◇ raw, undercooked ◇ not cooked ◇ unprocessed, unrefined ◇ unfamiliar, unacquainted ◇ student (bound form, as in nǚshēng 女生 "female student", zhèngshìshēng 正式生 "regular student") ◇ suffix for various kinds or groups of people (like yīshēng 醫生/医生 "medical doctor") ◇ Sheng (surname)
 间 間 jiān ◇ among, between ◇ interval; within a defined time/space ◇ room ◇

{measure word} (used for rooms)

卫星卫星 wèixīng ◇ satellite,
moon ◇ satellite (town, etc.) ◇ satellite
(manmade object in orbit)

星 xīng ◇ {astronomy} star ◇
heavenly body (which emits or reflects light) ◇
bit, particle ◇ Xing (one of the 28 Lunar Man-
sions) ◇ xing (musical instrument of two small
copper cymbals) ◇ Xing (surname)

味道味道 wèidào ◇ taste, fla-
vour ◇ certain sense or feeling, savour,
tone ◇ interest, fun ◇ {regional}
smell, odour, scent

喂喂 wèi ◇ hello (or other in-
terjection to attract sb's attention)

慰问慰问 wèiwèn ◇ comfort and
send regards (like gifts and entertain-
ment for soldiers, visits and gifts for pa-
tients, gifts and letters for disaster vic-
tims)

慰慰 wèi ◇ comfort, console
◇ be relieved, have one's mind put at
ease

问问 wèn ◇ ask, inquire ◇
send one's regards, inquire after (sb's
health etc.) ◇ Wen (surname)

未必未必 wèibì ◇ not necessarily,
may not

未来未来 wèilái ◇ the future ◇ fu-
ture, next, (up)coming (of time)

未未 wèi ◇ has not (done
sth), did not, not yet ◇ not (as in wèibì
未必, "not necessarily") ◇ wèi (8th of
the twelve Dìzhī 地支 "Earthly Bran-
ches") ◇ Wei (surname)

来来 lái ◇ come, come hither ◇
arrive (of seasons, etc.) ◇ arise, crop up (of
problems, etc.) ◇ cause to come, let come, I'll
have... (used in ordering in a restaurant) ◇
cause to arrive or take place ◇ for the past
(amount of time) ◇ in order to (take some ac-
tion) ◇ (following numbers) approximately ◇
(verb suffix) ◇ Lai (surname)

未免未免 wèimiǎn ◇ truly, ra-
ther, a little (used to indicate objection,
disapproval, etc.) ◇ unavoidably, be
bound to

畏惧畏惧 wèijù ◇ fear, dread

畏畏 wèi ◇ fear, dread ◇ res-
pect, revere ◇ scare, frighten ◇ com-
mit suicide out of fear

惧惧 jù ◇ fear, be afraid of,
dread

胃胃 wèi ◇ stomach ◇ {Chi-
nese astronomy} Wei (one of the 28 Lu-
nar Mansions, see Wèixiù 胃宿 and Bái-
hǔ 白虎)

胃口胃口 wèikǒu ◇ the stomach
◇ appetite ◇ liking, preference

蔚蓝蔚蓝 wèilán ◇ deep blue, sky
blue (colour)

蔚蔚 wèi ◇ luxuriant, magnifi-
cent ◇ colourful, beautifully coloured
◇ {bot} Artemisia japonica ◇ assemb-
le, gather together

蓝蓝 lán ◇ blue (colour) ◇ {bot}
indigo plant, Indigofera tinctoria ◇ Lan (surna-
me) ◇ {music} blues

温带温带 wēndài ◇ temperate
zone

温度温度 wēndù ◇ temperatu-
re

温温 wēn ◇ warm, lukewarm
◇ temperature ◇ warm up (like wine,
water) ◇ review (like one's lessons) ◇
{med} acute communicable diseases ◇
Wen (surname)

度度 dù ◇ {unit of measure} de-
gree (like of temperature, angle, latitude) ◇ ki-
lowatt-hour ◇ (a certain) degree/extent ◇
{measure word} ... times (used for the number
of times an action is repeated, occasions, occur-
rences) ◇ standard, rule, criterion ◇ bound, li-
mit ◇ magnanimity, tolerance, open-minded-
ness; bearing, attitude ◇ consider, think of ◇
spend, pass (time) ◇ {Buddhism, Taoism} con-
vert ◇ Du (surname)

温和温和 wēnhé ◇ (of the weather)
mild, temperate ◇ (of disposition,
speech, etc.) mild, gentle ◇ moderate
(like politicians, reformers, etc.)

和和 hé ◇ and; with ◇ together
with ◇ kind, gentle, mild; (be) on good terms
with, harmonious; harmony, peace ◇ {sports}
(of the result of a competition) a draw, a tie ◇
Japan, Japanese ◇ He (surname)

温暖温暖 wēnnuǎn ◇ warm (lite-
rally or figuratively)

暖暖 nuǎn ◇ warm, genial ◇ warm
(literally or figuratively)

溫柔溫柔 wēnróu ◇ gentle and soft, sweet, tender (mostly of women)
柔 柔 róu ◇ soft, supple ◇ soften
◇ soft, gentle, mild ◇ pacify ◇ Rou (surname)

文化文化 wénhuà ◇ culture, civilization ◇ education, schooling
文件文件 wénjiàn ◇ document, paper {{fèn 份}} ◇ {IT} file, document (on a computer)

文具文具 wénjù ◇ stationery, writing material

文明文明 wénmíng ◇ educated, civilized, enlightened ◇ civilization
文憑文憑 wénpíng ◇ diploma
文 文 wén ◇ script, writing, inscription, composition, article ◇ literary language (in contrast to vernacular) ◇ (as a discipline) humanities, liberal arts ◇ {history} ritual, ceremony, formalities, etiquette ◇ culture ◇ refined, cultured ◇ civil, civilian ◇ tattoo, pattern ◇ various natural phenomena (like astronomy) ◇ Wen (surname) ◇ cover up, explain away, gloss over, paint over (faults, etc.) ◇ {measure word, historical} (used with qián 錢/钱, like yī wén qián 一文錢/一文钱 "one [ancient] cent")

凭 憑 píng ◇ depend/rely on ◇ on the basis of, by, with (sth as proof/documentation/grounds) ◇ by, by virtue of, on the strength of, with (the help of some quality/attribute/power); (going) according to, going by, with (sth as a guide for one's action) ◇ no matter (how, what, where, when, etc.) ◇ proof, evidence ◇ {written} lean on/against, prop/support oneself on ◇ Ping (surname)

文物文物 wénwù ◇ cultural relic ◇ cultural heritage

文献文獻 wénxiàn ◇ literature, documents

献 獻 xiàn ◇ offer, present ◇ show, display ◇ Xian (surname)

文学文學 wénxué ◇ literature
学 學 xué ◇ learn, study ◇ imitate, copy, mimic ◇ scholarship, learning, education, study, knowledge, science ◇ subject (of study), (academic) discipline, branch of learning ◇ school, college

文雅文雅 wényǎ ◇ elegant, refined

文艺文藝 wényì ◇ literature and art

艺 藝 yì ◇ skill, ability ◇ art(s) (like literature, dance, singing) ◇ limit, restriction ◇ plant, grow

文章文章 wénzhāng ◇ article, essay ◇ literary works, writings

文字文字 wénzì ◇ script, writing, letters, characters ◇ written language ◇ writing style or form

闻 聞 wén ◇ hear ◇ smell (sth) ◇ news ◇ famous, well known ◇ reputation ◇ {med} auscultation and olfaction ◇ Wen (surname)

吻 吻 wěn ◇ (of humans) lips; touch with the lips, kiss, a kiss ◇ (of animals) snout, muzzle

稳定穩定 wěndìng ◇ steady, stable ◇ make steady, stabilize ◇ stabilization ◇ stability

稳 穩 wěn ◇ steady, stable, firm ◇ steady, sedate ◇ stability ◇ reliable, safe ◇ sure, certain

定 定 dìng ◇ set (a date or deadline) ◇ decide, fix, determine, stipulate, establish ◇ settle, calm down; calm, stable, still ◇ (used like dìng 訂/订) order, subscribe to, book ◇ {written} definite(ly), sure(ly), certain(ly) ◇ Ding (surname)

问 問 wèn ◇ ask, inquire ◇ send one's regards, inquire after (sb's health etc.) ◇ Wen (surname)

问候問候 wèn hòu ◇ give one's regards to

候 候 hòu ◇ wait, await, expect ◇ visit, inquire after ◇ {dialect} treat, pick up the cheque ◇ time, period, season ◇ (of an on-going process, or a situation in flux) condition, state ◇ {Chinese calendar} pentad (a period of five days, three of which constitute a jiéqì 節氣/节气 "solar term") ◇ {admin, archaic} official in charge of protocol ◇ {archaic} frontier lookout post

问世問世 wènshì ◇ (of a new work) be published, come out ◇ (of a new product) come out, be available on the market

世 世 shì ◇ world, society ◇ generation, life, lifetime ◇ {geosciences} epoch, age, era ◇ the secular world, this (mundane) world ◇ Shi (surname)

问题問題 wèntí ◇ question, problem, issue ◇ crux, key, heart ◇ mishap, trouble, accident

窝 窩 wō ◇ nest (or similar)

shelter for birds, bees, etc.) ◇ den, lair
 ◇ {regional} space occupied (by sb or sth) ◇ a hollow, a pit ◇ curl up, huddle up ◇ hold back, hold in, check ◇ bend (sth) ◇ {measure word}... litter(s) of...,... swarm(s) of...,... brood(s) of... (for young animals born in a nest, or a swarm of bees, etc.)

我 我 wǒ ◇ I, me; my ◇ {written} we; our ◇ {written} our country (usu. referring to China); our country's ◇ self ◇ Wo (surname)

我们我們 wǒmen ◇ we, us, our
 们 們 men ◇ (suffix added to pronouns or personal nouns to indicate the plural, e.g., wǒmen 我们/我们 "we"; rénmen 人们/人们 "people"; used for humans only)

卧室臥室 wòshì ◇ bedroom
 卧 臥 wò ◇ lie, recline ◇ (of animals) crouch, sit ◇ place for sleeping (like bedroom, sleeping berth)
 室 shì ◇ room, chamber ◇ house, building ◇ office, section, department (as part of a larger organization, like reference to room of a library) ◇ household, household possessions ◇ sheath, scabbard ◇ one of the 28 Lunar Mansions ◇ Shi (surname)

握手握手 wòshǒu ◇ shake hands

乌黑烏黑 wūhēi ◇ pitch-black
 乌 烏 wū ◇ crow (the bird) ◇ black, dark ◇ {written} how, what (mostly in rhetorical questions) ◇ Wu (surname)

黑 黑 hēi ◇ (of colour) black, dark ◇ secret (often illicit), shady, unlawful, clandestine ◇ evil, wicked, sinister, vicious ◇ unethical, reactionary, counterrevolutionary ◇ {colloquial} do sth unethical or unlawful ◇ (short for Hēilóngjiāng 黑龍江/黑龙江) Heilongjiang Province ◇ Hei (surname)

屋子屋子 wūzi ◇ a room

污蔑污蔑 wūmiè ◇ slander, calumniate ◇ tarnish, sully

污 汙 wū ◇ filth, dirt, pollution ◇ filthy, dirty ◇ stagnant water ◇ corrupt ◇ defile, smear, shame ◇ decline, wane

蔑 黷 miè ◇ smear, slander ◇ defi-

le

污染污染 wūrǎn ◇ pollute, contaminate ◇ pollution, contamination (literally or figuratively)

染 染 rǎn ◇ dye, colour ◇ catch, contract (like a disease), soil, contaminate, pick up (like bad habits) ◇ soya bean milk, fermented soya beans ◇ Ran (surname)

诬陷誣陷 wūxiàn ◇ frame sb, bring a false charge against

诬 誣 wū ◇ accuse falsely, slander, calumniate ◇ deceive, cheat

◇ wrong, injustice

陷 陷 xiàn ◇ trap, pitfall (literally or figuratively) ◇ get stuck (in mud, routine, etc.) ◇ sink, be depressed (of the eyes, cheeks, etc.) ◇ frame, entrap ◇ fall (of a city, etc.) ◇ defect, shortcoming

无 無 wú ◇ not have; there is not, not exist ◇ not ◇ {classical} do not; must not ◇ {classical} no matter if, irrespective of ◇ Wu (surname)

无比無比 wúbǐ ◇ incomparable, incomparably (mostly in a good sense)

比 比 bǐ ◇ compare ◇ than ◇ to (in a score, e.g., sān bǐ èr 三比二 "3 to 2") ◇ emulate, compete, match ◇ gesture, gesticulate ◇ ratio, proportion ◇ draw an analogy (with), liken (to), compare ◇ copy, model after ◇ {regional} aim at, direct towards ◇ {classical} close to, next to ◇ {classical} cling to, collude with ◇ {classical} recently

无偿無償 wúcháng ◇ without compensation, gratuitous, free of charge

无耻無恥 wúchǐ ◇ shameless, brazen, impudent

衷 衷 zhōng ◇ heart, heartfelt ◇ upright, sincere ◇ blessing, happiness ◇ underclothes ◇ Zhong (surname)

无非無非 wúfēi ◇ nothing but, none other than ◇ blameless

非 非 fēi ◇ no, not ◇ (in compound words, as a prefix indicating negation) non-, un-, in- ◇ in no way ◇ wrong (in contrast to shì 是 "right") ◇ wrongdoing, evil ◇ negate ◇ not in accord with, not conforming to ◇ oppose, blame ◇ (often in the structure fēi...bùkě 非...不可) must, have to; be bound to

◇ insist on ◇ {written} degenerate, deteriorate ◇ (short for Fēizhōu 非洲) Africa, African

无辜無辜 wúgū ◇ innocent ◇ innocent person (mostly as victim)

辜 辜 gū ◇ a (heinous) crime;

guilt ◇ {written} abandon, betray ◇ {historical, legal} crucifixion (as a form of punishment) ◇ support, maintain ◇ monopolize ◇ Gu (surname)

精 精 jīng ◇ clever, sharp ◇ refined, choice ◇ extract, essence ◇ excellent, best ◇ fine (in contrast to cū 粗 "rough, crude, coarse") ◇ skilled, proficient ◇ vigour, energy ◇ sperm ◇ {med} essence (of life, reproduction, etc.) ◇ polished white rice
无赖 無賴 wúlài ◇ rascal-like, shameless, brazen ◇ rascal, hoodlum, rogue, hooligan, bum, loafer, scoundrel ◇ calumniate, incriminate falsely

无理取闹 無理取鬧 wúlǐqǔnào ◇ be deliberately provocative, be very unreasonable, make trouble and refuse to listen to reason, be difficult on purpose, create a scene, pick an argument for no reason

闹 鬧 nào ◇ noisy, boisterous ◇ make noise, make a racket/scene ◇ argue ◇ disturb, create confusion/a havoc ◇ vent (one's discontent, etc.); throw (a tantrum), show (one's temper, etc.) ◇ make/cause (trouble, etc.) ◇ suffer from (a disease), be affected by, be hit by (disaster) ◇ play a joke on, tease ◇ get, obtain, make (similar to nòng 弄)

无聊無聊 wúliáo ◇ be bored; be boring/dull ◇ (of writing, speech, actions, life, etc.) be senseless/silly/tiresome/stupid/dreary; be pointless/meaningless ◇ {classical} be in dire straits and without anyone to rely on, poor and helpless

聊 聊 liáo ◇ tentatively, for the time being ◇ somewhat, slightly ◇ chat ◇ ringing in the ears ◇ Liao (surname)

无论無論 wúlùn ◇ no matter (whether, how, etc.), regardless of

无奈無奈 wúnài ◇ have no alternative, be helpless, have no options ◇ {grammar} (used at the beginning of a sentence) but unfortunately...

奈 奈 nài ◇ to no avail (rhetorical question particle) ◇ how can (rhetorical question particle) ◇ do sth to sb, deal with sb

无能为力 無能為力 wúnéngwéilì ◇ be powerless, not be in one's power to help ◇ it is beyond my power to do anything about it

能 能 néng ◇ can ◇ be possible ◇ capable ◇ energy (such as in yuánzǐnéng 原子能 "atomic energy")

为 爲 wéi ◇ be, mean ◇ serve as,

act as ◇ become, turn ◇ do, act ◇ seem, appear ◇ by ◇ Wei (surname)

力 力 lì ◇ force, power, strength, ability ◇ physical strength ◇ do with all one's might ◇ contribution, service ◇ conscripted laborer ◇ Li (surname)

无穷无尽 無窮無盡 wúqióngwújìn ◇ inexhaustible, endless, limitless

无数無數 wúshù ◇ countless, numberless ◇ not know for sure

无所谓 無所謂 wúsuǒwèi ◇ be indifferent, not care, not mind one way or the other ◇ it makes no difference whether...; it's all the same whether... ◇ it is pointless/meaningless to speak of..., there is no such thing as...; cannot be called/termed..., it does not deserve the name of

所 所 suǒ ◇ place, location ◇ (suffix indicating office, institute, etc., e.g. yánjiūsuǒ 研究所 "research institute") ◇ {measure word} (used for houses, schools, hospitals, etc.)

◇ {grammar} (particle used between subject and verb to indicate a doer-action-receiver relationship: (a) in a clause modifying a noun, e.g., tā suǒ xiě de shū 他所寫的书/他所写的书 "the books he wrote"); (b) used in the structure "sth is sb [verb] 的" (used after a phrase with bèi 被 or wéi 為/为 "by" and before the verb, e.g., wéi tā suǒ yòng 為他所用/为他所用 "be used by him") ◇ {written} used before a verb to form a noun phrase, e.g., jìn zìjǐ de suǒnéng 盡自己的所能/尽自己的所能 "do all one can, do one's utmost"

谓 謂 wèi ◇ say, speak ◇ call, name ◇ meaning ◇ tell, inform

无微不至 無微不至 wúwēibùzhì ◇ meticulous (care), leaving nothing undone

微不至
无忧无虑 無憂無慮 wúyōuwúlù ◇ free from care ◇ free from all anxieties ◇ carefree

无知無知 wúzhī ◇ ignorance ◇ ignorant

知 知 zhī ◇ know, understand, be aware (of), realize ◇ inform, notify, tell, let know ◇ knowledge, learning ◇ manage, administer ◇ close friend

五 五 wǔ ◇ five, 5 ◇ Wu (surname)

侮辱侮辱 wǔrǔ ◇ humiliate, insult, disgrace

武器武器 wǔqì ◇ weapon; weapons, arms

武术武术 wǔshù ◇ wushu, martial arts, kung fu (such as taijiquan, sword-play, etc., formerly practiced for self-defense, now a form of physical exercise)

武 武 wǔ ◇ martial, military

◇ Wu (surname)

术 術 shù ◇ art, skill, technique, craft ◇ method, trick, tactics, stratagem ◇ learning, knowledge ◇ {archaic} road through the center of a town

武侠武侠 wǔxiá ◇ chivalrous martial arts master (who defended the weak or the cause of justice in olden times); kung fu hero; (traditional Chinese)

knight-errant

侠 俠 xiá ◇ heroic and chivalrous person; knight-errant, defender of the weak or the cause of justice; person adept in martial arts with chivalrous conduct; chivalrous swordsman; chivalry; chivalrous ◇ Xia (surname)

武装武装 wǔzhuāng ◇ military equipment ◇ armed forces ◇ arm, supply with arms

装 裝 zhuāng ◇ dress up, play a part ◇ clothing, attire ◇ outfit for a journey, luggage ◇ (of performers, actors) costume and make-up ◇ feign, pretend, fake, make believe ◇ pack, load ◇ assemble, install, fit ◇ (book-)binding

舞蹈舞蹈 wǔdǎo ◇ a dance; to dance

务必務必 wùbì ◇ be sure to

务 務 wù ◇ affair, business ◇ treat with priority ◇ be engaged in, pursue ◇ Wu (surname)

必 必 bì ◇ surely, certainly, necessarily ◇ must, have to ◇ obstinate, stubborn ◇ if, in case ◇ act resolutely ◇ silk rope ◇ Bi (surname)

勿 勿 wù ◇ {written} do not, must not, no (usu. used in imperative sentences) ◇ {classical} not ◇ {archaic Chinese} (modal particle, no meaning)

物理物理 wùlǐ ◇ physics (lit., "the basic principles of matter")

价廉 價廉 jiàlián ◇ the price is low/reasonable

价 價 jià ◇ (of goods) price, value, worth ◇ {chem} valence

廉 廉 lián ◇ honest, upright, clean

◇ low-priced, cheap, inexpensive ◇ side of a main room or hall ◇ examine ◇ Lian (surname)

物业物業 wùyè ◇ (real estate) property ◇ (short for wùyè guǎnlǐ 物業管理/物业管理) property management

物 物 wù ◇ thing, matter, object ◇ people or things other than oneself

业 業 yè ◇ line of business, trade, industry ◇ occupation, profession, employment, job ◇ school work, course of study ◇ cause, undertaking, enterprise ◇ estate, property ◇ {Buddhism} karma ◇ {written} engage in ◇ {written} already

物质物質 wùzhì ◇ matter ◇ material ◇ substance ◇ goods

质 質 zhì ◇ quality ◇ nature, character ◇ matter, material, substance ◇ ask questions, interrogate ◇ to pawn ◇ a pledge, security (person or thing) ◇ {history} hostage (feudal ruler's sons sent to live in each other's countries) ◇ Zhi (surname)

物资物資 wùzī ◇ goods and materials, commodities

资 資 zī ◇ money, capital, expenses, resources ◇ aid financially, subsidize ◇ provide, supply ◇ natural endowments, ability ◇ qualifications ◇ (short for zīběnzhǔyì 資本主義/资本主义) capitalism ◇ sell ◇ Zi (surname)

误差誤差 wùchā ◇ error, deviation

误 誤 wù ◇ error, mistake; (followed by a verb) erroneously..., by mistake...; unintentional(ly) ◇ delay, impede ◇ cause harm, make suffer

差 差 chà ◇ differ (by), be different ◇ lack, be/fall short of ◇ no good, standard, poor, inferior ◇ wrong, mistaken, erroneous ◇ fault, mistake

误会誤會 wùhuì ◇ misunderstand ◇ misunderstanding

误解誤解 wùjiě ◇ misinterpret, misunderstand ◇ misinterpretation, misunderstanding

解 解 jiě ◇ divide, separate, split ◇ dissolve, disintegrate ◇ unfasten, untie, undo, unbutton ◇ relieve, alleviate, remove, dispel, dismiss ◇ explain, interpret, construe, clear up ◇ understand, comprehend ◇ relieve oneself, go to the bathroom ◇ {math} solution, solve

雾 霧 wù ◇ fog, mist ◇ mist, fine spray

X

吸取吸取 xīqǔ ◇ absorb, assimilate, draw

吸收吸收 xīshōu ◇ absorb, assimilate
◇ recruit, enroll

吸引吸引 xīyǐn ◇ attract, draw

夕阳夕陽 xīyáng ◇ setting sun

夕 夕 xī ◇ sunset ◇ evening
◇ dusk ◇ slanting, oblique

阳 陽 yáng ◇ {philosophy, Chinese med} Yang (the male or positive principle in nature, the opposite of Yīn 陰/阴) ◇ the sun ◇ the south side of a hill ◇ the north side of a river ◇ convex, in relief ◇ open, outward, overt ◇ of this life, of this world, concerned with worldly living beings ◇ {physics} positive ◇ {physiology} the male genitalia, the (male) private parts ◇ Yang (surname)

希望希望 xīwàng ◇ hope
(to/that), wish (to/that), desire to, want to ◇ a wish, hope, expectation, possibility, promise (of)

昔日昔日 xīrì ◇ former days

溪 溪 xī ◇ small (mountain)
stream, creek, brook, rivulet

熄灭熄滅 xīmiè ◇ go out, die out, be
extinguished

熄 熄 xī ◇ put out, extinguish
灭 滅 miè ◇ go out (of a fire, light,
etc.) ◇ extinguish, put out, turn off ◇ drown
◇ wipe out, exterminate, destroy

牺牲犧牲 xīshēng ◇ sacrifice ◇
sacrifice/give one's life, die (for a
cause)

牺 犧 xī ◇ {religion} a one-
coloured ox (or other animal of pure
colour, used in sacrifices)

牲 牲 shēng ◇ domestic animals ◇
animal sacrifice

膝盖膝蓋 xīgài ◇ the knee

膝 膝 xī ◇ knee

盖 蓋 gài ◇ lid, cover, cap ◇ shell,
carapace ◇ canopy (of a carriage) ◇ cover
(over), put over or on (like a cover, lid, blanket,
etc.) ◇ affix (an official seal) ◇ overwhelm,
surpass, drown out (a sound) ◇ build, put up
(a structure with a roof) ◇ {regional, slang}
excellent, terrific, great ◇ {agriculture, tool}

rectangular harrow ◇ Gài (surname) ◇ for, be-
cause, in fact ◇ {written} about, around, ap-
proximately

西 西 xī ◇ west; western, oc-
cidental; the West, the Occident ◇

{phonetic} (Xī) (short for Xībānyá 西班
牙) Spain; Spanish ◇ Xi (surname)

西瓜西瓜 xīguā ◇ watermelon, Cit-
rullus lanatus (the plant or its fruit) ||
(Beijing colloquial pronunciation: xī-
gua)

西红柿 西紅柿 xīhóngshì
◇ tomato, Solanum lycopersicum (the
plant or its fruit)

红 紅 hóng ◇ red (colour) ◇ {infor-
mal} be popular, be "hot", be in great demand
◇ red cloth (hung to symbolize festive occa-
sions, success, happiness, good luck, etc.) ◇ {fi-
gurative} (politically) "red" (i.e. Communist, so-
cialist-minded, revolutionary) ◇ {economics}
dividend, bonus ◇ (symbol of success) ◇ Hong
(surname)

柿 柿 shì ◇ persimmon, Diospyros
kaki (the tree or its fruit)

习惯習慣 xíguàn ◇ practice, custom,
habit ◇ be used/accustomed to, have
the habit of, be familiar with

习俗習俗 xísú ◇ custom, practice

习 習 xí ◇ practice, exercise
◇ be used to, be familiar with ◇ prac-
tice, custom, habit ◇ hover, circle (in
flight) ◇ Xi (surname)

俗 俗 sú ◇ custom, habit, social
convention ◇ common, popular ◇ commonly,
colloquially ◇ wish, desire ◇ crude, vulgar, in
poor taste ◇ secular, lay, worldly

媳妇媳婦 xífù ◇ daughter-in-law ◇
the wife of a relative of a younger gene-
ration

媳 媳 xí ◇ daughter-in-law ◇
the wife of a relative of a younger gene-
ration

妇 婦 fù ◇ married woman, wife
◇ woman

袭击襲擊 xíjī ◇ make a surprise at-
tack on, attack by surprise, strike ◇
(surprise) attack, assault, raid

喜欢喜歡 xǐhuān ◇ like, be
fond of ◇ be happy, be delighted, be
filled with joy (also pronounced xǐ-

huan)

喜 喜 xǐ ◇ be happy, be delighted ◇ happy event ◇ blessed event, pregnancy ◇ like, be fond of ◇ Xi (surname)

欢 歡 huān ◇ happy, joyous, merry ◇ sweetheart, lover; (term of affection used by females when speaking of their lover) ◇ {dialect} lively, vigorously, in full swing, with a vengeance, with great drive ◇ Huan (surname)
乐见 樂見 lèjiàn ◇ be happy to see..., would gladly see...

闻 聞 wén ◇ hear ◇ smell (sth) ◇ news ◇ famous, well known ◇ reputation ◇ {med} auscultation and olfaction ◇ Wen (surname)

喜悦喜悦 xǐyuè ◇ happy, joyous

洗 洗 xǐ ◇ wash, bathe, rinse, clean ◇ {religion} baptize ◇ remedy, redress, (set) right ◇ eliminate, get rid of, clear away ◇ kill and loot, sack (like a city) ◇ {photography} develop (a film) ◇ erase, delete ◇ shuffle (like deck of cards) ◇ small container for washing writing brushes

洗手间 洗手間 xǐshǒujiān ◇ bathroom, washroom

洗手洗手 xǐshǒu ◇ wash the hands ◇ reform, turn over a new leaf (of an evildoer, etc.) ◇ {euphemism} go to the bathroom

间 間 jiān ◇ among, between ◇ interval; within a defined time/space ◇ room ◇ {measure word} (used for rooms)

洗澡洗澡 xǐzǎo ◇ take a bath/shower, bathe

戏剧戲劇 xìjù ◇ theatre, drama, play

系 系 xì ◇ system, series, line ◇ department, faculty (at college, university)

系列系列 xìliè ◇ series, set, succession, array ◇ (of products) line; series
领带領帶 lǐngdài ◇ necktie

系统系統 xìtǒng ◇ system ◇ systematically

统 統 tǒng ◇ system ◇ continuum or order of interrelated things ◇ genealogy ◇ unify (esp. of Taiwan and mainland China, short for tǒngyī 統一/统一 "reunification") ◇ unify ◇ all, entirely, together, as a whole ◇ lead, command, control ◇ part of clothing that

is tube-shaped (like the sleeve of a shirt)

细胞細胞 xìbāo ◇ cell (also used in referring to a small operative of a terrorist [etc.] organization, such as kǒngbù de xìbāo 恐怖的細胞/恐怖的细胞 "terrorist cell")

细 細 xì ◇ thin, narrow (in contrast to cū 粗 "thick, wide") ◇ in small particles, fine (like sand) ◇ thin, thready (like voice) ◇ fine, delicate ◇ careful, attentive, meticulous ◇ fine, minute, trifling

胞 胞 bāo ◇ placenta, afterbirth ◇ born of the same parents ◇ from the same country ◇ compatriot(s) ◇ {physiology} (short for xìbāo 細胞/细胞) cell, cyto-

细节細節 xìjié ◇ details, specific items, particulars

细菌細菌 xìjūn ◇ bacteria, germs

菌 菌 jūn ◇ mushroom ◇ fungus ◇ germ, bacterium

细致細緻 xìzhì ◇ detailed, careful, meticulous

致 緻 zhì ◇ delicate, fine (craftsmanship) ◇ sew and mend ◇ fine silks

瞎 瞎 xiā ◇ blind ◇ blindly, foolishly, recklessly ◇ misfire ◇ tangle

峡谷峡谷 xiágǔ ◇ gorge, canyon, ravine

峡 峡 xiá ◇ gorge (often used in place names) ◇ the Chángjiāng 長江/长江 Gorge ◇ valley (between two mountains) ◇ isthmus ◇ strait

谷 谷 gǔ ◇ valley, gorge, ravine, canyon ◇ Gu (surname)

狭隘狹隘 xiá'ài ◇ narrow (road, etc.) ◇ narrow, limited (in knowledge, experience, tolerance, etc.)

狭 狹 xiá ◇ narrow (opposite of guǎng 廣/广)

隘 隘 ài ◇ a pass (at a mountain or narrow spot) ◇ narrow ◇ strategically located and difficult to access

狭窄狹窄 xiázhǎi ◇ narrow (passage, lane, etc.) ◇ narrow, limited (in knowledge, experience, etc.) ◇

{med} stricture, constriction

窄 窄 zhǎi ◇ narrow | (opposite of kuān 寬/宽 "wide")

霞 霞 xiá ◇ rosy clouds (at

sunrise or sunset) ◇ beautiful and brightly-coloured clothing and adornments

下 下 xià ◇ under, below, underneath ◇ the later, latter, last in a series ◇ the last part (of a work) ◇ next ◇ down, downward ◇ descend, go down ◇ (of rain, snow, etc.) fall ◇ send down (like documents); issue, deliver (like an order, an ultimatum, etc.) ◇ leave/exit (from) ◇ put in ◇ play (board games) ◇ take away, dismantle ◇ (of animals) give birth to, lay (eggs) ◇ defeat, capture ◇ yield, give up, give in ◇ get off/finish (one's shift) ◇ {measure word} (used for the number of occurrences) ◇ {measure word}... glassful(s) of... (used for fillings of containers like glasses, bowls, etc.)

下属下屬 xiàshǔ ◇ subordinate, dependent

属 屬 shǔ ◇ belong to (the category of...) ◇ be subordinate to, be under or within (e.g., the jurisdiction of), be attached to ◇ be born in the year of the... (followed by one of the animals represented by a dìzhī 地支 "Earthly Branch") ◇ be ◇ class, category ◇ {biology} genus ◇ family members, dependents, relatives

下午下午 xiàwǔ ◇ afternoon

下雨下雨 xiàyǔ ◇ rain (falling, as a verb)

下载下载 xiàzài ◇ {IT} download (like from the Internet) ◇ unload cargo, receive merchandise

载 載 zài ◇ carry, be loaded with (like passengers, cargo) ◇ everywhere (along the road) ◇ {written} and, at the same time, moreover ◇ do, implement ◇ begin, start ◇ adorn, decorate ◇ Zai (surname)

吓 嚇 hè ◇ threaten, intimidate ◇ scare, frighten ◇ {interjection} Humph! (or the like, expressing resentment, disapproval, etc.)

夏 夏 xià ◇ summer ◇ great, grand ◇ large building ◇ [Xià] the Xia Dynasty (2070-1600 BCE) ◇ Xia (name for China) ◇ Xia (surname)

夏令营 夏令營 xiàlìngyíng ◇ summer camp

夏令夏令 xiàlìng ◇ summer ◇ summer weather

营 營 yíng ◇ seek, try to obtain ◇

run, manage ◇ camp, encampment, barracks ◇ battalion ◇ {med} vital function ◇ live surrounding a place ◇ surround ◇ Ying (surname)

先 先 xiān ◇ first, early, earlier, in advance ◇ for the time being ◇ deceased, late ◇ ancestors, forefathers, previous generations ◇ Xian (surname) 先进先进 xiānjìn ◇ advanced (e.g., technology), progressive, outstanding, exemplary (e.g., deeds), sophisticated (e.g., equipment)

进 進 jìn ◇ advance, move forward/ahead (opposite of tuì 退) ◇ enter, come/go in ◇ take in, bring in, receive ◇ recruit, admit ◇ submit, present ◇ eat, drink, take ◇ (as verb ending) into, in ◇ {measure word} (of an old-style residential compound with an inner courtyard or multiple linked courtyards) a courtyard and its associated rooms ◇ {sports} goal (in soccer) ◇ {Chinese chess} advance (a number of points)

先前先前 xiānqián ◇ before, earlier, previously

先生先生 xiānsheng ◇ (preceded by a surname:) Mr. ◇ Mister ◇ teacher ◇ (used together with personal pronouns, e.g., preceded by wǒ 我 "my...":) husband ◇ sir ◇ doctor ◇ (old meanings:) bookkeeper, accountant ◇ (used to refer to) people engaged in storytelling, fortunetelling, geomancy, etc.

掀起掀起 xiānqǐ ◇ set off, start (a movement), launch, set in motion ◇ (of wind) raise (waves), cause to surge ◇ lift, raise (a veil, a lid, etc.)

纤维纖維 xiānwéi ◇ fiber, staple ◇ textile fiber

鲜明鲜明 xiānmíng ◇ bright (colours) ◇ crystal clear (distinction, contrast, etc.)

鲜 鮮 xiǎn ◇ rare, seldom ◇ few, little, less ◇ Korean (nationality) 明 明 míng ◇ bright, clear, evident ◇ open, overt ◇ tomorrow; next (year) ◇ know, understand ◇ Ming (dynasty, 1368-1644) ◇ Ming (surname)

鲜艳鮮豔 xiānyàn ◇ bright-coloured and beautiful

咸 鹹 xián ◇ salty (taste); salted

嫌 嫌 xián ◇ suspicion ◇ detest, loathe, dislike, mind ◇ grudge, resentment, hard feelings, ill will, enmity ◇ complain (about/of) ◇ be too...; excessively... (followed by an adjective)
嫌疑嫌疑 xiányí ◇ suspicion

弦 弦 xián ◇ bowstring ◇ string (on a musical instrument) ◇ watch spring ◇ quarter (of the moon) ◇ {geometry} hypotenuse ◇ {med} taut pulse ◇ Xian (ancient state in Xīshuǐ 浞水, Húběi 湖北 Province) ◇ Xian (surname)

衔接衔接 xiánjiē ◇ connect, link, join
衔 衔 xián ◇ hold in the mouth ◇ harbour (resentment, etc.) ◇ rank, title ◇ bit (for a horse)
接 接 jiē ◇ come in contact with, touch ◇ connect, join ◇ catch (like a ball) ◇ receive (a guest, a letter, etc.) ◇ welcome, meet ◇ take over, succeed ◇ Jie (surname)

贤惠賢惠 xiánhuì ◇ (of a woman) sensible and kind, virtuous and intelligent, good and wise
贤 賢 xián ◇ virtuous, worthy, talented ◇ worthy, virtuous and talented person ◇ polite form of address to a person of the same or elder generation ◇ more than, better than ◇ hard work
惠 惠 huì ◇ a favour, benefit, kindness ◇ be kind (to sb), benefit (sb) ◇ (an honorific particle used in polite expressions) ◇ a three-pronged spear ◇ Hui (surname)

闲话閒話 xiánhuà ◇ digression ◇ gossip, complaint ◇ chat about

显得顯得 xiǎnde ◇ seem, appear
显 顯 xiǎn ◇ appear; apparent, evident, obvious, noticeable ◇ show, reveal, manifest ◇ {IT} display ◇ illustrious and influential ◇ Xian (surname)
得 得 de ◇ {grammar} (as structural particle between verb/adjective and a follo-

wing complement) able to...; to the degree of...(used after certain verbs to indicate ability, possibility, or achievement to a certain degree, e.g., wǒ kàn de hěn qīngchū 我看得很清楚 "I could see it clearly")

显然顯然 xiǎnrán ◇ obviously, evidently, plainly, clearly, manifestly
然 然 rán ◇ (be) so, (be) like that, (be) that way ◇ (as a suffix to adjectives) in that manner (like gōng 公 "public" becomes gōngrán 公然 "publicly, openly") ◇ (be) correct, accurate, right ◇ however; but, yet, nevertheless ◇ ignite, light (a fire) ◇ Ran (surname)

显示顯示 xiǎnshì ◇ display, show, manifest, demonstrate ◇ {IT} display

示 示 shì ◇ show, display ◇ instruct, demonstrate

显著顯著 xiǎnzhù ◇ conspicuous, marked, notable, striking, prominent

着 著 zhe ◇ {grammar} (verb suffix, comparable to "-ing", indicating that an action is in progress); be -ing (used to indicate a state that is presently in existence and ongoing [e.g., mén kāizhe 門開著/门开着 "the door is open"]) ◇ (used after verbs or adjectives to make them more emphatic in meaning)... indeed ◇ (used as a suffix to form certain prepositions) (like shùnzhe 順著/顺着 "along", cháoze 朝著/朝着 "facing, towards", etc.)

县 縣 xiàn ◇ county, district, subdivision ◇ the Imperial domain, China ◇ (in Japan) prefecture, ken

宪法憲法 xiànfǎ ◇ constitution, charter (of a country)

宪 憲 xiàn ◇ statute, law, decree ◇ constitution, charter ◇ follow the example of, model oneself after
法 法 fǎ ◇ law ◇ method, way, style ◇ model after, pattern after, follow ◇ model, standard ◇ {Buddhism} dharma ◇ tricks, magic ◇ (short for Fǎjiā 法家) the Legalist school (of thought) ◇ (short for Fǎguó 法國/法国) France; French ◇ {physics, unit of measure} Farad ◇ Fa (surname)

现场現場 xiànchǎng ◇ scene, site (of a crime, an accident, a catastrophe, etc.) ◇ (on) site, (on the) spot ◇ (of a broadcast) live

现成現成 xiàchéng ◇ ready-made, readily available ◇ ready, settled, taken care of

现 现 xiàn ◇ appear, become visible/manifest, manifest (itself), be revealed ◇ present, current, concrete; now ◇ at the time, extemporaneous ◇ ready, on hand (like cash)

成 成 chéng ◇ become, turn or change into ◇ fully developed, fully grown ◇ successfully finished ◇ be all right, okay ◇ achievement, fruits (of work, etc.) ◇ able, capable ◇ in considerable numbers or amounts ◇ ready-made, established ◇ 10% (e.g., sān chéng 三成 means "thirty percent") ◇ Cheng (surname)

现代现代 xiàndài ◇ modern age, contemporary era, present times ◇ modern, contemporary ◇ [H-]

Hyundai (South Korean multinational automotive manufacturer)

代 代 dài ◇ for/in place of/on behalf of (sb else) ◇ replace, take the place of, act on another's behalf, be a substitute for ◇ substitute, acting, temporary ◇ era, age, period, dynasty ◇ generation ◇ Dai (surname)

现金现金 xiànjīn ◇ cash
金 金 jīn ◇ metal ◇ money ◇ ancient percussion instruments made of metal (like gongs) ◇ gold ◇ honoured, valuable ◇ golden, gold coloured ◇ the Jin Dynasty (1115-1234) ◇ Jin (surname)

现实现实 xiànshí ◇ reality ◇ realistic, practical ◇ real, actual

现象现象 xiànxàng ◇ phenomenon

象 象 xiàng ◇ elephant ◇ elephant's tusk, ivory ◇ imitate ◇ appearance, image ◇ sign, indication ◇ symbolize ◇ phenomenon, manifestation ◇ {Chinese chess} Ministers/War Elephants, Elephants (on the black side) ◇ xiang (dance) ◇ Xiang (surname)

现在现在 xiànzài ◇ now ◇ nowadays, today, at the present time

在 在 zài ◇ in, on, at ◇ exist, be present, be alive ◇ be in a certain category or class (as in zài suǒ bùmiǎn 在所不免 "is [one of those things that is] unavoidable") ◇ Zai (surname)

现状现状 xiànzhuàng ◇ present situation, status quo

线索线索 xiànsuǒ ◇ a clue, thread; a lead (to)

线 线 xiàn ◇ line, thread, wire, string ◇ {math} line ◇ sth shaped like a line or thread ◇ ray ◇ route, line (of

a bus, subway, etc.) ◇ {figurative, political} line ◇ boundary, demarcation line, dividing line ◇ verge, brink ◇ clue, lead, thread ◇ {measure word} (for abstract things indicating the slightest degree, or a tiny amount/chance [like of hope, preceded by the number yī 一])

索 索 suǒ ◇ large rope or chain ◇ search, seek ◇ demand, exact ◇ alone ◇ dull, uninteresting ◇ exhausted, finished ◇ law ◇ Suo (place in Xingyang, Hénán 河南 Province) ◇ Suo (place in Hanshou, Húnán 湖南 Province) ◇ Suo (surname)

羡慕羡慕 xiànmù ◇ envy (in a positive sense), admire

羨 羨 xiàn ◇ envy (in a positive sense), admire ◇ surplus ◇ surpass ◇ overflow ◇ Xian (surname)

慕 慕 mù ◇ admire, long for ◇ Mu (surname)

限制限制 xiànzhì ◇ restrict, limit ◇ restriction, limit, limitation

陷害陷害 xiànhài ◇ frame, entrap

陷阱陷阱 xiànjǐng ◇ trap, pitfall (literally or figuratively)

陷入陷入 xiànrù ◇ fall/sink into (a difficult situation, crisis, deadlock, chaos, trap, love, etc.), be caught/trapped/engulfed/enmired in, become bogged down in ◇ be lost/immersed/deep in (thought)

馅儿馅儿 xiànr ◇ filling, stuffing (for pastry, dumplings, etc.)

乡镇乡镇 xiāngzhèn ◇ villages and towns ◇ small towns

相差相差 xiāngchà ◇ be different (from each other), differ (by), vary, diverge

相处相處 xiāngchǔ ◇ live together, spend time together, associate, get along (with)

相 相 xiāng ◇ mutually, reciprocally, each other, one another ◇ (indi-

cates an action from one to another) towards ◇ Xiang (surname) ◇ take a closer look at, see and evaluate (esp. a potential bride/groom for suitability)

处 處 chù ◇ place, location ◇ department, office ◇ {measure word} (used for places, location of buildings, etc., e.g., liǎng chù fángzi 兩處房子/两处房子 "houses in two locations")

相当相當 xiāngdāng ◇ quite, rather, fairly ◇ considerable (e.g. amount/level) ◇ be equivalent to, correspond to ◇ be (about) equal, be (well) matched, balance, be on a par, be about the same (in amount, strength, price, conditions, etc.) ◇ be suitable/appropriate/fit (e.g. for a job) ◇ relatively, comparatively

当 當 dāng ◇ as... ◇ be equal, match ◇ equal ◇ should, ought to, must ◇ at, in front of, in the presence of, confronting, facing, to sb's face ◇ (just) at (that very time, that very place) (as in 當...時/当...时 dāng... shí "at the time when...") ◇ become, serve as, work as, act as, be ◇ deserve, accept, bear ◇ be in charge of, direct, manage ◇ {written} stop, obstruct, prevent ◇ ought to, should, must ◇ {onom} ding-dong, etc. (used like dāng 噹/当 "ding-dong", etc., for the sound of bells)

相等相等 xiāngděng ◇ be equal (in number, amount, etc.)

相对相對 xiāngduì ◇ relative (as opposed to juéduì 絕對/绝对 "absolute") ◇ relative(ly), comparative(ly) ◇ relative to ◇ be opposite to (each other), face (each other)

对 對 duì ◇ toward, to, facing, regarding ◇ be directed at, confront, treat, cope with ◇ opposite ◇ couple, pair (usually a man and a woman) ◇ {measure word}... pair(s) of... (used for things that come in pairs, like shoes, or for abstract dualities, as in yī duì máodùn 一對矛盾/一对矛盾 "a contradiction") ◇ agree, fit ◇ compare, identify, check ◇ set, adjust, synchronize (like clocks) ◇ pair up, fit together, coordinate ◇ correct, right ◇ adulterate, mix with, add, dilute (like wine with water) ◇ split in half (like profit) ◇ {literature, poetry} couplet

相反相反 xiāngfǎn ◇ opposite, contrary ◇ on the contrary

相辅相成 相輔相成

xiāngfǔxiāngchéng ◇ complement one another

辅 輔 fǔ ◇ assist, help, complement, supplement ◇ the cheekbone ◇ {archaic} area surrounding the capital ◇ wooden

poles attached to the outside of a cart or carriage wheel (in ancient times, two per wheel to add strength for heavy loads) ◇ Fu (surname) 相成相成 xiāngchéng ◇ complement one another

相关相關 xiāngguān ◇ be related (to), be connected (with), be concerned ◇ be associated, be interconnected, be relevant ◇ respective ◇ {math} correlation

关 關 guān ◇ close, shut (a door, window, etc.) ◇ turn/switch off (the lights, the TV, etc.) ◇ shut in, lock up, confine (a bird in a cage, a person in jail, etc.) ◇ close down (a store, business, etc.) ◇ guard/defense post, mountain pass (or other place of strategic importance); the area outside the city gate ◇ bolt, bar (of a door or gate) ◇ customs house, checkpoint, barrier, juncture ◇ key, crucial ◇ {figurative} crucial point ◇ involve, concern, implicate ◇ {history} pay (wages) ◇ Guan (surname)

相声相聲 xiàngshēng ◇ {theatre} cross-talk, comic dialogue (a popular performing art)

相 相 xiāng ◇ mutually, reciprocally, each other, one another ◇ (indicates an action from one to another) towards ◇ Xiang (surname) ◇ take a closer look at, see and evaluate (esp. a potential bride/groom for suitability)

声 聲 shēng ◇ sound, voice ◇ make a sound ◇ announce, state, declare ◇ reputation, renown ◇ initial consonant (of a Chinese character) ◇ {linguistics} tone (of a syllable in spoken Chinese) ◇ music ◇ {measure word} a sound of... (only preceded by the numeral yī 一 "one", for utterances and sounds, like a shout, command, thunderclap, etc.)

相似相似 xiāngsì ◇ be similar, resemble, be like

相同相同 xiāngtóng ◇ identical, alike

相信相信 xiāngxìn ◇ believe ◇ believe in, have faith in

相应相應 xiāngyìng ◇ corresponding, relevant, appropriate, commensurate

应 應 yīng ◇ should, ought to, must ◇ answer, respond, reply ◇ agree, accept, promise ◇ Ying (surname)

镶嵌鑲嵌 xiāngqiàn ◇ inlay, mount, set

镶 鑲 xiāng ◇ inlay, mount ◇ border, edge (like of a garment)

嵌 嵌 qiàn ◇ inlay ◇ inlaid, set (like with pearls)

香 香 xiāng ◇ fragrant, aromatic; fragrance ◇ appetizing, delicious ◇ (eat) heartily ◇ (sleep) soundly, peacefully ◇ be welcome, be popular, be selling well (like a new product) ◇ perfume, spice ◇ incense ◇ Xiang (surname)

香肠香肠 xiāngcháng ◇ sausage
肠 肠 cháng ◇ intestines ◇ sausage

香蕉香蕉 xiāngjiāo ◇ banana, Musa sapientium (the tree or the fruit)

详细详细 xiángxi ◇ detailed, thorough

享受享受 xiǎngshòu ◇ enjoy ◇ enjoyments (esp. material and sensual)

响 響 xiǎng ◇ make a sound, make a noise ◇ be loud/noisy/resounding ◇ (of a bell, alarm, etc.) sound, ring, go off

响亮响亮 xiǎngliàng ◇ loud and clear, resounding ◇ frank, forthright
亮 亮 liàng ◇ bright, luminous, light ◇ shine ◇ shining ◇ resonant, sonorous ◇ enlighten, be instructive ◇ show, manifest ◇ transparent

响应響應 xiǎngyìng ◇ answer, respond

想 想 xiǎng ◇ think (of); intend; be keen on sth ◇ want to, would like to ◇ long for, recall with fondness, miss, think of ◇ desire

想方设法 想方設法 xiǎngfāngshèfǎ ◇ try every possible means

设 設 shè ◇ establish, set up, set ◇ plan, arrange ◇ suppose, presume ◇ if, suppose

想念想念 xiǎngniàn ◇ miss, long for

想象想象 xiǎngxiàng ◇ imagine, visualize, conceive ◇ imagination

像 像 xiàng ◇ similar to, like ◇ picture, image, likeness ◇ seem, look or be like, resemble ◇ supposing, for instance

向 向 xiàng ◇ to, towards, from, against, towards ◇ side with, favour, take sb's part, be partial to ◇ (have) al-

ways, all along (literary equivalent of xiànglái 向來/向来 "[have] always, all along") ◇ {archaic} Xiang (ancient state during the Zhōu 周 Dynasty [1100-256 BCE], in present Jǔ Xiàn 莒縣/莒县 "Ju County", Shāndōng 山東/山东 Province) ◇ Xiang (surname)

向导向导 xiàngdǎo ◇ to guide, lead ◇ a guide ◇ act as a guide, guide, show (sb) the way ◇ "Xiangdao", the Guide Weekly (Shanghai, 1922-1927)

导 導 dǎo ◇ guide, lead ◇ give guidance, guide, instruct, teach ◇ {electrical} conduct, transmit ◇ {theatre} direct (like the production of a play, movie)

向来向來 xiànglái ◇ (have) always, all along

来 來 lái ◇ come, come hither ◇ arrive (of seasons, etc.) ◇ arise, crop up (of problems, etc.) ◇ cause to come, let come, I'll have... (used in ordering in a restaurant) ◇ cause to arrive or take place ◇ for the past (amount of time) ◇ in order to (take some action) ◇ (following numbers) approximately ◇ (verb suffix) ◇ Lai (surname)

向往向往 xiàngwǎng ◇ be attracted to, be fascinated by, yearn/long for, look toward, dream of, aspire to

巷 巷 xiàng ◇ alley, lane, small back street

橡皮橡皮 xiàngpí ◇ rubber eraser

象棋象棋 xiàngqí ◇ Chinese chess

象征象征 xiàngzhēng ◇ symbolize, signify, stand for ◇ symbol, emblem, token

项 項 xiàng ◇ item ◇ {measure word} (used for things that can be itemized or enumerated, like activities or competitions, agenda items, tasks, measures, achievements, rules, decisions, contents, documents, policies, sports activities, sums of money, etc.) ◇ nape (of the neck) ◇ Xiang (surname)

项链項鏈 xiàngliàn ◇ necklace

项目項目 xiàngmù ◇ item, article, unit ◇ programme, project ◇ {sports} event

目 目 mù ◇ eye ◇ mesh, eye, hole

◇ {classical} look, consider, regard ◇ item, article, number ◇ {biology} order ◇ list, catalogue ◇ {classical} name, title ◇ (in weiqi or go) eye

消除消除 xiāochú ◇ eliminate, remove, get rid of, dispel, ease
 消毒消毒 xiāodú ◇ disinfect, sterilize, decontaminate ◇ disinfection, sterilization, decontamination
 消防消防 xiāofáng ◇ fire prevention, fire fighting, fire control
 消费消费 xiāofèi ◇ consume, expend ◇ consumption, (consumer) spending
 消消 xiāo ◇ disappear, vanish, melt (away) ◇ cause to vanish, eliminate, remove, dispel ◇ while/idle away the time, pass the time in leisurely way ◇ need, require, take (when preceded by bù 不, zhǐ 只, hé 何, as in bù xiāo shuō 不消說/不消说 "needless to say") ◇ {classical} enjoy, benefit from ◇ {classical} melt (metal)
 费费 fèi ◇ cost, fees, expenses ◇ spend/consume/expend too much, waste; expend (too) quickly ◇ Fei (surname)
 消耗消耗 xiāohào ◇ consume, use up ◇ deplete ◇ consumption ◇ depletion
 消化消化 xiāohuà ◇ absorb ◇ digest (literally or figuratively)
 消极消极 xiāojí ◇ negative (mostly of abstract things) ◇ inactive, passive (in contrast to jījī 積極/积极 "positive, active")
 极极 jí ◇ the farthest point, the extreme ◇ very, extremely, utterly, exceedingly ◇ ultimate, highest, last, furthest, final ◇ {physics, geosciences} a pole, the pole (like North/South, positive/negative, etc.) ◇ {construction} ridgepole
 消灭消灭 xiāomiè ◇ wipe out, exterminate, annihilate, eradicate, eliminate, destroy ◇ perish, die out
 消失消失 xiāoshī ◇ disappear, vanish, fade away
 消息消息 xiāoxi ◇ news, information, tidings, report/coverage (of a person or an event) {{tiáo 條/条, zé 則/则, gè 個/个}}

潇洒瀟灑 xiāosǎ ◇ (of sb's appearance, movements, personality, etc.) be natural and unconstrained/unaffected;

free and easy; spontaneous and elegant; with grace and ease; with ease and elegance ◇ (of a man) dashing, debonair, dapper and suave ◇ {classical} desolate

潇潇 xiāo ◇ deep and clear (of water)

洒灑 sǎ ◇ sprinkle, spray (like water) ◇ sprinkle, scatter ◇ Sa (surname)

销毁銷毀 xiāohuǐ ◇ destroy (by melting or burning)

销銷 xiāo ◇ melt (metal) ◇ annul, cancel, destroy ◇ market, sell ◇ spend, consume ◇ pin, peg ◇ insert a pin or plug ◇ axe

毀毀 huǐ ◇ destroy, demolish, ruin ◇ {regional} (of clothing, etc.) refashion, make over, refurbish

销售銷售 xiāoshòu ◇ sell, market
 售售 shòu ◇ sell ◇ be on sale ◇ {written} carry out (an evil plan, tricks, intrigues, etc.)

小小 xiǎo ◇ small, little ◇ my dear...(when used as [endearment] prefix, it can partially or totally lose its original meaning of "small")

小吃小吃 xiǎochī ◇ a snack ◇ cold dish

小伙子 小伙子 xiǎohuǒzi ◇ lad, chap, young fellow, youngster
 夥子 夥子 huǒzi ◇ group, gang ◇ shop clerk ◇ son

小姐小姐 xiǎojiě ◇ Miss (respectful term of address or title for an unmarried woman or girl) ◇ young lady (usu. unmarried) ◇ woman (used in terms for young women in certain professions, such as fúwù xiǎojiě 服務小姐/服务小姐 "waitress", kōngzhōng xiǎojiě 空中小姐 "[air] stewardess") ◇ {derogatory} call girl, prostitute ◇ {archaic} young lady (used by a servant in addressing his master's daughter)

小麦小麥 xiǎomài ◇ wheat
 麦麥 mài ◇ wheat ◇ barley, oats, rye (etc.) ◇ {electrical, unit of measure} Maxwell (unit of magnetic flux) ◇ Mai (surname)

小气小氣 xiǎoqi ◇ stingy, niggardly ◇ narrow-minded

气氣 qì ◇ gas, air ◇ power ◇ vigor, spirit ◇ weather, climate ◇ thin clouds ◇ make angry ◇ get angry ◇ fate, destiny ◇

{Chinese philosophy} formative or creative spirit ◇ {Chinese med} qi, vital energy; functions (of internal organs); symptom (of a disease); nutrition

小时小時 xiǎoshí ◇ hour

时 時 shí ◇ time ◇ when, at (a certain time) ◇ o'clock (written form) ◇ current, present ◇ at that time ◇ occasionally, now and then; at times, sometimes (in the pattern 時...時...) ◇ Shi (surname)

小说小說 xiǎoshuō ◇ fiction, novel

说 說 shuō ◇ speak, say, talk ◇ explain, give an explanation ◇ theory, doctrine, views ◇ scold, criticize ◇ act as go-between or matchmaker, introduce ◇ refer to, hint, indicate ◇ point to

小心小心 xiǎoxīn ◇ be careful, take care, be cautious, watch out

小心翼翼 小心翼翼 xiǎoxīnyìyì ◇ very cautiously, with great care, gingerly

孝顺孝顺 xiàoshùn ◇ be filial

孝 孝 xiào ◇ filial piety ◇

mourning ◇ mourning dress ◇ Xiao (surname)

顺 順 shùn ◇ favourable, according to one's wishes ◇ along with, follow, in the same direction as ◇ smooth, lucky, without a hitch ◇ put in order ◇ obey ◇ {colloquial} walk off with, steal ◇ Shun (surname)

效果效果 xiàoguǒ ◇ effect, result ◇ {theatre} sound/visual effects

效率效率 xiàolǜ ◇ efficiency; effectiveness

效益效益 xiàoyì ◇ economic benefit, returns ◇ {economics} profitability ◇ beneficial effect

校长校長 xiàozhǎng ◇ head of a school (principal, headmaster of an elementary or high school, president, chancellor of a college)

校 校 xiào ◇ school ◇ {military} military camp; field officer ◇ Xiao (surname)

长 長 cháng ◇ long; length ◇ (one's) strong point(s), forte ◇ be good at sth, be strong in sth ◇ surplus, spare, extra (in this meaning, formerly pronounced zhàng)

笑 笑 xiào ◇ smile, laugh ◇ ridicule, deride

笑话笑話 xiàohuà ◇ joke, funny story ◇ ridicule, laugh at ◇ ridiculous, laughable

话 話 huà ◇ words, talk (spoken or written) ◇ talk about, discuss ◇ speech, language ◇ tell, instruct

肖像肖像 xiàoxiàng ◇ portrait ◇ image

些 些 xiē ◇ few, several, some (unspecified amount) ◇ somewhat, slightly ◇ (as a postposition, used to indicate plurality) ◇ {measure word} (used for an indefinite number of people or things, can only be preceded by the numeral yī — "one")

歇 歇 xiē ◇ take a rest, take a break; stop (working) ◇ go to sleep ◇ short period of time ◇ distribute, issue

协会協會 xiéhuì ◇ association, society

协商協商 xiéshāng ◇ consult, confer, talk things over ◇ consultation, conferral, negotiation

协 協 xié ◇ common, joint, mutual ◇ help, assist, aid ◇ in harmony, in concert ◇ union (of shops, colleges, etc.) ◇ regiment of troops (during the Qīng 清 Dynasty)

商 商 shāng ◇ confer, consult, discuss ◇ commerce, business, trade ◇ commercial ◇ merchant, businessman, trader ◇ profiteer ◇ {math} quotient ◇ [Sh-] Shang Dynasty (16th-11th century BCE) ◇ Shang (surname)

协调協調 xiétiáo ◇ coordinate, harmonize ◇ (be) harmonious, (be) coordinated, in a concerted way

协议協議 xiéyì ◇ agreement, an accord ◇ {IT} protocol

协助協助 xiézhù ◇ assist, aid, help
助 助 zhù ◇ help, aid, assist ◇ benefit

携带攜帶 xiédài ◇ carry, take along, bring along ◇ help and support, guide and support, assistance

斜 斜 xié ◇ slanting, inclined, sloping, oblique

写 寫 xiě ◇ write, compose ◇ draw, paint, sketch ◇ portray, depict
 写作寫作 xiězuò ◇ write (often as a profession) ◇ writing
 作 作 zuò ◇ do, make, work ◇ rise, grow ◇ be, become, serve as, act as ◇ engage (in an activity) ◇ compose, write; the writings, works ◇ feign, pretend ◇ consider to be, regard as ◇ feel

屑 屑 xiè ◇ bits, scraps, crumbs, fragments ◇ trifling, trivial, insignificant ◇ be above doing (with a negative) ◇ thin, flimsy

泄露泄露 xièlòu ◇ reveal, disclose, let out

泄气泄氣 xièqì ◇ be discouraged, be disheartened ◇ discouraging, pathetic
 泄 泄 xiè ◇ let out, release (water, air, etc.) ◇ ejaculate ◇ divulge, let out, leak (a secret, news, etc.) ◇ vent (one's anger, etc.) ◇ Xie (surname)

气 氣 qì ◇ gas, air ◇ power ◇ vigour, spirit ◇ weather, climate ◇ thin clouds ◇ make angry ◇ get angry ◇ fate, destiny ◇ {Chinese philosophy} formative or creative spirit ◇ {Chinese med} qi, vital energy; functions (of internal organs); symptom (of a disease); nutrition

谢绝謝絕 xièjué ◇ refuse, decline
 谢谢謝謝 xièxie ◇ thank you ◇ to thank

心得心得 xīndé ◇ that which one has learned through study, work, etc.

心甘情愿 心甘情願 xīngānqíngyuàn ◇ be most willing to, be perfectly happy to; willingly, gladly

心甘心甘 xīngān ◇ willingly

情 情 qíng ◇ feeling, sentiment, affection, emotion ◇ passion ◇ situation, circumstances, condition

愿 願 yuàn ◇ wish, desire ◇ be willing ◇ vow ◇ (I) wish that..., may...

心理心理 xīnlǐ ◇ psychology ◇ mentality, mental process, mindset

心灵心靈 xīnlíng ◇ heart, spirit, soul

心 心 xīn ◇ heart ◇ mind, feelings ◇ centre, middle, core ◇ {Chinese astronomy} Xin (one of the Èrshíbā

Xiù 二十八宿 "28 Lunar Mansions of the Chinese zodiac") ◇ {physiology} heart (as one of the wǔzàng 五臟/五脏 "five vital organs")

灵 靈 líng ◇ nimble, clever ◇ soul ◇ spirit, fairy ◇ miraculous ◇ magic ◇ of or pertaining to the spirit world ◇ efficacious, effective ◇ witch, sorceress (esp. in the Chǔ 楚 region) ◇ good, beneficial (like rain) ◇ Ling (surname)

心情心情 xīnqíng ◇ state of mind, mood, feelings

心态心態 xīntài ◇ (mental) attitude, mentality, mindset, psychology, mental state, state of mind, frame of mind, way of thinking or looking at things

态 態 tài ◇ form, shape, appearance, condition ◇ bearing, attitude ◇ {physics} state, mode

心疼心疼 xīnténg ◇ love dearly, be very fond of ◇ {colloquial} one's heart aches; feel it is a pity to use (a precious resource, e.g., time); feel sorry for (sb because they are tired, hurt, etc.), sympathize with (sb because they 辛苦), be distressed over (the loss or expending of sth)

心血心血 xīnxuè ◇ great effort, painstaking care

心眼儿 心眼兒 xīnyǎnr

◇ heart, innermost feelings ◇ intentions, heart ◇ cleverness, calculation, "smarts" ◇ (baseless) suspicions, (unfounded) misgivings ◇ (lack of) tolerance

儿 兒 ér ◇ child, baby, son (written as "r" when used as a suffix, indicates smallness [e.g., mào 帽兒/帽儿 "hat"]; after a verb/adjective turns it into a noun [e.g., chī 吃兒/吃儿 "eatables, food"]; added to a concrete noun turns it into an abstract noun [e.g., mén 門兒/门儿 "work"]; added to a noun to change its original meaning [e.g., báimiàn 白麵兒/白面儿 means "heroin", while báimiàn 白麵/白面 means "white flour"]; used as suffix to certain verbs [e.g., wán 玩兒/玩儿 "play"])

心脏心臟 xīnzàng ◇ {physiology} the heart ◇ {metaphor} the heart, the centre

脏 髒 zāng ◇ dirty, filthy

新 新 xīn ◇ new ◇ modern, contemporary ◇ recently married ◇ newly, recently, lately ◇ Xin (surname)

新陈代谢 新陳代謝 xīnchéndàixiè
◇ metabolism ◇ the new replaces the old

陈 陳 chén ◇ display, exhibit, lay out
◇ explain, narrate ◇ old, aged, stale ◇ Chen (state during the Zhou Dynasty near Huaiyang, Hénán 河南 Province) ◇ Chen (557-589, one of the Southern Dynasties) ◇ Chen (surname)
谢 謝 xiè ◇ thank ◇ apologize ◇ decline (an invitation, etc.) ◇ take one's leave ◇ fall (of leaves, flowers) ◇ wither and fall ◇ die of old age ◇ Xie (city in Tanghe, Hénán 河南 Province) ◇ Xie (surname)

新郎新郎 xīnláng ◇ bridegroom

新娘新娘 xīnniáng ◇ bride

新闻新聞 xīnwén ◇ news

新鲜新鮮 xīnxiān ◇ fresh (of

food, air, etc.) ◇ new, novel

鲜 鮮 xiǎn ◇ rare, seldom ◇ few, little, less ◇ Korean (nationality)

新颖新穎 xīnyǐng ◇ new and original, innovative

颖 穎 yǐng ◇ glume ◇ point, tip (of sth long and thin, like a writing brush) ◇ clever, bright ◇ head of a writing brush

欣赏欣赏 xīnshǎng ◇ appreciate, enjoy (music, scenery, etc.) ◇ like, think highly of (a person, sb's works, etc.)

欣 欣 xīn ◇ glad, happy, joyful ◇ love, cherish ◇ Xin (surname)

赏 賞 shǎng ◇ reward, grant, bestow ◇ compensate ◇ a reward, award ◇ appreciate, enjoy ◇ appreciate, recognize ◇ Shang (surname)

欣慰欣慰 xīnwèi ◇ be gratified, be relieved and pleased

欣欣欣欣 xīnxīn ◇ glad, happy ◇ thriving, flourishing

荣 榮 róng ◇ flourish (of vegetation) ◇ flourishing, thriving ◇ honour, glory ◇ {bot} the Chinese parasol tree, Firmiana simplex ◇ Rong (surname)

薪水薪水 xīnshuǐ ◇ salary ◇ gather firewood and draw water

辛苦辛苦 xīnkǔ ◇ (of a person) endure hardship, be physically and mentally taxed, have it rough; work hard; (of a task, journey, etc.) be hard/taxing/strenuous/rough, be hard work ◇ {polite} go to a lot of trouble, take great pains; (as a transitive verb:) trou-

ble (sb)

辛勤辛勤 xīnqín ◇ hardworking, industrious

信封信封 xìnfēng ◇ envelope

信号信號 xìnghào ◇ signal

信 信 xìn ◇ letter, mail ◇ believe ◇ believe in (a religion), profess faith in ◇ faith, trust, confidence, reputation ◇ message, news, word, information ◇ signal ◇ at will, at random, without plan ◇ token, sign, evidence ◇ (same as 芯) fuse, wick ◇ (same as 芯) forked tongue (of a snake) ◇ {literary} true, truthful ◇ {literary} trustworthy, faithful ◇ Xin (surname)

号 號 hào ◇ name, title, style name, assumed name, alias, literary name, sobriquet ◇ firm, business house ◇ sequence, kind, sort, type ◇ person of a certain type (as in bìnghào 病號/病号 "person on the sick list") ◇ number ◇ (after numerals) number..., day of the month, street number, house number ◇ {measure word} (for large numbers of people, transactions, deals, etc.) ◇ put a mark on, number, give a number to ◇ sign, signal ◇ size (of shoes, clothing, etc.) ◇ count, measure (as in hàomài 號脈/号脉 "feel the pulse") ◇ indicates the name of a ship, spacecraft, etc. (as in Qǐyè hào 企業號/企业号 the "Enterprise") ◇ horn, trumpet, bugle ◇ bugle call

信赖信賴 xìnlài ◇ trust, have faith in, rely on

赖 賴 lài ◇ rely on, depend on ◇ tarry, linger ◇ deny one's error, disclaim responsibility ◇ accuse falsely ◇ blame ◇ no good ◇ Lai (surname)

信念信念 xìniniàn ◇ belief, faith, conviction, creed

信任信任 xìnren ◇ trust (sb or sth), have confidence in...; trust, confidence

信息信息 xìnxī ◇ information, news ◇ {IT} information, message

信心信心 xìnxīn ◇ faith, confidence, conviction, belief, trust

信仰信仰 xìnyǎng ◇ faith, belief, creed, conviction ◇ believe in (a religion)

信用卡 信用卡 xìnyòngkǎ ◇ credit card

信誉信譽 xìnyù ◇ reputation, prestige, integrity, credibility

誉 譽 yù ◇ fame, reputation ◇ praise ◇ pleased, happy

兴奋興奮 xīngfèn ◇ be excited/stimulated ◇ {physiology} excitation, stimulation

兴隆興隆 xīnglóng ◇ prosperous, thriving, flourishing ◇ Xinglong (county in Héběi 河北 Province)

兴興 xīng ◇ thriving, prosperous, flourishing ◇ thrive, prosper, flourish ◇ become popular/fashionable ◇ start, begin, found ◇ mobilize, call into action ◇ {literature} stand up, get up, rise ◇ {regional} allow, permit, let (mostly used with the negative) ◇ {regional} perhaps, maybe, probably ◇ Xing (surname)

隆隆 lóng ◇ grand, magnificent, solemn ◇ prosperous, flourishing, thriving ◇ deep (like winter); extreme, intense (like feelings, friendship, etc.) ◇ stick out, stand out, protrude, bulge, swell ◇ enlarge ◇ Long (surname)

兴旺興旺 xīngwàng ◇ prosperous, thriving, flourishing

旺旺 wàng ◇ prosperous, vigorous, flourishing, thriving

星期星期 xīngqī ◇ week ◇ Sunday ◇ wedding day ◇ the seventh day of the seventh lunisolar month

腥腥 xīng ◇ raw meat (as ceremonial offering) ◇ raw meat, raw fish ◇ smelling of raw meat/fish, smelling fishy

刑事刑事 xíngshì ◇ criminal (matters)

形成形成 xíngchéng ◇ form, shape, develop ◇ take shape

形容形容 xíngróng ◇ describe ◇ countenance, appearance

形势形势 xíngshì ◇ situation, condition, circumstances ◇ geographical features (often strategic)

形形 xíng ◇ shape, form, appearance ◇ substance, entity ◇ look, appear ◇ compare

势势 shì ◇ power, influence ◇ tendency, momentum ◇ physical appearance ◇ action, situation, circumstances ◇ sign, indication ◇ (political, military, etc.) situation

形式形式 xíngshì ◇ shape, form, pattern

形态形態 xíngtài ◇ form, shape ◇ outward appearance ◇ morphology

形象形象 xíngxiàng ◇ image ◇ form ◇ figure ◇ literary or artistic image ◇ imagery ◇ vivid

形状形狀 xíngzhuàng ◇ shape, form, appearance

状狀 zhuàng ◇ form, shape, appearance ◇ condition, state of affairs

行行 xíng ◇ go, walk; travel ◇ trip, journey ◇ be all right, will do ◇ be capable/competent ◇ do, carry out, implement, perform (an action) ◇ behaviour, conduct, actions ◇ be current, circulate ◇ running script ◇ temporary, improvised, makeshift ◇ {written} soon, shortly ◇ {literature} ballad, song ◇ {written} (of medication) take effect ◇ Xing (surname)

行动行動 xíngdòng ◇ action ◇ act, carry out an action or operation ◇ movement, operation

动动 dòng ◇ move, budge ◇ get moving, move into action, stir, act ◇ touch, displace, alter the position/shape of ◇ motion, movement (in contrast to jìng 靜/静 "still, calm") ◇ alter, change, modify ◇ use, put into use, make use of ◇ touch, move, sway, stir up, excite, arouse (like feelings) ◇ consume (food or drink) (mostly used with the negative) ◇ frequently, often, at every turn, easily

行李箱 行李箱 xínglixīang ◇ suitcase

行人行人 xíng rén ◇ pedestrian ◇ traveller ◇ messenger, envoy ◇

Xingren (compound surname)

行为行為 xíngwéi ◇ behaviour, conduct, performance, action

为爲 wéi ◇ be, mean ◇ serve as, act as ◇ become, turn ◇ do, act ◇ seem, appear ◇ by ◇ Wei (surname)

行政行政 xíngzhèng ◇ administration ◇ administrative

醒醒 xǐng ◇ recover consciousness (after being drunk, under anesthesia, in a coma) ◇ be sober (not drunk) ◇ wake up (from sleep) ◇ realize, wake up to ◇ clear, distinct ◇ striking (to the eye)

兴興 xīng ◇ thriving, prosperous, flourishing ◇ thrive, prosper,

flourish ◇ become popular/fashionable
◇ start, begin, found ◇ mobilize, call
into action ◇ {literature} stand up, get
up, rise ◇ {regional} allow, permit, let
(mostly used with the negative) ◇ {re-
gional} perhaps, maybe, probably ◇
Xing (surname)

高 高 gāo ◇ high, tall (in contrast
to 低 "low"); height ◇ (of quality, etc.) abo-
ve average, top, superior, advanced ◇ of
high(er) rank/degree/level ◇ (of sound) (too)
loud/sharp/high ◇ {honorific} your, his/her,
their (opinion, etc.) ◇ old, aged ◇ expensive,
dear ◇ {colloquial, new usage} tipsy/drunk,
"high" (on alcohol or drugs) (a literal transla-
tion of English "high") ◇ {chem} (of a chemical
compound) "high-oxygen"; containing one more
oxygen atom (as in gāoměngsuānjiǎ

高锰酸钾/高锰酸钾 "potassium permanganate")
◇ {math, geometry} the altitude (like of a
triangle) ◇ Gao (surname)

致 致 zhì ◇ send, deliver (one's
respects, regards, congratulations, etc.) ◇ con-
centrate, devote (one's attention, efforts, etc.)
◇ cause, result in ◇ as a result, consequently
◇ appeal, interest, attraction

勃勃 勃勃 bóbo ◇ exuberant (mostly
used with a word for vitality, enthusiasm, ambi-
tion, etc.)

姓 姓 xìng ◇ surname, family or
clan name ◇ the populace ◇ officials
(in general)

幸福幸福 xìngfú ◇ be happy, be bles-
sed with good fortune ◇ happiness

幸亏幸亏 xìngkuī ◇ luckily, for-
tunately

幸 幸 xìng ◇ good luck, good
fortune, happiness ◇ rejoice ◇ (I) ho-
pe, pray, trust ◇ luckily, fortunately ◇
favour (like of the Emperor) ◇ visit,
tour (of the Emperor) ◇ Xing (surna-
me)

亏 亏 kuī ◇ lose (money, etc.), ha-
ve a deficit ◇ be deficient, be short of, lack ◇
treat unfairly ◇ luckily, fortunately, thanks to
◇ (used to scold sb when the speaker thinks
the person's words or behaviour are unexpect-
edly incompatible with his/her qualifications,
status, etc.) some (expert you are), what kind
of (man are you), have the nerve to (say that,
ask such a question, come up with such an
idea) ◇ (of the moon) wane

幸运幸运 xìngyùn ◇ good luck
◇ lucky

运 运 yùn ◇ motion, movement,

freight ◇ convey, transport ◇ use, apply ◇
luck, fortune, fate ◇ Yun (surname)

性别性别 xìngbié ◇ sexual dis-
tinction (male or female), sex, gender
性 性 xìng ◇ nature, character,
disposition, temperament ◇ property,
quality ◇ sex; sexual desire ◇ {linguis-
tics} gender ◇ -type (when used as a
suffix indicates quality, scope or aspect)
◇ {Buddhism} essence; life

别 别 bié ◇ other, another, diffe-
rent ◇ depart, leave, separate ◇ {regional}
change, turn around ◇ distinguish, differentia-
te ◇ distinction, difference ◇ category, type ◇
stick into, obstruct (sb/sth) ◇ trip (sb), cause
to stumble ◇ block (another bike or other vehi-
cle with one's own) ◇ (contraction of the pro-
hibitive bùyào 不要) "don't...!" ◇ Bie (surname)

性感性感 xìnggǎn ◇ sex appeal
◇ sexy, sensual

性格性格 xìnggé ◇ disposition, tempe-
rament, character

性命性命 xìngmìng ◇ life

性能性能 xìngnéng ◇ perfor-
mance, function, behaviour (like of a
car, machine, etc.)

性质性质 xìngzhì ◇ nature, qua-
lity, character, property

质 质 zhì ◇ quality ◇ nature, cha-
racter ◇ matter, material, substance ◇ ask
questions, interrogate ◇ to pawn ◇ a pledge,
security (person or thing) ◇ {history} hostage
(feudal ruler's sons sent to live in each other's
countries) ◇ Zhi (surname)

兄弟兄弟 xiōngdì ◇ brothers
(older and younger) ◇ fraternal, brot-
herly ◇ {TW usage} gangster, gang
member

凶恶凶恶 xiōng'è ◇ fierce, fero-
cious, vicious

凶 兇 xiōng ◇ fierce, ferocious,
brutal, savage ◇ terrible, awful, fearful
◇ evil, wicked ◇ murderous, criminal
◇ evildoer

恶 恶 è ◇ evil, wickedness, guilt
◇ vicious, fierce, ferocious, bad

凶手凶手 xiōngshǒu ◇ murderer,
killer; assailant (attempted murderer)

汹涌汹涌 xiōngyǒng ◇ tempe-
stuous, turbulent (of water, or figurati-
vely)

胸 胸 xiōng ◇ chest, thorax ◇
heart, mind
胸怀胸懷 xiōnghuái ◇ have at heart, have in mind, cherish (ideals, aspirations) ◇ quality of mind (broad or narrow), breadth of mind/vision ◇ chest
怀 懷 huái ◇ the chest, breast, bosom, mind, heart ◇ think of, long for, yearn for ◇ conceive, be pregnant ◇ cherish, harbour, nurse, have in mind ◇ be inclined to ◇ Huai (surname)
胸膛胸膛 xiōngtáng ◇ the chest, the thorax

熊猫熊猫 xióngmāo ◇ panda, panda bear, Ailuropoda melanoleuca
熊 熊 xióng ◇ a bear ◇ {regional} scold, abuse, rebuke ◇ timid, cowardly, faint-hearted, gutless, wimpy, impotent ◇ Xiong (surname)
猫 貓 māo ◇ cat (domestic cat, house cat, Felis silvestris catus) ◇ {dialect} hide, go into hiding

雄厚雄厚 xiónghòu ◇ solid, abundant, rich, huge, ample
雄伟雄偉 xióngwěi ◇ grand, magnificent
雄 雄 xióng ◇ male (in contrast to cí 雌 "female") ◇ great, grand, majestic ◇ strong, powerful, brave ◇ powerful and prominent person or state ◇ Xiong (surname)
伟 偉 wěi ◇ great, big ◇ grand, magnificent ◇ Wei (surname)

休息休息 xiūxi ◇ rest, take a rest/break ◇ relax ◇ go to bed, retire ◇ a rest/break
休闲休閒 xiūxián ◇ leisure ◇ relaxing in one's spare time ◇ relaxation and spare time activity ◇ entertainment ◇ lie fallow ◇ rest, take a rest, take a break, relax ◇ vacation time
休 休 xiū ◇ cease, stop ◇ rest, take a break ◇ resign, retire
闲 閑 xián ◇ idle, leisurely
修复修復 xiūfù ◇ repair, restore, fix, renovate ◇ {med} repair, restoration
修 修 xiū ◇ repair, fix, mend

◇ decorate, adorn, embellish, beautify
◇ modify, revise ◇ put in order, straighten up, tidy up ◇ write, compose, compile, study, practice, cultivate ◇ trim, cut, prune, clip ◇ build, construct, erect ◇ revisionism ◇ long, tall ◇ Xiu (surname)
复 複 fù ◇ repeat, duplicate ◇ multiple, complex, compound, complicated ◇ lined garments
修改修改 xiūgǎi ◇ amend, revise, correct, modify
修建修建 xiūjiàn ◇ build, construct, erect
修理修理 xiūlǐ ◇ repair, fix ◇ trim (trees, mustache), prune ◇ {regional usage} fix (sb) (punish sb, either physically or verbally), fix sb's wagon, teach sb a (good) lesson (more common usage is shōushi 收拾)
修养修養 xiūyǎng ◇ accomplishment, attainment, training, culture, cultivation, mastery ◇ self-cultivation, refinement, good manners
养 養 yǎng ◇ support, care for (like a family), provide for ◇ raise, grow, keep, rear (animals, plants, etc.) ◇ acquire, contract, form (habits, etc.) ◇ nourish ◇ convalesce, recuperate ◇ refine, cultivate ◇ foster ◇ keep, maintain (in good shape/order) ◇ (of hair) let grow long ◇ Yang (a town during the Chūnqiū 春秋 Period [770-476 BCE] in Shenqiu, Hénán 河南 Province) ◇ Yang (surname)
羞耻羞恥 xiūchǐ ◇ (sense of) shame
羞 羞 xiū ◇ shameful, disgraceful; shame ◇ feel ashamed ◇ be shy/bashful
耻 恥 chǐ ◇ shame, humiliation, disgrace ◇ shame, humiliate, disgrace
嗅觉嗅覺 xiùjué ◇ sense of smell
嗅 嗅 xiù ◇ smell, sniff, scent
觉 覺 jué ◇ feel, think, sense ◇ sensation, perception ◇ wake up, awake ◇ become awakened, come to realize, find out, discover, become aware (of), become conscious (of)
绣 繡 xiù ◇ embroider; embroidery
虚假虚假 xūjiǎ ◇ false, fake, sham, hypocritical
虚 虛 xū ◇ emptiness, void ◇

{ancient Chinese astronomy} xu (the eleventh of the twenty-eight constellations into which the celestial sphere was divided, consisting of two stars forming a straight line, one in Aquarius and the other in Equuleus) ◇ void, empty, unoccupied ◇ timid, diffident ◇ false, unreal, nominal ◇ humble, modest ◇ weak, in poor health ◇ abstract, theory ◇ guiding principles ◇ {physics} virtual ◇ in vain, futile
 假 假 jiǎ ◇ false, fake, artificial, pseudo- ◇ hypocritical ◇ borrow, take advantage of ◇ suppose, presume ◇ if, supposing ◇ Jia (surname)
 虚荣虚荣 xūróng ◇ vanity, vain glory
 虚伪虚伪 xūwěi ◇ hypocritical, false ◇ sham, hypocrisy
 虚伪虚伪 xūwěi ◇ hypocritical, false, sham ◇ hypocrisy
 虚心虚心 xūxīn ◇ modest, humble, open-minded
 心 心 xīn ◇ heart ◇ mind, feelings ◇ centre, middle, core ◇ {Chinese astronomy} Xin (one of the Èrshíbā Xiù 二十八宿 "28 Lunar Mansions of the Chinese zodiac") ◇ {physiology} heart (as one of the wǔzàng 五臟/五脏 "five vital organs")

需求需求 xūqiú ◇ demand, need, requirement
 需要需要 xūyào ◇ need, require

须知须知 xūzhī ◇ points for attention, things that should be noted ◇ it should be noted that...(often used in announcements, directions, etc.) ◇ it must be understood that..., it should be borne in mind that...
 须 须 xū ◇ must, have to ◇ wait, await ◇ moment, instant ◇ Xu (place during the Chūnqiū 春秋 Period [770 - 476 BCE] in Hua County, Hénán 河南 Province) ◇ Xu (surname)
 知 知 zhī ◇ know, understand, be aware (of), realize ◇ inform, notify, tell, let know ◇ knowledge, learning ◇ manage, administer ◇ close friend

许多许多 xǔduō ◇ many, a lot of
 许 许 xǔ ◇ praise ◇ promise ◇ allow, permit ◇ Xu (surname)
 多 多 duō ◇ many, much; more,

further; in excess, extra, exceeding (the intended/normal/original number or amount) ◇ a lot, ample ◇ (following a numeral) more than..., over (the number/amount stated) ◇ far more, much more ◇ mostly, for the most part ◇ (in questions asking about number, size, etc.) how (much, big, etc.)? ◇ (in exclamations) how...! ◇ Duo (surname)
 许可许可 xǔkě ◇ allow, permit
 可 可 kě ◇ may, can, -able, be allowed to... ◇ possibly ◇ approve, agree ◇ need (to do), be worth (doing) ◇ {regional} do as much as possible, make the most of ◇ {written} recover, get well ◇ but, yet ◇ {grammar} (as an emphatic adverb used in an exclamatory sentence) really, indeed, finally; (expressing emphasis in a rhetorical question)...on earth...?; (expressing doubt in a question) really, actually? ◇ fit, suit, be agreeable to ◇ Ke (surname)

叙述叙述 xùshù ◇ narrate, relate, describe; (as an attributive) narration, description, account
 叙 叙 xù ◇ talk, chat ◇ narrate, relate, describe ◇ appraise, evaluate ◇ order, sequence
 述 述 shù ◇ state, narrate, mention, enumerate ◇ follow, abide by ◇ shu (cap ornament)

序言序言 xùyán ◇ preface, foreword

畜牧畜牧 xùmù ◇ raise livestock or poultry ◇ animal husbandry

酗酒酗酒 xùjiǔ ◇ heavy drinking, drinking to excess

喧哗喧哗 xuānhuá ◇ hubbub, tumult
 喧 喧 xuān ◇ noisy, loud, clamorous
 哗 哗 huá ◇ {onom} clang (or similar sound) ◇ clamour, hubbub, noise, commotion

宣布宣布 xuānbù ◇ announce, declare, proclaim

宣传宣传 xuānchuán ◇ publicize, disseminate, propagandize, preach ◇ publicity, propaganda

宣 宣 xuān ◇ declare, announce, proclaim ◇ Xuan (surname)

传 传 chuán ◇ pass on, hand down, convey, transmit, circulate, hand to, perpetuate

◇ spread, popularize, teach ◇ conduct (like electricity, heat) ◇ propagate, transmit (like radio waves, a contagious disease) ◇ summon (like to court) ◇ {med} infect, be contagious ◇ it is reported/rumored that...

宣誓宣誓 xuānshì ◇ swear an oath, make a pledge

宣扬宣扬 xuānyáng ◇ publicize, advertise, advocate

扬 揚 yáng ◇ lift, raise, hoist ◇ winnow, scatter ◇ spread, publicize ◇ yang (battle-axe) ◇ Yangzhou ◇ Yang (surname)

悬挂懸掛 xuánguà ◇ fly (i.e. a flag), hang (like decorations), suspend ◇ suspension (of a vehicle)

悬 懸 xuán ◇ hang, suspend ◇ lift, raise ◇ unsettled, unresolved ◇ be worried about, feel anxious ◇ imagine, fancy ◇ far apart, great disparity ◇ {regional, northern, colloq} be dangerous; (before an event) be iffy/chancy/uncertain; (after an event) be a close call

挂 掛 guà ◇ hang (up), put up, suspend, be suspended ◇ hang up (the telephone) ◇ leave sth outstanding, be pending ◇ {regional} call up, ring up, put sb through to; hang up ◇ connect, hitch sth up ◇ register (for a hospital stay, appointment, etc.); make an appointment (with a doctor, etc., as in guàhào 掛號/挂号 "register [at a hospital, etc.]") ◇ be anxious, be concerned about, have sth weighing on one's mind ◇ be covered/coated with ◇ {TW usage, slang} die ◇ {measure word} a string of, a set of (used for sets that are somehow hooked/hitched together, like pearls, firecrackers, carts pulled by animals, etc.) ◇ {slang} shadow, tail, follow ◇ {measure word}... string(s) of... (used for things strung together and suspended, as pearls, beads, firecrackers, and for some abstract things like laughs, sound of footsteps, etc.)

悬念懸念 xuánniàn ◇ miss, worry or be concerned about (sb elsewhere) ◇ {literature} suspense

念 念 niàn ◇ think of, long for, miss ◇ thought, idea ◇ read (aloud) ◇ study (a subject) ◇ study in, attend (a school, department, or a grade) ◇ twenty (special written form of the number to prevent alteration/forgery) ◇ Nian (surname)

悬殊懸殊 xuánshū ◇ be far apart, be worlds apart, there is a great disparity, there is a wide gap (between two things in number, strength, conditions, etc.)

殊 殊 shū ◇ different, not alike ◇ special, outstanding ◇ very, extremely ◇ break off, cut off ◇ die

悬崖懸崖 xuányá ◇ precipice, cliff

峭壁 峭壁 qiàobì ◇ cliff, precipice

崖 崖 yá ◇ precipice, shore, bank ◇ limit, margin ◇ Ya (surname)

旋律旋律 xuánlǜ ◇ {music} melody

旋转旋轉 xuánzhuǎn ◇ revolve, spin ◇ {bot} convolution

旋 旋 xuán ◇ revolve, rotate, spin ◇ return (home, etc.); go/come back ◇ circle, ring, whorl ◇ place on the scalp where the hair is whorled ◇ soon

转 轉 zhuǎn ◇ shift, turn, shift, change direction, transform ◇ change posts, transfer (to another office, etc.) ◇ forward, pass on

选拔選拔 xuǎnbá ◇ (of a higher authority) choose, select (qualified/talented people to move upwards) || (Note: 拔 bá = to pull upwards or raise; xuǎnbá 選拔/选拔 is often used in business or government contexts for selecting talented personnel from the lower levels for future promotion; in sports, it usu. refers to selecting outstanding athletes to join higher-level teams or competitions)

选 選 xuǎn ◇ choose, select ◇ elect; election ◇ chosen, selected (person or thing) ◇ anthology

拔 拔 bá ◇ extract ◇ pull out or up ◇ draw out, suck out (pus, air, etc.) ◇ pick, choose, select (mostly people of talent, athletes, etc.) ◇ raise, lift ◇ surpass, stand out ◇ seize, capture ◇ {steel production} drawing (of metal rods, bars, etc.) ◇ {regional} (of bottled, canned, etc. drinks) cool by keeping sth in (ice) water

选举選舉 xuǎnjǔ ◇ elect ◇ election(s)

选手選手 xuǎnshǒu ◇ a contestant (for an athletic competition), an athlete, player

手 手 shǒu ◇ hand ◇ personally, with one's own hands ◇ person engaged in a certain task; person with a particular skill ◇ {measure word} (used for skill, dexterity, etc.)

选择選擇 xuǎnzé ◇ choose, select ◇ choice, selection, alternative

炫耀炫耀 xuànyào ◇ show off,

flaunt ◇ (of a light, torch, the sun) shine brightly; illuminate

削 削 xiāo ◇ peel, pare (with a knife), cut, slice, chop ◇ sharpen, whittle ◇ {sports} cut, slice, chop (e.g., the ball in playing ping-pong)
削弱 削弱 xuēruò ◇ weaken (in power, strength) ◇ cripple, enfeeble (like the enemy)

学历學歷 xuélì ◇ academic credentials, academic degree ◇ educational record, record of study ◇ educational background

学期學期 xuéqī ◇ academic semester, school term

学 學 xué ◇ learn, study ◇ imitate, copy, mimic ◇ scholarship, learning, education, study, knowledge, science ◇ subject (of study), (academic) discipline, branch of learning ◇ school, college

期 期 qī ◇ term, period of time ◇ phase/stage (of a project) ◇ scheduled time, set time ◇ {measure word}... issue(s) of...,... class(es) of... (used for things produced periodically, like issues of a magazine/newspaper, and for classes of students) ◇ set up/schedule (an appointment, etc.) ◇ expect, await, hope (for), anticipate, look forward to ◇ Qi (surname)

学生學生 xuéshēng ◇ student, pupil ◇ disciple ◇ (your) student (self-designation when addressing one's teacher, master or a member of older generation) ◇ boy

生 生 shēng ◇ give birth to ◇ live ◇ life ◇ unripe ◇ raw ◇ bear, deliver ◇ generate ◇ be born ◇ (of plants, roots, etc.) grow, emerge ◇ unripe ◇ raw, undercooked ◇ not cooked ◇ unprocessed, unrefined ◇ unfamiliar, unacquainted ◇ student (bound form, as in nǚshēng 女生 "female student", zhèngshìshēng 正式生 "regular student") ◇ suffix for various kinds or groups of people (like yīshēng 醫生/医生 "medical doctor") ◇ Sheng (surname)
学术學術 xuéshù ◇ academic, scholarly ◇ learning, knowledge, science

学说學說 xuéshuō ◇ theory, doctrine, teachings ◇ repeat verbatim

学位學位 xuéwèi ◇ academic degree

位 位 wèi ◇ {measure word, formal/polite}... lady/ladies/gentleman/gentlemen (used for persons) ◇ place, position, location ◇ status, situation, position ◇ be located ◇ throne ◇ {math} digit, place ◇ {physics}

potential ◇ Wei (surname)

学问學問 xuéwèn ◇ scholastic pursuit, subject of study, learning ◇ knowledge, scholarship, erudition ◇ skills and knowledge needed to fully understand sth difficult or complex (as in dàoyǒuxuéwèn 大有學問/大有學問 "take a lot of learning [to do sth]")

学习學習 xuéxí ◇ study, learn ◇ learn (from sb), follow the example (of sb)

学校學校 xuéxiào ◇ school
校 校 xiào ◇ school ◇ {military} military camp; field officer ◇ Xiao (surname)

雪 雪 xuě ◇ snow ◇ colour or luster of snow ◇ wipe away (shame, etc.), avenge ◇ Xue (surname)

上 上 shàng ◇ on, on top of... ◇ last, the previous (like shàng [gè] xīngqīwǔ 上[個]星期五 "last Friday") ◇ first (in a series) ◇ go up, go up to ◇ mount, board (a vehicle) ◇ go to, leave for ◇ submit, send ◇ bolt, lock (a door, etc.) ◇ (used after a verb as a resultative ending to indicate the amount or extent reached)

加 加 jiā ◇ add, append, put in ◇ {math} add; ...plus...(adding numbers) ◇ increase, raise, augment ◇ impose ◇ (used between a one-syllable adverb and a two-syllable verb to indicate that the action is directed towards sth or sb mentioned before or understood) ◇ Jia (surname)

霜 霜 shuāng ◇ frost ◇ things resembling frost (like powdered covering of dried persimmon, salt efflorescence) ◇ white ◇ noble and pure ◇ age

血 血 xuè ◇ blood ◇ {kinship} related by blood ◇ ardour, zeal, courage; staunch, courageous ◇ menstruation, period

血压血壓 xuèyā ◇ blood pressure
压 壓 yā ◇ press, hold down, weigh down ◇ surpass, exceed ◇ keep under control, repress ◇ suppress, intimidate ◇ approach ◇ shelve, pigeonhole ◇ stake or risk (money, etc.) on sth ◇ pressure (like blood pressure)

熏陶熏陶 xūntáo ◇ gradually influence (in a good sense), edify

寻觅尋覓 xúnmì ◇ seek, search for
寻找尋找 xúnzhǎo ◇ seek, look for, search for

寻 尋 xún ◇ seek, search, look for, try to find ◇ {unit of measure} xun (measure of length equal to eight chǐ 尺 "Chinese feet") ◇ Xun (surname)

找 找 zhǎo ◇ search, seek, look for, try to find ◇ want to see (sb), call on, approach, ask for ◇ give change (money)

巡逻巡邏 xúnluó ◇ patrol
巡 巡 xún ◇ patrol, tour, make the rounds ◇ measure word for a round (like of drinks)

逻 邏 luó ◇ patrol ◇ block, obstruct ◇ border, edge, fringe

循环循環 xúnhuán ◇ circulate, occur in cycles ◇ cycle, circulation
循 循 xún ◇ obey, abide by, comply with, follow ◇ proceed in order or rank ◇ make an inspection tour ◇ stroke, comfort

环 環 huán ◇ ring, ring-shaped object, loop, hoop ◇ link, connection ◇ surround, encircle ◇ {archery} ring or point (on a target) ◇ {chem} cyclic..., cyclo- ◇ Huan (surname)

循序渐进 循序漸進 xúnxùjiànjìn ◇ follow in order and proceed step by step, advance in regular order

循序循序 xúnxù ◇ in proper order
渐进 漸進 jiànjìn ◇ advance gradually, progress little by little, progress step by step ◇ gradual, progressive

询问詢問 xúnwèn ◇ inquire about, ask about ◇ questioning, interrogation ◇ {IT} query

训练訓練 xùnliàn ◇ train, exercise; training

Y

压力壓力 yālì ◇ pressure ◇ (mental) pressure; stress

压 壓 yā ◇ press, hold down, weigh down ◇ surpass, exceed ◇ keep under control, repress ◇ suppress, intimidate ◇ approach ◇ shelve, pigeon-hole ◇ stake or risk (money, etc.) on sth ◇ pressure (like blood pressure)

力 力 lì ◇ force, power, strength, ability ◇ physical strength ◇ do with all one's might ◇ contribution, service ◇ conscripted laborer ◇ Li (surname)

压迫壓迫 yāpò ◇ oppress ◇ constrict

迫 迫 pò ◇ force, compel ◇ urgent, pressing ◇ urge, press ◇ approach, be close to

压岁钱 壓歲錢 yāsùiqián ◇ a gift of money given to children on lunisolar New Year's Eve

压缩壓縮 yāsuō ◇ compress, condense ◇ reduce, curtail, cut down (like expenditures) ◇ {IT} (data) compression

压抑壓抑 yāyì ◇ restrain, suppress, constrain, inhibit, stifle ◇ pent-up, oppressive (feeling), depressed/depressing ◇ {psychology} repress; repression

抑 抑 yì ◇ put down, restrain, contain, control ◇ dismiss in disgrace ◇ lower, bend ◇ (untranslatable introductory particle; exclamatory particle)

压榨壓榨 yāzhà ◇ squeeze, press ◇ exploit, bleed

榨 榨 zhà ◇ press, extract, squeeze out ◇ press (for extracting oil, juice, etc.)

压制壓制 yāzhì ◇ suppress, inhibit ◇ {mechanical engineering} pressing

制 制 zhì ◇ regulate, control ◇ formulate, draw up, map out, work out ◇ restrain, restrict ◇ regulations, system ◇ make, manufacture

呀 呀 yā ◇ (expressing surprise, bewilderment, etc.) oh! really! ah! (used like 啊 after a syllable ending in a, e, i, o, or ü) ◇ {onom} creak, squeal (or similar sound of a door opening, etc.)

阿 阿 ā ◇ {regional} dear...(name prefix, used to form terms of endearment; prefix before a kinship term) ◇ Afghanistan (short form for Āfūhàn 阿富汗) ◇ A

(surname)

押金押金 yājīn ◇ deposit (of money), earnest money

鸦雀鴉雀 yāquè ◇ crow tit ◇ crows and sparrows

无声無聲 wúshēng ◇ silent, noiseless

鸦 鴉 yā ◇ crow (the bird)

雀 雀 què ◇ sparrow ◇ small bird

牙齿牙齒 yáchǐ ◇ tooth

牙 牙 yá ◇ tooth ◇ ivory ◇

sth shaped or acting like a tooth ◇ bite, gnaw ◇ {measure word}... slice(s) of...,... cut(s) of... (used for round or oval slices/sections of food, like slices of watermelon, pancakes, slices of eggs, etc.) ◇ middleman, broker ◇ Ya (surname)

齿 齒 chǐ ◇ tooth, teeth ◇ {mechanical engineering} tooth-like part of an object, tool, machine, etc. (like a comb, saw, sprocket, etc.) ◇ (of gears, cogs, etc.) toothed ◇ {written} one's age ◇ {written} speak of, mention

牙膏牙膏 yágāo ◇ toothpaste

亚军亞軍 yàjūn ◇ runner-up, number two, second-best

亚洲亞洲 Yàzhōu ◇ Asia

亚 亞 yà ◇ second (place) ◇ inferior, of lower quality ◇ sub- ◇ (short for Yàzhōu 亞洲/亚洲) Asia
洲 洲 zhōu ◇ continent ◇ islet, sandbar

淹没淹沒 yānmò ◇ submerge, flood ◇ drown ◇ waste, damage, neglect

淹 淹 yān ◇ submerge, flood ◇ drown ◇ (used like yān 腌) salt; cure, preserve (foods); marinate; pickle ◇ be soaked with sweat ◇ wide, broad (of learning) ◇ long (of time)

没 沒 méi ◇ not exist, not have, not be there, be without ◇ there is not ◇ not as... as ◇ not... than ◇ scarcely ◇ less than ◇ not yet ◇ did not I (used like méiyǒu 没有/没有)

烟花煙花 yānhuā ◇ fireworks ◇ {written} lovely spring scene ◇ {archaic} prostitute; pertaining to prostitution

爆竹 爆竹 bàozhú ◇ firecracker
 烟 煙 yān ◇ smoke, mist, thin fog, vapour ◇ tobacco, cigarette(s) ◇ soot ◇ opium
 花 花 huā ◇ spend, expend (money, energy) ◇ spend, take (time) ◇ flower, blossom ◇ flowering plant ◇ sth resembling a flower (like sparks, snowflakes, fireworks) ◇ fireworks ◇ design, decorative pattern ◇ flowery, florid, colourful ◇ multi-coloured, variegated ◇ ornate, showy ◇ unevenly coloured, patchy ◇ (of eyes) blurred (in vision) ◇ (of worn clothes) threadbare ◇ attractive but unreal or insincere ◇ (of men) promiscuous ◇ {meta-phor} pretty young woman ◇ prostitute ◇ having to do with prostitution ◇ cotton ◇ small grains, pieces, or drops ◇ {med} smallpox ◇ wound, battle scar ◇ Hua (surname)

严格嚴格 yángé ◇ stern, strict, rigorous ◇ tighten, make more strict (e.g., management, rules, etc.)
 严 嚴 yán ◇ tight, close ◇ stern, strict ◇ severe (like punishment, weather) ◇ father ◇ Yan (surname)
 格 格 gé ◇ {geometry} square ◇ {cinema} frame ◇ (of cloth, squared paper, etc.) checkered; (of a cabinet, etc.) divided ◇ pattern, standard, rule ◇ style, character, manner ◇ {grammar} case ◇ {written} hinder, impede, obstruct, resist ◇ examine, investigate ◇ {written} study sth thoroughly, delve into, probe into ◇ strike, hit, attack ◇ Ge (surname)
 严寒嚴寒 yánhán ◇ severe cold (weather)
 寒 寒 hán ◇ cold, chilly, frigid ◇ poor, impoverished ◇ tremble with fear, be terror-stricken ◇ humble, my humble... ◇ Han (surname)
 严禁嚴禁 yánjìn ◇ strictly prohibit
 禁 禁 jìn ◇ forbid, prohibit, ban ◇ take into custody, imprison, detain, put behind bars ◇ taboo, what is forbidden (by law, ethics, custom, etc.) ◇ (as forbidden area) Imperial grounds
 严峻嚴峻 yánjùn ◇ stern, severe, rigorous, grim
 峻 峻 jùn ◇ high, lofty, towering (of mountains) ◇ severe, stern, strict ◇ great, outstanding (like in virtue)
 严厉嚴厲 yánlì ◇ severe, stern
 严密嚴密 yánmì ◇ tight, close ◇ tight-knit, close-knit
 密 密 mì ◇ dense, thick, close ◇ close, intimate ◇ meticulous ◇ secret, confidential ◇ code, cipher ◇ {textiles} density ◇ Mi (place near Lingtai, Gānsù 甘肅/甘肅 Province) ◇ Mi (place near Mi County, Hénán 河

南 Province) ◇ Mi (surname)
 严肃嚴肅 yánsù ◇ serious, solemn
 严重嚴重 yánzhòng ◇ serious, critical, grave, severe ◇ seriously, critically, severely, badly
 重 重 zhòng ◇ weight; weighty, heavy, considerable (in amount or value) ◇ serious ◇ important, significant ◇ take seriously, value, lay stress on, attach importance to ◇ judicious, prudent, discreet

岩石岩石 yánshí ◇ rock (i.e. large stone)

延长延長 yáncháng ◇ extend, prolong, lengthen ◇ Yanchang (county, Shǎnxī)
 延 延 yán ◇ extend, prolong, lengthen ◇ delay, postpone ◇ engage (like a tutor, a doctor on a temporary basis) ◇ Yan (surname)
 长 長 cháng ◇ long; length ◇ (one's) strong point(s), forte ◇ be good at sth, be strong in sth ◇ surplus, spare, extra (in this meaning, formerly pronounced zhàng)
 延期延期 yánqī ◇ postpone, put off, defer, push back (a date) ◇ extend (a period of time)
 延伸延伸 yánshēn ◇ extend, be extended; extension
 延续延續 yánxù ◇ continue, go on
 续 續 xù ◇ continuous ◇ continue, extend ◇ add, increase ◇ remarry (after wife's death) ◇ Xu (surname)

沿海沿海 yánhǎi ◇ along the coast, coastal, littoral
 炎热炎熱 yánrè ◇ burning hot, blazing hot (weather)
 炎 炎 yán ◇ blazing hot (mostly of the weather) ◇ inflammation, -itis ◇ rising flames ◇ burn
 热 熱 rè ◇ hot ◇ ardent, fervent ◇ crave, be envious ◇ popular, in demand ◇ fad, craze, rage ◇ thermal ◇ {med} hot (one of the Eight Principal Syndromes, see Bā Gāng 八綱/八綱)

盐 鹽 yán ◇ (table) salt ◇ {chem} salt; saline ◇ Yan (surname)

研究研究 yánjiū ◇ research, do research on, study, examine ◇ consider, look into, discuss

言论言論 yánlùn ◇ speech
(comments or opinions on political or public matters)

言 言 yán ◇ speak, say, talk, mention ◇ word, speech, remark ◇ word/Chinese character ◇ {grammar, classical} untranslated sentence-initial particle (sometimes equivalent to "I") ◇ Yan (surname)

论 論 lùn ◇ discuss, talk about, comment on ◇ discussion, discourse (written or spoken) ◇ theory, doctrine ◇ mention, speak of, regard, consider ◇ judge, measure, appraise, decide on, determine ◇ by (a certain unit of measure), in terms of (the attributes of a thing) ◇ Lun (surname)

颜色顏色 yánsè ◇ colour ◇ facial expression

颜 顏 yán ◇ face, facial expression/appearance ◇ face, prestige ◇ colour ◇ (inscribed) tablet ◇ forehead ◇ Yan (surname)

色 色 sè ◇ colour ◇ look, expression, countenance ◇ kind, type, sort ◇ scene, sight, view ◇ (of merchandise, gold, etc.) quality, purity ◇ (mostly of women) good looks, attractive appearance ◇ sex, eroticism

掩盖掩盖 yǎngài ◇ cover (like with snow) ◇ conceal, cover up

掩 掩 yǎn ◇ cover, hide ◇ shut, close ◇ get caught (like a finger) in a door, under a lid, etc. ◇ attack by surprise

盖 蓋 gài ◇ lid, cover, cap ◇ shell, carapace ◇ canopy (of a carriage) ◇ cover (over), put over or on (like a cover, lid, blanket, etc.) ◇ affix (an official seal) ◇ overwhelm, surpass, drown out (a sound) ◇ build, put up (a structure with a roof) ◇ {regional, slang} excellent, terrific, great ◇ {agriculture, tool} rectangular harrow ◇ Gài (surname) ◇ for, because, in fact ◇ {written} about, around, approximately

掩护掩护 yǎnhù ◇ provide cover (for troops) ◇ cover, shield ◇ cover, camouflage

护 護 hù ◇ protect, guard, defend, shelter, shield ◇ {metaphor} be partial to sb, be on sb's side

掩饰掩饰 yǎnshì ◇ cover up, gloss over

饰 飾 shì ◇ decorate, adorn (literally or figuratively, like of writing) ◇ decoration, adornment ◇ play the part of

演变演变 yǎnbiàn ◇ develop, evolve; evolutionary changes (slowly, over a relatively long time)

演 演 yǎn ◇ develop, evolve ◇ deduce ◇ perform (like calculations), practice, drill ◇ performance ◇ act, perform ◇ damp, humid ◇ flowing along ◇ all the way (to a place)

变 變 biàn ◇ change ◇ change into, turn into ◇ cause change, transform ◇ changeable, variable ◇ sell off (like property) ◇ major turn of events

演出演出 yǎnchū ◇ perform, put on a performance ◇ performance

演讲演講 yǎnjiǎng ◇ give a lecture, deliver a speech ◇ lecture, speech

讲 講 jiǎng ◇ speak, say ◇ discuss, talk about ◇ explain ◇ attach importance to, stress, be particular about ◇ lesson, lecture

演习演習 yǎnxí ◇ maneuver, drill, exercise (as verb or noun)

习 習 xí ◇ practice, exercise ◇ be used to, be familiar with ◇ practice, custom, habit ◇ hover, circle (in flight) ◇ Xi (surname)

演绎演繹 yǎnyì ◇ demonstrate ◇ elaborate, develop (like a story) ◇

show, display ◇ deduction ◇ (of a song, work of art, etc.) adaptation, variation, reworking ◇ deduce (opposite of guīnà 歸納/归纳 "induce")

绎 繹 yì ◇ reel off silk ◇ unravel ◇ continuous

演员演員 yǎnyuán ◇ performer, actor, actress

员 員 yuán ◇ employee ◇ person performing a particular function, or engaged in a certain activity, profession, etc. ◇ {admin} member (of a committee, organization, etc.) ◇ {measure word} (used for military officers, and able/outstanding persons) ◇ border, perimeter

演奏演奏 yǎnzòu ◇ play a musical instrument (before an audience)

眼光眼光 yǎnguāng ◇ gaze, look, eye(s) ◇ sight, vision, view, way of looking at things, perspective ◇ foresight, insight, judgment ◇ power of discrimination, (one's) taste (mostly in reference to things that can be appreciated visually, rather than through the other senses)

眼睛眼睛 yǎnjīng ◇ eye

眼镜眼鏡 yǎnjìng ◇ eyeglasses,

spectacles

眼 眼 yǎn ◇ eye ◇ small hole; opening; eyelet ◇ sight, vision ◇ critical juncture, crux, key point ◇ {Chinese music} unaccented beat ◇ {measure word} (used for wells, springs, water taps, number of times one sees sth, cave dwellings, etc.)

镜 鏡 jìng ◇ a mirror ◇ lens, glass, glasses ◇ Jing (surname)

眼色眼色 yǎnsè ◇ perception, common sense ◇ meaningful glance

眼神眼神 yǎnshén ◇ the look in one's eyes ◇ eyesight ◇ meaningful glance (also pronounced "yǎnshen")

厌恶厭惡 yànwù ◇ detest, despise, loathe

宴会宴會 yànhuì ◇ banquet, dinner party (mostly a formal affair)

宴 宴 yàn ◇ banquet, feast ◇ comfort, ease

会 會 huì ◇ meeting ◇ meet with ◇ can, could ◇ understand, know (like a language) ◇ be able to ◇ will, be likely to, be possible, possibly ◇ moment, short while ◇ Hui (surname)

验收驗收 yànshōu ◇ examine and accept

验 驗 yàn ◇ examine, check, verify ◇ produce the expected or desired results ◇ expected or desired results ◇ test, experiment ◇ evidence, proof

收 收 shōu ◇ receive, accept ◇ collect ◇ harvest, gather in, bring in (crops)

验证驗證 yànzhèng ◇ verify, confirm

羊肉羊肉 yáng ròu ◇ mutton

阳光陽光 yángguāng ◇ sunlight ◇ {new usage, figurative} (of sb.'s appearance) outdoorsy, healthy and natural; (of sb.'s personality or manner) open and bright; active/energetic and positive; happy and optimistic ◇ {new usage, figurative} (of policies, etc.) public and transparent

阳 陽 yáng ◇ {philosophy, Chinese med} Yang (the male or positive

principle in nature, the opposite of Yin 陰/阴) ◇ the sun ◇ the south side of a hill ◇ the north side of a river ◇ convex, in relief ◇ open, outward, overt ◇ of this life, of this world, concerned with worldly living beings ◇ {physics} positive ◇ {physiology} the male genitalia, the (male) private parts ◇ Yang (surname)

光 光 guāng ◇ light, ray; the shine (from a light source) ◇ scenery, sight, view ◇ glory, credit, honour ◇ benefit, advantage ◇ {formal, honorific} you, your (presence, patronage, etc.) ◇ bring glory/honour to, glorify, shine upon ◇ shiny, bright; smooth, glossy, sleek ◇ (as a verb suffix) empty, exhausted, used up, finished ◇ bare, naked ◇ only, solely, merely ◇ Guang (surname)

阳台陽台 yángtái ◇ balcony, veranda ◇ rendezvous (for lovers)

台 台 tái ◇ (used like tái 臺/台 or tái 檯/台) platform, raised stand, stage, terrace, tower ◇ a stand, support ◇ broadcasting station ◇ table, desk, bench, counter ◇ station, service ◇ {measure word}... set(s) of...,... -performance(s)/-show(s) (used for performances, parties, plays, dramas, certain machines and equipment such as scales, pumps, cranes, TV sets, motors, sewing machines, microscopes and similar apparatus) ◇ [T-] (short for Táiwān 台灣/台湾) Taiwan ◇ Tai (surname)

养成養成 yǎngchéng ◇ foster, build up

养 養 yǎng ◇ support, care for (like a family), provide for ◇ raise, grow, keep, rear (animals, plants, etc.) ◇ acquire, contract, form (habits, etc.) ◇ nourish ◇ convalesce, recuperate ◇ refine, cultivate ◇ foster ◇ keep, maintain (in good shape/order) ◇ (of hair) let grow long ◇ Yang (a town during the Chūnqiū 春秋 Period [770-476 BCE] in Shenqiu, Hénán 河南 Province) ◇ Yang (surname)

成 成 chéng ◇ become, turn or change into ◇ fully developed, fully grown ◇ successfully finished ◇ be all right, okay ◇ achievement, fruits (of work, etc.) ◇ able, capable ◇ in considerable numbers or amounts ◇ ready-made, established ◇ 10% (e.g., sān chéng 三成 means "thirty percent") ◇ Cheng (surname)

氧气氧氣 yǎngqì ◇ oxygen

氧 氧 yǎng ◇ {chem} oxygen

气 氣 qì ◇ gas, air ◇ power ◇ vigour, spirit ◇ weather, climate ◇ thin clouds ◇ make angry ◇ get angry ◇ fate, destiny ◇ {Chinese philosophy} formative or creative spirit ◇ {Chinese med} qi, vital energy; functions (of internal organs); symptom (of a disease); nutrition

痒 癢 yǎng ◇ itch

样品 樣品 yàngpǐn ◇ sample, specimen

样 樣 yàng ◇ appearance, shape, form ◇ model, sample, pattern ◇ {measure word} (for kind or type of thing)

品 品 pǐn ◇ article, product, commodity ◇ class, grade, rank ◇ quality ◇ variety, type, kind ◇ moral character ◇ size up, appraise, comment, criticize ◇ taste (sth with discrimination), taste-test, sample, savour ◇ {written} play (wind instruments, esp. the vertical bamboo flute xiāo 簫/簫) ◇ Pin (surname)

样式 樣式 yàngshì ◇ style, type, pattern, form

式 式 shì ◇ style, type, fashion ◇ model, pattern, form ◇ ceremony, rite, ritual ◇ formula, equation ◇ {linguistics} mood

样子 樣子 yàngzi ◇ appearance, shape, form ◇ manner, look ◇ model, sample, pattern

子 子 zǐ ◇ son, child ◇ person ◇ (of melons, etc.) seed ◇ (of fowl, fish) egg, roe ◇ sth small and hard (pebble, bead, etc.) ◇ sub(ordinate) ◇ (in Chinese chess) a chess piece ◇ {history} viscount (the fourth of the five ranks of nobility) ◇ {respectful address} master, sir; Master... (suffix added to the names of ancient philosophers, such as Kǒngzǐ 孔子 "Confucius", Mèngzǐ 孟子 "Mencius") ◇ zi (first of the twelve Dìzhī 地支 "Earthly Branches") ◇ zi (11:00 p.m. to 1:00 a.m.; one of the twelve two-hour periods in a day) ◇ Zi (surname)

腰 腰 yāo ◇ waist ◇ {clothing} the waist (of pants, etc.) ◇ {pottery/porcelain} waist (of a vessel) ◇ pocket, purse ◇ the middle of sth ◇ geographical feature resembling the waist (like a strait) ◇ the kidney(s) ◇ string (of money, etc.)

邀请 邀請 yāoqǐng ◇ invite ◇ invitation

邀 邀 yāo ◇ invite ◇ receive (like a favour, etc.) ◇ seek, request ◇

block, intercept ◇ weigh

请 請 qǐng ◇ request, ask ◇ please ◇ invite; treat (sb to dinner, etc.) ◇ engage, hire, retain (a teacher, nurse, lawyer, fengshui consultant, etc.); send for (a doctor, etc.) ◇ {archaic} buy (incense, candles, and various other accessories for religious worship) ◇ call on, pay one's respects

摇 搖 yáo ◇ swing, sway, shake ◇ disturb, harass ◇ rising, ascending ◇ Yao (surname)

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摇摆 搖擺 yáobǎi ◇ swing, sway, rock
摆 擺 bǎi ◇ put, place, arrange, lay ◇ speak, put it, set forth, state clearly ◇ put on (airs), show off ◇ swing, sway, oscillate ◇ {physics} pendulum ◇ {clothing} (used like bǎi 襠/摆) lower hem of a garment ◇ {Buddhism} mass gathering or religious service during Buddhist festivals (in the Dǎi 傣 nationality areas of China)

摇滚 搖滾 yáogǔn ◇ rock and roll

滚 滾 gǔn ◇ roll, tumble ◇ (of water, smoke, etc.) roll in/along, billow, surge ◇ roll around in (as flour, snow); get increasingly bigger, snowball ◇ {abusive} beat it, buzz off, get lost ◇ boil ◇ {tailoring} apply (a border or trim to an edge)

谣言 謠言 yáoyán ◇ rumour

谣 謠 yáo ◇ ballad, rhyme ◇ rumour

言 言 yán ◇ speak, say, talk, mention ◇ word, speech, remark ◇ word/Chinese character ◇ {grammar, classical} untranslated sentence-initial particle (sometimes equivalent to "I") ◇ Yan (surname)

遥控 遙控 yáokòng ◇ remote control ◇ control or command from a distance

遥 遙 yáo ◇ far away, distant, remote

控 控 kòng ◇ control, command, dominate ◇ limit, restrict, curb ◇ prop up, suspend (like a leg to prevent swelling) ◇ turn sth upside down and let the liquid drain out from it ◇ {popular} complex (usu. in the sense of a perverse fondness for sth; sound borrowing from Japanese コン (kon), from English "complex")

遥远 遙遠 yáoyuǎn ◇ far away, distant, remote

咬 咬 yǎo ◇ bite, clench or clamp down on with the teeth ◇ (of a dog) bark ◇ incriminate others while being interrogated ◇ pronounce, enunciate ◇ nitpick (about the use of words) ◇ cause a rash (as an allergic reaction) ◇ rush to close in on, hurry to advance on

耀眼耀眼 yàoyǎn ◇ dazzling

药 藥 yào ◇ medicine, drugs, pharmaceuticals ◇ various chemicals (like gunpowder, solder, etc.) ◇ cure with drugs ◇ poison, kill (like rats, insects) ◇ {bot} Chinese herbaceous peony, *Paeonia lactiflora* ◇ Yao (surname)

要 要 yào ◇ want, need, desire ◇ demand, ask for, request ◇ must ◇ will, be going to ◇ need to, should ◇ it is necessary that..., one must... ◇ if ◇ if one hopes to..., in order to... ◇ (used in comparisons, for example 要比... yào bǐ or 比...要... bǐ...yào...), expresses a judgment/evaluation or highlights the difference ◇ important ◇ suppose that..., if, in case ◇ (yào..., yào...) either..., or... ◇ Yāo (surname) 要不要不 yàobù ◇ otherwise, or else ◇ (in the pattern 要不...要不...) either...or... ◇ {colloquial} (used to introduce a suggestion for a course of action in view of unexpected circumstances)

要点要點 yàodiǎn ◇ main point, gist ◇ important strongpoint, vital stronghold

点 點 diǎn ◇ point, dot, spot, stain ◇ drop (of a liquid) ◇ {math} (decimal) point ◇ {measure word} a little (of sth), some, a bit of... ◇ {measure word} point (also used for counting abstract items like proposals, comments, reasons) ◇ incline one's head, nod ◇ drip, administer in drops ◇ stain, tarnish ◇ {agriculture} dibble, plant in holes ◇ hint, point out, indicate ◇ ignite, light, kindle ◇ adorn, embellish ◇ choose, order (like a dish) ◇ point, spot (location) ◇ selected spots (in contrast to miàn 面 "the whole area") ◇ metal bell or clapper to announce the hour; hour, o'clock ◇ {grammar} (a bit) more... (shortened form of 一点 used after an adjective, e.g., kuài

diǎn 快點/快点 "faster") ◇ cakes, refreshments, snacks ◇ {printing} point (size of type, approx. 3.5 mm) ◇ point to ◇ touch lightly and very briefly ◇ {IT} click (=diǎnji 點擊/点击)

要命要命 yàomìng ◇ kill, take sb's life ◇ extreme(ly), terrible, terribly ◇ a bother/nuisance

要求要求 yāoqiú ◇ ask, request, require, call for ◇ demand, claim ◇ request, requirement ◇ {IT} (of computer software) the (hardware) requirements

要是要是 yàoshi ◇ if, in case

要素要素 yàosù ◇ important element, essential point, key factor

钥匙鑰匙 yàoshi ◇ a key (to a lock)

钥 鑰 yào ◇ key (to a lock) (as in yàoshi 鑰匙/钥匙 "key [to a door]")

匙 匙 chí ◇ spoon

爷爷爺爺 yéye ◇ grandfather (father's father) ◇ form of address for an elderly male ◇ (Yangzhou) uncle (father's younger brother)

也 也 yě ◇ also, too, as well ◇ (followed by a negative) (not) even ◇ nevertheless, still

也许也許 yěxǔ ◇ perhaps, maybe, possibly

许 許 xǔ ◇ praise ◇ promise ◇ allow, permit ◇ Xu (surname)

野蛮野蠻 yěmán ◇ savage, barbaric, barbarous, brutal

野 野 yě ◇ wild, crude, uncivilized ◇ wilderness ◇ field

蛮 蠻 mán ◇ uncivilized, unreasonable ◇ peoples from south China ◇ very, rather, quite

野心野心 yěxīn ◇ wild/audacious/evil ambition

业务業務 yèwù ◇ business, professional work, vocational work

业余業餘 yèyú ◇ spare-time, part-time, after hours ◇ amateur

业 業 yè ◇ line of business, trade, industry ◇ occupation, profession, employment, job ◇ school work, course of study ◇ cause, undertaking, enterprise ◇ estate, property ◇ {Bud-

dhism} karma ◇ {written} engage in
◇ {written} already

余 餘 yú ◇ surplus, remaining, left-overs ◇ (number, amount) odd, over ◇ after (e.g., after hours)

叶子葉子 yèzi ◇ leaf ◇ playing cards; card game

叶 葉 yè ◇ leaf, leaves, foliage ◇ sth resembling a leaf (like window blinds) ◇ (used like yè 頁/页) page/sheet/leaf (of a book, document, etc.) ◇ a phase during a historical period of time, or during a century ◇ Ye (surname) || (an old pronunciation is shè)

夜 夜 yè ◇ night, evening ◇ nightfall ◇ dark

液体液體 yètǐ ◇ liquid, fluid

液 液 yè ◇ liquid, fluid, juice

体 體 tǐ ◇ body ◇ substance (like solid, liquid) ◇ style (of writing or of Chinese characters)

页 頁 yè ◇ page, sheet, leaf (of a book, document, etc.) ◇ {measure word} (for a page, sheet, leaf [of a book, document, etc.])

一 一 yī ◇ one, 1 ◇ alone ◇ whole ◇ once... ◇ Yi (surname)

一般一般 yībān ◇ the same, like ◇ as... as... (followed by an adjective), equally ◇ a kind of ◇ common, ordinary, normal ◇ normally, in general ◇ on the whole, by and large

一辈子 一輩子 yībèizi ◇ lifetime, all one's life

辈 輩 bèi ◇ generation ◇ class, series of a kind, people of a certain kind ◇ lifetime ◇ {archaic} row of carriages

一边一邊 yībiān ◇ a/one side (e.g. of a room, a street, a divider, a person, a pancake, a triangle) ◇ an edge (e.g., of knife, a board, a computer screen) ◇ an aspect (like of a situation) ◇ aside, (off to) one side; beside ◇ at the same time, simultaneously; on the one hand... and at the same time... (precedes each verb) ◇ the...side (like in a negotiation or dispute) ◇ {colloquial}

just as, equally (followed by an adjective)

边 邊 biān ◇ side ◇ border, edge, fringe ◇ trim (as decoration) ◇ border, boundary ◇ location, place ◇ Bian (surname)

一旦一旦 yīdàn ◇ (in hypothetical clauses) once..., upon...; in the event that..., if and when, in case ◇ (in non-hypothetical clauses) now that (some sudden change has occurred) ◇ one day's time, a very short period of time
一点儿 一點兒 yīdiǎnr

◇ a bit, a little, some, a few ◇ a point ◇ {grammar} (a bit) more... (following an adjective, used to form the comparative, e.g., hǎo yī diǎnr 好一點兒/好一点兒 "[somewhat] better", dà yī diǎnr 大一點兒/大一点兒 "[a little] larger", etc.)

点儿 點兒 diǎnr ◇ drop (of liquid) ◇ dot, speck, spot ◇ {calligraphy} dot (stroke) ◇ decimal point ◇ {measure word} some..., a little bit of... (used for a small amount of sth) ◇ {Beijing dialect, slang} luck (mostly bad, as in diǎnr bèi 點兒背/点儿背 have bad luck)

一定一定 yīdìng ◇ fixed, determined, definite, regular, specific ◇ certainly, definitely, surely, necessarily ◇ must, be bound to ◇ certain, particular, given ◇ a fair amount of, a good deal of, considerable; proper, due

一度一度 yīdù ◇ once (in the past), at one time (in the past) ◇ for a time ◇ one time, once

一帆风顺 一帆風順 yīfānfēngshùn ◇ be smooth sailing ◇ (BrE: be plain sailing) ◇ have a smooth journey ◇ have a successful career

一帆

一共一共 yīgòng ◇ altogether

一贯一贯 yīguàn ◇ consistent, persistent (of thoughts, actions, policies, etc.)

贯 貫 guàn ◇ go/pass through, pierce, penetrate ◇ be linked/connected, follow in succession, (go ahead) one after another, go ahead successively ◇ {finance, historical} a string of 1,000 cash ◇ one's native place, ancestral home ◇ {written} a precedent, model case ◇ Guan (surname)

一会儿 一會兒 yīhuìr ◇ a while ◇ soon, in a while, shortly || (also sometimes pronounced yīhuǐr)

会儿 會兒 huìr ◇ short while, moment

一举两得 一舉兩得 yījǔliǎngdé

◇ dual-gain (situation) ◇ killing two birds with one stone

得 得 de ◇ {grammar} (as structural particle between verb/adjective and a following complement) able to...; to the degree of...(used after certain verbs to indicate ability, possibility, or achievement to a certain degree, e.g., wǒ kàn de hěn qīngchū 我看得很清楚 "I could see it clearly")

一流一流 yīliú ◇ of the same kind ◇ first-class (e.g., merchandise, professional, athlete, etc.) ◇ first-rate
一律一律 yīlǜ ◇ alike, uniform, the same ◇ all, without exception, in every case

一目了然 一目了然 yīmùliǎorán ◇ understand fully at a glance

一起一起 yīqǐ ◇ together ◇ in company, in unison ◇ from the outset ◇ all told, in all ◇ in the same place
一切一切 yīqiè ◇ all, everything, the whole ◇ the entire matter, the whole thing

一如既往 一如既往 yīrújìwǎng ◇ exactly the same as in the past, as before, as always

一丝不苟 一絲不苟 yīsībùgǒu ◇ not (be) the least bit negligent, (be) scrupulous about every detail, (be) conscientious and meticulous, (always) dot the i's and cross the t's, have a perfectionist attitude

丝 絲 sī ◇ silk, silk fabric(s), silk thread ◇ sth threadlike resembling silk (like copper wire, cobweb, etc.) ◇ {measure word} (used for sth very thin, like hair[s], light beam[s]) ◇ {food/cuisine} shreds (of meat, vegetable, etc.) ◇ {measure word} (used for abstract items like illusions, feelings, impressions, hope, etc.) ◇ one ten-thousandth of certain units of measure ◇ {unit of weight} 0.5 mg ◇ {unit of length} 3.3 micrometres ◇ a tiny (little) bit, very small quantity

不苟 不苟 bùgǒu ◇ careful, conscientious, not lax ◇ serious ◇ strict ◇ proper, upright, principled

一下一下 yīxià ◇ (used after a verb as its complement, indicates doing sth a short duration, or trying to do sth) ◇ (used after a verb as its complement, indicates a single occurrence of the action of the verb) once, one time ◇ a short while; in a short while; all at once, suddenly ◇ in one fell swoop, at one stroke, in one go

一向一向 yīxiàng ◇ have always (all along up to now), consistently ◇ all along (since we last met) ◇ period (of time in the past) ◇ in the same direction

一样一样 yīyàng ◇ identical, alike, the same ◇ [yī yàng] a type/kind/sort of...

样 樣 yàng ◇ appearance, shape, form ◇ model, sample, pattern ◇ {measure word} (for kind or type of thing)

一再一再 yīzài ◇ again and again, time and again, repeatedly (in the pattern yī... zài... 一...再...: with reduplicated verbs indicates repetition or long duration of the action, e.g., yī děng zài děng 一等再等 "wait and wait")

一直一直 yīzhí ◇ always, continuously, constantly, all along ◇ straight (ahead) ◇ a stage in a journey, a section of a road ◇ {calligraphy} vertical stroke

一致一致 yīzhì ◇ the same, identical, consistent ◇ unanimously

依旧依舊 yījiù ◇ as before, yet, still
依 依 yī ◇ rely on, depend on ◇ obey, comply ◇ according to, in the light of ◇ lean on/against ◇ snuggle up to ◇ luxuriant

旧 舊 jiù ◇ old, past ◇ former, previous

依据依據 yījù ◇ based on, according to ◇ basis, foundation ◇ depend on, rest upon

据 據 jù ◇ according to, based on ◇ depending on ◇ rely on, depend on ◇ occupy, seize, hold ◇ proof, evidence

依靠依靠 yīkào ◇ rely on, depend on ◇ cling to ◇ support, backing

依赖依賴 yīlài ◇ rely on, depend on ◇ be totally dependent or reliant

赖 賴 lài ◇ rely on, depend on ◇ tarry, linger ◇ deny one's error, disclaim responsibility ◇ accuse falsely ◇ blame ◇ no good ◇ Lai (surname)

依然 依然 yīrán ◇ as before, yet, still

依托依託 yītuō ◇ rely on, depend on ◇ support, backing ◇ use a certain excuse ◇ quote from (historical accounts, etc.)

医生醫生 yīshēng ◇ doctor, phy-

sician

医 醫 yī ◇ doctor, physician
◇ medicine, medical science ◇ treat, cure, heal

生 生 shēng ◇ give birth to ◇ live ◇ life ◇ unripe ◇ raw ◇ bear, deliver ◇ generate ◇ be born ◇ (of plants, roots, etc.) grow, emerge ◇ unripe ◇ raw, undercooked ◇ not cooked ◇ unprocessed, unrefined ◇ unfamiliar, unacquainted ◇ student (bound form, as in nǚshēng 女生 "female student", zhèngshìshēng 正式生 "regular student") ◇ suffix for various kinds or groups of people (like yīshēng 醫生/医生 "medical doctor") ◇ Sheng (surname)
医院醫院 yīyuàn ◇ hospital, clinic

院 院 yuàn ◇ courtyard, yard ◇ (character used to designate various government or public buildings) college, academy, institute, school ◇ branch of the government (like the Lìfǎyuàn 立法院 "Legislative Commission" of Taiwan)

衣服衣服 yīfu ◇ clothes, clothing
衣裳衣裳 yīshang ◇ clothes, clothing

仪器儀器 yíqì ◇ instrument, apparatus

仪 儀 yí ◇ instrument, device, apparatus ◇ ceremony, rite ◇ present, gift ◇ standard, norm ◇ manner, bearing, deportment, appearance ◇ mate, marry ◇ look forward to, yearn for ◇ Yi (surname)

器 器 qì ◇ instrument, tool, implement, utensil ◇ {physiology} organ ◇ talent, ability ◇ tolerance, patience, magnanimity, forbearance ◇ {regional} think highly of (a subordinate/junior)

仪式儀式 yíshì ◇ ceremony, function, rite, ritual

疑惑疑惑 yíhuò ◇ have doubts, be uncertain

疑问疑問 yíwèn ◇ question, doubt

疑 疑 yí ◇ doubt, suspect ◇ doubtful, questionable ◇ guess, conjecture

问 問 wèn ◇ ask, inquire ◇ send one's regards, inquire after (sb's health etc.) ◇ Wen (surname)

移动移動 yídòng ◇ move, shift ◇ mobile ◇ migration

移 移 yí ◇ move, shift ◇

change, transform, alter ◇ Yi (surname)

动 動 dòng ◇ move, budge ◇ get moving, move into action, stir, act ◇ touch, displace, alter the position/shape of ◇ motion, movement (in contrast to jìng 靜/静 "still, calm") ◇ alter, change, modify ◇ use, put into use, make use of ◇ touch, move, sway, stir up, excite, arouse (like feelings) ◇ consume (food or drink) (mostly used with the negative) ◇ frequently, often, at every turn, easily
移民移民 yímín ◇ migrate, immigrate ◇ migrant, immigrant ◇ resettle (even within the same country)

遗产遺產 yíchǎn ◇ inheritance ◇ legacy, heritage

遗传遺傳 yíchuán ◇ heredity

遗憾遺憾 yíhàn ◇ regret, be sorry ◇ be regrettable, be a pity ◇ deep regret, remorse

遗 遺 yí ◇ lose ◇ lost thing ◇ leave out, omit ◇ leave behind, hold back ◇ left behind by the deceased, posthumous ◇ {med} the emission of urine or semen (mostly involuntary) ◇ Yi (surname)

憾 憾 hàn ◇ regret; feel regretful; be regrettable ◇ {classical} hate; hatred, enmity

遗留遺留 yíliú ◇ leave behind, hand down

留 留 liú ◇ stay, remain behind ◇ cause/persuade to stay on ◇ study abroad ◇ take care, be careful, pay attention, concentrate on ◇ keep, retain, reserve, save ◇ accept, take (like a gift) ◇ let grow, wear (like a beard, hair, etc.) ◇ leave (like a note, a message, an impression, an inheritance, etc.) ◇ Liu (surname)

遗失遺失 yíshī ◇ lose (sth)

失 失 shī ◇ lose (in contrast to dé 得 "obtain, get") ◇ miss, let slip, lose out ◇ fail to achieve one's objective ◇ mistake ◇ change (from the norm) ◇ break (like a promise), neglect (like one's duty), fail to do

乙 乙 yǐ ◇ yi (the second of the ten Tiāngān 天干 "Celestial Stems") ◇ the second in a series, b (in the series a, b, c, d, etc.) ◇ the second watch of the night ◇ character used for "1" to prevent alteration, forgery, etc. ◇ Yi (surname)

以 以 yǐ ◇ in order to... ◇ take, use ◇ with, by means of, in, by (a

certain means or fashion), at (a certain speed or rate) ◇ (used before the object of verbs with the sense of giving)

◇ because, because of... (a certain reason, excuse), on account of, given ◇ based on, considering, relative to, from the point of view of (a measure, standard) ◇ Yi (surname) ◇ [Yǐ] Israel (used as short form for Yǐsèliè 以色列, e.g., Yǐ Jūn 以軍/以军 "the Israeli Army")

以便以便 yǐbiàn ◇ in order that, so that (the stated goal can be enabled/facilitated)

以及以及 yǐjí ◇ and, as well as, with, along with

以来以來 yǐlái ◇ since (a stated time or event)

来來 lái ◇ come, come hither ◇ arrive (of seasons, etc.) ◇ arise, crop up (of problems, etc.) ◇ cause to come, let come, I'll have... (used in ordering in a restaurant) ◇

cause to arrive or take place ◇ for the past (amount of time) ◇ in order to (take some action) ◇ (following numbers) approximately ◇ (verb suffix) ◇ Lai (surname)

以免以免 yǐmiǎn ◇ so as to avoid, so as not to..., lest

以前以前 yǐqián ◇ before, previously, formerly

以往以往 yǐwǎng ◇ former times, the past; formerly, before, in the past

以为以為 yǐwéi ◇ think, believe, consider ◇ think (subjectively/mistakenly), be under the impression that..., assume

为爲 wéi ◇ be, mean ◇ serve as, act as ◇ become, turn ◇ do, act ◇ seem, appear ◇ by ◇ Wei (surname)

以至以至 yǐzhì ◇ up to, down to, and even the extent of ◇ so...that...

以致以致 yǐzhì ◇ as a result, with the result that, consequently (often used to introduce a clause indicating an unsatisfactory result of the action of the preceding clause)

已经已經 yǐjīng ◇ already

已已 yǐ ◇ already (short for 已经/已经 yǐjīng)

经經 jīng ◇ through ◇ go through, pass through ◇ regular, frequent, constant ◇ the classics, the scriptures ◇ {physiology} men-

ses ◇ hang oneself ◇ Jing (surname) ◇ {Buddhism} sutra ◇ the warp (in fabric, in contrast to wěi 緯/纬 "woof") ◇ longitude ◇ lengthwise alignment

椅子椅子 yǐzi ◇ chair

义务義務 yìwù ◇ duty, obligation (in contrast to quánlì 權利/权利 "a right") ◇ voluntary (service, etc.) ◇ uncompensated work/service

亦亦 yì ◇ {written} also, too ◇ Yi (surname)

亿億 yì ◇ hundred million (100,000,000) ◇ {archaic} hundred thousand, 100,000 ◇ {classical} satisfied, content ◇ {classical} peaceful

异常異常 yìcháng ◇ unusual, extraordinary, abnormal ◇ exceptionally, exceedingly

异異 yì ◇ different ◇ unusual, strange, extraordinary ◇ surprise, astonishment ◇ other, another ◇ separate, part

常常 cháng ◇ common, normal, ordinary ◇ constant ◇ frequently, often, usually, always ◇ {written} morality, code of conduct, rule of behaviour, principle ◇ Chang (surname)

意见意見 yìjiàn ◇ opinion, idea, suggestion, view ◇ objection, complaint, criticism

意意 yì ◇ meaning, idea, thought, opinion ◇ desire, intention ◇ expect, anticipate ◇ suggestion, indication, hint, sign ◇ Italy; Italian (short for Yìdàlì 意大利)

见見 jiàn ◇ see, perceive ◇ be exposed to, come in contact with, meet with, call on ◇ show evidence of, appear/seem to be ◇ view, opinion, understanding ◇ {written} (as a particle, when preceding a verb indicates the passive voice, or the request towards sb to do sth for the writer)

意料意料 yìliào ◇ expect, anticipate, foresee

意识意識 yìshi ◇ consciousness, mentality, awareness, ideas ◇ (as a verb, usually followed by dào 到) be conscious of, be aware of, realize

识 識 shí ◇ know, recognize, understand ◇ knowledge, experience
 意思意思 yìsi ◇ meaning, idea, thought ◇ opinion, wish, desire ◇ (a gift, etc. given as) an expression of one's kind feelings, a token (of affection, appreciation, etc.) ◇ suggestion, indication, hint, sign ◇ interest, appeal, fun ◇ do sth as a token
 意图意图 yìtú ◇ intention; intend
 图 圖 tú ◇ picture, drawing, illustration, chart, map, diagram ◇ intention, plan, scheme; seek, covet, pursue ◇ law, standard ◇ TU (Soviet Tupolev aircraft-designator followed by digits) ◇ Tu (surname)
 意外意外 yìwài ◇ unexpected ◇ unforeseen (e.g., of an accident) ◇ accident, mishap
 意味着 意味着 yìwèizhe
 ◇ mean, signify, imply, point to
 意味着 意味着 yìwèizhe
 ◇ mean, signify, imply, point to
 意向意向 yìxiàng ◇ intention, purpose
 意义意義 yìyì ◇ meaning, sense, significance
 义 義 yì ◇ righteousness, justice ◇ righteous, just ◇ friendship, relationship ◇ adopted, adoptive ◇ false (teeth, hair, etc.); prosthetic (limb, etc.) ◇ meaning, sense, significance ◇ Italy ◇ Yi (surname)
 意志意志 yìzhì ◇ will, volition

 毅力毅力 yìlì ◇ will, willpower
 毅然毅然 yìrán ◇ resolutely, determinedly

 翼 翼 yì ◇ wing ◇ flank, side ◇ Yi (surname)

 艺术藝術 yìshù ◇ art (like literature, dance, singing) ◇ art, skill ◇ tasteful, in good taste

 议论議論 yìlùn ◇ comment (on), talk about, discuss ◇ discussion, comment Ⅰ (mostly refers to informally airing one's opinion on the good and bad points of a person or matter)

 因此因此 yīncǐ ◇ therefore, so, for this reason
 因而因而 yīn'ér ◇ thus, as a result

因素因素 yīnsù ◇ factor, element
 因为因為 yīnwèi ◇ because, on account of, for Ⅰ (often pronounced yīnwei)
 因 因 yīn ◇ because (of), on account of, due to ◇ therefore ◇ cause, reason ◇ Yin (surname)
 为 為 wéi ◇ be, mean ◇ serve as, act as ◇ become, turn ◇ do, act ◇ seem, appear ◇ by ◇ Wei (surname)

 阴 陰 yīn ◇ {philosophy, Chinese med} Yin (the female or negative principle in nature, the opposite of yáng 陽/阳) ◇ the moon ◇ the north side of a hill ◇ the south side of a river ◇ {meteorology} overcast, cloudy ◇ shade (of a tree, etc.) ◇ the back side ◇ concave ◇ in intaglio ◇ covert, hidden, secret, inward, underhand ◇ gloomy ◇ sinister, perfidious ◇ of the netherworld, otherworldly ◇ {physics} negative ◇ {physiology} the female genitalia ◇ Yin (surname)
 阴谋陰謀 yīnmóu ◇ conspire, plot ◇ conspiracy, plot, scheme, intrigue

 音响音響 yīnxiǎng ◇ sound (effects) ◇ stereo (system)
 音 音 yīn ◇ sound (especially musical) ◇ news, information, tidings ◇ syllable ◇ {physics} tone
 响 響 xiǎng ◇ make a sound, make a noise ◇ be loud/noisy/resounding ◇ (of a bell, alarm, etc.) sound, ring, go off
 音乐音樂 yīnyuè ◇ music
 乐 樂 lè ◇ happy, joyous, cheerful ◇ joy, happiness ◇ be glad to, take delight/pleasure in, enjoy ◇ be amused, laugh ◇ Le (surname)

 银 銀 yín ◇ silver ◇ silver (colour) ◇ pertaining to money ◇ Yin (surname)
 银行銀行 yínháng ◇ bank (financial institution)
 行 行 xíng ◇ go, walk; travel ◇ trip, journey ◇ be all right, will do ◇ be capable/competent ◇ do, carry out, implement, perform (an action) ◇ behaviour, conduct, actions ◇ be current, circulate ◇ running script ◇ temporary, improvised, makeshift ◇ {written} soon, shortly ◇ {literature} ballad, song ◇ {written} (of medication) take effect ◇ Xing

(surname)

引导引导 yǐndǎo ◇ guide, lead, conduct, show the way ◇ pilot (like a ship into a harbour) ◇ Taoist regimen ◇ a guard who shouts out to clear the way for an official passing
 引 引 yǐn ◇ pull, draw, stretch ◇ guide, lead
 导 导 dǎo ◇ guide, lead ◇ give guidance, guide, instruct, teach ◇ {electrical} conduct, transmit ◇ {theatre} direct (like the production of a play, movie)
 引起引起 yǐnqǐ ◇ give rise to, cause, touch off, trigger
 引擎引擎 yǐnqíng ◇ engine
 引用引用 yǐnyòng ◇ quote, cite ◇ quotation, citation ◇ recommend (like for office)

隐蔽隐蔽 yǐnbì ◇ take cover, conceal (like from enemy observation) ◇ screen ◇ (well-)concealed/hidden, out of sight; private
 隐 隐 yǐn ◇ hide, conceal ◇ latent, dormant, hidden ◇ invisible ◇ secret; privacy ◇ faint, indistinct ◇ (live) in seclusion ◇ {classical} mysterious ◇ avoid mentioning ◇ enigmatic language, riddle
 蔽 蔽 bì ◇ hide, conceal, cover, shelter ◇ summarize, generalize
 隐患隐患 yǐnhuàn ◇ hidden danger, hidden calamity, potential danger
 患 患 huàn ◇ trouble, disaster ◇ worry, anxiety, distress ◇ suffer from, contract (an illness)
 隐瞒隐瞒 yǐnmán ◇ deceive, withhold the truth from
 隐私隐私 yǐnsī ◇ privacy ◇ confidentiality ◇ private matters, personal secrets, things one wants kept secret
 私 私 sī ◇ private, personal ◇ selfish ◇ secret, confidential ◇ illegal, illicit, smuggled ◇ have an illicit love affair ◇ show favouritism ◇ everyday clothes ◇ private parts, genitals ◇ Si (surname)
 隐约隐约 yǐnyuē ◇ indistinct, faint, dim ◇ hidden (meaning)

饮料飲料 yǐnliào ◇ drink, beverage

饮 飲 yǐn ◇ (have a) drink ◇ drink (wine or other alcoholic beverages) ◇ sth to drink ◇ harbour, nurse, bottle up (grievances, resentment, hatred, etc.) ◇ {Chinese med} decoction to be taken cold ◇ watery phlegm/sputum
 料 料 liào ◇ material, stuff ◇ ingredients, makings ◇ data, information; content, material ◇ anticipate, expect, suppose ◇ deal with, attend to, take care of ◇ (grain) feed, fodder ◇ person with an aptitude for... (used in "shì (do sth) de liào" 是 (do sth) 的料 "have the makings of...; or [bù] shì zhè kuài liào [不]是这块料/[不]是这块料 [not] have what it takes) ◇ {measure word} (for pills of Chinese medicine) prescription ◇ {regional, agriculture} crop
 饮食飲食 yǐnshí ◇ food and drink, food and beverages, food ◇ diet (the things or type of things a person eats and drinks) ◇ eat and drink
 食 食 shí ◇ eat ◇ eating, dining ◇ meal, food (for humans) ◇ (animal) feed ◇ (used like shí 蝕/蚀) lose (money, capital, etc.) ◇ eclipse (of the sun or moon) ◇ Shi (surname)

印刷印刷 yìnshuā ◇ printing (of books, etc.); to print; printed, in print form
 印象印象 yìnxiàng ◇ impression (i.e. effect, feeling retained from an experience)

婴儿嬰兒 yīng'ér ◇ baby

应该應該 yīnggāi ◇ should, ought to, be supposed to, must; be right/proper; deserve to ◇ should (expressing a fairly confident conjecture or inference)

英俊英俊 yīngjùn ◇ (of a man) handsome and full of spirit, good-looking and vigorous ◇ {archaic} brilliant, eminently talented
 英明英明 yīngmíng ◇ wise, brilliant, sagacious (esp. of rulers, leaders)
 英雄英雄 yīngxióng ◇ hero, person of outstanding ability and bravery ◇ hero (like labour hero, people's hero) ◇ heroic
 英勇英勇 yīngyǒng ◇ heroic, out-

standingly brave

盈利盈利 yínglì ◇ profit, gain, earnings ◇ make a profit, make money (on sth)

营养营养 yíngyǎng ◇ nutrition, nourishment ◇ livelihood
营业营业 yíngyè ◇ do business ◇ business

赢赢 yíng ◇ win (in contrast to shū 输/输 "lose") ◇ reap a profit ◇ excessive, over

迎接迎接 yíngjiē ◇ greet, welcome ◇ meet (a challenge or demanding situation) ◇ get ready for, get prepared for sth

迎面迎面 yíngmiàn ◇ head-on, in the face

影响影响 yǐngxiǎng ◇ influence, affect, impact ◇ harm, impair, interfere with, undermine ◇ an influence, effect (often implies an undesirable or harmful effect) ◇ an interference, harm

影影 yǐng ◇ shadow, image ◇ trace, sign ◇ reflection ◇ photograph ◇ motion picture, movie ◇ video ◇ portrait of an ancestor ◇ shadow play ◇ hide, conceal ◇ sundial

影子影子 yǐngzi ◇ shadow, image ◇ a reflection (as in a mirror) ◇ a trace, a sign

应酬应酬 yìngchou ◇ have social engagements/functions; socialize, treat with courtesy ◇ social engagement (e.g., a dinner party one has to attend)

应应 yīng ◇ should, ought to, must ◇ answer, respond, reply ◇ agree, accept, promise ◇ Ying (surname)

酬酬 chóu ◇ {written} propose a toast ◇ repay a kindness, return a favour ◇ {economics} payment, salary, remuneration ◇ social engagements ◇ fulfil, realize

应付应付 yìngfù ◇ cope with, deal with, manage ◇ do perfunctorily ◇ get by, make do
付付 fù ◇ give, hand over, turn over, deliver, commit ◇ pay ◇ {measure word} (used like fù 副)... set(s) of...,... pair(s) of... (used for things in pairs like spectacles, or things in sets) ◇ a (certain) look/expression

(used to indicate a certain facial expression) ◇ Fu (surname)

应聘应聘 yìngpìn ◇ accept an offer of employment ◇ respond to a job advertisement

聘聘 pìn ◇ engage, invite ◇ hire (a professional) ◇ go on a diplomatic mission (in ancient times) ◇ betroth ◇ marry off (a girl)

应邀应邀 yìngyāo ◇ on invitation

邀邀 yāo ◇ invite ◇ receive (like a favour, etc.) ◇ seek, request ◇ block, intercept ◇ weigh

应用应用 yìngyòng ◇ apply, put to use ◇ applied (like science) ◇ application (such as a computer program)
用用 yòng ◇ use, employ, apply ◇ {formal} eat, drink ◇ Yong (surname)

硬硬 yìng ◇ hard (vs. soft) ◇ (of attitude) firm, tough ◇ obstinately, insistently ◇ (manage) with great effort ◇ able (person), quality (merchandise)

硬件硬件 yìngjiàn ◇ {IT, Mainland usage} (computer) hardware (TW usage: yìngtǐ 硬體/硬体)

庸俗庸俗 yōngsú ◇ (of a person or sb's thought, tastes, language, etc.) vulgar, crude, of low tastes, philistine

拥抱拥抱 yōngbào ◇ embrace, hug

拥拥 yōng ◇ embrace, hug ◇ gather round, crowd around ◇ crowd, throng, swarm ◇ support, uphold ◇ own, possess

抱抱 bào ◇ hug, embrace, hold in one's arms ◇ have (a child) for the first time; get (a grandchild) for the first time (i.e., become a grandparent for the first time) ◇ adopt (a child) band together (as a group) ◇ (of shoes, clothing) fit nicely ◇ harbour, cherish, have (e.g., hope, a certain attitude, etc.) ◇ {measure word}... armful(s) of...(used for sth one can wrap the arms around, like an armful of firewood, clothes, etc.) ◇ Bao (surname)

拥护拥护 yōnghù ◇ support, uphold (the leadership, government policies, etc.)

拥挤拥挤 yōngjǐ ◇ crowd, jam (of people, traffic, etc.) ◇ crowded, jammed

拥有擁有 yōngyǒu ◇ possess, have (large amounts of land, population, natural resources, property; or things of consequence such as nuclear weapons, wisdom, power, etc.)

有 有 yǒu ◇ there is (are, were, etc.); be there, exist ◇ have, own, possess ◇ You (surname)

勇敢勇敢 yǒnggǎn ◇ brave, courageous

勇气勇氣 yǒngqì ◇ courage

勇 勇 yǒng ◇ brave, courageous ◇ fierce ◇ local militia (esp. during the Qīng 清 Dynasty) ◇ press onward ◇ Yong (surname)

勇于勇於 yǒngyú ◇ dare to, have the courage to (followed by a verb)

永恒永恆 yǒnghéng ◇ eternal, everlasting, perpetual

永远永遠 yǒngyuǎn ◇ forever, always

永 永 yǒng ◇ eternal(ly), forever, always, perpetually, permanently ◇ Yong (surname)

远 遠 yuǎn ◇ far, distant, remote (in space/time) ◇ (of blood relationship, relatives) distant ◇ (of difference) far, by far ◇ not intimate, distant ◇ Yuan (surname)

涌现涌現 yǒngxiàn ◇ (of people or things) emerge in great numbers

涌现湧現 yǒngxiàn ◇ emerge in great numbers (of people or things)

踊跃踴躍 yǒngyuè ◇ enthusiastic(ally), fervent(ly) ◇ jump, leap

用 用 yòng ◇ use, employ, apply ◇ {formal} eat, drink ◇ Yong (surname)

用功用功 yònggōng ◇ study hard, study diligently ◇ studious, diligent, hardworking (at one's studies)

用户用戶 yònghù ◇ user, customer, subscriber, consumer

户 戶 hù ◇ door; family, household ◇ one's family status ◇ bank account ◇ {regional} capacity for liquor ◇ {measure word}... family/families of...,... household(s) of... (used for households, families, etc.) ◇ Hu (surname)

用途用途 yòngtú ◇ use, application

优点優點 yōudiǎn ◇ merit, strong point (in contrast to quēdiǎn 缺點/缺点 "shortcoming/drawback")

优惠優惠 yōuhuì ◇ favourable, preferential (e.g., policy, treatment) ◇ preference, privileges ◇ discount, deal, offer

优 優 yōu ◇ excellent, outstanding, superior (in contrast to liè 劣 "poor, inferior, low-grade") ◇ {literary} ample, abundant ◇ give preferential (or special) treatment ◇ {archaic} actor, actress (esp. in opera) ◇ {classical} in harmony, in concert ◇ {classical} weak, indecisive ◇ {classical} crack jokes ◇ {classical} leisurely ◇ You (surname)

惠 惠 huì ◇ a favour, benefit, kindness ◇ be kind (to sb), benefit (sb) ◇ (an honorific particle used in polite expressions) ◇ a three-pronged spear ◇ Hui (surname)

优美優美 yōuměi ◇ fine, exquisite

美 美 měi ◇ beautiful, pretty ◇ beautify ◇ good ◇ [M-] America ◇ the USA ◇ American

优胜劣汰 優勝劣汰 yōushèngliètài ◇ "the superior ones win out and the inferior ones get eliminated"—survival of the fittest; the fittest survive; select the superior and weed out the inferior

优胜優勝 yōushèng ◇ winning, superior

优势優勢 yōushì ◇ advantage, superiority, "edge," (have) the upper hand

优先優先 yōuxiān ◇ have priority, take precedence

先 先 xiān ◇ first, early, earlier, in advance ◇ for the time being ◇ deceased, late ◇ ancestors, forefathers, previous generations ◇ Xian (surname)

优秀優秀 yōuxiù ◇ outstanding, excellent

秀 秀 xiù ◇ the ear (of crops) ◇ delicate, elegant, beautiful ◇ excellent, outstanding ◇ show (sound-borrowing from English) ◇ Xiu (surname)

优异優異 yōuyì ◇ outstanding, excellent

优越優越 yōuyuè ◇ superior, favourable, advantageous ◇ comfortable and easy (of living conditions)

越 越 yuè ◇ exceed, surpass ◇
cross over (a wall, mountain, etc.) ◇ the
more... ◇ Yue (state during the Zhou Dynasty
in eastern Jiāngsū 江蘇/江苏 Province and later
in Jiāngsū 江蘇/江苏 Province and Shāndōng
山東/山东 Province) ◇ Yue (eastern Zhèjiāng
浙江 Province) ◇ Yue (surname) ◇ Vietnam

幽默幽默 yōumò ◇ humour ◇
quiet, silent

忧郁憂鬱 yōuyù ◇ melancholy, hea-
vy-hearted, somber, dejected

忧 憂 yōu ◇ worry ◇ concern,
sorrow, anxiety ◇ disease ◇ mourning
for a parent

郁 鬱 yù ◇ luxuriant (vegetation)
◇ pent-up (depression, anger) ◇ gloomy, de-
pressed ◇ smelling rotten ◇ {bot} the Chinese
bush cherry, *Prunus japonica*

悠久悠久 yōujiǔ ◇ long, long ago,
age-old

尤其尤其 yóuqí ◇ especially, particu-
larly, above all, more than ever

油腻油膩 yóunì ◇ oily, greasy; oily
or greasy food

油 油 yóu ◇ oil, fat, grease ◇
{figurative} (of a person) slippery, slick
◇ pomade ◇ apply oil (paint) or var-
nish ◇ be oily, oil-stained ◇ You (sur-
name)

膩 膩 nì ◇ greasy, oily (of foods)
◇ be bored with, be sick and tired ◇ careful,
meticulous ◇ sticky ◇ dirt, filth

油漆油漆 yóuqī ◇ (oil) paint

油炸油炸 yóuzhá ◇ fry in oil

游览遊覽 yóulǎn ◇ sight-see,
tour

游戏遊戲 yóuxì ◇ game, recreation
◇ play

游 遊 yóu ◇ travel, wander,
roam, saunter; wandering, roaming,
migrant ◇ befriend, be friends with,
have dealings with, associate with ◇
freely wield (e.g., one's sword), move
(e.g., one's eyes)

戏 戲 xì ◇ play, have fun, sport ◇
joke, make fun of ◇ {theatre} a drama, play,
opera, acrobatic show ◇ Xi (surname)

游泳游泳 yóuyóǒng ◇ swim

犹如猶如 yóurú ◇ just like, as if

犹 猶 yóu ◇ just like, just as ◇
still, yet, even ◇ You (surname)

如 如 rú ◇ like, as, as if ◇ accor-
ding to ◇ be as good as, equal, compare with
(often used in the negative) ◇ such as, for
example ◇ if ◇ {written} go to ◇ and, or ◇
Ru (surname)

犹豫猶豫 yóuyóu ◇ hesitate

豫 豫 yù ◇ {classical} hesitantly
◇ {classical} pleased, happy ◇ peaceful, com-
fortable ◇ beforehand, in advance ◇ Yu (name
for Hénán 河南 Province) ◇ {divination} Yu
(one of the sixty-four hexagrams in the Yìjīng
易經/易经 "Book of Changes") ◇ Yu (surname)

由 由 yóu ◇ from, because of,
thanks to, as a result of ◇ by, via,
through ◇ You (surname)

由于由於 yóuyóu ◇ because of, thanks
to, as a result of, due to

邮局郵局 yóujú ◇ post office

邮 郵 yóu ◇ mail, post ◇ fault,
error ◇ hold a grudge, blame ◇ You
(surname)

局 局 jú ◇ part, portion ◇ {ad-
min} bureau, department, office (e.g., post of-
fice, telephone office) ◇ shop ◇ {measure
word}... game(s) of... (used for sports events
like ping-pong, ball games, games of chess, etc.)
◇ chessboard ◇ chess game, state of play in a
chess game ◇ game, set, inning ◇ situation,
position, state of affairs ◇ breadth of mind,
magnanimity, tolerance ◇ gathering, party ◇
ruse, trap, trick ◇ restrain, constrain, restrict

友好友好 yǒuhǎo ◇ be friendly
◇ {formal} (close) friend

友谊友誼 yǒuyì ◇ friendship ◇ Yo-
uyi (former county in Hēilóngjiāng 黑龍
江/黑龙江 Province)

友 友 yǒu ◇ friend, ally; friend-
ly; befriend ◇ fraternal affection

誼 誼 yì ◇ friendship ◇ meaning
of a word

有 有 yǒu ◇ there is (are, were,
etc.); be there, exist ◇ have, own, pos-
sess ◇ You (surname)

有利有利 yǒulì ◇ advantageous, be-
neficial ◇ conducive gains

有名有名 yǒumíng ◇ famous, ce-
lebrated, well-known

有趣有趣 yǒuqù ◇ be interes-

ting/amusing/fascinating

有条不紊 有條不紊 yǒutiáobùwěn

◇ orderly, methodical

条 條 tiáo ◇ {measure word} (used for long, thin objects) ◇ {measure word}... item(s) (used for certain items, such as news, certain people, etc.) ◇ long narrow piece ◇ twig ◇ article (e.g. of a law), clause; condition ◇ string, stripe, slip ◇ long and narrow in pattern; streak ◇ order; in good order

又 又 yòu ◇ again ◇ also ◇ on the other hand... ◇ then (indicating one action happening right after another) ◇ (in the pattern 又...又... yòu...yòu...) both... and...

右边右邊 yòubian ◇ right (hand) side

右 右 yòu ◇ right (-hand side) ◇ west ◇ Right (in contrast to Left [progressive, revolutionary]) ◇ advocate, uphold ◇ help, protect ◇ urge (sb to eat or drink) ◇ You (surname) 边 邊 biān ◇ side ◇ border, edge, fringe ◇ trim (as decoration) ◇ border, boundary ◇ location, place ◇ Bian (surname)

幼儿园 幼兒園 yòu'éryuán ◇ {Mainland usage} kindergarten, nursery school

幼 幼 yòu ◇ young ◇ children ◇ nurture (i.e. children)

幼稚幼稚 yòuzhì ◇ infantile, childish (often figurative)

诱惑誘惑 yòuhuò ◇ lure, entice, tempt, seduce ◇ attract, fascinate

诱 誘 yòu ◇ guide, induce ◇ lure, entice

惑 惑 huò ◇ be confused, puzzled, baffled, doubtful ◇ mislead, delude ◇ be in doubt (about sth) ◇ {Buddhism} worry, vexation

于是於是 yúshì ◇ thereupon, subsequently, at that ◇ because of that, so, then, hence, as a result, consequently || (the pattern "X, 於是/于是 Y" expresses that event Y happened in close succession to event X, and often—but not always—implies that X led to Y)

娱乐娛樂 yúlè ◇ recreation, amuse-

ment, entertainment

娱 娛 yú ◇ pleasure, enjoyment, amusement

乐 樂 lè ◇ happy, joyous, cheerful ◇ joy, happiness ◇ be glad to, take delight/pleasure in, enjoy ◇ be amused, laugh ◇ Le (surname)

愉快愉快 yúkuài ◇ happy, merry, cheerful, joyful

愚蠢愚蠢 yúchǔn ◇ stupid, foolish

愚昧愚昧 yúmèi ◇ ignorance ◇ ignorant

渔民漁民 yúmín ◇ fisherman

渔 漁 yú ◇ catch fish, fish ◇ take sth unlawfully or wrongfully

民 民 mín ◇ the people, populace

舆论輿論 yúlùn ◇ public opinion

鱼 魚 yú ◇ (a) fish ◇ Yu (surname) ◇ (a propitious symbol as homophone of yú 餘/余 "surplus, abundance")

与 與 yǔ ◇ with, and, together with ◇ give, offer ◇ associate with, have contacts with ◇ support, assist, commend, praise ◇ {written} wait for, await

与其與其 yǔqí ◇ {grammar} rather than... (the following clause contains an expression meaning "it would be better to," like bùrú 不如, hái bùrú 還不如/还不如 or wú nìng 毋寧/毋宁)

其 其 qí ◇ his, her, its, their ◇ he, she, it, they ◇ that, such ◇ this... ◇ Qi (surname)

与日俱增 與日俱增 yǔrìjùzēng ◇ grow day by day, be on the increase, increase daily

宇宙宇宙 yǔzhòu ◇ cosmos, universe

羽毛球 羽毛球 yǔmáoqiú ◇ badminton ◇ shuttlecock

羽绒服 羽絨服 yǔróngfú ◇ down coat

羽 羽 yǔ ◇ feather, plume ◇

birds ◇ (also used as measure word for birds) ◇ wings (of birds or insects) ◇ feathers on an arrow ◇ float (on fishing line) ◇ Yu (surname)

绒 絨 róng ◇ {textiles} down, villus; fabric with nap or pile on one side; fine embroidery floss

服 服 fú ◇ clothing, garments ◇ wear, put on (clothes) ◇ take (medicine) ◇ assume (a post), serve (in the military, a prison sentence, etc.) ◇ submit oneself to, obey ◇ cause to accept, convince ◇ be used to, accustomed to ◇ Fu (surname)

语法語法 yǔfǎ ◇ grammar

语 語 yǔ ◇ language, words ◇ speak, say ◇ saying, idiom ◇ signal, sign (language)

法 法 fǎ ◇ law ◇ method, way, style ◇ model after, pattern after, follow ◇ model, standard ◇ {Buddhism} dharma ◇ tricks, magic ◇ (short for Fǎjiā 法家) the Legalist school (of thought) ◇ (short for Fǎguó 法國/法国) France; French ◇ {physics, unit of measure} Farad ◇ Fa (surname)

语气語氣 yǔqì ◇ manner of speaking ◇ {grammar} mood, mode

语言語言 yǔyán ◇ language

寓言寓言 yùyán ◇ fable, allegory

愈 愈 yù ◇ better, superior ◇ more and more, even more, still more

欲望慾望 yùwàng ◇ desire, wish, lust

玉 玉 yù ◇ jade ◇ pure, beautiful ◇ Yu (surname)

玉米玉米 yùmǐ ◇ corn, maize

遇到遇到 yùdào ◇ encounter, meet with, come across

预报預報 yùbào ◇ forecast, prediction (mostly of the weather, meteorological phenomena)

预订預訂 yùdìng ◇ subscribe (to a magazine, etc.), order (a book, etc.), book (a ticket, etc.)

预防預防 yùfáng ◇ guard against, prevent, take precautions against

预 預 yù ◇ beforehand, in

advance ◇ participate in, take part in 防 防 fáng ◇ guard against, take precautions against, be on the alert, prevent ◇ defend, guard, protect ◇ dike, embankment ◇ Fang (surname)

预料預料 yùliào ◇ anticipate, expect, foresee

预期預期 yùqī ◇ anticipate, expect; anticipation, expectation

期 期 qī ◇ term, period of time ◇ phase/stage (of a project) ◇ scheduled time, set time ◇ {measure word}... issue(s) of...,... class(es) of... (used for things produced periodically, like issues of a magazine/newspaper, and for classes of students) ◇ set up/schedule (an appointment, etc.) ◇ expect, await, hope (for), anticipate, look forward to ◇ Qi (surname)

预算預算 yùsuàn ◇ budget

算 算 suàn ◇ calculate, figure ◇ count, include ◇ plan, plot, calculate ◇ infer, think ◇ regard as, consider as ◇ count, be important ◇ {colloquial} (when followed by le 了) drop it, forget it ◇ (in the patterns "Verb + duōshao suàn duōshao 多少算多少", "Verb + dào nǎr suàn nǎr 到哪兒算哪兒/到哪儿算哪儿", etc.: "just 'Verb' as much [or far, etc.] as one can", "see how much [or how far, etc.] one can 'Verb' [and then call it a day]")

预习預習 yùxí ◇ prepare a lesson (of a student)

预先預先 yùxiān ◇ beforehand, in advance

预言預言 yùyán ◇ predict ◇ prediction, prophecy

预兆預兆 yùzhào ◇ omen, portent, presage

兆 兆 zhào ◇ {numeric} million, mega- (as in zhàohè 兆赫 "megahertz", zhàowǎ 兆瓦 "megawatt") ◇ {esp. TW usage, esp. in finance} trillion (wànyì 萬億/万亿, esp. in budget statistics, etc.) ◇ omen, sign ◇ foretell ◇ divine (on tortoise shells) ◇ begin, commence ◇ {IT} (short for zhàozìjié 兆字節/兆字节 "megabyte") ◇ Zhao (surname)

冤枉冤枉 yuānwang ◇ to wrong, treat unjustly ◇ wrong, injustice ◇ not worth the effort

元 元 yuán ◇ first, original ◇ chief, leading ◇ fundamental, primary ◇ yuan (unit of Chinese currency) ◇ Yuan Dynasty (1271-1368) ◇ Yuan (surname)

元旦元旦 Yuándàn ◇ New Year's Day (according to the Western calen-

dar)

元首元首 yuánshǒu ◇ head of state ◇ the Emperor ◇ the head
 元素元素 yuánsù ◇ essential or key element ◇ {math} element, member (of a set) ◇ chemical element
 元宵节 元宵節 Yuánxiāojié ◇ the Lantern Festival (the fifteenth day of the first lunisolar month)
 元宵元宵 yuánxiāo ◇ the evening of the fifteenth day of the first lunisolar month, the evening of the Lantern Festival ◇ sweet glutinous rice flour dumpling (prepared for the Lantern Festival)
 节 節 jié ◇ festival, holiday ◇ knot, joint ◇ {measure word}... section(s) of... (used for sections, lengths of sth, periods, paragraphs, etc.) ◇ moral integrity, chastity ◇ abridge, shorten ◇ economize, save, restrain, exercise restraint ◇ economical, frugal ◇ item, issue ◇ {unit of measure} knot (sea speed) ◇ Jie (surname)

原告原告 yuángào ◇ the plaintiff ◇ the prosecutor
 原来原來 yuánlái ◇ original, former, old ◇ originally, formerly ◇ so, after all, what-do-you-know; as it turns out; wouldn't you know it,...
 原 原 yuán ◇ source, origin ◇ original, former, previous ◇ originally, formerly ◇ primeval ◇ raw, crude, unprocessed ◇ forgive, pardon ◇ open country, plain, plateau, steppe ◇ in fact, actually ◇ forgive, excuse ◇ Yuan (surname)
 原理原理 yuánlǐ ◇ (underlying) principle, the way sth works, (fundamental) rule, theory
 原谅原諒 yuánliàng ◇ excuse, forgive
 谅 諒 liàng ◇ excuse, make allowances for, forgive ◇ expect, presume ◇ honest, sincere ◇ Liang (surname)
 原料原料 yuánliào ◇ raw material
 原始原始 yuánshǐ ◇ original, firsthand ◇ primitive, primeval, virgin
 原先原先 yuánxiān ◇ original, former
 原因原因 yuányīn ◇ cause, rea-

son

原则原則 yuánzé ◇ principle, fundamental rule, tenet
 则 則 zé ◇ {written, formal} then (in a consequence clause, as in xìn zé yǒu, bù xìn zé wú 信則有,不信則無/信則有,不信則無 "if you believe in them, then they exist; if you don't believe, then they don't exist" or jì lái zhī zé ān zhī 既來之則安之/既來之則安之 "since we are here, we may as well make the best of it") ◇ whereas, while, on the other hand, for his/her/its/their part (used after a subject to indicate a contrast with the subject of the preceding clause) ◇ {classical} be (equivalent to shì 是 or nǎishì 乃是) ◇ rule, regulation, law ◇ {measure word} (used for items of writing, like news items, fables, questions on a test, etc.)

员工員工 yuángōng ◇ staff, employees, personnel
 员 員 yuán ◇ employee ◇ person performing a particular function, or engaged in a certain activity, profession, etc. ◇ {admin} member (of a committee, organization, etc.) ◇ {measure word} (used for military officers, and able/outstanding persons) ◇ border, perimeter
 工 工 gōng ◇ work, labour; worker, labourer ◇ (construction/engineering) project ◇ industry ◇ (short for gōngchéngshī 工程師/工程师) engineer ◇ man-day ◇ craftsmanship, workmanship, skill ◇ be expert at, be good at, be versed in, be skilled in (like the arts) ◇ excellent, exquisite ◇ {Chinese music} "gōng" (3rd note in the traditional Chinese musical scale gōngchěpǔ 工尺譜/工尺谱); musician

园林園林 yuánlín ◇ park, garden
 园 園 yuán ◇ garden, orchard or similar place where plants are grown ◇ park or similar place of public recreation ◇ Imperial tombs
 林 林 lín ◇ woods, forest, grove ◇ group, circles, world ◇ forestry ◇ numerous, abundant ◇ Lin (surname)

圆 圓 yuán ◇ round, circular ◇ a circle ◇ fully, satisfactorily; realize (a dream), have (a dream) come true ◇ Yuan (unit of Chinese currency) ◇ Won (unit of Korean currency) ◇ Yen (unit of Japanese currency) ◇ Chinese coin

圆满圓滿 yuánmǎn ◇ satisfactory, perfect, complete, successful

源泉源泉 yuánquán ◇ source, fountainhead

缘故緣故 yuángù ◇ cause, reason

缘緣 yuán ◇ cause, reason ◇ because, on account of ◇ fate, predestined relationship, natural affinity ◇ along, following ◇ edge, periphery ◇ border, hem (of a garment)

故故 gù ◇ incident, happening, event, happening, accident ◇ reason, cause ◇ intentionally, deliberately, on purpose ◇ {grammar} hence, therefore, consequently ◇ former, previous, old ◇ friend, acquaintance ◇ (of a person) die, pass away

远遠 yuǎn ◇ far, distant, remote (in space/time) ◇ (of blood relationship, relatives) distant ◇ (of difference) far, by far ◇ not intimate, distant ◇ Yuan (surname)

愿望願望 yuànwàng ◇ wish, desire, aspiration

愿願 yuàn ◇ wish, desire ◇ be willing ◇ vow ◇ (I) wish that..., may...

望望 wàng ◇ look or gaze into the distance, look far ahead ◇ visit, call on ◇ hope, expect, look forward to ◇ prestige, renown ◇ towards, in the direction of ◇ (of age) approaching, near, almost ◇ resentment, enmity ◇ shop sign (on a flagpole) ◇ full moon ◇ the fifteenth (occasionally sixteenth or seventeenth) day of a lunisolar month ◇ Wang (surname)

愿意願意 yuànyì ◇ be willing ◇ wish, want

意意 yì ◇ meaning, idea, thought, opinion ◇ desire, intention ◇ expect, anticipate ◇ suggestion, indication, hint, sign ◇ Italy; Italian (short for Yìdàlì 意大利)

约会約會 yuēhui ◇ make an appointment to meet, agree to meet ◇ social engagement, date

约束約束 yuēshù ◇ restrain, bind

约約 yuē ◇ approximately, about ◇ make an appointment, arrange to meet, arrange a date ◇ invite, ask ◇ agreement, treaty ◇ restrict, restrain, bind ◇ frugal, thrifty, economical ◇ brief, simple, succinct ◇ {math} re-

duce (a fraction)

束束 shù ◇ tie, bind, bundle ◇ control, restrain ◇ {math} pencil ◇ beam, bundle (of light, etc.) ◇ {measure word}... sheaf(s) of...,... bundle(s) of...,... bunch(es) of...,... bouquet(s) of... (used for things that are tied together in bunches, like straw, flowers, vegetables with stalks, etc.) ◇ Shu (surname)

乐器樂器 yuèqì ◇ musical instrument

乐樂 lè ◇ happy, joyous, cheerful ◇ joy, happiness ◇ be glad to, take delight/pleasure in, enjoy ◇ be amused, laugh ◇ Le (surname)

岳母岳母 yuèmǔ ◇ mother-in-law (wife's mother) ◇ Mother of Yue Fei

岳嶽 yuè ◇ (variant of 岳) high mountain ◇ {mythology} sacred mountain

母母 mǔ ◇ mother ◇ female elders ◇ female (of animals, in contrast to gōng 公 "male") ◇ nut (for bolt, screw) ◇ origin ◇ Mu (surname)

月月 yuè ◇ month ◇ moon ◇ Yue (surname)

月亮月亮 yuèliang ◇ the moon

越越 yuè ◇ exceed, surpass ◇ cross over (a wall, mountain, etc.) ◇ the more... ◇ Yue (state during the

Zhou Dynasty in eastern Jiāngsū

江蘇/江苏 Province and later in Jiāngsū

江蘇/江苏 Province and Shāndōng 山

東/山东 Province) ◇ Yue (eastern Zhè-

jiāng 浙江 Province) ◇ Yue (surname)

◇ Vietnam

阅读閱讀 yuèdú ◇ read

晕暈 yūn ◇ dizzy, giddy ◇ faint, swoon, pass out, lose consciousness

云雲 yún ◇ cloud(s) ◇ numerous ◇ high, tall ◇ Yúnnán 雲南/云南 Province ◇ Yun (surname)

允许允許 yǔnxǔ ◇ to permit, grant, authorize ◇ permission, authorization

允允 yǔn ◇ allow, consent,

permit ◇ promise ◇ approve ◇ fair, equitable

孕育孕育 yùnyù ◇ give birth to, be pregnant with ◇ {figurative} breed, create, be full of, be fraught with

熨 熨 yùn ◇ iron/press (clothes)

蕴藏蕴藏 yùncáng ◇ contain, store, hold in store ◇ have deposits/reserves of ◇ have a reservoir of

蕴 蕴 yùn ◇ contain, have within, hold in store ◇ profound, inside (as information) ◇ reserved and refined, temperate, well-controlled (as in yùnjié 蕴藉/蕴藉 "reserved and refined, temperate, well-controlled") ◇ muggy, sultry ◇ fragments of hemp

藏 藏 cáng ◇ hide, conceal ◇ store, hoard, collect, lay in ◇ Cang (surname)

运动運動 yùndòng ◇ sports ◇ physical exercise ◇ motion ◇ movement, campaign, drive ◇ Ⅱ (in the pronunciation "yùndong": campaign, canvass, wangle support)

运气運氣 yùnqì ◇ fate, destiny ◇

good luck, good fortune

运输運輸 yùnshū ◇ transport, carry, convey

运算運算 yùnsuàn ◇ {math} mathematical operation, calculation

运 運 yùn ◇ motion, movement, freight ◇ convey, transport ◇ use, apply ◇ luck, fortune, fate ◇ Yun (surname)

运行運行 yùnxíng ◇ (of heavenly bodies, vehicles, wheels, etc.) move, be in motion ◇ {figurative} function, run, be in operation ◇ (of software on a computer) run, operate

行 行 xíng ◇ go, walk; travel ◇ trip, journey ◇ be all right, will do ◇ be capable/competent ◇ do, carry out, implement, perform (an action) ◇ behaviour, conduct, actions ◇ be current, circulate ◇ running script ◇ temporary, improvised, makeshift ◇ {written} soon, shortly ◇ {literature} ballad, song ◇ {written} (of medication) take effect ◇ Xing (surname)

运用運用 yùnyòng ◇ use, apply (skillfully, cleverly)

酝酿醞釀 yùnniàng ◇ ferment, brew (literally or figuratively) ◇ deliberate

Z

杂技雜技 zájì ◇ acrobatics (including trick bicycle riding, juggling, diabolo, balancing bowls on the head, tightrope walking, contortion, etc.)

杂 雜 zá ◇ mixed, miscellaneous ◇ mix, mingle

技 技 jì ◇ skill, ability, method; know-how, trick

杂交雜交 zājiāo ◇ crossbreed, hybridize

交 交 jiāo ◇ hand over, deliver, give ◇ meet, come together ◇ intertwine ◇ make friends with, interact with friends ◇ friendship, social intercourse ◇ (of humans) have sexual intercourse; (of animals) mate ◇ mutual(ly), reciprocal(ly) ◇ transaction, business deal

杂志雜誌 zázhi ◇ (news, etc.) magazine

志 誌 zhì ◇ ambition, aspiration, ideal, will ◇ remember, keep in mind ◇ (written) record of events, annals, history ◇ weigh, measure ◇ resolve, determination ◇ {archery} the target

砸 砸 zá ◇ hit (sth with a heavy object), bang, pound; tamp; (of a heavy object) fall on ◇ break, smash ◇ {colloquial} (mostly as a verbal complement of result) failed, bungled, messed up

咋 咋 zhà ◇ {dialect, onom} loud ◇ ostentatious, boastful ◇ garrulous (as in zhāhu 咋呼 "cry out/shout loudly, make a display [of one's authority/ability]", and in zhāla 咋啦 [also zhāla 咋啦] "talk too much and too loud") | (also pronounced zhā)

怎么 怎麼 zěnmě ◇ how, in what way, by what means ◇ why, how come, how is it that... ◇ what? (used to preface a sentence, expressing surprise, incredulity, etc.)

栽培栽培 zāipéi ◇ cultivate (literally of plants or figuratively of people)

灾害災害 zāihài ◇ calamity, disaster
灾 災 zāi ◇ calamity, disaster, catastrophe ◇ (one's) misfortune

害 害 hài ◇ harm, injury, damage ◇ disaster ◇ harmful, injurious, destructive, damaging ◇ impair, damage, cause trouble to, harm sb, kill or murder sb ◇ contract a disease or illness, suffer from ◇ be, feel (afraid, shy, etc.)

灾难災難 zāinàn ◇ calamity, disaster,

catastrophe, suffering

宰 宰 zǎi ◇ slaughter (animals) ◇ {informal} overcharge, fleece, rip off (a customer) ◇ rule, govern ◇ {Chengdu dialect} chop, cut ◇ {archaic} government official ◇ burial mound ◇ Zai (surname)

再 再 zài ◇ again, once more ◇ further, more ◇ time and again, repeatedly ◇ no matter how... (followed by an adjective or verb, usually with dōu 都 or yě 也 in the following clause)
再见再見 zàijiàn ◇ good-bye, see you again ◇ meet again

见 見 jiàn ◇ see, perceive ◇ be exposed to, come in contact with, meet with, call on ◇ show evidence of, appear/seem to be ◇ view, opinion, understanding ◇ {written} (as a particle, when preceding a verb indicates the passive voice, or the request towards sb to do sth for the writer)

再接再厉 再接再厲 zàijiēzàilì ◇ "re-sharpen one's weapons and fight again"—make unremitting efforts, make sustained and redoubled efforts ◇ persistently, staunchly

厉 厲 lì ◇ strict, rigid, stringent ◇ stern, harsh, violent, severe ◇ epidemic ◇ the ends of a sash or belt that hang down ◇ place to ford a stream ◇ disaster, calamity ◇ cruel, oppressive ◇ evil spirit, demon ◇ whetstone ◇ Li (surname)

再三再三 zàisān ◇ time and again, repeatedly

在 在 zài ◇ in, on, at ◇ exist, be present, be alive ◇ be in a certain category or class (as in zài suǒ bùmiǎn 在所不免 "is [one of those things that is] unavoidable") ◇ Zai (surname)

在乎在乎 zàihu ◇ care about, mind (often in the negative) ◇ lie in, rest with, depend on

在意在意 zàiyì ◇ (usu. in the negative) take notice of; care about; mind; take to heart

在于在於 zàiyú ◇ lie in, rest with ◇ depend on ◇ be up to (sb)

咱们咱們 zánmen ◇ we (including the speaker and the audience) ◇

{regional} you (to express a cordial tone; also used by mothers when speaking to their babies) ◇ {regional} I
咱 咱 zán ◇ we/us (including the person/persons addressed), you and I

们 們 men ◇ (suffix added to pronouns or personal nouns to indicate the plural, e.g., wǒmen 我們/我们 "we"; rénmen 人們/人们 "people"; used for humans only)

攒 攢 zǎn ◇ accumulate, collect ◇ save, hoard

暂且暫且 zànjiǔ ◇ for the time being, for the present

暂 暫 zàn ◇ for a short time, of short duration, temporary ◇ temporarily ◇ for the time being

且 且 qiě ◇ for now, for the time being, for the moment ◇ just, now ◇ now... (to introduce a new thought) ◇ moreover... ◇ and also... ◇ even... ◇ {regional, including Beijing} (in the pattern 且... verb... 呢) for a long time, for quite some time ◇ Qie (surname)

暂时暫時 zànshí ◇ temporarily, for the time being, for the present; temporary, tentative, transient || {TW pronunciation} zhànshí

赞成讚成 zànchéng ◇ approve of, be in favour of ◇ pro ◇ agree with a view ◇ {literary} help bring to completion

赞 贊 zàn ◇ help, support, assist, aid ◇ guide, introduce ◇ Zan (surname)

成 成 chéng ◇ become, turn or change into ◇ fully developed, fully grown ◇ successfully finished ◇ be all right, okay ◇ achievement, fruits (of work, etc.) ◇ able, capable ◇ in considerable numbers or amounts ◇ ready-made, established ◇ 10% (e.g., sān chéng 三成 means "thirty percent") ◇ Cheng (surname)

赞美讚美 zànměi ◇ praise, eulogize, glorify

美 美 měi ◇ beautiful, pretty ◇ beautify ◇ good ◇ [M-] America ◇ the USA ◇ American

赞叹讚歎 zàntàn ◇ gasp with admiration, acclaim

赞助讚助 zànzhu ◇ sponsor, support, assist ◇ sponsorship, support, assistance

助 助 zhù ◇ help, aid, assist ◇ benefit

脏 髒 zāng ◇ dirty, filthy

糟糕糟糕 zāogāo ◇ terrible, messy, bad ◇ in a terrible mess, bad and unlucky ◇ oh no

糟蹋糟蹋 zāotà ◇ spoil, ruin ◇ insult, ravage ◇ rape ◇ (also read "zāotà")

遭受遭受 zāoshòu ◇ suffer, sustain (misfortune, harm)

遭殃遭殃 zāoyāng ◇ meet with a disaster or calamity

遭遇遭遇 zāoyù ◇ encounter, meet with (misfortune, an accident, difficulties, a setback, the enemy) ◇ sth encountered, experience (usu. a bad one)

早上早上 zǎoshang ◇ in the morning ◇ (early) morning

噪音噪音 zàoyīn ◇ noise

造成造成 zàochéng ◇ create, cause, give rise to, bring about, result in

造型造型 zàoxíng ◇ mold, model ◇ molding ◇ shape, styling (like of a piece of pottery, a car, etc.) ◇ {theatre} characterization

则 則 zé ◇ {written, formal} then (in a consequence clause, as in xìn zé yǒu, bù xìn zé wú

信则有,不信则无/信则有,不信则无 "if you believe in them, then they exist; if you don't believe, then they don't exist" or jì lái zhī zé ān zhī 既来之则安之/既来之则安之 "since we are here, we may as well make the best of it") ◇ whereas, while, on the other hand, for his/her/its/their part (used after a subject to indicate a contrast with the subject of the preceding clause) ◇ {classical} be (equivalent to shì 是 or nǎishì 乃是) ◇ rule, regulation, law ◇ {measure word} (used for items of writing, like news items, fables, questions on a test, etc.)

责备責備 zébèi ◇ reproach, reprove
责怪責怪 zéguài ◇ blame, call account

責 責 zé ◇ responsibility, duty ◇ demand, insist on ◇ interrogate, question ◇ reproach, reprove ◇ punish

怪 怪 guài ◇ strange, unusual, odd, peculiar, eccentric, weird, queer ◇ wonder at, find strange, be surprised ◇ {colloquial} rather..., quite... ◇ a demon, evil spirit, monster ◇ blame/reproach sb ◇ Guai (surname)

責任責任 zérèn ◇ responsibility, duty ◇ accountability

任 任 rèn ◇ appoint, assign, engage ◇ let, permit, allow ◇ assume office, hold office, take up a post ◇ an official post, office or duty ◇ bear, face (sth) ◇ {measure word}... term(s) of... (used for the term of an official position) ◇ no matter (how/what/if...)

賊 賊 zéi ◇ thief ◇ traitor, rebel ◇ evil, dishonest ◇ crafty, wily, cunning ◇ harm, ruin, be injurious ◇ kill, murder ◇ extremely

怎 怎 zěn ◇ why, how
么 麼 me ◇ (a suffix, as in shénme 甚麼/什么 "what?")

怎么样 怎麼樣 zěnmeyàng
◇ What? How? How come? How about?; what, what kind of... (asking for a description, account, etc.) ◇ terribly good, terribly well (used in the negative)

增加增加 zēngjiā ◇ increase, augment, raise, add

增添增添 zēngtiān ◇ add, increase, replenish

赠送赠送 zèngsòng ◇ present as a gift

贈 贈 zèng ◇ present as a gift
送 送 sòng ◇ give as a present ◇ send, deliver ◇ accompany (like a guest to the door)

扎 扎 zhā ◇ stick, prick (with a needle, thorn, etc.) ◇ {regional} plunge into (like water, a crowd, one's studies) ◇ draft beer ◇ (beer) mug, stein; pitcher (for beverages)embroider ◇ in-

ject, inoculate

扎 紮 zhā ◇ {military} (of troops) pitch (a tent, camp, etc.); be stationed/quartered

扎实扎實 zhāshi ◇ solid, sturdy, durable ◇ sound, solid (of one's work, learning, etc.) || (in Traditional characters, also written 紮實)

扎实紮實 zhāshi ◇ {TW usage} (equivalent to zhāshi 扎实/扎实) solid, sturdy, durable ◇ sound, solid (of one's work, learning, etc.)

渣 渣 zhā ◇ dregs, sediment ◇ bits, pieces

眨 眨 zhǎ ◇ wink, blink

诈骗詐騙 zhàpiàn ◇ swindle, cheat

摘 摘 zhāi ◇ pluck, pick, take off ◇ take off (hat, glasses, necktie etc.) ◇ select (like extracts, excerpts) ◇ borrow money to meet an emergency ◇ reprimand, reprove

摘要摘要 zhāiyào ◇ {literature} summary, abstract, digest ◇ summarize, make an abstract, write a digest (lit. "pick the important points")

窄 窄 zhǎi ◇ narrow || (opposite of kuān 寬/宽 "wide")

债券債券 zhàiquàn ◇ {finance} bond, debenture

债 債 zhài ◇ debt, financial obligation ◇ borrow ◇ rent

券 券 quàn ◇ certificate, coupon, voucher ◇ ticket ◇ {classical} contract; deed

沾光沾光 zhānguāng ◇ benefit from an association with sb or sth

瞻仰瞻仰 zhānyǎng ◇ look at reverently, pay respects to the deceased

粘贴粘貼 zhāntiē ◇ paste, glue

粘 粘 nián ◇ (used like nián 黏) sticky, glutinous ◇ stick, glue, paste ◇ seal up (like an envelope) ◇ Nian (sur-

name)

贴 貼 tiē ◇ attach, paste, stick, glue ◇ keep/nestle close to, cling to ◇ help out (financially), finance, subsidize; subsidy, grant, allowance ◇ {measure word}... strip(s) of...(used for band-aid, sticking plaster, etc.)

展开展開 zhǎnkāi ◇ open up, unfold, unroll, spread, expand ◇ deploy, launch, get (a job, task, etc.) underway

展 展 zhǎn ◇ open, unfold ◇ get the most out of, give full play to ◇ extend, prolong ◇ exhibit, put on display ◇ state, declare ◇ inspect, observe ◇ blot up (like water) ◇ Zhan (surname)

开 開 kāi ◇ open, open up, reclaim ◇ turn on (a light, the TV, a switch, etc.), be on ◇ operate, run (a machine, etc.) ◇ boil (water), boiled (water) ◇ lift (a restriction, ban, etc.) ◇ (of troops) move (in...) ◇ start, begin, set up (like a restaurant, shop, etc.) ◇ hold (a meeting, party, etc.) ◇ write, make out (like a prescription, receipt) ◇ pay (wages, a salary, etc.) ◇ (of a waterway) thaw, become navigable ◇ {regional} kick out, sack, fire ◇ (as a verb suffix)... far and wide; start (doing sth) ◇ rough percentage, approximate proportion ◇ {printing} folio (unit of paper size) ◇ Kai (surname)

展览展覽 zhǎnlǎn ◇ exhibition ◇ exhibit, display

览 覽 lǎn ◇ look, see ◇ read ◇ Lan (surname)

展示展示 zhǎnshì ◇ reveal, show, display, exhibit

展望展望 zhǎnwàng ◇ look into the distance, look ahead, look to the future ◇ outlook, forecast, prospect, vista

展现展現 zhǎnxiàn ◇ unfold before one's eyes, emerge ◇ show, display 现 現 xiàn ◇ appear, become visible/manifest, manifest (itself), be revealed ◇ present, current, concrete; now ◇ at the time, extemporaneous ◇ ready, on hand (like cash)

崭新嶄新 zhǎnxīn ◇ brand-new

崭 嶄 zhǎn ◇ towering, rising high ◇ {dialect} great, super, swell

新 新 xīn ◇ new ◇ modern, contemporary ◇ recently married ◇ newly, recently, lately ◇ Xin (surname)

斩钉截铁 斬釘截鐵 zhǎndīngjiétiě ◇ "cut a nail and sever iron"—firm

and decisive, categorical, unequivocal; resolute, with firm determination

截 截 jié ◇ cut, sever ◇ cut, slice ◇ {measure word}... segment(s) of...,... section(s) of...,... slice(s) of... (used for sections cut from a longer piece, like from a pipe, a rope, a cucumber, etc.) ◇ stop, stem, intercept ◇ by, up to (a certain time)

铁 鐵 tiě ◇ iron ◇ ironclad ◇ hard or strong as iron ◇ fast/tight (friends) ◇ Tie (surname)

占 佔 zhàn ◇ occupy ◇ account for, make up, constitute ◇ seize, take by force ◇ keep, preserve, protect, guard, watch over

占据佔據 zhànjù ◇ occupy, hold, take over (esp. illegally)

据 據 jù ◇ according to, based on ◇ depending on ◇ rely on, depend on ◇ occupy, seize, hold ◇ proof, evidence

占领佔領 zhànlǐng ◇ seize, capture, occupy (like territory)

领 領 lǐng ◇ collar (of a garment) ◇ neck ◇ outline, essentials ◇ lead, guide ◇ possess, control, have jurisdiction over ◇ receive, draw (like pay) ◇ accept ◇ comprehend, grasp ◇ {measure word} (used for mats, robes, upper garments, etc.)

占线佔線 zhànxian ◇ the (telephone) line is busy

线 線 xiàn ◇ line, thread, wire, string ◇ {math} line ◇ sth shaped like a line or thread ◇ ray ◇ route, line (of a bus, subway, etc.) ◇ {figurative, political} line ◇ boundary, demarcation line, dividing line ◇ verge, brink ◇ clue, lead, thread ◇ {measure word} (for abstract things indicating the slightest degree, or a tiny amount/chance [like of hope, preceded by the number yī 一])

战斗戰鬥 zhàndòu ◇ fight, battle ◇ combat ◇ action ◇ militant ◇ fighting

战略戰略 zhànlüè ◇ strategy (in a war); strategic

战 戰 zhàn ◇ war, fight, battle ◇ go to war, fight, battle ◇ shudder, tremble ◇ Zhan (surname)

略 略 lüè ◇ brief ◇ summary, outline ◇ slightly, somewhat ◇ omit, leave out, simplify, abbreviate ◇ plan, stratagem ◇ seize, capture (mostly territory) ◇ {classical} border, boundary

战术戰術 zhànshù ◇ tactics (of war)

战役戰役 zhànyì ◇ campaign, battle

役 役 yì ◇ corvee, forced labour
 ◇ (compulsory) military service ◇ use as a servant ◇ servant ◇ battle, campaign, war ◇ {archaic} border defender
 战争戰爭 zhànzhēng ◇ war, warfare

站 站 zhàn ◇ stand, take a stand
 ◇ stop, cease; a stop, station ◇ service centre, service station ◇ {measure word}... stop(s) of... (used for the stops of a train/bus) ◇ {IT} (short for wǎngzhàn 網站/网站) website

张 張 zhāng ◇ open, spread, stretch; extend a bow ◇ magnify, exaggerate ◇ look, glance ◇ {measure word}... sheet(s) of... (used for flat things like a sheet of paper, a table, etc.) ◇ {M} (for mouth, face) ◇ Zhang (surname)

章程章程 zhāngchéng ◇ rules, regulations, constitution (of an organization)

掌握掌握 zhǎngwò ◇ grasp, understand ◇ keep abreast of, keep informed on ◇ possess; have a good command of, master ◇ control, have in one's hands, have (sth) in hand, have (sth) under control; take into one's hands

涨 漲 zhǎng ◇ rise (like of water, prices)

长辈長輩 zhǎngbèi ◇ one's senior, person of the elder generation

丈夫丈夫 zhàngfu ◇ husband

帐篷帳篷 zhànpéng ◇ a tent
 帐 帳 zhàng ◇ canopy, tent, (mosquito) net ◇ {TW usage} (when used for 賬/账) account; ledger, account book | (in Mainland usage, zhàng 帳/帐 only means "tent" and cannot be used for zhàng 賬/账 "account")
 篷 篷 péng ◇ awning, covering (made of bamboo, reeds or canvas and mostly for a boat, car) ◇ a sail ◇ a boat

账户賬戶 zhànghù ◇ {accounting} an account (such as a customer who always places orders) ◇ a bank account

障碍障礙 zhàng'ài ◇ obstacle, obstruction, barrier ◇ obstruct
 障 障 zhàng ◇ obstruct, hinder ◇ obstruction, barrier
 碍 礙 ài ◇ obstruct, hinder, block, be in the way ◇ deter

招标招標 zhāobiāo ◇ invite bids (for a contract)

招 招 zhāo ◇ beckon, wave, summon (with the hand), gesture ◇ recruit, enroll, enlist ◇ attract (sth bad), invite (trouble, etc.), incur ◇ attract, draw (like attention), court (sb) ◇ {regional} infect, get infected ◇ admit, confess ◇ trick, move ◇ a move (in chess) ◇ Zhao (surname)

标 標 biāo ◇ mark, sign, symbol, label, standard, quota ◇ label, tag ◇ prize ◇ symptom, outward appearance (in contrast to the basis or foundation of sth) ◇ tender, bid ◇ treetop ◇ biao (military unit during the late Qīng 清 Dynasty)

招待招待 zhāodài ◇ receive, entertain (like guests, customers) ◇ treat (sb) to, provide (sth) on the house ◇ waiter, waitress

招聘招聘 zhāopìn ◇ advertise job vacancies, invite job applications (esp. for professionals), recruit applicants

招收招收 zhāoshōu ◇ recruit, enroll (workers, students, etc.)

朝气蓬勃 朝氣蓬勃 zhāoqìpéngbó ◇ full of vigour and vitality

朝 朝 cháo ◇ towards, facing... ◇ court (of emperor, king, etc.) ◇ dynasty ◇ {history} capital (from which the emperor rules the empire); reign of an emperor; pay respects, have an audience with; spring audience with the Emperor (during the Hàn 漢/汉 Dynasty) ◇ North Korea (short for Cháoxiǎn 朝鮮/朝鲜) ◇ Chao (surname)

气 氣 qì ◇ gas, air ◇ power ◇ vigour, spirit ◇ weather, climate ◇ thin clouds ◇ make angry ◇ get angry ◇ fate, destiny ◇

{Chinese philosophy} formative or creative spirit
 ◇ {Chinese med} qi, vital energy; functions
 (of internal organs); symptom (of a disease);
 nutrition
 蓬勃 蓬勃 péngbó ◇ flourishing, vigorous

着火着火 zháohuǒ ◇ catch fire
 着火着火 zháohuǒ ◇ catch fire
 着急着急 zháojí ◇ worried, excited,
 distressed, anxious ◇ worry, be/become
 anxious (and impatient); be in a
 rush; be anxious to, be impatient/in a
 hurry to ◇ become agitated/upset ||
 [TW pronunciation zhāojí]

着凉著凉 zháoliáng ◇ catch a cold
 着 著 zhe ◇ {grammar} (verb suf-
 fix, comparable to "-ing", indicating that an ac-
 tion is in progress); be -ing (used to indicate a
 state that is presently in existence and ongoing
 [e.g., mén kāizhe 門開著/门开着 "the door is
 open"]) ◇ (used after verbs or adjectives to
 make them more emphatic in meaning)... in-
 deed ◇ (used as a suffix to form certain prepo-
 sitions) (like shùnzhē 順著/顺着 "along", cháo-
 zhē 朝著/朝著 "facing, towards", etc.)
 凉 凉 liáng ◇ cool, cold ◇ discoura-
 ged, disheartened ◇ Liang (surname)
 着迷著迷 zháomí ◇ be fascina-
 ted, be spellbound, be captivated

找 找 zhǎo ◇ search, seek, look
 for, try to find ◇ want to see (sb), call
 on, approach, ask for ◇ give change
 (money)

沼泽沼泽 zhǎozé ◇ marsh, bog
 沼 沼 zhǎo ◇ natural pond,
 marsh
 泽 泽 zé ◇ marsh, swamp, low-
 lying damp area ◇ wet, damp ◇ shine, luster
 (of metals, pearls, jade, etc.) ◇ kindness, grace
 ◇ rain and dew

召开召開 zhàokāi ◇ convene ◇
 call, hold (e.g., a meeting, conference)
 召 召 zhào ◇ summon, beckon,
 gather ◇ convene, call together ◇ in-
 spire, guide ◇ an Imperial decree ◇ a
 temple, monastery ◇ Zhao (surname
 among the Dǎi 傣 nationality)

照 照 zhào ◇ shine, illuminate
 ◇ to, towards, in the direction of ◇ re-
 flect (in a mirror) ◇ take a picture,
 film ◇ picture, photo ◇ certificate, li-

cense, permit ◇ look after, take care
 of, attend to ◇ notify, give notice ◇
 contrast ◇ know, understand ◇ accor-
 ding to, in light of ◇ (before a one-syl-
 lable verb, and often in the pattern
 "zhào Verb bù wù" 照 Verb 不误/照
 Verb 不误) in spite of it, just the same,
 still continue to...

照常照常 zhàocháng ◇ as usual
 照顾照顾 zhàogù ◇ give consi-
 deration to, take into account, make al-
 lowances for ◇ look after, care for,
 take care of ◇ keep an eye on ◇ patro-
 nize (a store)

顾 顧 gù ◇ (turn the head and)
 look at ◇ pay attention to, take care of, attend
 to, take into account ◇ pay a visit, call on ◇ a
 customer, client, patron ◇ {grammar, written}
 however, but, nevertheless ◇ instead, on the
 contrary, in lieu ◇ Gu (surname)

照片照片 zhàopiàn ◇ pho-
 to(graph), picture, print

照相机 照相機 zhàoxiàngjī
 ◇ camera

照相照相 zhàoxiàng ◇ take a pho-
 tograph/picture

机 機 jī ◇ a machine, engine ◇
 an aircraft, plane ◇ an opportunity, chance, oc-
 casion ◇ {chem, food} organic ◇ important
 business/affairs (like affairs of state) ◇ an in-
 tention, idea ◇ smart, clever

照样照樣 zhàoyàng ◇ (do sth) af-
 ter a certain pattern or model ◇ just
 the same, as ever, as before

样 樣 yàng ◇ appearance, shape,
 form ◇ model, sample, pattern ◇ {measure
 word} (for kind or type of thing)

照耀照耀 zhàoyào ◇ shine, illu-
 minate, brighten, light up

遮挡遮擋 zhēdǎng ◇ block, obst-
 ruct ◇ cover

遮 遮 zhē ◇ cover, block the
 view ◇ block, obstruct, hide ◇ con-
 ceal, cover up

挡 擋 dǎng ◇ keep off, ward off ◇
 obstruct, obscure, get in the way of ◇ shield
 against, block, keep out ◇ fender, blind, shade
 ◇ {automotive} gear(s) ◇ {instrument} grada-
 tion, grading

哲学哲學 zhéxué ◇ philosophy

哲 哲 zhé ◇ wise, sagacious ◇
 wise man, sage ◇ wisdom

学 學 xué ◇ learn, study ◇ imitate,

copy, mimic ◇ scholarship, learning, education, study, knowledge, science ◇ subject (of study), (academic) discipline, branch of learning ◇ school, college

折 折 zhé ◇ break, fracture, snap ◇ lose, be deprived of, suffer (like casualties) ◇ bend, twist, turn ◇ turn back, change direction ◇ be won over, become persuaded, become convinced, admire ◇ change into, convert into, amount to ◇ discount, rebate ◇ (of a musical drama) an act ◇ the turning stroke (in a Chinese character) ◇ (in Traditional character text usually written as zhé 摺) fold (sth) ◇ accordion-like booklet or folder with a slipcase ◇ book or booklet for keeping accounts ◇ ledger booklet ◇ Zhe (surname)
折磨折磨 zhémo ◇ torment, mistreat, torture
折腾折腾 zhēteng ◇ {colloquial} toss and turn ◇ turn from side to side ◇ do sth over and over again ◇ mess with, fool around with ◇ torment, torture ◇ cause physical and mental suffering ◇ go through a lot of trouble ◇ spend freely
腾 腾 téng ◇ gallop, run, jump, prance ◇ rise, ascend ◇ make room, vacate, clear out ◇ (used after a verb indicates repeated action of the verb)... again and again,...repeatedly ◇ Teng (surname)

这 这 zhè ◇ this, these (mostly preceding a measure word or number)

着 著 zhe ◇ {grammar} (verb suffix, comparable to "-ing", indicating that an action is in progress); be -ing (used to indicate a state that is presently in existence and ongoing [e.g., mén kāizhe 門開著/门开着 "the door is open"]) ◇ (used after verbs or adjectives to make them more emphatic in meaning)... indeed ◇ (used as a suffix to form certain prepositions) (like shùnzhe 順著/顺着 "along", cháoze 朝著/朝着 "facing, towards", etc.)

侦探偵探 zhēntàn ◇ do detective work, spy ◇ detective
偵 偵 zhēn ◇ investigate, scout,

reconnoiter ◇ (criminal) investigation
探 探 tàn ◇ seek, explore ◇ a scout, a spy ◇ visit, call on ◇ stretch or lean (the head, upper body) forward ◇ in advance, beforehand ◇ be concerned with, take an interest in

斟酌斟酌 zhēnzhuó ◇ consider, deliberate ◇ pour wine

珍贵珍貴 zhēnguì ◇ precious, valuable ◇ value
珍 珍 zhēn ◇ precious, valuable, rare ◇ treasure, valuable thing ◇ treasure, value highly ◇ delicacies
贵 贵 guì ◇ expensive, costly, high-priced ◇ valuable, precious ◇ noble, of high status, of high rank, honorable ◇ {formal, honorific} your (surname, company etc.) ◇ (short for Guìzhōu 貴州/贵州) Guizhou Province ◇ Gui (surname)
珍惜珍惜 zhēnxī ◇ treasure, cherish
珍稀珍稀 zhēnxī ◇ rare and precious
珍珠珍珠 zhēnzhū ◇ pearl

真 真 zhēn ◇ real, true, genuine ◇ really, truly ◇ sincere ◇ Zhen (surname)

真理真理 zhēnlǐ ◇ truth

真实真實 zhēnshí ◇ real, true, genuine, authentic

实 實 shí ◇ real, true, authentic, actual, honest, sincere ◇ solid, full ◇ reality, truth, fact ◇ surely, for sure ◇ fruit, seed ◇ {Chinese med} excessiveness (one of the bā-gāng 八綱/八纲 "eight principal syndromes") ◇ goods, materials ◇ wealth, riches ◇ Shi (surname)

真相真相 zhēnxiàng ◇ the truth, the true picture, the facts, the actual situation

真正真正 zhēnzhèng ◇ real, authentic

真挚真挚 zhēnzhì ◇ sincere
摯 摯 zhì ◇ sincere ◇ Zhi (surname)

针对針對 zhēnduì ◇ be aimed at, be directed against, point at, aim at, counter ◇ aimed at, with an eye to, in view of, in reference to, with regard to

枕头枕頭 zhěntou ◇ pillow
枕 枕 zhěn ◇ pillow ◇ rest the

head on a pillow, one's arm, etc. ◇
 {mechanical engineering} a block; a
 horizontal board at the rear of carriages
 头 頭 tóu ◇ head ◇ chief, head,
 boss ◇ (used before a numeral or measure
 word) first..., the initial... ◇ leading ◇ side/as-
 pect ◇ top, tip (e.g., of a pen), end (e.g., of a
 rope, the street) ◇ beginning, end ◇ remnant,
 leftover, end ◇ (before tiān 天 or nián 年) the
 previous (day or year) ◇ head (as a measure of
 height, like "taller by a head") ◇ {measure
 word} ...head(s) of... (used for animals, like
 cattle, mule, sheep, pigs, lions, etc.) ◇ {measu-
 re word} head, bulb(s) of... (used for the bulbs
 of certain plants, like a head of garlic) ◇ (suffix
 to certain nouns)

诊断診斷 zhěnduàn ◇ diagnose ◇
 diagnosis

振动振動 zhèndòng ◇ vibrate ◇
 vibration ◇ tremor, shockwave ◇ {me-
 taphor} shock

振 振 zhèn ◇ vibrate ◇ brace
 up, rise up with force and spirit, invigo-
 rate ◇ shake, wave, flap, flutter ◇ rise
 up, be moved ◇ issue, distribute ◇ wi-
 pe off, rub clean ◇ reorganize, rectify
 动 動 dòng ◇ move, budge ◇ get
 moving, move into action, stir, act ◇ touch, dis-
 place, alter the position/shape of ◇ motion,
 movement (in contrast to jìng 静/静 "still,
 calm") ◇ alter, change, modify ◇ use, put into
 use, make use of ◇ touch, move, sway, stir up,
 excite, arouse (like feelings) ◇ consume (food
 or drink) (mostly used with the negative) ◇
 frequently, often, at every turn, easily

振奋振奮 zhènfèn ◇ rouse one-
 self ◇ inspire, move

奋 奮 fèn ◇ do sth in a vigorous or
 energetic manner, put effort into, exert oneself ◇
 raise, lift, take up ◇ shake, vibrate; (of birds) flap
 the wings, fly

振兴振興 zhènxīng ◇ develop vi-
 gorously, cause to prosper, make pros-
 perous ◇ re-energize, invigorate, revi-
 talize

兴 興 xīng ◇ thriving, prosperous, flou-
 rishing ◇ thrive, prosper, flourish ◇ become popu-
 lar/fashionable ◇ start, begin, found ◇ mobilize,
 call into action ◇ {literature} stand up, get up, rise
 ◇ {regional} allow, permit, let (mostly used with
 the negative) ◇ {regional} perhaps, maybe, probab-
 ly ◇ Xing (surname)

镇定鎮定 zhèndìng ◇ calm, com-
 posed

镇 鎮 zhèn ◇ town, township ◇

apply weight to, weigh down, press
 down ◇ keep down by power or force,
 suppress ◇ calm (sb's mood), tranquili-
 ze ◇ garrison, guard with military
 force/presence ◇ garrison post ◇ cool
 (a beverage, watermelon, etc.) with ice
 or in cold water

定 定 dìng ◇ set (a date or deadline)
 ◇ decide, fix, determine, stipulate, establish ◇
 settle, calm down; calm, stable, still ◇ (used
 like dìng 訂/订) order, subscribe to, book ◇
 {written} definite(ly), sure(ly), certain(ly) ◇
 Ding (surname)

镇静鎮靜 zhènjìng ◇ calm, com-
 posed

阵 陣 zhèn ◇ battle formation
 ◇ (battle) position, battlefield ◇ pe-
 riod of time ◇ {measure word} (for a
 brief period, like a rain shower, a burst
 of applause, a gust of wind)

阵地陣地 zhèndì ◇ (battle) position
 (also figurative)

地 地 dì ◇ earth, ground, land,
 floor, soil, field(s), farmland ◇ place, locality,
 site, area ◇ situation, position ◇ background
 (of a painting, calligraphy, etc.) ◇ (following
 specification of distance) a distance of... (e.g.,
 shí gōnglǐ dì 十公里地 "a distance of 10 km") ◇
 (suffix, forming an adverb from an adjective,
 e.g., gāoxìng 高興/高兴 "happy" + dì 地 yields
 gāoxìngdì 高興地/高兴地 "happily"; in this func-
 tion often pronounced "de")

阵容陣容 zhènróng ◇ battle for-
 mation ◇ lineup, make-up (of body of
 people)

容 容 róng ◇ hold, contain, accom-
 modate ◇ tolerate ◇ permit ◇ countenance,
 facial expression ◇ looks, appearance, capacity
 ◇ form, shape ◇ perhaps, maybe ◇ Rong (sur-
 name)

震撼震撼 zhènhàn ◇ shake,
 shock

震惊震驚 zhènjīng ◇ to shock,
 astonish ◇ shock, astonishment

震 震 zhèn ◇ shake, vibrate,
 quake ◇ earthquake ◇ lightning ◇
 shock, astonish ◇ Zhen (one of the Bā-
 guà 八卦 "Eight Trigrams" in the Yìjīng
 易經/易经 "Book of Changes", used for
 divination according to Taoist beliefs)

惊 驚 jīng ◇ be frightened/start-
 led/alarm/shocked ◇ be alert, be vigilant ◇
 be startled and stampede (like of horses) ◇
 surprisingly, alarmingly

争端爭端 zhēngduān ◇ conflict, dispute

争 爭 zhēng ◇ vie, contend, strive, fight (for) ◇ argue, dispute, wrangle ◇ Zheng (surname)

端 端 duān ◇ end, tip (of an object) ◇ extremity ◇ beginning, start, foundation, source (of a matter, affair) ◇ cause, occasion, reason, pretext ◇ item, point, aspect ◇ proper, upright ◇ hold or carry sth level with both hands (like a tray) ◇ Duan (surname)

争夺爭奪 zhēngduó ◇ fight for, scramble for, vie for (often derogatory)

争论爭論 zhēnglùn ◇ dispute, argue ◇ a controversy, a dispute

争气爭氣 zhēngqì ◇ try to make a good showing, win credit for, live up to (sb's) expectations ◇ winning spirit, ambitious spirit

争取爭取 zhēngqǔ ◇ strive to obtain or win ◇ strive (or try hard) to realize or bring about ◇ try hard to (do sth) (mostly PRC usage)

取 取 qǔ ◇ take, get, obtain ◇ pick up/collect; withdraw (money) ◇ seek, court ◇ select, choose ◇ adopt, assume ◇ verb complement added to certain verbs (i.e. tīng 聽/听, kàn 看, etc.) to indicate realization of the action expressed by the main verb ◇ Qu (surname)

争先恐后 爭先恐後

zhēngxiānkǒnghòu ◇ strive to be the first and be afraid of falling behind
后 後 hòu ◇ after, behind ◇ back, rear ◇ afterwards, later ◇ last, in the back, at the end ◇ offspring, progeny ◇ {Chinese chess} at the rear (the piece at the rear, relative to the player) ◇ Hou (surname)

争议爭議 zhēngyì ◇ dispute, argue ◇ a dispute, controversy

征服征服 zhēngfú ◇ conquer, subjugate, vanquish

征求徵求 zhēngqiú ◇ solicit, seek (like opinions, suggestions)

征收徵收 zhēngshōu ◇ collect, charge, levy (e.g., taxes)

睁 睜 zhēng ◇ open the eyes

蒸发蒸發 zhēngfā ◇ evaporate

蒸 蒸 zhēng ◇ evaporate ◇ steam (cooking method) ◇ kindling ◇

torch made of hemp stalks, bamboo, etc.

发 發 fā ◇ issue, send out, distribute ◇ launch, discharge, shoot ◇ produce, generate ◇ leave for, set out for ◇ (preceding an adjective denoting a feeling like lǎn 懶/懶 "lazy", ruǎn 軟/软 "soft", rè 熱/热 "hot", etc.) feel..., grow..., get... ◇ (before an adjective of colour, taste, smell, etc.) appear..., be... -ish, be... -ly, be on the... side (like fāzǐ 發紫/发紫 "be purplish", fāchòu 發臭/发臭 "be smelly", fātián 發甜/发甜, "be on the sweet side," etc.) ◇ speak, utter ◇ become rich ◇ diffuse, disperse ◇ expose, open up ◇ start/begin (an action) ◇ {measure word}... round(s) of...(used for ammunition: shells, cartridges, rounds, projectiles, etc.)

整顿整頓 zhěngdùn ◇ rectify, reorganize

整 整 zhěng ◇ whole, complete, entire (in contrast to líng 零 "fragmentary, fractional") ◇ orderly, neat, tidy ◇ put in order, rectify ◇ repair, fix ◇ bully ◇ punish, fix ◇ make sb suffer ◇ {regional} do, make, handle ◇

{math} positive (number)

顿 頓 dùn ◇ pause, stop temporarily ◇ handle, arrange, manage ◇ {measure word} with a frequency of... (used for the number of occurrences of certain actions, number of meals, times scolded, etc.) ◇ {calligraphy} pause in writing to reinforce the stroke begin/ending ◇ {formal/humble} bow, kowtow (as in the polite closing formula of a letter dùnshǒu 頓首/顿首 "I bow my head" or "Yours humbly") ◇ stamp one's feet (like from grief, as used in dùnzú-chuáixiōng 頓足捶胸/顿足捶胸 "stamp one's feet and hammer one's breast [in grief]") ◇ suddenly; immediately ◇ tired, fatigued ◇ Dun (surname)

整个整個 zhěnggè ◇ the whole, all of, the entire

个 個 gè ◇ {measure word} (usually pronounced in the qīngshēng 輕聲/轻声 "light tone") (used before a noun not having a dedicated measure word of its own, e.g., sān gè xīngqī 三個星期/三个星期 "three weeks", liǎng gè wèntí 兩個問題/两个问题 "two questions/problems") ◇ (contraction of yī gè 一個/一个, used between a verb and its object) a... ◇ (pronounced with full fourth tone) individual

整理整理 zhěnglǐ ◇ put in order, straighten up (things, a room), sort out, tidy up, (re)arrange, order (one's thoughts), pack (luggage)

整齐整齊 zhěngqí ◇ orderly, ti-

dy, neat ◇ put in order ◇ even, regular, uniform

齐 齊 qí ◇ even, neat, in (good) order ◇ (at) the same level or height ◇ the same, equal, identical ◇ together, at the same time, in unison ◇ ready, complete ◇ make even, even out, come up to ◇ {history} Qi (state during the Zhou Dynasty in the area of present northern Shāndōng 山東/山东 Province and southeastern Héběi 河北); Qi (the Southern Qi Dynasty [479-502 CE]); Qi (the Northern Qi Dynasty [550-577 CE]); Qi (kingdom established through the peasant rebellion of Huáng Cháo 黄巢/黄巢 toward the end of the Táng 唐 Dynasty [618-907 CE]) ◇ {metal} alloy (in this meaning originally pronounced jì) ◇ Qi (surname)

整体整體 zhěngtǐ ◇ whole, entirety ◇ overall, comprehensive, holistic
体 體 tǐ ◇ body ◇ substance (like solid, liquid) ◇ style (of writing or of Chinese characters)

挣 挣 zhèng ◇ struggle to get free, try to break loose, try to shake off ◇ earn/make (money by one's labour)
挣扎挣扎 zhēngzhá ◇ struggle (to survive, etc.), battle

政策政策 zhèngcè ◇ policy
政府政府 zhèngfǔ ◇ government
政权政權 zhèngquán ◇ political power, state power ◇ regime ◇ organs of political power, state organs
政 政 zhèng ◇ politics ◇ various aspects of administering government ◇ political department ◇ matters concerning a family or organization ◇ administrator ◇ Zheng (surname)
权 權 quán ◇ power, authority, right, privilege ◇ privileged or advantageous position/status ◇ tentative(ly), for the time being, provisional(ly) ◇ {written} sliding weight of a steelyard; counterpoise ◇ {written} weigh, consider ◇ {written} expediency ◇ means to an end ◇ Quan (surname)
政治政治 zhèngzhì ◇ politics ◇ political

正 正 zhèng ◇ straight, upright, perpendicular ◇ main, located in the centre, central ◇ (of time) punctually, exactly at, sharp, on time ◇ impartial, honest ◇ correct, right, proper ◇ (of colour, flavour) pure ◇ normal, regular ◇ chief, principal, prime ◇ {math} po-

sitive, plus ◇ rectify, correct ◇ right, just, exactly, precisely ◇ (as a particle indicating the ongoing action of a verb) in the process of... ◇ Zheng (surname)
正常正常 zhèngcháng ◇ normal
正当正當 zhèngdāng ◇ just when, just at, just as, right at the time when
当 當 dāng ◇ as... ◇ be equal, match ◇ equal ◇ should, ought to, must ◇ at, in front of, in the presence of, confronting, facing, to sb's face ◇ (just) at (that very time, that very place) (as in 當...時/当...时 dāng... shí "at the time when...") ◇ become, serve as, work as, act as, be ◇ deserve, accept, bear ◇ be in charge of, direct, manage ◇ {written} stop, obstruct, prevent ◇ ought to, should, must ◇ {onom} ding-dong, etc. (used like dāng 當/当 "ding-dong", etc., for the sound of bells)

负 負 fù ◇ carry, shoulder, bear, take up (a burden or responsibility) ◇ a burden ◇ carry on one's back or shoulder ◇ rely on, count on, have at one's back ◇ suffer, sustain (like an injury) ◇ have, enjoy (like a good reputation) ◇ be indebted, have an obligation, owe ◇ turn one's back on, betray, disappoint, fail (in one's obligation/duty) ◇ be defeated, lose (in a game, fight, etc; in contrast to shèng 勝/胜 "win") ◇ {math, physics, electrical/electronics} negative, minus (in contrast to zhèng 正 "positive", "plus") ◇ {written} (used like bù 不) no, not

正规正規 zhèngguī ◇ standard, regular (like troops), proper (like training)

规 規 guī ◇ {geometry} compass, divider (device for drawing a circle) ◇ rule, convention, regulation ◇ urge, advise, exhort, admonish, counsel ◇ plan, devise, scheme ◇ {unit of measure} gauge (like wire gauge) ◇ {unit of measure} gui (unit of farmland measurement) ◇ Gui (surname)

正好正好 zhènghǎo ◇ just in time, just right; just enough ◇ it just so happens that, happen to..., as it happens

正经正經 zhèngjīng ◇ respectable, decent ◇ proper, serious ◇ (of goods, etc.) standard, official ◇ truly, really

经 經 jīng ◇ through ◇ go through, pass through ◇ regular, frequent, constant ◇ the classics, the scriptures ◇ {physiology} menses ◇ hang oneself ◇ Jing (surname) ◇ {Buddhism} sutra ◇ the warp (in fabric, in contrast to wěi 緯/纬 "woof") ◇ longitude ◇ lengthwise alignment

正气正氣 zhèngqì ◇ healthy atmosphere, uprightness, atmosphere of moral integrity ◇ unyielding integrity, moral courage, moral rectitude ◇

{med} vital energy ◇ body's resistance to disease

正确正確 zhèngquè ◇ correct, right, proper, accurate

确 確 què ◇ true, authentic, real ◇ solid, firm, reliable ◇ precise, literal, concrete
正式正式 zhèngshì ◇ formal, official

正义正義 zhèngyì ◇ righteous, just, justified ◇ righteousness, justice, justification

义 義 yì ◇ righteousness, justice ◇ righteous, just ◇ friendship, relationship ◇ adopted, adoptive ◇ false (teeth, hair, etc.); prosthetic (limb, etc.) ◇ meaning, sense, significance ◇ Italy ◇ Yi (surname)
月 月 yuè ◇ month ◇ moon ◇ Yue (surname)

正在正在 zhèngzài ◇ (be) in the process of (doing sth), be -ing

宗 宗 zōng ◇ ancestor ◇ clan ◇ sect, faction, school ◇ aim, objective, purpose ◇ model one's (academic, artistic, literary) work after (sb) ◇ model, example, great master ◇ {measure word} (used for law cases, sums of money, business deals, etc.) ◇ {historical, Tibet} Dzung (administrative unit, equivalent to a county) ◇ Zong (surname)

症状症狀 zhèngzhuàng ◇ {med} symptom (of a disease)

症 症 zhèng ◇ disease, malady, illness, syndrome

状 狀 zhuàng ◇ form, shape, appearance ◇ condition, state of affairs

证件證件 zhèngjiàn ◇ certificate ◇ credentials

证 證 zhèng ◇ {law} evidence, proof; give evidence, testify (to), demonstrate, prove (in court) ◇ prove, confirm, verify ◇ proof ◇ certificate, card ◇ official documentation

件 件 jiàn ◇ {measure word}... piece(s) of..., item (used for clothing items, pieces of luggage, implements, utensils, matters, law cases, incidents, etc.) ◇ letter, document, piece of correspondence ◇ case (of bundled goods, such as soft drinks) ◇ {pottery/porcelain manufacturing} (standard measure for clay, used for measuring the size of vases)

证据證據 zhèngjù ◇ proof, evidence

证明證明 zhèngmíng ◇ prove ◇ proof ◇ certify ◇ certificate, testimonial

明 明 míng ◇ bright, clear, evident ◇ open, overt ◇ tomorrow; next (year) ◇ know, understand ◇ Ming (dynasty, 1368-1644) ◇ Ming (surname)

证实證實 zhèngshí ◇ confirm, verify, corroborate

证书證書 zhèngshū ◇ certificate, credentials

郑重鄭重 zhèngzhòng ◇ solemn, serious, earnest

郑 鄭 Zhèng ◇ Zheng (state during the Zhou Dynasty in the area of Xinzheng, Hénán 河南 Province) ◇ serious, earnest (used in the word zhèngzhòng 鄭重/郑重 "solemn, serious, earnest") ◇ Zheng (surname)

重 重 zhòng ◇ weight; weighty, heavy, considerable (in amount or value) ◇ serious ◇ important, significant ◇ take seriously, value, lay stress on, attach importance to ◇ judicious, prudent, discreet

之 之 zhī ◇ of (formal/literary equivalent of de 的) ◇ it, him, her (formal/literary direct object pronoun) ◇ {archaic} go to... ◇ Zhi (surname)

的 的 de ◇ {grammar} (as an attributive suffix) "of a certain quality" (like xīn de fángzi 新的房子 "a new house") ◇ (as a possessive suffix) "of" (like tā de zìxíngchē 他的自行車/他的自行车 "his bicycle") ◇ (as a noun-forming suffix) "the... ones" (like yǒu niánqīng de, yǒu lǎo de 有年輕的, 有老的/有年轻的, 有老的 "there were young ones and old ones")

之际之際 zhījì ◇ (at) a time when, when ◇ on the occasion of

际 際 jì ◇ border, boundary ◇ inside, within (one's mind, heart, etc.) ◇ between, among, inter- ◇ time, occasion, moment ◇ at the time of, on the occasion of ◇ sb's circumstances, (life) experiences, lot

支 支 zhī ◇ support, prop up ◇ set up ◇ stand, bear, sustain ◇

protrude ◇ put (sb) off, send away ◇ pay out (money) ◇ branch (of a bank, etc.) ◇ {measure word}... unit(s)...

(used for long thin objects, like pens, pencils, candles, rifles, flutes, cigarettes; for songs or melodies; for troops, armies, fleets; for electric power in watts; for textile counts) ◇ the dìzhī 地支 "12 Earthly Branches" ◇ Zhi (surname)

支撑支撑 zhīchēng ◇ support, prop up, hold up, sustain (literally or figuratively) ◇ be barely able to ◇ maintain ◇ shore up ◇ a strut, brace ◇ {med} brace || (in Traditional characters, 撑 is a non-standard variant of 撐)
 撑 撐 chēng ◇ prop up, support, brace ◇ maintain, sustain, keep up ◇ push (a boat forward) with a pole, punt ◇ fill/be filled to the point of bursting ◇ unfurl, open (an umbrella, etc.) || (in Traditional characters, 撑 is a non-standard variant of 撐)
 支持支持 zhīchí ◇ support, back, stand up for, be in favour of, hold out, bear, sustain ◇ support, backing
 支出支出 zhīchū ◇ pay, disburse ◇ expenses, expenditure, disbursement
 支流支流 zhīliú ◇ tributary, effluent ◇ minor details, secondary aspects, nonessentials
 支配支配 zhīpèi ◇ arrange, allocate ◇ control, dominate
 支票支票 zhīpiào ◇ cheque
 支援支援 zhīyuán ◇ support, aid ◇ aid, assistance, help
 支柱支柱 zhīzhù ◇ prop, brace, strut ◇ {figurative} pillar, mainstay

枝 枝 zhī ◇ branch, twig ◇ branch (like of a river) ◇ limb (of the body) ◇ diverge, separate ◇ sustain, prop up ◇ {measure word} (used for long, narrow things, like pens, rifles; for branches of trees, twigs, flowers, blossoms)

知道知道 zhīdao ◇ know, understand, be aware of, realize; know of; learn (of), find out
 知觉知觉 zhījué ◇ consciousness ◇ perception
 知 知 zhī ◇ know, understand, be aware (of), realize ◇ inform, notify, tell, let know ◇ knowledge, learning ◇ manage, administer ◇ close friend
 觉 覺 jué ◇ feel, think, sense ◇ sensation, perception ◇ wake up, awake ◇ become awakened, come to realize, find out, discover, become aware (of), become conscious

(of)
 知识知識 zhīshi ◇ knowledge; intellectual (pertaining to knowledge and culture) ◇ intelligence (like information, knowledge)

识 識 shí ◇ know, recognize, understand ◇ knowledge, experience
 足 足 zú ◇ foot, leg, base (of an object, like tripod) ◇ enough, sufficient ◇ full (amount, degree, etc.)
 常 常 cháng ◇ common, normal, ordinary ◇ constant ◇ frequently, often, usually, always ◇ {written} morality, code of conduct, rule of behaviour, principle ◇ Chang (surname)
 乐 樂 lè ◇ happy, joyous, cheerful ◇ joy, happiness ◇ be glad to, take delight/pleasure in, enjoy ◇ be amused, laugh ◇ Le (surname)

脂肪脂肪 zhīfáng ◇ fat (like animal fat, vegetable fat)

侄子侄子 zhízi ◇ nephew (brother's son)

值班值班 zhíbān ◇ be on duty
 值得值得 zhíde ◇ merit, deserve, be worth ◇ merit, worth

执行執行 zhíxíng ◇ execute, carry out, implement, put into effect
 执 執 zhí ◇ hold, grasp ◇ be in charge of, manage, wield (power) ◇ stick to (one's views, etc.), insist on, be determined to ◇ execute, carry out, conduct ◇ {literary} capture ◇ written acknowledgement (like a receipt) ◇ {literary} intimate friend, bosom friend, soul mate, alter ego ◇ {dialect} straighten up, tidy up ◇ Zhi (surname)
 行 行 xíng ◇ go, walk; travel ◇ trip, journey ◇ be all right, will do ◇ be capable/competent ◇ do, carry out, implement, perform (an action) ◇ behaviour, conduct, actions ◇ be current, circulate ◇ running script ◇ temporary, improvised, makeshift ◇ {written} soon, shortly ◇ {literature} ballad, song ◇ {written} (of medication) take effect ◇ Xing (surname)

執照執照 zhízhào ◇ a license
照 照 zhào ◇ shine, illuminate ◇ to, towards, in the direction of ◇ reflect (in a mirror) ◇ take a picture, film ◇ picture, photo ◇ certificate, license, permit ◇ look after, take care of, attend to ◇ notify, give notice ◇ contrast ◇ know, understand ◇ according to, in light of ◇ (before a one-syllable verb, and often in the pattern "zhào Verb bù wù" 照 Verb 不誤/照 Verb 不誤) in spite of it, just the same, still continue to...

執著執著 zhízhuó ◇ be stubborn, pigheaded, headstrong ◇ be persistent/persevering, be dedicated/devoted (like to a cause) ◇ {Buddhism} be stubborn in error, obsessed with
著 著 zhe ◇ {grammar} (verb suffix, comparable to "-ing", indicating that an action is in progress); be -ing (used to indicate a state that is presently in existence and ongoing [e.g., mén kāizhe 門開著/門開著 "the door is open"]) ◇ (used after verbs or adjectives to make them more emphatic in meaning)... indeed ◇ (used as a suffix to form certain prepositions) (like shùnzhe 順著/順著 "along", cháoze 朝著/朝著 "facing, towards", etc.)

植物植物 zhíwù ◇ plants, flora ◇ vegetation ◇ vegetable

殖民地 殖民地 zhímíndì
◇ colony

直 直 zhí ◇ straight ◇ direct, directly ◇ vertical, perpendicular (like top to bottom, front to back) ◇ upright, just ◇ straightforward, frank ◇ {calligraphy} vertical stroke ◇ Zhi (surname)

直播直播 zhíbō ◇ broadcast live (by a radio or TV station); live broadcast ◇ {agriculture} seed directly; direct seeding

直接直接 zhíjiē ◇ directly ◇ direct
直径直径 zhíjìng ◇ {geometry} diameter ◇ straight, direct

径 径 jìng ◇ narrow path ◇ means (of reaching one's objective) ◇ directly, straightaway ◇ diameter, radius

职能職能 zhínéng ◇ function, functional, job function ◇ professional skills (e.g., yuángōng zhínéng péixùn 員工職能培訓/員工職能培訓 staff development)

职 職 zhí ◇ duty, job ◇ office, post, position ◇ be in charge of, administer, manage ◇ {formal, archaic or TW usage} your subordinate ◇ {written} for

能 能 néng ◇ can ◇ be possible ◇ capable ◇ energy (such as in yuánzǐnéng 原子能 "atomic energy")

职位職位 zhíwèi ◇ post, position
位 位 wèi ◇ {measure word, formal/polite}... lady/ladies/gentleman/gentlemen (used for persons) ◇ place, position, location ◇ status, situation, position ◇ be located ◇ throne ◇ {math} digit, place ◇ {physics} potential ◇ Wei (surname)

职务職務 zhíwù ◇ duties (of a job), position, job, post, function, office

职业職業 zhíyè ◇ occupation, profession, job

只 只 zhǐ ◇ only, merely, just

只 隻 zhī ◇ single, one only, isolated ◇ {measure word} (used for one of a pair; for certain animals, like chickens, birds, quadrupeds, mice, ants, insects, spiders, frogs; for certain implements or containers, like wrist watches, vases, bowls, suitcases, baskets, boxes, and for boats) ◇ Zhi (surname)

只好只好 zhǐhǎo ◇ be forced to, have no choice but, have to, all (sb) can do is...

只要只要 zhǐyào ◇ so long as, provided that... (often used with jiù 就 or biàn 便) ◇ only want, only need ◇ you need only to...

只有只有 zhǐyǒu ◇ all that can be done is..., the only thing to do is...

◇ only (followed by an amount, like...years old) ◇ only if (usually followed by cái 才, as in zhǐyǒu bùduàn nǔlì cái néng huòdé chénggōng 只有不斷努力才能獲得成功/只有不斷努力才能獲得成功, "only by making constant efforts can one succeed")

只 隻 zhī ◇ single, one only, isolated ◇ {measure word} (used for one of a pair; for certain animals, like chickens, birds, quadrupeds, mice, ants, insects, spiders, frogs; for certain implements or containers, like wrist watches, vases, bowls, suitcases, baskets, boxes,

and for boats) ◇ Zhi (surname)
有 有 yǒu ◇ there is (are, were, etc.); be there, exist ◇ have, own, possess ◇ You (surname)

指 指 zhǐ ◇ point at/to ◇ refer to ◇ point out, indicate ◇ finger ◇ fingerbreadth (as a unit of measurement of rainfall, etc.) ◇ (of hair) stand ◇ (of comments, etc.) be directed at ◇ depend on, rely on ◇ intention, will ◇ good, excellent

指标指标 zhǐbiāo ◇ index, indicator ◇ target ◇ quota

指导指导 zhǐdǎo ◇ guide, direct, instruct

导 导 dǎo ◇ guide, lead ◇ give guidance, guide, instruct, teach ◇ {electrical} conduct, transmit ◇ {theatre} direct (like the production of a play, movie)

指定指定 zhǐdìng ◇ appoint, assign, name, designate

指挥指挥 zhǐhuī ◇ command, conduct, direct ◇ director ◇ conductor (of an orchestra or chorus) ◇ {military} commander ◇ {IT} (of a processor) instruction(s)

挥 挥 huī ◇ wave, wield, brandish, shake ◇ wipe away or off (like tears, sweat, etc.) with one's hand ◇ {military} command (troops) ◇ spread, disperse, scatter

指甲指甲 zhǐjiǎ ◇ nail (like fingernail, toenail) || (Beijing colloquial pronunciation zhǐjia)

指令指令 zhǐlìng ◇ order, instruct ◇ order, instruction ◇ {IT} instruction, directive

指南针 指南针 zhǐnánzhēn ◇ compass ◇ a guide

指南指南 zhǐnán ◇ guidebook ◇ guide

针 针 zhēn ◇ needle (for sewing) ◇ sth resembling a needle ◇ injection (needle) ◇ acupuncture ◇ prick (with a needle) ◇ {measure word} (used for the number of injections, of stitching, acupuncture treatments, etc.)

指示指示 zhǐshì ◇ instruct, direct ◇ indicate, show ◇ instruction, directive ◇ indication

指望指望 zhǐwàng ◇ look forward to ◇ hope, expect; expectation, hope

指责指责 zhǐzé ◇ censure, reproach, criticize, find fault with

责 责 zé ◇ responsibility, duty ◇ demand, insist on ◇ interrogate, question ◇ reproach, reprove ◇ punish

制裁制裁 zhìcái ◇ impose sanctions, punish ◇ sanctions ◇ punishment

制定制定 zhìdìng ◇ formulate, specify, draw up, draft ◇ enact, adopt, make (policy)

制度制度 zhìdù ◇ system ◇ (set of) regulations, rules

制服制服 zhìfú ◇ subdue, check, restrain ◇ uniform ◇ mourning garments

制约制约 zhìyuē ◇ constrain, restrict, restrain, limit, impede ◇ constraint

制 制 zhì ◇ regulate, control ◇ formulate, draw up, map out, work out ◇ restrain, restrict ◇ regulations, system ◇ make, manufacture

约 约 yuē ◇ approximately, about ◇ make an appointment, arrange to meet, arrange a date ◇ invite, ask ◇ agreement, treaty ◇ restrict, restrain, bind ◇ frugal, thrifty, economical ◇ brief, simple, succinct ◇ {math} reduce (a fraction)

制造制造 zhìzào ◇ make, manufacture ◇ fabricate, create (mostly sth bad)

制止制止 zhìzhǐ ◇ stop, check, prevent

制作製作 zhìzuò ◇ make, manufacture ◇ write, compose

志气志氣 zhìqì ◇ aspiration, ambition

志 志 zhì ◇ ambition, aspiration, determination, will ◇ annals, history, record

气 氣 qì ◇ gas, air ◇ power ◇ vigour, spirit ◇ weather, climate ◇ thin clouds ◇ make angry ◇ get angry ◇ fate, destiny ◇ {Chinese philosophy} formative or creative spirit ◇ {Chinese med} qi, vital energy; functions (of internal organs); symptom (of a disease); nutrition

志愿者 志願者 zhìyuànzhe ◇ volunteer, volunteer worker

愿 願 yuàn ◇ wish, desire ◇ be willing ◇ vow ◇ (I) wish that..., may...

者 者 zhě ◇ (following a verb) person who..., those who..., the thing (or things) which...; (following a verb or adjective) person who... (does sth or acts in a certain way), those who... (do sth/are...) Zhe (surname)

智慧智慧 zhìhuì ◇ intelligence, wis-

dom, sagacity

智力智力 zhìlì ◇ intelligence

智能智能 zhìnéng ◇ intelligence, intelligent ◇ intellectual ability ◇

knowledge and ability

智商智商 zhìshāng ◇ intelligence quotient, IQ (short for zhìlì shāngshù)

智力商數/智力商数

治安治安 zhì'ān ◇ law and order, public order, peace and security, the peace (as in "disturbing the peace")

治理治理 zhìlǐ ◇ rule, govern, administer, run, regulate; governance ◇ (of a natural/social/etc. threat)

bring under control (e.g. pollution, soil erosion); manage (e.g. agricultural pests, the market); curb (e.g. pollution, crime); harness (e.g. a river that

floods); transform (e.g. the desert); tackle; deal with; put in order; treat-

ment; management; abatement (of pollution); realignment (of rivers)

治疗治療 zhìliáo ◇ treat, cure ◇ therapy, treatment

治 治 zhì ◇ rule, govern, administer, run ◇ peace, order, stability ◇ place of local government (like county seat, provincial capital) ◇ treat, cure, heal ◇ eliminate, exterminate (injurious insects, etc.) ◇ control, harness (rivers, etc.) ◇ punish (a criminal) ◇ Zhi (surname)

疗 療 liáo ◇ treat, heal, cure

滞留滞留 zhìliú ◇ be detained ◇ overstay ◇ remain, be left over

滞 滞 zhì ◇ stagnate ◇ stagnant, sluggish ◇ be detained

留 留 liú ◇ stay, remain behind ◇ cause/persuade to stay on ◇ study abroad ◇ take care, be careful, pay attention, concentrate on ◇ keep, retain, reserve, save ◇ accept, take (like a gift) ◇ let grow, wear (like a beard, hair, etc.) ◇ leave (like a note, a message, an impression, an inheritance, etc.) ◇ Liu (surname)

秩序秩序 zhìxù ◇ order, sequence

至今至今 zhìjīn ◇ up to now, so far

至少至少 zhìshǎo ◇ at least

至于至於 zhìyú ◇ as for, as to ◇ go

so far as to (mostly in the negative)

致辞致辞 zhìcí ◇ deliver a speech

致 致 zhì ◇ send, deliver

(one's respects, regards, congratulations, etc.) ◇ concentrate, devote

(one's attention, efforts, etc.) ◇ cause,

result in ◇ as a result, consequently ◇ appeal, interest, attraction

辞 辭 cí ◇ word(s), speech, expression, phrase ◇ diction, phraseology ◇ take leave ◇ resign, hand in one's resignation ◇ dismiss, discharge ◇ decline, refuse to accept ◇ dodge, evade, shirk ◇ (used like cí 詞/词) words (of a speech, song, etc.) ◇ wording, language ◇ {linguistics} word, character compound, expression

致力致力 zhìlì ◇ strive to, be committed to, devote oneself to

致使致使 zhìshǐ ◇ cause, result in

质量質量 zhìliàng ◇ quality (of goods, workmanship, etc.) ◇ {physics} mass

质 質 zhì ◇ quality ◇ nature, character ◇ matter, material, substance ◇ ask questions, interrogate ◇ to pawn ◇ a pledge, security (person or thing) ◇ {history} hostage (feudal ruler's sons sent to live in each other's countries) ◇ Zhi (surname)

量 量 liàng ◇ capacity, capability ◇ quantity, number, amount, volume

中断中斷 zhōngduàn ◇ sever, break off, discontinue, suspend ◇ interrupt ◇ break in the middle

中 中 zhōng ◇ centre, middle ◇ in, in the middle of, amid, among ◇ medium, intermediate ◇ midsize ◇ intermediary ◇ fit for, suitable for, good for ◇ [ZH-] Chinese, Sino- ◇ the second (in a series of three) ◇ {colloquial} all right, okay ◇ in the process of, in the course of ◇ Zhong (surname)

断 斷 duàn ◇ break, interrupt ◇ cut up (into smaller sections), cut off, sever ◇ abstain from, stop, quit (like smoking) ◇ section, paragraph, (text) passage ◇ judge, decide ◇ absolutely, definitely (often followed by a negative, as in duàn wú... 斷無/断无... "absolutely not...")

中国中國 Zhōngguó ◇ China

国 國 guó ◇ nation, country, state ◇ national, representing the state ◇ Chinese,

of China ◇ the best in the country ◇ {archaic} fiefdom ◇ region (of a country) ◇ capital (city) ◇ Guo (surname)

中间中間 zhōngjiān ◇ among, between ◇ the center, the middle, the inside

间 間 jiān ◇ among, between ◇ interval; within a defined time/space ◇ room ◇ {measure word} (used for rooms)

中介中介 zhōngjiè ◇ intermediary, medium ◇ broker, agent

中立中立 zhōnglì ◇ neutral ◇ neutrality

中文中文 Zhōngwén ◇ Chinese, the Chinese language ◇ Chinese literature ◇ Chinese script

中午中午 zhōngwǔ ◇ (at) noon/midday

中心中心 zhōngxīn ◇ centre ◇ key, core, kernel

中旬中旬 zhōngxún ◇ the second ten-day period of the month (i.e. the tenth to the twentieth) ◇ midmonth

中央中央 zhōngyāng ◇ centre, middle ◇ the central authorities, organs, etc. of government ◇ the Central Committee (of the Chinese Communist Party) ◇ central

忠诚忠誠 zhōngchéng ◇ loyal, faithful

忠 忠 zhōng ◇ loyalty, devotion, honesty ◇ loyal, devoted, honest

诚 誠 chéng ◇ sincere, honest; sincerity, true feelings ◇ really, indeed ◇ if really, if indeed

忠实忠實 zhōngshí ◇ faithful, devoted, true ◇ truthful, faithful

终点終點 zhōngdiǎn ◇ terminus, destination ◇ finish (of a race, etc.)

终究終究 zhōngjiū ◇ in the end, after all

终 終 zhōng ◇ end (in contrast to shǐ 始 "beginning, start") ◇ death ◇ in the end, after all ◇ all, whole, entire ◇ Zhong (surname)

究 究 jiū ◇ study in detail, investigate ◇ after all, actually

终身終身 zhōngshēn ◇ all one's life, lifelong, for life

身 身 shēn ◇ (one's) body/life/person/character; oneself ◇ the frame, body (as of a car) ◇ {measure word}... suit(s) of... (used

for suits of clothing) ◇ all one's life, one's lifetime

终于終於 zhōngyú ◇ at last, finally ◇ after all, in the final analysis

于 於 yú ◇ in, at on (time or place) ◇ towards, to, for ◇ than (comparative) ◇ by (passive voice)

终止終止 zhōngzhǐ ◇ stop, cease, bring to an end, terminate ◇ termination, end ◇ {music} cadence

止 止 zhǐ ◇ stop, cease ◇ block, obstruct, cause to stop ◇ to, till ◇ only ◇ stay, dwell

衷心衷心 zhōngxīn ◇ heartfelt

种 種 zhǒng ◇ type, kind ◇ {biology} species ◇ (of people) race ◇

seed, breed, strain ◇ guts, nerve, courage ◇ {measure word}... type(s) of..., kind(s) of... (used for things of a certain type, style, kind, sort [often not translated]) ◇ Zhong (surname)

种类種類 zhǒnglèi ◇ type, kind, variety, category

种子種子 zhǒngzi ◇ seed (of a plant) ◇ {sports} seed (ranking of players in a tournament)

子 子 zǐ ◇ son, child ◇ person ◇ (of melons, etc.) seed ◇ (of fowl, fish) egg, roe ◇ sth small and hard (pebble, bead, etc.) ◇ sub(ordinate) ◇ (in Chinese chess) a chess piece ◇ {history} viscount (the fourth of the five ranks of nobility) ◇ {respectful address} master, sir; Master... (suffix added to the names of ancient philosophers, such as Kǒngzǐ 孔子

"Confucius", Mèngzǐ 孟子 "Mencius") ◇ zi (first of the twelve Dìzhī 地支 "Earthly Branches") ◇ zi (11:00 p.m. to 1:00 a.m.; one of the twelve two-hour periods in a day) ◇ Zi (surname)

种族種族 zhǒngzú ◇ race, ethnicity

族 族 zú ◇ {anthropology} race, nationality, ethnic group, people, tribe, clan ◇ "(the) —s" (class or group of things or people with common features or interests, e.g., shàngbānzú 上班族 "people with regular working hours, nine-to-fivers"; yǔzú 語族/语族 "family of languages"; àiměizú 愛美族/爱美族 "people who like to look good") ◇ a class (like of animals) ◇ {ancient penal law} execute the criminal and his entire family

肿瘤腫瘤 zhǒngliú ◇ tumor

肿 腫 zhǒng ◇ swell ◇ swollen ◇ swelling ◇ carbuncle

瘤 瘤 liú ◇ tumor

众 眾 zhòng ◇ numerous, many, innumerable ◇ multitude, large number of people, crowd ◇ the masses, the public

所 所 suǒ ◇ place, location ◇ (suffix indicating office, institute, etc., e.g. yánjiū-suǒ 研究所 "research institute") ◇ {measure word} (used for houses, schools, hospitals, etc.) ◇ {grammar} (particle used between subject and verb to indicate a doer-action-receiver relationship: (a) in a clause modifying a noun, e.g., tā suǒ xiě de shū 他所寫的書/他所写的书 "the books he wrote"); (b) used in the structure "sth is sb [verb] 的" ◇ (used after a phrase with bèi 被 or wéi 為/为 "by" and before the verb, e.g., wéi tā suǒ yòng 為他所用/为他所用 "be used by him") ◇ {written} used before a verb to form a noun phrase, e.g., jìn zìjǐ de suǒnéng 盡自己的所能/尽自己的所能 "do all one can, do one's utmost"

周 周 Zhōu ◇ {history} the Zhou Dynasty (1122-256 BCE) ◇ the Northern Zhou Dynasty (557-581 CE) ◇ the Later Zhou Dynasty (951-960 CE) ◇ assist, relieve, help ◇ Zhou (surname) ◇ (used like zhōu 週/周) week ◇ time cycle ◇ circuit ◇ go round, make a circle ◇ all around, all over ◇ thoughtful, attentive

众 衆 zhòng ◇ (variant of zhòng 眾/众) numerous, many, innumerable ◇ multitude, large number of people, crowd ◇ the masses, the public

种植種植 zhòngzhí ◇ {agriculture} plant, grow, sow, cultivate

种 種 zhǒng ◇ type, kind ◇ {biology} species ◇ (of people) race ◇ seed, breed, strain ◇ guts, nerve, courage ◇ {measure word}... type(s) of..., kind(s) of... (used for things of a certain type, style, kind, sort [often not translated]) ◇ Zhong (surname)

植 植 zhí ◇ plant, grow ◇ establish, set up

重 重 zhòng ◇ weight; weighty, heavy, considerable (in amount or value) ◇ serious ◇ important, significant ◇ take seriously, value, lay stress on, attach importance to ◇ judicious, prudent, discreet

重大重大 zhòngdà ◇ major, serious, severe ◇ important, big, of consequence, weighty, significant, tremendous

重点重點 zhòngdiǎn ◇ key point, focal point, emphasis ◇ key, important, strategic ◇ (used adverbially) as the focus, as the priority (e.g., zhòngdiǎn fāzhǎn diànzǐ xìnxī chǎnyè 重點發展電子信息產業/重点发展电子信息产业 "place priority on developing the electronic information industry") ◇ weight (of a lever)

点 點 diǎn ◇ point, dot, spot, stain ◇ drop (of a liquid) ◇ {math} (decimal) point ◇ {measure word} a little (of sth), some, a bit of... ◇ {measure word} point (also used for counting abstract items like proposals, comments, reasons) ◇ incline one's head, nod ◇ drip, administer in drops ◇ stain, tarnish ◇ {agriculture} dibble, plant in holes ◇ hint, point out, indicate ◇ ignite, light, kindle ◇ adorn, embellish ◇ choose, order (like a dish) ◇ point, spot (location) ◇ selected spots (in contrast to miàn 面 "the whole area") ◇ metal bell or clapper to announce the hour; hour, o'clock ◇ {grammar} (a bit) more... (shortened form of 一点 used after an adjective, e.g., kuài diǎn 快點/快点 "faster") ◇ cakes, refreshments, snacks ◇ {printing} point (size of type, approx. 3.5 mm) ◇ point to ◇ touch lightly and very briefly ◇ {IT} click (=diǎnjī 點擊/点击)

重量重量 zhòngliàng ◇ weight

重视重視 zhòngshì ◇ attach importance to, take seriously, value ◇ think highly of ◇ lay emphasis on, give priority to

视 視 shì ◇ look at, view, examine ◇ regard, consider, treat as, look upon as ◇ inspect, observe, watch, contrast, compare ◇ model oneself on, follow the example of ◇ {physics} apparent

重心重心 zhòngxīn ◇ focus, emphasis, core, heart, crux ◇ {physics} center of gravity, barycenter, center of mass, centroid ◇ {math} median point

重要重要 zhòngyào ◇ important, significant

周边周邊 zhōubiān ◇ periphery; peripheral ◇ perimeter

边 邊 biān ◇ side ◇ border, edge, fringe ◇ trim (as decoration) ◇ border, boundary ◇ location, place ◇ Bian (surname)

周到周到 zhōudào ◇ attentive, thoughtful, considerate

周密周密 zhōumì ◇ thorough, careful, comprehensive

周末週末 zhōumò ◇ weekend

周年週年 zhōunián ◇ anniversary

◇ full year

周期周期 zhōuqī ◇ cycle, period

周围周圍 zhōuwéi ◇ around, round ◇ vicinity, surroundings

围圍 wéi ◇ surround, encircle, enclose ◇ all around, surrounding ◇ defend, guard ◇ fort (made of wood, etc.) ◇ pen (for animals) ◇ {measure word} (for circumference as measured by the outstretched arms enclosing sth)

周折周折 zhōuzhé ◇ many twists and turns ◇ a complicated and troublesome course of development ◇ after many setbacks

周转周轉 zhōuzhuǎn ◇ {economics} turnover ◇ have enough (people, materials, etc.) to meet need or demand

转轉 zhuǎn ◇ shift, turn, shift, change direction, transform ◇ change posts, transfer (to another office, etc.) ◇ forward, pass on

州州 zhōu ◇ (autonomous) prefecture ◇ district ◇ (US) state; (Switzerland) canton ◇ {history} zhou (an administrative division in former times; after the Tang Dynasty, similar to a prefecture; before the Tang Dynasty, similar to a province; during the Zhou Dynasty, an area comprised of 2,500 families) ◇ {classical Chinese} gather together ◇ Zhou (surname)

粥粥 zhōu ◇ gruel, congee

舟舟 zhōu ◇ boat, ship ◇ tray for wine vessel, etc. ◇ carry at the waist

昼夜晝夜 zhòuyè ◇ day and night

昼晝 zhòu ◇ day, daytime, daylight ◇ Zhou (county in the state of Qí 齊/齐 during the Chūnqiū 春秋 Period [770-476 BCE]) ◇ Zhou (surname)

夜夜 yè ◇ night, evening ◇ nightfall ◇ dark

皱纹皺紋 zhòuwén ◇ wrinkles, lines, creases

株株 zhū ◇ tree trunk, plant

stem ◇ a plant ◇ {measure word} (for trees, plants)

猪豬 zhū ◇ pig, hog, swine ◇ boar

诸位諸位 zhūwèi ◇ polite form of address for a group of people (like ladies and gentlemen)

诸諸 zhū ◇ all; the various... ◇ into ... (contraction of zhī yú 之於/之于) ◇ Zhu (surname)

竹子竹子 zhúzi ◇ bamboo

逐步逐步 zhúbù ◇ step by step, progressively, gradually

逐渐逐漸 zhújiàn ◇ gradually, little by little

逐逐 zhú ◇ pursue, chase after ◇ drive out, expel ◇ one by one, in succession

渐渐 jiàn ◇ gradually, little by little, step by step ◇ the beginning, the initial stage ◇ become worse (of an illness) ◇ {divination} "Jian" (one of the sixty-four hexagrams in the Yijing 易經/易经 "Book of Changes")

逐年逐年 zhúnián ◇ year by year, with every passing year

主办主辦 zhǔbàn ◇ sponsor, be the prime mover or leading spirit in, be responsible for

主主 zhǔ ◇ main, principal, primary ◇ the sovereign, master, owner ◇ the host ◇ God, the Lord, Allah ◇ to advocate, maintain, sponsor ◇ manage, be in charge of, preside over ◇ take the initiative, be of one's own accord ◇ know how to deal with sth, hold a definite view about sth ◇ memorial tablet, ancestral tablet ◇ Zhu (surname)

办辦 bàn ◇ do, manage, attend to, handle ◇ establish, set up, operate, run ◇ get sth ready ◇ purchase for, do the shopping for ◇ punish

主持主持 zhǔchí ◇ manage, direct, be in charge of ◇ preside over, conduct (a meeting, etc.), host, chair ◇ uphold, champion, stand for

主导主導 zhǔdǎo ◇ lead, dominate, direct, dictate ◇ leading, guiding,

dominant

主动主动 zhǔdòng ◇ active, on one's own initiative or accord (in contrast to bèidòng 被动/被动 "passive") ◇ initiative, impetus ◇ take the initiative, offer to do sth, instigate, give impetus ◇ {mechanical engineering} drive, driving

主观主觀 zhǔguān ◇ subjective; subjectivity (in contrast to kèguān 客觀/客观 "objective; objectivity")

观 觀 guān ◇ see, look, observe, view ◇ a sight, view ◇ {figurative} outlook, concept, view ◇ {divination} "Guan" (one of the sixty-four hexagrams in the Yijing 易经/易经 "Book of Changes")

主管主管 zhǔguǎn ◇ be responsible for, be in charge of, administer ◇ responsible person, person in charge, chief, supervisor, director, manager
主流主流 zhǔliú ◇ main current, main stream, principal course of a river ◇ essential/main aspect, main trend, mainstream ◇ {TW usage} mainstream group

主权主權 zhǔquán ◇ sovereign rights, sovereignty

主人主人 zhǔrén ◇ master ◇ owner ◇ host

主任主任 zhǔrèn ◇ director, chairman, head, person in charge

主题主题 zhǔtí ◇ theme, subject, motif, point of interest (as of a painting), central idea, keynote

题 題 tí ◇ forehead ◇ topic, subject ◇ title, heading ◇ write, inscribe

主席主席 zhǔxí ◇ chairman ◇ president ◇ chairman, chair (of a meeting)

主要主要 zhǔyào ◇ main, chief, major, essential, principal, primary ◇ mainly

主义主義 zhǔyì ◇ doctrine, principle, -ism

主意主意 zhǔyì ◇ decision, judgment, definite view ◇ idea, opinion, conviction ◇ plan, advice | Beijing colloquial pronunciation zhúyì

主张主張 zhǔzhāng ◇ advocate, be in favour of, call for, stand for (a certain point of view), suggest; hold (that...), maintain, assert ◇ stand, view (as to the best course of action), posi-

tion, claim, proposition, opinion, contention, assertion ◇ {obsolete} decide, take responsibility for making a decision ◇ {classical} dominate

张 張 zhāng ◇ open, spread, stretch; extend a bow ◇ magnify, exaggerate ◇ look, glance ◇ {measure word}... sheet(s) of... (used for flat things like a sheet of paper, a table, etc.) ◇ {M} (for mouth, face) ◇ Zhang (surname)

嘱咐嘱咐 zhǔfù ◇ exhort, admonish, instruct ◇ tell (sb to do sth)

嘱 囑 zhǔ ◇ instruct, enjoin, bid ◇ entrust (sb with a task)

咐 咐 fù ◇ instruct, order

拄 拄 zhǔ ◇ lean on (like a cane for support) ◇ ridicule

煮 煮 zhǔ ◇ boil; cook

住 住 zhù ◇ live, dwell, reside ◇ residential ◇ lodge, stay at (as in an inn) ◇ stop, halt, cease ◇ {grammar} verb complement indicating that the action of the verb has been securely obtained, completed, etc. ◇ verb complement used after "de 得" (be able to...) and after "bu 不" (not be able to...)
住宅住宅 zhùzhái ◇ residence, dwelling, house

助理助理 zhùlǐ ◇ assist; assistant

助手助手 zhùshǒu ◇ assistant, aide, helper

注册註冊 zhùcè ◇ enroll, register (with relevant authorities, often in order to obtain a certain status) ◇ {IT} register

注 註 zhù ◇ explain, annotate ◇ explanatory notes ◇ register, record
册 冊 cè ◇ book, volume (often within a series) ◇ {measure word} (of books) volume, copy ◇ {history, administrative, written} confer a (feudal) title

注射注射 zhùshè ◇ {med} inject ◇ injection

注视注視 zhùshì ◇ look at attentively, watch closely, gaze at

注 注 zhù ◇ (of rain) pour down ◇ flow ◇ concentrate, focus on (like one's attention, energies) ◇ stakes, wager ◇ throw at, hit ◇ belong to ◇ assemble, gather together

注释注释 zhùshì ◇ explanatory note, annotation, exegesis

释 释 shì ◇ interpret, explain, elucidate ◇ eliminate, dispel ◇ let go, lay down ◇ release (from prison) ◇ emit, send out ◇ Sakyamuni (abbreviation for Shìjiāmóuní 释迦牟尼/释迦牟尼) ◇ Shi (surname)

注意注意 zhùyì ◇ pay attention to, take notice of

注重注重 zhùzhòng ◇ emphasize, stress, attach importance to

祝福祝福 zhùfú ◇ wish (sb) well ◇ well-wishes, blessing ◇ {archaic} pray for heavenly blessing; offer New Year sacrifices in hopes of happiness in the coming year (popular custom in various parts of China in former times)

祝贺祝贺 zhùhè ◇ congratulate ◇ congratulations

祝 祝 zhù ◇ offer good wishes ◇ wish (sb. good health, a happy birthday, etc.) ◇ pray for, ask for ◇ cut off (one's hair, etc.) ◇ person who presides at sacrifices ◇ congratulation, congratulatory speech (at a celebration) ◇ Zhu (ancient state) ◇ apply, smear on (medicine) ◇ Zhu (surname)

贺 贺 hè ◇ congratulate, wish the best, celebrate ◇ He (surname)

著名著名 zhùmíng ◇ famous, renowned, well-known

著作著作 zhùzuò ◇ book, writings, works ◇ write (produce writings/books)

铸造鑄造 zhùzào ◇ casting, founding

铸 鑄 zhù ◇ melt, cast, coin, mint, mold, form ◇ casting, founding ◇ Zhu (state near Ningyang, Shāndōng 山東/山东 Province)

造 造 zào ◇ build, construct, make, create ◇ fabricate, invent, concoct ◇ party (in a lawsuit or legal agreement) ◇ {regional} crop, harvest ◇ {written} go to (like to visit), arrive at ◇ (of skills) achieve, attain ◇ train, educate, cultivate ◇ the times; an era ◇

{slang} spend (a lavish amount) ◇ {slang} run wild ◇ Zao (surname)

驻扎駐紮 zhùzhā ◇ be stationed (of troops)

抓 抓 zhuā ◇ seize, grab, grasp ◇ scratch (with fingernails, claws, etc.) ◇ arrest, catch, seize ◇ stress, attach importance to ◇ (usu. of sb with some measure of leadership responsibility) take charge of (a task), take on, work on ◇ attach (like attention) ◇

(Guangzhou) pinch

抓紧抓緊 zhuājǐn ◇ clutch, keep a firm grasp on, hold on tightly to (sth), hang on ◇ grasp firmly, do resolutely and vigorously, tighten up on, give one's best efforts to (do sth) ◇ lose no time in (doing sth), hurry (to do sth), without delay

紧 緊 jǐn ◇ tight ◇ urgent, pressing ◇ financially tight

拽 拽 zhuài ◇ tow, tug ◇ pull, drag, haul (like sb along, by the sleeve, etc.)

专长專長 zhuāncháng ◇ specialty, specialized skill

专程專程 zhuānchéng ◇ special trip, trip out of one's way

专 專 zhuān ◇ specially, exclusively ◇ special ◇ specialize in, concentrate on, be expert in ◇ monopolize, have a monopoly in, take sole possession of ◇ Zhuan (surname)

程 程 chéng ◇ journey, trip; stage of a journey, distance traveled ◇ rule, regulation, law ◇ process, procedure, order, sequence, rate, limit ◇ pattern, formula ◇ measure, calculate, estimate ◇ Cheng (ancient state in the area of present Shǎnxī 陝西/陕西 Province) ◇ Cheng (surname)

专家專家 zhuānjiā ◇ expert, specialist

家 家 jiā ◇ family, household; home, residence ◇ (as suffix) expert/specialist in a certain field (like zuòjiā 作家 "writer") ◇ {philosophy} school (of thought) (like rújiā 儒家 "the Confucian school") ◇ party, side ◇ {humble} my... ◇ {regional} (of animals) tamed, broken, domesticated ◇ {measure word} (used for families, companies, hotels, stores, etc.) ◇ Jia (surname)

专利專利 zhuānlì ◇ a patent ◇
 monopoly (granted by law)
 利 利 lì ◇ (of a blade) sharp ◇
 advantageous, beneficial, favourable ◇ advantage, benefit ◇ profit, interest ◇ Li (surname)
 专门專門 zhuānmén ◇ special ◇
 specially ◇ specialized
 专题專題 zhuāntí ◇ special topic, theme or subject
 专心專心 zhuānxīn ◇ concentrate/fix one's attention (on sth), pay (careful) attention, keep one's mind (on); be attentive; be absorbed; attentively, intently, with great concentration
 心 心 xīn ◇ heart ◇ mind, feelings ◇ centre, middle, core ◇ {Chinese astronomy} Xin (one of the Èrshíbā Xiù 二十八宿 "28 Lunar Mansions of the Chinese zodiac") ◇ {physiology} heart (as one of the wǔzàng 五臟/五脏 "five vital organs")
 专业專業 zhuānyè ◇ profession, specialization ◇ professional, specialized ◇ specialty, special field of study, major, program (in a college, university, or vocational school) ◇ area of specialization

砖 磚 zhuān ◇ brick, square tile, slab ◇ sth shaped like a brick ◇ {Internet} an attack, a flame

转 轉 zhuǎn ◇ shift, turn, shift, change direction, transform ◇ change posts, transfer (to another office, etc.) ◇ forward, pass on
 转变轉變 zhuǎnbiàn ◇ change, modify, transform ◇ change, modification, transformation
 转达轉達 zhuǎndá ◇ convey, communicate
 转告轉告 zhuǎngào ◇ pass on, forward (a message, etc.)
 告 告 gào ◇ tell, inform, notify, report ◇ tell on (sb) ◇ {law} seek legal action against, accuse, sue, bring a case against ◇ request, solicit, ask for ◇ announce, declare ◇ announce/declare the completion (of a task, project, etc.)
 转让轉讓 zhuǎnràng ◇ transfer possession, assign
 转移轉移 zhuǎnyí ◇ shift, transfer, turn ◇ divert, distract (attention, etc.) ◇ change, transform ◇ {med}

metastasize; metastasis

移 移 yí ◇ move, shift ◇ change, transform, alter ◇ Yi (surname)
 转折轉折 zhuǎnzhé ◇ turn, turn of events, twist ◇ transition, change in direction (in writing or speech)
 折 折 zhé ◇ break, fracture, snap ◇ lose, be deprived of, suffer (like casualties) ◇ bend, twist, turn ◇ turn back, change direction ◇ be won over, become persuaded, become convinced, admire ◇ change into, convert into, amount to ◇ discount, rebate ◇ (of a musical drama) an act ◇ the turning stroke (in a Chinese character) ◇ (in Traditional character text usually written as zhé 摺) fold (sth) ◇ accordion-like booklet or folder with a slipcase ◇ book or booklet for keeping accounts ◇ ledger booklet ◇ Zhe (surname)
 传记傳記 zhuànjì ◇ biography

赚 賺 zhuàn ◇ make a profit (in contrast to péi 賠/赔 "incur a loss") ◇ a profit ◇ {dialect} earn money, make money

庄稼莊稼 zhuāngjia ◇ crops (mostly grain or cereal crops) ◇ farm hand hired by the year
 庄 莊 zhuāng ◇ village, hamlet ◇ manor (of a nobleman, etc.) ◇ business establishment (of a comparatively large business or one doing wholesale trade in former times) ◇ banker, the bank (in gambling) ◇ solemn, serious ◇ lush, luxuriant (of vegetation) ◇ the ancient Taoist philosopher Zhuangzi ◇ Zhuang (surname)
 稼 稼 jià ◇ plant, sow (grain) ◇ cereals, crops
 庄严莊嚴 zhuāngyán ◇ solemn and serious, dignified, stately
 庄重莊重 zhuāngzhòng ◇ serious, solemn ◇ grave, sober (of speech, bearing, atmosphere, etc.)

装 裝 zhuāng ◇ dress up, play a part ◇ clothing, attire ◇ outfit for a journey, luggage ◇ (of performers, actors) costume and make-up ◇ feign, pretend, fake, make believe ◇ pack, load ◇ assemble, install, fit ◇ (book-)binding
 装备裝備 zhuāngbèi ◇ equipment, outfit, gear ◇ equip, outfit

装饰裝飾 zhuāngshì ◇ dress up ◇
all dressed up ◇ decorate, adorn (per-
son or thing)

装卸装卸 zhuāngxiè ◇ load and
unload, load and discharge ◇ assemble
and disassemble, put together and take
apart

卸 卸 xiè ◇ unload, discharge ◇
dismantle (like a machine), remove (like a part
from a machine) ◇ shirk (responsibility), lay
down

装修裝修 zhuāngxiū ◇ fit up, fix up,
repair, refurbish (a house, etc.) ◇ equip ◇ de-
corate; decoration

修 修 xiū ◇ repair, fix, mend ◇ de-
corate, adorn, embellish, beautify ◇ modify, re-
vise ◇ put in order, straighten up, tidy up ◇
write, compose, compile, study, practice, culti-
vate ◇ trim, cut, prune, clip ◇ build, construct,
erect ◇ revisionism ◇ long, tall ◇ Xiu (surna-
me)

壮观壯觀 zhuàngguān ◇ magnificent
or impressive sight ◇ grand-looking

壮丽壯麗 zhuànglì ◇ grand-look-
ing, magnificent, glorious

壮烈壯烈 zhuàngliè ◇ brave, he-
roic, courageous

壮 壮 zhuàng ◇ strong, ro-
bust, stout ◇ majestic, magnificent ◇
strengthen ◇ the prime of life ◇

{med} moxa cone ◇ the Zhuang natio-
nal minority

烈 烈 liè ◇ blazing (fire) ◇ fiery,
strong, violent, vehement, fierce, ardent ◇
upright, stern ◇ die for a just cause, die a mar-
tyr's death ◇ achievements, exploits ◇ illust-
rious, glorious ◇ {classical} row, file (equiva-
lent to 列)

撞 撞 zhuàng ◇ bump into,
collide ◇ bump into, meet unexpected-
ly ◇ sound out, feel out ◇ rush or
dash about ◇ swindle out of

状况狀況 zhuàngkuàng ◇ condition,
state of affairs

状态狀態 zhuàngtài ◇ condition,
state of affairs

追 追 zhuī ◇ pursue, chase af-
ter, follow, run after, catch up with ◇
look into, investigate, trace, seek, go af-
ter ◇ reminisce, recall, bring back to
mind ◇ posthumously, retroactively ◇

Zhui (national minority in northern
China)

追悼追悼 zhuīdào ◇ grieve,
mourn (the deceased)

追究追究 zhuījiū ◇ make a
searching inquiry into, look into (cause,
origin), pursue, investigate/ascertain
(reason, responsibility, etc.); press the
case

追求追求 zhuīqiú ◇ seek, pur-
sue (like the truth, fame), go after ◇
court, go after, chase (like a girl)

坠 墜 zhuì ◇ fall, drop ◇ weigh
down ◇ hanging object (like a pendant
of a fan, an earring, etc.)

准备準備 zhǔnbèi ◇ prepare,
make ready ◇ plan, intend

准 準 zhǔn ◇ standard, crite-
rion, norm ◇ according to, in the light
of ◇ accurate, precise, exact ◇ certain-
ly, definitely ◇ quasi- ◇ {archery} the
target ◇ zhun (musical instrument re-
sembling the sè 瑟 "Chinese zither")

备 備 bèi ◇ prepare, make ready
◇ make preparations, take precautions
(against) ◇ have, be provided or equipped
with, possess ◇ equipment, gear ◇ completely,
fully, in every possible way ◇ perfect, complete

准确準確 zhǔnquè ◇ accurate,
precise, exact

准时準時 zhǔnshí ◇ on time,
punctual

时 時 shí ◇ time ◇ when, at (a
certain time) ◇ o'clock (written form) ◇ cur-
rent, present ◇ at that time ◇ occasionally,
now and then; at times, sometimes (in the pat-
tern 時...時...) ◇ Shi (surname)

准则準則 zhǔnzé ◇ standard,
criterion, norm

则 則 zé ◇ {written, formal} then
(in a consequence clause, as in xìn zé yǒu, bù
xìn zé wú 信則有,不信則無/信則有,不信則无 "if
you believe in them, then they exist; if you
don't believe, then they don't exist" or jì lái zhī
zé ān zhī 既來之則安之/既來之則安之 "since
we are here, we may as well make the best of
it") ◇ whereas, while, on the other hand, for
his/her/its/their part (used after a subject to in-
dicate a contrast with the subject of the prece-
ding clause) ◇ {classical} be (equivalent to shì
是 or nǎishì 乃是) ◇ rule, regulation, law ◇
{measure word} (used for items of writing, like
news items, fables, questions on a test, etc.)

桌子桌子 zhuōzi ◇ table, desk ◇
{measure word}... tableful(s) of...
(used for tables with dishes and wine,
and for people seated at a table)

卓越卓越 zhuóyuè ◇ outstanding

着手著手 zhuóshǒu ◇ set to work,
start doing

着想著想 zhuóxiǎng ◇ consider
(the interests of sb or sth), take into
consideration, think about

着想著想 zhuóxiǎng ◇ consider
(the interests of sb or sth), take into
consideration, think about

着重著重 zhuózhòng ◇ emphasize,
stress

着重著重 zhuózhòng ◇ emphasize,
stress

咨询咨询 zīxún ◇ consulting ◇ seek
advice from ◇ hold counsel with ◇
consult

咨 咨 zī ◇ consult, seek ad-
vice ◇ {archaic} inter-governmental
correspondence

询 询 xún ◇ inquire about, ask
about

姿势姿势 zīshì ◇ posture, gesture,
bearing ◇ orientation, inclination ◇
form (of an athlete)

姿 姿 zī ◇ looks, appearance
◇ carriage, bearing, posture ◇ natural
gifts, talent

势 势 shì ◇ power, influence ◇
tendency, momentum ◇ physical appearance
◇ action, situation, circumstances ◇ sign, indi-
cation ◇ (political, military, etc.) situation

姿态姿态 zītài ◇ posture, carriage
◇ attitude, pose ◇ style (of writing,
etc.)

态 态 tài ◇ form, shape, appea-
rance, condition ◇ bearing, attitude ◇ {phy-
sics} state, mode

滋润滋润 zīrùn ◇ moisten (and en-
rich) ◇ moist (and rich) ◇ tasty, fla-
voursome ◇ {regional usage} well-off,
comfortable

滋 滋 zī ◇ grow, flourish,
multiply, breed ◇ more ◇ add to, inc-

rease (troubles, etc.) ◇ (of water or
other liquids, sparks, etc.) spurt (out),
burst (from)

润 润 rùn ◇ smooth, moist ◇ mois-
ten, lubricate ◇ embellish, polish (mostly wri-
ting) ◇ benefit, profit ◇ rain water

滋味滋味 zīwèi ◇ taste, flavour

资本资本 zībēn ◇ capital ◇ sth used
to one's own advantage

资 资 zī ◇ money, capital, ex-
penses, resources ◇ aid financially,
subsidize ◇ provide, supply ◇ natural
endowments, ability ◇ qualifications

◇ (short for zībēnzhǔyì 資本主義/资本
主义) capitalism ◇ sell ◇ Zi (surname)

本 本 běn ◇ book ◇ {measure
word}... volume(s) of...(used for books, scripts,
reels of film, etc.) ◇ root, stem (of a plant) ◇
origin, basis, foundation ◇ {finance} capital,
principal ◇ original ◇ one's own, native, home
◇ present, current, this ◇ originally ◇ edition
◇ script (of a play) ◇ memorial to the Empe-
ror

资产资产 zīchǎn ◇ property ◇ capital
fund ◇ assets

资格资格 zīge ◇ qualifications ◇
seniority ◇ paper qualifications (in
contrast to true merit)

格 格 gé ◇ {geometry} square ◇
{cinema} frame ◇ (of cloth, squared paper,
etc.) checkered; (of a cabinet, etc.) divided ◇
pattern, standard, rule ◇ style, character, man-
ner ◇ {grammar} case ◇ {written} hinder, im-
pede, obstruct, resist ◇ examine, investigate ◇
{written} study sth thoroughly, delve into, pro-
be into ◇ strike, hit, attack ◇ Ge (surname)

资金资金 zījīn ◇ funds, capital

金 金 jīn ◇ metal ◇ money ◇ an-
cient percussion instruments made of metal
(like gongs) ◇ gold ◇ honoured, valuable ◇
golden, gold coloured ◇ the Jin Dynasty
(1115-1234) ◇ Jin (surname)

资料资料 zīliào ◇ material ◇ infor-
mation, data ◇ means (like of produc-
tion, livelihood)

料 料 liào ◇ material, stuff ◇ ingre-
dients, makings ◇ data, information; content,
material ◇ anticipate, expect, suppose ◇ deal
with, attend to, take care of ◇ (grain) feed,
fodder ◇ person with an aptitude for... (used
in "shì (do sth) de liào" 是 (do sth) 的料 "have
the makings of...; or [bù] shì zhè kuài liào
[不]是这块料/[不]是这块料 [not] have what it
takes) ◇ {measure word} (for pills of Chinese
medicine) prescription ◇ {regional, agricultu-
re} crop

资深資深 zīshēn ◇ seniority and prestige ◇ senior (as in "senior advisor")

深 深 shēn ◇ deep ◇ profound ◇ dark (of colour)

资源資源 zīyuán ◇ resources, natural resources ◇ Ziyuan (county in Guangxi Zhuang Autonomous Region)

源 源 yuán ◇ source, fountainhead ◇ source, origin, cause ◇ Yuan (surname)

资助資助 zīzhù ◇ aid financially, subsidize

仔细仔細 zǐxì ◇ be careful/attentive/meticulous; carefully, in detail, attentively, closely (examine, observe, etc.) ◇ {regional} frugal, thrifty ◇ {regional or obsolete} be careful (of), look out (for)

仔 仔 zǎi ◇ {dialect} ◇ young animal, whelp ◇ young child

细 细 xì ◇ thin, narrow (in contrast to cū 粗 "thick, wide") ◇ in small particles, fine (like sand) ◇ thin, thready (like voice) ◇ fine, delicate ◇ careful, attentive, meticulous ◇ fine, minute, trifling

紫 紫 zǐ ◇ purple, violet (colour) ◇ Zi (surname) ◇ {bot} Asian puccoon, Chinese gromwell, Lithospermum erythrorhizon (herb used in Chinese medicine)

字 字 zì ◇ {linguistics} Chinese character, word, letter ◇ "style name" (name taken by a man upon reaching manhood, at around 20 years of age)

字母字母 zìmǔ ◇ letter (of an alphabet) ◇ initial (of the Chinese phonetic alphabet)

字幕字幕 zìmù ◇ subtitle, captions (like for a movie)

自卑自卑 zìbēi ◇ feel inferior ◇ (be) servile/deferential/humble

自从自從 zìcóng ◇ since, from

自 自 zì ◇ self, oneself ◇ by itself, naturally, certainly, of course ◇ since, from ◇ start, beginning, origin ◇ because, due to ◇ Zi (surname)

从 從 cóng ◇ from ◇ through, since, by ◇ ever (before negation, e.g., cóng méiyǒu

從沒有/从没有) ◇ always (usually followed by 不, 沒/没, 未 etc. to mean "never") ◇ follow, accompany ◇ comply, conform, follow, obey ◇ act in a certain way (e.g., cóngkuān 從寬/从宽 "treat with leniency") ◇ attendant, footman, follower ◇ secondary ◇ cousin (relationship based on having the same paternal ancestor) ◇ Cong (surname)

自动自動 zìdòng ◇ automatic ◇ voluntary, by one's own free will, on one's own initiative, spontaneous ◇ automatically, spontaneously

自发自發 zìfā ◇ spontaneous, on one's own initiative

自豪自豪 zìháo ◇ be proud, take (proper) pride in

自己自己 zìjǐ ◇ oneself ◇ by oneself (i.e., without other people) ◇ one's own

自觉自覺 zìjué ◇ be conscious/aware ◇ be conscientious, do what is expected without being told to; on one's own in initiative

自力更生 自力更生 zìlìgēngshēng ◇ rely on one's own effort to revive (the nation, etc.) ◇ self-reliance, rejuvenation

自满自滿 zìmǎn ◇ self-satisfied, complacent

满 满 mǎn ◇ full (of), filled with ◇ feel satisfied ◇ proud, haughty ◇ reach (a certain time limit); expire ◇ entire, whole ◇ completely, entirely ◇ Manchu, Manchurian, Man ethnic group ◇ Man (surname)

自然自然 zìrán ◇ nature; natural, in a natural way ◇ naturally, of course

自私自私 zìsī ◇ selfish, self-seeking

自信自信 zìxìn ◇ (have) self-confidence ◇ self-confident

自行车 自行車 zìxíngchē ◇ bicycle

自行自行 zìxíng ◇ (do) by oneself ◇ voluntary, by one's own free will ◇ {astronomy} proper motion ◇ self-propelled, self-powered

车 車 chē ◇ vehicle, car ◇ implement or machine containing rotating elements (like a spinning wheel, water wheel, windmill) ◇ machine, turn on a lathe ◇ draw/lift water with a water wheel ◇ {dialect} carry (away) in a vehicle ◇ {dialect} sew sth on a sewing machine ◇ turn (one's body) ◇ Che (surname)

自由自由 zìyóu ◇ freedom, liberty ◇ free, unrestrained, unrestricted ◇ at

ease, carefree

自愿自願 zìyuàn ◇ voluntary, of one's own free will

自主自主 zìzhǔ ◇ do on one's own initiative, decide for oneself; be autonomous

子弹子彈 zǐdàn ◇ bullet, shell, cartridge

子 子 zǐ ◇ son, child ◇ person ◇ (of melons, etc.) seed ◇ (of fowl, fish) egg, roe ◇ sth small and hard (pebble, bead, etc.) ◇ sub(ordinate) ◇ (in Chinese chess) a chess piece ◇ {history} viscount (the fourth of the five ranks of nobility) ◇ {respectful address} master, sir; Master... (suffix added to the names of ancient philosophers, such as Kǒngzǐ 孔子 "Confucius", Mèngzǐ 孟子 "Mencius") ◇ zi (first of the twelve Dìzhī 地支 "Earthly Branches") ◇ zi (11:00 p.m. to 1:00 a.m.; one of the twelve two-hour periods in a day) ◇ Zi (surname)

弹 彈 tán ◇ shoot, catapult, fling, bounce ◇ {textiles} fluff, tease (like cotton, wool, silk) with a bow ◇ flip, flick (like marbles with a finger, or ash from a cigarette) ◇ {music} play, pluck (the piano, a stringed instrument, etc) ◇ elastic, resilient ◇ spring back into the original shape after being stretched ◇ impeach, accuse, lash out at

宗教宗教 zōngjiào ◇ religion

宗旨宗旨 zōngzhǐ ◇ aim, purpose, intention

棕色棕色 zōngsè ◇ brown (colour)

综合綜合 zōnghé ◇ synthesize, sum up ◇ synthesis ◇ comprehensive

综 綜 zōng ◇ combine, put together, sum up

合 合 hé ◇ combine, unite, join ◇ shut, close ◇ the entire/whole... ◇ {written} be appropriate, proper ◇ suit, agree, fit, comply/conform with ◇ add up to, be equal to ◇ {measure word}... round(s) of...,... bout(s) of... (in fights, contests, sports, etc.) ◇ {astronomy} conjunction ◇ {music} he (note in the Chinese scale gōngchěpǔ 工尺谱/工尺谱, corresponding to 5 in numbered musical notation) ◇ He (surname)

踪迹蹤跡 zōngjì ◇ trace, track

踪 蹤 zōng ◇ footprint, trace, track ◇ follow, track

迹 跡 jì ◇ a track, mark, trace (like a footprint) ◇ (of historical buildings, events, etc.) remains, ruins, vestiges ◇ indication, outward sign

总裁總裁 zǒngcái ◇ director (of a state-run enterprise) ◇ director general (of some political parties) ◇ governor (of a bank) ◇ director general (like of a major editorial project, school, etc.) ◇ president (of a company or political party) ◇ official post during the Qīng 清 Dynasty

总 總 zǒng ◇ overall, main, general, chief, leading ◇ total, gross ◇ assemble, put together, gather, sum up ◇ always, without exception, invariably ◇ after all, eventually, anyway, sooner or later ◇ at least, surely

裁 裁 cái ◇ cut out (like paper, cloth) ◇ cut (down), decrease, reduce (like staff, armaments) ◇ (in art, literature) approach, style ◇ decide, judge ◇ control, check, sanction ◇ {archaic} commit suicide by slitting one's throat

总而言之 總而言之 zǒng'éryánzhī ◇ in summary, to sum up, in a word

而言 而言 ér yán ◇ regarding, speaking of (often preceded by a prepositional phrase like jiù... 就...)

之 之 zhī ◇ of (formal/literary equivalent of de 的) ◇ it, him, her (formal/literary direct object pronoun) ◇ {archaic} go to... ◇ Zhi (surname)

总共總共 zǒnggòng ◇ altogether, in all

共 共 gòng ◇ together, collectively ◇ common (with), general, universal; share, have or do in common; in common, in all, altogether, total ◇ (short for Gòngchǎndǎng 共產黨/共产党) Communist Party

总和總和 zǒnghé ◇ sum, total

和 和 hé ◇ and; with ◇ together with ◇ kind, gentle, mild; (be) on good terms with, harmonious; harmony, peace ◇ {sports} (of the result of a competition) a draw, a tie ◇ Japan, Japanese ◇ He (surname)

总结總結 zǒngjié ◇ summarize ◇ summary

总理總理 zǒnglǐ ◇ premier, prime minister, chancellor ◇ director, director-general (of a political party)

理 理 lǐ ◇ texture, grain, vein ◇ reason, logic ◇ natural sciences ◇ physics ◇ manage, administer ◇ put in order, straighten up ◇ (mostly used in the negative) pay attention to, acknowledge ◇ matchmaker ◇ judicial official ◇ Li (surname)

总是總是 zǒngshì ◇ always
是 是 shì ◇ be, am, is, are (equating two things) ◇ right ◇ yes (response when called on) ◇ {classical} this ◇ {classical} correct, right ◇ (in the pattern 是...是...) is it...or is it...? ◇ "Yes!" ◇ "Right!"

总算總算 zǒngsuàn ◇ in the end, finally ◇ on the whole, all things considered

算 算 suàn ◇ calculate, figure ◇ count, include ◇ plan, plot, calculate ◇ infer, think ◇ regard as, consider as ◇ count, be important ◇ {colloquial} (when followed by 了) drop it, forget it ◇ (in the patterns "Verb + duōshao suàn duōshao 多少算多少", "Verb + dào nǎr suàn nǎr 到哪兒算哪兒/到哪儿算哪儿", etc.: "just 'Verb' as much [or far, etc.] as one can", "see how much [or how far, etc.] one can 'Verb' [and then call it a day]")

总统總統 zǒngtǒng ◇ the president, chief of state (of a republican form of government)

总之總之 zǒngzhī ◇ in short, in sum, in a word ◇ in any case, in any event, at any rate, anyway, altogether
之 之 zhī ◇ of (formal/literary equivalent of 的) ◇ it, him, her (formal/literary direct object pronoun) ◇ {archaic} go to... ◇ Zhi (surname)

纵横縱橫 zònghéng ◇ vertical(ly) and horizontal(ly), in length and breadth ◇ criss-cross, extend over the length and breadth of sth ◇ (of an army) sweep over, march over unhindered ◇ {figurative} with great ease, freely

走 走 zǒu ◇ walk, travel on foot ◇ run ◇ move, shift ◇ leave, depart ◇ (verb ending) ...away ◇ run away, flee, escape ◇ leak (out) ◇ lose the original shape, flavour, etc. ◇ through, from

走廊走廊 zǒuláng ◇ corridor, passage, passageway ◇ corridor (narrow passageway or tract of land) ◇ roofed walkway, porch, verandah ◇ lobby

走漏走漏 zǒulòu ◇ leak out (of information, secrets, etc.) ◇ smuggle and evade taxation ◇ leakage (loss through theft of part of stock of goods)

走私走私 zǒusī ◇ smuggle

揍 揍 zòu ◇ hit, beat (sb) ◇ smash, break (sth)

租 租 zū ◇ rent, hire ◇ rent out, lease out ◇ rent ◇ land tax

租赁租賃 zūlìn ◇ rent, lease ◇ rent out, lease out

赁 賃 lìn ◇ rent, hire ◇ hired labourer

足以足以 zúyǐ ◇ enough to, sufficient to

祖父祖父 zǔfù ◇ grandfather (father's father)

祖国祖國 zǔguó ◇ motherland, fatherland, one's country

祖 祖 zǔ ◇ grandparent ◇ ancestor, forefather ◇ founder, originator ◇ ancestral temple ◇ pattern after, follow the example of ◇ know well ◇ sacrifices to the God of the Highways (before one takes a trip) ◇ Zu (surname)

祖先祖先 zǔxiān ◇ ancestors, forefathers ◇ ancestry

组 組 zǔ ◇ organize ◇ group, unit (as small organization of people) ◇ rent (a room, etc.) weave ◇ {history} silk cord (worn as adornment, esp. by officials) ◇ {measure word}...

group(s)/series of..., set of... (used for things in groups, units, series, etc.) ◇ suite (of songs), set (of paintings, etc.)

组成組成 zǔchéng ◇ compose, constitute, make up

组合組合 zǔhé ◇ compose, constitute ◇ composition, combination ◇ association (of people or things) ◇ {math} combination

组织組織 zǔzhī ◇ organization ◇ organize, form ◇ {textiles} weave ◇ {physiology} tissue

阻碍阻礙 zǔ'ài ◇ hinder, impede, obstruct

阻 阻 zǔ ◇ hinder, obstruct ◇ strategic place ◇ dangerous, difficult (road, etc.) ◇ be uncertain, have

doubts ◇ rely on ◇ {electrical} resistance

阻拦阻拦 zǔlán ◇ stop, obstruct

拦 拦 lán ◇ block, obstruct, stop, bar

阻挠阻挠 zǔnáo ◇ hinder, obstruct, get in the way, stand in the way, put a spoke into sb's wheel, create obstacles

挠 挠 náo ◇ scratch (an itch) ◇

hinder, impede ◇ submit, yield ◇ mix, blend

阻止 阻止 zǔzhǐ ◇ prevent, stop

钻石鑽石 zuànshí ◇ diamond ◇ jewel (of a watch)

钻 鑽 zuān ◇ drill (into), bore (into) ◇ pass through, get into, make one's way into, sneak into ◇ study diligently/intensively, dig into, make a thorough study of, delve into

石 石 shí ◇ stone, rock, pebble ◇

stone inscription ◇ {Chinese medicine} stone needle (used in ancient times in acupuncture) ◇ Shi (surname)

钻研鑽研 zuānyán ◇ study diligently, delve into

钻 鑽 zuān ◇ drill (into), bore (into) ◇ pass through, get into, make one's way into, sneak into ◇ study diligently/intensively, dig into, make a thorough study of, delve into

研 研 yán ◇ grind, rub, pestle (medicine, ink, etc.) ◇ study, research

嘴 嘴 zuǐ ◇ mouth; beak ◇ anything shaped or acting like a mouth (like the mouth of a bottle) ◇ manner of speaking

嘴唇嘴唇 zuǐchún ◇ the lips

最 最 zuì ◇ (the) most..., -est (prefix for the superlative, e.g., zuìdà 最大 "biggest")

最初最初 zuìchū ◇ initial, original, first ◇ in the beginning, at the very beginning, in the earliest times

最好最好 zuìhǎo ◇ best ◇ it would be best to..., had better

最后最後 zuìhòu ◇ final, last, ultimate, eventual

最近最近 zuìjìn ◇ recently, of late, lately ◇ in the near future

罪犯罪犯 zuìfàn ◇ criminal, offender

醉 醉 zuì ◇ drunk, intoxicated ◇ be infatuated (with), indulge (in)

尊敬尊敬 zūnjìng ◇ respect, honour, esteem ◇ honoured, respected

尊严尊嚴 zūnyán ◇ dignity, honour

尊 尊 zūn ◇ senior (in position or age) ◇ respect, revere, venerate, honour ◇ {formal} your (of a person or thing) ◇ zun (wine vessel) ◇ {measure word} (used for a religious statue, or an artillery piece like a cannon) ◇ Zun (surname)

严 嚴 yán ◇ tight, close ◇ stern, strict ◇ severe (like punishment, weather) ◇ father ◇ Yan (surname)

尊重尊重 zūnzhòng ◇ respect, be respectful of, have consideration for, value (sb's opinion, others' rights/traditions, etc.) ◇ respect, be true to (the facts, history, etc.) ◇ hold (sb) in esteem, think highly of ◇ serious, proper (in behaviour)

遵守遵守 zūnshǒu ◇ observe, comply with, abide by

遵循遵循 zūnxún ◇ follow, obey, abide by, adhere to, go according to

昨天昨天 zuótiān ◇ yesterday

琢磨琢磨 zhuómo ◇ carve and polish (jade, etc.) ◇ (of literary works, or figuratively one's mind, character, etc.) polish, refine ◇ (usu. pronounced zuómo) ponder (over), mull (over)

左边左邊 zuǒbian ◇ the left side

左 左 zuǒ ◇ left (side) ◇ east ◇ left, progressive, revolutionary ◇

master, control ◇ unorthodox, queer ◇ wrong, false, incorrect ◇ opposite, contrary, different ◇ demote ◇ Zuo (surname)

边 邊 biān ◇ side ◇ border, edge, fringe ◇ trim (as decoration) ◇ border, boundary ◇ location, place ◇ Bian (surname)

左右左右 zuǒyòu ◇ (used after numbers, time) approximately, about, around... ◇ dominate, control, influence, manipulate ◇ attendants, close as-

sistants, those around one; entourage,
retinue ◇ {dialect} anyway, in any
case, anyhow

作弊作弊 zuòbì ◇ cheat, practice
fraud (mostly on a test)

作废作废 zuòfèi ◇ become invalid,
make null and void, cease to be effective

作 作 zuò ◇ do, make, work ◇
rise, grow ◇ be, become, serve as, act
as ◇ engage (in an activity) ◇ compose,
write; the writings, works ◇ feign,
pretend ◇ consider to be, regard as ◇
feel

废 废 fèi ◇ abandon, give up, ab-
rogate, throw away; abolish, terminate ◇ decline
(from neglect, etc.), lie waste ◇ useless, un-
used, wasted ◇ disabled, crippled, maimed

作风作风 zuòfēng ◇ way, me-
thod, work style

风 风 fēng ◇ wind, gale, breeze ◇
put out to dry, winnow, air-dry, air ◇ speedily,
swiftly ◇ custom, practice, atmosphere ◇
style, attitude ◇ information, news, rumour,
hearsay ◇ {literature} (as a genre in the Shī-
jīng 詩經/诗经 "Book of Odes" section Guófēng
國風/国风 "Airs of the states") folk song, ballad
◇ {med} used in the names of certain illnesses
(e.g., zhòngfēng 中風/"stroke", "apoplexy")
◇ Feng (surname)

作家作家 zuòjiā ◇ author, writer

作品作品 zuòpǐn ◇ literary or
artistic works

作为作為 zuòwéi ◇ regard as,
treat as, take as; serve as ◇ in the ca-
pacity of, as ◇ conduct, action(s), act,
deed, behaviour ◇ accomplish, do sth
worthwhile; achievements, accomplish-
ments ◇ {law} fulfillment of a legal
duty

为 爲 wéi ◇ be, mean ◇ serve as,
act as ◇ become, turn ◇ do, act ◇ seem, ap-
pear ◇ by ◇ Wei (surname)

作文作文 zuòwén ◇ composi-
tion, essay ◇ write a composition or an
essay (esp. of students)

作息作息 zuòxi ◇ work and rest

作业作業 zuòyè ◇ school assignment,
homework ◇ work, production, opera-
tion ◇ training for soldiers ◇ operate

业 業 yè ◇ line of business, trade,

industry ◇ occupation, profession, employ-
ment, job ◇ school work, course of study ◇
cause, undertaking, enterprise ◇ estate, pro-
perty ◇ {Buddhism} karma ◇ {written} enga-
ge in ◇ {written} already

作用作用 zuòyòng ◇ action ◇ ef-
fect ◇ role, function ◇ intention, moti-
ve ◇ to affect, act on, produce an effect
on

作者作者 zuòzhě ◇ author, wri-
ter

做 做 zuò ◇ work, do ◇ make,
create, manufacture, produce ◇ be, be-
come, act as, be used as ◇ write, com-
pose ◇ play the part of, disguise one-
self as ◇ hold (a celebration, like a
birthday)

做主做主 zuòzhǔ ◇ take sole
responsibility, take matters into one's
own hands ◇ make the final decision
◇ support ◇ act as the host

坐 坐 zuò ◇ sit ◇ travel by, go
by (car, airplane, etc.) ◇ (of a buil-
ding, etc.) be situated/located ◇ sink,
subside ◇ put a pot, kettle, pan, etc. on
a fire/stove ◇ because, for the reason
that... ◇ {archaic} be punished ◇ bear
fruit ◇ become ill ◇ spontaneously,
naturally

座 座 zuò ◇ seat ◇ stand, ba-
se, pedestal (e.g., for bowls, vases) ◇
{measure word} (used for large and fi-
xed structures, like mountains, bridges,
buildings, towers, etc.) ◇ (star) con-
stellation

座位座位 zuòwèi ◇ a seat (the
place or thing)

座右铭 座右銘 zuòyòumíng
◇ maxim, motto

铭 銘 míng ◇ inscription (mostly
engraved or cast, recording meritorious deeds,
etc.) ◇ inscribe, engrave (in commemoration,
etc.) ◇ engrave on the mind

CHINESE CHARACTER INDICES

汉字索引

漢字索引

Part I: Simplified Version

简体字版

1 Stroke

Yī
一
Piě
丿
Yǐ
乙

2 Strokes

Dīng
丁
Qī
七
Jiǔ
九
Le
了

Èr
二
Rén
人
Ér
儿
Rù
入
Bā
八
Jǐ
几
Dāo
刀
Lì
力
Shí
十
Chǎng
厂
Yòu
又
Wàn
万

3 Strokes

Zhàng
丈
Sān
三
Shàng
上
Xià
下
Yǔ
与
Gè
个
Wán
丸
Jiǔ
久
Me
么
Yì
义
Zhī
之
Qǐ
乞
Yě
也
Xí
习
Xiāng
乡
Yú
于
Kuī
亏
Wáng
亡
Yì
亿
Fán
凡
Biāo
勺
Qiān
千

Wèi
卫
Chā
叉
Jí
及
Kǒu
口
Tǔ
土
Xī
夕
Dà
大
Nǚ
女
Zǐ
子
Cùn
寸
Xiǎo
小
Shī
尸
Shān
山
Chuān
川
Gōng
工
Jǐ
己
Jīn
巾
Gān
干
Guǎng
广
Cái
才
Mén
门
Fēi
飞

Mǎ
马

4 Strokes

Bù
不
Gài
丐
Chǒu
丑
Zhuān
专
Zhōng
中
Fēng
丰
Wéi
为
Wū
乌
Fá
乏
Shū
书
Yú
予
Yún
云
Hù
互
Wǔ
五
Jǐng
井
Shí
什
Rén
仁
Jǐn
仅
Chóu
仇
Jīn
今

Jiè
介
Réng
仍
Cóng
从
Cāng
仓
Yǐ
以
Yǔn
允
Yuán
元
Gōng
公
Liù
六
Nèi
内
Xiōng
凶
Fēn
分
Qiē
切
Quàn
劝
Bàn
办
Gōu
勾
Wù
勿
Yún
匀
Huà
化
Pǐ
匹
Shēng
升
Wǔ
午

Tīng
厅
Lì
历
Yǒu
友
Shuāng
双
Fǎn
反
Tiān
天
Tiān
天
Tài
太
Fū
夫
Kǒng
孔
Shǎo
少
Yóu
尤
Chǐ
尺
Jù
巨
Bā
巴
Bì
币
Bì
币
Huàn
幻
Kāi
开
Yǐn
引
Xīn
心
Yì
忆

Hù
户
Shǒu
手
Zhā
扎
Zhī
支
Wén
文
Dòu
斗
Jīn
斤
Fāng
方
Wú
无
Rì
日
Yuè
月
Mù
木
Qiàn
欠
Zhǐ
止
Dǎi
歹
Bǐ
比
Máo
毛
Shì
氏
Qì
气
Shuǐ
水
Huǒ
火
Fù
父

Piàn
片

Yá
牙
Quǎn
犬
Wáng
王
Wǎ
瓦
Yì
艺
Jiàn
见
Jì
计
Dìng
订
Rèn
认
Jī
讥
Bèi
贝
Chē
车
Cháng
长
Duì
队
Fēng
风

5 Strokes
Qiě
且
Shì
世
Qiū
丘
Bǐng
丙
Yè
业

Cóng
丛
Dōng
东
Sī
丝
Zhǔ
主
Hū
乎
Lè
乐
Zǐ
仔
Tā
他
Zhàng
仗
Xiān
仙
Dài
代
Lìng
令
Yí
仪
Men
们
Xiōng
兄
Cè
册
Xiě
写
Dōng
冬
Tū
凸
Chū
出
Jī
击
Kān
刊

Gōng
功
Jiā
加
Wù
务
Bāo
包
Cōng
匆
Běi
北
Bàn
半
Zhàn
占
Kǎ
卡
Yìn
印
Lì
厉
Qù
去
Fā
发
Gǔ
古
Jù
句
Lìng
另
Tāo
叨
Zhǐ
只
Jiào
叫
Zhào
召
Bā
叭
Dīng
叮

Kě
可
Tái
台
Shǐ
史
Yòu
右
Yòu
右
Yè
叶
Hào
号
Sī
司
Sī
司
Tàn
叹
Diào
刁
Sì
四
Shèng
圣
Chù
处
Wài
外
Yāng
央
Shī
失
Tóu
头
Nú
奴
Nǎi
奶
Yùn
孕
Níng
宁
Tā
她

它
Duì
对
Ēr
尔
Zuǒ
左
Qiǎo
巧
Shì
市
Bù
布
Shuài
帅
Píng
平
Yòu
幼
Guī
归
Bì
必
Pū
扑
Bā
扒
Dǎ
打
Rēng
扔
Chì
斥
Dàn
旦
Jiù
旧
Wèi
未
Běn
本
Shù
术
Zhèng
正

Mǔ
母
Mín
民
Yǒng
永
Zhī
汁
Huì
汇
Hàn
汉
Miè
灭
Fàn
犯
Yù
玉
Guā
瓜
Gān
甘
Shēng
生
Yòng
用
Shuǎi
甩
Tián
田
Yóu
由
Jiǎ
甲
Diàn
电
Bái
白
Pí
皮
Mù
目
Máo
矛

Shí
石
Shì
示
Lǐ
礼
Xué
穴
Lì
立
Jiū
纠
Jié
节
Tǎo
讨
Ràng
让
Xùn
训
Yì
议
Xùn
讯
Jì
记
Biān
边
Liáo
辽
Shǎn
闪
Jī
饥
Niǎo
鸟
Lóng
龙

6 Strokes

Diū
丢
Pīng
乒

Pāng
乓
Mǎi
买
Zhēng
争
Yà
亚
Jiāo
交
Yì
亦
Chǎn
产
Yǎng
仰
Jiàn
件
Jià
价
Rèn
任
Fèn
份
Fǎng
仿
Qǐ
企
Wǔ
伍
Fú
伏
Fá
伐
Xiū
休
Zhòng
众
Yōu
优
Huǒ
伙
Huì
会

Sǎn
伞
Wěi
伟
Chuán
传
Shāng
伤
Lún
伦
Wěi
伪
Sì
似
Chōng
充
Zhào
兆
Xiān
先
Guāng
光
Quán
全
Gòng
共
Guān
关
Xīng
兴
Zài
再
Jūn
军
Nóng
农
Bīng
冰
Chōng
冲
Jué
决
Xíng
刑

Huà	Xiàng	Zì	Bìng
划	向	字	并
Liè	Xià	Cún	Zhuāng
列	吓	存	庄
Zé	Ma	Sūn	Qìng
则	吗	孙	庆
Gāng	Xī	Zhái	Yán
刚	吸	宅	延
Chuàng	Huí	Yǔ	Yì
创	回	宇	异
Liè	Yīn	Shǒu	Shì
劣	因	守	式
Dòng	Tuán	Ān	Dāng
动	团	安	当
Huá	Zài	Sì	Máng
华	在	寺	忙
Xié	Dì	Xún	Xì
协	地	寻	戏
Wēi	Chǎng	Dǎo	Chéng
危	场	导	成
Yā	Jī	Jiān	Tuō
压	圾	尖	托
Yàn	Zhuàng	Chén	Káng
厌	壮	尘	扛
Xū	Duō	Jìn	Kòu
吁	多	尽	扣
Chī	Kuā	Yǔ	Zhí
吃	夸	屿	执
Gè	Jiā	Suì	Kuò
各	夹	岁	扩
Hé	Duó	Qǐ	Sǎo
合	夺	岂	扫
Jí	Tā	Zhōu	Yáng
吉	她	州	扬
Diào	Hǎo	Xún	Shōu
吊	好	巡	收
Tóng	Rú	Gǒng	Zhǐ
同	如	巩	旨
Míng	Wàng	Fān	Zǎo
名	妄	帆	早
Hòu	Zhuāng	Shī	Zǎo
后	妆	师	早
Tǔ	Fù	Nián	Xún
吐	妇	年	旬

Qū
曲
Yǒu
有
Pò
朴
Duǒ
朵
Jī
机
Jī
机
Xiǔ
朽
Shā
杀
Zá
杂
Quán
权
Cì
次
Huān
欢
Cǐ
此
Sǐ
死
Bì
毕
Hàn
汗
Wū
污
Jiāng
江
Chí
池
Wū
污
Tāng
汤
Dēng
灯

Huī
灰
Yé
爷
Bǎi
百
Zhú
竹
Mǐ
米
Hóng
红
Yuē
约
Jí
级
Jì
纪
Wǎng
网
Yáng
羊
Yǔ
羽
Lǎo
老
Kǎo
考
Ér
而
Ěr
耳
Ròu
肉
Jī
肌
Chén
臣
Zì
自
Zhì
至
Shé
舌

Zhōu
舟
Sè
色
Máng
芒
Chóng
虫
Xuè
血
Xíng
行
Yī
衣
Xī
西
Guān
观
Jiǎng
讲
Huì
讳
Yà
讶
Xǔ
许
Lùn
论
Sòng
讼
Fěng
讽
Shè
设
Fǎng
访
Fù
负
Guǐ
轨
Dá
达
Qiān
迁

Qì
迄
Xùn
迅
Guò
过
Mài
迈
Nà
那
Bì
闭
Wèn
问
Chuǎng
闯
Jǐng
阱
Fáng
防
Yáng
阳
Yīn
阴
Zhèn
阵
Jiē
阶
Yè
页
Chí
驰
Qí
齐

7 Strokes

Liǎng
两
Yán
严
Chuàn
串
Lì
丽

Luàn
乱
Bó
伯
Gū
估
Bàn
伴
Líng
伶
Shēn
伸
Sì
伺
Dàn
但
Wèi
位
Dī
低
Zhù
住
Tǐ
体
Hé
何
Yú
余
Fó
佛
Zuò
作
Nǐ
你
Yōng
佣
Kè
克
Miǎn
免
Duì
兑
Bīng
兵

Kuàng
况
Lěng
冷
Dòng
冻
Chū
初
Shān
删
Pàn
判
Bié
别
Lì
利
Bié
别
Zhù
助
Nǚ
努
Jié
劫
Lì
励
Jìn
劲
Láo
劳
Yī
医
Jí
即
Què
却
Xiàn
县
Jūn
君
Lìn
吝
Tūn
吞

Yín
吟
Fǒu
否
Ba
吧
Dūn
吨
Fēn
吩
Hán
含
Tīng
听
Qǐ
启
Chǎo
吵
Chuī
吹
Wěn
吻
Hǒu
吼
Yā
呀
Dāi
呆
Chéng
呈
Gào
告
Ǒu
呕
Yuán
员
Yuán
园
Kùn
困
Wéi
围
Zhǐ
址

Jūn
均
Huài
坏
Zuò
坐
Kēng
坑
Kuài
块
Jiān
坚
Tán
坛
Bà
坝
Fén
坟
Zhùi
坠
Shēng
声
Qiào
壳
Dù
妒
Miào
妙
Tuǒ
妥
Fáng
妨
Xiào
孝
Wán
完
Hóng
宏
Shòu
寿
Gà
尬
Wěi
尾

Jú	Zhì	Kàng	Gàng
局	志	抗	杠
Pì	Wàng	Zhé	Tiáo
屁	忘	折	条
Céng	Yōu	Fǔ	Lái
层	忧	抚	来
Chà	Kuài	Pāo	Jí
岔	快	抛	极
Gǎng	Huái	Qiǎng	Bù
岗	怀	抢	步
Dǎo	Wǒ	Hù	Měi
岛	我	护	每
Xī	Jiè	Bào	Qiú
希	戒	报	求
Zhàng	Niǔ	Jù	Tài
帐	扭	拒	汰
Bì	Bàn	Nǐ	Xiōng
庇	扮	拟	汹
Chuáng	Chě	Gǎi	Qì
床	扯	改	汽
Xù	Rǎo	Gōng	Wò
序	扰	攻	沃
Kù	Fú	Hàn	Shěn
库	扶	旱	沈
Yīng	Pī	Shí	Chén
应	批	时	沉
Qì	Zhǎo	Kuàng	Mù
弃	找	旷	沐
Nòng	Jì	Gèng	Shā
弄	技	更	沙
Dì	Chāo	Gǎn	Pèi
弟	抄	杆	沛
Zhāng	Bǎ	Lǐ	Gōu
张	把	李	沟
Xíng	Yì	Cái	Méi
形	抑	材	没
Yì	Shū	Cūn	Cāng
役	抒	村	沧
Chè	Zhuā	Zhàng	Fàn
彻	抓	杖	泛
Jì	Tóu	Dù	Líng
忌	投	杜	灵
Rěn	Dǒu	Shù	Zào
忍	抖	束	灶

Zāi	Zòng	Sù	Wéi
灾	纵	诉	违
Càn	Fēn	Zhěn	Lián
灿	纷	诊	连
Láo	Zhǐ	Cí	Chí
牢	纸	词	迟
Zhuàng	Wén	Yì	Chí
状	纹	译	迟
Yóu	Fǎng	Gǔ	Yóu
犹	纺	谷	邮
Kuáng	Niǔ	Dòu	Lín
狂	纽	豆	邻
Bèi	Hǎn	Gòng	Lǐ
狈	罕	贡	里
Nán	Xiào	Cái	Zhēn
男	肖	财	针
Liáo	Dù	Chì	Dīng
疗	肚	赤	钉
Zào	Cháng	Zǒu	Xián
皂	肠	走	闲
Dīng	Liáng	Zú	Jiān
盯	良	足	间
Shè	Huā	Shēn	Mèn
社	花	身	闷
Tū	Yá	Xīn	Zǔ
秃	芽	辛	阻
Sī	Cāng	Chén	A
私	苍	辰	阿
Tū	Sū	Yíng	Fù
秃	苏	迎	附
Jiū	Bǔ	Yùn	Jì
究	补	运	际
Qióng	Jiǎo	Jìn	Lù
穷	角	近	陆
Xì	Yán	Fǎn	Chén
系	言	返	陈
Wěi	Zhèng	Hái	Rèn
纬	证	还	韧
Chún	Píng	Zhè	Rèn
纯	评	这	饪
Gāng	Shí	Jìn	Fàn
纲	识	进	饭
Nà	Zhà	Yuǎn	Yǐn
纳	诈	远	饮

Qū
驱
Bó
驳
Jī
鸡
Mài
麦

8 Strokes

Bìng
並
Sāng
丧
Guāi
乖
Rǔ
乳
Shì
事
Xiē
些
Xiǎng
享
Jīng
京
Pèi
佩
Jiā
佳
Shǐ
使
Kǎn
侃
Zhí
侄
Chǐ
侈
Lì
例
Gōng
供
Yī
依

Xiá
侠
Lǚ
侣
Yáo
饶
Zhēn
侦
Cè
侧
Qiáo
侨
Tù
兔
Qí
其
Jù
具
Diǎn
典
Jìng
净
Píng
凭
Píng
凭
Guā
刮
Dào
到
Zhì
制
Shuā
刷
Quàn
券
Chà
刹
Cì
刺
Kè
刻
Jì
剂

Shì
势
Bēi
卑
Zhuó
卓
Dān
单
Mài
卖
Wò
卧
Juǎn
卷
Cè
厕
Cān
参
Shū
叔
Qǔ
取
Shòu
受
Biàn
变
Ne
呢
Zhōu
周
Wèi
味
A
呵
Shēn
呻
Hū
呼
Mìng
命
Jǔ
咀
Zǎ
咋

Hé
和
Fu
咐
Gā
咖
Lóng
咙
Āi
哎
Gù
固
Guó
国
Tú
图
Pō
坡
Tǎn
坦
Chuí
垂
Lā
垃
Lǒng
垄
Bèi
备
Yè
夜
Qí
奇
Nài
奈
Fèng
奉
Fèn
奋
Bēn
奔
Mèi
妹
Qī
妻

Mǔ	Jiè	Niàn	Chāi
姆	届	念	拆
Shǐ	Yán	Hū	Lā
始	岩	忽	拉
Jiě	Yuè	Tài	Bàn
姐	岳	态	拌
Gū	Àn	Pà	Pāi
姑	岸	怕	拍
Xìng	Tiē	Bù	Guǎi
姓	帖	怖	拐
Wěi	Lián	Lián	Tuò
委	帘	怜	拓
Jì	Zhì	Xìng	Bá
季	帜	性	拔
Gū	Xìng	Guài	Tuō
孤	幸	怪	拖
Xué	Dǐ	Qiè	Jū
学	底	怯	拘
Zōng	Diàn	Huò	Zhuō
宗	店	或	拙
Guān	Miào	Fáng	Zhāo
官	庙	房	招
Zhòu	Fǔ	Suǒ	Lǒng
宙	府	所	拢
Dìng	Páng	Chéng	jiǎn
定	庞	承	拣
Yí	Fèi	Pī	Yōng
宜	废	披	拥
Bǎo	Jiàn	Tái	Lán
宝	建	抬	拦
Shí	Mí	Bào	Nǐng
实	弥	抱	拧
Chǒng	Xián	Dǐ	Bō
宠	弦	抵	拨
Shěn	Lù	Mǒ	Zé
审	录	抹	择
Shàng	Bǐ	Yā	Fàng
尚	彼	押	放
Jū	Wǎng	Chōu	Zhǎn
居	往	抽	斩
Qū	Jìng	Zhǔ	Yú
屈	径	拄	於
Tì	Zhōng	Dān	Wàng
屉	忠	担	旺

Áng
 昂
 Kūn
 昆
 Chāng
 昌
 Míng
 明
 Hūn
 昏
 Yì
 易
 Xī
 昔
 Péng
 朋
 Fú
 服
 Bēi
 杯
 Jié
 杰
 Sōng
 松
 Bǎn
 板
 Gòu
 构
 Wǎng
 枉
 Xī
 析
 Zhěn
 枕
 Lín
 林
 Méi
 枚
 Guǒ
 果
 Zhī
 枝
 Qiāng
 枪

Guì
 柜
 Xīn
 欣
 Ōu
 欧
 Wǔ
 武
 Qí
 歧
 Ōu
 殴
 Méng
 氓
 Fēn
 氛
 Mò
 沫
 Jǔ
 沮
 Hé
 河
 Fèi
 沸
 Yóu
 油
 Zhì
 治
 Zhǎo
 沼
 Zhān
 沾
 Yán
 沿
 Xiè
 泄
 Bó
 泊
 Mì
 泌
 Fǎ
 法
 Pào
 泡

Bō
 波
 Qì
 泣
 Ní
 泥
 Zhù
 注
 Lèi
 泪
 Yǒng
 泳
 Xiè
 泻
 Pō
 泼
 Zé
 泽
 Qiǎn
 浅
 Lú
 炉
 Chuī
 炊
 Yán
 炎
 Chǎo
 炒
 Pá
 爬
 Bà
 爸
 Bǎn
 版
 Mù
 牧
 Wù
 物
 Gǒu
 狗
 Wán
 玩
 Huán
 环

Xiàn
 现
 Huà
 画
 Chàng
 畅
 Gē
 疙
 De
 的
 Máng
 盲
 Zhí
 直
 Zhī
 知
 Kuàng
 矿
 Mǎ
 码
 Kōng
 空
 Xiàn
 线
 Liàn
 练
 Zǔ
 组
 Shēn
 绅
 Xì
 细
 Zhī
 织
 Zhōng
 终
 Shào
 绍
 Yì
 绎
 Yì
 绎
 Jīng
 经

Zhě
者
Sù
肃
Gǔ
股
Zhī
肢
Fū
肤
Féi
肥
Jiān
肩
Fáng
肪
Kěn
肯
Yù
育
Yáo
肴
Fèi
肺
Zhǒng
肿
Zhàng
胀
Xié
胁
Shè
舍
Jiān
艰
Miáo
苗
Gǒu
苟
Ruò
若
Ruò
若
Kǔ
苦

Yīng
英
Pín
苹
Mào
茂
Fàn
范
Jīng
茎
Hǔ
虎
Lǚ
虏
Biǎo
表
Shān
衫
Chèn
衬
Guī
规
Mì
觅
Shì
视
Shì
试
Shī
诗
Chéng
诚
Huà
话
Dàn
诞
Xún
询
Gāi
该
Xiáng
详
Chà
诧

Zé
责
Xián
贤
Bài
败
Zhàng
账
Huò
货
Huò
货
Zhì
质
Fàn
贩
Tān
贪
Pín
贫
Biǎn
贬
Gòu
购
Guàn
贯
Zhuǎn
转
Zhuǎn
转
Lún
轮
Ruǎn
软
Hōng
轰
Pò
迫
Shù
述
Yù
郁
Jiāo
郊

Láng
郎
Zhèng
郑
Cǎi
采
Jīn
金
Diào
钓
Nào
闹
Lòu
陋
Mò
陌
Jiàng
降
Xiàn
限
Lì
隶
Yǔ
雨
Qīng
青
Fēi
非
Dǐng
顶
Shì
饰
Bǎo
饱
Shǐ
驶
Zhù
驻
Jià
驾
Yú
鱼
Míng
鸣

Chǐ
齿

9 Strokes

Lín
临
Jǔ
举
Tíng
亭
Qīn
亲
Wǔ
侮
Qīn
侵
Biàn
便
Cù
促
Jùn
俊
Lì
俐
Sú
俗
Fú
俘
Bǎo
保
Xìn
信
Liǎ
俩
Jiǎn
俭
Xiū
修
Yǎng
养
Mào
冒
Guān
冠

Xiāo
削
Qián
前
Jiàn
剑
Bó
勃
Yǒng
勇
Miǎn
勉
Nán
南
Xiè
卸
Lí
厘
Hòu
厚
Xù
叙
Pàn
叛
Zī
咨
Yǎo
咬
Zán
咱
Ké
咳
Xián
咸
Yān
咽
Āi
哀
Pǐn
品
Hōng
哄
Duō
哆

Wā
哇
Hā
哈
Xiǎng
响
Yǎ
哑
Huá
哗
Nǎ
哪
Xíng
型
Diàn
垫
Chéng
城
Fù
复
Zòu
奏
Jiǎng
奖
Mǔ
姥
Yí
姨
Yīn
姻
Zī
姿
Wēi
威
Wá
娃
Jiāo
娇
Hái
孩
Kè
客
Xuān
宣

Shì
室
Xiàn
宪
Gōng
宫
Fēng
封
Jiāng
将
Cháng
尝
Wū
屋
Píng
屏
Xiá
峡
Chā
差
Xiàng
巷
Dì
帝
Dài
带
Bāng
帮
Yōu
幽
Dù
度
Dù
度
Tíng
庭
Wān
弯
Dài
待
Hěn
很
Huái
徊

Lǜ	Guà	Shì	Jié
律	挂	是	洁
Zěn	Zhǐ	Zhòu	Yáng
怎	指	昼	洋
Nù	Àn	Xiǎn	Sǎ
怒	按	显	洒
Sī	Kuà	Kū	Xǐ
思	挎	枯	洗
Dài	Tiāo	Jià	Dòng
怠	挑	架	洞
Jí	Wā	Mǒu	Jīn
急	挖	某	津
Yuàn	Náo	Rǎn	Hóng
怨	挠	染	洪
Zǒng	Dǎng	Róu	Zhōu
总	挡	柔	洲
Huǎng	Zhèng	Chá	Huó
恍	挣	查	活
Héng	Jǐ	Jiǎn	Qì
恒	挤	柬	洽
Huī	Huī	Zhù	Pài
恢	挥	柱	派
Hèn	Nuó	Shì	Jiāo
恨	挪	柿	浇
Qì	Tǐng	Biāo	Zhuó
恰	挺	标	浊
Nǎo	Zhèng	Dòng	Cè
恼	政	栋	测
Zhàn	Gù	Lán	Jì
战	故	栏	济
Biǎn	Shī	Shù	Liú
扁	施	树	浏
Bài	Jì	Wāi	Hún
拜	既	歪	浑
Kuò	Xīng	Yāng	Nóng
括	星	殃	浓
Pīn	Yǐng	Cán	Xuàn
拼	映	残	炫
Yè	Chūn	Duàn	Tàn
拽	春	段	炭
Shí	Mèi	Dú	Pào
拾	昧	毒	炮
Chí	Zuó	Quán	Zhá
持	昨	泉	炸

Diǎn	Huáng	Tū	Bāo
点	皇	突	胞
Liàn	Pén	Qiè	Hú
炼	盆	窃	胡
Shuò	Yíng	Shù	Mài
烁	盈	竖	脉
Làn	Xiāng	Lèi	Máng
烂	相	类	茫
Shēng	Pàn	Bǎng	Chá
牲	盼	绑	茶
Qiān	Dùn	Róng	Cǎo
牵	盾	绒	草
Hěn	Shěng	Jié	Jiàn
狠	省	结	荐
Jiǎo	Méi	Rào	Huāng
狡	眉	绕	荒
Dú	Kàn	Huì	Dàng
独	看	绘	荡
Xiá	Zhǎ	Luò	Róng
狭	眨	络	荣
Shī	Jǔ	Jué	Hūn
狮	矩	绝	荤
Yù	Kǎn	Tǒng	Yào
狱	砍	统	药
Bō	Yán	Fá	Nüè
玻	研	罚	虐
Zhēn	Zhuān	Měi	Hóng
珍	砖	美	虹
Shèn	Zǔ	Shuǎ	Suī
甚	祖	耍	虽
Béng	Zhù	Nài	Shí
甬	祝	耐	蚀
Jiè	Shén	Wèi	Yǐ
界	神	胃	蚁
Wèi	Qiū	Dǎn	Mǎ
畏	秋	胆	蚂
Bā	Zhǒng	Bèi	Yǎn
疤	种	背	衍
Yì	Kē	Tāi	Yào
疫	科	胎	要
Fēng	Miǎo	Pàng	Lǎn
疯	秒	胖	览
Jiē	Chuān	Shèng	Jué
皆	穿	胜	觉

Jiè
 诫
 Yǔ
 语
 Wù
 误
 Yòu
 诱
 Shuō
 说
 Sòng
 诵
 Tiē
 贴
 Guì
 贵
 Dài
 贷
 Mào
 贸
 Fèi
 费
 Hè
 贺
 Fù
 赴
 Pā
 趴
 Qīng
 轻
 Mí
 迷
 Bèng
 迸
 Jì
 迹
 Zhuī
 追
 Tuì
 退
 Sòng
 送
 Shì
 适

Táo
 逃
 Nì
 逆
 Xuǎn
 选
 Xùn
 逊
 Zhòng
 重
 Gài
 钙
 Dùn
 钝
 Chāo
 钞
 Zhōng
 钟
 Gāng
 钢
 Yuè
 钥
 Qīn
 钦
 Gōu
 钩
 Wén
 闻
 Hé
 阍
 Dǒu
 陡
 Yuàn
 院
 Chú
 除
 Xiǎn
 险
 Miàn
 面
 Gé
 革
 Yīn
 音

Xiàng
 项
 Shùn
 顺
 Xū
 须
 Shí
 食
 Ráo
 饶
 Jiǎo
 饺
 Bǐng
 饼
 Shǒu
 首
 Xiāng
 香
 Mǎ
 骂
 Jiāo
 骄
 Gǔ
 骨
 Guǐ
 鬼
 Yā
 鸦

10 Strokes

Chéng
 乘
 Fǔ
 俯
 Jù
 俱
 Bèi
 倍
 Dǎo
 倒
 Jué
 倔
 Tǎng
 倘

Hòu
 候
 Jiè
 借
 Chàng
 倡
 Juàn
 倦
 Zhài
 债
 Zhí
 值
 Qīng
 倾
 Jiàn
 健
 Dǎng
 党
 Jiān
 兼
 Yuān
 冤
 Qī
 凄
 Zhǔn
 准
 Liáng
 凉
 Líng
 凌
 Tī
 剔
 Pōu
 剖
 Bō
 剥
 Jù
 剧
 Yuán
 原
 Yuán
 原
 Gē
 哥

O
哦
Shào
哨
Kū
哭
Zhé
哲
Bǔ
哺
Hēng
哼
Suō
唆
Chún
唇
Āi
唉
Táng
唐
Lào
唠
Huàn
唤
A
啊
Yuán
圆
Mái
埋
Hú
壶
Xià
夏
Tào
套
Niáng
娘
Yú
娱
Yú
娱
Gōng
宫

Zǎi
宰
Hài
害
Yàn
宴
Xiāo
宵
Jiā
家
Róng
容
Kuān
宽
Bīn
宾
Shè
射
Xiè
屑
Zhǎn
展
Qiào
峭
Fēng
峰
Jùn
峻
Xí
席
Xí
席
Zuò
座
Ruò
弱
Tú
徒
Liàn
恋
Kǒng
恐
Shù
恕

Ēn
恩
Gōng
恭
Xī
息
Kěn
恳
È
恶
È
恶
Qiǎo
悄
Yuè
悦
Huǐ
悔
Wù
悟
Yuè
悦
Shàn
扇
Quán
拳
Ná
拿
Zhì
挚
Ái
挨
Cuò
挫
Zhèn
振
Wǎn
挽
Kǔn
捆
Zhuō
捉
Hàn
捍

Shāo
捎
Niē
捏
Juān
捐
Bǔ
捕
Lāo
捞
Sǔn
损
Jiǎn
捡
Huàn
换
Dǎo
捣
Xiào
效
Dí
敌
Liào
料
Páng
旁
Lǚ
旅
Huǎng
晃
Jìn
晋
Shài
晒
Xiǎo
晓
Yùn
晕
Lǎng
朗
Chái
柴
Xiào
校

Zhū
株
Yàng
样
Hé
核
Gēn
根
Gé
格
Zāi
栽
Táo
桃
Kuàng
框
Àn
案
Zhuō
桌
Sāng
桑
Jié
桔
Dàng
档
Qiáo
桥
Jiǎng
浆
Shū
殊
Yǎng
氧
Tài
泰
Liú
流
Làng
浪
Fú
浮
Yù
浴

Hǎi
海
Jìn
浸
Tú
涂
Xiāo
消
Shè
涉
Yǒng
涌
Tì
涕
Tāo
涛
Rùn
润
Zhǎng
涨
Sè
涩
Liè
烈
Hōng
烘
Zhú
烛
Yān
烟
Kǎo
烤
Fán
烦
Shāo
烧
Tàng
烫
Rè
热
Ài
爱
Tè
特

Xī
牺
Láng
狼
Zhū
珠
Bān
班
Píng
瓶
Cí
瓷
Pàn
畔
Liú
留
Xù
畜
Pí
疲
Téng
疼
Jí
疾
Bìng
病
Zhèng
症
Zhòu
皱
Yì
益
Yán
盐
Zhēn
真
Mián
眠
Pò
破
Zá
砸
Chǔ
础

Xiáng
祥
Lí
离
Mì
秘
Zū
租
Chèng
秤
Zhì
秩
Jī
积
Chēng
称
Zhǎi
窄
Qiào
窍
Zhàn
站
Jìng
竞
Xiào
笑
Bǐ
笔
Fěn
粉
Wǎn
紊
Sù
素
Suǒ
索
Jǐn
紧
Xiù
绣
Jì
继
Quē
缺

Bà
罢
Xiū
羞
Chì
翅
Gēng
耕
Hào
耗
Sǒng
耸
Chǐ
耻
Dān
耽
Gē
胳
Jiāo
胶
Xiōng
胸
Néng
能
Zhī
脂
Cuì
脆
Zàng
脏
Nǎo
脑
Chòu
臭
Zhì
致
Háng
航
Bān
般
Jiàn
舰
Cāng
舱

Yàn
艳
Mò
莫
Huò
获
Lǜ
虑
Shuāi
衰
Zhōng
衷
Páo
袍
Xiù
袖
Wà
袜
Bèi
被
Qǐng
请
Zhū
诸
Nuò
诺
Dú
读
Fěi
诽
Kè
课
Shéi
谁
Tiáo
调
Liàng
谅
Tán
谈
Yì
谊
Zéi
贼

Huì
贿
Lìn
赁
Lù
赂
Zī
资
Gǎn
赶
Qǐ
起
Gōng
躬
Zài
载
Zài
载
Jiào
较
Rǔ
辱
Tòu
透
Zhú
逐
Dì
递
Tú
途
Dòu
逗
Tōng
通
Guàng
逛
Shì
逝
Sù
速
Zào
造
Féng
逢

Bù
部
Dōu
都
Zhuó
酌
Pèi
配
Jiǔ
酒
Qián
钱
Zuān
钻
Tiě
铁
Líng
铃
Qiān
铅
Yuè
阅
Péi
陪
Líng
陵
Táo
陶
Xiàn
陷
Zhī
隻
Nán
难
Nán
难
Wán
顽
Gù
顾
Dùn
顿
Bān
颁

Sòng
頌
Yù
預
È
餓
Yàn
驗
Gāo
高
Dòu
鬥
Yā
鴨

11 Strokes

Jiǎ
假
Piān
偏
Zuò
做
Tíng
停
Ǒu
偶
Tōu
偷
Cháng
償
Dōu
兜
Shòu
兽
Jiǎn
減
Còu
奏
Jiǎn
剪
Fù
副
Kān
勘

Chí
匙
Xiāng
廂
Shòu
售
Shòu
售
Wéi
唯
Kěn
啃
Shāng
商
Qǐ
啓
Fēi
啡
Pí
啤
Shá
啥
La
啦
Sè
嗇
Luó
囉
Xiào
嗽
Quān
圈
Yù
域
Péi
培
Jī
基
Táng
堂
Duī
堆
Duò
墮

Dǔ
堵
Gòu
够
Shē
奢
Qǔ
娶
Pó
婆
Hūn
婚
Lán
婪
Yīng
嬰
Sù
宿
Jì
寂
Jì
寄
Mì
密
Chóng
崇
Yá
崖
Bēng
崩
Zhǎn
嶺
Cháo
巢
Cháng
常
Kāng
康
Yōng
庸
Láng
廊
Dàn
彈

Cǎi
彩
Dé
得
Pái
徘
Xǐ
徙
Xī
悉
Huàn
患
Nín
您
Xuán
懸
Dào
悼
Jīng
惊
Wǎn
惋
Tì
惕
Xī
惜
Diàn
惦
Jù
惧
Cǎn
慘
Cán
慚
Dàn
憚
Guàn
慣
Qī
戚
Pěng
捧
Jù
据

Jié
捷
Xiān
掀
Shòu
授
Diào
掉
Tāo
掏
Qiā
掐
Pái
排
Jué
掘
Lüè
掠
Tàn
探
Jiē
接
Kòng
控
Tuī
推
Yǎn
掩
Cuò
措
Zhì
掷
Miáo
描
Mǐn
敏
Jiù
救
Jiāo
教
Gǎn
敢
Xié
斜

Duàn
断
Xuán
旋
Wǎn
晚
Wù
晤
Chén
晨
Wàng
望
Tǒng
桶
Liáng
梁
Shāo
梢
Mèng
梦
Lí
梨
Tī
梯
Xiè
械
Shū
梳
Jiǎn
检
Yù
欲
Háo
毫
Shuàn
涮
Yè
液
Hán
涵
Diàn
淀
Xiáo
淆

Lín
淋
Táo
淘
Dàn
淡
Líng
凌
Shēn
深
Hùn
混
Yān
淹
Tiān
添
Qīng
清
Jiàn
渐
Yú
渔
Shèn
渗
Qú
渠
Pēng
烹
Shuǎng
爽
Liè
猎
Měng
猛
Cāi
猜
Zhū
猪
Māo
猫
Lǜ
率
Qiú
球

Lǐ
理
Tián
甜
Chǎn
产
Lüè
略
Yǎng
痒
Hén
痕
Hé
盒
Gài
盖
Gài
盖
Dào
盗
Pán
盘
Shèng
盛
Mí
眯
Kuàng
眶
Yǎn
眼
Zhù
着
Zhēng
睁
Shuò
硕
Piào
票
Huò
祸
Yí
移
Jìng
竟

Zhāng
章
Fú
符
Bèn
笨
Dì
第
Lóng
笼
Lì
粒
Cū
粗
Zhān
粘
Zhā
紫
Zhā
紫
Lèi
累
Jì
绩
Xù
续
Shéng
绳
Wéi
维
Chóu
绸
Zōng
综
Lù
绿
Zhuì
缀
Liáo
聊
Lóng
聋
Zhí
职

Bó
脖
Jiǎo
脚
Tuō
脱
Liǎn
脸
Bó
舶
Chuán
船
Jùn
菌
Cài
菜
Táo
萄
Méng
萌
Wěi
萎
Yíng
营
Zhù
著
Xū
虚
Shé
蛇
Dàn
蛋
Xìn
衅
Xián
衔
Dài
袋
Fú
袱
Móu
谋
Huǎng
谎

Xié
谐
Wèi
谓
Mí
谜
Xiàng
象
Yuè
跃
Jù
距
Fǔ
辅
Liàng
辆
Dài
逮
Luó
逻
Luó
逻
Xù
酗
Yùn
酝
Yě
野
Yě
野
Tóng
铜
Míng
铭
Yín
银
Chǎn
阐
Lóng
隆
Suí
随
Yǐn
隐

Què
雀
Xuě
雪
Lǐng
领
Pō
颇
Jǐng
颈
Xiàn
馅
Qí
骑
Gē
鸽
Má
麻
Huáng
黄

12 Strokes

Fù
傅
Bàng
傍
Chǔ
储
Ào
傲
Shèng
剩
Gē
割
Bó
博
Shà
厦
Chú
厨
Wèi
喂
Shàn
善

Lǎ
喇
Hóu
喉
Chuǎn
喘
Xǐ
喜
Hē
喝
Xuān
喧
Pēn
喷
Yù
喻
Bǎo
堡
Dī
堤
Kān
堪
Tǎ
塔
Diàn
奠
Ào
奥
Méi
媒
Fù
富
Hán
寒
Yù
寓
Zūn
尊
Jiù
就
Shǔ
属
Lǚ
屡

Qiàn
嵌
Mào
帽
Qiáng
强
Yù
御
Xún
循
Xún
循
Bēi
悲
Huò
惑
Huì
惠
È
恶
Chéng
惩
Bèi
惫
Duò
惰
Rě
惹
Yú
愉
Lèng
愣
Fèn
愤
Kuì
愧
Huāng
慌
Kǎi
慨
Zhǎng
掌
Bò
掰

Róu
揉
Zòu
揍
Tí
提
Chā
插
Wò
握
Jiē
揭
Yuán
援
Chān
搀
Gē
搁
Lǒu
搂
Jiǎo
搅
Cuō
搓
Sōu
搜
Dā
搭
Chǎng
敞
Sàn
散
Jìng
敬
Bān
斑
Sī
斯
Pǔ
普
Jǐng
景
Xī
晰

Qíng
晴
Jīng
晶
Zhì
智
Liàng
晾
Zàn
暂
Shǔ
暑
Céng
曾
Tì
替
Zuì
最
Cháo
朝
Mián
棉
Qí
棋
Gùn
棍
Bàng
棒
Zōng
棕
Sēn
森
Kē
棵
Yǐ
椅
Zhí
植
Zhuī
椎
Jiāo
椒
Tuǒ
橢

Qī	Rán	Shāo	Xiáng
欺	然	稍	翔
Zhí	Zhǔ	Shuì	Qiáo
殖	煮	税	翘
Tǎn	Wéi	Chuāng	Lián
毯	爲	窗	联
Dù	Pái	Cuàn	Pí
渡	牌	窜	脾
Zhā	Hóu	Wō	Qiāng
渣	猴	窝	腔
Wēn	Huá	Tóng	Shū
温	猾	童	舒
Gǎng	Zhuó	Děng	Tǐng
港	琢	等	艇
Kě	Qín	Jīn	Luò
渴	琴	筋	落
Yóu	Níng	Kuāng	Pú
游	甯	筐	葡
Miǎo	Fān	Zhù	Dǒng
渺	番	筑	董
Hú	Chóu	Tǒng	Zàng
湖	畴	筒	葬
Yǒng	Shū	Dá	Dì
湧	疏	答	蒂
Wān	Tòng	Cè	Mán
湾	痛	策	蛮
Shī	Huàn	Shāi	Zhòng
湿	痪	筛	衆
Kuì	Dēng	Zhōu	Zhòng
溃	登	粥	衆
Jiàn	Fā	Zǐ	Jiē
溅	發	紫	街
Gài	Duǎn	Jī	Cái
溉	短	缉	裁
Zī	Yìng	Huǎn	Liè
滋	硬	缓	裂
Huá	Què	Dì	Zhuāng
滑	确	缔	装
Zhì	Qín	Biān	Yù
滞	禽	编	裕
Jiāo	Xī	Yuán	Qún
焦	稀	缘	裙
Yàn	Chéng	Xiàn	Kù
焰	程	羨	裤

Xiè
谢
Yáo
谣
Bàng
谤
Qiān
谦
Fù
赋
Dǔ
赌
Shǎng
赏
Péi
赔
Chèn
趁
Chāo
超
Yuè
越
Qū
趋
Diē
跌
Pǎo
跑
Jiàn
践
Bèi
辈
Huī
辉
Gū
辜
Bī
逼
Yù
遇
Yóu
遊
Biàn
遍

È
遏
Dào
道
Yí
遗
Shì
释
Liáng
量
Gōu
钩
Zhù
铸
Pū
铺
Liàn
链
Xiāo
销
Suǒ
锁
Guō
锅
Xiù
锈
Fēng
锋
Ruì
锐
Xián
閑
Kuò
阔
Gé
隔
Ài
隘
Xì
隙
Xióng
雄
Yǎ
雅

Jí
集
Gù
雇
Xū
須
Kuì
饋
Chán
馋
Piàn
骗
Sāo
骚
Lǔ
鲁
Hēi
黑

13 Strokes

Cuī
催
Shǎ
傻
Xiàng
像
Qín
勤
Dié
疊
Xiù
嗅
Sǎng
嗓
Suo
嗦
Hāi
嗨
N
嗯
Tā
塌
Sù
塑

Táng
塘
Sāi
塞
Tián
填
Mù
墓
Xí
媳
Jià
嫁
Jí
嫉
Xián
嫌
Qǐn
寢
Mò
寞
Gān
尴
Mù
幕
Gān
幹
Lián
廉
Kuò
廓
Wēi
微
Xiǎng
想
Chóu
愁
Yù
愈
Yì
意
Yú
愚
Gǎn
感

Cí
慈
Shèn
慎
Bó
搏
Yáo
搖
Gǎo
搞
Bān
搬
Xié
携
Shè
摄
Bǎi
摆
Yáo
摇
Tān
摊
Mō
摸
Mō
摸
Shù
数
Zhēn
斟
Xīn
新
Xuān
暄
Nuǎn
暖
Nuǎn
暖
Àn
暗
Chǔ
楚
Lóu
楼

Gài
概
Xiē
歇
Diàn
殿
Huǐ
毁
Yuán
源
Liū
溜
Xī
溪
Tāo
滔
Gǔn
滚
Mǎn
满
Lǜ
滤
Làn
滥
Bīn
滨
Tān
滩
Mò
漠
Huáng
煌
Jiān
煎
Méi
煤
Zhào
照
Xiàn
献
Bì
痹
Méng
盟

Jīng
睛
Zhēng
睁
Shuì
睡
Dū
督
Mù
睦
Cǎi
睬
Dǔ
睹
Miáo
瞄
ǎi
矮
Lù
碌
Ài
碍
Suì
碎
Bēi
碑
Wǎn
碗
Pèng
碰
Jìn
禁
Fú
福
Zhì
稚
Chóu
稠
Kuài
筷
Chóu
筹
Qiān
签

jiǎn
简
Liáng
粮
Fù
缚
Féng
缝
Chán
缠
Zhào
罩
Zuì
罪
Zhì
置
Shǔ
署
Qún
群
Pìn
聘
Sì
肆
Xīng
腥
Yāo
腰
Fù
腹
Nì
膩
Téng
腾
Tuǐ
腿
Jiù
舅
Méng
蒙
Zhēng
蒸
Xù
蓄

Lán
蓝
Péng
蓬
Fēng
蜂
Lǐ
裏
Yì
裔
Jiě
解
Chù
触
Yù
誉
Jǐn
谨
Miù
谬
Lài
赖
Gēn
跟
Kuà
跨
Guì
跪
Lù
路
Tiào
跳
Duǒ
躲
Fú
辐
Shū
输
Cí
辞
Bì
辟
Qiǎn
遣

Yáo
遥
Bǐ
鄙
Chóu
酬
Jiàng
酱
Jiàn
鉴
Cuò
错
Chuí
锤
Jǐn
锦
Jiàn
键
Zhàng
障
Líng
零
Léi
雷
Báo
雹
Wù
雾
Pín
频
Yǐng
颖
Hún
魂
Gǔ
鼓
Shǔ
鼠
Líng
龄

14 Strokes

Wěi
僞

Jīng
兢
Sòu
嗽
Cáo
嘈
Jiā
嘉
Ma
嘛
Jìng
境
Shù
墅
Qióng
墙
Xū
墟
Huǒ
夥
Nèn
嫩
Chá
察
Bì
弊
Zhāng
彰
Yuàn
愿
Mù
慕
Màn
慢
Kāng
慷
Jié
截
Shuāi
摔
Zhāi
摘
Cuī
摧

Piē
撇
Qiāo
敲
Qí
旗
Ài
暧
Bǎng
榜
Zhà
榨
Mó
模
Qiàn
歉
Gē
歌
Gē
歌
Dī
滴
Piāo
漂
Qī
漆
Lòu
漏
Yǎn
演
Màn
漫
Xiāo
潇
Xī
熄
Xióng
熊
Xūn
熏
Áo
熬
Lí
璃

Yí
疑
Shòu
瘦
Dá
瘩
Jìn
盡
Tàn
碳
Cí
磁
Cuō
磋
Wěn
穩
Jié
竭
Duān
端
Suàn
算
Guǎn
管
Cùi
粹
Jīng
精
Suō
縮
Jù
聚
Fǔ
腐
Bǎng
膀
Bó
膊
Gāo
膏
Mó
膜
Yú
與

Tiǎn
舔
Wǔ
舞
Miè
蔑
Wàn
蔓
Wèi
蔚
ǎi
藹
Bì
蔽
Mì
蜜
Là
蜡
Cháng
裳
Guǒ
裹
Fù
複
Shì
誓
Pǔ
譜
Háo
豪
Mào
貌
Zhuàn
賺
Sài
賽
Yǒng
踊
Yuán
轅
Xiá
轄
Là
辣

Zāo
遭
Zhē
遮
Kù
酷
Suān
酸
Niàng
酿
Qiè
楔
Duàn
鍛
Suì
隧
Cí
雌
Xū
需
Jìng
靜
Kē
顆
Mán
馒
Máo
髦
Pò
魄
Mèi
魅
Xiān
鮮
Bí
鼻

15 Strokes

Jiāng
僵
Pì
僻
Pī
劈

Zhǔ
嘱
Cháo
嘲
Hēi
嘿
Zēng
增
Mò
墨
Lǚ
履
Chuáng
幢
Yǐng
影
Dé
德
Huì
慧
Wèi
慰
Biē
憋
Dǒng
懂
Mó
摩
Chēng
撐
Sā
撒
Sī
撕
Zhuàng
撞
Chè
撤
Bō
播
Fū
敷
Bào
暴

Héng
橫
Xiàng
橡
Tàn
歎
Yì
毅
Qián
潛
Cháo
潮
Chéng
澄
Chè
澈
Shóu
熟
Yùn
熨
Liú
瘤
Tān
癱
Xiā
瞎
Mán
瞞
Bàng
磅
Kē
磕
Dào
稻
Jià
稼
Gǎo
稿
Jiàn
箭
Xiāng
箱
Piān
篇
Hú

Hú
糊
Mà
罵
Cōng
聰
Táng
膛
Xī
膝
Sōu
艘
Shū
蔬
Jiāo
蕉
Yùn
蘊
Hú
蝴
Dié
蝶
Qiǎn
遣
Yù
豫
Tàng
趟
Qù
趣
Tà
踏
Tī
踢
Cǎi
踩
Zōng
踪
Tǎng
躺
Zūn
遵
Zuì
醉
Cù
醋

Zhèn
鎮
Zhèn
震
Méi
霉
Kào
靠
Xié
鞋
Tí
題
Yán
顏
É
額
Piāo
飄
Lí
黎

16 Strokes

Rú
儒
Níng
凝
Zuǐ
嘴
Qì
器
Zào
噪
Bì
壁
Hàn
憾
Lǎn
懶
Hàn
撼
Shàn
擅
Cāo
操

Qíng
擎
Zhěng
整
Lì
曆
Chéng
橙
Zǎo
澡
Jī
激
Bīn
瀕
Rán
燃
Huò
獲
Qué
癩
Yǐn
癰
Mó
磨
Lán
籃
Péng
篷
Gāo
糕
Táng
糖
Cāo
糙
Jiǎo
繳
Péng
膨
Lěi
蕾
Báo
薄
Xīn
薪

Róng
融
Róng
融
Héng
衡
Zàn
贊
Zèng
贈
Zhé
轍
Biàn
辨
Bì
避
Yāo
邀
Xǐng
醒
Jìng
鏡
Diāo
雕
Huò
霍
Diān
顛
Cān
餐
Mò
默

17 Strokes

Tì
嚏
Yuè
嶽
Dài
戴
Tái
擡
Cā
擦

Zào
燥
Ái
癌
Qíáo
瞧
Zhǔ
瞞
Dèng
瞪
Shùn
瞬
Zāo
糟
Fán
繁
Yì
翼
Bì
臂
Cáng
藏
Miǎo
藐
Yíng
贏
Dǎo
蹈
Tà
蹋
Biàn
辯
Yùn
醞
Shuāng
霜
Xiá
霞
Jū
鞠
Zhòu
驟

18 Strokes

Bào
瀑
Zhān
瞻
Fān
翻
Fù
覆
Bèng
蹦
Biān
鞭

19 Strokes

Pān
攀
Zǎn
攢
Pù
曝
Bào
爆
Bàn
瓣
Jiāng
疆
Bǒ
簸
Sū
蘇
Pín
蘋
Jǐng
警
Zàn
贊
Dēng
蹬
Dūn
蹲
Chàn
顫

20 Strokes

Rǎng
嚷
Jiáo
嚼
Rǎng
壤
Guàn
灌
Jí
籍
Yào
耀
Pì
譬
Zào
躁
Jī
饑
Mó
魔

21 Strokes

Zào
竈
Chǔn
蠢
Lù
露
Bà
霸
Zàng
髒

22 Strokes

Jiàn
鑒
Xiāng
鑲

23 Strokes

Guàn
罐

Méi
徽

32 Strokes

Yù
籲

Part II: Traditional Character Version

繁体字版

1 Stroke

Yī
一
Piě
丿
Yǐ
乙

Shàng
上
Xià
下
Wán
丸
Jiǔ
久
Zhī
之
Qǐ
乞
Yě
也
Wáng
亡
Fán
凡
Sháo
勺
Qiān
千
Chā
叉
Jí
及
Kǒu
口
Tǔ
土
Xī
夕
Dà
大
Nǚ
女
Zǐ
子
Cùn
寸

Xiǎo
小
Shān
山
Chuān
川
Gōng
工
Jǐ
己
Jīn
巾
Gān
干
Cái
才

Jiè
介
Réng
仍
Yǐ
以
Yǔn
允
Yuán
元
Nèi
內
Gōng
公
Liù
六
Fēn
分
Qiē
切
Yún
勻
Gōu
勾
Wù
勿
Huà
化
Pǐ
匹
Shēng
升
Wǔ
午
Yǒu
友
Fǎn
反
Tiān
天

2 Strokes

Dīng
丁
Qī
七
Jiǔ
九
Le
了
Èr
二
Rén
人
Rù
入
Bā
八
Dāo
刀
Lì
力
Shí
十
Yòu
又

4 Strokes

Bù
不
Gài
丐
Fá
乏
Yú
予
Hù
互
Wǔ
五
Jǐng
井
Shí
什
Rén
仁
Chóu
仇
Jīn
今

3 Strokes

Zhàng
丈
Sān
三

Tài
太
Fū
夫
Fū
夫
Kǒng
孔
Shǎo
少
Yóu
尤
Chǐ
尺
Jù
巨
Bā
巴
Huàn
幻
Yǐn
引
Xīn
心
Hù
戶
Shǒu
手
Zhā
扎
Zhī
支
Wén
文
Dǒu
斗
Jīn
斤
Fāng
方
Rì
日
Yuè
月

Mù
木
Qiàn
欠
Zhǐ
止
Dǎi
歹
Bǐ
比
Máo
毛
Shì
氏
Shuǐ
水
Huǒ
火
Fù
父
Piàn
片
Yá
牙
Niú
牛
Quǎn
犬
Wáng
王
Wǎ
瓦

5 Strokes
Qiě
且
Shì
世
Qiū
丘
Bǐng
丙
Zhǔ
主

Hū
乎
Zǐ
仔
Tā
他
Zhàng
仗
Fù
付
Xiān
仙
Dài
代
Lìng
令
Xiōng
兄
Cè
冊
Dōng
冬
Tū
凸
Āo
凹
Chū
出
Kān
刊
Gōng
功
Jiā
加
Bāo
包
Cōng
匆
Běi
北
Bàn
半
Kǎ
卡

Yìn
印
Qù
去
Gǔ
古
Jù
句
Lìng
另
Tāo
叨
Zhǐ
只
Jiào
叫
Zhào
召
Bā
叭
Dīng
叮
Kě
可
Tái
台
Shǐ
史
Yòu
右
Yòu
右
Sī
司
Diào
刁
Sì
四
Wài
外
Yāng
央
Shī
失

Nú
奴
Nǎi
奶
Yùn
孕
Tā
它
Zuǒ
左
Qiǎo
巧
Shì
市
Bù
布
Píng
平
Yòu
幼
Bì
必
Bā
扒
Dǎ
打
Rēng
扔
Chì
斥
Dàn
旦
Wèi
未
Běn
本
Zhèng
正
Mǔ
母
Mín
民
Yǒng
永

Zhī
汁
Fàn
犯
Yù
玉
Guā
瓜
Gān
甘
Shēng
生
Yòng
用
Shuǎi
甩
Tián
田
Yóu
由
Jiǎ
甲
Shēn
申
Bái
白
Pí
皮
Mù
目
Máo
矛
Shí
石
Shì
示
Xué
穴
Lì
立

6 Strokes

Diū
丟

Pīng
乒
Pāng
乓
Jiāo
交
Yì
亦
Yǎng
仰
Jiàn
件
Rèn
任
Fèn
份
Fǎng
仿
Qǐ
企
Wǔ
伍
Fú
伏
Fá
伐
Xiū
休
Huǒ
伙
Sì
似
Chōng
充
Zhào
兆
Xiōng
兇
Xiān
先
Guāng
光
Quán
全

Gòng
共
Zài
再
Bīng
冰
Xíng
刑
Liè
劣
Wēi
危
Xū
吁
Chī
吃
Gè
各
Hé
合
Jí
吉
Diào
吊
Tóng
同
Míng
名
Tǔ
吐
Xiàng
向
Xī
吸
Huí
回
Yīn
因
Zài
在
Dì
地
Jī
圾

Duō
多
Tā
她
Hǎo
好
Rú
如
Wàng
妄
Zì
字
Cún
存
Zhái
宅
Yǔ
宇
Shǒu
守
Ān
安
Sì
寺
Jiān
尖
Zhōu
州
Xún
巡
Fān
帆
Nián
年
Yán
延
Shì
式
Máng
忙
Chéng
成
Tuō
托

Káng
扛
Kòu
扣
Shōu
收
Zhǐ
旨
Zǎo
早
Xún
旬
Qū
曲
Yǒu
有
Duǒ
朵
Xiǔ
朽
Cì
次
Cǐ
此
Sǐ
死
Hàn
汗
Jiāng
江
Chí
池
Wū
污
Huī
灰
Bǎi
百
Zhú
竹
Mǐ
米
Yáng
羊

Yǔ
羽
Lǎo
老
Kǎo
考
Ér
而
Ěr
耳
Ròu
肉
Jī
肌
Chén
臣
Zhì
至
Shé
舌
Zhōu
舟
Sè
色
Máng
芒
Xuè
血
Xíng
行
Yī
衣
Xī
西
Qì
迄
Xùn
迅
Nà
那
Jǐng
阱
Fáng
防

7 Strokes

Chuàn
串
Bó
伯
Bàn
伴
Líng
伶
Shēn
伸
Sì
伺
Dàn
但
Bù
佈
Wèi
位
Dī
低
Zhù
住
Zhàn
佔
Hé
何
Fó
佛
Zuò
作
Nǐ
你
Kè
克
Duì
兌
Miǎn
免
Bīng
兵
Lěng
冷
Chū
初

Pàn
判
Bié
別
Lì
利
Shān
刪
Zhù
助
Nǚ
努
Jié
劫
Jí
即
Jūn
君
Lìn
吝
Tūn
吞
Yín
吟
Fǒu
否
Ba
吧
Fēn
吩
Hán
含
Chǎo
吵
Chuī
吹
Wěn
吻
Hǒu
吼
Yā
呀
Dāi
呆

Chéng
呈
Gào
告
Kùn
困
Zhǐ
址
Jūn
均
Zuò
坐
Kēng
坑
Zhuàng
壯
Jiā
夾
Dù
妒
Miào
妙
Zhuāng
妝
Tuǒ
妥
Fáng
妨
Xiào
孝
Wán
完
Hóng
宏
Gà
尬
Wěi
尾
Jú
局
Pì
屁
Chà
岔

Xī
希
Bì
庇
Chuáng
床
Xù
序
Nòng
弄
Dì
弟
Xíng
形
Yì
役
Jì
忌
Zhì
志
Wàng
忘
Kuài
快
Wǒ
我
Jiè
戒
Niǚ
扭
Bàn
扮
Chě
扯
Fú
扶
Pī
批
Zhǎo
找
Jì
技
Chāo
抄

Bǎ
把
Yì
抑
Shū
抒
Zhuā
抓
Tóu
投
Dǒu
抖
Kàng
抗
Zhé
折
Jù
拒
Gǎi
改
Hàn
旱
Gèng
更
Lǐ
李
Cái
材
Zhàng
杖
Dù
杜
Shù
束
Gāng
杠
Bù
步
Měi
每
Qiú
求
Tài
汰

Qì
汽
Wò
沃
Chén
沈
Mù
沐
Méi
沒
Chōng
沖
Shā
沙
Pèi
沛
Fàn
泛
Zào
灶
Zāi
災
Láo
牢
Kuáng
狂
Nán
男
Zào
皂
Dīng
盯
Shè
社
Tū
禿
Xiù
秀
Sī
私
Jiū
究
Xì
系

Hǎn
罕
Xiào
肖
Dù
肚
Liáng
良
Huā
花
Yá
芽
Jiàn
見
Jiǎo
角
Yán
言
Gǔ
谷
Dòu
豆
Bèi
貝
Chì
赤
Zǒu
走
Zú
足
Shēn
身
Chē
車
Xīn
辛
Chén
辰
Yíng
迎
Jìn
近
Fǎn
返

Zǔ
阻
A
阿
Fù
附

Bìng
並
Guāi
乖
Rǔ
乳
Shì
事
Xiē
些
Yà
亞
Xiǎng
享
Jīng
京
Pèi
佩
Jiā
佳
Bìng
併
Shǐ
使
Kǎn
侃
Zhí
侄
Lái
來
Chǐ
侈
Lì
例
Gōng
供

8 Strokes

Yī
依
Ér
兒
Tù
兔
Liǎng
兩
Qí
其
Jù
具
Diǎn
典
Guā
刮
Dào
到
Zhì
制
Zhì
制
Shuā
刷
Quàn
券
Cì
刺
Kè
刻
Bēi
卑
Zhuó
卓
Xié
協
Juǎn
卷
Shū
叔
Qǔ
取
Shòu
受

Ne
呢
Zhōu
周
Wèi
味
A
呵
Shēn
呻
Hū
呼
Mìng
命
Jǔ
咀
Zǎ
咋
Hé
和
Fu
咐
Gā
咖
Āi
哎
Gù
固
Pō
坡
Tǎn
坦
Chuí
垂
Lā
垃
Yè
夜
Qí
奇
Nài
奈
Fèng
奉

Bēn
奔
Mèi
妹
Qī
妻
Mǔ
姆
Shǐ
始
Jiě
姐
Gū
姑
Xìng
姓
Wěi
委
Jì
季
Gū
孤
Zōng
宗
Guān
官
Zhòu
宙
Dìng
定
Yí
宜
Shàng
尚
Jū
居
Jiè
届
Qū
屈
Yán
岩
Yuè
岳

Àn
岸
Tiē
帖
Xìng
幸
Dǐ
底
Diàn
店
Fǔ
府
Jiàn
建
Xián
弦
Bǐ
彼
Wǎng
往
Zhōng
忠
Niàn
念
Hū
忽
Pà
怕
Bù
怖
Xìng
性
Guài
怪
Qiè
怯
Huò
或
Fáng
房
Suǒ
所
Chéng
承

Pī
披
Tái
抬
Bào
抱
Dǐ
抵
Mǒ
抹
Yā
押
Chōu
抽
Zhǔ
拄
Chāi
拆
Lā
拉
Pāo
抛
Bàn
拌
Pāi
拍
Guǎi
拐
Tuò
拓
Bá
拔
Tuō
拖
Jū
拘
Zhuō
拙
Zhāo
招
Fàng
放
Fàng
放

Yú	Wǔ	Ní	Gǔ
於	武	泥	股
Wàng	Qí	Zhù	Féi
旺	歧	注	肥
Áng	Méng	Yǒng	Jiān
昂	氓	泳	肩
Kūn	Fēn	Chuī	Fáng
昆	氛	炊	肪
Chāng	Mò	Yán	Kěn
昌	沫	炎	肯
Míng	Jǔ	Chǎo	Yù
明	沮	炒	育
Hūn	Hé	Pá	Fèi
昏	河	爬	肺
Yì	Fèi	Zhēng	Wò
易	沸	爭	臥
Xī	Yóu	Bà	Shè
昔	油	爸	舍
Péng	Zhì	Bǎn	Miáo
朋	治	版	苗
Fú	Zhǎo	Mù	Gǒu
服	沼	牧	苟
Bēi	Zhān	Wù	Ruò
杯	沾	物	若
Dōng	Yán	Zhuàng	Kǔ
東	沿	狀	苦
Bǎn	Kuàng	Gǒu	Yīng
板	況	狗	英
Wǎng	Kuàng	Wán	Mào
枉	況	玩	茂
Xī	Xiè	Gē	Hǔ
析	泄	疙	虎
Zhěn	Bó	De	Biǎo
枕	泊	的	表
Lín	Mì	Máng	Shān
林	泌	盲	衫
Méi	Fǎ	Zhī	Pò
枚	法	知	迫
Guǒ	Pào	Kōng	Shù
果	泡	空	述
Zhī	Bō	Jiū	Jiāo
枝	波	糾	郊
Xīn	Qì	Zhě	Láng
欣	泣	者	郎

Cǎi
采
Jīn
金
Cháng
長
Mén
門
Lòu
陋
Mò
陌
Jiàng
降
Xiàn
限
Yǔ
雨
Qīng
青
Fēi
非
9 Strokes
Tíng
亭
Liàng
亮
Wǔ
侮
Qīn
侵
Lǚ
侶
Biàn
便
Xì
係
Cù
促
Jùn
俊
Lì
俐
Sú
俗

Fú
俘
Bǎo
保
Xiá
俠
Xìn
信
Xiū
修
Mào
冒
Guān
冠
Zé
則
Qián
前
Chà
剎
Jìn
勁
Bó
勃
Bó
勃
Yǒng
勇
Miǎn
勉
Nán
南
Xiè
卸
Què
卻
Hòu
厚
Pàn
叛
Yǎo
咬
Zán
咱

Ké
咳
Xián
咸
Āi
哀
Pǐn
品
Hōng
哄
Duō
哆
Wā
哇
Hā
哈
Nǎ
哪
Xíng
型
Chéng
城
Zòu
奏
Mǔ
姥
Yí
姨
Yīn
姻
Zī
姿
Wēi
威
Wá
娃
Hái
孩
Kè
客
Xuān
宣
Shì
室

Fēng
封
Wū
屋
Shī
屍
Píng
屏
Chà
差
Xiàng
巷
Dì
帝
Shuài
帥
Yōu
幽
Dù
度
Dù
度
Tíng
庭
Dài
待
Hěn
很
Huái
徊
Lǜ
律
Hòu
後
Zěn
怎
Nù
怒
Sī
思
Dài
怠
Jí
急

Yuàn

怨

Héng

恆

Huǎng

恍

Huī

恢

Hèn

恨

Qià

恰

Biǎn

扁

Bài

拜

Kuò

括

Pīn

拼

Yè

拽

Shí

拾

Chí

持

Zhǐ

指

Àn

按

Kuà

挎

Tiāo

挑

Wā

挖

Nuó

挪

Tǐng

挺

Zhèng

政

Gù

故

Shī

施

Jì

既

Xīng

星

Yǐng

映

Chūn

春

Mèi

昧

Zuó

昨

Shì

是

Kū

枯

Tái

桤

Jià

架

Mǒu

某

Rǎn

染

Róu

柔

Chá

查

Jiǎn

柬

Zhù

柱

Shì

柿

Wāi

歪

Yāng

殃

Duàn

段

Dú

毒

Quán

泉

Yáng

洋

Xǐ

洗

Dòng

洞

Jīn

津

Hóng

洪

Zhōu

洲

Xiōng

汹

Huó

活

Qià

洽

Pài

派

Xuàn

炫

Tàn

炭

Páo

炮

Zhá

炸

Wéi

為

Shēng

牲

Hěn

狠

Jiǎo

狡

Bō

玻

Zhēn

珍

Shèn

甚

Béng

甬

Jiè

界

Wèi

畏

Bā

疤

Yì

疫

Jiē

皆

Huáng

皇

Pén

盆

Yíng

盈

Xiāng

相

Pàn

盼

Dùn

盾

Shěng

省

Méi

眉

Kàn

看

Zhǎ

眨

Jǔ

矩

Kǎn

砍

Yán

研

Zǔ

祖

Zhù

祝

Shén

神

Qiū
 秋
 Kē
 科
 Miǎo
 秒
 Chuān
 穿
 Tū
 突
 Jì
 紀
 Hóng
 紅
 Jí
 級
 Měi
 美
 Shuǎ
 耍
 Nài
 耐
 Wèi
 胃
 Bèi
 背
 Tāi
 胎
 Pàng
 胖
 Bāo
 胞
 Hú
 胡
 Máng
 茫
 Chá
 茶
 Cǎo
 草
 Huāng
 荒
 Nüè
 虐

Hóng
 虹
 Yǎn
 衍
 Yào
 要
 Dìng
 訂
 Fù
 負
 Fù
 赴
 Pā
 趴
 Guǐ
 軌
 Jūn
 軍
 Mí
 迷
 Bèng
 迸
 Zhuī
 追
 Sòng
 送
 Táo
 逃
 Nì
 逆
 Zhòng
 重
 Dǒu
 陡
 Yuàn
 院
 Zhèn
 陣
 Chú
 除
 Miàn
 面
 Gé
 革

Yīn
 音
 Yè
 頁
 Fēng
 風
 Fēi
 飛
 Shí
 食
 Shǒu
 首
 Xiāng
 香
 Gǔ
 骨
 Guǐ
 鬼

10 Strokes

Chéng
 乘
 Fǔ
 俯
 Jù
 俱
 Liǎ
 倆
 Cāng
 倉
 Gè
 個
 Bèi
 倍
 Men
 們
 Dǎo
 倒
 Jué
 倔
 Xìng
 倖
 Tǎng
 倘

Hòu
 候
 Chàng
 倡
 Juàn
 倦
 Lún
 倫
 Zhí
 值
 Jiàn
 健
 Jiān
 兼
 Yuān
 冤
 Zhǔn
 准
 Líng
 凌
 Dòng
 凍
 Tī
 剔
 Pōu
 剖
 Gāng
 剛
 Bō
 剝
 Wù
 務
 Yuán
 原
 Yuán
 員
 Gē
 哥
 Ō
 哦
 Shào
 哨
 Kū
 哭

Zhé
哲
Bǔ
哺
Hēng
哼
Suō
唆
Chún
唇
Āi
唉
Táng
唐
A
啊
Mái
埋
Xià
夏
Tào
套
Niáng
娘
Yú
娛
Sūn
孫
Gōng
宮
Zǎi
宰
Hài
害
Yàn
宴
Xiāo
宵
Jiā
家
Róng
容
Shè
射

Xiè
屑
Zhǎn
展
Qiào
峭
Fēng
峰
Dǎo
島
Jùn
峻
Xiá
峽
Shī
師
Xí
席
Zuò
座
Kù
庫
Ruò
弱
Jìng
徑
Tú
徒
Kǒng
恐
Shù
恕
Chǐ
恥
Ēn
恩
Gōng
恭
Xī
息
Qiǎo
悄
Yuè
悅

Huǐ
悔
Wù
悟
Shàn
扇
Quán
拳
Quán
拳
Ná
拿
Ái
挨
Cuò
挫
Zhèn
振
Wǎn
挽
Kǔn
捆
Zhuō
捉
Hàn
捍
Shāo
捎
Niē
捏
Juān
捐
Bǔ
捕
Xiào
效
Liào
料
Páng
旁
Lǚ
旅
Shí
時

Huǎng
晃
Jìn
晉
Shū
書
Lǎng
朗
Chái
柴
Xiào
校
Zhū
株
Hé
核
Gēn
根
Gé
格
Zāi
栽
Táo
桃
Kuàng
框
Àn
案
Zhuō
桌
Sāng
桑
Jié
桔
Tiáo
條
Shū
殊
Shā
殺
Qì
氣
Yǎng
氧

Tài	Cí	Xiào	Xié
泰	瓷	笑	脅
Liú	Pàn	Fěn	Cuì
流	畔	粉	脆
Làng	Liú	Wěn	Mài
浪	留	紊	脈
Fú	Xù	Wén	Chòu
浮	畜	紋	臭
Yù	Bì	Nà	Zhì
浴	畢	納	致
Hǎi	Pí	Niǔ	Zhì
海	疲	紐	致
Jìn	Téng	Chún	Háng
浸	疼	純	航
Tú	Jí	Zhǐ	Bān
涂	疾	紙	般
Xiāo	Bìng	Fēn	Zhuāng
消	病	紛	莊
Shè	Zhèng	Sù	Jīng
涉	症	素	莖
Tì	Yì	Fǎng	Mò
涕	益	紡	莫
Liè	Zhēn	Suǒ	Huá
烈	真	索	華
Wū	Mián	Quē	Shuāi
烏	眠	缺	衰
Hōng	Pò	Xiū	Zhōng
烘	破	羞	衷
Kǎo	Zá	Chì	Páo
烤	砸	翅	袍
Tè	Xiáng	Gēng	Xiù
特	祥	耕	袖
Xiá	Mì	Hào	Bèi
狹	秘	耗	被
Láng	Zū	Dān	Xùn
狼	租	耽	訊
Bèi	Chèng	Gē	Tǎo
狽	秤	胳	討
Zhū	Zhì	Xiōng	Xùn
珠	秩	胸	訓
Bān	Zhǎi	Néng	Tuō
班	窄	能	託
Píng	Zhàn	Zhī	Jì
瓶	站	脂	記

Qǐ
豈
Cái
財
Gòng
貢
Qǐ
起
Gōng
躬
Rǔ
辱
Tòu
透
Zhú
逐
Tú
途
Dòu
逗
Zhè
這
Tōng
通
Guàng
逛
Shì
逝
Sù
速
Féng
逢
Lián
連
Bù
部
Yóu
郵
Dōu
都
Zhuó
酌
Jiǔ
酒

Dīng
釘
Zhēn
針
Shǎn
閃
Péi
陪
Yīn
陰
Chén
陳
Líng
陵
Táo
陶
Xiàn
陷
Lù
陸
Zhī
隻
Jī
飢
Mǎ
馬
Gāo
高
Dòu
鬥

Gān
乾
Jiǎ
假
Wěi
偉
Piān
偏
Zuò
做
Tíng
停

11 Strokes

Cè
側
Zhēn
偵
Ǒu
偶
Tōu
偷
Wěi
偽
Dōu
兜
Jiǎn
剪
Fù
副
Dòng
動
Kān
勘
Chí
匙
Qū
區
Cān
參
Shòu
售
Wéi
唯
Chàng
唱
Tuò
唾
Kěn
啃
Shāng
商
Wèn
問
Yǎ
啞
Qǐ
啟

Fēi
啡
Pí
啤
Shá
啥
La
啦
Quān
圈
Guó
國
Yù
域
Zhí
執
Péi
培
Jī
基
Táng
堂
Jiān
堅
Duī
堆
Dǔ
堵
Gòu
夠
Shē
奢
Qǔ
娶
Pó
婆
Hūn
婚
Fù
婦
Lán
婪
Sù
宿

Jì
寂
Jì
寄
Mì
密
Jiāng
將
Zhuān
專
Tì
屣
Chóng
崇
Yá
崖
Gǎng
崗
Bēng
崩
Cháo
巢
Zhàng
帳
Dài
帶
Dài
帶
Cháng
常
Kāng
康
Yōng
庸
Láng
廊
Zhāng
張
Qiáng
強
Cǎi
彩
Dé
得

Pái
徘
Xǐ
徙
Xī
悉
Yōu
悠
Huàn
患
Nín
您
Dào
悼
Qíng
情
Wǎn
惋
Tì
惕
Xī
惜
Diàn
惦
Qī
戚
Pěng
捧
Shě
捨
Jié
捷
Xiān
掀
Sǎo
掃
Shòu
授
Diào
掉
Tāo
掏
Qiā
掐

Pái
排
Jué
掘
Zhèng
掙
Guà
掛
Lüè
掠
Cǎi
採
Tàn
探
Jiē
接
Kòng
控
Tuī
推
Yǎn
掩
Cuò
措
Miáo
描
Mǐn
敏
Jiù
救
Bài
敗
Xù
敘
Jiāo
教
Gǎn
敢
Xié
斜
Zhǎn
斬
Xuán
旋

Wǎn
晚
Zhòu
晝
Wù
晤
Chén
晨
Wàng
望
Tǒng
桶
Gǎn
桿
Liáng
梁
Shāo
梢
Lí
梨
Tī
梯
Xiè
械
Shū
梳
Háo
毫
Shuàn
涮
Yè
液
Hán
涵
Liáng
涼
Xiáo
淆
Lín
淋
Qī
淒
Táo
淘

Lèi
淚
Dàn
淡
Jìng
淨
Líng
凌
Shēn
深
Hùn
混
Yān
淹
Qiǎn
淺
Tiān
添
Qīng
清
Qú
渠
Pēng
烹
Shuǎng
爽
Qiān
牽
Měng
猛
Cāi
猜
Lǜ
率
Xiàn
現
Qiú
球
Lǐ
理
Tián
甜
Chǎn
產

Lüè
略
Yì
異
Hén
痕
Hé
盒
Shèng
盛
Mí
眯
Kuàng
眶
Yǎn
眼
Zhòng
眾
Piào
票
Yí
移
Jìng
竟
Zhāng
章
Fú
符
Bèn
笨
Dì
第
Lì
粒
Cū
粗
Zhān
粘
Zhā
紮
Lèi
累
Xì
細

Shēn
紳
Shào
紹
Zhōng
終
Zǔ
組
Xí
習
Liáo
聊
Bó
脖
Tuō
脫
Bó
舶
Chuán
船
Jùn
菌
Cài
菜
Táo
萄
Méng
萌
Wěi
萎
Zhù
著
Chù
處
Shé
蛇
Dàn
蛋
Shù
術
Dài
袋
Fú
袱

Guī
規
Mì
覓
Shì
視
Yà
訝
Sòng
訟
Fǎng
訪
Shè
設
Xǔ
許
Xiàng
象
Pín
貧
Huò
貨
Fàn
販
Tān
貪
Guàn
貫
Zé
責
Biǎn
貶
Jù
距
Ruǎn
軟
Dài
逮
Zhōu
週
Jìn
進
Guò
過

Xiāng
鄉
Xù
酗
Yě
野
Diào
釣
Kòu
鉤
Bì
閉
Yáng
陽
Lóng
隆
Duì
隊
Jiē
階
Què
雀
Xuě
雪
Dǐng
頂
Yú
魚
Niǎo
鳥
Mài
麥

12 Strokes

Fù
傅
Bàng
傍
Jié
傑
Sǎn
傘
Bèi
備

Ào
傲
Shèng
剩
Gē
割
Chuàng
創
Shèng
勝
Láo
勞
Bó
博
Wèi
喂
Shàn
善
Lǎ
喇
Hóu
喉
Hǎn
喊
Chuǎn
喘
Huàn
喚
Xǐ
喜
Hē
喝
Xuān
喧
Sāng
喪
Dān
單
Yù
喻
Wéi
圍
Bǎo
堡

Dī
堤
Kān
堪
Bào
報
Chǎng
場
Kuài
塊
Tǎ
塔
Hú
壺
Diàn
奠
Méi
媒
Sǎo
嫂
Fù
富
Hán
寒
Yù
寓
Zūn
尊
Xún
尋
Jiù
就
Qiàn
嵌
Mào
帽
Jǐ
幾
Cè
廁
Xiāng
廂
Yù
御

Fù
復
Xún
循
Bēi
悲
Mèn
悶
Huò
惑
Huì
惠
È
惡
Duò
惰
Nǎo
惱
Rě
惹
Yú
愉
Lèng
愣
Kuì
愧
Huāng
慌
Kǎi
慨
Zhǎng
掌
Bāi
掰
Jiǎn
揀
Róu
揉
Zòu
揍
Tí
提
Chā
插

Yáng	Céng	Zhí	Yàn
揚	曾	殖	焰
Huàn	Tì	Cán	Rán
換	替	殘	然
Wò	Zuì	Qiào	Zhǔ
握	最	殼	煮
Jiē	Cháo	Tǎn	Yé
揭	朝	毯	爺
Huī	Qī	Jiǎn	Pái
揮	期	減	牌
Yuán	Qì	Dù	Pái
援	棄	渡	牌
Cuō	Mián	Zhā	Hóu
搓	棉	渣	猴
Sōu	Qí	Cè	Yóu
搜	棋	測	猶
Dā	Gùn	Gǎng	Huá
搭	棍	港	猾
Chǎng	Bàng	Kě	Zhuó
敞	棒	渴	琢
Sàn	Zōng	Yóu	Qín
散	棕	游	琴
Jìng	Dòng	Miǎo	Níng
敬	棟	渺	甯
Bān	Sēn	Hún	Fān
斑	森	渾	番
Sī	Kē	Còu	Huà
斯	棵	湊	畫
Pǔ	Yǐ	Hú	Shū
普	椅	湖	疏
Jǐng	Zhí	Yǒng	Tòng
景	植	湧	痛
Xī	Zhuī	Tāng	Dēng
晰	椎	湯	登
Qíng	Jiāo	Gài	Fā
晴	椒	溉	發
Jīng	Jí	Zī	Dào
晶	極	滋	盜
Zhì	Qī	Huá	Duǎn
智	欺	滑	短
Liàng	Qīn	Wú	Yìng
晾	欽	無	硬
Shǔ	Kuǎn	Jiāo	Huò
暑	款	焦	禍

Qín

禽

Xī

稀

Shuì

稅

Chéng

程

Shāo

稍

Chuāng

窗

Tóng

童

Bǐ

筆

Děng

等

Jīn

筋

Kuāng

筐

Tǒng

筒

Dá

答

Cè

策

Zhōu

粥

Zǐ

紫

Jié

結

Jué

絕

Luò

絡

Róng

絨

Tǒng

統

Sī

絲

Bǎng

綁

Xiáng

翔

Zhàng

脹

Pí

脾

Qiāng

腔

Shū

舒

Tǐng

艇

Wàn

萬

Luò

落

Yè

葉

Pú

葡

Dǒng

董

Zàng

葬

Hūn

葷

Dì

蒂

Xū

虛

Jiē

街

Cái

裁

Liè

裂

Yù

裕

Qún

裙

Bǔ

補

Lǐ

裡

Sù

訴

Zhěn

診

Zhù

註

Zhà

詐

Píng

評

Cí

詞

Guì

貴

Mǎi

買

Dài

貸

Fèi

費

Tiē

貼

Mào

貿

Hè

賀

Chèn

趁

Chāo

超

Yuè

越

Diē

跌

Pǎo

跑

Gū

辜

Bī

逼

Yù

遇

Yóu

遊

Yùn

運

Biàn

遍

È

遏

Dào

道

Dá

達

Wéi

違

Liáng

量

Dùn

鈍

Gōu

鈎

Chāo

鈔

Gài

鈣

Kāi

開

Xián

閑

Xián

閒

Jiān

間

Gé

隔

Ài

隘

Xì

隙

Xióng

雄

Yǎ

雅

Jí

集

Gù
雇
Yún
雲
Rèn
韌
Xiàng
項
Shùn
順
Xū
須
Rèn
飪
Fàn
飯
Yǐn
飲
Huáng
黃
Hēi
黑

13 Strokes

Luàn
亂
Cuī
催
Yōng
傭
Chuán
傳
Zhài
債
Shāng
傷
Shǎ
傻
Qīng
傾
Jǐn
僅
Xiàng
像

Shì
勢
Qín
勤
Huì
匯
Xiù
嗅
Sè
嗇
Ma
嗎
Sǎng
嗓
Suo
嗦
Hāi
嗨
N
嗯
Yuán
園
Yuán
圓
Tā
塌
Sù
塑
Tú
塗
Táng
塘
Sāi
塞
Tián
填
Mù
墓
Mèng
夢
Ào
奧
Xí
媳

Jià
嫁
Jí
嫉
Xián
嫌
Mò
寞
Mù
幕
Gān
幹
Shà
廈
Lián
廉
Kuò
廓
Wēi
微
Xiǎng
想
Chóu
愁
Yù
愈
Yì
意
Yú
愚
Ài
愛
Gǎn
感
Cí
慈
Shèn
慎
Sǔn
損
Bó
搏
Yáo
搖

Dǎo
搗
Gǎo
搞
Bān
搬
Qiǎng
搶
Mō
摸
Zhēn
斟
Xīn
新
Xuān
暄
Yùn
暈
Nuǎn
暖
Àn
暗
Huì
會
Chǔ
楚
Yè
業
Gài
概
Xiē
歇
Suì
歲
Diàn
殿
Huǐ
毀
Yuán
源
Zhǔn
準
Liū
溜

Gōu

溝

Xī

溪

Wēn

溫

Róng

溶

Cāng

滄

Miè

滅

Tāo

滔

Mò

漠

Liàn

煉

Huáng

煌

Jiān

煎

Yān

煙

Méi

煤

Zhào

照

Fán

煩

Shī

獅

Dāng

當

Má

麻

Bì

痹

Méng

盟

Jīng

睛

Zhēng

睜

Shuì

睡

Dū

督

Mù

睦

Cǎi

睬

Dǔ

睹

Miáo

瞄

ǎi

矮

Lù

碌

Suì

碎

Bēi

碑

Wǎn

碗

Pèng

碰

Jìn

禁

Fú

福

Zhì

稚

Chóu

稠

Wō

窩

Kuài

筷

Jié

節

Jīng

經

Zhào

罩

Zuì

罪

Zhì

置

Shǔ

署

Qún

群

Xiàn

羨

Yì

義

Shèng

聖

Pìn

聘

Sù

肅

Sì

肆

Xīng

腥

Nǎo

腦

Zhǒng

腫

Yāo

腰

Jiǎo

腳

Cháng

腸

Fù

腹

Tuǐ

腿

Jiù

舅

Yǔ

與

Méng

蒙

Zhēng

蒸

Cāng

蒼

Xù

蓄

Gài

蓋

Péng

蓬

Lǚ

虜

Hào

號

Fēng

蜂

Lǐ

裏

Yì

裔

Zhuāng

裝

Jiě

解

Xún

詢

Shì

試

Shī

詩

Chà

詫

Huà

話

Gāi

該

Xiáng

詳

Kuā

誇

Dàn

誕

Chéng

誠

Lù

賂

Lìn

賃

Huì
賄
Zī
資
Zéi
賊
Gēn
跟
Jì
跡
Kuà
跨
Guì
跪
Lù
路
Tiào
跳
Duǒ
躲
Jiào
較
Zài
載
Nóng
農
Yáo
遙
Xùn
遜
Dì
遞
Yuǎn
遠
Qiǎn
遣
Bǐ
鄙
Chóu
酬
Líng
鈴
Qiān
鉛

Gōu
鉤
Jì
際
Zhàng
障
Líng
零
Léi
雷
Báo
雹
Sòng
頌
Yù
預
Wán
頑
Bān
頒
Dùn
頓
Sì
飼
Bǎo
飽
Shì
飾
Chí
馳
Hún
魂
Gǔ
鼓
Shǔ
鼠

14 Strokes

Qíáo
僑
Yáo
僥
Jīng
莖

Huà
劃
Yàn
厭
Lì
厲
Sòu
嗽
Tàn
嘆
Cáo
嘈
Jiā
嘉
Ǒu
嘔
Cháng
嘗
Ma
嘛
Tú
圖
Tuán
團
Chén
塵
Jìng
境
Shù
墅
Diàn
墊
Zhuì
墜
Xū
墟
Duò
墮
Shòu
壽
Huǒ
夥
Duó
奪

Nèn
嫩
Chá
察
Qǐn
寢
Shí
實
Níng
寧
Kuān
寬
Duì
對
Lǚ
屢
Zhǎn
斬
Bì
幣
Guǎng
廣
Bì
弊
Biè
弊
Zhāng
彰
Tài
態
Mù
慕
Cǎn
慘
Cán
慚
Màn
慢
Guàn
慣
Kāng
慷
Jié
截

Shuāi
摔
Zhāi
摘
Lǒu
摟
Cuī
摧
Piē
撇
Qiāo
敲
Qí
旗
Chàng
暢
Bǎng
榜
Zhà
榨
Róng
榮
Gòu
構
Qiāng
槍
Mó
模
Qiàn
歉
Gē
歌
Zhì
滯
Shèn
滲
Dī
滴
Gǔn
滾
Mǎn
滿
Yú
漁

Piāo
漂
Qī
漆
Lòu
漏
Yǎn
演
Hàn
漢
Màn
漫
Zhǎng
漲
Jiàn
漸
Xī
熄
Xióng
熊
Xūn
熏
Áo
熬
Ěr
爾
Yù
獄
Lí
璃
Yí
疑
Fēng
瘋
Huàn
癩
Shòu
瘦
Dá
瘩
Jìn
盡
Jiān
監

Shuò
碩
Tàn
碳
Cí
磁
Cuō
磋
Zhǒng
種
Chēng
稱
Jié
竭
Duān
端
Suàn
算
Guǎn
管
Cuì
粹
Jīng
精
Zōng
綜
Lǜ
綠
Chóu
綢
Wéi
維
Gāng
綱
Gāng
綱
Zhuì
綴
Cǎi
綵
Jǐn
緊
Xù
緒

Fá
罰
Jù
聚
Wén
聞
Fǔ
腐
Bǎng
膀
Bó
膊
Gāo
膏
Mó
膜
Tiǎn
舔
Wǔ
舞
Miè
蔑
Wàn
蔓
Wèi
蔚
Bì
蔽
Mì
蜜
Shí
蝕
Cháng
裳
Guǒ
裹
Fù
複
Rèn
認
Shì
誓
Yòu
誘

Yǔ
語
Jiè
誡
Wū
誣
Wù
誤
Wù
誤
Wù
誤
Wù
誤
Sòng
誦
Shuō
說
Háo
豪
Mào
貌
Bīn
賓
Gǎn
趕
Fǔ
輔
Qīng
輕
Là
辣
Shì
適
Zāo
遭
Zhē
遮
Zhèng
鄭
Lín
鄰
Kù
酷

Suān
酸
Yín
銀
Tóng
銅
Míng
銘
Xián
銜
Hé
閤
Suì
隧
Suí
隨
Cí
雌
Xū
需
Pō
頗
Lǐng
領
Tái
颱
Jiǎo
餃
Bǐng
餅
Yǎng
養
Bó
駁
Máo
髦
Pò
魄
Mèi
魅
Míng
鳴
Me
麼

Bí
鼻
Qí
齊

15 Strokes

Jiāng
僵
Jià
價
Pì
僻
Yí
儀
Yì
億
Jiǎn
儉
Jù
劇
Pī
劈
Jiàn
劍
Lào
嘮
Cháo
嘲
Hēi
嘿
Pēn
噴
Zēng
增
Mò
墨
Fén
墳
Jiāo
嬌
Shěn
審
Xiě
寫

Dǎo
導
Céng
層
Céng
層
Lǚ
履
Zhì
幟
Chuáng
幢
Chú
廚
Miào
廟
Chǎng
廠
Fèi
廢
Dàn
彈
Yǐng
影
Zhēng
徵
Dé
德
Chè
徹
Huì
慧
Lù
慮
Wèi
慰
Qìng
慶
Yù
慾
Yōu
憂
Biē
憋

Lián

憐

Dàn

憚

Fèn

憤

Dǒng

懂

Mó

摩

Zhì

摯

Lāo

撈

Chēng

撐

Sā

撒

Náo

撓

Sī

撕

Zhuàng

撞

Chè

撤

Bō

撥

Fǔ

撫

Bō

播

Pū

撲

Dí

敵

Fū

敷

Shù

數

Zàn

暫

Bào

暴

Bào

暴

Jiǎng

槳

Lè

樂

Lóu

樓

Biāo

標

Yàng

樣

Xiàng

橡

Tuǒ

橢

Tàn

歎

Ōu

歐

Yì

毅

Ōu

毆

Pō

潑

Jié

潔

Qián

潛

Rùn

潤

Cháo

潮

Kuì

潰

Chéng

澄

Jiāo

澆

Chè

澈

Shóu

熟

Yùn

熨

Rè

熱

Jiǎng

獎

Liú

瘤

Zhòu

皺

Pán

盤

Xiā

瞎

Què

確

Mǎ

碼

Bàng

磅

Kē

磕

Dào

稻

Jià

稼

Gǎo

稿

Gǔ

穀

Qióng

窮

Jiàn

箭

Xiāng

箱

Fàn

範

Piān

篇

Hú

糊

Xiàn

線

Jī

緝

Dì

締

Yuán

緣

Biān

編

Huǎn

緩

Wěi

緯

Liàn

練

Mà

罵

Bà

罷

Fū

膚

Táng

膛

Xī

膝

Jiāo

膠

Sōu

艘

Shū

蔬

Jiāo

蕉

Dàng

蕩

Hú

蝴

Dié

蝶

Wèi

衛

Kù

褲

Shéi

誰

Kè
課
Fěi
誹
Yì
誼
Yì
誼
Tiáo
調
Tán
談
Qǐng
請
Liàng
諒
Lùn
論
Zhū
諸
Nuò
諾
Shù
豎
Yù
豫
Zhū
豬
Māo
貓
Shǎng
賞
Péi
賠
Xián
賢
Mài
賣
Fù
賦
Zhì
質
Zhàng
賬

Dǔ
賭
Tàng
趟
Qù
趣
Tà
踏
Jiàn
踐
Tī
踢
Cǎi
踩
Tǎng
躺
Liàng
輓
Huī
輝
Bèi
輩
Lún
輪
Chí
遲
Chí
遲
Zūn
遵
Qiān
遷
Xuǎn
選
Yí
遺
Liáo
遼
Mài
邁
Zuì
醉
Cù
醋

Ruì
銳
Xiāo
銷
Xiù
銹
Fēng
鋒
Pū
鋪
Yuè
閱
Xiǎn
險
Zhèn
震
Méi
霉
Kào
靠
Xié
鞋
Gǒng
鞏
È
餓
Yú
餘
Zhù
駐
Jià
駕
Shǐ
駛
Fà
髮
Nào
鬧
Lǚ
魯
Yā
鴉
Lí
黎

Chǐ
齒

16 Strokes

Rú
儒
Jǐn
儘
Níng
凝
Jì
劑
Lì
勵
Xiào
嘯
Zuǐ
嘴
Qì
器
Zào
噪
Dūn
噸
Bì
壁
Tán
壇
Fèn
奮
Xué
學
Yǔ
嶼
Bèi
億
Píng
憑
Xiàn
憲
Yì
憶
Hàn
憾

Zhàn
戰
Hàn
撼
Jiǎn
撿
Yōng
擁
Shàn
擅
Zé
擇
Dǎng
擋
Cāo
操
Qíng
擎
Dān
擔
Jù
據
Zhěng
整
Lì
曆
Xiǎo
曉
Pò
樸
Shù
樹
Qiáo
橋
Qiáo
橋
Chéng
橙
Jī
機
Héng
橫
Lì
歷

Zǎo
澡
Zé
澤
Diàn
澱
Jī
激
Zhuó
濁
Nóng
濃
Rán
燃
Shāo
燒
Tàng
燙
Yíng
營
Dú
獨
Huò
獲
Qué
癩
Mán
瞞
Zhuān
磚
Mó
磨
Jī
積
Yǐng
穎
Zhù
築
Shāi
篩
Péng
篷
Gāo
糕

Táng
糖
Cāo
糙
Fù
縛
Xiàn
縣
Féng
縫
Péng
膨
Nì
膩
Xīng
興
Jǔ
舉
Cāng
倉
Lěi
蕾
Báo
薄
Jiàn
薦
Xīn
薪
Róng
融
Mǎ
嗎
Héng
衡
Qīn
親
Dié
諜
Xié
諧
Zī
諮
Huì
諱

Fěng
諷
Móu
謀
Wèi
謂
Huǎng
謊
Mí
謎
Lài
賴
Yǒng
踴
Jí
輯
Shū
輸
Fú
輻
Bàn
辦
Bàn
辦
Biàn
辨
Bì
避
Yāo
邀
Hái
還
Xǐng
醒
Chǒu
醜
Gāng
鋼
Lù
錄
Chuí
錘
Qián
錢

Jǐn
錦
Cuò
錯
Biǎo
錶
Guō
鍋
Jiàn
鍵
Yǐn
隱
Diāo
雕
Huò
霍
Jìng
靜
Tóu
頭
Jǐng
頸
Pín
頻
Cān
餐
Yáo
餚
Xiàn
餡
Guǎn
館
Yā
鴨
Mò
默
Lóng
龍

17 Strokes

Cháng
償
Yōu
優

Chǔ
儲
Xià
嚇
Tì
嚏
Yā
壓
Yīng
嬰
Gān
尴
Yuè
嶽
Bāng
幫
Mí
彌
Kěn
懇
Yīng
應
Xì
戲
Jī
擊
Jǐ
擠
Tái
擡
Cā
擦
Nǐ
擬
Nǐng
擰
Gē
摺
Zhì
擲
Kuò
擴
Ài
曖

Dàng
檔
Jiǎn
檢
Sè
澀
Shī
濕
Jì
濟
Tāo
濤
Làn
濫
Bīn
濱
Zào
燥
Càn
燦
Zhú
燭
Qiáng
牆
Huán
環
Liáo
療
Ái
癌
Qiáo
瞧
Dèng
瞪
Shùn
瞬
Lǐ
禮
Zāo
糟
Suō
縮
Zòng
縱

Zǒng
總
Jì
績
Fán
繁
Yì
翼
Lián
聯
Cōng
聰
Shēng
聲
Sǒng
聳
Dǎn
膽
Bì
臂
Liǎn
臉
Lín
臨
Jiù
舊
Jiān
艱
Jiè
藉
Lán
藍
Cáng
藏
Miǎo
藐
Bàng
謗
Qiān
謙
Jiǎng
講
Xiè
謝

Yáo
謠
Huá
譁
Zhuàn
賺
Gòu
購
Sài
賽
Qū
趨
Dǎo
蹈
Tà
蹋
Yú
輿
Xiá
轄
Yuán
輶
Yùn
醞
Duàn
鍛
Qiè
鍍
Zhōng
鍾
Kuò
闊
Kuò
闊
Lì
隸
Suī
雖
Shuāng
霜
Xiá
霞
Jū
鞠

Kē
顆
Xiān
鮮
Gē
鴿
Diǎn
點

18 Strokes

Cóng
叢
Bǎi
擺
Rǎo
擾
Rǎo
擾
Duàn
斷
Kuàng
曠
Guì
櫃
Guī
歸
Jiàn
濺
Lù
濾
Xiè
瀉
Liú
瀏
Bào
瀑
Liè
獵
Zhān
瞻
Chǔ
礎
Cuàn
竄

Qiào
竅
Jiǎn
簡
Liáng
糧
Zhī
織
Rào
繞
Qiáo
翹
Fān
翻
Zhí
職
Yì
藝
Yào
藥
Chóng
蟲
Fù
覆
Miù
謬
Jǐn
謹
Fēng
豐
Jì
蹟
Zōng
蹤
Bèng
蹦
Zhuǎn
轉
Biān
邊
Yī
醫
Jiàng
醬

Lí
釐
Suǒ
鎖
Zhèn
鎮
Liàn
鏈
Chuǎng
闖
Shuāng
雙
Zá
雜
Jī
雞
Lí
離
Wù
霧
Biān
鞭
Tí
題
É
額
Yán
顏
Qí
騎
Sōng
鬆

19 Strokes

Quàn
勸
Yàn
嚥
Lóng
隴
Yán
嚴
Huài
壞

Lǒng
壟
Chǒng
寵
Chéng
懲
Lǎn
懶
Huái
懷
Pān
攀
Lǒng
攏
Pù
曝
Bīn
瀕
Xiāo
瀟
Bào
爆
Shuò
爍
Shòu
獸
Bàn
瓣
Jiāng
疆
Chóu
疇
Yǎng
癢
Ài
礙
Kuàng
礦
Wěn
穩
Bǒ
簸
Qiān
簽

Lián
簾
Xiù
繡
Shéng
繩
Huì
繪
Xì
繫
Jiǎo
繳
Yì
繹
ǎi
藹
Sū
蘇
Yùn
蘊
Pín
蘋
Yǐ
蟻
Wà
襪
Zhèng
證
Jī
譏
Shí
識
Pǔ
譜
Jǐng
警
Zèng
贈
Zàn
贊
Dēng
蹬
Dūn
蹲

Zhé
轍
Cí
辭
Jìng
鏡
Guān
關
Nán
難
Yuàn
願
Diān
顛
Lèi
類
Mán
饅
Piàn
騙
Sāo
騷
Sāo
騷
Hú
鬚
Lì
麗
Páng
龐

20 Strokes

Rǎng
嚷
Jiáo
嚼
Rǎng
壤
Bǎo
寶
Xuán
懸
Lán
攔

Chān
攙
Guàn
灌
Lú
爐
Xī
犧
Xiàn
獻
Jìng
競
Lán
籃
Chóu
籌
Jí
籍
Jì
繼
Yào
耀
Jiàn
艦
Jué
覺
Chù
觸
Pì
譬
Yì
譯
Yì
議
Qiǎn
譴
Hù
護
Yù
譽
Yíng
贏
Zào
躁

Biàn

辯

Shì

釋

Chǎn

閹

Xiǎng

響

Piāo

飄

Kuì

饋

Jī

饑

Ráo

饒

Téng

騰

Téng

騰

Mó

魔

Miàn

麵

Dǎng

黨

Líng

齡

21 Strokes

Shǔ

屬

Jù

懼

Xié

攜

Shè

攝

Lán

欄

Quán

權

Huān

歡

Làn

爛

Yǐn

癢

Zào

竈

Xù

續

Xù

續

Chán

纏

Là

蠟

Chǔn

蠢

Chèn

襯

Lǎn

覽

Yuè

躍

Hōng

轟

Biàn

辯

Tiě

鐵

Bì

闢

Lù

露

Bà

霸

Gù

顧

Gù

顧

Qū

驅

Zàng

髒

22 Strokes

Luó

囉

Wān

彎

Zǎn

攢

Tān

攤

Sǎ

灑

Tān

灘

Dié

疊

Qiè

竊

Lóng

籠

Tīng

聽

Lóng

聾

Dú

讀

Luó

邏

Zhù

鑄

Jiàn

鑒

Chàn

顫

Jiāo

驕

Jīng

驚

Tǐ

體

Xū

鬚

23 Strokes

Liàn

戀

Jiǎo

攪

Shài

曬

Xiān

纖

Guàn

罐

Biàn

變

Xiǎn

顯

Yàn

驗

Méi

徽

24 Strokes

Zhǔ

囑

Bà

壩

Tān

癱

Yàn

艷

Guān

觀

Ràng

讓

Niàng

釀

Líng

靈

Zhòu

驟

Yán

鹽

25 Strokes

Tīng

廳

Wān

灣

Mán

蠻

Yuè

鑰

Xiāng

鑲

Chán

饒

26 Strokes

Zhǔ

矚

Xìn

釁

27 Strokes

Zuān

鑽

Zuān

鑽

29 Strokes

Yù

鬱

32 Strokes

Yù

籲

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